Firearms/Tactical Rifle Course Outline

Folsom Police Department

COURSE OBJECTIVES

The Trainee will:

- 1. Demonstrate understanding of Department's mission and policies and guidelines regarding the deployment and use of the AR-15 Rifle
- 2. Demonstrate the ability to understand the rifle's mechanical operations
- 3. Gain specific knowledge of the rifle's ballistics and aiming process
- 4. Demonstrate an understanding of the rifle's nomenclature
- 5. Demonstrate the process of proper rifle zero
- 6. Demonstrate a minimum standard of tactical rifle proficiency with every technique, exercise, and course-of-fire using proper weapon safety
- 7. Demonstrate the proper inspection, break-down, operator maintenance, and cleaning procedures for the rifle
- 8. Identify key legal, case law and use of force updates regarding the use of deadly force by peace officers

<u>FIREARMS/TACTICAL RIFLE</u>

16 Hours

- I. Introduction/ Material Handout/ Registration
 - A. Handouts
 - B. POST Roster
- II. Safety and Course Objectives
 - A. Firearms Safety Policy
 - B. Range Safety Procedures
 - C. Course Objectives

III. Use of Force Update, Case Law, Department Policy, and Tactical Considerations

- A. LEOKA Study
- B. Case Law
 - a) Tennessee vs. Garner
 - (1) Deadly Force
 - (2) Fleeing Felon
 - b) Graham vs. Connor
 - (1) Reasonable Force
- C. Folsom PD Mission Statement
- D. Folsom PD Policy
 - 1. FPPM 300-Use of Force
 - 2. FPPM 302-Deadly Force Review
 - 3. FPPM 304-Shooting Policy
 - 4. FPPM 432 Patrol Rifle Policy
- E. Tactical Considerations
 - 1. Fields of Fire
 - 2. Backdrop
 - 3. Lighting Considerations
 - 4. Team considerations
- IV. Rifle Characteristics
 - A. Nomenclature
 - 1. Upper Receiver Group
 - (a) Barrel
 - (b) Front/Rear sights

(c) Hand-guards
(d) Carry Handle
(e) Charging Handle

- (f) Ejection Port
- (g) Brass Deflector
- (h) Forward Assist

(ii) Lower Receiver Group

- (a) Butt Stock
- (b) Take Down/ Pivot Pin
- (c) Trigger and mechanism
- (d) Trigger Guard
- (e) Hammer and mechanism
- (f) Rifle Grip
- (g) Bolt catch
- (h) Selector lever (Safe/ Fire)
- (i) Magazine well
- (j) Magazine catch/ release

(iii)Bolt Carrier Group

- (a) Bolt carrier
- (b) Bolt
- (c) Bolt carrier key
- (d) Gas rings
- (e) Ejector
- (f) Extractor

B. Specifications

- 1. Type of weapon
- 2. Caliber
- 3. Magazine capacity
- 4. Sighting system
- 5. Muzzle velocity

C. Ammunition Selection/ Capabilities

- 1. .223 Caliber (55 grain Full Metal Jacket FMJ)
- 2. .223 vs. 5.56 (.223 ONLY)
- 3. Maximum range is approximately 3800 yards
- 4. Penetration considerations with FMJ metal, glass, walls etc.

V. Rifle Maintenance

- A. Disassembly
 - 1. Upper receiver group
 - 2. Lower Receiver Group
 - 3. Bolt Assembly Group
- B. Cleaning and Lubrication
- C. Assembly
 - 1. Bolt assembly group
 - 2. Lower receiver group
 - 3. Upper receiver group
- D. Function checks
 - 1. Safety
 - 2. Trigger pull
 - 3. Sear reset

VI. Fundamentals of shooting

- A. Grips and holds
- B. Sight alignment
 - 1. Top of front post centered in rear peep sight13
 - 2. Focus on front sight
- C. Sight Picture
- D. Trigger Control
 - 1. Single most important factor
 - 2. Continual and gradual pressure to the rear
 - 3. Find sear reset
- E. Breathing
 - 1. Hold breath while firing shot/ at natural respiratory pause
 - 2. Do not hold breath for too long
- F. Follow Through
 - 1. Maintain proper shooting technique until shot is fired
 - 2. Threat assessment
- G. Shooting Positions
 - 1. Standing
 - 2. Kneeling supported/unsupported
 - 3. Prone/Roll-over prone
 - 4. Sitting
- VII. Zeroing Process
 - A. Sight adjustments
 - 1. Windage
 - 2. Elevation

B. Zeroing

- 1. Zeroing distance
- 2. 5 shot groups
- 3. Number of 'clicks' to achieve desired change

VIII. Loading and Unloading

- A. Non-Combat Loading
 - 1. Used during non-combative periods
 - 2. Preparation for deployment

B. Combat Loading

- 1. Known as "Emergency reload"
- 2. Magazine is empty
- 3. Done behind cover

C. Tactical Reloading

- 1. Done before magazine is empty
- 2. Keep partial magazine
- 3. Used during periods of high threat

D. Unloading

- 1. Safety on
- 2. Bolt locked to the rear
- 3. Magazine out
- 4. Visually and physically examine

IX. Movement Drills

- A. Groucho walk- crouched walk to maintain a stable shooting platform.
- B. Shuffle Step- short steps keeping a lead foot forward at all times.
- C. Pivots- alternating steps, keeping a foot on the ground at all times for stability.

D. Side Steps- lateral steps preventing crossing of legs.

X. Stoppage Drills

- A. Failure to feed (Tap, Rack, Go)
- B. Visual stoppages- The condition of a weapon where the stoppage can be seen from outside the weapon.
 - 1. Double-feed- Where a casing/round has failed to eject, and a second round becomes lodged during the loading of the next round. This stoppage requires a multi-step clearance drill.
 - 2. Stovepipe- Where a casing does not fully eject and become trapped by the bolt.
- C. Transition drills to alternate weapon- Sling and non-sling securing.

XI. Shooting Courses

A. Cold shots- a single shot from a cold weapon. Used to determine first shot targeting

B. Basic drills

- 1. Static line shooting- Shooting from a fixed position, multiple shooters on a line, all given the same direction.
- 2. Shooting with movement/walking- Shooters will move, one at a time, on a designated course to practice targeting and shooting during walking.
- 3. Shooting from cover- Shooters will practice using cover while engaging a target with the rifle. The focus will be on effective use of cover and proper positioning.
- C. Qualification Course- 20 round course form 50, 25 and 15 yards. This course is designed to test the student's ability to accurately deliver rounds with the weapon. Anyone not meeting an 80% minimum score will be remediated.
- D. Distance and Position Shooting Course
 - 1. Different distances- 10-50 yard locations, with an explanation of ballistics effects on those distances and targeting considerations.
 - 2. Various type targets- silhouette targets as well as shoot-don't shoot targets will be used to incorporate discretionary decision making into this training.

3. Shooting from different positions- Standing, kneeling, sitting and prone, as well as strong and support side shooting will be incorporated into the static and movement drills.

XII. Oral Exam and Critique

- A. Instructor facilitated discussion
- B. Evaluation of understanding of principles
- C. Analysis of target for proficiency

XIII. Rifle cleaning, class wrap up

- A. Maintenance
- B. Range Clean up