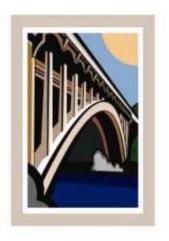
## RUSSELL RANCH PROJECT

# DRAFT ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT

VOLUME III OF III APPENDICES I - J

SCH # 2014062018

PREPARED FOR THE CITY OF FOLSOM



DECEMBER 2014

PREPARED BY



# APPENDIX I

## Russell Ranch Final Transportation Impact Study

Prepared for: City of Folsom

December 2014

RS14-3229

FEHR PEERS

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#### INTRODUCTION

This study evaluates potential impacts of the proposed Russell Ranch project (proposed project) upon the surrounding transportation system. The impact analysis conducted for this study examines the roadway, transit, bicycle, pedestrian, and construction components of the overall transportation system under the following scenarios:

- Existing Conditions
- Existing Plus Project Conditions
- Cumulative (2035) No Project Conditions assumes build-out of Russell Ranch consistent with the land uses and infrastructure assumptions contained in the Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan (FPASP) and its accompanying joint Environmental Impact Report (EIR)/Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) approved/certified by the City of Folsom in June 2011.
- Cumulative (2035) Plus Project Conditions assumes build-out of the proposed project consistent with the land uses and infrastructure assumptions contained in the current development permit application submitted to the City of Folsom.

For the "plus project" scenarios, significant impacts as defined by CEQA are identified, and mitigation measures are recommended to offset the impacts.

#### STUDY AREA

The project site, shown in Figure 1, is generally located between US 50 to the north, Placerville Road to the west, the Sacramento County/El Dorado County line to the east, and White Rock Road to the south, within the City of Folsom. The site and all adjoining parcels are currently undeveloped. As shown in Figure 1, the study area extends north and west to Broadstone Parkway, south to White Rock Road, and east to El Dorado Hills Boulevard/Latrobe Road. Study locations were selected based on the expected travel characteristics associated with the project (i.e., project location and amount of project trips), as well as the susceptibility of nearby intersections to increased traffic or changes in travel patterns due to implementation of the project. The study locations were submitted for review and approval by the City of Folsom Public Works Department staff prior to commencing the study.

#### **INTERSECTIONS**

The following twelve study intersections were selected for study as part of the transportation analysis:



- 1. Broadstone Parkway/East Bidwell Street
- 2. Empire Ranch Road/Broadstone Parkway
- 3. Broadstone Parkway/Iron Point Road
- 4. East Bidwell Street/Iron Point Road
- 5. Empire Ranch Road/Iron Point Road
- 6. East Bidwell Street/Placerville Road
- 7. Scott Road/US 50 Westbound Ramps
- 8. Scott Road/US 50 Eastbound Ramps
- 9. El Dorado Hills Blvd/US 50 Westbound Ramp
- 10. Latrobe Road/US 50 Eastbound Ramp
- 11. White Rock Road/Scott Road
- 12. Payen Road/Placerville Road
- 13. Latrobe Road/White Rock Road
- 14. Cavitt Drive/Iron Point Road
- 15. Serpa Way/Iron Point Road

#### FREEWAY FACILITIES

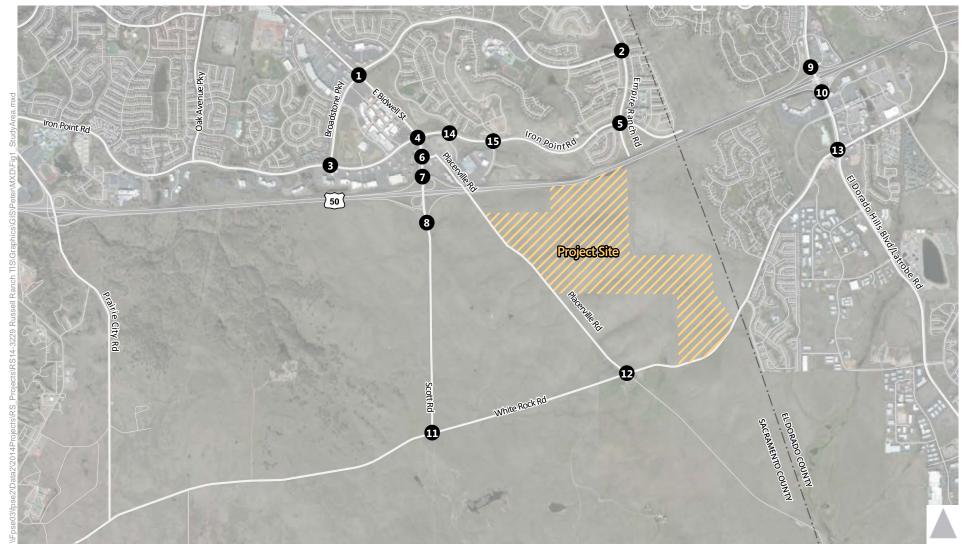
The following basic, merge, and diverge freeway facilities were selected for evaluation consistent with comments received from Caltrans on the project's Notice of Preparation (NOP):

- EB US 50 west of Prairie City Road Basic
- EB US 50 Prairie City Road Off-Ramp Diverge
- EB US 50 between Prairie City Road Ramps Basic
- EB US 50 Prairie City Road On-Ramp Merge
- EB US 50 Prairie City Road On-Ramp II Merge
- EB US 50 Prairie City Road to Scott Road Basic
- EB US 50 Scott Rd. Off-Ramp Diverge
- EB US 50 between Scott Rd. Ramps Basic



- EB US 50 Scott Rd. Loop On-Ramp Merge
- EB US 50 Scott Rd. On-Ramp II Merge
- EB US 50 Scott Rd. to Latrobe Rd. (Segment I) Basic
- EB US 50 Scott Rd. to Latrobe Rd. (Segment II) Basic
- EB US 50 Latrobe Rd. Off-Ramp I Diverge
- EB US 50 Latrobe Rd. Off-Ramp II Diverge
- EB US 50 between Latrobe Rd. Ramps Basic
- EB US 50 Latrobe Rd. On-Ramp Merge
- EB US 50 US 50, East of Latrobe Rd. Basic
- WB US 50 East of El Dorado Hills Blvd. Basic
- WB US 50 El Dorado Hill Blvd Off-Ramp Diverge
- WB US 50 between El Dorado Hills Blvd. Ramps Basic
- WB US 50 El Dorado Hills Blvd. On-Ramp Merge
- WB US 50 El Dorado Hills Blvd. to E. Bidwell Rd. (Segment I) Basic
- WB US 50 El Dorado Hills Blvd. to E. Bidwell Rd. (Segment II) Basic
- WB US 50 East Bidwell Off-Ramp Diverge
- WB US 50 between E. Bidwell Rd. Ramps Basic
- WB US 50 E. Bidwell Rd. Loop On-Ramp Merge
- WB US 50 E. Bidwell Rd. On-Ramp II Merge
- WB US 50 East Bidwell to Prairie City Rd. Basic
- WB US 50 Prairie City Off-Ramp Diverge
- WB US 50 between Prairie City Rd. Ramps Basic
- WB US 50 Prairie City Rd. Loop On-Ramp Merge
- WB US 50 Prairie City Rd. On-Ramp II Merge
- WB US 50 west of Prairie City Rd. Basic





# Study Intersection



#### **EXISTING ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING**

The section below describes the physical and operational characteristics of the transportation system within the study area including the surrounding roadway network, transit, rail, bicycle, and pedestrian facilities, and existing traffic operations.

The proposed project site is generally located between US 50 to the north, Placerville Road to the west, the Sacramento County/El Dorado County line to the east, and White Rock Road to the south, within the City of Folsom. The US Highway 50 (US 50)/East Bidwell Street/Scott Road interchange would serve as the closest access point to the regional freeway system for the proposed project. Detailed descriptions of key roadway facilities within the study area are provided below.

#### **ROADWAY SYSTEM**

- *US 50* is an east-west highway that passes through Folsom, California as it connects the Sacramento region to Lake Tahoe and points beyond. Within the study area, US 50 west of East Bidwell Street is a six-lane freeway with two regular flow lanes and one high-occupancy vehicle (HOV) lane in each direction. East of East Bidwell Street US 50 has three westbound lanes (two mainline lanes, one HOV lane) and four eastbound lanes (three mainline lanes, one HOV lane). The speed limit on US 50 through Folsom is 65 miles per hour (mph).
- East Bidwell Street runs through the City of Folsom from US 50 to Riley Street. South of US 50,
  East Bidwell Street becomes Scott Road. Near the project area, East Bidwell Street is a six lane
  arterial roadway with turn pockets provided at intersections. The speed limit on East Bidwell
  Street north of US 50 is 45 mph. South of the US 50 westbound ramps East Bidwell Street has
  four lanes, and south of the US 50 eastbound ramps East Bidwell Street transitions into Scott
  Road.
- Scott Road is a two-lane north-south roadway that extends from the US 50/East Bidwell Street/Scott Road interchange south to White Rock Road. A separate discontinuous segment of Scott Road, located approximately 1.5 miles to the west, extends southward from White Rock Road into unincorporated Sacramento County. This segment also features two travel lanes.
- Placerville Road is a two-lane north-south road that begins at East Bidwell Street, just north of US 50, and continues beneath US 50 via an undercrossing. The roadway extends south to White Rock Road, where it transitions into Payen Road.
- White Rock Road is a two-lane east-west road within the study area, and has a posted speed limit
  of 55 mph. White Rock Road continues east into El Dorado County where it transitions into Silva
  Valley Parkway, and west into the City of Rancho Cordova.



- Iron Point Road is an east-west arterial roadway with a raised median that runs from Folsom Boulevard to the eastern city limit along the north side of US 50. Within the vicinity of the project, Iron Point Road has six lanes and posted speed limit of 45 mph.
- Broadstone Parkway is an arterial roadway that runs from Iron Point Road to Empire Ranch Road
  on the north side of US 50. The roadway features four-to-six travel lanes, a raised median, and a
  posted speed limit of 45 mph.
- Empire Ranch Road is a north-south arterial that runs from East Natoma Street to Iron Point Road. The road consists of four lanes with a landscaped median and feature bike lanes in both directions. The posted speed limit is 45 mph.

#### **BICYCLE/PEDESTRIAN SYSTEM**

The City of Folsom has an extensive bicycle network on the north side of US 50 including Class II on-street bike lanes on East Bidwell Street north of Old Placerville Road and on the entire length of Iron Point Road and Empire Ranch Road within the study area. There is also an existing Class I bike path along the east side of Placerville Road and along the south side of Iron Point Road to Serpa Way. Figure 2 displays existing bicycle facilities within the study area.

Future plans include an extension of the existing Class I bike path east of Serpa Way, as well as Class I bike paths north of Iron Point Road along the east side of East Bidwell Street, and west of East Bidwell Street south of Iron Point Road.

Sidewalks exist on both sides of East Bidwell Street/Scott Road from the US 50 east ramps to Iron Point Road. North of Iron Point Road, there is a separated sidewalk on the west side of East Bidwell Street and no sidewalk on the east side. The majority of Empire Ranch Road and Iron Point Road have sidewalks on both sides of the roadway with some missing sections adjacent to vacant parcels.

Within the immediate vicinity of the project site bicycle and pedestrian facilities are currently not provided due to the undeveloped nature of the area. In coordination with new development and roadway construction, bicycle and pedestrian facilities will be installed according to current standards.

#### TRANSIT SYSTEM

The City of Folsom Transit Division provides fixed route and dial-a-ride service within the City (Folsom Stage Line). Fixed route service is provided Monday through Friday on three routes. Route 10 runs from 4:25 AM to 7:45 PM, and connects to Sacramento Regional Transit (RT) Light Rail and RT bus Route 24.



Route 20 runs during the morning commute period from 7:00 AM to 7:45 AM Monday through Friday, and during the afternoon commute period from 3:15 PM to 3:45 PM Monday, Tuesday, Thursday, and Friday, and from 1:40 PM to 2:15 PM on Wednesdays. Route 10 provides service on East Bidwell Street north of Broadstone Parkway and on Iron Point Road west of Palladio Parkway within the study area. Route 20 provides service on Broadstone Parkway and Empire Ranch Road within the study area. Route 30 runs during the morning commute period from 6:00 AM to 8:10 AM and during the PM peak period from 2:40 PM to 5:00 PM Monday through Friday. Route 30 connects Woodmere Road and Glenn Rive to City Hall and Folsom Prison.

The Folsom Stage Line Dial-A-Ride service is provided for senior citizens age 55 and older, and residents with physical, developmental, or mental disabilities.

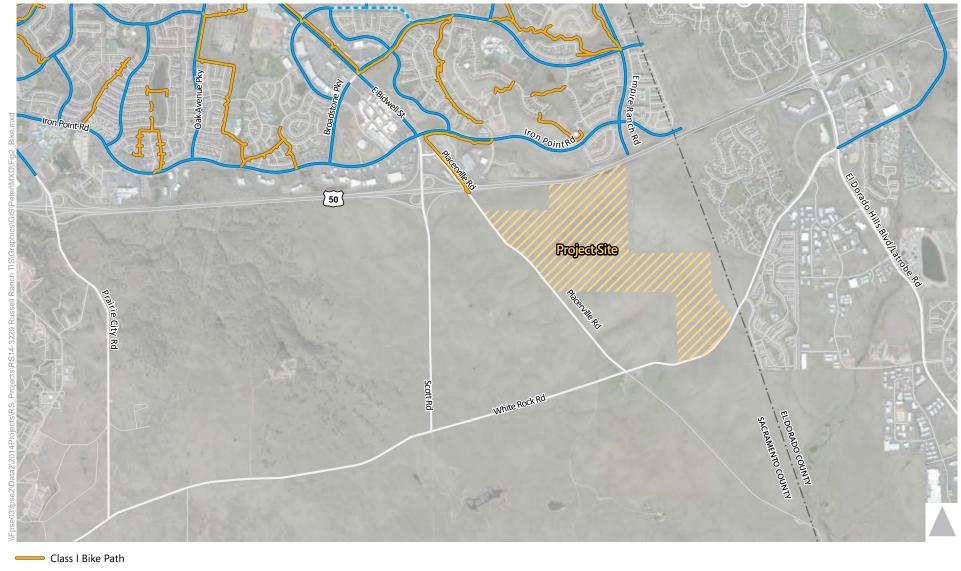
Sacramento RT provides bus and light rail service in the Sacramento region. The Gold Line Light Rail and RT bus Route 24 serve the City of Folsom. Light Rail service is provided seven days per week, including holidays. Bus service is provided Monday through Friday from 6:00 AM to 7:22 PM. Weekend and holiday service is not provided.

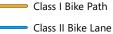
Figure 3 displays existing transit service within the study area.

#### RAIL CROSSING

There is an existing railroad line that runs along the east side of Placerville Road and East Bidwell Street. This rail corridor is known as the Sacramento-Placerville Transportation Corridor and is owned by a Joint Powers Authority (SPTC JPA). The corridor has not been in commercial service for almost 30 years, with only intermittent use by local rail preservation organization for maintenance or recreational train rides. Within the study area, the rail corridor crosses Broadstone Parkway just east of East Bidwell Street, Iron Point Road just east of East Bidwell Street, and White Rock Road just east of Placerville Road. However, due to its inactive status the crossing has no significant effect on vehicle traffic in the area.







Class III Blke Route



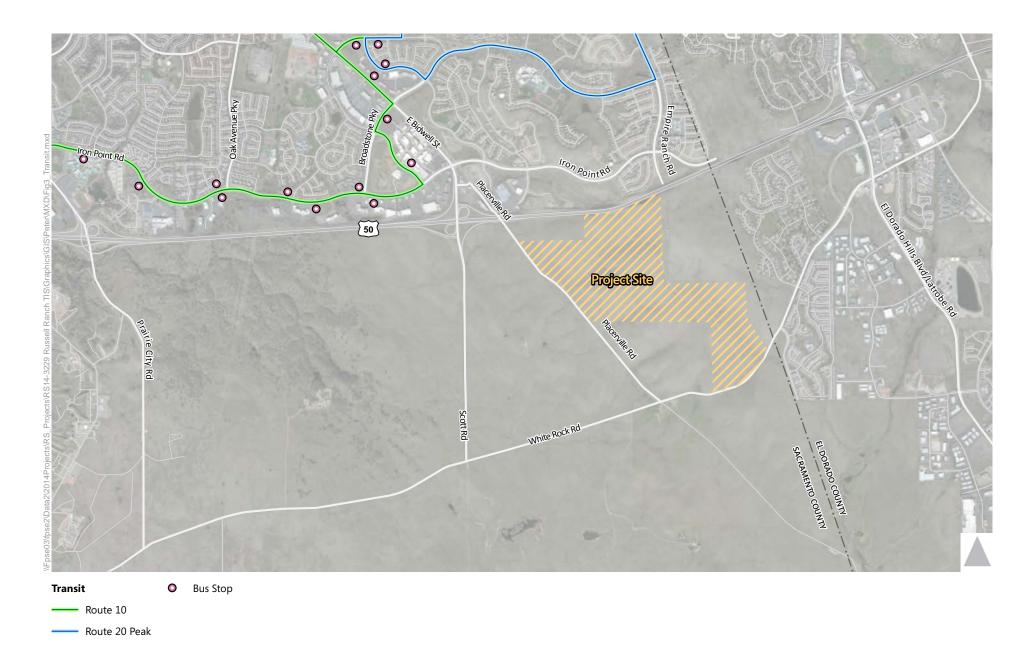




Figure 3 Existing Transit Network

#### ANALYSIS METHODOLOGY

Level of service is a qualitative measure of traffic operating conditions, whereby a letter grade, from A to F is assigned, based on quantitative measurements of delay per vehicle. These grades represent the perspective of drivers and are an indication of the comfort and convenience associated with driving. In general, LOS A represents free-flow conditions, and LOS F represents severe delay under stop-and-go conditions.

#### **INTERSECTIONS**

All study intersections were analyzed using Synchro traffic analysis software. Synchro applies the methodologies presented in the Transportation Research Board's *Highway Capacity Manual* (HCM) 2010.

#### Signalized Intersections

Traffic operations at signalized intersections were evaluated using the LOS method described in the 2010 HCM. A signalized intersection's LOS is based on the weighted average control delay measured in seconds per vehicle. Control delay includes initial deceleration delay, queue move-up time, stopped delay, and final acceleration. Table 1 summarizes the relationship between the control delay and LOS for signalized intersections.

#### *Unsignalized Intersections*

The 2010 HCM describes the method for evaluating LOS and delay at unsignalized (all-way stop controlled) intersections. LOS at unsignalized intersections is also defined by the average control delay per vehicle (measured in seconds). The control delay incorporates delay associated with deceleration, acceleration, stopping, and moving up in the queue. The average delay for the overall intersection is reported for all-way stop controlled intersections. Table 1 summarizes the relationship between delay and LOS for unsignalized intersections. The delay ranges for unsignalized intersections are lower than for signalized intersections as drivers expect less delay at unsignalized intersections.



TABLE 1
INTERSECTION LEVEL OF SERVICE CRITERIA

Level of	D		rol Delay (seconds vehicle)
Service	Description	Signalized Intersections <sup>1</sup>	Unsignalized Intersections <sup>2</sup>
Α	Represents free flow. Individual users are virtually unaffected by others in the traffic stream.	≤ 10	≤ 10
В	Stable flow, but the presence of other users in the traffic stream begins to be noticeable.	> 10 to 20	> 10 to 15
С	Stable flow, but the operation of individual users becomes significantly affected by interactions with others in the traffic stream.	> 20 to 35	> 15 to 25
D	Represents high-density, but stable flow.	> 35 to 55	> 25 to 35
E	Represents operating conditions at or near the capacity level.	> 55 to 80	> 35 to 50
F	Represents forced or breakdown flow.	> 80	> 50

Source: Highway Capacity Manual (Transportation Research Board 2010).

#### FREEWAY MAINLINE AND RAMPS

Freeway mainline (basic sections) and on- and off-ramps (merge and diverge sections) were analyzed using the LOS methodologies described in the 2010 HCM. Tables 2 and 3 present the LOS thresholds for freeway mainline sections and ramp merge and diverge sections, respectively.

TABLE 2
FREEWAY MAINLINE LEVEL OF SERVICE

Level of Service	Description	Density (pcplpm) <sup>1</sup>
A	Represents free flow. Vehicles are almost completely unaffected i ability to maneuver within the traffic stream.	n their ≤ 11
В	Free-flow speeds are maintained. The ability to maneuver with the stream is only slightly restricted.	e traffic > 11 to 18
С	Flow with speeds at or near free-flow speeds. Freedom to maneur within the traffic stream is noticeably restricted, and lane changes require more care and vigilance on the part of the driver.	
D	Speeds decline slightly with increasing flows. Freedom to maneu with the traffic stream is more noticeably limited, and the driver experiences reduced physical and psychological comfort.	ver > 26 to 35



TABLE 2
FREEWAY MAINLINE LEVEL OF SERVICE

Level of Service	Description	Density (pcplpm) <sup>1</sup>
E	Operation at capacity. Virtually no usable gaps within the traffic leaving little room to maneuver. Any disruption can be expecte produce a breakdown with queuing.	
F	Represents forced or breakdown flow.	> 45

Notes: 1. pcplpm = passenger cars per lane per mile

Source: Highway Capacity Manual (Transportation Research Board 2010).

TABLE 3
RAMP MERGE AND DIVERGE LEVEL OF SERVICE CRITERIA

Level of Service	Description	Density (pcplpm) <sup>1</sup>
Α	Represents free flow. Vehicles are almost completely unaffected in their ability to maneuver within the traffic stream.	≤ 10
В	Free-flow speeds are maintained. The ability to maneuver with the traffic stream is only slightly restricted.	> 10 to 20
С	Flow with speeds at or near free-flow speeds. Freedom to maneuver within the traffic stream is noticeably restricted, and lane changes require more care and vigilance on the part of the driver.	> 20 to 28
D	Speeds decline slightly with increasing flows. Freedom to maneuver with the traffic stream is more noticeably limited, and the driver experiences reduced physical and psychological comfort.	> 28 to 35
E	Operation at capacity. Virtually no usable gaps within the traffic stream, leaving little room to maneuver. Any disruption can be expected to produce a breakdown with queuing.	> 35 to 43
F	Represents forced or breakdown flow.	> 43

Notes: 1. pcplpm = passenger cars per lane per mile

Source: Highway Capacity Manual (Transportation Research Board 2010).

#### **EXISTING TRAFFIC VOLUMES**

Morning (7:00 AM to 9:00 AM) and evening (4:00 PM to 6:00 PM) mid-week peak period intersection turning movement volumes were collected at the study intersections. Turning movement volumes were



collected on November 5, 2013, March 11, 2014, and May 8, 2014. On all three days weather conditions were generally clear and nearby schools were in session. Existing traffic volumes at the study intersections are shown on Figures 4A-4B. The raw traffic count data is provided in Appendix A. The counts revealed that the AM peak hour within the study area generally occurs between 7:45 and 8:45, and the PM peak hour generally occurs between 4:45 and 5:45. The PM peak hour experiences higher traffic volumes as commute traffic overlaps with retail/recreational traffic during this peak hour.

#### **EXISTING INTERSECTION OPERATIONS**

Table 4 shows the existing delay and LOS results at the study intersections. The detailed technical calculations are provided in Appendix B.

TABLE 4
INTERSECTION LEVEL OF SERVICE – EXISTING CONDITIONS

Total was all to	Control	Minimum	AM Pea	k Hour	PM Peak Hour	
Intersection	Control	Acceptable LOS <sup>1</sup>	Delay <sup>1</sup>	LOS	Delay <sup>1</sup>	LOS
1. Broadstone Parkway/East Bidwell Street	Traffic Signal	С	17	В	26	С
2.Empire Ranch Road/Broadstone Parkway	All-Way Stop Control	С	15	В	11	В
3. Broadstone Parkway/Iron Point Road	Traffic Signal	С	11	В	18	В
4. East Bidwell Street/Iron Point Road	Traffic Signal	С	30	С	52	D
5. Empire Ranch Road/Iron Point Road	All-Way Stop Control	С	10	А	14	В
6. East Bidwell Street/Placerville Road	Traffic Signal	С	14*	B*	19*	В*
7. Scott Road/US 50 Westbound Ramps	Traffic Signal	E	11	В	23	С
8. Scott Road/US 50 Eastbound Ramps	Traffic Signal	E	7	Α	8	Α
9. El Dorado Hills Blvd/US 50 Westbound Ramp	Traffic Signal	E	46	D	39	D
10. Latrobe Road/US 50 Eastbound Ramp	Traffic Signal	Е	26*	C*	10*	<b>A</b> *
11. White Rock Road/Scott Road	Side-Street Stop Control	С	35	E	35	E
12. White Rock Road/Placerville Road	Side-Street Stop Control	С	21	С	32	D



TABLE 4
INTERSECTION LEVEL OF SERVICE – EXISTING CONDITIONS

Intersection	Control	Minimum	AM Pea	k Hour	PM Peak Hour	
Intersection	Control	Acceptable LOS <sup>1</sup>	Delay <sup>1</sup>	LOS	Delay <sup>1</sup>	LOS
13. Latrobe Road/White Rock Road	Traffic Signal	Е	23	С	29	С
14. Cavitt Drive/Iron Point Road	Traffic Signal	С	9	Α	15	В
15. Serpa Way/Iron Point Road	Traffic Signal	С	14	В	14	В

#### Note:

**Bold** indicates unacceptable operations.

Source: Fehr & Peers, 2014

As shown in Table 4, two side-side street stop controlled intersections on White Rock Road currently have individual movements that operate at LOS D or worse during at least one peak hour (White Rock Road/Scott Road and White Rock Road/Placerville Road). The signalized East Bidwell Street/Iron Point Road intersection operates at an average of LOS D during the PM peak hour, and the signalized El Dorado Hills Boulevard/US 50 Westbound Ramps intersection operates at an average of LOS D during both the AM and PM peak hours. The remainder of the study intersections currently operate at LOS C or better during both peak hours.

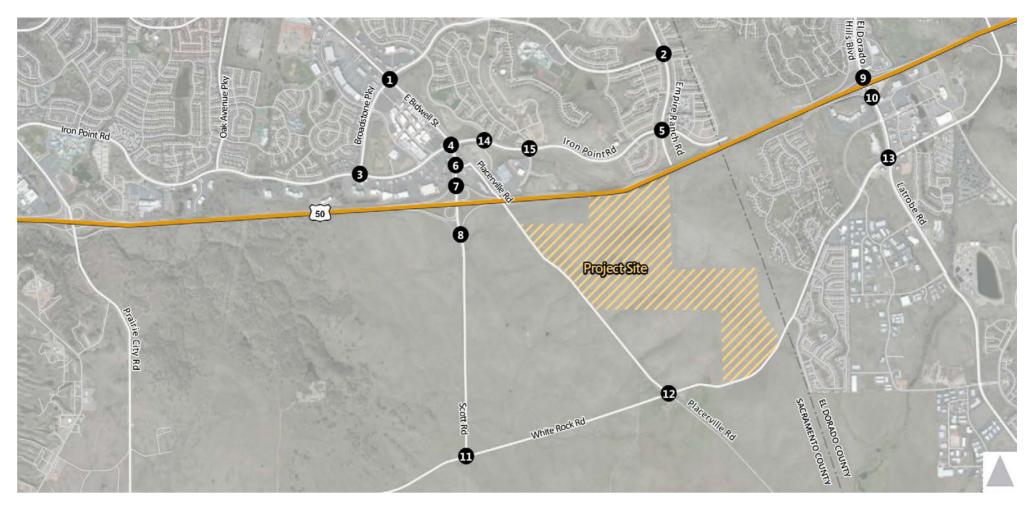
#### **EXISTING FREEWAY OPERATIONS**

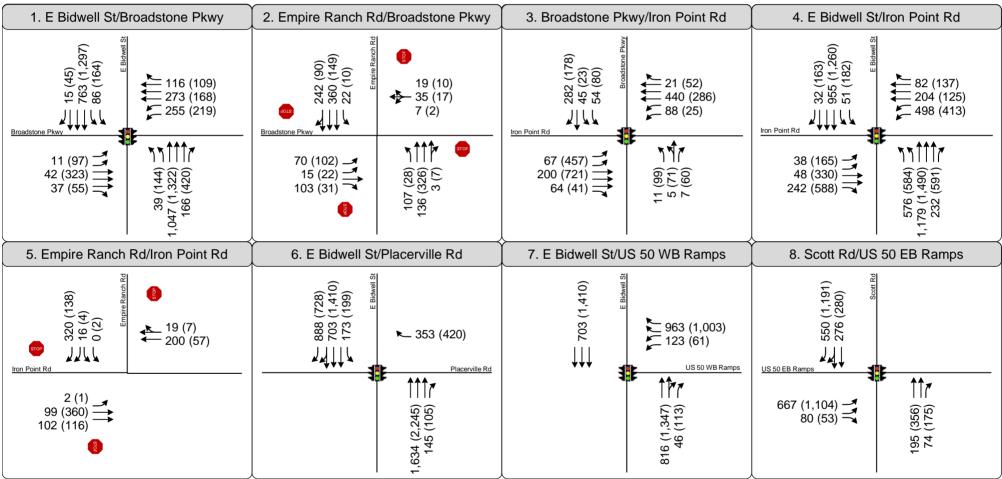
Existing freeway operations including basic, merge, and diverge sections were analyzed along US 50 within the study area. Table 5 summarizes the LOS results.



<sup>1.</sup> For signalized and all-way stop controlled intersections, average intersection delay is reported in seconds per vehicle for the overall intersection. For side-street stop controlled intersections, the delay is reported in seconds per vehicle for the worst individual movement. All results are rounded to the nearest second.

HCM 2000 used to analyze this intersection because HCM 2010 methodology only supports strict NEMA phasing.





Study Intersections

Turn Lane

**#** Traffic Signal

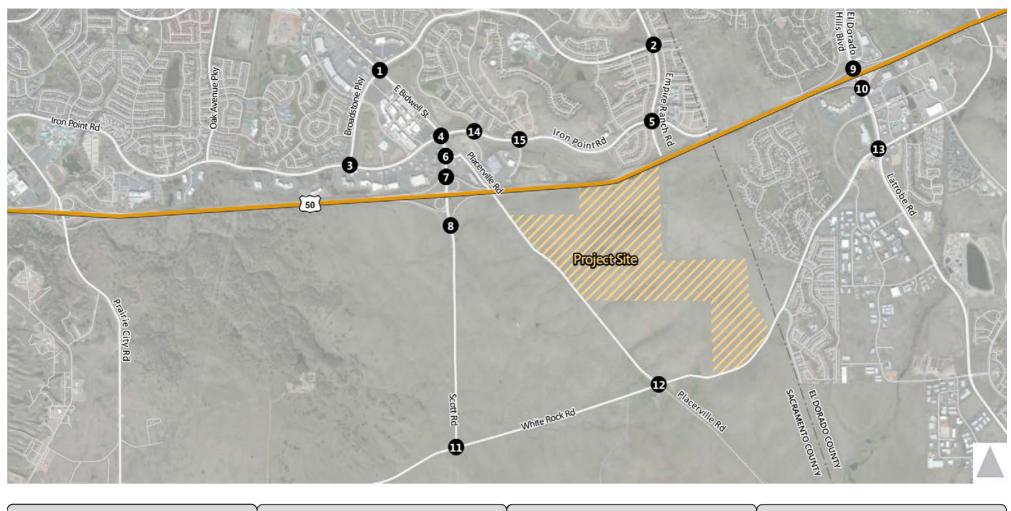
AM (PM) Peak Hour Traffic Volume

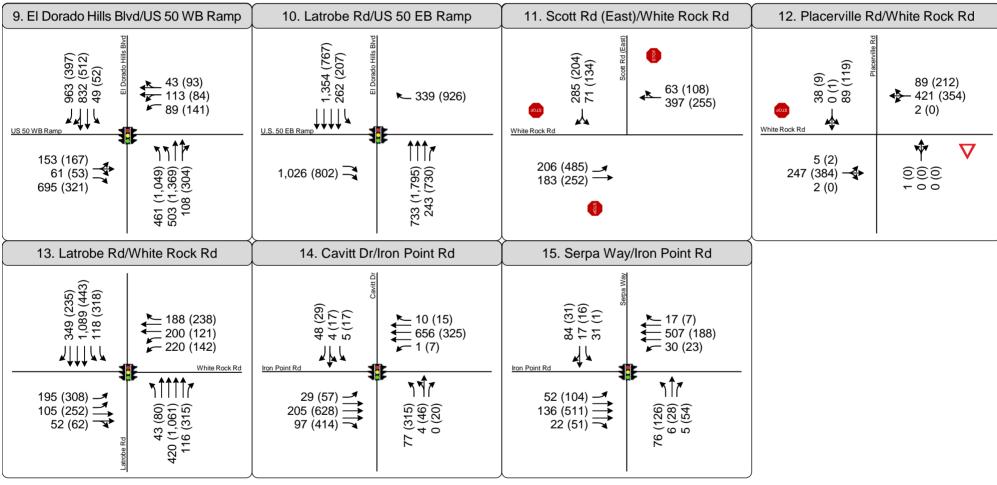
Stop Sign



Figure 4A

Peak Hour Traffic Volumes and Lane Configurations -Existing Conditions





Study Intersection

Yield Sign

**1** Traffic Signal

→ Turn Lane

Stop Sign

AM (PM) Peak Hour Traffic Volume



TABLE 5
FREEWAY LEVEL OF SERVICE – EXISTING CONDITIONS

			А	M Peak Hour		P	M Peak Hour	
Direction	Location	Facility Type	v/c Ratio <sup>1</sup>	Density (pcplpm) <sup>2</sup>	LOS	v/c Ratio <sup>1</sup>	Density (pcplpm) <sup>2</sup>	LOS
	US 50, West of Prairie City Rd.	Basic	0.66	23.9	С	0.80	30.5	D
	Prairie City Rd. Off-Ramp	Diverge	0.75	29.1	D	0.95	36.7	Ε
	US 50 between Prairie City Rd. Ramps	Basic	0.52	18.9	С	0.72	26.6	D
	Prairie City Rd. On-Ramp	Merge	0.54	22.9	С	0.77	31.1	D
	Prairie City Rd. On-Ramp II	Merge	0.58	18.4	В	0.93	30.9	D
	US 50, Prairie City Rd. to Scott Rd.	Basic	0.47	17.1	В	0.96	41.3	E
	Scott Rd. Off-Ramp	Diverge	0.63	14.5	В	1.00	-	F
	US 50 between Scott Rd. Ramps	Basic	0.42	15.3	В	0.65	23.5	С
	Scott Rd. Loop On-Ramp	Merge	0.37	13.3	В	0.61	22.1	С
	Scott Rd. On-Ramp II	Merge	0.41	11.2	В	0.69	21.2	С
	US 50, Scott Rd. to Latrobe Rd. (Segment I)	Basic	0.46	16.5	В	0.76	28.3	D
	US 50, Scott Rd. to Latrobe Rd. (Segment II)	Basic	0.40	14.4	В	0.66	24.0	С
	Latrobe Rd. Off-Ramp I	Diverge	0.50	21.8	С	0.71	29.9	D
	Latrobe Rd. Off-Ramp II	Diverge	0.29	14.1	В	0.63	26.7	С
70	US 50 between Latrobe Rd. Ramps	Basic	0.19	6.8	Α	0.42	15.2	В
Eastbound	Latrobe Rd. On-Ramp	Merge	0.30	14.2	В	0.60	24.8	С
East	US 50, East of Latrobe Rd.	Basic	0.30	11.0	В	0.61	22.1	С
punc	US 50, East of El Dorado Hills Blvd.	Basic	0.86	33.7	D	0.53	19.3	С
Westbound	El Dorado Hill Blvd Off- Ramp	Diverge	0.88	36.4	E	0.57	24.7	С



TABLE 5
FREEWAY LEVEL OF SERVICE – EXISTING CONDITIONS

			AM Peak Hour Facility			PM Peak Hour			
Direction	Location	Туре	v/c Ratio <sup>1</sup>	Density (pcplpm) <sup>2</sup>	LOS	v/c Ratio <sup>1</sup>	Density (pcplpm) <sup>2</sup>	LOS	
	US 50 between El Dorado Hills Blvd. Ramps	Basic	0.62	22.4	С	0.40	14.5	В	
	El Dorado Hills Blvd. On- Ramp	Merge	0.99	33.0	D	0.79	25.9	С	
	US 50, El Dorado Hills Blvd. to E. Bidwell Rd. (Segment I)	Basic	0.88	35.6	E	0.71	26.2	D	
	US 50, El Dorado Hills Blvd. to E. Bidwell Rd. (Segment II)	Basic	0.88	35.6	E	0.71	26.2	D	
	East Bidwell Off-Ramp	Diverge	0.96	29.0	D	0.76	21.5	С	
	US 50 between E. Bidwell Rd. Ramps	Basic	0.65	23.7	С	0.46	16.5	В	
	E. Bidwell Rd. Loop On- Ramp	Merge	0.69	28.2	D	0.48	20.9	С	
	E. Bidwell Rd. On-Ramp II	Merge	0.59	21.2	С	0.42	15.2	В	
	US 50, East Bidwell to Prairie City Rd.	Basic	0.88	35.3	E	0.53	19.3	С	
	Prairie City Off-Ramp	Diverge	0.91	37.5	Е	0.66	28.1	D	
	US 50 between Prairie City Rd. Ramps	Basic	0.68	25.0	С	0.55	19.9	С	
	Prairie City Rd. Loop On- Ramp	Merge	0.71	28.9	D	0.57	24.1	С	
	Prairie City Rd. On-Ramp II	Merge	0.87	28.1	D	0.76	23.9	С	
	US 50 west of Prairie City Rd.	Weave	0.69	25.1	С	0.65	23.8	С	

Notes: Merge, Diverge, and Basic Segments were analyzed using HCM 2010 methodology. Weave segments were analyzed with the Leisch Method. Weave segments that fell outside of the realm of weaving were analyzed using the HCM 2010 methodology.

**Bold** indicates unacceptable operations.

Source: Fehr & Peers, 2014.



<sup>1.</sup> v/c ratio = volume-to-capacity ratio

<sup>1.</sup> pcplpm = passenger cars per lane per mile

<sup>\*</sup> Segment analyzed using Leisch Method (v/c ratio and pcplpm not provided).

<sup>\*\*</sup>Segment fell outside of the realm of weaving and was analyzed using HCM 2010 methodology.

As shown in Table 5, the eastbound Scott Road off-ramp operates at LOS F during the PM peak hour. The *Transportation Corridor Concept Report, United States Highway 50* (Caltrans 2010), like all Caltrans transportation corridor or route concept reports, identifies long-range improvements for specific state highway corridors. These reports also establish the "concept" or desired LOS for specific corridor segments. The long-range improvements are identified to bring the existing facility up to the design concept expected to adequately serve 20-year traffic forecasts. In addition, the ultimate design concept for the facility is also identified for conditions beyond the immediate 20-year design period. The Route Concept Report for US 50 indicates that the 20-year concept level of service for this facility throughout the City of Folsom is LOS F. For this study, LOS E is applied as a conservative approach for identifying impacts to US 50 mainline, merge, and diverge facilities (i.e., LOS E or better is considered acceptable).



#### **REGULATORY SETTING**

Existing transportation policies, laws, and regulations that would apply to the proposed project are summarized below and provide a context for the impact discussion related to the project's consistency with the applicable regulatory conditions.

#### FEDERAL REGULATIONS

There are no known federal plans, policies, regulations, or laws related to transportation and circulation that would affect the proposed project.

#### STATE REGULATIONS

The California Department of Transportation (Caltrans) is responsible for planning, designing, constructing, operating, and maintaining all state-owned roadways in Sacramento County. Federal highway standards are implemented in California by Caltrans. Any improvements or modifications to the state highway system within the City of Folsom need to be approved by Caltrans. The City of Folsom does not have the ability to unilaterally make improvements to the state highway system.

#### GUIDE FOR THE PREPARATION OF TRAFFIC IMPACT STUDIES

Caltrans' *Guide for the Preparation of Traffic Impact Studies* (December 2002) provides guidance on the evaluation of traffic impacts to State highway facilities. The document outlines when a traffic impact study is needed and what should be included in the scope of the study.

#### TRANSPORTATION CONCEPT REPORT (US HIGHWAY 50)

The US Highway 50 Transportation Concept Report (Caltrans 2010) is a long range planning document that identifies existing route conditions and future needs, including existing and forecasted travel data and a concept level of service standard. The document addresses mobility need over the next 20 years.

#### CORRIDOR SYSTEM MANAGEMENT PLAN (US HIGHWAY 50)

The *Highway 50 Corridor System Management* Plan (Caltrans 2009) contains the 20-year improvement concept for US 50 and forecasted LOS. For the segment of US 50 within the study area (Folsom Boulevard to Sacramento/El Dorado County Line), the ultimate facility concept is a ten lane freeway with four



mainline lanes and one HOV lane in either direction. According to this document, the concept service level for this facility is LOS F because improvements necessary to achieve LOS E are not considered feasible due to environmental, right-of-way, financial, and other constraints.

#### REGIONAL REGULATIONS

The Sacramento Area Council of Governments (SACOG) is an association of local governments from six counties and 22 cities within the Sacramento Region. The counties include El Dorado, Placer, Sacramento, Sutter, Yolo, and Yuba. SACOG is responsible for the preparation of, and updates to, the Metropolitan Transportation Plan/Sustainable Communities Strategy (MTP/SCS) for the region and the corresponding Metropolitan Transportation Improvement Program (MTIP). The MTP/SCS provides a 20-year transportation vision and corresponding list of projects. The MTIP identifies short-term projects (seven-year horizon) in more detail. The 2035 MTP/SCS was adopted by the SACOG board in 2012.

## METROPOLITAN TRANSPORTATION PLAN/SUSTAINABLE COMMUNITIES STRATEGY (MTP/SCS)

The 2035 Metropolitan Transportation Plan/ Sustainable Communities Strategy (MTP/SCS) is a long range plan for transportation improvements in the region. The plan is based on projections for growth in population, housing, and jobs.

#### LOCAL REGULATIONS

#### CITY OF FOLSOM GENERAL PLAN

The current City of Folsom *General Plan* (January 1993) is in the process of being updated, with expected completion in the fall of 2015. The General Plan is "a long term policy guide for the physical, economic, and environmental growth of the City. It is comprised of goals, policies, and implementation programs which are based on an assessment of current and future needs and available resources." Policy 17.17 of the City of Folsom *General Plan* specifies that the City will strive to achieve at least a LOS C throughout the City. This policy acknowledges that during build-out, temporarily worse LOS may occur where roadway improvements have not been adequately phased as development proceeds.



#### EL DORADO COUNTY GENERAL PLAN

The current *El Dorado County General Plan* was adopted in July 2004, and serves as the "blueprint" for development within the County. The plan serves as the vehicle through which the "County addresses, balances, and fits together the competing interests and needs of its residents." General Plan Circulation Policy TC-Xd specifies LOS standards for County facilities, and details flexible criteria dependent upon the character of the area. Within "Community Regions," LOS E serves as the threshold, while a LOS D threshold applies within "Rural Centers" and "Rural Regions."



#### **IMPACTS AND MITIGATION MEASURES**

The methods used to analyze the impacts of the project on the roadway, bicycle, pedestrian, and transit systems are provided in this section. The standards of significance to be used in identifying project-specific and cumulative impacts are presented. The standards are based on policies of the City of Folsom and other responsible agencies.

#### THRESHOLDS OF SIGNIFICANCE

#### CITY OF FOLSOM

Policy 17.17 of the City of Folsom *General Plan* specifies that the City will strive to achieve at least a LOS C throughout the City. This policy acknowledges that during build-out, temporarily worse LOS may occur where roadway improvements have not been adequately phased as City-wide development proceeds. For the purposes of this analysis, an impact is considered significant if implementation of the project would result in any of the following:

- 1. Cause an intersection in Folsom (outside of the Folsom Plan Area) that currently operates (or is projected to operate) at LOS C or better to degrade to LOS D or worse.
- 2. Cause an intersection within the Folsom Plan Area that currently operates (or is projected to operate) at LOS D or better to degrade to LOS E or worse.
- 3. Increase the average delay by five seconds or more at an intersection in Folsom (outside of the Folsom Plan Area) that currently operates (or is projected to operate) at an unacceptable LOS D, E, or F.
- 4. Increase the average delay by five seconds or more at an intersection in Folsom Plan Area that currently operates (or is projected to operate) at an unacceptable LOS E or F.
- 5. Add traffic to the US 50 freeway system (i.e., a ramp terminal intersection) that is already operating at LOS F.
- 6. Increase the volume to capacity ratio by 1% or more on a freeway mainline segment that is operating at an unacceptable level (LOS F).
- 7. Increase the density by 0.1 passenger cars per lane per mile or more on a freeway merge or diverge ramp that is operating at an unacceptable level (LOS F).
- 8. Eliminate or adversely affect an existing bikeway, pedestrian facility, or transit facility in a way that would discourage its use.



- 9. Interfere with the implementation of a planned bikeway or planned pedestrian facility, or be in conflict with a future transit facility.
- 10. Result in unsafe conditions for bicyclists or pedestrians including conflicts with other modes.
- 11. Result in demands to transit facilities greater than available capacity.

#### **EL DORADO COUNTY**

El Dorado County General Plan Circulation Policy TC-Xd provides LOS standards for County-maintained roads and state highways as follows<sup>[1]</sup>:

- Level of Service (LOS) for County-maintained roads and state highways within the unincorporated areas of the county shall not be worse than LOS E in the Community Regions or LOS D in the Rural Centers and Rural Regions except as specified in Table TC-2. The volume to capacity ratio of the roadway segments listed in Table TC-2 as applicable shall not exceed the ratio specified in that table.
- If a project causes the peak hour level of service or volume/capacity ratio on a county road or state highway that would otherwise meet the County standards (without the project) to the LOS threshold, then the impact shall be considered significant.
- If any county road or state highway fails to meet the above listed county standards for peak hour level of service or volume/capacity ratios under existing conditions, and the project will "significantly worsen" conditions on the road or highway, then the impact shall be considered significant. The term "significantly worsen" is defined for the purpose of the paragraph according to General Plan Policy TC-Xe as follows:
  - A.) A two (2) percent increase in traffic during the AM peak hour, PM peak hour or daily, OR
  - B.) The addition of 100 or more daily trips, OR
  - C.) The addition of 10 or more trips during the AM peak hour or the PM peak hour.

For the purposes of this study, all three study intersections located within El Dorado County (intersection numbers 9, 10, and 13) are located within a "Community Region;" therefore, the LOS E thresholds applies.

<sup>[1]</sup> El Dorado County Department of Transportation's Traffic Impact Study Protocols and Procedures



#### METHOD OF ANALYSIS

#### PROJECT TRAVEL FORECASTS

Trips associated with the proposed project were assigned to the transportation system using the following four-step process, applied using a modified version of the SACMET regional travel demand model, developed and maintained by SACOG:

- 1. Trip generation Estimated the number of trips entering and exiting the project components based on planned land uses and connectivity variables.
- 2. Trip distribution The approach and departure paths from the project site were forecasted.
- 3. Mode split The proportion of trips using each travel mode (i.e., motor vehicle, transit, bicycle, and walk) was determined.
- 4. Trip assignment Assigned trips generated by the proposed project to study area roadways, and applied a process known as "difference method," which accounts for potential inaccuracies in the base year model.

The results of this process are described in detail below.

#### PROJECT TRIP GENERATION

To analyze potential transportation impacts associated with implementation of the proposed project, Fehr & Peers utilized a modified version of the SACMET regional travel demand model (base year MTP/SCS version) to forecast travel demand within study area. This model accounts for project characteristics including mix of densities and neighborhood connectivity. The model is also sensitive to land use and demographic variables including mix of housing types, household size, and income levels. The model applies locally valid trip rates developed by SACOG and based upon household travel survey data collected in the Sacramento region. The project would contain the following trip-generating land uses:

• Single-Family Residential: 761 dwelling units

Multi-Family Residential: 114 dwelling units

The above land uses and the proposed transportation network for the project were coded into the SACMET model. Table 6 summarizes the proposed project's resulting trip generation estimate. As shown in Table 6, it is estimated that the project will generate over 8,000 daily trips with over 700 trips occurring during the AM and PM peak hours.



TABLE 6
PROJECT TRIP GENERATION

	Trip Generatio	n Rates Per D	welling Unit		Trips	
	Daily	AM Peak Hour	PM Peak Hour	Daily	PM Peak Hour	
Total Project Trips	9.57	0.84	0.84	8,373	737	735

Note:

Trips estimated using output from the SACMET regional travel demand model (SACOG 2012).

Source: Fehr & Peers, 2014.

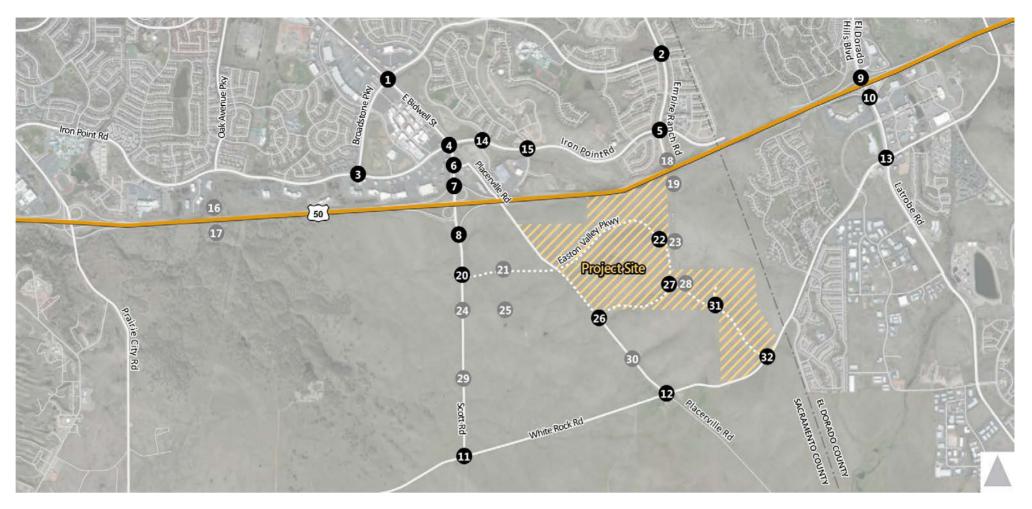
#### PROJECT TRIP DISTRIBUTION AND MODE SPLIT

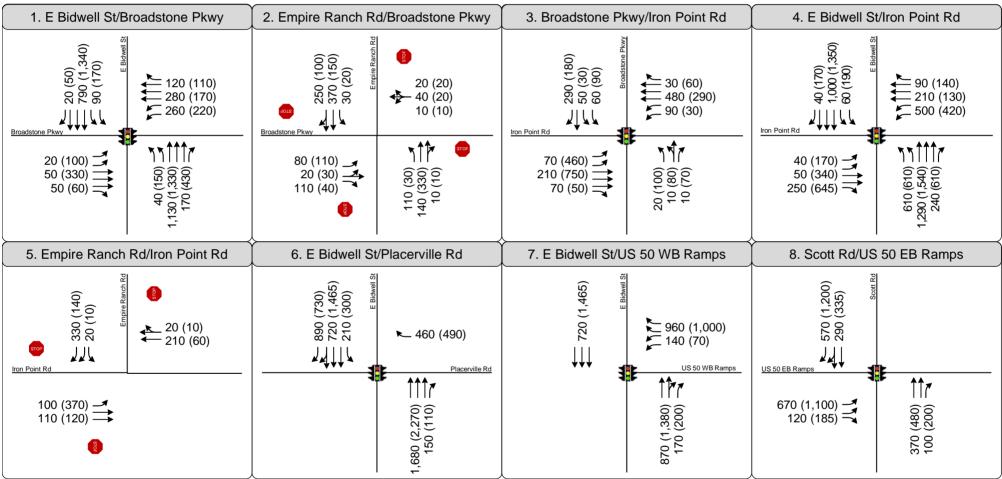
The base year version of SACMET travel demand model was used to estimate the distribution of project trips for the Existing Plus Project scenario. In addition to forecasting the number of trips associated with the proposed project, as discussed previously, the model distributes inbound and outbound project trips onto the transportation network, and accounts for changes to travel patterns within the study area as a result of the project. The model also accounts for trips made by non-auto travel modes, including walking, bicycling, and transit based on the land use and transportation network characteristics of the study area.

#### TRIP ASSIGNMENT

In accordance with the projected trip generation and distribution estimates, project trips were assigned to the transportation system using the SACMET model. Figures 5A-5D display the resulting Existing Plus Project traffic volumes at each of the study intersections, and shows the locations of key roadways that would be constructed as part of the project. As shown in Figures 5A-5D, in addition to roadways internal to the project site, implementation of the proposed project would also include construction of the segment of Easton Valley Parkway located between Scott Road and Placerville Road. The trip assignment, and resulting Existing Plus Project forecasts account for the construction of this roadway segment.







1 Study Intersections

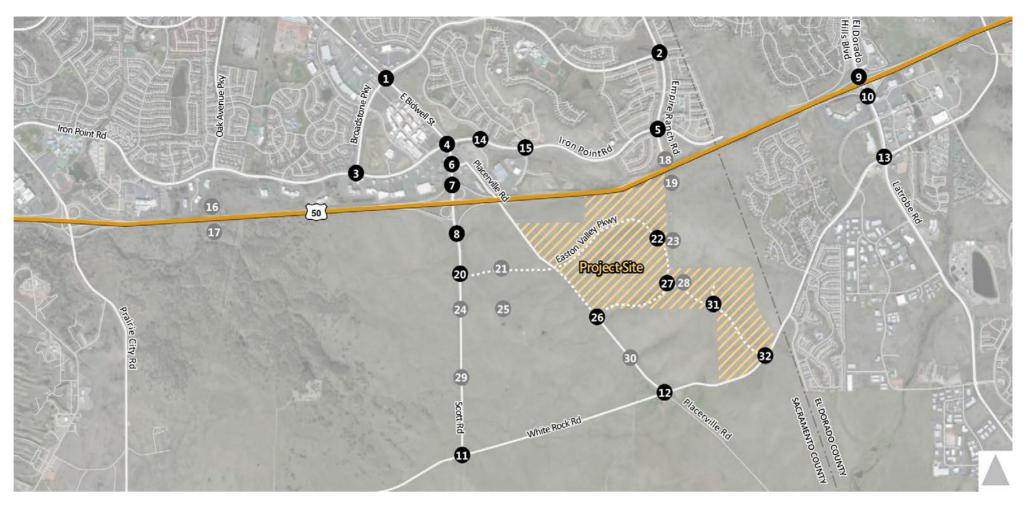
Turn Lane

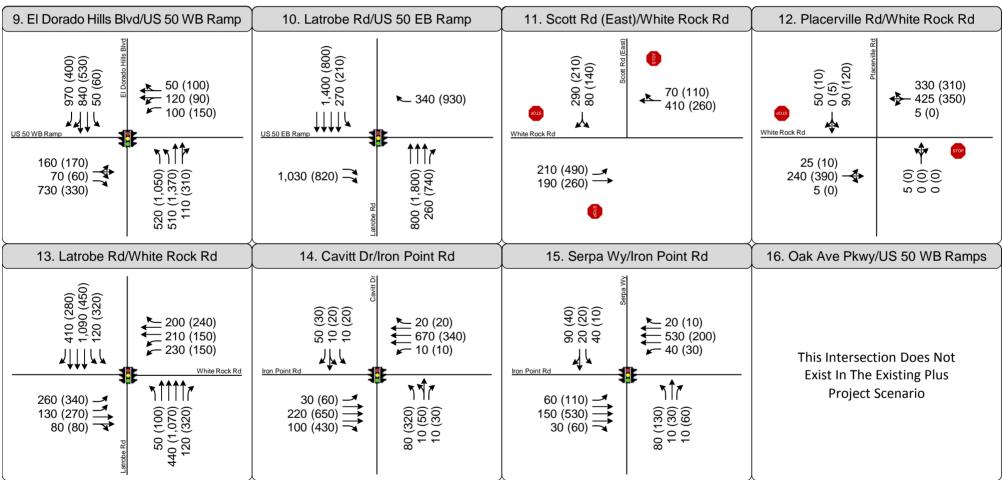
Traffic Signal

AM (PM) Peak Hour Traffic Volume

Stop Sign







1 Study Intersections

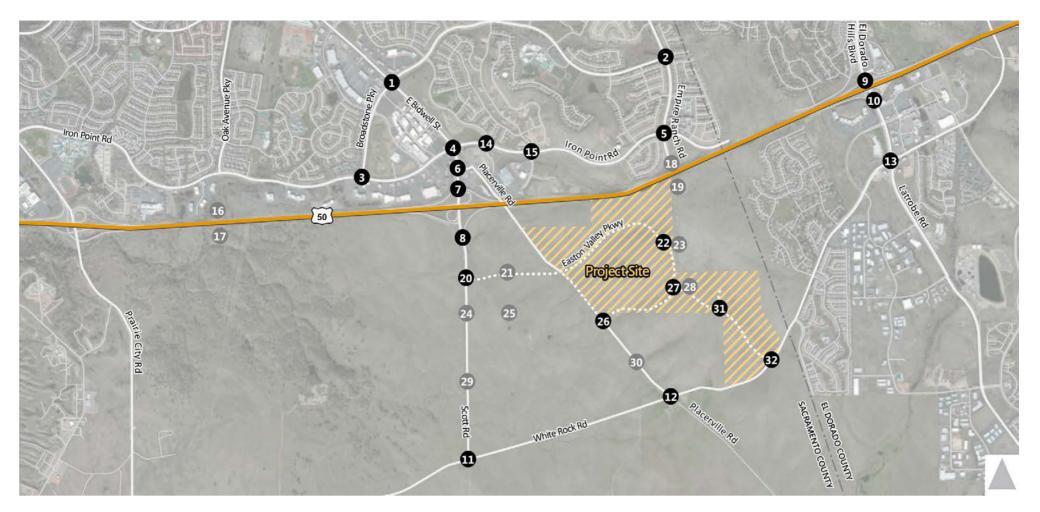
Turn Lane

**1** Traffic Signal

AM (PM) Peak Hour Traffic Volume

Stop Sign





17. Oak Ave Pkwy/US 50 EB Ramps	18. Empire Ranch Rd/US 50 WB Ramps	19. Empire Ranch Rd/US 50 EB Ramps	20. Scott Rd/Easton Valley Pkwy
This Intersection Does Not	This Intersection Does Not	This Intersection Does Not	260 (480) 20 (40) 20 (
Exist In The Existing Plus	Exist In The Existing Plus	Exist In The Existing Plus	
Project Scenario	Project Scenario	Project Scenario	
21. Placerville Rd/Easton Valley Pkwy	22. Easton Valley Pkwy/Internal Roadway I	23. Empire Ranch Rd/Internal Roadway I	24. Scott Rd/Street "B"
This Intersection Does Not	Easton Valley Pkwy  15 (10)  25 (40)  25 (40)	This Intersection Does Not	This Intersection Does Not
Exist In The Existing Plus		Exist In The Existing Plus	Exist In The Existing Plus
Project Scenario		Project Scenario	Project Scenario

1 Study Intersection

Roundabout

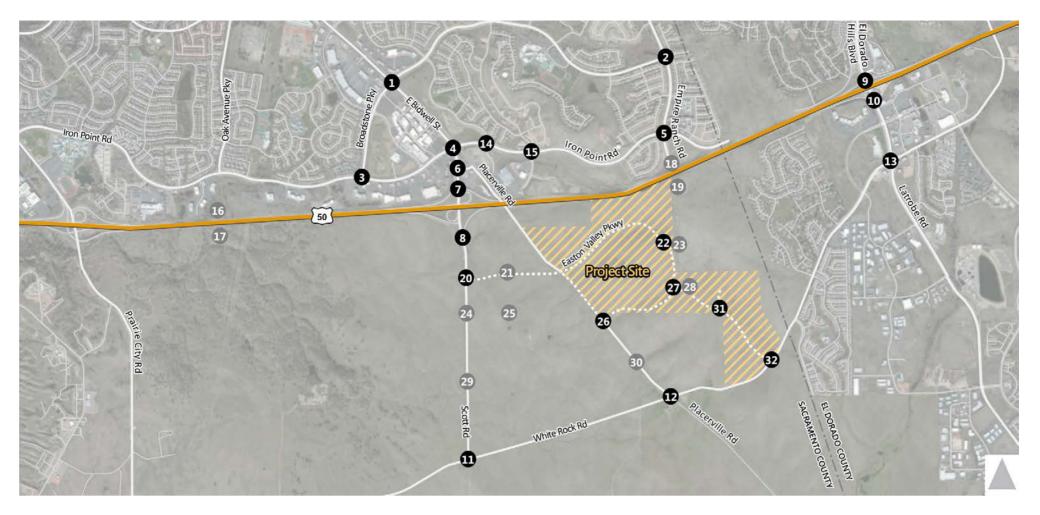
**≇** Traffic Signal

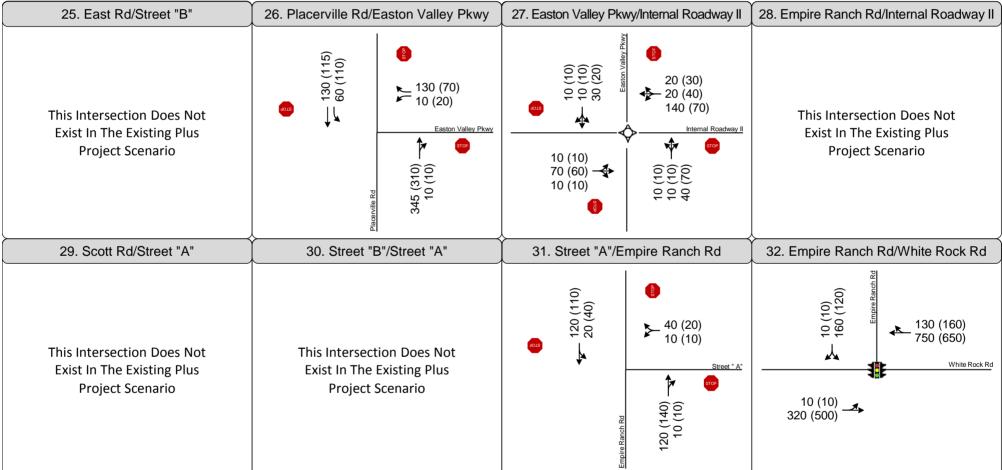
→ Turn Lane

Stop Sign

AM (PM) Peak Hour Traffic Volume







Study Intersection

Roundabout

**\*\*** Traffic Signal

→ Turn Lane

Stop Sign

AM (PM) Peak Hour Traffic Volume



Figure 5D

## PROJECT-SPECIFIC IMPACTS AND MITIGATION MEASURES

The proposed project impacts on the transportation system are evaluated in this section based on the thresholds of significance and analysis results. Each impact is followed by a recommended mitigation measure to reduce the significance of identified impacts, if needed.

## Impact 1: The proposed project could cause potentially significant impacts to study intersections.

Project trips were assigned to the study facilities in accordance with the trip generation and distribution assumptions described previously. Table 7 summarizes the existing plus project LOS results at the study intersections (refer to Appendix B for detailed technical calculations).

TABLE 7
INTERSECTION LEVEL OF SERVICE – EXISTING PLUS PROJECT CONDITIONS

		Minimum		Exis	ting		Exi	isting P	lus Projec	t
Intersection	Control	Acceptable LOS	AM Pea	k Hour	PM Peal	k Hour	AM Peal	( Hour	PM Peak	Hour
			Delay <sup>1</sup>	LOS	Delay <sup>1</sup>	LOS	Delay <sup>1</sup>	LOS	Delay <sup>1</sup>	LOS
<ol> <li>Broadstone</li> <li>Parkway/ East</li> <li>Bidwell Street</li> </ol>	Traffic Signal	С	17	В	26	С	18	В	26	С
2.Empire Ranch Road/ Broadstone Parkway	All-Way Stop Control	C	15	В	11	В	16	С	11	В
3. Broadstone Parkway/ Iron Point Road	Traffic Signal	С	11	В	18	В	12	В	19	В
4. East Bidwell Street/ Iron Point Road	Traffic Signal	С	30	С	52	D	31	С	60	Ē
5. Empire Ranch Road/ Iron Point Road	All-Way Stop Control	С	10	А	14	В	10	А	14	В
6. East Bidwell Street/ Placerville Road	Traffic Signal	С	14*	B*	19*	В*	18*	B*	23*	C*



TABLE 7
INTERSECTION LEVEL OF SERVICE – EXISTING PLUS PROJECT CONDITIONS

		Minimum		Exis	ting		Exi	isting P	lus Projec	t
Intersection	Control	Acceptable LOS	AM Pea	k Hour	PM Pea	k Hour	AM Peal	( Hour	PM Peal	( Hour
			<b>Delay</b> <sup>1</sup>	LOS	<b>Delay</b> <sup>1</sup>	LOS	Delay <sup>1</sup>	LOS	Delay <sup>1</sup>	LOS
7. Scott Road/ US 50 Westbound Ramps	Traffic Signal	E	11	В	23	С	12	В	24	С
8. Scott Road/ US 50 Eastbound Ramps	Traffic Signal	E	7	Α	8	Α	7	Α	9	Α
9. El Dorado Hills Blvd/ US 50 Westbound Ramp	Traffic Signal	E	46	D	39	D	50	D	40	D
10. Latrobe Road/ US 50 Eastbound Ramp	Traffic Signal	E	26*	C*	10*	A*	26*	C*	24*	C*
11. White Rock Road/ Scott Road	All-Way Stop Control	С	35	E	35	E	38	E	36	E
12. White Rock Road/ Placerville Road	Side-Street Stop Control	С	21	С	32	D	31	D	40	Ē
13. Latrobe Road/ White Rock Road	Traffic Signal	С	23	С	29	С	26	С	31	С
14. Cavitt Drive/ Iron Point Road	Traffic Signal	С	9	А	15	В	10	В	15	В
15. Serpa Way/ Iron Point Road	Traffic Signal	С	14	В	14	В	15	В	15	В
20. Scott Road/ Easton Valley Parkway	All-Way Stop Control	С	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	14	В	27	D
22. Easton Valley Parkway/ Internal Roadway I	Roundabout	С	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	4	А	4	А
26. Placerville Road/ Easton Valley Parkway	All-Way Stop Control	С	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	12	В	11	В



TABLE 7
INTERSECTION LEVEL OF SERVICE – EXISTING PLUS PROJECT CONDITIONS

		Minimum		Exis	ting		Ex	isting P	lus Projec	t
Intersection	Control	Acceptable LOS	AM Pea	k Hour	PM Pea	k Hour	AM Peal	k Hour	PM Peak	Hour
			Delay <sup>1</sup>	LOS	<b>Delay</b> <sup>1</sup>	LOS	Delay <sup>1</sup>	LOS	Delay <sup>1</sup>	LOS
27. Internal Roadway II/ Easton Valley Parkway	Roundabout	С	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	5	Α	5	Α
31. Empire Ranch Rd/ Street "A"	All-Way Stop Control	С	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	8	Α	8	А
32. Empire Ranch Rd/ White Rock Rd	Traffic Signal	С	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	9	Α	7	А

#### Note:

**Bold** indicates unacceptable operations.

**Bold** indicates significant impact.

Source: Fehr & Peers, 2014

As shown in Table 7, with implementation of the proposed project, the delay at the East Bidwell Street/Iron Point Road intersection would increase by more than five seconds during the PM peak hour. Additionally, the White Rock Road/Placerville Road intersection would deteriorate from LOS D to unacceptable LOS E during the PM peak hour.

Implementation of the proposed project would result in significant impacts to the intersections of East Bidwell Street/Iron Point Road and White Rock Road/Placerville Road.

#### Mitigation Measure(s)

<u>East Bidwell Street / Iron Point Road</u>: Modify westbound approach to include three left-turn lanes, two through lanes, and one right-turn lane to lower delay to existing conditions during the PM peak hour. This will reduce the impact to less-than-significant and improve the LOS at the East Bidwell Street/Iron Point Road intersection to the following:

• PM Peak Hour: Delay – 52 seconds/vehicle, LOS D



<sup>1.</sup> For signalized and all-way stop controlled intersections, average intersection delay is reported in seconds per vehicle for the overall intersection. For side-street stop controlled intersections, the delay is reported in seconds per vehicle for the worst individual movement. All results are rounded to the nearest second.

HCM 2000 used to analyze this intersection because HCM 2010 methodology only supports strict NEMA phasing.

Mitigation 1A Project applicant will pay a fair share fee towards the following improvements to the Iron Point Road/East Bidwell Street intersection: Modify westbound approach to include three left-turn lanes, two through lanes, and one right-turn lane.

White Rock Road / Placerville Road: During the PM peak hour, the addition of a westbound right-turn lane to the White Rock Road/Placerville Road intersection would result in acceptable operations and would therefore reduce this impact to less-than-significant. This mitigation would improve the LOS at the White Rock Road / Placerville Road intersection to the following:

PM Peak Hour: Delay – 26 seconds/vehicle, LOS D

Mitigation 1B Project applicant will pay a fee towards the following improvements to the White Rock Road/Placerville Road intersection: Add a westbound right-turn lane.

Implementation of this mitigation measure would reduce this impact to less-than-significant.

## Impact 2: The proposed project could cause potentially significant impacts to study freeway facilities.

Project trips were assigned to the study facilities in accordance with the trip generation and distribution assumptions described previously. Table 8 shows the existing plus project level of service results for the study freeway facilities. The technical calculations are provided in Appendix D.



TABLE 8
FREEWAY LEVEL OF SERVICE – EXISTING PLUS PROJECT CONDITIONS

				Exist	ing (	Conditio	ons		Exist	ing Plu	ıs Pr	oject C	onditio	ons
u o			AM F	Peak Hou	ır	PM	Peak Ho	ur	AM P	eak Ho	our	PM F	Peak Ho	our
Direction	Location	Facility Type	v/c Ratio <sup>1</sup>	Density (pcplpm) <sup>2</sup>	ros	v/c Ratio <sup>1</sup>	Density (pcplpm) <sup>2</sup>	ГОЅ	v/c Ratio <sup>1</sup>	Density (pcplpm) <sup>2</sup>	ros	v/c Ratio <sup>1</sup>	Density (pcplpm) <sup>2</sup>	SOT
	US 50, West of Prairie City Rd.	Basic	0.66	23.9	С	0.80	30.5	D	0.66	24.0	С	0.80	30.7	D
	Prairie City Rd. Off- Ramp	Diverge	0.75	29.1	D	0.95	36.7	E	0.76	29.3	D	0.96	36.8	Е
	US 50 between Prairie City Rd. Ramps	Basic	0.52	18.9	С	0.72	26.6	D	0.52	18.7	С	0.73	26.9	D
	Prairie City Rd. On- Ramp	Merge	0.54	22.9	С	0.77	31.1	D	0.53	22.8	С	0.77	31.3	D
	Prairie City Rd. On- Ramp II	Merge	0.58	18.4	В	0.93	30.9	D	0.57	18.1	В	0.96	31.8	D
	US 50, Prairie City Rd. to Scott Rd.	Basic	0.47	17.1	В	0.96	41.3	E	0.47	16.8	В	0.98	43.5	E
	Scott Rd. Off-Ramp	Diverge	0.63	14.5	В	1.00	-	F	0.62	14.1	В	1.03	ı	F
	US 50 between Scott Rd. Ramps	Basic	0.42	15.3	В	0.65	23.5	С	0.30	10.9	Α	0.65	23.5	С
	Scott Rd. Loop On- Ramp	Merge	0.37	13.3	В	0.61	22.1	С	0.39	14.1	В	0.61	22.1	С
	Scott Rd. On-Ramp II	Merge	0.41	11.2	В	0.69	21.2	С	0.46	12.7	В	0.70	21.4	С
	US 50, Scott Rd. to Latrobe Rd. (Segment I)	Basic	0.46	16.5	В	0.76	28.3	D	0.49	17.8	В	0.76	28.5	D
	US 50, Scott Rd. to Latrobe Rd. (Segment II)	Basic	0.40	14.4	В	0.66	24.0	С	0.43	15.5	В	0.66	24.2	С
pur	Latrobe Rd. Off- Ramp I	Diverge	0.50	21.8	С	0.71	29.9	D	0.53	22.9	С	0.71	30.0	D
Eastbound	Latrobe Rd. Off- Ramp II	Diverge	0.29	14.1	В	0.63	26.7	С	0.33	15.3	В	0.63	26.7	С



TABLE 8
FREEWAY LEVEL OF SERVICE – EXISTING PLUS PROJECT CONDITIONS

				Exist	ing (	Conditio	ns		Exist	ing Plu	ıs Pr	oject C	onditio	ons
u			AM F	Peak Hou	ır	PM	Peak Ho	ur	AM P	eak Ho	our	PM F	Peak Ho	our
Direction	Location	Facility Type	v/c Ratio <sup>1</sup>	Density (pcplpm) <sup>2</sup>	ros	v/c Ratio <sup>1</sup>	Density (pcplpm) <sup>2</sup>	ros	v/c Ratio¹	Density (pcplpm) <sup>2</sup>	ros	v/c Ratio <sup>1</sup>	Density (pcplpm) <sup>2</sup>	SOT
	US 50 between Latrobe Rd. Ramps	Basic	0.19	6.8	Α	0.42	15.2	В	0.22	7.9	Α	0.42	15.2	В
	Latrobe Rd. On- Ramp	Merge	0.24	12.0	В	0.56	23.2	С	0.27	13.1	В	0.56	23.3	С
	US 50, East of Latrobe Rd.	Basic	0.26	9.3	Α	0.58	20.8	С	0.30	10.7	Α	0.58	21.0	С
	US 50, East of El Dorado Hills Blvd.	Basic	0.86	33.7	D	0.53	19.3	С	0.86	33.6	D	0.54	19.5	С
	El Dorado Hill Blvd Off-Ramp	Diverge	0.88	36.4	Ε	0.57	24.7	С	0.88	36.4	Ε	0.58	24.9	С
	US 50 between El Dorado Hills Blvd. Ramps	Basic	0.62	22.4	С	0.40	14.5	В	0.61	22.0	С	0.40	14.5	В
	El Dorado Hills Blvd. On-Ramp	Merge	0.99	33.0	D	0.79	25.9	С	1.00	33.2	D	0.79	26.0	С
	US 50, El Dorado Hills Blvd. to E. Bidwell Rd. (Segment I)	Basic	0.88	35.6	E	0.71	26.2	D	0.89	35.8	E	0.72	26.3	D
	US 50, El Dorado Hills Blvd. to E. Bidwell Rd. (Segment II)	Basic	0.88	35.6	E	0.71	26.2	D	0.89	35.8	E	0.72	26.3	D
	East Bidwell Off- Ramp	Diverge	0.96	29.0	D	0.76	21.5	С	0.96	29.2	D	0.76	21.6	С
	US 50 between E. Bidwell Rd. Ramps	Basic	0.65	23.7	С	0.46	16.5	В	0.66	23.8	С	0.46	16.6	В
pund	E. Bidwell Rd. Loop On-Ramp	Merge	0.69	28.2	D	0.48	20.9	С	0.72	29.2	D	0.51	21.6	С
Westbound	E. Bidwell Rd. On- Ramp II	Merge	0.59	21.2	С	0.42	15.2	В	0.60	21.8	С	0.43	15.6	В



TABLE 8
FREEWAY LEVEL OF SERVICE – EXISTING PLUS PROJECT CONDITIONS

				Exist	ing (	Conditio	ons		Exist	ing Plu	ıs Pr	oject C	onditio	ons
Ę			AM F	Peak Hou	ır	PM	Peak Ho	ur	AM P	eak Ho	our	PM F	Peak Ho	our
Direction	Location	Facility Type	v/c Ratio <sup>1</sup>	Density (pcplpm) <sup>2</sup>	FOS	v/c Ratio <sup>1</sup>	Density (pcplpm) <sup>2</sup>	SOT	v/c Ratio¹	Density (pcplpm) <sup>2</sup>	SOT	v/c Ratio <sup>1</sup>	Density (pcplpm) <sup>2</sup>	SOT
	US 50, East Bidwell to Prairie City Rd.	Basic	0.88	35.3	E	0.53	19.3	С	0.91	37.2	E	0.55	19.9	С
	Prairie City Off-Ramp	Diverge	0.91	37.5	Ε	0.66	28.1	D	0.94	38.6	Ε	0.68	28.9	D
	US 50 between Prairie City Rd. Ramps	Basic	0.68	25.0	С	0.55	19.9	С	0.71	26.1	D	0.57	20.6	С
	Prairie City Rd. Loop On-Ramp	Merge	0.71	28.9	D	0.57	24.1	С	0.73	29.8	D	0.59	24.8	С
	Prairie City Rd. On- Ramp II	Merge	0.87	28.1	D	0.76	23.9	С	0.91	29.3	D	0.78	24.6	С
	US 50 west of Prairie City Rd.	Weave	0.69	25.1	С	0.65	23.8	С	0.71	26.2	D	0.67	24.5	С

Notes: Merge, Diverge, and Basic Segments were analyzed using HCM 2010 methodology. Weave segments were analyzed with the Leisch Method. Weave segments that fell outside of the realm of weaving were analyzed using the HCM 2010 methodology.

**Bold** indicates unacceptable operations.

**Shaded** indicates significant impact.

Source: Fehr & Peers, 2014.

As shown in Table 8, the project will increase the v/c ratio of the eastbound Scott Road off-ramp during the PM peak hour. The project will add traffic to these sections that are currently over capacity.

The project would cause a **significant and unavoidable** impact to the study freeway facilities under existing plus project conditions.



<sup>1.</sup> v/c ratio = volume-to-capacity ratio

<sup>2.</sup> pcplpm = passenger cars per lane per mile

<sup>\*</sup> Segment analyzed using Leisch Method (v/c ratio and pcplpm not provided).

<sup>\*\*</sup>Segment fell outside of the realm of weaving and was analyzed using HCM 2010 methodology.

### Mitigation Measure(s)

Mitigation 2 The project applicant shall pay the applicable CIP fee, which includes the construction of auxiliary lanes on US 50 from Sunrise Boulevard to East Bidwell Street/Scott Road.

This impact would remain *significant and unavoidable*. This conclusion reflects the reality that successful implementation of the recommended improvements to the US 50/Scott Road/East Bidwell Street interchange is the responsibility of Caltrans, over which the City of Folsom has no control. For this reason, the City of Folsom is conservatively acknowledging the possibility that, despite its own commitment to work with Caltrans, mutually acceptable accommodation may not be reached. Consistent with CEQA Guidelines section 15091, subdivision (a)(2), though, the City of Folsom concludes that Caltrans can and should implement the mitigation.

# Impact 3: The proposed project could cause potentially significant impacts to the transit system.

The project would not disrupt existing or planned transit services or facilities, or create inconsistencies with any adopted plans, guidelines, policies or standards related to transit. Therefore, this impact is considered *less-than-significant*.

### Mitigation Measure(s)

No Impact.

## Impact 4: The proposed project could cause potentially significant impacts to bicycle and pedestrian facilities.

The project will construct curb, gutter, and sidewalk on all project roadways to facilitate any potential pedestrian demand. The curb, gutter, and sidewalk will be designed and constructed to meet City standards.

The project would not disrupt existing or planned bicycle/pedestrian facilities or create inconsistencies with any adopted plans, guidelines, policies or standards related to bicycle or pedestrian systems. Therefore, this impact is considered *less-than-significant*.

#### Mitigation Measure(s)

No Impact.



## Impact 5: The proposed project could cause potentially significant impacts due to construction related activities.

Construction may include disruptions to the transportation network near the site, including the possibility of temporary lane closures, street closures, sidewalk closures, and bikeway closures; however, access to all nearby parcels will be maintained. Pedestrian and bicycle access in the vicinity of the project site may be disrupted. Heavy vehicles will access the site and may need to be staged for construction. These activities could result in degraded roadway operating conditions. Therefore, the impacts are considered *significant*.

#### Mitigation Measure(s)

Mitigation 5 Prior to the beginning of construction, the applicant shall prepare a construction traffic and parking management plan to the satisfaction of the City Traffic Engineer and subject to review by affected agencies. The plan shall ensure that acceptable operating conditions on local roadways and freeway facilities are maintained. At a minimum, the plan shall include:

- Description of trucks including: number and size of trucks per day, expected arrival/departure times, truck circulation patterns.
- Description of staging area including: location, maximum number of trucks simultaneously permitted in staging area, use of traffic control personnel, specific signage.
- Description of street closures and/or bicycle and pedestrian facility closures including: duration, advance warning and posted signage, safe and efficient access routes for existing businesses and emergency vehicles, and use of manual traffic control.
- Description of driveway access plan including: provisions for safe vehicular, pedestrian, and bicycle travel, minimum distance from any open trench, special signage, and private vehicle accesses.

Implementation of this mitigation would reduce this impact to *less-than-significant*.



### **CUMULATIVE CONDITIONS**

This section describes anticipated cumulative (2035) operating conditions in the study area for the roadway system.

#### TRAFFIC FORECASTS

A modified version of the Sacramento Area Council of Governments (SACOG) SACMET regional travel demand model (TDM) was used to forecast cumulative (year 2035) traffic volumes within the study area. The 2035 horizon year is the current horizon year associated with the SACOG MTP. The model was modified to include more detail including the addition of local roadways and disaggregation of land uses into smaller traffic analysis zones (TAZ). This detail provides a more accurate estimation of travel patterns within the study area.

The version of the model used incorporates the current MTP and SCS, and includes planned land use development and transportation infrastructure projects within City of Folsom as well as the surrounding six-county region. The cumulative year forecasts account for full build-out of the Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan (FPASP), which includes the proposed project. The entire Folsom Plan Area is a 3,513 acre comprehensively planned community comprised of approximately 41% residential uses, 15% commercial/office uses, 9% public/quasi-public uses, 30% open space, and 5% major circulation. The Folsom Plan Area is permitted to have up to 10,210 residential units. The FSASP includes a network of four-to-six lane arterial roadways that will serve as "backbone" transportation facilities, including the portions of Empire Ranch Road and Easton Valley Parkway located within Russell Ranch.

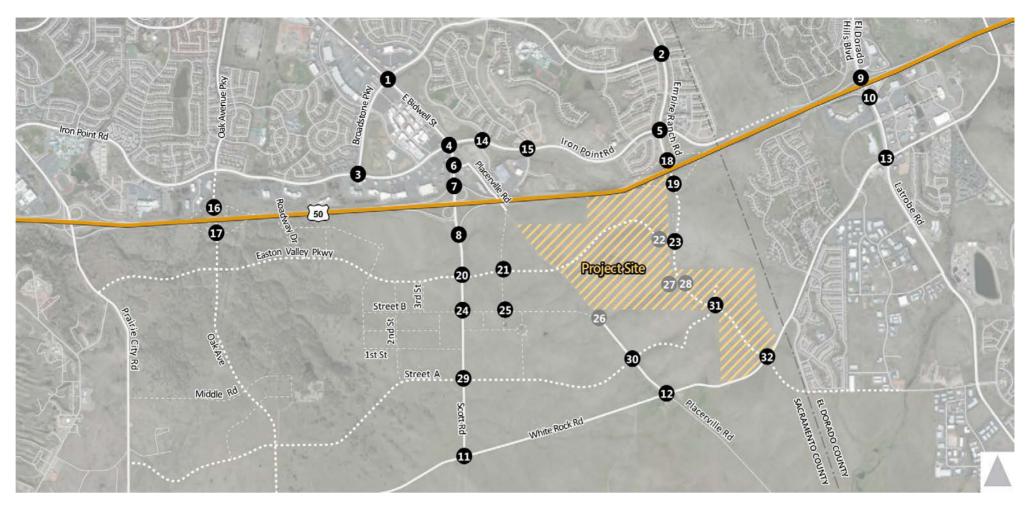
The cumulative conditions analyses include all internal roadway improvements associated with the Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan in addition to the following key projects that affect travel patterns within the study area:

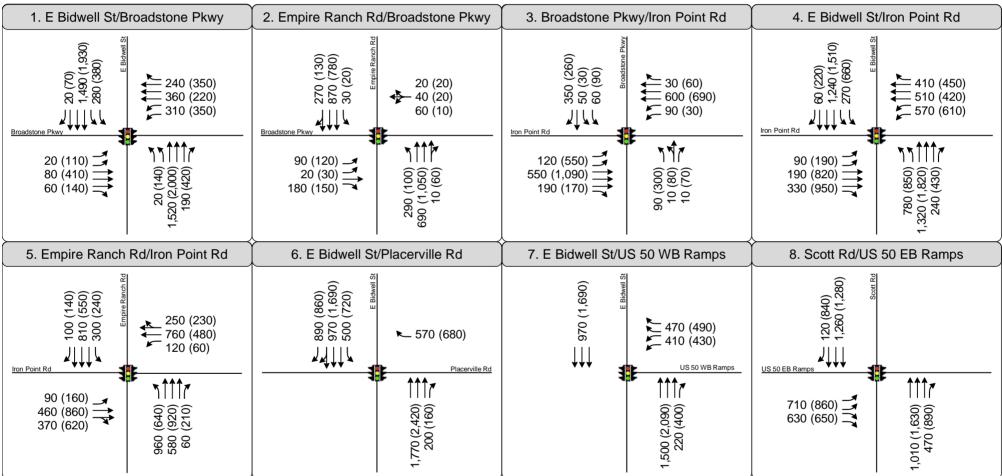
- US 50/Empire Ranch Road Interchange a new interchange on US 50 east of East Bidwell
  Street/Scott Road. This will cause a significant shift in traffic volumes from East Bidwell Street
  interchange to the Empire Ranch Road interchange (identified in the MTP as complete by year
  2035).
- US 50/Oak Avenue Interchange a new interchange on US 50 west of East Bidwell Street/Scott Road. This will cause a significant shift in traffic volumes from East Bidwell Street interchange to the Oak Avenue interchange (identified in the MTP as complete by year 2035).



Figures 6A-6D display the resulting Cumulative No Project forecasts, which include build-out of Russell Ranch consistent with the land uses and transportation infrastructure assumptions contained in the FPASP and its accompanying joint Environmental Impact Report (EIR)/Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) approved/certified by the City of Folsom in June 2011. The map included on Figures 6A-6D indicates the alignment of major planned roadways throughout the Plan Area (shown as dashed lines).







Turn Lane

**\$** Traffic Signal

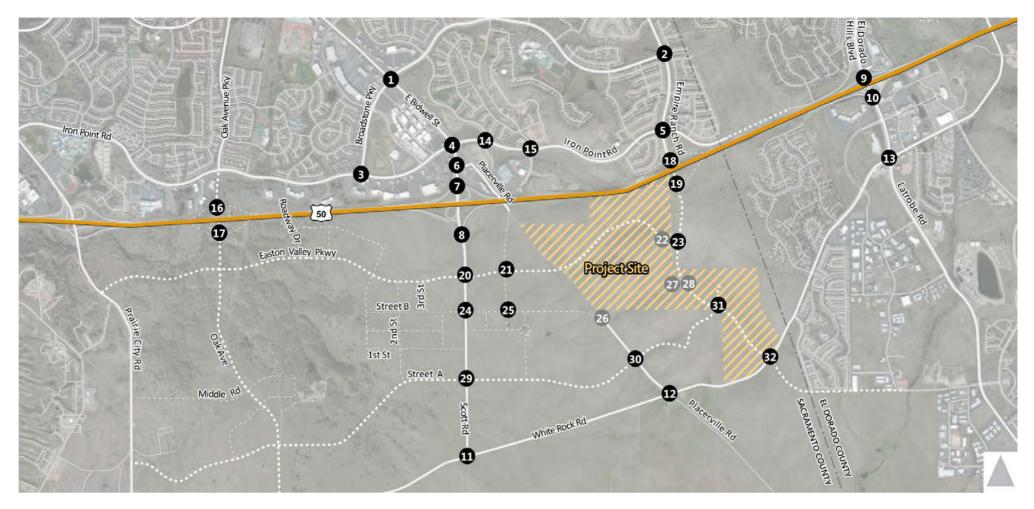
AM (PM) Peak Hour Traffic Volume

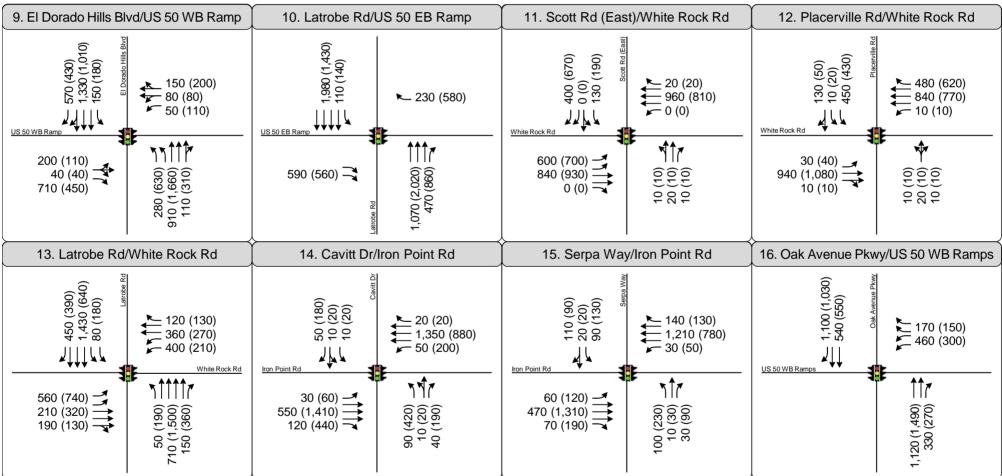
Stop Sign



Figure 6A

Peak Hour Traffic Volumes and Lane Configurations -Cumulative No Project





Turn Lane

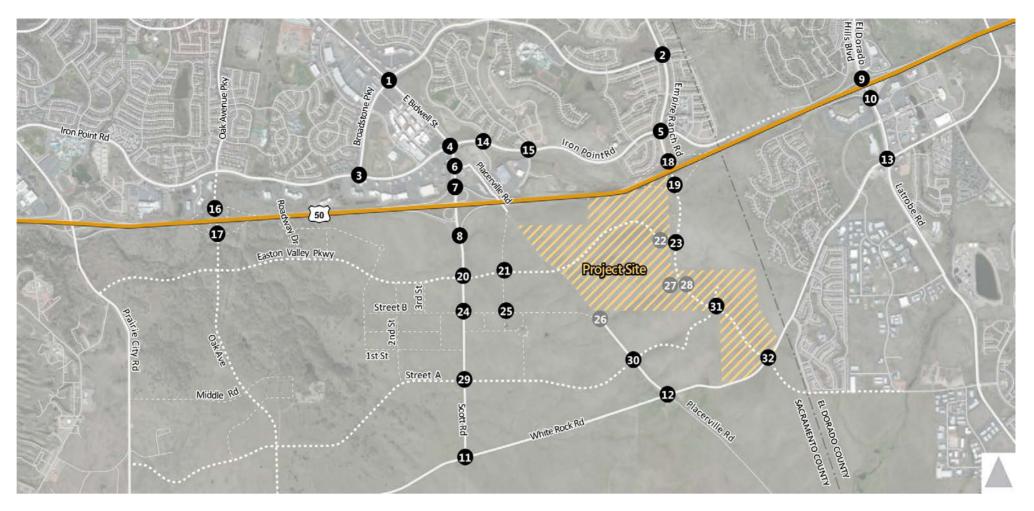
**1** Traffic Signal

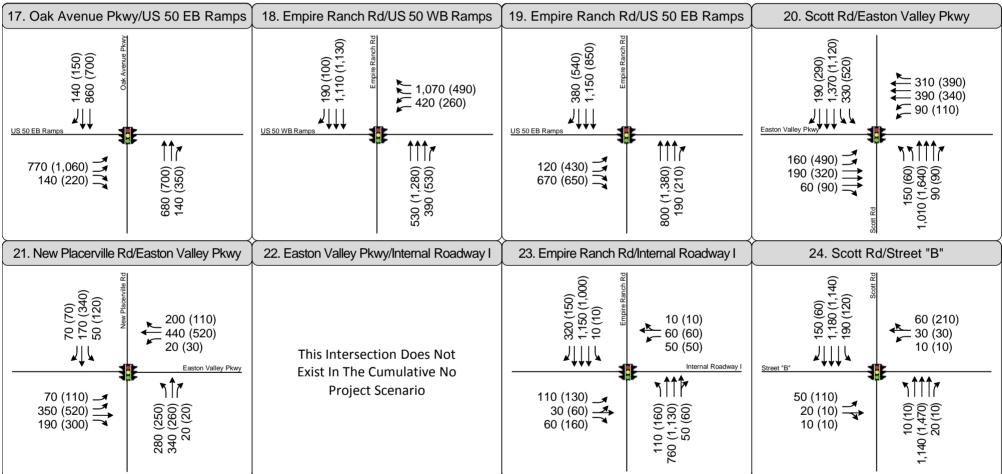
AM (PM) Peak Hour Traffic Volume

Stop Sign



Figure 6B





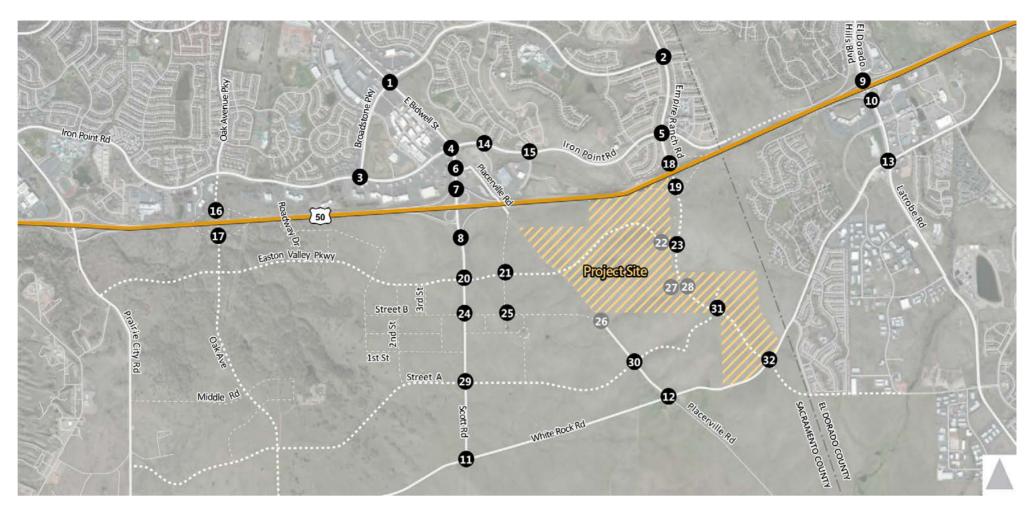
Turn Lane

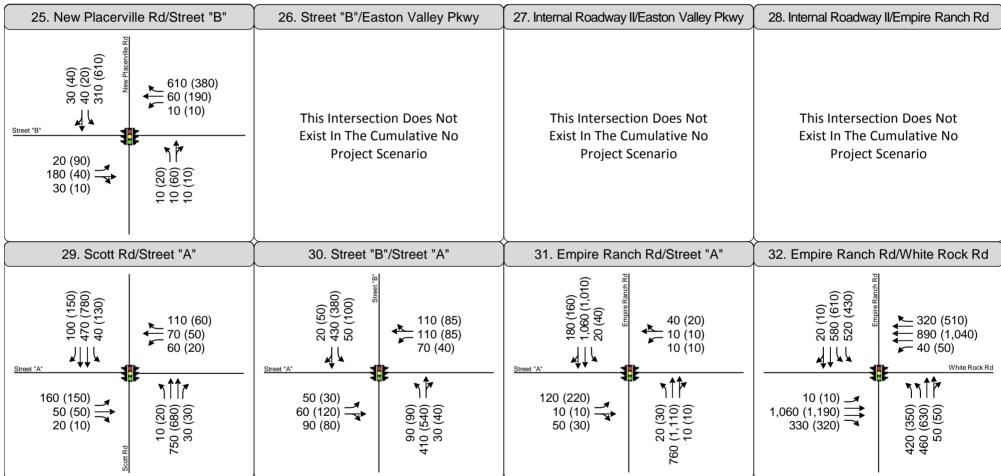
**≇** Traffic Signal

AM (PM) Peak Hour Traffic Volume

Stop Sign







Turn Lane

**\*** Traffic Signal

AM (PM) Peak Hour Traffic Volume

Stop Sign



Figure 6D

Peak Hour Traffic Volumes and Lane Configurations -Cumulative No Project

### **CUMULATIVE INTERSECTION OPERATIONS**

Cumulative conditions intersection delay and LOS were calculated for the study intersections using SimTraffic micro-simulation software. Table 9 shows the cumulative conditions delay and LOS results at the study intersections. The technical calculations are provided in Appendix B.

TABLE 9
INTERSECTION LEVEL OF SERVICE – CUMULATIVE NO PROJECT CONDITIONS

		Minimum	AM Pea	k Hour	PM Peak H	lour
Intersection	Control	Acceptable LOS <sup>1</sup>	<b>Delay</b> <sup>1</sup>	LOS	Delay <sup>1</sup>	LOS
1. Broadstone Parkway/East Bidwell Street	Traffic Signal	С	25	С	42	D
2.Empire Ranch Road/Broadstone Parkway	Traffic Signal	С	16	В	11	В
3. Broadstone Parkway/Iron Point Road	Traffic Signal	С	13	В	24	С
4. East Bidwell Street/Iron Point Road	Traffic Signal	С	52	D	176	F
5. Empire Ranch Road/Iron Point Road	Traffic Signal	С	119	F	86	F
6. East Bidwell Street/Placerville Road	Traffic Signal	С	21*	C*	43*	D*
7. Scott Road/US 50 Westbound Ramps	Traffic Signal	E	7	Α	11	В
8. Scott Road/US 50 Eastbound Ramps	Traffic Signal	Е	10	Α	11	В
9. El Dorado Hills Blvd/US 50 Westbound Ramp	Traffic Signal	E	53	D	34	С
10. Latrobe Road/US 50 Eastbound Ramp	Traffic Signal	E	13*	В*	8*	A*
11. White Rock Road/Scott Road	Traffic Signal	С	16	В	17	В
12. White Rock Road/Placerville Road	Traffic Signal	С	15	В	16	В
13. Latrobe Road/White Rock Road	Traffic Signal	E	41	D	55	D
14. Cavitt Drive/Iron Point Road	Traffic Signal	С	10	В	23	С
15. Serpa Way/Iron Point Road	Traffic Signal	С	15	В	19	В
16. Oak Avenue Pkwy/US 50 Westbound Ramps	Traffic Signal	E	8	Α	7	Α
17. Oak Avenue Pkwy/US 50 Eastbound Ramps	Traffic Signal	E	9	Α	10	В



TABLE 9
INTERSECTION LEVEL OF SERVICE – CUMULATIVE NO PROJECT CONDITIONS

*	C. H.I.	Minimum	AM Pea	k Hour	PM Peak H	lour
Intersection	Control	Acceptable LOS <sup>1</sup>	Delay <sup>1</sup>	LOS	Delay <sup>1</sup>	LOS
18. Empire Ranch Road/US 50 Westbound Ramps	Traffic Signal	E	12	В	7	Α
19. Empire Ranch Road/US 50 Eastbound Ramps	Traffic Signal	E	7	А	11	В
20. Scott Road/Easton Valley Pkwy	Traffic Signal	С	24	С	51	D
21. Easton Valley Pkwy/Placerville Road	Traffic Signal	С	24	С	37	D
22. Easton Valley Pkwy/Internal Roadway	Roundabout	С	NA	NA	NA	NA
23. Internal Roadway/Empire Ranch Road	Traffic Signal	С	14	В	15	В
24. Street "B"/Scott Road	Traffic Signal	С	12	В	18	В
25. East Road/Street "B"	Traffic Signal	С	15	В	25	С
26. Street "B"/Easton Valley Parkway	Side-Street Stop Control	С	NA	NA	NA	NA
27. Internal Roadway II/Easton Valley Pkwy	Roundabout	С	NA	NA	NA	NA
28. Internal Roadway II/Empire Ranch Road	Traffic Signal	С	NA	NA	NA	NA
29. Scott Road/Street "A"	Traffic Signal	С	15	В	16	В
30. Street "A"/Street "B"	Traffic Signal	С	18	В	20	С
31. Street "A"/Empire Ranch Road	Traffic Signal	С	14	В	18	В
32. White Rock Road/Empire Ranch Road	Traffic Signal	С	32	С	37	D

### Note:

**Bold** indicates unacceptable operations.

Source: Fehr & Peers, 2014



<sup>1.</sup> For signalized and all-way stop controlled intersections, average intersection delay is reported in seconds per vehicle for the overall intersection. For side-street stop controlled intersections, the delay is reported in seconds per vehicle for the worst individual movement. All results are rounded to the nearest second.

<sup>\*</sup>HCM 2000 used to analyze this intersection because HCM 2010 methodology only supports strict National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA) phasing.

As shown in Table 9, the Iron Point Road/East Bidwell Street and the Empire Ranch/Iron Point Road intersections will operate with unacceptable levels of service during the AM peak hour under cumulative conditions without implementation of the proposed project. During the PM peak hour, the Broadstone Parkway/East Bidwell Street, East Bidwell Street/Iron Point Road, East Bidwell Street/Placerville Road, Scott Road/Easton Valley Parkway, Easton Valley Parkway/Placerville Road, and the White Rock Road/Empire Ranch Road intersections will operate at unacceptable levels of service under cumulative no project conditions.

### **CUMULATIVE FREEWAY OPERATIONS**

Cumulative conditions freeway facility LOS was determined using HCM 2010 methodology. Table 10 shows the cumulative conditions LOS results for the study freeway facilities. The technical calculations are provided in Appendix D.



TABLE 10
FREEWAY LEVEL OF SERVICE – CUMULATIVE NO PROJECT CONDITIONS

		Facility	А	M Peak Hour			PM Peak Hour	
Direction	Location	Facility Type	v/c Ratio <sup>1</sup>	Density (pcplpm) <sup>2</sup>	LOS	v/c Ratio <sup>1</sup>	Density (pcplpm) <sup>2</sup>	LOS
	US 50, Folsom Blvd. to Prairie City Rd.	Weave	0.75**	27.9**	D**	0.79**	30.1**	D**
	US 50 between Prairie City Rd. Ramps	Basic	1.01	-	F	1.01	-	F
	Prairie City Rd. On- Ramp	Merge	1.04	-	F	1.09	-	F
	US 50, Prairie City Rd. to Oak Ave.	Weave	NA*	NA*	D*	NA*	NA*	F*
	US 50 between Oak Ave. Ramps	Basic	0.88	35.2	E	0.94	39.8	E
	Oak Ave. Loop On- Ramp	Merge	0.93	36.9	E	1.00	39.3	E
	US 50, Oak Ave. to Scott Rd.	Weave	0.63**	22.6 **	C**	NA*	NA*	D*
Eastbound	US 50 between Scott Rd. Ramps	Basic	0.69	25.1	С	0.74	27.6	D
East	Scott Rd. Loop On- Ramp	Merge	0.48	17.2	В	0.62	22.4	С
	US 50, Scott Rd. to Empire Ranch Rd	Weave	NA*	NA*	В*	NA*	NA*	D*
	US 50 between Empire Ranch Rd. Ramps	Basic	0.45	16.3	В	0.57	20.7	С
	Empire Ranch Rd. Loop On-Ramp	Merge	0.50	21.2	С	0.64	26.3	С
	US 50, Empire Ranch Rd. to Latrobe Rd.	Weave	0.40**	14.5**	B**	0.50**	18.1**	C**
	Latrobe Rd. Off-Ramp II	Diverge	0.50	21.8	С	0.65	27.5	С
	US 50 between Latrobe Rd. Ramps	Basic	0.42	15.0	В	0.53	19.0	С
	US 50, Latrobe Rd. to White Rock	Weave	0.38**	13.7**	B**	NA*	NA*	В*



	US 50, Silva Valley Rd. to El Dorado Hills Blvd.	Weave	NA*	NA*	B*	0.34**	11.6**	B**
	US 50 between El Dorado Hills Blvd. Ramps	Basic	0.56	19.3	С	0.39	13.5	В
	US 50, El Dorado Hills Blvd. to Empire Ranch Rd.	Weave	NA*	NA*	C*	NA*	NA*	B*
	US 50 between Empire Ranch Rd. Ramps	Basic	0.50	17.3	В	0.46	15.7	В
	Empire Ranch Rd. Loop On-Ramp	Merge	0.54	22.9	С	0.54	22.5	С
	US 50, Empire Ranch Rd. to E. Bidwell Rd.	Weave	0.43**	14.6**	B**	0.38**	13.0**	B**
puno	US 50 between E. Bidwell Rd. Ramps	Basic	0.65	22.8	С	0.58	20.2	С
Westbound	E. Bidwell Rd. Loop On- Ramp	Merge	0.73	29.7	D	0.70	28.6	D
	US 50, E. Bidwell Rd. to Oak Ave.	Weave	0.59**	20.5**	С	0.56**	19.1**	C**
	US 50 between Oak Ave. Ramps	Basic	0.74	26.7	D	0.73	26.6	D
	Oak Ave. Loop On- Ramp	Merge	0.85	33.8	D	0.83	33.2	D
	US 50, Oak Ave. to Prairie City Rd.	Weave	NA*	NA*	E*	NA*	NA*	D*
	US 50 between Prairie City Rd. Ramps	Basic	0.85	33.2	D	0.87	34.4	D
	Prairie City Rd. Loop On- Ramp	Merge	0.93	36.8	Е	0.92	36.6	E
	Prairie City Rd. to Folsom Blvd.	Weave	0.63**	21.8**	C**	0.66**	23.0**	C**

Notes: Merge, Diverge, and Basic Segments were analyzed using HCM 2010 methodology. Weave segments were analyzed with the Leisch Method. Weave segments that fell outside of the realm of weaving were analyzed using the HCM 2010 methodology.

 $\textbf{Bold} \ indicates \ unacceptable \ operations.$ 

Source: Fehr & Peers, 2014.



<sup>1.</sup> v/c ratio = volume-to-capacity ratio

<sup>2.</sup> pcplpm = passenger cars per lane per mile

<sup>\*</sup> Segment analyzed using Leisch Method (v/c ratio and pcplpm not provided).

<sup>\*\*</sup>Segment fell outside of the realm of weaving and was analyzed using HCM 2010 methodology.

As shown in Table 10, the eastbound segment of US 50 between the Prairie City Road Ramps and the eastbound Prairie City Road On-Ramp are expected to operate at LOS F during the AM peak hour. During the PM peak hour, the eastbound segment of US 50 between the Prairie City Road Ramps, the eastbound Prairie City Road On-Ramp, and the segment of US 50 between Prairie City Road and Oak Avenue are expected to operate at LOS F.

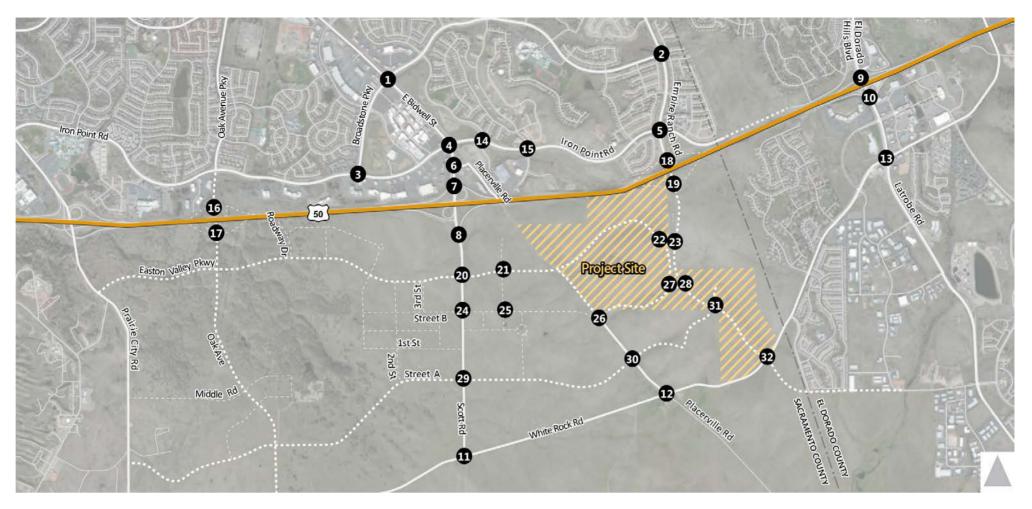
### **CUMULATIVE IMPACTS AND MITIGATION MEASURES**

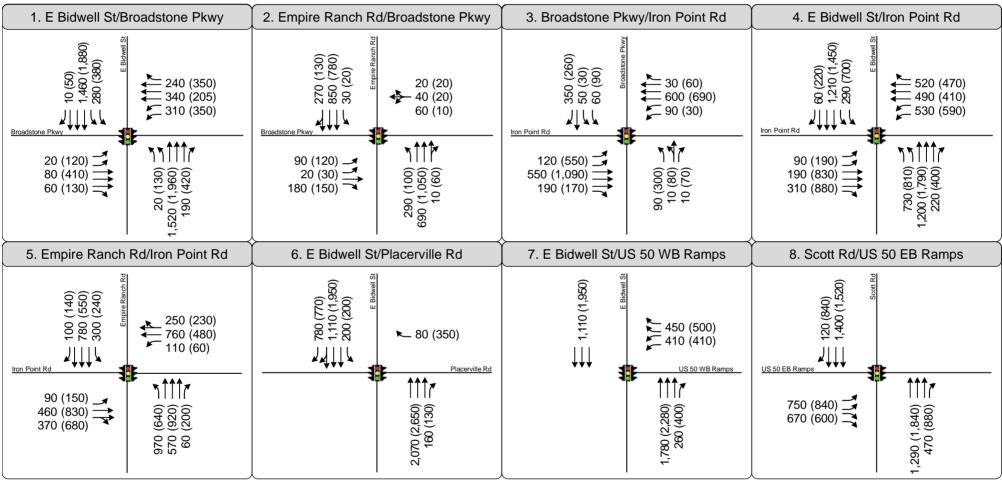
Cumulative impacts of the proposed project on the transportation system are identified in this section. The cumulative plus project scenario includes build-out of the proposed project consistent with the land uses and infrastructure assumptions contained in the current development permit application submitted to the City of Folsom. The project as currently proposed contains substantially lower levels of land use than the approved FPASP, therefore the cumulative plus project forecasts, are generally lower than the cumulative no project forecasts. The cumulative plus project forecasts, shown in Figures 7A-7D, also include the following additional transportation infrastructure project identified by the City of Folsom that would be implemented prior to year 2035:

 Placerville Road Closure at US 50 – Placerville Road will be closed to through motor vehicle traffic at the US 50 undercrossing.

Each cumulative impact is followed by recommended mitigation measures to reduce the significance of identified impacts.







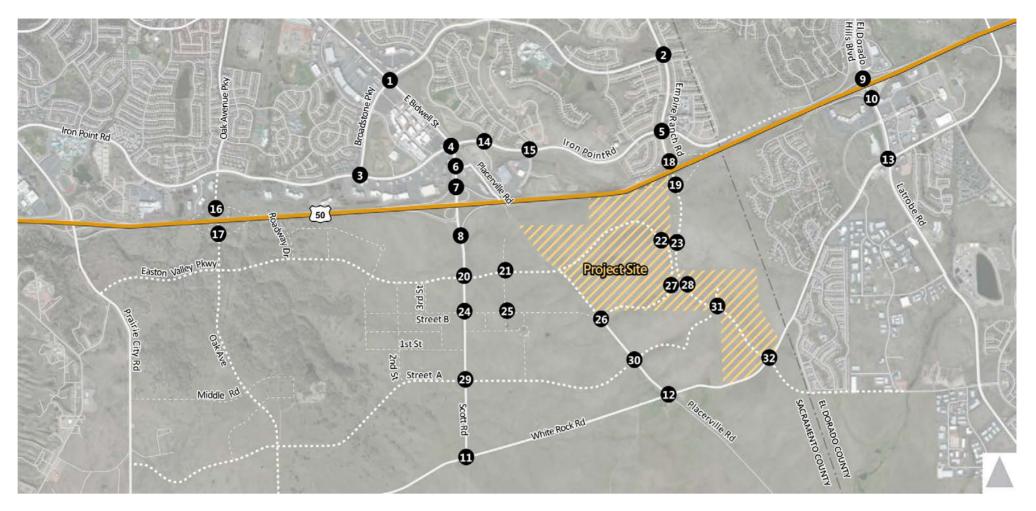
Turn Lane

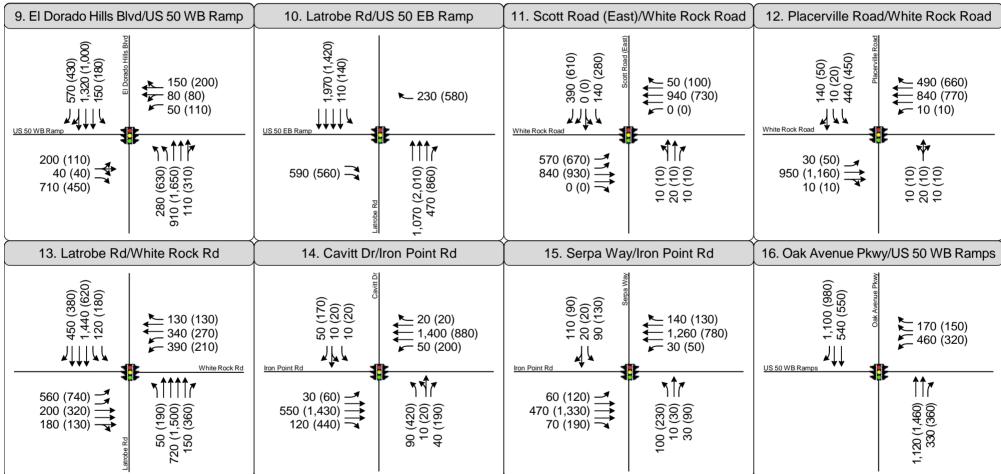
**1** Traffic Signal

AM (PM) Peak Hour Traffic Volume

Stop Sign







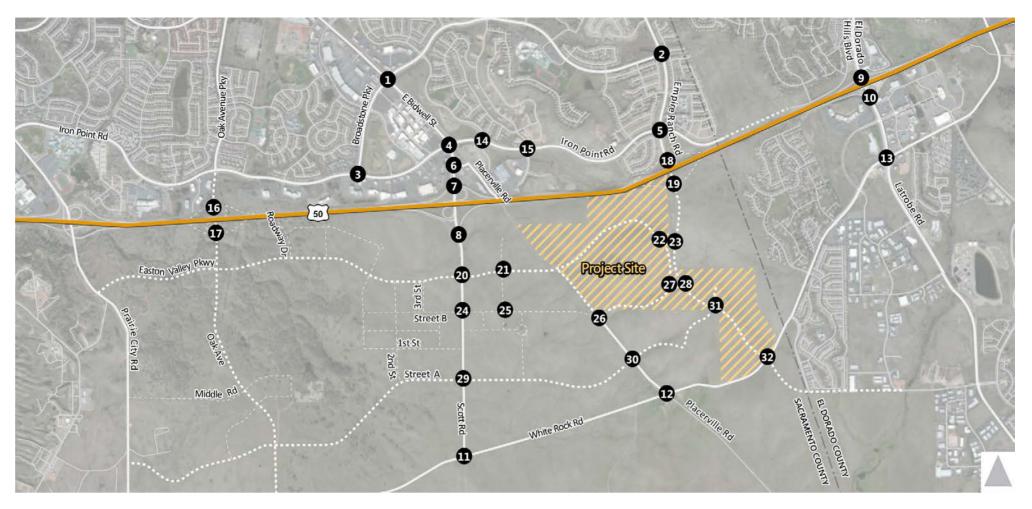
Turn Lane

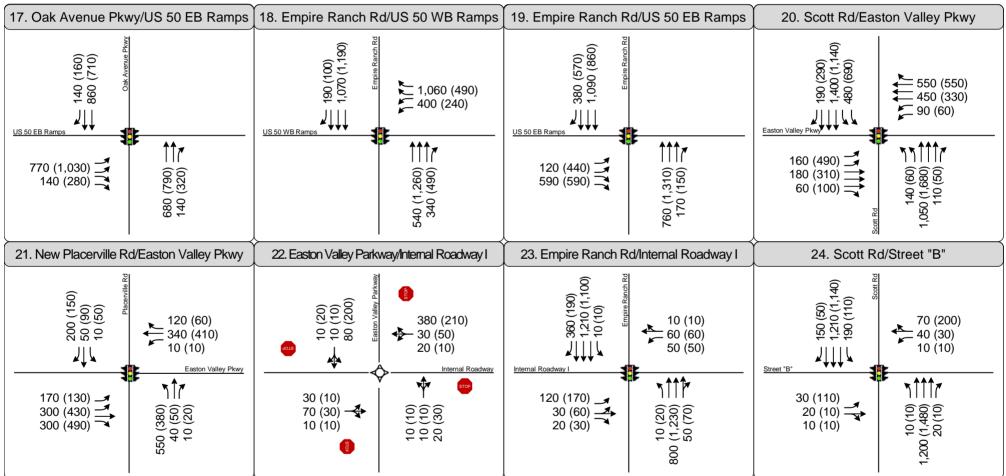
**\*\*** Traffic Signal

AM (PM) Peak Hour Traffic Volume

Stop Sign







Study Intersection Traffic Signal

Roundabout

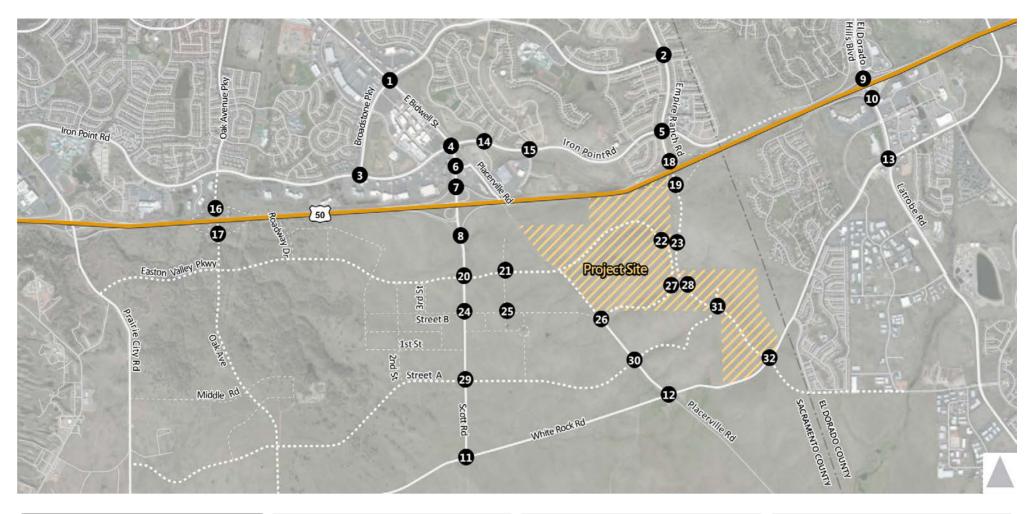
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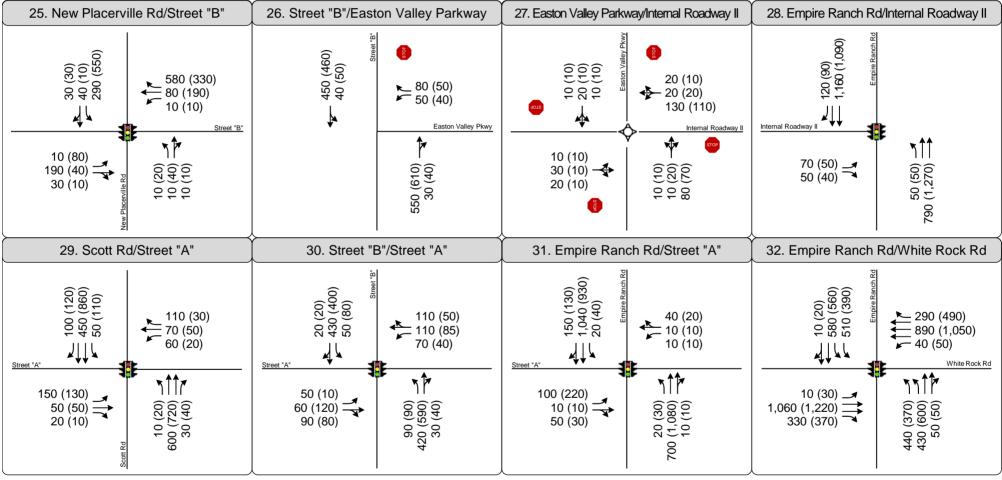
Turn Lane

Stop Sign

AM (PM) Peak Hour Traffic Volume







Roundabout

Traffic Signal

→ Turn Lane

Stop Sign

AM (PM) Peak Hour Traffic Volume



Figure 7D

Peak Hour Traffic Volumes and Lane Configurations -Cumulative Plus Project

# Impact 6: The proposed project could cause potentially significant cumulative impacts to study intersections under cumulative plus project conditions.

The proposed project would result in changes to traffic levels and travel patterns under cumulative conditions. Table 11 summarizes the existing plus project LOS results at the study intersections (refer to Appendix B for detailed technical calculations).

TABLE 11
INTERSECTION LEVEL OF SERVICE – CUMULATIVE PLUS PROJECT CONDITIONS

			Cum	ulative	No Proje	ect	Cumi	ulative	Plus Proj	ect
Intersection	Control	Minimum Acceptable LOS	AM Peal	( Hour	PM Peal	k Hour	AM Peal	( Hour	PM P Hot	
			Delay <sup>1</sup>	LOS	<b>Delay</b> <sup>1</sup>	LOS	Delay <sup>1</sup>	LOS	Delay <sup>1</sup>	LOS
1. Broadstone Parkway/ East Bidwell Street	Traffic Signal	С	25	С	42	D	23	С	41	D
2.Empire Ranch Road/ Broadstone Parkway	Traffic Signal	С	16	В	11	В	16	В	11	В
3. Broadstone Parkway/ Iron Point Road	Traffic Signal	С	13	В	24	С	13	В	24	С
4. East Bidwell Street/ Iron Point Road	Traffic Signal	С	52	D	176	F	49	D	141	F
5. Empire Ranch Road/ Iron Point Road	Traffic Signal	С	119	F	86	F	122	F	89	F
6. East Bidwell Street/ Placerville Road	Traffic Signal	С	21*	C*	43*	D*	10*	A*	16*	B*
7. Scott Road/ US 50 Westbound Ramps	Traffic Signal	E	7	А	11	В	10	А	8	Α
8. Scott Road/ US 50 Eastbound Ramps	Traffic Signal	E	10	Α	11	В	15	В	11	В
9. El Dorado Hills Blvd/ US 50 Westbound Ramp	Traffic Signal	E	53	D	34	С	39	D	34	С
<ul><li>10. Latrobe Road/ US</li><li>50 Eastbound Ramp</li></ul>	Traffic Signal	Е	13*	В*	9*	A*	7*	A*	8*	A*
11. White Rock Road/ Scott Road	Traffic Signal	С	16	В	17	В	15	В	17	В



TABLE 11
INTERSECTION LEVEL OF SERVICE – CUMULATIVE PLUS PROJECT CONDITIONS

			Cum	ulative	No Proj	ect	Cumi	ulative	Plus Proj	ect
Intersection	Control	Minimum Acceptable LOS	AM Peal	( Hour	PM Pea	k Hour	AM Peal	( Hour	PM P Hot	
			Delay <sup>1</sup>	LOS	Delay <sup>1</sup>	LOS	Delay <sup>1</sup>	LOS	Delay <sup>1</sup>	LOS
12. White Rock Road/ Placerville Road	Traffic Signal	С	15	В	16	В	15	В	16	В
13. Latrobe Road/ White Rock Road	Traffic Signal	E	41	D	55	D	40	D	56	E
14. Cavitt Drive/ Iron Point Road	Traffic Signal	С	10	В	23	С	10	Α	23	С
15. Serpa Way/ Iron Point Road	Traffic Signal	С	15	В	20	В	15	В	19	В
16. Oak Avenue Pkwy/ US 50 Westbound Ramps	Traffic Signal	E	8	Α	7	Α	8	Α	7	Α
17. Oak Avenue Pkwy/ US 50 Eastbound Ramps	Traffic Signal	E	9	А	10	В	9	А	10	В
18. Empire Ranch Road/ US 50 Westbound Ramps	Traffic Signal	E	12	В	7	Α	12	В	9	А
19. Empire Ranch Road/ US 50 Eastbound Ramps	Traffic Signal	E	7	А	11	В	7	А	11	В
20. Scott Road/Easton Valley Pkwy	Traffic Signal	С	24	С	51	D	41	D	80	Ē
21. Easton Valley Pkwy/ Placerville Road	Traffic Signal	С	24	С	37	D	33	С	25	С
22. Easton Valley Pkwy/ Internal Roadway I	Roundabout	С	NA	NA	NA	NA	7	А	6	А
23. Internal Roadway I/ Empire Ranch Road	Traffic Signal	С	13	В	15	В	11	В	13	В
24. Street "B"/ Scott Road	Traffic Signal	С	12	В	18	В	12	В	15	В



TABLE 11
INTERSECTION LEVEL OF SERVICE – CUMULATIVE PLUS PROJECT CONDITIONS

			Cum	ulative	No Proj	<b>Cumulative Plus Project</b>						
Intersection	Control	Minimum Acceptable LOS	AM Peal	k Hour	PM Pea	k Hour	AM Peal	( Hour	PM Peak Hour			
			Delay <sup>1</sup>	LOS	Delay <sup>1</sup>	LOS	Delay <sup>1</sup>	LOS	Delay <sup>1</sup>	LOS		
25. East Road/ Street "B"	Traffic Signal	С	15	В	25	С	15	В	21	С		
26. Street "B"/ Easton Valley Parkway	Side-Street Stop Control	С	NA	NA	NA	NA	21	С	24	С		
27. Internal Roadway II/ Easton Valley Pkwy	Roundabout	С	NA	NA	NA	NA	5	Α	4	Α		
28. Internal Roadway II/ Empire Ranch Road	Traffic Signal	С	NA	NA	NA	NA	3	Α	3	Α		
29. Scott Road/ Street "A"	Traffic Signal	С	14	В	16	В	14	В	14	В		
30. Street "A"/ Street "B"	Traffic Signal	С	17	В	20	С	19	В	19	В		
31. Street "A"/ Empire Ranch Road	Traffic Signal	С	18	В	18	В	13	В	16	В		
32. White Rock Road/ Empire Ranch Road	Traffic Signal	С	32	С	37	D	31	С	35	С		

#### Note:

**Bold** indicates unacceptable operations.

**Bold** indicates significant impact.

Source: Fehr & Peers, 2014

As shown in Table 11, the Scott Road/Easton Valley Parkway intersection will operate at unacceptable LOS D during the PM peak hour under no project conditions, and the proposed project would add more than five seconds of delay to this intersection. This is the result of the project removing a portion of Placerville Road and rerouting traffic west to Scott Road. The project would contribute to a *significant* cumulative impact to the Scott Road/Easton Valley Parkway intersection under cumulative plus project conditions.

#### Mitigation Measure(s)



<sup>1.</sup> For signalized and all-way stop controlled intersections, average intersection delay is reported in seconds per vehicle for the overall intersection. For side-street stop controlled intersections, the delay is reported in seconds per vehicle for the worst individual movement. All results are rounded to the nearest second.

HCM 2000 used to analyze this intersection because HCM 2010 methodology only supports strict NEMA phasing.

During the PM peak hour, the addition of a channelized westbound right-turn lane to the Scott Road/Easton Valley Parkway intersection would reduce delay to acceptable conditions. Mitigation will improve operations to the following LOS:

PM Peak Hour: Delay – 54 seconds/vehicle, LOS D

Mitigation 6 Project applicant will pay a fair share fee towards the following improvements to the Scott Road/Easton Valley Parkway intersection: Provide right of way and add a channelized westbound right-turn lane.

# Impact 7: The proposed project could cause potentially significant cumulative impacts to study freeway facilities.

Project trips were assigned to the study facilities in accordance with the trip generation and distribution assumptions described previously. Table 12 shows the cumulative plus project LOS results for the study freeway facilities. The detailed technical calculations are provided in Appendix D.



TABLE 12
FREEWAY LEVEL OF SERVICE – CUMULATIVE PLUS PROJECT CONDITIONS

				Cumula	tive	No Proj	ect			Cumulat	ive	Plus Proj	ect	
u <sub>o</sub>			AM P	eak Hou	r	PM P	eak Hou	r	AM P	eak Hour	•	PM P	eak Hour	
Direction	Location	Facility Type	v/c Ratio¹	Density (pcplpm) <sup>2</sup>	FOS	v/c Ratio <sup>1</sup>	Density (pcplpm) <sup>2</sup>	SOT	v/c Ratio <sup>1</sup>	Density (pcplpm) <sup>2</sup>	SOT	v/c Ratio <sup>1</sup>	Density (pcplpm) <sup>2</sup>	SOT
	US 50, Folsom Blvd. to Prairie City Rd.	Weave	0.75**	27.9**	D	0.79**	30.1**	D	0.74**	27.56**	D	0.79**	29.9**	D
	US 50 between Prairie City Rd. Ramps	Basic	1.01	-	F	1.01	-	F	1.00	44.9	E	1.00	-	F
	Prairie City Rd. On-Ramp	Merge	1.04	-	F	1.09	-	F	1.03	-	F	1.09	-	F
	US 50, Prairie City Rd. to Oak Ave.	Weave	NA*	NA*	D	NA*	NA*	F	NA*	NA*	D	NA*	NA*	F
	US 50 between Oak Ave. Ramps	Basic	0.88	35.2	Ε	0.94	39.8	Ε	0.87	34.6	D	0.93	39.1	E
	Oak Ave. Loop On-Ramp	Merge	0.93	36.9	Е	1.00	39.3	Е	0.92	36.6	Е	0.99	39.1	E
	US 50, Oak Ave. to Scott Rd.	Weave	0.63**	22.6 **	С	NA*	NA*	D	0.62**	22.4**	С	NA*	NA*	D
	US 50 between Scott Rd. Ramps	Basic	0.69	25.1	С	0.74	27.6	D	0.66	24.0	С	0.74	27.6	D
	Scott Rd. Loop On-Ramp	Merge	0.48	17.2	В	0.62	22.4	С	0.46	16.6	В	0.62	22.4	С
	US 50, Scott Rd. to Empire Ranch Rd	Weave	NA*	NA*	В	NA*	NA*	D	0.41**	14.7**	В	NA*	NA*	D
	US 50 between Empire Ranch Rd. Ramps	Basic	0.45	16.3	В	0.57	20.7	С	0.44	16.0	В	0.58	20.9	С
Eastbound	Empire Ranch Rd. Loop On- Ramp	Merge	0.50	21.2	С	0.64	26.3	С	0.49	21.0	С	0.65	26.7	С



TABLE 12
FREEWAY LEVEL OF SERVICE – CUMULATIVE PLUS PROJECT CONDITIONS

				Cumula	tive	No Proj	ect	Cumulative Plus Project									
5			AM P	eak Hou	r	PM P	eak Hou	r	AM P	eak Hour		PM P	eak Hour				
Direction	Location	Facility Type	v/c Ratio <sup>1</sup>	Density (pcplpm) <sup>2</sup>	SOT	v/c Ratio <sup>1</sup>	Density (pcplpm) <sup>2</sup>	SOT	v/c Ratio <sup>1</sup>	Density (pcplpm) <sup>2</sup>	SOT	v/c Ratio <sup>1</sup>	Density (pcplpm) <sup>2</sup>	SOT			
	US 50, Empire Ranch Rd. to Latrobe Rd.	Weave	0.40**	14.5**	В	0.50**	18.1**	С	0.39**	14.2**	В	0.50**	18.1**	С			
	Latrobe Rd. Off- Ramp II	Diverge	0.50	21.8	С	0.65	27.5	С	0.49	21.4	С	0.65	27.5	С			
	US 50 between Latrobe Rd. Ramps	Basic	0.42	15.0	В	0.53	19.0	С	0.41	14.7	В	0.53	19.1	С			
	US 50, Latrobe Rd. to White Rock	Weave	0.38**	13.7**	В	NA*	NA*	В	0.37**	13.4**	В	NA*	NA*	В			
	US 50, Silva Valley Rd. to El Dorado Hills Blvd.	Weave	NA*	NA*	В	0.34**	11.6**	В	NA*	NA*	В	0.33**	11.5**	В			
	US 50 between El Dorado Hills Blvd. Ramps	Basic	0.56	19.3	С	0.39	13.5	В	0.56	19.3	С	0.39	13.4	В			
	US 50, El Dorado Hills Blvd. to Empire Ranch Rd.	Weave	NA*	NA*	С	NA*	NA*	В	NA*	NA*	С	NA*	NA*	В			
	US 50 between Empire Ranch Rd. Ramps	Basic	0.50	17.3	В	0.46	15.7	В	0.51	17.5	В	0.46	15.7	В			
Ф	Empire Ranch Rd. Loop On- Ramp	Merge	0.54	22.9	С	0.54	22.5	С	0.54	22.7	С	0.53	22.2	С			
Westbound	US 50, Empire Ranch Rd. to E. Bidwell Rd.	Weave	0.43**	14.6**	В	0.38**	13.0**	В	0.43**	14.6**	В	0.38**	12.9**	В			



TABLE 12
FREEWAY LEVEL OF SERVICE – CUMULATIVE PLUS PROJECT CONDITIONS

				Cumula	tive	No Proj	Cumulative Plus Project								
=			AM P	eak Hou	r	PM P	eak Hou	r	AM P	eak Hour	•	PM P	eak Hour		
Direction	Location	Facility Type	v/c Ratio¹	Density (pcplpm) <sup>2</sup>	ros	v/c Ratio <sup>1</sup>	Density (pcplpm) <sup>2</sup>	SOT	v/c Ratio <sup>1</sup>	Density (pcplpm) <sup>2</sup>	ros	v/c Ratio <sup>1</sup>	Density (pcplpm) <sup>2</sup>	<b>SO1</b>	
	US 50 between E. Bidwell Rd. Ramps	Basic	0.65	22.8	С	0.58	20.2	С	0.65	22.9	С	0.58	20.0	С	
	E. Bidwell Rd. Loop On-Ramp	Merge	0.73	29.7	D	0.70	28.6	D	0.74	30.1	D	0.70	28.4	D	
	US 50, E. Bidwell Rd. to Oak Ave.	Weave	0.59**	20.5**	С	0.56**	19.1**	С	0.58**	20.1**	С	0.54**	18.5**	В	
	US 50 between Oak Ave. Ramps	Basic	0.74	26.7	D	0.73	26.6	D	0.73	26.2	D	0.71	25.4	С	
	Oak Ave. Loop On-Ramp	Merge	0.85	33.8	D	0.83	33.2	D	0.83	33.4	D	0.80	32.3	D	
	US 50, Oak Ave. to Prairie City Rd.	Weave	NA*	NA*	E	NA*	NA*	D	NA*	NA*	E	NA*	NA*	D	
	US 50 between Prairie City Rd. Ramps	Basic	0.85	33.2	D	0.87	34.4	D	0.85	32.8	D	0.85	32.9	D	
	Prairie City Rd. Loop On-Ramp	Merge	0.93	36.8	Е	0.92	36.6	Е	0.92	36.6	Е	0.89	35.7	Е	
	Prairie City Rd. to Folsom Blvd.	Weave	0.63**	21.8**	С	0.66**	23.0**	С	0.62**	21.6	С	0.64**	22.4**	В	

Notes: Merge, Diverge, and Basic Segments were analyzed using HCM 2010 methodology. Weave segments were analyzed with the Leisch Method. Weave segments that fell outside of the realm of weaving were analyzed using the HCM 2010 methodology.

**Bold** indicates unacceptable operations.

**Shaded** indicates significant impact.

Source: Fehr & Peers, 2014.



<sup>1.</sup> v/c ratio = volume-to-capacity ratio

<sup>2.</sup> pcplpm = passenger cars per lane per mile

<sup>\*</sup> Segment analyzed using Leisch Method (v/c ratio and pcplpm not provided).

<sup>\*\*</sup>Segment fell outside of the realm of weaving and was analyzed using HCM 2010 methodology.

As shown in Table 14, the project will reduce traffic on segments of freeway that are expected to operate at LOS F under Cumulative No Project conditions. The eastbound portion of US 50 between the Prairie City Road Ramps, the eastbound Prairie City Road On-Ramp, and the segment of US 50 between Prairie City Road and Oak Avenue are still forecast to operate at LOS F, but the project will not add traffic to these sections. This is due to the reduction in land use and associated trips under the proposed project scenario.

Mitigation Measure(s)

No Impact.

Impact 8: The proposed project could cause potentially significant impacts to the transit system.

The project would not disrupt existing or planned transit services or facilities, or create inconsistencies with any adopted plans, guidelines, policies or standards related to transit. Therefore, this impact is considered *less-than-significant*.

Mitigation Measure(s)

No Impact.

Impact 9: The proposed project could cause potentially significant impacts to bicycle and pedestrian facilities.

The project will construct curb, gutter, and sidewalk on all project roadways to facilitate any potential pedestrian demand. The curb, gutter, and sidewalk will be designed and constructed to meet City standards.

The project would not disrupt existing or planned bicycle/pedestrian facilities or create inconsistencies with any adopted plans, guidelines, policies or standards related to bicycle or pedestrian systems. Therefore, this impact is considered *less-than-significant*.

Mitigation Measure(s)

No Impact.



**APPENDIX A: TRAFFIC COUNT DATA** 



## **ALL TRAFFIC DATA**

City of Folsom All Vehicles on Unshifted Peds & Bikes on Bank 1 Nothing on Bank 2

(916) 771-8700 orders@atdtraffic.com

File Name: 14-7139-001 E Bidwell Street-Broadstone Parkway.ppd

Date: 3/11/2014

#### Unshifted Count = All Vehicles

	E Bidwell Street Broadstone Parkway E Bidwell Street Broadstone Parkway														1							
		E					Bro		,			E					Bro		,			
			Southbo					Westbou					Northboo					Eastbou				
START TIME	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	Total	Uturn Total
07:00	12	154	4	0	170	79	40	13	0	132	6	106	23	0	135	2	8	9	0	19	456	0
07:15	15	166	6	0	187	80	26	12	0	118	1	140	25	1	167	1	7	3	2	13	485	3
07:30	37	196	3	2	238	80	68	20	0	168	12	161	44	0	217	3	25	11	0	39	662	2
07:45	45	168	8	1	222	103	70	39	0	212	14	221	34	0	269	5	30	5	1	41	744	2
Total	109	684	21	3	817	342	204	84	0	630	33	628	126	1	788	11	70	28	3	112	2347	7
•						-					-					-					-	
08:00	16	192	1	1	210	67	81	33	0	181	8	226	39	0	273	1	11	11	0	23	687	1
08:15	12	158	4	2	176	71	76	30	0	177	7	236	32	0	275	3	11	11	0	25	653	2
08:30	26	222	2	1	251	61	63	35	0	159	11	300	56	0	367	0	9	5	1	15	792	2
08:45	25	191	8	3	227	56	53	18	0	127	15	367	52	1	435	5	11	10	1	27	816	5
Total	79	763	15	7	864	255	273	116	0	644	41	1129	179	1	1350	9	42	37	2	90	2948	10
						•					•										•	
16:00	54	331	17	5	407	48	51	20	0	119	34	257	72	0	363	16	53	10	0	79	968	5
16:15	44	304	11	7	366	54	51	23	1	129	30	276	94	1	401	20	44	12	1	77	973	10
16:30	48	331	12	6	397	49	43	20	0	112	38	265	96	1	400	10	31	6	1	48	957	8
16:45	38	306	15	1	360	48	50	25	0	123	31	323	88	1	443	11	44	10	2	67	993	4
Total	184	1272	55	19	1530	199	195	88	1	483	133	1121	350	3	1607	57	172	38	4	271	3891	27
						•					•										•	
17:00	44	312	11	7	374	49	47	28	0	124	34	325	99	0	458	24	82	11	2	119	1075	9
17:15	29	348	13	3	393	63	48	23	0	134	28	303	95	0	426	25	81	19	1	126	1079	4
17:30	32	328	10	7	377	43	35	30	0	108	35	393	119	1	548	20	59	17	2	98	1131	10
17:45	38	309	11	4	362	64	38	28	0	130	45	301	107	1	454	21	101	8	2	132	1078	7
Total	143	1297	45	21	1506	219	168	109	0	496	142	1322	420	2	1886	90	323	55	7	475	4363	30
											'					'					ī	
Grand Total	515	4016	136	50	4717	1015	840	397	1	2253	349	4200	1075	7	5631	167	607	158	16	948	13549	74
Apprch %	10.9%	85.1%	2.9%	1.1%		45.1%	37.3%	17.6%	0.0%		6.2%	74.6%	19.1%	0.1%		17.6%	64.0%	16.7%	1.7%			
Total %	3.8%	29.6%	1.0%	0.4%	34.8%	7.5%	6.2%	2.9%	0.0%	16.6%	2.6%	31.0%	7.9%	0.1%	41.6%	1.2%	4.5%	1.2%	0.1%	7.0%	100.0%	
		/ -													- · <del>-</del>							

## **ALL TRAFFIC DATA**

City of Folsom All Vehicles on Unshifted Peds & Bikes on Bank 1 Nothing on Bank 2

(916) 771-8700 orders@atdtraffic.com

File Name: 14-7139-001 E Bidwell Street-Broadstone Parkway.ppd

Date: 3/11/2014

#### Unshifted Count = All Vehicles

									UliSilli	itea Count	= All Ve	illicies									_		
AM PEAK		Е	Bidwell S	treet			Broa	adstone P	arkway		E Bidwell Street Broadsto								stone Parkway				
HOUR			Southbou	ınd				Westbou	nd				Northbou	ınd			ł						
START TIME	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	<b>UTURNS</b>	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	Total		
Peak Hour An	alysis Fro	om 08:00 t	o 09:00																				
Peak Hour Fo	r Entire Ir	ntersection	Begins a	at 08:00																			
08:00	16	192	1	1	210	67	81	33	0	181	8	226	39	0	273	1	11	11	0	23	687		
08:15	12	158	4	2	176	71	76	30	0	177	7	236	32	0	275	3	11	11	0	25	653		
08:30	26	222	2	1	251	61	63	35	0	159	11	300	56	0	367	0	9	5	1	15	792		
08:45	25	191	8	3	227	56	53	18	0	127	15	367	52	1	435	5	11	10	1	27	816		
Total Volume	79	763	15	7	864	255	273	116	0	644	41	1129	179	1	1350	9	42	37	2	90	2948		
% App Total	9.1%	88.3%	1.7%	0.8%		39.6%	42.4%	18.0%	0.0%		3.0%	83.6%	13.3%	0.1%		10.0%	46.7%	41.1%	2.2%		<u> </u>		
PHF	.760	.859	.469	.583	.861	.898	.843	.829	.000	.890	.683	.769	.799	.250	.776	.450	.955	.841	.500	.833	.903		

PM PEAK		E Bidwell Street Broadstone Parkway									E Bidwell Street Broadstone Parkway Northbound Eastbound										
HOUR			Southbou	ınd				Westbou	ınd				Northbou	ınd							
START TIME	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	Total
Peak Hour An	alysis Fro	om 17:00 t	o 18:00																		
Peak Hour Fo	r Entire In	ntersection	Begins a	at 17:00																	
17:00	44	312	11	7	374	49	47	28	0	124	34	325	99	0	458	24	82	11	2	119	1075
17:15	29	348	13	3	393	63	48	23	0	134	28	303	95	0	426	25	81	19	1	126	1079
17:30	32	328	10	7	377	43	35	30	0	108	35	393	119	1	548	20	59	17	2	98	1131
17:45	38	309	11	4	362	64	38	28	0	130	45	301	107	1	454	21	101	8	2	132	1078
Total Volume	143	1297	45	21	1506	219	168	109	0	496	142	1322	420	2	1886	90	323	55	7	475	4363
% App Total	9.5%	86.1%	3.0%	1.4%		44.2%	33.9%	22.0%	0.0%		7.5%	70.1%	22.3%	0.1%		18.9%	68.0%	11.6%	1.5%		
PHF	.813	.932	.865	.750	.958	.855	.875	.908	.000	.925	.789	.841	.882	.500	.860	.900	.800	.724	.875	.900	.964

City of Folsom All Vehicles on Unshifted Peds & Bikes on Bank 1 Nothing on Bank 2

(916) 771-8700 orders@atdtraffic.com

File Name : 14-7318-001 Empire Ranch Road-Broadstone Parkway.ppd Date : 5/15/2014

										tea Count	= All Ve										1	
			pire Ranc				ŀ	Palomino (				Em	pire Ranc				Bro	adstone F	,			
			Southboo					Westboo					Northboo					Eastbou				
START TIME	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	Total	Uturn Total
07:00	1	54	6	0	61	1	1	1	0	3	3	10	0	0	13	4	3	3	0	10	87	0
07:15	1	58	24	0	83	2	2	2	0	6	4	25	0	0	29	5	0	2	0	7	125	0
07:30	0	77	78	0	155	1	10	2	0	13	6	20	1	0	27	16	1	4	0	21	216	0
07:45	1	86	116	0	203	2	5	3	0	10	16	21	0	0	37	19	1	24	0	44	294	0
Total	3	275	224	0	502	6	18	8	0	32	29	76	1	0	106	44	5	33	0	82	722	0
•	.!					·					ī					•					!	
08:00	12	100	23	0	135	1	10	5	0	16	34	41	1	0	76	16	7	40	0	63	290	0
08:15	9	97	25	0	131	3	10	9	0	22	51	54	1	0	106	19	6	35	0	60	319	0
08:30	3	56	23	0	82	2	6	4	0	12	13	24	0	0	37	6	2	8	0	16	147	0
08:45	2	52	22	0	76	4	8	0	0	12	5	14	0	0	19	5	2	7	0	14	121	0
Total	26	305	93	0	424	10	34	18	0	62	103	133	2	0	238	46	17	90	0	153	877	0
16:00	7	28	14	0	49	0	3	7	0	10	10	68	0	0	78	24	6	3	0	33	170	0
16:15	5	28	18	0	51	1	3	0	0	4	6	74	1	0	81	27	5	6	0	38	174	0
16:30	2	36	25	0	63	0	6	3	0	9	10	61	4	0	75	22	4	3	0	29	176	0
16:45	3	42	22	0	67	1	5	3	0	9	4	88	1	0	93	25	6	8	0	39	208	0
Total	17	134	79	0	230	2	17	13	0	32	30	291	6	0	327	98	21	20	0	139	728	0
						. –							•	•								-
17:00	2	33	21	0	56	0	2	2	0	4	10	68	4	0	82	28	10	6	0	44	186	0
17:15	1	26	20	0	47	1	3	2	0	6	6	83	0	0	89	25	3	11	0	39	181	0
17:30	4	48	27	0	79	0	7	3	0	10	8	87	2	0	97	24	3	6	0	33	219	0
17:45	5	31	17	0	53	0	5	3	0	8	4	83	1	0	88	32	8	2	0	42	191	0
Total	12	138	85	0	235	1	17	10	0	28	28	321	7	0	356	109	24	25	0	158	777	0
rotar	12	100	00	U	200	'	"	10	O	20	20	021	,	U	000	100	2-7	20	U	150	, ,,,	O
Grand Total	58	852	481	0	1391	19	86	49	0	154	190	821	16	0	1027	297	67	168	0	532	3104	0
Apprch %	4.2%	61.3%	34.6%	0.0%	1331	12.3%	55.8%	31.8%	0.0%	154	18.5%	79.9%	1.6%	0.0%	1021	55.8%	12.6%	31.6%	0.0%	332	0104	3
Total %		27.4%	15.5%	0.0%	44.8%	0.6%	2.8%	1.6%	0.0%	5.0%	6.1%	26.4%	0.5%	0.0%	33.1%	9.6%	2.2%	5.4%	0.0%	17.1%	100.0%	
TOTAL 70	1.9%	21.470	13.5%	0.0%	44.0%	0.0%	2.0%	1.0%	0.0%	3.0%	0.176	20.4%	0.5%	0.0%	33.176	3.0%	2.270	5.4%	0.0%	17.170	100.0%	

City of Folsom All Vehicles on Unshifted Peds & Bikes on Bank 1 Nothing on Bank 2

(916) 771-8700 orders@atdtraffic.com

File Name: 14-7318-001 Empire Ranch Road-Broadstone Parkway.ppd Date: 5/15/2014

Unabified Count All Vahiola

									Unshi	fted Count	= All Ve	hicles									
AM PEAK		Em	pire Ranc	h Road			Р	alomino (	Court			Em	pire Ranc	h Road			Bro	adstone F	Parkway		
HOUR			Southboo	und				Westbou	nd				Northbou	ınd				Eastbou	ınd		
START TIME	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	<b>UTURNS</b>	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	Total
Peak Hour Ar	alysis Fr	om 07:30 t	to 08:30		·					•	-				•						
Peak Hour Fo	or Entire I	ntersection	n Begins a	at 07:30																	
07:30	0	77	78	0	155	1	10	2	0	13	6	20	1	0	27	16	1	4	0	21	216
07:45	1	86	116	0	203	2	5	3	0	10	16	21	0	0	37	19	1	24	0	44	294
08:00	12	100	23	0	135	1	10	5	0	16	34	41	1	0	76	16	7	40	0	63	290
08:15	9	97	25	0	131	3	10	9	0	22	51	54	1	0	106	19	6	35	0	60	319
Total Volume	22	360	242	0	624	7	35	19	0	61	107	136	3	0	246	70	15	103	0	188	1119
% App Total	3.5%	57.7%	38.8%	0.0%		11.5%	57.4%	31.1%	0.0%		43.5%	55.3%	1.2%	0.0%		37.2%	8.0%	54.8%	0.0%		1
PHF	.458	.900	.522	.000	.768	.583	.875	.528	.000	.693	.525	.630	.750	.000	.580	.921	.536	.644	.000	.746	.877

PM PEAK		Em	oire Ranch	n Road			Р	alomino (	Court			Em	pire Ranc	h Road			Bro	adstone F	Parkway		
HOUR			Southbou	nd				Westbou	ınd				Northbou	ınd				Eastbou	ınd		
START TIME	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	Total
Peak Hour An	alysis Fro	om 16:45 t	o 17:45																		
Peak Hour Fo	r Entire In	ntersection	n Begins a	t 16:45																	
16:45	3	42	22	0	67	1	5	3	0	9	4	88	1	0	93	25	6	8	0	39	208
17:00	2	33	21	0	56	0	2	2	0	4	10	68	4	0	82	28	10	6	0	44	186
17:15	1	26	20	0	47	1	3	2	0	6	6	83	0	0	89	25	3	11	0	39	181
17:30	4	48	27	0	79	0	7	3	0	10	8	87	2	0	97	24	3	6	0	33	219
Total Volume	10	149	90	0	249	2	17	10	0	29	28	326	7	0	361	102	22	31	0	155	794
% App Total	4.0%	59.8%	36.1%	0.0%		6.9%	58.6%	34.5%	0.0%		7.8%	90.3%	1.9%	0.0%		65.8%	14.2%	20.0%	0.0%		
PHF	.625	.776	.833	.000	.788	.500	.607	.833	.000	.725	.700	.926	.438	.000	.930	.911	.550	.705	.000	.881	.906

City of Folsom All Vehicles on Unshifted Peds & Bikes on Bank 1 Nothing on Bank 2

(916) 771-8700 orders@atdtraffic.com

File Name : 14-7318-005 Broadstone Parkway-Iron Point Road.ppd Date : 5/15/2014

										tea Count	= All Ve										1	
		Bro	adstone F	,			I	ron Point				Bro	adstone F	,			lı lı	ron Point				
			Southboo					Westboo					Northbou					Eastbou				
START TIME	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	Total	Uturn Total
07:00	10	4	32	2	48	14	43	1	1	59	1	4	1	0	6	9	31	7	2	49	162	5
07:15	7	4	30	0	41	16	63	2	1	82	3	1	1	0	5	10	27	7	3	47	175	4
07:30	9	4	75	0	88	12	73	1	0	86	0	0	1	0	1	19	44	12	1	76	251	1
07:45	11	19	77	1	108	34	95	3	1	133	3	0	1	0	4	25	48	27	1	101	346	3
Total	37	31	214	3	285	76	274	7	3	360	7	5	4	0	16	63	150	53	7	273	934	13
						•					•										•'	
08:00	10	6	75	1	92	21	114	6	0	141	3	2	3	0	8	12	57	18	2	89	330	3
08:15	20	14	57	0	91	16	127	7	0	150	4	2	1	0	7	17	55	13	0	85	333	0
08:30	11	6	73	0	90	16	104	5	0	125	1	1	2	0	4	10	40	6	0	56	275	0
08:45	6	7	61	1	75	10	101	3	2	116	2	1	3	0	6	15	57	3	2	77	274	5
Total	47	33	266	2	348	63	446	21	2	532	10	6	9	0	25	54	209	40	4	307	1212	8
						•					•											
16:00	12	4	28	0	44	1	79	5	5	90	24	17	12	0	53	60	142	7	1	210	397	6
16:15	7	2	33	0	42	2	84	14	0	100	20	8	12	0	40	58	144	6	3	211	393	3
16:30	11	6	35	0	52	2	62	3	1	68	18	5	17	0	40	63	173	10	8	254	414	9
16:45	10	7	29	1	47	5	86	9	0	100	15	13	10	0	38	82	139	6	9	236	421	10
Total	40	19	125	1	185	10	311	31	6	358	77	43	51	0	171	263	598	29	21	911	1625	28
						•					•											
17:00	16	4	48	0	68	5	68	19	2	94	47	26	23	0	96	115	195	10	6	326	584	8
17:15	22	6	41	2	71	3	67	8	2	80	19	17	16	0	52	98	194	5	9	306	509	13
17:30	20	9	44	0	73	3	75	12	2	92	19	17	12	0	48	103	156	14	6	279	492	8
17:45	18	4	45	2	69	6	76	13	2	97	13	11	9	1	34	109	176	12	11	308	508	16
Total	76	23	178	4	281	17	286	52	8	363	98	71	60	1	230	425	721	41	32	1219	2093	45
						•					•											
Grand Total	200	106	783	10	1099	166	1317	111	19	1613	192	125	124	1	442	805	1678	163	64	2710	5864	94
Apprch %	18.2%	9.6%	71.2%	0.9%		10.3%	81.6%	6.9%	1.2%		43.4%	28.3%	28.1%	0.2%		29.7%	61.9%	6.0%	2.4%			
Total %	3.4%	1.8%	13.4%	0.2%	18.7%	2.8%	22.5%	1.9%	0.3%	27.5%	3.3%	2.1%	2.1%	0.0%	7.5%	13.7%	28.6%	2.8%	1.1%	46.2%	100.0%	
						•										•						

City of Folsom All Vehicles on Unshifted Peds & Bikes on Bank 1 Nothing on Bank 2

(916) 771-8700 orders@atdtraffic.com

File Name : 14-7318-005 Broadstone Parkway-Iron Point Road.ppd Date : 5/15/2014

Unabified Count All Vahiola

									Unsh	ifted Count	= All Ve	hicles									
AM PEAK		Broa	adstone P	arkway			Ir	on Point I	Road			Bro	adstone F	arkway			lr	ron Point I	Road		
HOUR			Southbou	ınd				Westbou	ınd				Northbou	ınd				Eastbou	nd		
START TIME	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	S APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	Total
Peak Hour An	alysis Fro	om 07:45 t	to 08:45		·					•					·					•	
Peak Hour Fo	r Entire Ir	ntersection	n Begins a	at 07:45																	
07:45	11	19	77	1	108	34	95	3	1	133	3	0	1	0	4	25	48	27	1	101	346
08:00	10	6	75	1	92	21	114	6	0	141	3	2	3	0	8	12	57	18	2	89	330
08:15	20	14	57	0	91	16	127	7	0	150	4	2	1	0	7	17	55	13	0	85	333
08:30	11	6	73	0	90	16	104	5	0	125	1	1	2	0	4	10	40	6	0	56	275
Total Volume	52	45	282	2	381	87	440	21	1	549	11	5	7	0	23	64	200	64	3	331	1284
% App Total	13.6%	11.8%	74.0%	0.5%		15.8%	80.1%	3.8%	0.2%		47.8%	21.7%	30.4%	0.0%		19.3%	60.4%	19.3%	0.9%		
PHF	.650	.592	.916	.500	.882	.640	.866	.750	.250	.915	.688	.625	.583	.000	.719	.640	.877	.593	.375	.819	.928

PM PEAK		Bro	adstone Pa	arkway			lr	on Point F	Road			Bro	adstone F	arkway			lr	ron Point	Road		ł
HOUR			Southbou	nd				Westbou	nd				Northbou	ınd				Eastbou	nd		ł
START TIME	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	Total
Peak Hour An	alysis Fro	m 17:00	to 18:00																		
Peak Hour Fo	r Entire In	ntersectio	n Begins a	t 17:00																	
17:00	16	4	48	0	68	5	68	19	2	94	47	26	23	0	96	115	195	10	6	326	584
17:15	22	6	41	2	71	3	67	8	2	80	19	17	16	0	52	98	194	5	9	306	509
17:30	20	9	44	0	73	3	75	12	2	92	19	17	12	0	48	103	156	14	6	279	492
17:45	18	4	45	2	69	6	76	13	2	97	13	11	9	1	34	109	176	12	11	308	508
Total Volume	76	23	178	4	281	17	286	52	8	363	98	71	60	1	230	425	721	41	32	1219	2093
% App Total	27.0%	8.2%	63.3%	1.4%		4.7%	78.8%	14.3%	2.2%		42.6%	30.9%	26.1%	0.4%		34.9%	59.1%	3.4%	2.6%		1
PHF	.864	.639	.927	.500	.962	.708	.941	.684	1.000	.936	.521	.683	.652	.250	.599	.924	.924	.732	.727	.935	.896

City of Folsom All Vehicles on Unshifted Peds & Bikes on Bank 1 Nothing on Bank 2

(916) 771-8700 orders@atdtraffic.com

File Name: 13-7632-003 E Bidwell Street-Iron Point Road.ppd

Date: 11/5/2013

Unshifted	Count = A	ll Vehicles
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										ifted Count	= All Ver										7	
		Е	Bidwell S				l)	on Point				E	E Bidwell S				li li	on Point				
			Southboo	und				Westbou	ınd				Northbo	und				Eastbou	ınd			
START TIME	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	Total	Utum Total
07:00	12	240	9	0	261	141	27	5	0	173	47	152	37	15	251	5	4	44	3	56	741	18
07:15	7	235	2	0	244	96	33	15	0	144	82	166	48	20	316	4	1	53	1	59	763	21
07:30	8	278	4	0	290	123	40	14	Ö	177	86	207	62	15	370	6	5	74	1	86	923	16
07:30	11	253	7	0	271	125	47	16	0	188	169	299	62	11	541	7	8	70	Ö	85	1085	11
	38	1006	22		1066	485	147	50	0		384	824	209	61	1478	22	18	241	5	286	3512	
Total	38	1006	22	0	1066	485	147	90	U	682	384	824	209	6.1	1478	22	18	241	5	286	3512	66
											ı					ı						
08:00	16	214	4	0	234	142	54	14	0	210	111	277	64	18	470	11	20	50	0	81	995	18
08:15	10	215	10	0	235	117	59	33	0	209	124	269	54	13	460	7	12	63	1	83	987	14
08:30	14	263	11	0	288	108	44	19	0	171	102	330	51	27	510	10	8	56	2	76	1045	29
08:45	19	207	27	0	253	82	29	15	0	126	127	389	49	23	588	12	9	56	1	78	1045	24
Total	59	899	52	0	1010	449	186	81	0	716	464	1265	218	81	2028	40	49	225	4	318	4072	85
iolai	1 00	033	02	U	1010	פרד ן	100	01	U	7 10	דטד	1200	210	01	2020	1 70	70	220	7	310	7012	00
16:00	52	344	29	1	426	86	39	28	1	154	114	314	126	17	571	37	63	141	4	245	1396	23
16:15	36	296	46	2	380	117	35	32	0	184	104	313	136	8	561	33	63	143	0	239	1364	10
16:30	39	322	30	1	392	109	32	46	0	187	134	322	155	20	631	42	51	135	1	229	1439	22
16:45	46	287	33	0	366	85	33	25	Ō	143	148	365	141	23	677	38	71	135	1	245	1431	24
Total	173	1249	138	4	1564	397	139	131	1	668	500	1314	558	68	2440	150	248	554	6	958	5630	79
TOLAI	1/3	1249	130	4	1504	397	139	131		000	300	1314	336	00	2440	130	240	334	O	900	3030	19
	1								_		1			_		1						
17:00	43	340	51	1	435	119	31	34	0	184	94	328	137	8	567	43	98	132	1	274	1460	10
17:15	39	343	32	0	414	99	23	39	0	161	135	403	154	27	719	35	80	158	4	277	1571	31
17:30	50	288	47	3	388	106	38	39	0	183	126	377	153	18	674	40	81	157	3	281	1526	24
17:45	42	315	55	0	412	78	35	34	0	147	119	359	121	14	613	50	83	145	4	282	1454	18
Total	174	1286	185	4	1649	402	127	146	0	675	474	1467	565	67	2573	168	342	592	12	1114	6011	83
rotar		1200	100	•	1010	102	127	1.10	O	0/0	1	1.107	000	01	2010	1 .00	012	002			1 0011	00
Grand Total	l 444	4440	397	0	5289	1733	599	400	1	2741	1822	4870	1550	277	0540	380	657	1612	07	0070	19225	313
				8	3289			408		2/41					8519				27	2676	19223	313
Apprch %	8.4%	83.9%	7.5%	0.2%		63.2%	21.9%	14.9%	0.0%		21.4%	57.2%	18.2%	3.3%		14.2%	24.6%	60.2%	1.0%			
	8.4%				27.5%					14.3%					44.3%					13.9%	100.0%	
Apprch %	8.4%	83.9%	7.5%	0.2%		63.2%	21.9%	14.9%	0.0%		21.4%	57.2%	18.2%	3.3%		14.2%	24.6%	60.2%	1.0%			
Apprch %	8.4%	83.9%	7.5%	0.2%		63.2%	21.9%	14.9%	0.0%		21.4%	57.2%	18.2%	3.3%		14.2%	24.6%	60.2%	1.0%			
Apprch %	8.4%	83.9% 23.1%	7.5%	0.2% 0.0%		63.2%	21.9% 3.1%	14.9%	0.0% 0.0%		21.4%	57.2% 25.3%	18.2%	3.3% 1.4%		14.2%	24.6% 3.4%	60.2%	1.0% 0.1%			
Apprch % Total %	8.4%	83.9% 23.1%	7.5% 2.1% Bidwell S	0.2% 0.0% Street		63.2%	21.9% 3.1%	14.9% 2.1% ron Point	0.0% 0.0% Road		21.4%	57.2% 25.3%	18.2% 8.1% E Bidwell \$	3.3% 1.4% Street		14.2%	24.6% 3.4%	60.2% 8.4% ron Point	1.0% 0.1% Road			
Apprch % Total %  AM PEAK HOUR	8.4% 2.3%	83.9% 23.1%	7.5% 2.1% E Bidwell S Southbo	0.2% 0.0% Street und	27.5%	63.2% 9.0%	21.9% 3.1% II	14.9% 2.1% on Point Westbou	0.0% 0.0% Road Ind	14.3%	21.4% 9.5%	57.2% 25.3%	18.2% 8.1% E Bidwell S	3.3% 1.4% Street	44.3%	14.2% 2.0%	24.6% 3.4%	60.2% 8.4% ron Point Eastbou	1.0% 0.1% Road	13.9%	100.0%	
Apprch % Total %  AM PEAK HOUR START TIME	8.4% 2.3% LEFT	83.9% 23.1% E	7.5% 2.1% Bidwell S Southbo	0.2% 0.0% Street und		63.2%	21.9% 3.1%	14.9% 2.1% on Point Westbou	0.0% 0.0% Road Ind		21.4%	57.2% 25.3%	18.2% 8.1% E Bidwell S	3.3% 1.4% Street		14.2%	24.6% 3.4%	60.2% 8.4% ron Point Eastbou	1.0% 0.1% Road	13.9%		
Apprch % Total %  AM PEAK HOUR START TIME Peak Hour An	8.4% 2.3% LEFT nalysis Fro	83.9% 23.1% E THRU om 07:45	7.5% 2.1%  Bidwell Southbool RIGHT to 08:45	0.2% 0.0% Street und UTURNS	27.5%	63.2% 9.0%	21.9% 3.1% II	14.9% 2.1% on Point Westbou	0.0% 0.0% Road Ind	14.3%	21.4% 9.5%	57.2% 25.3%	18.2% 8.1% E Bidwell S	3.3% 1.4% Street	44.3%	14.2% 2.0%	24.6% 3.4%	60.2% 8.4% ron Point Eastbou	1.0% 0.1% Road	13.9%	100.0%	
Apprch % Total %  AM PEAK HOUR START TIME Peak Hour An Peak Hour Fo	8.4% 2.3%  LEFT  nalysis From Entire In	83.9% 23.1% E THRU om 07:45 ntersection	7.5% 2.1%  E Bidwell S Southboo RIGHT to 08:45 n Begins a	0.2% 0.0% Street und UTURNS	27.5%	63.2% 9.0%	21.9% 3.1% II	14.9% 2.1% ron Point Westbou RIGHT	0.0% 0.0% Road Ind UTURNS	14.3%	21.4% 9.5%	57.2% 25.3% E	18.2% 8.1% E Bidwell S Northbo	3.3% 1.4% Street und UTURNS	44.3%	14.2% 2.0%	24.6% 3.4%	60.2% 8.4% ron Point Eastbou	1.0% 0.1% Road Ind UTURNS	13.9% APP.TOTAL	100.0%	
Apprch % Total %  AM PEAK HOUR START TIME Peak Hour Apeak Hour Fo 07:45	8.4% 2.3%  LEFT  nalysis From the Interpretation of the Interpreta	83.9% 23.1% E THRU om 07:45 ntersection 253	7.5% 2.1%  E Bidwell S Southboo RIGHT to 08:45 n Begins a	0.2% 0.0% Street und UTURNS at 07:45 0	27.5%  APP.TOTAL  271	63.2% 9.0%	21.9% 3.1% II THRU	14.9% 2.1% ron Point Westbou RIGHT	0.0% 0.0% Road Ind UTURNS	14.3%  APP.TOTAL  188	21.4% 9.5%	57.2% 25.3% E THRU	18.2% 8.1% E Bidwell S Northbol RIGHT	3.3% 1.4% Street und UTURNS	44.3%  APP.TOTAL  541	14.2% 2.0%	24.6% 3.4%	60.2% 8.4% ron Point Eastbou RIGHT	1.0% 0.1% Road Ind UTURNS	13.9% APP.TOTAL 85	100.0%  Total	
Apprch % Total %  AM PEAK HOUR START TIME Peak Hour An Peak Hour Fo 07:45 08:00	8.4% 2.3%  LEFT halysis From Entire In 11 16	83.9% 23.1% E THRU om 07:45 ntersection 253 214	7.5% 2.1%  E Bidwell S Southboo RIGHT to 08:45 n Begins a 7 4	0.2% 0.0% Street und UTURNS at 07:45 0 0	27.5%  APP.TOTAL  271 234	63.2% 9.0% LEFT	21.9% 3.1% II THRU 47 54	14.9% 2.1% Fon Point Westbou RIGHT	0.0% 0.0% Road ind UTURNS 0 0	14.3%  APP.TOTAL  188 210	21.4% 9.5% LEFT	57.2% 25.3% E THRU 299 277	18.2% 8.1% E Bidwell S Northbot RIGHT	3.3% 1.4%  Street  Ind  UTURNS  11  18	44.3%  APP.TOTAL  541 470	14.2% 2.0%	24.6% 3.4%	60.2% 8.4% ron Point Eastbou RIGHT 70 50	1.0% 0.1% Road Ind UTURNS	13.9% APP.TOTAL 85 81	100.0%  Total  1085 995	
Apprch % Total %  AM PEAK HOUR START TIME Peak Hour Apeak Hour Fo 07:45	8.4% 2.3%  LEFT  nalysis From the Interpretation of the Interpreta	83.9% 23.1% E THRU om 07:45 ntersection 253	7.5% 2.1%  E Bidwell S Southboo RIGHT to 08:45 n Begins a	0.2% 0.0% Street und UTURNS at 07:45 0	27.5%  APP.TOTAL  271	63.2% 9.0%	21.9% 3.1% II THRU	14.9% 2.1% ron Point Westbou RIGHT	0.0% 0.0% Road Ind UTURNS	14.3%  APP.TOTAL  188	21.4% 9.5%	57.2% 25.3% E THRU	18.2% 8.1% E Bidwell S Northbol RIGHT	3.3% 1.4% Street und UTURNS	44.3%  APP.TOTAL  541	14.2% 2.0%	24.6% 3.4%	60.2% 8.4% ron Point Eastbou RIGHT	1.0% 0.1% Road Ind UTURNS	13.9% APP.TOTAL 85	100.0%  Total	
Apprch % Total %  AM PEAK HOUR START TIME Peak Hour An Peak Hour Fo 07:45 08:00	8.4% 2.3%  LEFT halysis From Entire In 11 16	83.9% 23.1% E THRU om 07:45 ntersection 253 214 215	7.5% 2.1%  E Bidwell S Southboo RIGHT to 08:45 n Begins a 7 4	0.2% 0.0% Street und UTURNS at 07:45 0 0	27.5%  APP.TOTAL  271 234 235	63.2% 9.0% LEFT	21.9% 3.1% II THRU 47 54	14.9% 2.1% on Point Westbox RIGHT 16 14 33	0.0% 0.0% Road ind UTURNS 0 0 0	14.3%  APP.TOTAL  188 210	21.4% 9.5% LEFT	57.2% 25.3% E THRU 299 277 269	18.2% 8.1% E Bidwell S Northbot RIGHT	3.3% 1.4% Street und UTURNS 11 18 13	44.3%  APP.TOTAL  541 470	14.2% 2.0%	24.6% 3.4%	60.2% 8.4% ron Point Eastbou RIGHT 70 50	1.0% 0.1% Road Ind UTURNS 0 0 1	13.9% APP.TOTAL  85 81 83	100.0%  Total  1085 995	
Apprch % Total %  AM PEAK HOUR START TIME Peak Hour An Peak Hour Fo 07:45 08:00 08:15 08:30	8.4% 2.3%  LEFT  nalysis From Entire In 16 10 14	83.9% 23.1% E THRU om 07:45 ntersection 253 214 215 263	7.5% 2.1%  E Bidwell S Southboo Right to 08:45 n Begins a 7 4 10 11	0.2% 0.0% Street und UTURNS et 07:45 0 0 0	27.5%  APP.TOTAL  271 234 235 288	63.2% 9.0% LEFT	21.9% 3.1% II THRU 47 54 59 44	14.9% 2.1% on Point Westbox RIGHT 16 14 33 19	0.0% 0.0% Road ind UTURNS 0 0 0 0	14.3%  APP.TOTAL  188 210 209 171	21.4% 9.5% LEFT 169 111 124 102	57.2% 25.3% E THRU 299 277 269 330	18.2% 8.1% 8.1% Bidwell \$ Northbot RIGHT 62 64 54 51	3.3% 1.4% Street und UTURNS 11 18 13 27	44.3%  APP.TOTAL  541 470 460 510	14.2% 2.0%	24.6% 3.4%	60.2% 8.4% ron Point Eastbou RIGHT 70 50 63 56	1.0% 0.1% Road Ind UTURNS 0 0 1 2	13.9%  APP.TOTAL  85 81 83 76	100.0%  Total  1085 995 987 1045	
Apprch % Total %  AM PEAK HOUR START TIME Peak Hour An Peak Hour Fo 07:45 08:00 08:15 08:30 Total Volume	8.4% 2.3% LEFT nalysis Fro or Entire In 11 16 10 14	83.9% 23.1% E THRU om 07:45 ntersection 253 214 215 263 945	7.5% 2.1% E Bidwell \$ Southbot RIGHT to 08:45 n Begins a 7 4 10 11	0.2% 0.0% Street und UTURNS at 07:45 0 0 0	27.5%  APP.TOTAL  271 234 235	63.2%   9.0%   LEFT   125   142   117   108   492	21.9% 3.1% II THRU 47 54 59 44 204	14.9% 2.1% on Point Westbox RIGHT 16 14 33 19 82	0.0% 0.0% Road Ind UTURNS 0 0 0	14.3%  APP.TOTAL  188 210 209	21.4% 9.5% LEFT	57.2% 25.3% E THRU 299 277 269 330 1175	18.2% 8.1% E Bidwell S Northboo RIGHT 62 64 54 51 231	3.3% 1.4% Street und UTURNS 11 18 13 27 69	44.3%  APP.TOTAL  541 470 460	14.2% 2.0% LEFT 7 11 7 10 35	24.6% 3.4% II THRU 8 20 12 8 48	60.2% 8.4% ron Point Eastbou RIGHT 70 50 63 56 239	1.0% 0.1% Road Ind UTURNS 0 0 1 2 3	13.9% APP.TOTAL  85 81 83	100.0%  Total  1085 995 987	
Apprch % Total %  AM PEAK HOUR START TIME Peak Hour An Peak Hour Fo 07:45 08:00 08:15 08:30 Total Volume % App Total	8.4% 2.3% LEFT nalysis From Entire In 11 16 10 14 51 5.0%	83.9% 23.1% E THRU om 07:45 ntersection 253 214 215 263 945 91.9%	7.5% 2.1%  E Bidwell S Southboo RIGHT to 08:45 n Begins a 7 4 10 11 32 3.1%	0.2% 0.0% Street und JUTURNS at 07:45 0 0 0 0	27.5%  APP.TOTAL  271 234 235 288 1028	63.2%   9.0%   LEFT   125   142   117   108   492   63.2%	21.9% 3.1% III THRU 47 54 59 44 204 26.2%	14.9% 2.1% on Point Westbox RIGHT 16 14 33 19 82 10.5%	0.0% 0.0% Read Ind IUTURNS 0 0 0 0 0 0	14.3%  APP.TOTAL  188 210 209 171 778	21.4% 9.5% LEFT 169 111 124 102 506 25.5%	57.2% 25.3% E THRU 299 277 269 330 1175 59.3%	18.2% 8.1% E Bidwell 3 Northboo RIGHT 62 64 54 51 231 11.7%	3.3% 1.4% Street und  UTURNS 11 18 13 27 69 3.5%	44.3%  APP.TOTAL  541  470  460  510  1981	14.2% 2.0% LEFT 7 11 7 10 35 10.8%	24.6% 3.4% III THRU 8 20 12 8 48 14.8%	60.2% 8.4% ron Point Eastbou RIGHT 70 50 63 56 239 73.5%	1.0% 0.1% Road Ind UTURNS 0 0 1 2 3 0.9%	13.9%  APP.TOTAL  85 81 83 76 325	100.0%  Total  1085 995 987 1045 4112	
Apprch % Total %  AM PEAK HOUR START TIME Peak Hour An Peak Hour Fo 07:45 08:00 08:15 08:30 Total Volume	8.4% 2.3% LEFT nalysis Fro or Entire In 11 16 10 14	83.9% 23.1% E THRU om 07:45 ntersection 253 214 215 263 945	7.5% 2.1% E Bidwell \$ Southbot RIGHT to 08:45 n Begins a 7 4 10 11	0.2% 0.0% Street und UTURNS at 07:45 0 0 0	27.5%  APP.TOTAL  271 234 235 288	63.2%   9.0%   LEFT   125   142   117   108   492	21.9% 3.1% II THRU 47 54 59 44 204	14.9% 2.1% on Point Westbox RIGHT 16 14 33 19 82	0.0% 0.0% Road Ind UTURNS 0 0 0	14.3%  APP.TOTAL  188 210 209 171	21.4% 9.5% LEFT	57.2% 25.3% E THRU 299 277 269 330 1175	18.2% 8.1% E Bidwell S Northboo RIGHT 62 64 54 51 231	3.3% 1.4% Street und UTURNS 11 18 13 27 69	44.3%  APP.TOTAL  541 470 460 510	14.2% 2.0% LEFT 7 11 7 10 35	24.6% 3.4% II THRU 8 20 12 8 48	60.2% 8.4% ron Point Eastbou RIGHT 70 50 63 56 239	1.0% 0.1% Road Ind UTURNS 0 0 1 2 3	13.9%  APP.TOTAL  85 81 83 76	100.0%  Total  1085 995 987 1045	
Apprch % Total %  AM PEAK HOUR START TIME Peak Hour An Peak Hour Fo 07:45 08:00 08:15 08:30 Total Volume % App Total PHF	8.4% 2.3% LEFT nalysis From Entire In 11 16 10 14 51 5.0%	83.9% 23.1% E THRU om 07:45 intersection 253 214 215 263 945 91.9% .898	7.5% 2.1% E Bidwell S Southboo RIGHT to 08:45 n Begins a 7 4 10 11 32 3.1%	0.2% 0.0% Street und UTURNS at 07:45 0 0 0 0 0 0.0%	27.5%  APP.TOTAL  271 234 235 288 1028	63.2%   9.0%   LEFT   125   142   117   108   492   63.2%	21.9% 3.1% III THRU 47 54 59 44 204 26.2% .864	14.9% 2.1% on Point Westbot RIGHT 16 14 33 19 82 10.5% .621	0.0% 0.0% Road Ind UTURNS 0 0 0 0 0 0.0%	14.3%  APP.TOTAL  188 210 209 171 778	21.4% 9.5% LEFT 169 111 124 102 506 25.5%	57.2% 25.3% E THRU 299 277 269 330 1175 59.3% 890	18.2% 8.1% E Bidwell 3 Northbor RIGHT 62 64 54 51 231 11.7%	3.3% 1.4% Street .nd  UTURNS 11 18 13 27 69 3.5% 639	44.3%  APP.TOTAL  541  470  460  510  1981	14.2% 2.0% LEFT 7 11 7 10 35 10.8%	24.6% 3.4% II THRU 8 20 12 8 48 14.8% .600	60.2% 8.4% on Point Eastbou RIGHT 70 50 63 56 239 73.5%	1.0% 0.1% Road Ind IUTURNSI 0 0 1 2 3 0.9% .375	13.9% APP.TOTAL  85 81 83 76 325	100.0%  Total  1085 995 987 1045 4112	
Apprch % Total %  AM PEAK HOUR START TIME Peak Hour An Peak Hour Fo 07:45 08:00 08:15 08:30 Total Volume % App Total PHF	8.4% 2.3% LEFT nalysis From Entire In 11 16 10 14 51 5.0%	83.9% 23.1% E THRU om 07:45 intersection 253 214 215 263 945 91.9% .898	7.5% 2.1% E Bidwell S Southbou RIGHT to 08:45 7 4 10 11 32 3.1% .727	0.2% 0.0% Street und [UTURNS at 07:45 0 0 0 0 0.0% .000	27.5%  APP.TOTAL  271 234 235 288 1028	63.2%   9.0%   LEFT   125   142   117   108   492   63.2%	21.9% 3.1% III THRU 47 54 59 44 204 26.2% .864	14.9% 2.1% on Point Westbox RIGHT 16 14 33 19 82 10.5% .621	0.0% 0.0% Road Ind IUTURNS 0 0 0 0 0 0.0% .000	14.3%  APP.TOTAL  188 210 209 171 778	21.4% 9.5% LEFT 169 111 124 102 506 25.5%	57.2% 25.3% E THRU 299 277 269 330 1175 59.3% 890	18.2% 8.1% E Bidwell 3 Northbool RIGHT 62 64 54 51 231 11.7% .902	3.3% 1.4% Street and [UTURNS] 11 18 13 27 69 3.5% .639	44.3%  APP.TOTAL  541  470  460  510  1981	14.2% 2.0% LEFT 7 11 7 10 35 10.8%	24.6% 3.4% II THRU 8 20 12 8 48 14.8% .600	60.2% 8.4% on Point Eastbou RIGHT 70 50 63 56 239 73.5% .854	1.0% 0.1% Road Ind [UTURNS] 0 0 0 1 1 2 3 0.9% .375	13.9% APP.TOTAL  85 81 83 76 325	100.0%  Total  1085 995 987 1045 4112	
Apprch % Total %  AM PEAK HOUR START TIME Peak Hour Fo 07:45 08:00 08:15 08:30 Total Volume % App Total PHF  PM PEAK HOUR	8.4% 2.3% LEFT nalysis From Entire In 11 16 10 14 51 5.0%	83.9% 23.1% E THRU om 07:45 ntersection 253 214 215 263 945 91.9% .898	7.5% 2.1%  E Bidwell S Southbox I RIGHT to 08:45 n Begins a 7 4 10 11 32 3.1% .727  E Bidwell S Southbox Southbox Southbox Southbox I Southbox	0.2% 0.0% Street und UTURNS at 07:45 0 0 0 0.0% .000	27.5%  APP.TOTAL  271 234 235 288 1028 .892	63.2% 9.0% LEFT 125 142 117 108 492 63.2% .866	21.9% 3.1% III THRU 47 54 59 44 204 26.2% .864	14.9% 2.1%  on Point Westbox RIGHT  16 14 33 19 82 10.5% .621  on Point Westbox	0.0% 0.0% Road Ind UTURNS 0 0 0 0 0 0.0% .000 Road	14.3%  APP.TOTAL  188 210 209 171 778 .926	21.4% 9.5% LEFT 169 111 124 102 506 25.5% .749	57.2% 25.3% E THRU 299 277 269 330 1175 59.3% 890	18.2% 8.1% E Bidwell 3 Northbot RIGHT  62 64 51 231 11.7% 902  E Bidwell 3 Northbot	3.3% 1.4% Street .nd  UTURNS 11 18 13 27 69 3.5% .639	44.3%  APP.TOTAL  541  470  460  510  1981  .915	14.2% 2.0% LEFT 7 11 7 10 35 10.8%	24.6% 3.4% III THRU  8 20 12 8 48 14.8% 600	60.2% 8.4% on Point Eastbou RIGHT 70 50 63 56 239 73.5% .854 on Point Eastbou	1.0% 0.1% Road nd  UTURNS  0 0 1 2 3 0.9% .375	13.9%  APP.TOTAL  85 81 83 76 325	100.0%  Total  1085 995 987 1045 4112 .947	
Apprch % Total %  AM PEAK HOUR START TIME Peak Hour An Peak Hour Fo 07:45 08:00 08:15 08:30 Total Volume % App Total PHF	8.4% 2.3% LEFT nalysis From Entire In 11 16 10 14 51 5.0%	83.9% 23.1% E THRU om 07:45 ntersection 253 214 215 263 945 91.9% .898	7.5% 2.1%  E Bidwell S Southbox I RIGHT to 08:45 n Begins a 7 4 10 11 32 3.1% .727  E Bidwell S Southbox Southbox Southbox Southbox I Southbox	0.2% 0.0% Street und UTURNS at 07:45 0 0 0 0.0% .000	27.5%  APP.TOTAL  271 234 235 288 1028	63.2% 9.0% LEFT 125 142 117 108 492 63.2% .866	21.9% 3.1% III THRU 47 54 59 44 204 26.2% .864	14.9% 2.1%  on Point Westbox RIGHT  16 14 33 19 82 10.5% .621  on Point Westbox	0.0% 0.0% Road Ind UTURNS 0 0 0 0 0 0.0% .000 Road	14.3%  APP.TOTAL  188 210 209 171 778	21.4% 9.5% LEFT 169 111 124 102 506 25.5%	57.2% 25.3% E THRU 299 277 269 330 1175 59.3% 890	18.2% 8.1% E Bidwell 3 Northbot RIGHT  62 64 51 231 11.7% 902  E Bidwell 3 Northbot	3.3% 1.4% Street .nd  UTURNS 11 18 13 27 69 3.5% .639	44.3%  APP.TOTAL  541  470  460  510  1981	14.2% 2.0% LEFT 7 11 7 10 35 10.8%	24.6% 3.4% II THRU 8 20 12 8 48 14.8% .600	60.2% 8.4% on Point Eastbou RIGHT 70 50 63 56 239 73.5% .854 on Point Eastbou	1.0% 0.1% Road Ind [UTURNS] 0 0 0 1 1 2 3 0.9% .375	13.9%  APP.TOTAL  85 81 83 76 325	100.0%  Total  1085 995 987 1045 4112	
Apprch % Total %  AM PEAK HOUR START TIME Peak Hour An Peak Hour Fo 07:45 08:30 08:15 08:30 Total Volume % App Total PHF  PM PEAK HOUR START TIME	8.4% 2.3% LEFT Tallysis From Entire In 11 16 10 14 51 5.0%	83.9% 23.1% E THRU om 07:45 ntersection 253 214 215 263 945 91.9% .898	7.5% 2.1% E Bidwell & Southbou RIGHT to 08:45 n Begins a 7 4 10 11 32 3.1% .727 E Bidwell & Southbou RIGHT	0.2% 0.0% Street und UTURNS at 07:45 0 0 0 0.0% .000	27.5%  APP.TOTAL  271 234 235 288 1028 .892	63.2% 9.0% LEFT 125 142 117 108 492 63.2% .866	21.9% 3.1% III THRU 47 54 59 44 204 26.2% .864	14.9% 2.1%  on Point Westbox RIGHT  16 14 33 19 82 10.5% .621  on Point Westbox	0.0% 0.0% Road Ind UTURNS 0 0 0 0 0 0.0% .000 Road	14.3%  APP.TOTAL  188 210 209 171 778 .926	21.4% 9.5% LEFT 169 111 124 102 506 25.5% .749	57.2% 25.3% E THRU 299 277 269 330 1175 59.3% 890	18.2% 8.1% E Bidwell 3 Northbot RIGHT  62 64 51 231 11.7% 902  E Bidwell 3 Northbot	3.3% 1.4% Street .nd  UTURNS 11 18 13 27 69 3.5% .639	44.3%  APP.TOTAL  541  470  460  510  1981  .915	14.2% 2.0% LEFT 7 11 7 10 35 10.8%	24.6% 3.4% III THRU  8 20 12 8 48 14.8% 600	60.2% 8.4% on Point Eastbou RIGHT 70 50 63 56 239 73.5% .854 on Point Eastbou	1.0% 0.1% Road nd  UTURNS  0 0 1 2 3 0.9% .375	13.9%  APP.TOTAL  85 81 83 76 325	100.0%  Total  1085 995 987 1045 4112 .947	
Apprch % Total %  AM PEAK HOUR START TIME Peak Hour An Peak Hour Fo 07:45 08:00 08:15 08:30 Total Volume % App Total PHF  PM PEAK HOUR START TIME Peak Hour An	8.4% 2.3%  LEFT Tallysis From Entire In 11 16 10 14 51 5.0% .797	83.9% 23.1% E THRU om 07:45 ntersection 253 214 215 263 945 91.9% .898 E THRU om 17:00	7.5% 2.1% E Bidwell \$ Southboo R:45 n Begins a 10 11 32 3.1% .727 E Bidwell \$ Southboo R:45 n Begins a 10 11 32 3.1% .727 E Bidwell \$ Southboo R:45 n Bidwell \$ Southboo R:45	0.2% 0.0%  Street und UTURNS at 07:45 0 0 0 0.0% .000  Street und	27.5%  APP.TOTAL  271 234 235 288 1028 .892	63.2% 9.0% LEFT 125 142 117 108 492 63.2% .866	21.9% 3.1% III THRU 47 54 59 44 204 26.2% .864	14.9% 2.1%  on Point Westbox RIGHT  16 14 33 19 82 10.5% .621  on Point Westbox	0.0% 0.0% Road Ind UTURNS 0 0 0 0 0 0.0% .000 Road	14.3%  APP.TOTAL  188 210 209 171 778 .926	21.4% 9.5% LEFT 169 111 124 102 506 25.5% .749	57.2% 25.3% E THRU 299 277 269 330 1175 59.3% 890	18.2% 8.1% E Bidwell 3 Northbot RIGHT 62 64 51 231 11.7% 902 E Bidwell 3 Northbot	3.3% 1.4% Street .nd  UTURNS 11 18 13 27 69 3.5% .639	44.3%  APP.TOTAL  541  470  460  510  1981  .915	14.2% 2.0% LEFT 7 11 7 10 35 10.8%	24.6% 3.4% III THRU  8 20 12 8 48 14.8% 600	60.2% 8.4% on Point Eastbou RIGHT 70 50 63 56 239 73.5% .854 on Point Eastbou	1.0% 0.1% Road nd  UTURNS  0 0 1 2 3 0.9% .375	13.9%  APP.TOTAL  85 81 83 76 325	100.0%  Total  1085 995 987 1045 4112 .947	
Apprch % Total %  AM PEAK HOUR START TIME Peak Hour An Peak Hour Fo 07:45 08:00 08:15 08:30 Total Volume % App Total PHF  PM PEAK HOUR START TIME Peak Hour An Peak Hour Fo	8.4% 2.3%  LEFT relysis From Entire In 14 51 5.0% 7.97  LEFT relysis From Entire In 14 Entire In 15 Entire In 15 Entire In 16 Entire In	83.9% 23.1% E THRU om 07:45 ntersection 253 214 215 263 945 91.9% .898 E THRU om 17:00 ntersection	7.5% 2.1%  E Bidwell \$ Southboo Right Figure 1	0.2% 0.0%  Street und  UTURNS at 07:45 0 0 0 0 0.0% .000  Street und  UTURNS at 17:00	27.5%  APP.TOTAL  271 234 235 288 1028 .892	63.2% 9.0% LEFT 125 142 117 108 492 63.2% .866	21.9% 3.1% III THRU 47 54 59 44 20.4 26.2% .864	14.9% 2.1%  on Point Westbox RIGHT  16 14 33 19 82 10.5% .621  on Point Westbox RIGHT	0.0% 0.0% Road Ind UTURNS 0 0 0 0 0.0% .000 Road Ind UTURNS	14.3%  APP.TOTAL  188 210 209 171 778 .926	21.4% 9.5% LEFT 169 111 124 102 506 25.5% .749	57.2% 25.3% E THRU 299 277 269 330 1175 59.3% .890	18.2% 8.1% 8.1% Northboi RIGHT 62 64 54 51 231 11.7% 902 E Bidwell 3 Northboi	3.3% 1.4%  Street und [UTURNS]  11 18 13 27 69 3.5% .639  Street und [UTURNS]	44.3%  APP.TOTAL  541 470 460 510 1981 .915	14.2% 2.0% LEFT 7 11 7 10 35 10.8% .795	24.6% 3.4% III THRU  8 20 12 8 48 14.8% .600	60.2% 8.4% on Point Eastbou RIGHT 70 50 63 56 239 73.5% .854 on Point Eastbou RIGHT	1.0% 0.1%  Road Ind  UTURNS   0 0 1 2 3 0.9% .375  Road Ind  UTURNS	13.9%  APP.TOTAL  85 81 83 76 325 .956	100.0%  Total  1085 995 987 1045 4112 .947	
Apprch % Total %  AM PEAK HOUR START TIME Peak Hour FA 08:30 08:15 08:30 Total Volume % App Total PHF  PM PEAK HOUR START TIME Peak HOUR START TIME Peak HOUR 17:00	8.4% 2.3%  LEFT Lelysis From Entire In 16 10 14 51 5.0% 7.97	83.9% 23.1% E THRU om 07:45 ntersection 253 214 215 263 945 898 E THRU om 17:00 ntersection 340	7.5% 2.1%  E Bidwell S Southboo 1 RIGHT 10 08:45 n Begins a 7 4 10 11 32 3.1% .727  E Bidwell S Southboo   RIGHT to 18:00 n Begins a 51	0.2% 0.0%  Street und   UTURNS at 07:45 0 0 0 0.0% .000  Street und   UTURNS at 17:00 1 17:00 1	27.5%  APP.TOTAL  271 234 235 288 1028 .892  APP.TOTAL	63.2% 9.0% LEFT 125 142 117 108 492 63.2% .866	21.9% 3.1% III THRU 47 54 59 44 204 26.2% .864 III THRU	14.9% 2.1%  on Point Westbot RIGHT  16 14 33 19 82 10.5% .621  on Point Westbot RIGHT	0.0% 0.0% Road Ind UTURNS 0 0 0 0 0 0.0% .000 Road Ind UTURNS	14.3%  APP.TOTAL  188 210 209 171 778 .926  APP.TOTAL	21.4% 9.5% LEFT 169 111 124 102 506 25.5% .749	57.2% 25.3% E THRU 299 277 269 330 1175 59.3% .890 E THRU	18.2% 8.1% 8.1% E Bidwell S Northboo RIGHT 62 64 54 51 231 11.7% 902 E Bidwell S Northboo RIGHT	3.3% 1.4%  Street	44.3%  APP.TOTAL  541 470 460 510 1981 .915  APP.TOTAL	14.2% 2.0% LEFT 7 11 7 10 35 10.8% .795	24.6% 3.4% III THRU 8 20 12 8 48 14.8% .600 III THRU	60.2% 8.4% on Point Eastbou RIGHT 70 50 63 56 239 73.5% .854	1.0% 0.1% Road nd  UTURNS  0 0 1 2 3 0.9% .375 Road nd  UTURNS	13.9%  APP.TOTAL  85 81 83 76 325 .956  APP.TOTAL	100.0%  Total  1085 995 987 1045 4112 947  Total	
Apprch % Total %  AM PEAK HOUR START TIME Peak Hour An Peak Hour Fo 07:45 08:00 08:15 08:30 Total Volume % App Total PHF  PM PEAK HOUR START TIME Peak Hour An Peak Hour An Peak Hour Fo 17:00 17:15	8.4% 2.3%  LEFT tallysis From Entire In 16 10 14 51 5.0% 7.97  LEFT tallysis From Entire In 14 3 39	83.9% 23.1% E THRU om 07:45 ntersection 253 214 215 263 945 91.9% .898 E THRU om 17:00 ntersection 340 343	7.5% 2.1% E Bidwell & Southboo To 08:45 n Begins a 7 4 10 11 32 3.1% .727 E Bidwell & Southboo To 08:45 n Begins a 51 1 32	0.2% 0.0%  Street und   UTURNS at 07:45 0 0 0 0.0% .000  Street und   UTURNS at 17:00 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	27.5%  APP.TOTAL  271 234 235 288 1028 .892  APP.TOTAL  435 414	63.2% 9.0% LEFT 125 142 117 108 492 63.2% .866	21.9% 3.1% III THRU 47 54 59 44 204 26.2% .864 III THRU	14.9% 2.1% on Point Westbox RIGHT 16 14 33 19 82 10.5% .621 Westbox RIGHT	0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Road ind UTURNS 0 0 0 0 0.0% .000 Road UTURNS	14.3%  APP.TOTAL  188 210 209 171 778 .926  APP.TOTAL	21.4% 9.5% LEFT  169 111 124 102 506 25.5% .749  LEFT	57.2% 25.3% E THRU 299 277 269 330 1175 59.3% .890 E THRU	18.2% 8.1% 8.1% Northbool RIGHT 62 64 54 51 231 11.7% .902 E Bidwell 3 Northbool RIGHT	3.3% 1.4%  Street  Ind  UTURNS  11 18 13 27 69 3.5% 639  Street  Ind  UTURNS	44.3%  APP.TOTAL  541 470 460 510 1981 .915  APP.TOTAL	14.2% 2.0% LEFT 7 11 7 10 35 10.8% .795	24.6% 3.4% III THRU  8 20 12 8 48 4.600 III THRU  98 80	60.2% 8.4% on Point Eastbou RIGHT 70 50 63 56 239 73.5% .854 on Point Eastbou RIGHT	1.0% 0.1% Road nd   UTURNS  0 0 0 1 2 3 0.9%375 Road   UTURNS  1 4	13.9%  APP.TOTAL  85 81 83 76 325 .956  APP.TOTAL  274 277	100.0%  Total  1085 995 987 1045 4112 .947  Total  1460 1571	
Apprch % Total %  AM PEAK HOUR START TIME Peak Hour Fo 07:45 08:30 08:15 08:30 Total Volume % App Total PHF  PM PEAK HOUR START TIME Peak HOUR Peak HOUR Feak HOUR Fo 17:00	8.4% 2.3%  LEFT Lelysis From Entire In 16 10 14 51 5.0% 7.97	83.9% 23.1% E THRU om 07:45 ntersection 253 214 215 263 945 898 E THRU om 17:00 ntersection 340	7.5% 2.1%  E Bidwell S Southboo 1 RIGHT 10 08:45 n Begins a 7 4 10 11 32 3.1% .727  E Bidwell S Southboo   RIGHT to 18:00 n Begins a 51	0.2% 0.0%  Street und   UTURNS at 07:45 0 0 0 0.0% .000  Street und   UTURNS at 17:00 1 17:00 1	27.5%  APP.TOTAL  271 234 235 288 1028 .892  APP.TOTAL	63.2% 9.0% LEFT 125 142 117 108 492 63.2% .866	21.9% 3.1% III THRU 47 54 59 44 204 26.2% .864 III THRU	14.9% 2.1%  on Point Westbot RIGHT  16 14 33 19 82 10.5% .621  on Point Westbot RIGHT	0.0% 0.0% Road Ind UTURNS 0 0 0 0 0 0.0% .000 Road Ind UTURNS	14.3%  APP.TOTAL  188 210 209 171 778 .926  APP.TOTAL	21.4% 9.5% LEFT 169 111 124 102 506 25.5% .749	57.2% 25.3% E THRU 299 277 269 330 1175 59.3% .890 E THRU	18.2% 8.1% 8.1% E Bidwell S Northboo RIGHT 62 64 54 51 231 11.7% 902 E Bidwell S Northboo RIGHT	3.3% 1.4%  Street	44.3%  APP.TOTAL  541 470 460 510 1981 .915  APP.TOTAL	14.2% 2.0% LEFT 7 11 7 10 35 10.8% .795	24.6% 3.4% III THRU 8 20 12 8 48 14.8% .600 III THRU	60.2% 8.4% on Point Eastbou RIGHT 70 50 63 56 239 73.5% .854	1.0% 0.1% Road nd  UTURNS  0 0 1 2 3 0.9% .375 Road nd  UTURNS	13.9%  APP.TOTAL  85 81 83 76 325 .956  APP.TOTAL	100.0%  Total  1085 995 987 1045 4112 947  Total	
Apprch % Total %  AM PEAK HOUR START TIME Peak Hour An Peak Hour Fa 08:30 Total Volume % App Total PHF  PM PEAK HOUR START TIME Peak Hour An Peak Hour An Peak Hour An Peak Hour Fo 17:00 17:15	8.4% 2.3%  LEFT tallysis From Entire In 16 10 14 51 5.0% 7.97  LEFT tallysis From Entire In 14 3 39	83.9% 23.1% E THRU om 07:45 ntersection 253 214 215 263 945 91.9% .898 E THRU om 17:00 ntersection 340 343	7.5% 2.1% E Bidwell & Southboo To 08:45 n Begins a 7 4 10 11 32 3.1% .727 E Bidwell & Southboo To 08:45 n Begins a 51 1 32	0.2% 0.0%  Street und   UTURNS at 07:45 0 0 0 0.0% .000  Street und   UTURNS at 17:00 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	27.5%  APP.TOTAL  271 234 235 288 1028 .892  APP.TOTAL  435 414	63.2% 9.0% LEFT 125 142 117 108 492 63.2% .866	21.9% 3.1% III THRU 47 54 59 44 204 26.2% .864 III THRU	14.9% 2.1% on Point Westbox RIGHT 16 14 33 19 82 10.5% .621 Westbox RIGHT	0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Road ind UTURNS 0 0 0 0 0.0% .000 Road UTURNS	14.3%  APP.TOTAL  188 210 209 171 778 .926  APP.TOTAL	21.4% 9.5% LEFT  169 111 124 102 506 25.5% .749  LEFT	57.2% 25.3% E THRU 299 277 269 330 1175 59.3% .890 E THRU	18.2% 8.1% 8.1% Northbool RIGHT 62 64 54 51 231 11.7% .902 E Bidwell 3 Northbool RIGHT	3.3% 1.4%  Street and   UTURNS   11	44.3%  APP.TOTAL  541 470 460 510 1981 .915  APP.TOTAL	14.2% 2.0% LEFT 7 11 7 10 35 10.8% .795	24.6% 3.4% III THRU  8 20 12 8 48 4.600 III THRU  98 80	60.2% 8.4% on Point Eastbou RIGHT 70 50 63 56 239 73.5% .854 on Point Eastbou RIGHT	1.0% 0.1% Road nd   UTURNS  0 0 0 1 2 3 0.9%375 Road   UTURNS  1 4	13.9%  APP.TOTAL  85 81 83 76 325 .956  APP.TOTAL  274 277	100.0%  Total  1085 995 987 1045 4112 .947  Total  1460 1571	
Apprch % Total %  AM PEAK HOUR START TIME Peak Hour An Peak Hour Fo 07:45 08:30 Total Volume % App Total PHF  PM PEAK HOUR START TIME Peak Hour An Peak Hour Fo 17:00 17:15 17:30	8.4% 2.3%  LEFT Tallysis From Entire In 11 16 10 14 51 5.0% .797  LEFT Tallysis From Entire In 143 39 50	83.9% 23.1% E THRU om 07:45 ntersection 253 214 215 263 945 91.9% .898 E THRU om 17:00 ntersection 340 343 288 315	7.5% 2.1%  E Bidwell \$ Southboo Ridger   RIGHT   to 08:45   n Begins a   10   11   32   3.1%   .727  E Bidwell \$ Southboo Ridger   RIGHT   to 18:00   n Begins a   51   32   47   55	0.2% 0.0%  Street und	27.5%  APP.TOTAL  271 234 235 288 1028 .892  APP.TOTAL  435 414 388 412	125 142 117 108 492 63.2% .866 LEFT	21.9% 3.1% III THRU 47 54 59 44 20.4 26.2% .864 III THRU 31 23 38 35	14.9% 2.1% on Point Westbox RIGHT 16 14 33 19 82 10.5% .621 on Point Westbox RIGHT 34 39 39 34	0.0% 0.0% Road Ind UTURNS 0 0 0 0 0.0% .000 Road Ind UTURNS	14.3%  APP.TOTAL  188 210 209 171 778 .926  APP.TOTAL  184 161 183 147	21.4% 9.5% LEFT 169 111 124 102 506 25.5% .749 LEFT	57.2% 25.3% E THRU 299 277 269 330 1175 59.3% .890 E THRU 328 403 377 359	18.2% 8.1% 8.1% Northbot RIGHT 62 64 51 231 11.7% .902 E Bidwell S Northbot RIGHT	3.3% 1.4%  Street und  UTURNS  11 18 13 27 69 3.5% .639  Street und  UTURNS  UTURNS	44.3%  APP.TOTAL  541 470 460 510 1981  .915  APP.TOTAL  567 719 674 613	14.2% 2.0% 2.0% 10.25 10.8% 795 10.8% 795 10.8% 10.8% 10.8%	24.6% 3.4% III THRU  8 20 12 8 48 14.8% .600  III  THRU  98 80 81 83	60.2% 8.4% on Point Eastbou RIGHT 70 50 63 56 239 73.5% .854 on Point Eastbou RIGHT	1.0% 0.1%  Road	13.9%  APP.TOTAL  85 81 83 76 325 .956  APP.TOTAL  274 277 281 282	100.0%  Total  1085 995 987 1045 4112  .947  Total  1460 1571 1526 1454	
Apprch % Total %  AM PEAK HOUR START TIME Peak Hour Fo 07:45 08:30 Total Volume % App Total PHF  PM PEAK HOUR START TIME Peak HOUR START TIME Peak HOUR 17:00 17:15 17:30 17:45 Total Volume	8.4% 2.3% LEFT Lelysis From Entire In 16 10 14 51 5.0% 797 LEFT Lelysis From Entire In 43 39 50 42	83.9% 23.1% THRU om 07:45 ntersection 253 214 215 263 945 898 E THRU om 17:00 ntersection 340 343 288 315 1286	7.5% 2.1%  E Bidwell S Southboo 10 RIGHT 10 08:45 n Begins a 7 4 10 11 32 3.1% .727  E Bidwell S Southboo RIGHT to 18:00 n Begins a 51 32 47 55 185	0.2% 0.0% Street und	27.5%  APP.TOTAL  271 234 235 288 1028 .892  APP.TOTAL  435 414 388	63.2% 9.0% LEFT 125 142 117 108 492 63.2% .866 LEFT 119 99 106 78 402	21.9% 3.1% III THRU 47 54 59 44 204 26.2% .864 III THRU 31 23 38 35 5127	14.9% 2.1%  on Point Westbox  16 14 33 19 82 10.5% .621  on Point Westbox  RIGHT  34 39 39 39 34 146	0.0% 0.0% Road Ind UTURNS 0 0 0 0 0.0% .000 Road Ind UTURNS	14.3%  APP.TOTAL  188 210 209 171 778 .926  APP.TOTAL  184 161 183	21.4% 9.5% LEFT 169 111 124 102 506 25.5% .749 LEFT 94 135 126 119	57.2% 25.3% E THRU 299 277 269 330 1175 59.3% .890 E THRU 328 403 377 359 1467	18.2% 8.1% 8.1% Northbool RIGHT 62 64 54 51 231 11.7% .902 E Bidwell S Northbool RIGHT	3.3% 1.4%  Street	44.3%  APP.TOTAL  541 470 460 510 1981 .915  APP.TOTAL  567 719 674	14.2% 2.0% LEFT 7 11 7 10 35 10.8% .795 LEFT 43 35 40 50 168	24.6% 3.4% III THRU 8 20 12 8 48 14.8% .600 III THRU 98 80 81 83 342	60.2% 8.4% on Point Eastbou RIGHT 70 50 63 56 239 73.5% .854 on Point Eastbou RIGHT	1.0% 0.1%  Road nd   UTURNS   0 0 1 2 3 0.9% .375  Road nd   UTURNS   1 4 4 3 4 4 12	13.9%  APP.TOTAL  85 81 83 76 325 .956  APP.TOTAL  274 277 281	100.0%  Total  1085 995 987 1045 4112  947  Total  1460 1571 1526	
Apprch % Total %  AM PEAK HOUR START TIME Peak Hour An Peak Hour Fo 07:45 08:00 08:15 08:30 Total Volume % App Total PHF  PM PEAK HOUR START TIME Peak Hour An Peak Hour Fo 17:00 17:15 17:30 17:45	8.4% 2.3%  LEFT relysis From Entire In 16 10 14 51 5.0% 7.797  LEFT relysis From Entire In 43 39 50 42	83.9% 23.1% E THRU om 07:45 ntersection 253 214 215 263 945 91.9% .898 E THRU om 17:00 ntersection 340 343 288 315	7.5% 2.1%  E Bidwell \$ Southboo Ridger   RIGHT   to 08:45   n Begins a   10   11   32   3.1%   .727  E Bidwell \$ Southboo Ridger   RIGHT   to 18:00   n Begins a   51   32   47   55	0.2% 0.0%  Street und  UTURNS at 07:45 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	27.5%  APP.TOTAL  271 234 235 288 1028 .892  APP.TOTAL  435 414 388 412	125 142 117 108 492 63.2% .866 LEFT	21.9% 3.1% III THRU 47 54 59 44 20.4 26.2% .864 III THRU 31 23 38 35	14.9% 2.1% on Point Westbox RIGHT 16 14 33 19 82 10.5% .621 on Point Westbox RIGHT 34 39 39 34	0.0% 0.0% Road Ind UTURNS 0 0 0 0 0.0% .000 Road Ind UTURNS	14.3%  APP.TOTAL  188 210 209 171 778 .926  APP.TOTAL  184 161 183 147	21.4% 9.5% LEFT  169 111 124 102 506 25.5% .749  LEFT  94 135 126 119	57.2% 25.3% E THRU 299 277 269 330 1175 59.3% .890 E THRU 328 403 377 359	18.2% 8.1% 8.1% Northbot RIGHT 62 64 51 231 11.7% .902 E Bidwell S Northbot RIGHT	3.3% 1.4%  Street und  UTURNS  11 18 13 27 69 3.5% .639  Street und  UTURNS  UTURNS	44.3%  APP.TOTAL  541 470 460 510 1981  .915  APP.TOTAL  567 719 674 613	14.2% 2.0% 2.0% 10.25 10.8% 795 10.8% 795 10.8% 10.8% 10.8%	24.6% 3.4% III THRU  8 20 12 8 48 14.8% .600  III  THRU  98 80 81 83	60.2% 8.4% on Point Eastbou RIGHT 70 50 63 56 239 73.5% .854 on Point Eastbou RIGHT	1.0% 0.1%  Road	13.9%  APP.TOTAL  85 81 83 76 325 .956  APP.TOTAL  274 277 281 282	100.0%  Total  1085 995 987 1045 4112  .947  Total  1460 1571 1526 1454	

City of Folsom All Vehicles on Unshifted Peds & Bikes on Bank 1 Nothing on Bank 2

(916) 771-8700 orders@atdtraffic.com

File Name: 14-7139-006 Empire Ranch Road-Iron Point Road.ppd

Date: 3/11/2014

	Empire Ranch Road Iron Point Road																1.	D-!	DI		1	
							ı											ron Point				
			Southbou				LTUBU	Westbou				LTUBU	Northbo				LTUBU	Eastbou				11
START TIME	LEFT	THRU			APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT		APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	•	UTURNS	-	LEFT	THRU		UTURNS		Total	Uturn Total
07:00	1	0	63	0	64	0	19	0	0	19	0	0	0	0	0	20	5	0	0	25	108	0
07:15	0	0	72	1	73	0	22	3	0	25	0	0	0	0	0	20	7	0	0	27	125	1
07:30	0	0	60	0	60	0	20	2	0	22	0	0	0	0	0	17	15	0	1	33	115	1
07:45	2	0	102	0	104	0	29	5	0	34	0	0	0	0	0	22	16	0	0	38	176	0
Total	3	0	297	1	301	0	90	10	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	79	43	0	1	123	524	2
_											_										_	
08:00	6	0	85	0	91	0	45	5	0	50	0	0	0	0	0	29	43	0	1	73	214	1
08:15	7	0	69	0	76	0	91	7	0	98	0	0	0	0	0	27	36	0	1	64	238	1
08:30	1	0	64	0	65	0	35	2	0	37	0	0	0	0	0	19	7	0	0	26	128	0
08:45	2	0	61	0	63	0	15	2	0	17	0	0	0	0	0	8	11	0	0	19	99	0
Total	16	0	279	0	295	0	186	16	0	202	0	0	0	0	0	83	97	0	2	182	679	2
•						•										•						
16:00	0	0	39	0	39	0	16	4	0	20	0	0	0	0	0	50	21	0	0	71	130	0
16:15	0	0	30	0	30	0	8	3	0	11	0	0	0	0	0	60	21	0	0	81	122	0
16:30	0	0	24	0	24	0	11	5	0	16	0	0	0	0	0	60	20	0	1	81	121	1
16:45	1	0	41	1	43	0	8	3	0	11	0	0	0	0	0	69	21	0	0	90	144	1
Total	1	0	134	1	136	0	43	15	0	58	0	0	0	0	0	239	83	0	1	323	517	2
'						•										•						
17:00	2	0	34	1	37	0	19	2	0	21	0	0	0	0	0	95	20	0	0	115	173	1
17:15	1	0	23	0	24	0	14	1	0	15	0	0	0	0	0	91	38	0	0	129	168	0
17:30	0	0	40	0	40	0	16	1	0	17	0	0	0	0	0	105	37	0	1	143	200	1
17:45	0	0	31	1	32	0	7	1	0	8	0	0	0	0	0	76	21	0	0	97	137	1
Total	3	0	128	2	133	0	56	5	0	61	0	0	0	0	0	367	116	0	1	484	678	3
								-		-	,				-			-				_
Grand Total	23	0	838	4	865	0	375	46	0	421	0	0	0	0	0	768	339	0	5	1112	2398	9
Apprch %	2.7%	0.0%	96.9%	0.5%		0.0%	89.1%	10.9%	0.0%		0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	-	69.1%	30.5%	0.0%	0.4%			-
Total %	1.0%	0.0%	34.9%	0.2%	36.1%	0.0%	15.6%	1.9%	0.0%	17.6%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	32.0%	14.1%	0.0%	0.2%	46.4%	100.0%	
10141 /0	1.070	0.070	31.070	0.273	00.170	0.070	10.070	1.0 /0	0.070	17.070	0.070	0.070	0.0 /0	0.070	0.070	02.070	70	0.070	0.2 /3	10.175		

City of Folsom All Vehicles on Unshifted Peds & Bikes on Bank 1 Nothing on Bank 2

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File Name : 14-7139-006 Empire Ranch Road-Iron Point Road.ppd

Date: 3/11/2014

									Ulisiiii	tea Count	= All Ve	ilicies									_
AM PEAK		Em	pire Ranch	n Road			Ire	on Point F	Road								lr	ron Point I	Road		I
HOUR			Southbou	ınd				Westbou	ınd				Northbou	ınd				Eastbou	nd	ļ	I
START TIME	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	Total
Peak Hour An	alysis Fro	m 07:45	to 08:45		-										-						
Peak Hour Fo	r Entire Ir	ntersection	n Begins a	at 07:45																	
07:45	2	0	102	0	104	0	29	5	0	34	0	0	0	0	0	22	16	0	0	38	176
08:00	6	0	85	0	91	0	45	5	0	50	0	0	0	0	0	29	43	0	1	73	214
08:15	7	0	69	0	76	0	91	7	0	98	0	0	0	0	0	27	36	0	1	64	238
08:30	1	0	64	0	65	0	35	2	0	37	0	0	0	0	0	19	7	0	0	26	128
Total Volume	16	0	320	0	336	0	200	19	0	219	0	0	0	0	0	97	102	0	2	201	756
% App Total	4.8%	0.0%	95.2%	0.0%		0.0%	91.3%	8.7%	0.0%		0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%		48.3%	50.7%	0.0%	1.0%		<u> </u>
PHF	.571	.000	.784	.000	.808.	.000	.549	.679	.000	.559	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.836	.593	.000	.500	.688	.794

PM PEAK		Em	pire Ranch	n Road			Ir	on Point F	Road								Ir	on Point F	Road		l
HOUR			Southbou	nd				Westbou	nd				Northbou	ınd				Eastbou	nd		ł
START TIME	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	Total
Peak Hour An	alysis Fro	m 16:45	to 17:45																		
Peak Hour Fo	r Entire Ir	ntersectio	n Begins a	t 16:45																	
16:45	1	0	41	1	43	0	8	3	0	11	0	0	0	0	0	69	21	0	0	90	144
17:00	2	0	34	1	37	0	19	2	0	21	0	0	0	0	0	95	20	0	0	115	173
17:15	1	0	23	0	24	0	14	1	0	15	0	0	0	0	0	91	38	0	0	129	168
17:30	0	0	40	0	40	0	16	1	0	17	0	0	0	0	0	105	37	0	1	143	200
Total Volume	4	0	138	2	144	0	57	7	0	64	0	0	0	0	0	360	116	0	1	477	685
% App Total	2.8%	0.0%	95.8%	1.4%		0.0%	89.1%	10.9%	0.0%		0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%		75.5%	24.3%	0.0%	0.2%		ł
PHF	.500	.000	.841	.500	.837	.000	.750	.583	.000	.762	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.857	.763	.000	.250	.834	.856

City of Folsom All Vehicles on Unshifted Peds & Bikes on Bank 1 Nothing on Bank 2

(916) 771-8700 orders@atdtraffic.com

File Name: 13-7632-004 E Bidwell Street-Placerville Road.ppd

Date: 11/5/2013

rtouring on	Dank 2								Unshir	fted Count	= All Veh	nicles										
		Е	Bidwell				F	Placerville				E	Bidwell				US 50 V		nd On Ramp		1	
		LEUDII	Southbo					Westbou				<b>TUDU</b>	Northbo				TUDU	Eastbou				I
START TIME 07:00	LEFT 26	THRU 143	293	UTURNS 0	APP.TOTAL 462	LEFT 0	THRU 0	RIGHT 52	UTURNS 0	APP.TOTAL 52	LEFT 0	THRU 190	29	0	APP.TOTAL 219	LEFT 0	THRU 0	0 RIGHT	UTURNS 0	APP.TOTAL 0	Total 733	Uturn Total 0
07:00		153	233	0	415	0	0	59	0	59	0	240	24	0	264	0	0	0	0	0	738	0
07:30		219	222	0	480	ő	Ö	57	0	57	0	329	22	0	351	Ö	0	Ö	0	0	888	0
07:45	43	177	250	0	470	0	0	86	0	86	0	443	44	0	487	0	0	0	0	0	1043	0
Total	137	692	998	0	1827	0	0	254	0	254	0	1202	119	0	1321	0	0	0	0	0	3402	0
08:00	43	163	214	0	420	l o	0	81	0	81	Ιo	396	29	0	425	Ιo	0	0	0	0	926	0
08:15		160	198	0	400	0	0	73	0	73	0	377	40	0	417	0	0	0	0	0	890	0
08:30		196	226	Ō	467	Ō	ō	113	0	113	0	418	32	0	450	0	Ō	Ō	0	0	1030	Ō
08:45	40	165	155	0	360	0	0	69	0	69	0	501	32	0	533	0	0	0	0	0	962	0
Total	170	684	793	0	1647	0	0	336	0	336	0	1692	133	0	1825	0	0	0	0	0	3808	0
16:00		347	209	0	605	0	0	87	0	87	0	465	19	0	484	0	0	0	0	0	1176	0
16:15		332	166	0	557	0	0	93	0	93	0	484	29	0	513	0	0	0	0	0	1163	0
16:30		365	191	0	601	0	0	119	0	119	0	484	19	0	503	0	0	0	0	0	1223	0
16:45 Total	36 189	330 1374	151 717	0	517 2280	0	0	88 387	0	88 387	0	603 2036	22 89	0	625 2125	0	0	0	0	0	1230 4792	0
Total	169	13/4	/1/	U	2280	0	U	367	U	307	0	2036	69	U	2125	1 0	U	U	U	U	4/92	U
17:00		355	198	0	611	0	0	114	0	114	0	488	28	0	516	0	0	0	0	0	1241	0
17:15		374	194	0	618	0	0	118	0	118	0	564	29	0	593	0	0	0	0	0	1329	0
17:30		341	185	0	581	0	0	100	0	100	0	590	26	0	616	0	0	0	0	0	1297	0
17:45 Total	45 208	335 1405	180 757	0	560 2370	0	0	65 397	0	65 397	0	522 2164	22 105	0	544 2269	0	0	0	0	0	1169 5036	0
TOTAL	200	1405	757	U	2370	0	U	397	U	391	0	2104	103	U	2209	1 0	U	U	U	U	5036	U
Grand Total	704	4155	3265	0	8124	0	0	1374	0	1374	0	7094	446	0	7540	0	0	0	0	0	17038	0
Apprch %		51.1%	40.2%	0.0%		0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%		0.0%	94.1%	5.9%	0.0%		0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%			
Total %	4.1%	24.4%	19.2%	0.0%	47.7%	0.0%	0.0%	8.1%	0.0%	8.1%	0.0%	41.6%	2.6%	0.0%	44.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	
AM PEAK		E	Bidwell	Street			F	Placerville	Road			Е	Bidwell	Street			US 50 V	Nestboun	nd On Ramp		1	
HOUR			Southbo					Westbou					Northbo					Eastbou				_
START TIME				UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	Total	
Peak Hour An	,																					
Peak Hour Fo			n Begins : 250		470	l o	0	00	0	86	۱ ۵	443	4.4	0	487	Ιo	0	0	0	0	1043	
07:45 08:00	43	177 163	250 214	0	470	0	0	86 81	0	81	0	396	44 29	0 0	487 425	0	0	0	0	0	926	
08:15	-	160	198	0	400	0	0	73	0	73	0	377	40	0	423	0	0	0	0	0	890	
08:30	45	196	226	0	467	0	Ō	113	0	113	0	418	32	0	450	0	0	0	0	0	1030	
Total Volume	173	696	888	0	1757	0	0	353	0	353	0	1634	145	0	1779	0	0	0	0	0	3889	_
% App Total PHF	9.8%	39.6%	.888	.000	.935	.000	.000	.781	.000	.781	.000	91.8%	8.2% .824	.000	.913	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.932	_
	.961	.000	.000	.000	.935	.000	.000	./01	.000	./61	.000	.922	.824	.000	.913	.000				.000	.932	
PM PEAK HOUR		Е	Bidwell				F	Placerville				E	Bidwell				US 50 V		nd On Ramp		]	
START TIME	LEFT	THRII	Southbo		APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	Westbou	UTURNS	ADD TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	Northbo		APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	Eastbou	UTURNS	ADD TOTAL	Total	7
Peak Hour An				LOTOKNO	AFF.IOIAL		111110	NOTT	O I OININO	ALF. TOTAL		111110		O I OININO	ACT. TOTAL	LLII	711110	NOTT	O I OININO	ALT. TOTAL	1 Oldi	_
Peak Hour Fo				at 16:45																		
16:45		330	151	0	517	0	0	88	0	88	0	603	22	0	625	0	0	0	0	0	1230	
17:00		355	198	0	611	0	0	114	0	114	0	488	28	0	516	0	0	0	0	0	1241	
17:15		374	194	0	618	0	0	118	0	118	0	564	29	0	593	0	0	0	0	0	1329	
17:30	55 199	341 1400	185 728	0	581 2327	0	0	100 420	0	100 420	0	590 2245	26 105	0	616 2350	0	0	0	0	0	1297 5097	_
Total Volume % App Total	8.6%	60.2%	31.3%	0.0%	2321	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	420	0.0%	95.5%	4.5%	0.0%	2300	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	U	5097	
PHF		.936	.919	.000	.941	.000	.000	.890	.000	.890	.000	.931	.905	.000	.940	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.959	_
					-																	

City of Folsom All Vehicles on Unshifted Peds & Bikes on Bank 1 Nothing on Bank 2

(916) 771-8700 orders@atdtraffic.com

File Name: 13-7632-005 E Bidwell Street-US 50 Westbound Ramps.ppd

Date: 11/5/2013

									Unshif	fted Count	= All Veh	nicles										
		Е	Bidwell S				US 50		nd Ramps			Е	Bidwell S				US 50		ind Ramps			
OTA DT TIME	LEFT	THRU	Southbo		ADD TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	Westbou		ADD TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	Northbou		APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	Eastbou	ınd Tuturnsi	ADD TOTAL	T-1-1	T. 11 Tatal
START TIME 07:00	0	138	0	0 0	APP.TOTAL	38	0	115	0	APP.TOTAL	0	108	RIGHT 10	UTURNS 0	118	0	0	0 RIGHT	1010KNS] 0	APP.TOTAL	Total 409	Utum Total
07:00	0	153	0	0	153	49	0	157	0	206	0	105	7	0	112		0	0	0	0	471	0
07:30	0	210	0	0	210	55	0	189	0	244	l ő	177	11	0	188	0	0	0	0	0	642	0
07:30	0	180	0	0	180	40	0	238	0	278	l ő	228	23	0	251	0	0	0	0	0	709	0
Total	0	681	0	0	681	182	0	699	0	881	0	618	51	0	669	0	0	0	0	0	2231	0
Total	U	001	U	U	001	102	U	055	U	001	0	010	01	U	009	0	U	U	U	U	2231	U
08:00	0	166	0	0	166	37	0	235	0	272	Ιo	188	8	0	196	I 0	0	0	0	0	634	0
08:15	0	159	0	0	159	31	0	228	0	259	l ő	193	12	0	205	0	0	0	0	0	623	0
08:30	0	198	0	0	198	15	0	257	0	272	lő	201	13	0	214	0	0	0	0	0	684	0
08:45	0	158	0	0	158	12	0	277	0	289	l ő	233	13	0	246	0	0	0	0	0	693	0
Total	0	681	0	0	681	95	0	997	0	1092	0	815	46	0	861	0	0	0	0	0	2634	0
rotar	0	001	O	Ü	001	00	O	551	Ü	1002	. •	010	10	Ü	001	1 0	Ü	O	Ü	0	2001	Ü
16:00	0	334	0	0	334	12	0	190	0	202	0	275	16	0	291	<b>I</b> 0	0	0	0	0	827	0
16:15	0	350	0	0	350	11	0	206	0	217	0	300	26	0	326	0	0	0	0	0	893	0
16:30	0	345	0	0	345	15	0	209	0	224	0	311	37	0	348	0	0	0	0	0	917	0
16:45	0	349	0	0	349	13	0	243	0	256	0	358	34	0	392	0	0	0	0	0	997	0
Total	0	1378	0	0	1378	51	0	848	0	899	0	1244	113	0	1357	0	0	0	0	0	3634	0
17:00	0	346	0	0	346	16	0	216	0	232	l o	326	28	0	354	Ιo	0	0	0	0	932	0
17:15	0	385	Ō	0	385	17	0	267	Ō	284	Ō	324	28	Ō	352	0	0	0	0	0	1021	0
17:30	0	325	0	0	325	14	Ō	268	0	282	0	328	23	0	351	0	0	0	0	0	958	0
17:45	0	332	Ö	Ö	332	9	0	262	Ö	271	Ö	287	15	Ö	302	o o	Ô	Ö	Õ	Ö	905	Ö
Total	0	1388	0	0	1388	56	0	1013	0	1069	0	1265	94	0	1359	0	0	0	0	0	3816	0
Grand Total	0	4128	0	0	4128	384	0	3557	0	3941	0	3942	304	0	4246	0	0	0	0	0	12315	0
Apprch %	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%		9.7%	0.0%	90.3%	0.0%		0.0%	92.8%	7.2%	0.0%		0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%			
Total %	0.0%	33.5%	0.0%	0.0%	33.5%	3.1%	0.0%	28.9%	0.0%	32.0%	0.0%	32.0%	2.5%	0.0%	34.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	
- AMBEAU											ı											
AM PEAK		ь	Bidwell				US 50		nd Ramps			E	Bidwell S				US 50		ind Ramps			
HOUR		Laurani	Southbo				L	Westbou					Northbou					Eastbou				_
START TIME	LEFT	THRU		UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	Total	_
Peak Hour An				. 07. 45																		
Peak Hour Fo					400	I 40	0	000	0	070	۱ ۵	000	00		054	۱ ۵	0	0	0	0	I 700	
07:45		180	0	0	180	40	0	238	0	278	0	228	23	0	251	0	0	0	0	0	709	
08:00	0	166	0	0	166	37	0	235	0	272	0	188	8	0	196	0	0	0	0	0	634	
08:15	0	159	0	0	159	31	0	228	0	259	0	193	12	0	205	0	0	0	0	0	623	
08:30	0	198	0	0	198	15	0	257	0	272	0	201	13	0	214	0	0	0	0	0	684	_
Total Volume	0	703	0	0	703	123	0	958	0	1081	0	810	56	0	866	0	0	0	0	0	2650	
% App Total PHF	.000	100.0% .888	.000	.000	.888	11.4% .769	.000	.932	.000	.972	.000	93.5%	6.5%	.000	.863	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.934	_
PM PEAK			Bidwell S	Stroot			110 50	Weethou	nd Ramps		· I		Bidwell S	Stroot		· -	110 50	\ \/\oethou	ind Ramps		· I	
HOUR		_	Southbo				00 00	Westbou			1		Northbou				00 00	Eastbou				
START TIME	LEET	THRU			APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU		UTURNS	ADD TOTAL	LEFT	THRU			APP:TOTAL	LEFT	THRU		UTURNS	ADD TOTAL	Total	7
Peak Hour An				10101110	/ I I I O IAL				0.0000	74 I HOTAL			1	10101110	1741 HOTAL	'	111110	1 .40.11	1010140	/ II II OIAL	10(0)	_
Peak Hour Fo				at 16:45																		
16:45	0	349	0	0	349	13	0	243	0	256	l 0	358	34	0	392	l 0	0	0	0	0	997	
17:00	0	349	0	0	349	16	0	216	0	232	0	326	28	0	354	1 0	0	0	0	0	932	
17:00	0	385	0	0	385	17	0	267	0	284	0	324	28	0	352	0	0	0	0	0	1021	
17:13	0	325	0	0	325	14	0	268	0	282	0	328	23	0	351		0	0	0	0	958	
Total Volume	0	1405	0	0	1405	60	0	994	0	1054	0	1336	113	0	1449	0	0	0	0	0	3908	_
% App Total	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	1400	5.7%	0.0%	94.3%	0.0%	1004	0.0%	92.2%	7.8%	0.0%	פויייו	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	U	3500	
% App Total PHF		.912	.000	.000	.912	.882	.000	.927	.000	.928	.000	.933	.831	.000	.924	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.957	-
FITE	.000	.312	.000	.000	∠ا ن.	.002	.000	.021	.000	.020		.900	.001	.000	.024		.000	.000	.000	.000	.301	

City of Folsom All Vehicles on Unshifted Peds & Bikes on Bank 1 Nothing on Bank 2

(916) 771-8700 orders@atdtraffic.com

File Name: 13-7632-006 E Bidwell Street-US 50 Eastbound Ramps.ppd

Date: 11/5/2013

Unshifted Count = All Vehi	cles
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Ü									Unshi	fted Count	= All Vel	hicles										
		Е	Bidwell S	Street			US 50	) Eastbou	nd Ramps			E	Bidwell S	Street			US 50	) Eastboui	nd Ramps			
			Southboo	und				Westbou	nd				Northboo	und				Eastbou	nd			
START TIME	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	Total	Uturn Total
07:00	0	75	99	0	174	0	0	0	0	0	0	28	10	0	38	81	0	7	0	88	300	0
07:15	0	100	105	0	205	0	0	0	0	0	0	19	13	0	32	98	0	12	0	110	347	0
07:30	0	95	165	0	260	0	0	0	0	0	0	57	22	0	79	125	0	5	0	130	469	0
07:45	0	91	136	0	227	0	0	0	0	0	0	60	22	0	82	197	0	9	0	206	515	0
Total	0	361	505	0	866	0	0	0	0	0	0	164	67	0	231	501	0	33	0	534	1631	0
•						•										•						
08:00	0	69	128	0	197	0	0	0	0	0	0	42	30	0	72	149	0	8	0	157	426	0
08:15	0	64	128	0	192	0	0	0	0	0	0	45	31	0	76	165	0	11	0	176	444	0
08:30	0	49	152	0	201	0	0	0	0	0	0	58	29	0	87	156	0	10	0	166	454	0
08:45	0	39	139	0	178	0	0	0	0	0	0	49	27	0	76	194	0	10	0	204	458	0
Total	0	221	547	0	768	0	0	0	0	0	0	194	117	0	311	664	0	39	0	703	1782	0
16:00	0	72	269	0	341	0	0	0	0	0	0	46	28	0	74	257	0	9	0	266	681	0
16:15	0	74	280	0	354	0	0	0	0	0	0	63	45	0	108	257	0	8	0	265	727	0
16:30	0	86	285	0	371	0	0	0	0	0	0	72	44	0	116	292	0	12	0	304	791	0
16:45	0	63	296	0	359	0	0	0	0	0	0	79	44	0	123	301	0	13	0	314	796	0
Total	0	295	1130	0	1425	0	0	0	0	0	0	260	161	0	421	1107	0	42	0	1149	2995	0
17:00	0	76	305	0	381	0	0	0	0	0	0	92	45	0	137	268	0	10	0	278	796	0
17:15	0	81	304	0	385	0	0	0	0	0	0	91	35	0	126	247	0	13	0	260	771	0
17:30	0	60	286	0	346	0	0	0	0	0	0	86	51	0	137	262	0	17	0	279	762	0
17:45	0	48	275	0	323	0	0	0	0	0	0	54	47	0	101	263	0	11	0	274	698	0
Total	0	265	1170	0	1435	0	0	0	0	0	0	323	178	0	501	1040	0	51	0	1091	3027	0
Grand Total	0	1142	3352	0	4494	0	0	0	0	0	0	941	523	0	1464	3312	0	165	0	3477	9435	0
Apprch %	0.0%	25.4%	74.6%	0.0%		0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%		0.0%	64.3%	35.7%	0.0%		95.3%	0.0%	4.7%	0.0%			
Total %	0.0%	12.1%	35.5%	0.0%	47.6%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	10.0%	5.5%	0.0%	15.5%	35.1%	0.0%	1.7%	0.0%	36.9%	100.0%	
AM PEAK	1		Bidwell	211		1	110.50	. F	I D		1		Bidwell S	N			110.50	. F th	I D		i	
HOUR							05 50		nd Ramps			t					05 50		nd Ramps			
	LEFT	THRU	Southboo		APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	Westbou		APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	Northbou	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	Eastbou		APP.TOTAL	T-4-1	7
START TIME Peak Hour An				UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFI	ITRU	KIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFI	ITRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFI	IHKU	KIGHI	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	Total	1
Peak Hour Fo				-+ 0 <del>7</del> .20																		
07:30		95	165	at 07:30 0	260	Ιo	0	0	0	0	0	57	22	0	79	125	0	5	0	130	469	
07:45	0	91	136	0	200	0	0	0	0	0	0	60	22	0	79 82	197	0	9	0	206	515	
07:45	0	69	128	0	197	0	0	0	0	0	0	42	30	0	62 72	149	0	8	0	206 157	426	
08:15	0	64	128	0	192	0	0	0	0	0	0	45	31	0	72 76	165	0	11	0	176	444	
Total Volume	0	319	557	0	876	0	0	0	0	0	0	204	105	0	309	636	0	33	0	669	1854	-
% App Total	0.0%	36.4%	63.6%	0.0%	0/0	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	U	0.0%	66.0%	34.0%	0.0%	309	95.1%	0.0%	4.9%	0.0%	009	1004	
% App Total		.839	.844	.000	.842	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.850	.847	.000	.942	.807	.000	.750	.000	.812	.900	-
	.000	.033	.044	.000	.042	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.030	.047	.000	.942	.007	.000	.730	.000	.012	.900	
PM PEAK		F	Bidwell S	Street		1	LIS 50	) Fasthoui	nd Ramps			F	Bidwell S	Street			LIS 50	) Fasthou	nd Ramps			
HOUR		_	Southbo				0000	Westbou					Northbou				00 00	Eastbou				
START TIME	LEFT	THRU			APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU		UTURNS	APP TOTAL	LEFT	THRU		UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU			APP.TOTAL	Total	7
Peak Hour An				0101110	ATTIOTAL		111110	MOIII	0101110	AIT.TOTAL		111110	INIOIII	0101110	ALLIOTAL		111110	MOIII	OTORINO	AIT.TOTAL	rotai	_
Peak Hour Fo				at 16:30																		
16:30	l 0	86	285	0	371	0	0	0	0	0	0	72	44	0	116	292	0	12	0	304	791	
16:45	0	63	296	0	359	0	0	0	0	0	0	72 79	44	0	123	301	0	13	0	314	796	
17:00	0	76	305	0	381	0	0	0	0	0	0	92	45	0	137	268	0	10	0	278	796	
17:15	0	81	304	0	385	0	0	0	0	0	0	91	35	0	126	247	0	13	0	260	771	
Total Volume	0	306	1190	0	1496	0	0	0	0	0	0	334	168	0	502	1108	0	48	0	1156	3154	_
% App Total	0.0%	20.5%	79.5%	0.0%	. 700	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	3	0.0%	66.5%	33.5%	0.0%	552	95.8%	0.0%	4.2%	0.0%		5704	
PHF		.890	.975	.000	.971	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.908	.933	.000	.916	.920	.000	.923	.000	.920	.991	_
	.000	.000	.010	.000	.011		.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.010	.020	.000	.020	.000	.020	.001	

City of Folsom All Vehicles on Unshifted Peds & Bikes on Bank 1 Nothing on Bank 2

(916) 771-8700 orders@atdtraffic.com

File Name: 14-7318-007 El Dorado Hills Boulevard-US 50 WB Ramps.

Date: 5/15/2014

		ELDa	rada Hilla I	Boulevard				Saratoga		neu Count	<u> </u>		Latrobe R	and			1.10	S 50 WB F	Domno		1	
		EI DOI						_	•				Northbou				U					
OT 4 DT TU 45	LEET	TUDU	Southbou		T		TUDU	Westbou		J		TUDU					TUDU	Eastbou		T	<b>-</b>	T
START TIME	LEFT	THRU		UTURNS		LEFT	THRU			APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU			APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU		UTURNS		Total	Uturn Total
07:00	5	110	250	0	365	15	18	11	0	44	86	112	23	0	221	35	17	99	0	151	781	0
07:15	10	153	246	0	409	17	36	9	0	62	92	93	20	0	205	33	20	160	0	213	889	0
07:30	11	199	264	0	474	16	25	11	0	52	109	102	26	0	237	38	9	164	0	211	974	0
07:45	13	234	264	0	511	21	31	13	0	65	94	126	23	0	243	51	20	205	0	276	1095	0
Total	39	696	1024	0	1759	69	110	44	0	223	381	433	92	0	906	157	66	628	0	851	3739	0
08:00	12	228	235	0	475	28	29	11	0	68	138	115	34	0	287	30	20	166	0	216	1046	0
08:15	13	164	200	0	377	24	28	8	0	60	120	153	25	0	298	34	12	160	0	206	941	0
08:30	16	133	197	0	346	19	30	8	0	57	116	121	22	0	259	39	12	115	0	166	828	0
08:45	8	182	175	0	365	20	22	3	0	45	106	184	37	0	327	43	11	107	0	161	898	0
Total	49	707	807	0	1563	91	109	30	0	230	480	573	118	0	1171	146	55	548	0	749	3713	0
•						•					•					•					•	
16:00	10	114	83	0	207	30	23	18	0	71	275	296	57	0	628	34	11	65	0	110	1016	0
16:15	15	130	112	0	257	33	22	21	0	76	228	334	52	0	614	41	19	71	0	131	1078	0
16:30	13	145	103	0	261	38	13	21	0	72	262	319	73	0	654	27	15	72	0	114	1101	0
16:45	16	135	102	0	253	45	20	26	0	91	260	326	83	0	669	41	14	80	0	135	1148	0
Total	54	524	400	0	978	146	78	86	0	310	1025	1275	265	0	2565	143	59	288	0	490	4343	0
											ı					<u>ı</u>					ı	
17:00	10	117	109	0	236	42	22	23	0	87	273	316	77	0	666	40	16	79	0	135	1124	0
17:15	13	112	88	0	213	22	17	23	0	62	278	352	77	0	707	42	13	82	0	137	1119	0
17:30	13	123	98	0	234	32	25	21	0	78	238	366	67	0	671	44	10	80	0	134	1117	0
17:45	12	126	106	0	244	33	20	22	0	75	171	314	64	0	549	49	18	102	0	169	1037	0
Total	48	478	401	0	927	129	84	89	0	302	960	1348	285	0	2593	175	57	343	0	575	4397	0
rotar	10	170	101	Ü	027		0.	00	Ū	002	000	1010		Ū	2000		0,	0.10	v	070	1007	Ü
Grand Total	190	2405	2632	0	5227	435	381	249	0	1065	2846	3629	760	0	7235	621	237	1807	0	2665	16192	0
Apprch %	3.6%	46.0%	50.4%	0.0%	JLL!	40.8%	35.8%	23.4%	0.0%	1000	39.3%	50.2%	10.5%	0.0%	, 200	23.3%	8.9%	67.8%	0.0%	2000	10132	J
Total %	1.2%	14.9%	16.3%	0.0%	32.3%	2.7%	2.4%	1.5%	0.0%	6.6%	17.6%	22.4%	4.7%	0.0%	44.7%	3.8%	1.5%	11.2%	0.0%	16.5%	100.0%	
I Uldi %	1.270	14.5%	10.5%	0.076	32.370	2.170	2.4%	1.5%	0.0%	0.0%	17.0%	22.4%	4.770	0.0%	44.770	3.0%	1.5%	11.270	0.076	10.5%	100.0%	

City of Folsom All Vehicles on Unshifted Peds & Bikes on Bank 1 Nothing on Bank 2

(916) 771-8700 orders@atdtraffic.com

File Name : 14-7318-007 El Dorado Hills Boulevard-US 50 WB Ramps.<sub>1</sub> Date : 5/15/2014

									Unsni	ntea Count	= All ve	nicies									
AM PEAK		El Dor	ado Hills I	Boulevard			5	Saratoga \	Way				Latrobe R	oad			US	50 WB F	Ramps		1
HOUR			Southbou	ınd				Westbou	ınd				Northbou	ınd				Eastbou	nd		1
START TIME	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	Total
Peak Hour An	alysis Fro	om 07:30	to 08:30			-					-				·					·	
Peak Hour Fo	r Entire Ir	ntersectio	n Begins a	at 07:30																	
07:30	11	199	264	0	474	16	25	11	0	52	109	102	26	0	237	38	9	164	0	211	974
07:45	13	234	264	0	511	21	31	13	0	65	94	126	23	0	243	51	20	205	0	276	1095
08:00	12	228	235	0	475	28	29	11	0	68	138	115	34	0	287	30	20	166	0	216	1046
08:15	13	164	200	0	377	24	28	8	0	60	120	153	25	0	298	34	12	160	0	206	941
Total Volume	49	825	963	0	1837	89	113	43	0	245	461	496	108	0	1065	153	61	695	0	909	4056
% App Total	2.7%	44.9%	52.4%	0.0%		36.3%	46.1%	17.6%	0.0%		43.3%	46.6%	10.1%	0.0%		16.8%	6.7%	76.5%	0.0%		1
PHF	.942	.881	.912	.000	.899	.795	.911	.827	.000	.901	.835	.810	.794	.000	.893	.750	.763	.848	.000	.823	.926

PM PEAK		El Dor	ado Hills E	Boulevard			S	Saratoga V	Vay				Latrobe R	oad			US	50 WB R	amps		
HOUR			Southbou	ınd				Westbou	nd				Northbou	ınd				Eastbour	nd		
START TIME	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	Total
Peak Hour An	alysis Fro	om 16:45 t	to 17:45																		
Peak Hour Fo	r Entire II	ntersection	n Begins a	at 16:45																	
16:45	16	135	102	0	253	45	20	26	0	91	260	326	83	0	669	41	14	80	0	135	1148
17:00	10	117	109	0	236	42	22	23	0	87	273	316	77	0	666	40	16	79	0	135	1124
17:15	13	112	88	0	213	22	17	23	0	62	278	352	77	0	707	42	13	82	0	137	1119
17:30	13	123	98	0	234	32	25	21	0	78	238	366	67	0	671	44	10	80	0	134	1117
Total Volume	52	487	397	0	936	141	84	93	0	318	1049	1360	304	0	2713	167	53	321	0	541	4508
% App Total	5.6%	52.0%	42.4%	0.0%		44.3%	26.4%	29.2%	0.0%		38.7%	50.1%	11.2%	0.0%		30.9%	9.8%	59.3%	0.0%		
PHF	.813	.902	.911	.000	.925	.783	.840	.894	.000	.874	.943	.929	.916	.000	.959	.949	.828	.979	.000	.987	.982

City of Folsom All Vehicles on Unshifted Peds & Bikes on Bank 1 Nothing on Bank 2

(916) 771-8700 orders@atdtraffic.com

File Name: 14-7318-008 Latrobe Road-US 50 EB Ramps.ppd

Date: 5/15/2014

										tea Count	- All Ve										1	
			Latrobe F				US	50 EB Off					Latrobe R				U	S 50 EB R				
			Southbo					Westbou					Northbou					Eastbour				
START TIME	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	Total	Uturn Total
07:00	21	195	0	0	216	0	0	65	0	65	0	167	47	0	214	0	0	200	0	200	695	0
07:15	53	289	0	0	342	0	0	63	0	63	0	136	46	0	182	0	0	229	0	229	816	0
07:30	65	308	0	0	373	0	0	76	0	76	0	157	65	0	222	0	0	227	0	227	898	0
07:45	77	390	0	0	467	0	0	93	0	93	0	165	51	0	216	0	0	226	0	226	1002	0
Total	216	1182	0	0	1398	0	0	297	0	297	0	625	209	0	834	0	0	882	0	882	3411	0
						-					•										-	
08:00	80	332	0	2	414	0	0	81	0	81	0	201	67	0	268	0	0	298	0	298	1061	2
08:15	38	324	0	0	362	0	0	89	0	89	0	208	60	0	268	0	0	275	0	275	994	0
08:30	34	227	0	0	261	0	0	78	0	78	0	203	59	0	262	0	0	262	0	262	863	0
08:45	57	263	0	0	320	0	0	103	0	103	0	200	46	0	246	0	0	277	0	277	946	0
Total	209	1146	0	2	1357	0	0	351	0	351	0	812	232	0	1044	0	0	1112	0	1112	3864	2
						-					•										-	
16:00	45	174	0	0	219	0	0	192	0	192	0	417	191	0	608	0	0	207	0	207	1226	0
16:15	48	190	0	0	238	0	0	213	0	213	0	376	136	0	512	0	0	164	0	164	1127	0
16:30	54	191	0	1	246	0	0	246	0	246	0	450	185	0	635	0	0	169	0	169	1296	1
16:45	52	218	0	0	270	0	0	215	0	215	0	421	182	0	603	0	0	189	0	189	1277	0
Total	199	773	0	1	973	0	0	866	0	866	0	1664	694	0	2358	0	0	729	0	729	4926	1
						-					•										-	
17:00	49	199	0	0	248	0	0	228	0	228	0	486	170	0	656	0	0	198	0	198	1330	0
17:15	51	159	0	0	210	0	0	237	0	237	0	438	193	0	631	0	0	246	0	246	1324	0
17:30	47	193	0	0	240	0	0	253	0	253	0	401	156	0	557	0	0	200	0	200	1250	0
17:45	38	212	0	1	251	0	0	250	0	250	0	307	137	0	444	0	0	215	0	215	1160	1
Total	185	763	0	1	949	0	0	968	0	968	0	1632	656	0	2288	0	0	859	0	859	5064	1
·	•'					•					•					•'					•	
Grand Total	809	3864	0	4	4677	0	0	2482	0	2482	0	4733	1791	0	6524	0	0	3582	0	3582	17265	4
Apprch %	17.3%	82.6%	0.0%	0.1%		0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%		0.0%	72.5%	27.5%	0.0%		0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%			
Total %	4.7%	22.4%	0.0%	0.0%	27.1%	0.0%	0.0%	14.4%	0.0%	14.4%	0.0%	27.4%	10.4%	0.0%	37.8%	0.0%	0.0%	20.7%	0.0%	20.7%	100.0%	
,						•					•					•					•	

City of Folsom All Vehicles on Unshifted Peds & Bikes on Bank 1 Nothing on Bank 2

(916) 771-8700 orders@atdtraffic.com

File Name : 14-7318-008 Latrobe Road-US 50 EB Ramps.ppd Date : 5/15/2014

									Unsni	nea Count	= All VE	enicies									_
AM PEAK		ı	_atrobe R	oad			US	50 EB Off	-Ramp				Latrobe R	oad			US	S 50 EB R	amps		ł
HOUR			Southbou	ınd				Westbou	nd				Northbou	ınd				Eastbou	nd		ł
START TIME	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	Total
Peak Hour An	alysis Fro	om 07:30 t	to 08:30		-										-					-	
Peak Hour Fo	r Entire Ir	ntersection	n Begins a	at 07:30																	
07:30	65	308	0	0	373	0	0	76	0	76	0	157	65	0	222	0	0	227	0	227	898
07:45	77	390	0	0	467	0	0	93	0	93	0	165	51	0	216	0	0	226	0	226	1002
08:00	80	332	0	2	414	0	0	81	0	81	0	201	67	0	268	0	0	298	0	298	1061
08:15	38	324	0	0	362	0	0	89	0	89	0	208	60	0	268	0	0	275	0	275	994
Total Volume	260	1354	0	2	1616	0	0	339	0	339	0	731	243	0	974	0	0	1026	0	1026	3955
% App Total	16.1%	83.8%	0.0%	0.1%		0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%		0.0%	75.1%	24.9%	0.0%		0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%		ĺ
PHF	.813	.868	.000	.250	.865	.000	.000	.911	.000	.911	.000	.879	.907	.000	.909	.000	.000	.861	.000	.861	.932

PM PEAK		l	atrobe Ro	oad			US	50 EB Off	-Ramp				Latrobe R	oad			US	S 50 EB R	amps		
HOUR			Southbou	nd				Westbour	nd				Northbou	ınd				Eastbour	nd		
START TIME	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	Total
Peak Hour An	alysis Fro	m 16:30 t	o 17:30																		
Peak Hour Fo	r Entire Ir	ntersection	n Begins a	t 16:30																	
16:30	54	191	0	1	246	0	0	246	0	246	0	450	185	0	635	0	0	169	0	169	1296
16:45	52	218	0	0	270	0	0	215	0	215	0	421	182	0	603	0	0	189	0	189	1277
17:00	49	199	0	0	248	0	0	228	0	228	0	486	170	0	656	0	0	198	0	198	1330
17:15	51	159	0	0	210	0	0	237	0	237	0	438	193	0	631	0	0	246	0	246	1324
Total Volume	206	767	0	1	974	0	0	926	0	926	0	1795	730	0	2525	0	0	802	0	802	5227
% App Total	21.1%	78.7%	0.0%	0.1%		0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%		0.0%	71.1%	28.9%	0.0%		0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%		
PHF	.954	.880	.000	.250	.902	.000	.000	.941	.000	.941	.000	.923	.946	.000	.962	.000	.000	.815	.000	.815	.983

City of Rancho Cordova All Vehicles on Unshifted Peds & Bikes on Bank 1 Nothing on Bank 2 (916) 771-8700 orders@atdtraffic.com

File Name: 14-7317-006 Scott Road East-White Rock Road.ppd

Date: 5/8/2014

										tea Count	= All Ve	enicies									1	
			cott Road				W	hite Rock					Drivew	,			W	hite Rock				
			Southboo					Westbou					Northbo					Eastbou				
START TIME	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	Total	Uturn Total
07:00	18	0	64	0	82	0	45	9	0	54	0	0	0	0	0	28	32	0	0	60	196	0
07:15	14	0	55	0	69	0	91	11	0	102	0	0	0	0	0	31	48	0	0	79	250	0
07:30	19	0	70	0	89	0	114	15	0	129	0	0	0	0	0	46	39	0	0	85	303	0
07:45	19	0	76	0	95	0	130	23	0	153	0	0	0	0	0	64	50	0	0	114	362	0
Total	70	0	265	0	335	0	380	58	0	438	0	0	0	0	0	169	169	0	0	338	1111	0
						-					-					-					•	
08:00	15	0	66	0	81	0	71	17	0	88	0	0	0	0	0	48	44	0	0	92	261	0
08:15	18	0	66	0	84	0	76	8	0	84	0	0	0	0	0	44	50	0	0	94	262	0
08:30	8	0	50	0	58	0	43	7	0	50	0	0	0	0	0	61	46	0	0	107	215	0
08:45	12	0	29	0	41	0	33	11	0	44	0	0	0	0	0	54	37	0	0	91	176	0
Total	53	0	211	0	264	0	223	43	0	266	0	0	0	0	0	207	177	0	0	384	914	0
						-					-					-					•	
16:00	28	1	48	0	77	1	65	16	0	82	0	0	0	0	0	75	33	0	0	108	267	0
16:15	38	0	51	0	89	0	42	20	0	62	0	0	0	0	0	92	50	1	0	143	294	0
16:30	27	0	64	0	91	0	60	34	0	94	0	0	0	0	0	105	50	0	0	155	340	0
16:45	35	1	53	0	89	0	53	20	0	73	0	1	0	0	1	139	60	0	0	199	362	0
Total	128	2	216	0	346	1	220	90	0	311	0	1	0	0	1	411	193	1	0	605	1263	0
											_					_					_	
17:00	31	1	42	0	74	0	70	22	0	92	0	0	0	0	0	93	63	1	0	157	323	0
17:15	41	0	45	0	86	0	72	32	0	104	0	0	0	0	0	127	65	0	0	192	382	0
17:30	27	0	47	0	74	0	41	20	0	61	0	2	0	0	2	103	73	1	0	177	314	0
17:45	31	0	40	0	71	0	30	14	0	44	0	0	0	0	0	91	55	1	0	147	262	0
Total	130	1	174	0	305	0	213	88	0	301	0	2	0	0	2	414	256	3	0	673	1281	0
Grand Total	381	3	866	0	1250	1	1036	279	0	1316	0	3	0	0	3	1201	795	4	0	2000	4569	0
Apprch %	30.5%	0.2%	69.3%	0.0%		0.1%	78.7%	21.2%	0.0%		0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%		60.1%	39.8%	0.2%	0.0%			
Total %	8.3%	0.1%	19.0%	0.0%	27.4%	0.0%	22.7%	6.1%	0.0%	28.8%	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.1%	26.3%	17.4%	0.1%	0.0%	43.8%	100.0%	
•						•					•					•					•	

City of Rancho Cordova All Vehicles on Unshifted Peds & Bikes on Bank 1 Nothing on Bank 2

(916) 771-8700 orders@atdtraffic.com

File Name: 14-7317-006 Scott Road East-White Rock Road.ppd Date: 5/8/2014

									Unsnii	nea Count	= All ve	nicies									_
AM PEAK		S	cott Road	East			W	hite Rock	Road				Drivewa	ay			W	hite Rock	Road		ł
HOUR			Southbou	ınd				Westbou	nd				Northbou	ınd				Eastbou	nd		ł
START TIME	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	Total
Peak Hour An	alysis Fro	m 07:30	to 08:30		-																
Peak Hour Fo	r Entire In	tersection	n Begins a	at 07:30																	
07:30	19	0	70	0	89	0	114	15	0	129	0	0	0	0	0	46	39	0	0	85	303
07:45	19	0	76	0	95	0	130	23	0	153	0	0	0	0	0	64	50	0	0	114	362
08:00	15	0	66	0	81	0	71	17	0	88	0	0	0	0	0	48	44	0	0	92	261
08:15	18	0	66	0	84	0	76	8	0	84	0	0	0	0	0	44	50	0	0	94	262
Total Volume	71	0	278	0	349	0	391	63	0	454	0	0	0	0	0	202	183	0	0	385	1188
% App Total	20.3%	0.0%	79.7%	0.0%		0.0%	86.1%	13.9%	0.0%		0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%		52.5%	47.5%	0.0%	0.0%		1
PHF	.934	.000	.914	.000	.918	.000	.752	.685	.000	.742	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.789	.915	.000	.000	.844	.820

PM PEAK		S	cott Road	East			W	hite Rock	Road				Drivewa	ay			W	hite Rock	Road		
HOUR			Southbou	nd				Westbou	ınd				Northboo	und				Eastbou	ınd		
START TIME	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	Total
Peak Hour An	alysis Fro	m 16:30	to 17:30																		
Peak Hour Fo	r Entire In	ntersectio	n Begins a	t 16:30																	
16:30	27	0	64	0	91	0	60	34	0	94	0	0	0	0	0	105	50	0	0	155	340
16:45	35	1	53	0	89	0	53	20	0	73	0	1	0	0	1	139	60	0	0	199	362
17:00	31	1	42	0	74	0	70	22	0	92	0	0	0	0	0	93	63	1	0	157	323
17:15	41	0	45	0	86	0	72	32	0	104	0	0	0	0	0	127	65	0	0	192	382
Total Volume	134	2	204	0	340	0	255	108	0	363	0	1	0	0	1	464	238	1	0	703	1407
% App Total	39.4%	0.6%	60.0%	0.0%		0.0%	70.2%	29.8%	0.0%		0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%		66.0%	33.9%	0.1%	0.0%		
PHF	.817	.500	.797	.000	.934	.000	.885	.794	.000	.873	.000	.250	.000	.000	.250	.835	.915	.250	.000	.883	.921

City of Folsom All Vehicles on Unshifted Peds & Bikes on Bank 1 Nothing on Bank 2

(916) 771-8700 orders@atdtraffic.com

File Name: 14-7318-009 Payen Road-White Rock Road.ppd Date: 5/15/2014

			lacerville	Dood			1.4	/hita Da-l		iteu Count	- All VC	IIICICS	Dayen D			1	141	hite Rock	Dood			
							VV	hite Rock					Payen R				VV					
			Southbou				I TUDU	Westbo				T. IDII	Northbo				LTUDII	Eastbou		1		11
START TIME	LEFT	THRU	•		APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	•	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU			APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	•	UTURNS		Total	Uturn Total
07:00	11	0	0	0	11	0	62	19	0	81	1	0	0	0	1	0	45	0	0	45	138	0
07:15	16	0	0	0	16	0	87	20	0	107	0	0	0	0	0	4	60	0	0	64	187	0
07:30	25	0	5	0	30	0	86	19	0	105	0	0	0	0	0	1	65	0	0	66	201	0
07:45	24	0	0	0	24	1	89	18	0	108	0	0	0	0	0	0	69	1	0	70	202	0
Total	76	0	5	0	81	1	324	76	0	401	1	0	0	0	1	5	239	1	0	245	728	0
08:00	24	0	0	0	24	1	59	32	0	92	1	0	0	0	1	0	53	1	0	54	171	0
08:15	23	0	0	0	23	0	59	26	0	85	0	0	0	0	0	0	52	0	0	52	160	0
08:30	23	0	6	0	29	0	38	36	0	74	1	0	0	0	1	0	60	0	0	60	164	0
08:45	26	1	0	0	27	0	54	31	0	85	0	0	0	0	0	0	52	0	0	52	164	0
Total	96	1	6	0	103	1	210	125	0	336	2	0	0	0	2	0	217	1	0	218	659	0
'						Ī					Ī					!						
16:00	25	0	2	0	27	0	77	43	0	120	0	0	0	0	0	0	51	0	0	51	198	0
16:15		0	0	0	32	0	64	39	0	103	0	0	0	0	0	0	83	0	0	83	218	0
16:30	26	0	1	0	27	0	111	54	0	165	0	0	0	0	0	0	95	0	0	95	287	0
16:45	39	0	1	0	40	0	85	43	0	128	0	0	0	0	0	0	86	0	0	86	254	0
Total	122	0	4	0	126	0	337	179	0	516	0	0	0	0	0	0	315	0	0	315	957	0
														-	-			•				•
17:00	27	1	0	0	28	0	87	56	0	143	0	0	0	0	0	0	97	0	0	97	268	0
17:15	27	0	0	0	27	0	71	59	0	130	n n	0	0	Ô	0	2	108	0	0	110	267	0
17:30	30	0	0	0	30	0	62	41	0	103	n	0	0	0	0	1	107	0	0	108	241	0
17:45	28	0	2	0	30	0	55	33	0	88	0	0	0	0	0	'n	69	0	0	69	187	0
Total	112	1	2	0	115	0	275	189	0	464	0	0	0	0	0	3	381	0	0	384	963	0
Total	112	'	2	U	113	, 0	213	109	U	404	, 0	U	U	U	U	, ,	301	U	U	304	303	U
Grand Total	406	2	17	0	425	2	1146	569	0	1717	l 3	0	0	0	3	l 8	1152	2	0	1162	3307	0
					423		_	33.1%	0 0.0%	1717	100.0%				3	0.7%		0.2%		1102	3307	U
Apprch %		0.5%	4.0%	0.0%	10.00/	0.1%	66.7%			E1 00/		0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.10/		99.1%		0.0%	OF 10/	100.00/	
Total %	12.3%	0.1%	0.5%	0.0%	12.9%	0.1%	34.7%	17.2%	0.0%	51.9%	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.1%	0.2%	34.8%	0.1%	0.0%	35.1%	100.0%	

City of Folsom All Vehicles on Unshifted Peds & Bikes on Bank 1 Nothing on Bank 2

(916) 771-8700 orders@atdtraffic.com

File Name : 14-7318-009 Payen Road-White Rock Road.ppd Date : 5/15/2014

									Unsni	nea Count	= All ve	nicies									
AM PEAK		Pl	lacerville l	Road			W	hite Rock	Road				Payen Ro	oad			W	hite Rock	Road		1
HOUR			Southbou	ınd				Westbou	ınd				Northbou	ınd				Eastbou	nd		1
START TIME	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	Total
Peak Hour An	alysis Fro	m 07:15	to 08:15								•										
Peak Hour Fo	or Entire In	ntersection	n Begins a	at 07:15																	
07:15	16	0	0	0	16	0	87	20	0	107	0	0	0	0	0	4	60	0	0	64	187
07:30	25	0	5	0	30	0	86	19	0	105	0	0	0	0	0	1	65	0	0	66	201
07:45	24	0	0	0	24	1	89	18	0	108	0	0	0	0	0	0	69	1	0	70	202
08:00	24	0	0	0	24	1	59	32	0	92	1	0	0	0	1	0	53	1	0	54	171
Total Volume	89	0	5	0	94	2	321	89	0	412	1	0	0	0	1	5	247	2	0	254	761
% App Total	94.7%	0.0%	5.3%	0.0%		0.5%	77.9%	21.6%	0.0%		100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%		2.0%	97.2%	0.8%	0.0%		
PHF	.890	.000	.250	.000	.783	.500	.902	.695	.000	.954	.250	.000	.000	.000	.250	.313	.895	.500	.000	.907	.942

PM PEAK		Р	lacerville	Road			W	hite Rock	Road				Payen Ro	oad			W	hite Rock	Road		
HOUR			Southboo	und				Westbou	und				Northbou	ınd				Eastbou	nd		
START TIME	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	Total
Peak Hour An	nalysis Fro	m 16:30	to 17:30																		
Peak Hour Fo	r Entire In	ntersection	n Begins	at 16:30																	
16:30	26	0	1	0	27	0	111	54	0	165	0	0	0	0	0	0	95	0	0	95	287
16:45	39	0	1	0	40	0	85	43	0	128	0	0	0	0	0	0	86	0	0	86	254
17:00	27	1	0	0	28	0	87	56	0	143	0	0	0	0	0	0	97	0	0	97	268
17:15	27	0	0	0	27	0	71	59	0	130	0	0	0	0	0	2	108	0	0	110	267
Total Volume	119	1	2	0	122	0	354	212	0	566	0	0	0	0	0	2	386	0	0	388	1076
% App Total	97.5%	0.8%	1.6%	0.0%		0.0%	62.5%	37.5%	0.0%		0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%		0.5%	99.5%	0.0%	0.0%		
PHF	763	250	500	000	763	000	797	898	000	858	000	000	000	000	000	250	894	000	000	882	937

# **All Traffic Data**

(916) 771-8700

El Dorado County Bicycles on Bank 1 Heavy Vehicles on Bank 2 File Name: 12-7225-009 Latrobe-White Rock

Site Code : 00000000 Start Date : 5/22/2012

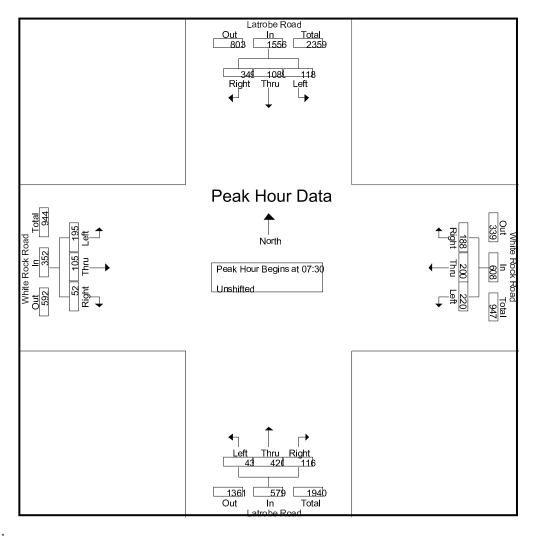
Page No : 1

**Groups Printed- Unshifted** 

28 32 28 105		robe Ro uthbour Rig 48	nd Ped	App. Total	Left	W	te Rock l /estboun	d				robe Ro					e Rock F astboun					
17 28 32 28	Thr 207	Rig	Ped	App. Total	Left						No	rthbour	ıd			E	astboun	d				
17 28 32 28	207			App. Total	Left	TTI.								I								
17 28 32 28	207					Thru	Right	Peds	App. Total	Left	Thru	Right	Peds	App. Total	Left	Thru	Right	Peds	App. Total	Exclu. Total	Inclu. Total	Int, Total
32 28	215		0	272	22	27	32	0	81	5	97	12	0	114	44	17	9	0	70	0	537	537
28		61	0	304	37	41	46	0	124	11	69	12	0	92	27	21	7	0	55	0	575	575
	219	71	0	322	31	50	54	0	135	13	82	18	3	113	45	37	8	0	90	3	660	663
105	305	97	0	430	66	63	49	0	178	8	105	17	0	130	49	20	15	0	84	0	822	822
100	946	277	0	1328	156	181	181	0	518	37	353	59	3	449	165	95	39	0	299	3	2594	2597
30	283	107	0	420	66	37	42	0	145	11	116	44	1	171	55	22	17	0	94	1	830	831
28	282	74	0	384	57	50	43	1	150	11	117	37	1	165	46	26	12	0	84	2	783	785
24	190	55	0	269	60	28	50	0	138	14	128	31	2	173	44	19	14	0	77	2	657	659
32	220	54	0	306	41	18	45	0	104	10	101	30	0	141	54	22	11	0	87	0	638	638
114	975	290	0	1379	224	133	180	1	537	46	462	142	4	650	199	89	54	0	342	5	2908	2913
									1					1					1			
61													0	I					I			808
79			0					0					_	I								686
77			1					1					_	I				_				863
77			0	-				0														829
294	381	196	1	871	136	116	205	1	457	75	976	267	0	1318	266	220	52	0	538	2	3184	3186
81	87	64	0	232	28	37	76	0	141	32	323	89	1	444	110	79	12	0	201	1	1018	1019
83	137	66	2	286	50	23	62	0	135	11	216	65	0	292	68	61	25	1	154	3	867	870
98	129	41	0	268	27	22	55	0	104	27	236	66	0	329	55	53	22	0	130	0	831	831
90	115	46	0	251	40		44	0	121	13		38	0		53	50	23	0	126	0	741	741
352	468	217	2	1037	145	119	237	0	501	83	967	258	1	1308	286	243	82	1	611	4	3457	3461
	2770							_	2012			726		2525	016	647	227		1700		101.10	12157
7: 7: 7: 29: 8: 8: 9: 9:	9 7 7 4 1 3 8 0	9 85 7 105 7 114 4 381 1 87 3 137 8 129 0 115 2 468	9 85 48 7 105 48 7 114 57 4 381 196 1 87 64 3 137 66 8 129 41 0 115 46 2 468 217	9 85 48 0 7 105 48 1 7 114 57 0 4 381 196 1 1 87 64 0 3 137 66 2 8 129 41 0 0 115 46 0 2 468 217 2	9 85 48 0 212 7 105 48 1 230 7 114 57 0 248 4 381 196 1 871 1 87 64 0 232 3 137 66 2 286 8 129 41 0 268 0 115 46 0 251 2 468 217 2 1037	9     85     48     0     212     41       7     105     48     1     230     34       7     114     57     0     248     30       4     381     196     1     871     136       1     87     64     0     232     28       3     137     66     2     286     50       8     129     41     0     268     27       0     115     46     0     251     40       2     468     217     2     1037     145	9     85     48     0     212     41     28       7     105     48     1     230     34     32       7     114     57     0     248     30     29       4     381     196     1     871     136     116       1     87     64     0     232     28     37       3     137     66     2     286     50     23       8     129     41     0     268     27     22       0     115     46     0     251     40     37       2     468     217     2     1037     145     119	9     85     48     0     212     41     28     49       7     105     48     1     230     34     32     59       7     114     57     0     248     30     29     41       4     381     196     1     871     136     116     205       1     87     64     0     232     28     37     76       3     137     66     2     286     50     23     62       8     129     41     0     268     27     22     55       0     115     46     0     251     40     37     44       2     468     217     2     1037     145     119     237	9     85     48     0     212     41     28     49     0       7     105     48     1     230     34     32     59     1       7     114     57     0     248     30     29     41     0       4     381     196     1     871     136     116     205     1       1     87     64     0     232     28     37     76     0       3     137     66     2     286     50     23     62     0       8     129     41     0     268     27     22     55     0       0     115     46     0     251     40     37     44     0       2     468     217     2     1037     145     119     237     0	9     85     48     0     212     41     28     49     0     118       7     105     48     1     230     34     32     59     1     125       7     114     57     0     248     30     29     41     0     100       4     381     196     1     871     136     116     205     1     457       1     87     64     0     232     28     37     76     0     141       3     137     66     2     286     50     23     62     0     135       8     129     41     0     268     27     22     55     0     104       0     115     46     0     251     40     37     44     0     121       2     468     217     2     1037     145     119     237     0     501	9     85     48     0     212     41     28     49     0     118     16       7     105     48     1     230     34     32     59     1     125     20       7     114     57     0     248     30     29     41     0     100     17       4     381     196     1     871     136     116     205     1     457     75       1     87     64     0     232     28     37     76     0     141     32       3     137     66     2     286     50     23     62     0     135     11       8     129     41     0     268     27     22     55     0     104     27       0     115     46     0     251     40     37     44     0     121     13       2     468     217     2     1037     145     119     237     0     501     83	9       85       48       0       212       41       28       49       0       118       16       173         7       105       48       1       230       34       32       59       1       125       20       289         7       114       57       0       248       30       29       41       0       100       17       233         4       381       196       1       871       136       116       205       1       457       75       976         1       87       64       0       232       28       37       76       0       141       32       323         3       137       66       2       286       50       23       62       0       135       11       216         8       129       41       0       268       27       22       55       0       104       27       236         0       115       46       0       251       40       37       44       0       121       13       192         2       468       217       2       1037       145       119	9       85       48       0       212       41       28       49       0       118       16       173       41         7       105       48       1       230       34       32       59       1       125       20       289       79         7       114       57       0       248       30       29       41       0       100       17       233       82         4       381       196       1       871       136       116       205       1       457       75       976       267         1       87       64       0       232       28       37       76       0       141       32       323       89         3       137       66       2       286       50       23       62       0       135       11       216       65         8       129       41       0       268       27       22       55       0       104       27       236       66         0       115       46       0       251       40       37       44       0       121       13       192       38	9       85       48       0       212       41       28       49       0       118       16       173       41       0         7       105       48       1       230       34       32       59       1       125       20       289       79       0         7       114       57       0       248       30       29       41       0       100       17       233       82       0         4       381       196       1       871       136       116       205       1       457       75       976       267       0         1       87       64       0       232       28       37       76       0       141       32       323       89       1         3       137       66       2       286       50       23       62       0       135       11       216       65       0         8       129       41       0       268       27       22       55       0       104       27       236       66       0         0       115       46       0       251       40       37	9       85       48       0       212       41       28       49       0       118       16       173       41       0       230         7       105       48       1       230       34       32       59       1       125       20       289       79       0       388         7       114       57       0       248       30       29       41       0       100       17       233       82       0       332         4       381       196       1       871       136       116       205       1       457       75       976       267       0       1318         1       87       64       0       232       28       37       76       0       141       32       323       89       1       444         3       137       66       2       286       50       23       62       0       135       11       216       65       0       292         8       129       41       0       268       27       22       55       0       104       27       236       66       0       329	9       85       48       0       212       41       28       49       0       118       16       173       41       0       230       57         7       105       48       1       230       34       32       59       1       125       20       289       79       0       388       53         7       114       57       0       248       30       29       41       0       100       17       233       82       0       332       77         4       381       196       1       871       136       116       205       1       457       75       976       267       0       1318       266         1       87       64       0       232       28       37       76       0       141       32       323       89       1       444       110         3       137       66       2       286       50       23       62       0       135       11       216       65       0       292       68         8       129       41       0       268       27       22       55       0	9       85       48       0       212       41       28       49       0       118       16       173       41       0       230       57       53         7       105       48       1       230       34       32       59       1       125       20       289       79       0       388       53       54         7       114       57       0       248       30       29       41       0       100       17       233       82       0       332       77       58         4       381       196       1       871       136       116       205       1       457       75       976       267       0       1318       266       220         1       87       64       0       232       28       37       76       0       141       32       323       89       1       444       110       79         3       137       66       2       286       50       23       62       0       135       11       216       65       0       292       68       61         8       129       41 <t< td=""><td>9       85       48       0       212       41       28       49       0       118       16       173       41       0       230       57       53       16         7       105       48       1       230       34       32       59       1       125       20       289       79       0       388       53       54       11         7       114       57       0       248       30       29       41       0       100       17       233       82       0       332       77       58       14         4       381       196       1       871       136       116       205       1       457       75       976       267       0       1318       266       220       52         1       87       64       0       232       28       37       76       0       141       32       323       89       1       444       110       79       12         3       137       66       2       286       50       23       62       0       135       11       216       65       0       292       68       <td< td=""><td>9 85 48 0 212 41 28 49 0 118 16 173 41 0 230 57 53 16 0 7 105 48 1 230 34 32 59 1 125 20 289 79 0 388 53 54 11 0 7 114 57 0 248 30 29 41 0 100 17 233 82 0 332 77 58 14 0 4 381 196 1 871 136 116 205 1 457 75 976 267 0 1318 266 220 52 0 1 87 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1</td><td>9 85 48 0 212 41 28 49 0 118 16 173 41 0 230 57 53 16 0 126 7 105 48 1 230 34 32 59 1 125 20 289 79 0 388 53 54 11 0 118 7 114 57 0 248 30 29 41 0 100 17 233 82 0 332 77 58 14 0 149 4 381 196 1 871 136 116 205 1 457 75 976 267 0 1318 266 220 52 0 538 1 87 64 0 232 28 37 76 0 141 32 323 89 1 444 110 79 12 0 201 3 137 66 2 286 50 23 62 0 135 11 216 65 0 292 68 61 25 1 154 8 129 41 0 268 27 22 55 0 104 27 236 66 0 329 55 53 22 0 130 0 115 46 0 251 40 37 44 0 121 13 192 38 0 243 53 50 23 0 126 2 468 217 2 1037 145 119 237 0 501 83 967 258 1 1308 286 243 82 1 611</td><td>9 85 48 0 212 41 28 49 0 118 16 173 41 0 230 57 53 16 0 126 0 7 105 48 1 230 34 32 59 1 125 20 289 79 0 388 53 54 11 0 118 2 7 114 57 0 248 30 29 41 0 100 17 233 82 0 332 77 58 14 0 149 0 4 381 196 1 871 136 116 205 1 457 75 976 267 0 1318 266 220 52 0 538 2  1 87 64 0 232 28 37 76 0 141 32 323 89 1 444 110 79 12 0 201 1 3 137 66 2 286 50 23 62 0 135 11 216 65 0 292 68 61 25 1 154 3 8 129 41 0 268 27 22 55 0 104 27 236 66 0 329 55 53 22 0 130 0 0 115 46 0 251 40 37 44 0 121 13 192 38 0 243 53 50 23 0 126 0 0 115 46 0 251 40 37 44 0 121 13 192 38 0 243 53 50 23 0 126 0 0 115 46 0 251 40 37 44 0 121 13 192 38 0 243 53 50 23 0 126 0 0 146 217 2 1037 145 119 237 0 501 83 967 258 1 1308 286 243 82 1 611 4</td><td>9 85 48 0 212 41 28 49 0 118 16 173 41 0 230 57 53 16 0 126 0 686 7 105 48 1 230 34 32 59 1 125 20 289 79 0 388 53 54 11 0 118 2 861 7 114 57 0 248 30 29 41 0 100 17 233 82 0 332 77 58 14 0 149 0 829 831 196 1 871 136 116 205 1 457 75 976 267 0 1318 266 220 52 0 538 2 3184 1 87 64 0 232 28 37 76 0 141 32 323 89 1 444 110 79 12 0 201 1 1018 3 137 66 2 286 50 23 62 0 135 11 216 65 0 292 68 61 25 1 154 3 867 8 129 41 0 268 27 22 55 0 104 27 236 66 0 329 55 53 22 0 130 0 831 0 115 46 0 251 40 37 44 0 121 13 192 38 0 243 53 50 23 0 126 0 741 2 468 217 2 1037 145 119 237 0 501 83 967 258 1 1308 286 243 82 1 611 4 3457</td></td<></td></t<>	9       85       48       0       212       41       28       49       0       118       16       173       41       0       230       57       53       16         7       105       48       1       230       34       32       59       1       125       20       289       79       0       388       53       54       11         7       114       57       0       248       30       29       41       0       100       17       233       82       0       332       77       58       14         4       381       196       1       871       136       116       205       1       457       75       976       267       0       1318       266       220       52         1       87       64       0       232       28       37       76       0       141       32       323       89       1       444       110       79       12         3       137       66       2       286       50       23       62       0       135       11       216       65       0       292       68 <td< td=""><td>9 85 48 0 212 41 28 49 0 118 16 173 41 0 230 57 53 16 0 7 105 48 1 230 34 32 59 1 125 20 289 79 0 388 53 54 11 0 7 114 57 0 248 30 29 41 0 100 17 233 82 0 332 77 58 14 0 4 381 196 1 871 136 116 205 1 457 75 976 267 0 1318 266 220 52 0 1 87 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1</td><td>9 85 48 0 212 41 28 49 0 118 16 173 41 0 230 57 53 16 0 126 7 105 48 1 230 34 32 59 1 125 20 289 79 0 388 53 54 11 0 118 7 114 57 0 248 30 29 41 0 100 17 233 82 0 332 77 58 14 0 149 4 381 196 1 871 136 116 205 1 457 75 976 267 0 1318 266 220 52 0 538 1 87 64 0 232 28 37 76 0 141 32 323 89 1 444 110 79 12 0 201 3 137 66 2 286 50 23 62 0 135 11 216 65 0 292 68 61 25 1 154 8 129 41 0 268 27 22 55 0 104 27 236 66 0 329 55 53 22 0 130 0 115 46 0 251 40 37 44 0 121 13 192 38 0 243 53 50 23 0 126 2 468 217 2 1037 145 119 237 0 501 83 967 258 1 1308 286 243 82 1 611</td><td>9 85 48 0 212 41 28 49 0 118 16 173 41 0 230 57 53 16 0 126 0 7 105 48 1 230 34 32 59 1 125 20 289 79 0 388 53 54 11 0 118 2 7 114 57 0 248 30 29 41 0 100 17 233 82 0 332 77 58 14 0 149 0 4 381 196 1 871 136 116 205 1 457 75 976 267 0 1318 266 220 52 0 538 2  1 87 64 0 232 28 37 76 0 141 32 323 89 1 444 110 79 12 0 201 1 3 137 66 2 286 50 23 62 0 135 11 216 65 0 292 68 61 25 1 154 3 8 129 41 0 268 27 22 55 0 104 27 236 66 0 329 55 53 22 0 130 0 0 115 46 0 251 40 37 44 0 121 13 192 38 0 243 53 50 23 0 126 0 0 115 46 0 251 40 37 44 0 121 13 192 38 0 243 53 50 23 0 126 0 0 115 46 0 251 40 37 44 0 121 13 192 38 0 243 53 50 23 0 126 0 0 146 217 2 1037 145 119 237 0 501 83 967 258 1 1308 286 243 82 1 611 4</td><td>9 85 48 0 212 41 28 49 0 118 16 173 41 0 230 57 53 16 0 126 0 686 7 105 48 1 230 34 32 59 1 125 20 289 79 0 388 53 54 11 0 118 2 861 7 114 57 0 248 30 29 41 0 100 17 233 82 0 332 77 58 14 0 149 0 829 831 196 1 871 136 116 205 1 457 75 976 267 0 1318 266 220 52 0 538 2 3184 1 87 64 0 232 28 37 76 0 141 32 323 89 1 444 110 79 12 0 201 1 1018 3 137 66 2 286 50 23 62 0 135 11 216 65 0 292 68 61 25 1 154 3 867 8 129 41 0 268 27 22 55 0 104 27 236 66 0 329 55 53 22 0 130 0 831 0 115 46 0 251 40 37 44 0 121 13 192 38 0 243 53 50 23 0 126 0 741 2 468 217 2 1037 145 119 237 0 501 83 967 258 1 1308 286 243 82 1 611 4 3457</td></td<>	9 85 48 0 212 41 28 49 0 118 16 173 41 0 230 57 53 16 0 7 105 48 1 230 34 32 59 1 125 20 289 79 0 388 53 54 11 0 7 114 57 0 248 30 29 41 0 100 17 233 82 0 332 77 58 14 0 4 381 196 1 871 136 116 205 1 457 75 976 267 0 1318 266 220 52 0 1 87 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	9 85 48 0 212 41 28 49 0 118 16 173 41 0 230 57 53 16 0 126 7 105 48 1 230 34 32 59 1 125 20 289 79 0 388 53 54 11 0 118 7 114 57 0 248 30 29 41 0 100 17 233 82 0 332 77 58 14 0 149 4 381 196 1 871 136 116 205 1 457 75 976 267 0 1318 266 220 52 0 538 1 87 64 0 232 28 37 76 0 141 32 323 89 1 444 110 79 12 0 201 3 137 66 2 286 50 23 62 0 135 11 216 65 0 292 68 61 25 1 154 8 129 41 0 268 27 22 55 0 104 27 236 66 0 329 55 53 22 0 130 0 115 46 0 251 40 37 44 0 121 13 192 38 0 243 53 50 23 0 126 2 468 217 2 1037 145 119 237 0 501 83 967 258 1 1308 286 243 82 1 611	9 85 48 0 212 41 28 49 0 118 16 173 41 0 230 57 53 16 0 126 0 7 105 48 1 230 34 32 59 1 125 20 289 79 0 388 53 54 11 0 118 2 7 114 57 0 248 30 29 41 0 100 17 233 82 0 332 77 58 14 0 149 0 4 381 196 1 871 136 116 205 1 457 75 976 267 0 1318 266 220 52 0 538 2  1 87 64 0 232 28 37 76 0 141 32 323 89 1 444 110 79 12 0 201 1 3 137 66 2 286 50 23 62 0 135 11 216 65 0 292 68 61 25 1 154 3 8 129 41 0 268 27 22 55 0 104 27 236 66 0 329 55 53 22 0 130 0 0 115 46 0 251 40 37 44 0 121 13 192 38 0 243 53 50 23 0 126 0 0 115 46 0 251 40 37 44 0 121 13 192 38 0 243 53 50 23 0 126 0 0 115 46 0 251 40 37 44 0 121 13 192 38 0 243 53 50 23 0 126 0 0 146 217 2 1037 145 119 237 0 501 83 967 258 1 1308 286 243 82 1 611 4	9 85 48 0 212 41 28 49 0 118 16 173 41 0 230 57 53 16 0 126 0 686 7 105 48 1 230 34 32 59 1 125 20 289 79 0 388 53 54 11 0 118 2 861 7 114 57 0 248 30 29 41 0 100 17 233 82 0 332 77 58 14 0 149 0 829 831 196 1 871 136 116 205 1 457 75 976 267 0 1318 266 220 52 0 538 2 3184 1 87 64 0 232 28 37 76 0 141 32 323 89 1 444 110 79 12 0 201 1 1018 3 137 66 2 286 50 23 62 0 135 11 216 65 0 292 68 61 25 1 154 3 867 8 129 41 0 268 27 22 55 0 104 27 236 66 0 329 55 53 22 0 130 0 831 0 115 46 0 251 40 37 44 0 121 13 192 38 0 243 53 50 23 0 126 0 741 2 468 217 2 1037 145 119 237 0 501 83 967 258 1 1308 286 243 82 1 611 4 3457

		Latrobe	Road			White Roo	ek Road			Latrobe	Road			White Ro	ck Road		
		Southb	ound			Westbo	ound			Northb	ound			Eastbo	ound		
Start Time	Left	Thru	Right	App. Total	Left	Thru	Right	App. Total	Left	Thru	Right	App. Total	Left	Thru	Right	App. Total	Int. To
ak Hour Analysis Fro	m 07:00 to	08:45 - Pea	ak 1 of 1														
ak Hour for Entire Int	tersection E	egins at 07	7:30														
07:30	32	219	71	322	31	50	54	135	13	82	18	113	45	37	8	90	$\epsilon$
07:45	28	305	97	430	66	63	49	178	8	105	17	130	49	20	15	84	8
08:00	30	283	107	420	66	37	42	145	11	116	44	171	55	22	17	94	8
08:15	28	282	74	384	57	50	43	150	11	117	37	165	46	26	12	84	,
Total Volume	118	1089	349	1556	220	200	188	608	43	42.0	116	579	195	105	52	352	3(

% App. Total	7.6	70	22.4		36.2	32.9	30.9		7.4	72.5	20		55.4	29.8	14.8		
PHF	.922	.893	.815	.905	.833	.794	.870	.854	.827	.897	.659	.846	.886	.709	.765	.936	.932



Peak Hour Analysis From 16:00 to 17:45 - Peak 1 of 1 Peak Hour for Entire Intersection Begins at 16:30

reak flour for Entire in	nersection E	egins at 10	.50														
16:30	77	105	48	230	34	32	59	125	20	289	79	388	53	54	11	118	861
16:45	77	114	57	248	30	29	41	100	17	233	82	332	77	58	14	149	829
17:00	81	87	64	232	28	37	76	141	32	323	89	444	110	<b>79</b>	12	201	1018
17:15	83	137	66	286	50	23	62	135	11	216	65	292	68	61	25	154	867
Total Volume	318	443	235	996	142	121	238	501	80	1061	315	1456	308	252	62	622	3575
% App. Total	31.9	44.5	23.6		28.3	24.2	47.5		5.5	72.9	21.6		49.5	40.5	10		
PHF	.958	.808	.890	.871	.710	.818	.783	.888	.625	.821	.885	.820	.700	.797	.620	.774	.878

# All Traffic Data

(916) 771-8700

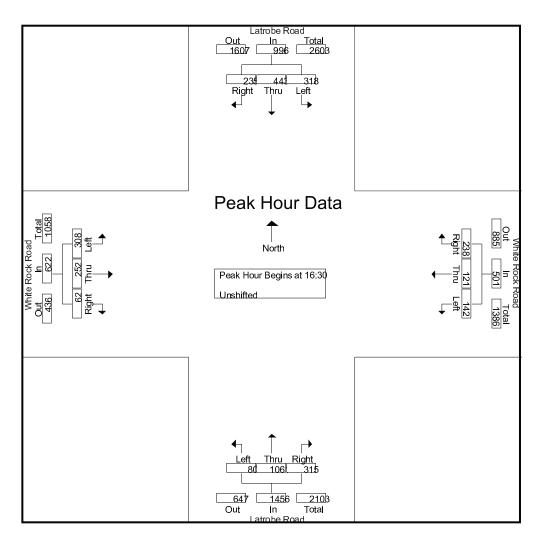
El Dorado County Bicycles on Bank 1

Heavy Vehicles on Bank 2

File Name: 12-7225-009 Latrobe-White Rock

Site Code : 00000000 Start Date : 5/22/2012

Page No : 3



City of Folsom All Vehicles on Unshifted Peds & Bikes on Bank 1 Nothing on Bank 2

(916) 771-8700 orders@atdtraffic.com

File Name: 14-7139-005 Cavitt Drive-Iron Point Road.ppd

Date: 3/11/2014

			O = 1 - 144 D =					ron Point		iteu Count	- All VC	illoica	Oi# D	d			-	ron Point I	DI		1	
			Cavitt Dr				ı						Cavitt D									
			Southbou		.1			Westboo					Northbo					Eastbou	_			1
START TIME	LEFT	THRU			APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	•	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU		UTURNS		LEFT	THRU		UTURNS		Total	Uturn Total
07:00	2	0	9	0	11	3	105	1	0	109	18	0	0	0	18	0	37	25	0	62	200	0
07:15	0	2	12	0	14	0	117	0	0	117	17	1	0	0	18	4	38	21	0	63	212	0
07:30	0	2	15	0	17	0	131	0	0	131	16	0	0	0	16	5	44	23	0	72	236	0
07:45	0	0	12	0	12	0	203	2	0	205	18	1	0	0	19	7	60	27	1	95	331	1
Total	2	4	48	0	54	3	556	3	0	562	69	2	0	0	71	16	179	96	1	292	979	1
						=					-					='					-	
08:00	1	1	14	0	16	1	181	3	0	185	19	1	0	0	20	5	56	31	0	92	313	0
08:15	3	1	10	0	14	0	184	4	0	188	21	2	0	0	23	6	53	21	1	81	306	1
08:30	1	2	12	0	15	0	151	1	0	152	19	0	0	0	19	7	41	18	1	67	253	1
08:45	1	1	7	0	9	0	118	1	0	119	17	2	0	0	19	11	43	27	1	82	229	1
Total	6	5	43	0	54	1	634	9	0	644	76	5	0	0	81	29	193	97	3	322	1101	3
						ı					,											
16:00	3	6	6	0	15	2	92	5	0	99	93	8	8	0	109	10	81	121	2	214	437	2
16:15	1	1	10	0	12	2	101	3	0	106	67	10	4	0	81	9	131	89	1	230	429	1
16:30	3	6	11	0	20	2	92	3	0	97	86	9	2	0	97	11	136	76	0	223	437	0
16:45	1	2	7	0	10	1	92	3	1	97	84	16	3	0	103	11	147	116	0	274	484	1
Total	8	15	34	0	57	7	377	14	1	399	330	43	17	0	390	41	495	402	3	941	1787	4
'						ı					1										ı	
17:00	5	5	7	0	17	4	87	4	0	95	78	12	6	0	96	7	190	82	1	280	488	1
17:15	6	6	11	0	23	1	78	4	0	83	75	13	5	0	93	19	194	129	5	347	546	5
17:30	5	4	4	0	13	0	111	4	0	115	78	5	6	0	89	14	200	87	0	301	518	0
17:45	3	2	7	0	12	0	96	5	0	101	66	10	3	0	79	15	120	87	0	222	414	0
Total	19	17	29	0	65	5	372	17	0	394	297	40	20	0	357	55	704	385	6	1150	1966	6
		• • •		ŭ	00		0.2	• • •	ŭ				_0	ŭ	00.			000	·			ŭ
Grand Total	35	41	154	0	230	16	1939	43	1	1999	772	90	37	0	899	141	1571	980	13	2705	5833	14
Apprch %		17.8%	67.0%	0.0%	_00	0.8%	97.0%	2.2%	0.1%	. 300	85.9%	10.0%	4.1%	0.0%	230	5.2%	58.1%	36.2%	0.5%	00	2300	• •
Total %		0.7%	2.6%	0.0%	3.9%	0.3%	33.2%	0.7%	0.0%	34.3%	13.2%	1.5%	0.6%	0.0%	15.4%	2.4%	26.9%	16.8%	0.2%	46.4%	100.0%	
TOTAL 76	0.076	0.7 /6	2.076	0.076	0.076	0.076	00.Z /6	0.7 /6	0.076	07.076	10.276	1.576	0.076	0.076	10.470	2.470	20.070	10.076	0.2 /6	TO. T /0	1 100.076	

City of Folsom All Vehicles on Unshifted Peds & Bikes on Bank 1 Nothing on Bank 2

(916) 771-8700 orders@atdtraffic.com File Name : 14-7139-005 Cavitt Drive-Iron Point Road.ppd Date : 3/11/2014

									Unsnii	ted Count	= All Ve	nicies									
AM PEAK			Cavitt Dri	ive			Iro	on Point I	Road				Cavitt Dr	ive			lr	on Point F	Road		
HOUR			Southbou	ınd				Westboo	ınd				Northbou	ınd				Eastbou	nd		
START TIME	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	<b>UTURNS</b>	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	Total
Peak Hour An	alysis Fro	m 07:45	to 08:45			-					-				•					•	
Peak Hour Fo	r Entire Ir	ntersectio	n Begins a	at 07:45																	
07:45	0	0	12	0	12	0	203	2	0	205	18	1	0	0	19	7	60	27	1	95	331
08:00	1	1	14	0	16	1	181	3	0	185	19	1	0	0	20	5	56	31	0	92	313
08:15	3	1	10	0	14	0	184	4	0	188	21	2	0	0	23	6	53	21	1	81	306
08:30	1	2	12	0	15	0	151	1	0	152	19	0	0	0	19	7	41	18	1	67	253
Total Volume	5	4	48	0	57	1	719	10	0	730	77	4	0	0	81	25	210	97	3	335	1203
% App Total	8.8%	7.0%	84.2%	0.0%		0.1%	98.5%	1.4%	0.0%		95.1%	4.9%	0.0%	0.0%		7.5%	62.7%	29.0%	0.9%		
PHF	.417	.500	.857	.000	.891	.250	.885	.625	.000	.890	.917	.500	.000	.000	.880	.893	.875	.782	.750	.882	.909

PM PEAK			Cavitt Dri	ve			Iro	on Point I	Road				Cavitt Dr	rive			lr	ron Point I	Road		I
HOUR			Southbou	nd				Westbou	ınd				Northbou	und				Eastbou	ınd		İ
START TIME	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	Total
Peak Hour An	alysis Fro	m 16:45	to 17:45																		
Peak Hour Fo	r Entire Ir	ntersection	n Begins a	t 16:45																	
16:45	1	2	7	0	10	1	92	3	1	97	84	16	3	0	103	11	147	116	0	274	484
17:00	5	5	7	0	17	4	87	4	0	95	78	12	6	0	96	7	190	82	1	280	488
17:15	6	6	11	0	23	1	78	4	0	83	75	13	5	0	93	19	194	129	5	347	546
17:30	5	4	4	0	13	0	111	4	0	115	78	5	6	0	89	14	200	87	0	301	518
Total Volume	17	17	29	0	63	6	368	15	1	390	315	46	20	0	381	51	731	414	6	1202	2036
% App Total	27.0%	27.0%	46.0%	0.0%		1.5%	94.4%	3.8%	0.3%		82.7%	12.1%	5.2%	0.0%		4.2%	60.8%	34.4%	0.5%		<u> </u>
PHF	.708	.708	.659	.000	.685	.375	.829	.938	.250	.848	.938	.719	.833	.000	.925	.671	.914	.802	.300	.866	.932

City of Folsom All Vehicles on Unshifted Peds & Bikes on Bank 1 Nothing on Bank 2

(916) 771-8700 orders@atdtraffic.com

File Name: 13-7632-002 Serpa Way-Iron Point Road.ppd Date: 11/5/2013

	Bank E								Unshi	ifted Count	= All Veh	nicles										
			Serpa W				li li	on Point					Serpa W				li li	ron Point I				
	LEET	LTUDU	Southbou			LEET	LTUDU	Westbou			LEET	LTUDU	Northbou		Г		LTUDU	Eastbou				T 1
START TIME	LEFT	THRU			APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS		LEFT	THRU			APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU			APP.TOTAL	Total	Utum Total
07:00 07:15	2	2 1	19 17	0	23 20	4 2	107 94	1	0 0	112 97	5 11	1 0	0 1	0 0	6 12	4 7	25 25	2 2	0 0	31 34	172 163	0 0
07:30	1	3	25	0	29	3	122	2	0	97 127	9	0	1	0	10	18	23	6	0	47	213	0
07.30 07:45	2	3 7	23	0	32	6	141	1	0	148	9	2	1	0	12	16	23 28	5	0	49	241	0
Total	7	13	84	0	104	15	464	5	0	484	34	3	3	0	40	45	101	15	0	161	789	0
rotar	,	10	04	U	104	10	707	J	U	707	1 54	J	0	U	40	1 70	101	10	U	101	103	U
08:00	23	4	26	0	53	7	127	3	0	137	21	2	0	0	23	10	52	7	0	69	282	0
08:15	5	3	10	0	18	14	148	11	ő	173	22	1	2	Õ	25	8	28	4	0	40	256	ő
08:30	ő	2	17	Ö	19	5	104	1	Ö	110	17	3	0	Ö	20	2	27	7	Ö	36	185	Ö
08:45	1	2	13	0	16	4	69	0	0	73	20	1	1	0	22	2	20	8	0	30	141	0
Total	29	11	66	0	106	30	448	15	0	493	80	7	3	0	90	22	127	26	0	175	864	0
•	•					•					•					•				'	•	
16:00	2	5	8	0	15	3	45	1	0	49	32	10	8	0	50	l 16	81	21	0	118	232	0
16:15	1	3	10	0	14	8	43	0	0	51	44	8	9	0	61	23	82	12	0	117	243	0
16:30	Ó	2	9	0	11	5	53	2	0	60	32	4	14	0	50	20	91	15	0	126	243	0
16:45	0	4	9	0	13	9	46	2	0	57	33	3	14	0	47	25	111	20	0	156	273	0
Total	3	14	36	0	53	25	187	5	0	217	141	25	42	0	208	84	365	68	0	517	995	0
Total	3	14	30	U	55	25	107	3	U	211	1 141	20	42	U	200	1 04	303	00	U	317	990	U
17:00	1	4	9	0	14	2	39	3	0	44	37	9	14	0	60	24	118	6	1	149	267	1
17:15	0	5	8	0	13	7	41	2	0	50	22	8	13	0	43	20	121	16	1	158	264	1
17:30	0	2	5	0	7	3	54	0	1	58	25	6	12	0	43	26	124	7	0	157	265	1
17:45	0	5	8	0	13	5	46	0	0	51	24	7	9	0	40	12	99	15	0	126	230	0
Total	1	16	30	0	47	17	180	5	1	203	108	30	48	0	186	82	462	44	2	590	1026	3
Grand Total	40	54	216	0	310	87	1279	30	1	1397	363	65	96	0	524	233	1055	153	2	1443	3674	3
Apprch %	12.9%	17.4%	69.7%	0.0%		6.2%	91.6%	2.1%	0.1%		69.3%	12.4%	18.3%	0.0%		16.1%	73.1%	10.6%	0.1%			
Total %	1.1%	1.5%	5.9%	0.0%	8.4%	2.4%	34.8%	0.8%	0.0%	38.0%	9.9%	1.8%	2.6%	0.0%	14.3%	6.3%	28.7%	4.2%	0.1%	39.3%	100.0%	
AM PEAK			Serpa W	/ay			li	on Point	Road				Serpa W	/ay			li li	ron Point I	Road			
HOUR			Southbou					Westbou					Northbou					Eastbou	ınd			_
START TIME	LEFT	THRU		UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	Total	
Peak Hour An																						
Peak Hour Fo																i						
07:30		3	25	0	29	3	122	2	0	127	9	0	1	0	10	18	23	6	0	47	213	
07:45	2	7	23	0	32	6	141	1	0	148	9	2	1	0	12	16	28	5	0	49	241	
08:00	23	4	26	0	53	7	127	3	0	137	21	2	0	0	23	10	52	7	0	69	282	
08:15	5	3	10	0	18	14	148	11	0	173	22	1	2	0	25	8	28	4	0	40	256	_
Total Volume	31	17	84	0	132	30	538	17	0	585	61	5	4	0	70	52	131	22	0	205	992	
% App Total PHF	23.5%	12.9% .607	63.6%	.000	.623	5.1% .536	92.0%	2.9%	.000	.845	.693	7.1%	5.7%	.000	.700	25.4% .722	63.9%	10.7% .786	.000	.743	.879	_
,	.007	.007	.000	.000	.020	.000	.505	.000	.000	.010	.000	.020	.000	.000	.700	1 ./ 22	.000	.7 00	.000	., 10	.070	
PM PEAK			Serpa W				h	on Point					Serpa W				li	ron Point I				
HOUR	LEFT	LTUDU	Southbou		APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	Westbou	una UTURNS		LEFT	THRU	Northbou		APP.TOTAL	LEFT	THRU	Eastbou		APP-TOTAL	Telel	7
START TIME Peak Hour An				UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	ITINU	KIGHT	OTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFT	ITINU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.TOTAL	LEFI	ITINU	RIGHT	UTURNS	APP.IUIAL	Total	_
Peak Hour Fo				+ 1C-1E																		
16:45		4	g g	0 0.45	13	9	46	2	0	57	33	3	11	0	47	25	111	20	0	156	273	
17:00	1	4	9	0	13	2	39	3	0	44	37	9	14	0	47 60	23	118	20 6	1	149	267	
17:00	0	5	8	0	13	7	39 41	2	0	50	22	8	13	0	43	20	121	16	1	158	267 264	
17:13	0	2	5	0	7	3	54	0	1	50 58	25	6	12	0	43	26	121	7	0	158	265	
Total Volume	1	15	31	0	47	21	180	7	1	209	117	26	50	0	193	95	474	49	2	620	1069	-
% App Total	2.1%	31.9%	66.0%	0.0%	71	10.0%	86.1%	3.3%	0.5%	203	60.6%	13.5%	25.9%	0.0%	130	15.3%	76.5%	7.9%	0.3%	020	1009	
PHF		.750	.861	.000	.839	.583	.833	.583	.250	.901	.791	.722	.893	.000	.804	.913	.956	.613	.500	.981	.979	_
	00	00	.001	.000	.000	.500	.000	.500	50	.501			.550	.500		1 .010		.510	.500		.5,5	

# **APPENDIX B: INTERSECTION LOS CALCULATIONS**



# **Existing Conditions**

User approved pedestrian interval to be less than phase max green.

	•	<b>→</b>	•	•	<b>←</b>	•	4	<b>†</b>	~	<b>/</b>	ţ	4
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	ሽኘ	ተተተ	7	44	ተተተ	7	ሽኘ	ተተተ	7	ሽኘ	ተተተ	7
Volume (veh/h)	11	42	37	255	273	116	39	1047	166	86	763	15
Number	3	8	18	7	4	14	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	12	47	0	283	303	0	43	1163	0	96	848	0
Adj No. of Lanes	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	23	307	96	374	826	257	80	2725	849	161	2845	886
Arrive On Green	0.01	0.06	0.00	0.11	0.16	0.00	0.02	0.54	0.00	0.05	0.56	0.00
Sat Flow, veh/h	3442	5085	1583	3442	5085	1583	3442	5085	1583	3442	5085	1583
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	12	47	0	283	303	0	43	1163	0	96	848	0
Grp Sat Flow(s), veh/h/ln	1721	1695	1583	1721	1695	1583	1721	1695	1583	1721	1695	1583
Q Serve(g_s), s	0.3	0.7	0.0	6.3	4.2	0.0	1.0	10.9	0.0	2.2	7.0	0.0
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	0.3	0.7	0.0	6.3	4.2	0.0	1.0	10.9	0.0	2.2	7.0	0.0
Prop In Lane	1.00	0.7	1.00	1.00	112	1.00	1.00	10.0	1.00	1.00	7.10	1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	23	307	96	374	826	257	80	2725	849	161	2845	886
V/C Ratio(X)	0.52	0.15	0.00	0.76	0.37	0.00	0.54	0.43	0.00	0.60	0.30	0.00
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	658	1798	560	658	1798	560	658	2725	849	658	2845	886
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	0.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	39.1	35.2	0.0	34.2	29.4	0.0	38.1	11.0	0.0	36.9	9.2	0.0
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	6.7	0.4	0.0	1.2	0.5	0.0	2.1	0.5	0.0	1.3	0.3	0.0
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	0.2	0.3	0.0	3.0	2.0	0.0	0.5	5.2	0.0	1.1	3.3	0.0
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	45.7	35.6	0.0	35.3	29.9	0.0	40.2	11.5	0.0	38.2	9.5	0.0
LnGrp LOS	D	D	0.0	D	C	0.0	D	В	0.0	D	Α	0.0
Approach Vol, veh/h		59			586			1206			944	
Approach Delay, s/veh		37.6			32.5			12.5			12.4	
Approach LOS		07.0 D			02.5 C			12.3 B			12.4 B	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	8.2	88.7	5.0	18.1	6.3	90.5	13.1	10.1				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.5	5.3	4.5	5.3	4.5	5.3	4.5	5.3				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	15.1	42.3	15.1	27.9	15.1	42.3	15.1	27.9				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	4.2	12.9	2.3	6.2	3.0	9.0	8.3	2.7				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.0	26.7	0.0	3.3	0.0	29.9	0.3	3.4				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			17.2									
HCM 2010 LOS			В									
Notes												

Intersection												
Intersection Delay, s/veh	14.9											
Intersection LOS	В											
Movement	EBU	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBU	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBU	NBL	NBT	NBR
Vol, veh/h	0	70	15	103	0	7	35	19	0	107	136	3
Peak Hour Factor	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.88
Heavy Vehicles, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Mvmt Flow	0	80	17	117	0	8	40	22	0	122	155	3
Number of Lanes	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	2	0

Approach	EB	WB	NB
Opposing Approach	WB	EB	SB
Opposing Lanes	1	3	3
Conflicting Approach Left	SB	NB	EB
Conflicting Lanes Left	3	3	3
Conflicting Approach Right	NB	SB	WB
Conflicting Lanes Right	3	3	1
HCM Control Delay	10.9	11.6	12.1
HCM LOS	В	В	В

Lane	NBLn1	NBLn2	NBLn3	EBLn1	EBLn2	EBLn3	WBLn1	SBLn1	SBLn2	SBLn3	
Vol Left, %	100%	0%	0%	100%	65%	0%	11%	100%	0%	0%	
Vol Thru, %	0%	100%	94%	0%	35%	0%	57%	0%	100%	33%	
Vol Right, %	0%	0%	6%	0%	0%	100%	31%	0%	0%	67%	
Sign Control	Stop										
Traffic Vol by Lane	107	91	48	42	43	103	61	22	240	362	
LT Vol	0	91	45	0	15	0	35	0	240	120	
Through Vol	0	0	3	0	0	103	19	0	0	242	
RT Vol	107	0	0	42	28	0	7	22	0	0	
Lane Flow Rate	122	103	55	48	49	117	69	25	273	411	
Geometry Grp	8	8	8	7	7	7	8	8	8	8	
Degree of Util (X)	0.256	0.203	0.107	0.1	0.1	0.207	0.145	0.048	0.48	0.67	
Departure Headway (Hd)	7.588	7.081	7.037	7.573	7.398	6.367	7.549	6.843	6.338	5.865	
Convergence, Y/N	Yes										
Cap	471	504	506	471	482	561	472	521	567	613	
Service Time	5.373	4.866	4.822	5.351	5.176	4.144	5.347	4.61	4.105	3.631	
HCM Lane V/C Ratio	0.259	0.204	0.109	0.102	0.102	0.209	0.146	0.048	0.481	0.67	
HCM Control Delay	13	11.7	10.7	11.2	11	10.8	11.6	10	14.9	19.8	
HCM Lane LOS	В	В	В	В	В	В	В	Α	В	С	
HCM 95th-tile Q	1	0.8	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.8	0.5	0.2	2.6	5.1	

Intersection				
Intersection Delay, s/veh				
Intersection LOS				
Movement	SBU	SBL	SBT	SBR
Vol, veh/h	0	22	360	242
Peak Hour Factor	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.88
Heavy Vehicles, %	2	2	2	2
Mvmt Flow	0	25	409	275
Number of Lanes	0	1	2	0
Amanaah		OD		
Approach		SB		
Opposing Approach		NB		
Opposing Lanes		3		
Conflicting Approach Left		WB		
Conflicting Lanes Left		1		
Conflicting Approach Right		EB		
Conflicting Lanes Right		3		
HCM Control Delay		17.6		
HCM LOS		С		
Lane				

	•	<b>→</b>	•	•	<b>←</b>	•	•	<b>†</b>	<i>&gt;</i>	<b>\</b>	<b>+</b>	4
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	ሽኘ	ተተተ	7	ሽኘ	ተተተ	7	ሻ	र्स	7	ሽኘ	<b>†</b>	7
Volume (veh/h)	67	200	64	88	440	21	11	5	7	54	45	282
Number	5	2	12	1	6	16	7	4	14	3	8	18
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	72	215	18	95	473	0	8	10	0	58	48	0
Adj No. of Lanes	2	3	1	2	3	1	1	1	1	2	1	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	138	2008	624	180	2070	644	30	32	27	222	120	102
Arrive On Green	0.04	0.39	0.39	0.05	0.41	0.00	0.02	0.02	0.00	0.06	0.06	0.00
Sat Flow, veh/h	3442	5085	1581	3442	5085	1583	1774	1863	1583	3442	1863	1583
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	72	215	18	95	473	0	8	10	0	58	48	0
Grp Sat Flow(s), veh/h/ln	1721	1695	1581	1721	1695	1583	1774	1863	1583	1721	1863	1583
Q Serve(g_s), s	0.8	1.1	0.3	1.1	2.5	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.6	1.0	0.0
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	0.8	1.1	0.3	1.1	2.5	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.6	1.0	0.0
Prop In Lane	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	138	2008	624	180	2070	644	30	32	27	222	120	102
V/C Ratio(X)	0.52	0.11	0.03	0.53	0.23	0.00	0.26	0.32	0.00	0.26	0.40	0.00
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	2135	8581	2668	2135	8581	2672	1101	1156	982	3416	1849	1572
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	0.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	19.0	7.7	7.5	18.6	7.8	0.0	19.6	19.6	0.0	17.9	18.1	0.0
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	1.1	0.1	0.0	0.9	0.1	0.0	1.7	2.1	0.0	0.2	0.8	0.0
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	0.4	0.5	0.1	0.5	1.2	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.3	0.5	0.0
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	20.1	7.8	7.5	19.5	8.0	0.0	21.3	21.7	0.0	18.2	18.9	0.0
LnGrp LOS	С	Α	Α	В	Α		С	С		В	В	
Approach Vol, veh/h		305			568			18			106	
Approach Delay, s/veh		10.7			9.9			21.5			18.5	
Approach LOS		В			Α			С			В	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2		4	5	6		8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	6.6	21.4		5.2	6.1	21.9		7.1				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.5	5.5		4.5	4.5	5.5		4.5				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	25.0	68.0		25.0	25.0	68.0		40.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	3.1	3.1		2.2	2.8	4.5		3.0				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.1	11.8		0.0	0.1	11.8		0.2				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			11.3									
HCM 2010 LOS			В									
Notes												
User approved pedestrian inte												
User approved volume balanc	ing amor	ng the lan	es for turr	ning move	ement.							

_	۶	<b>→</b>	•	•	<b>←</b>	•	•	†	<i>&gt;</i>	<b>/</b>	<b>+</b>	-√
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	<b>ሕ</b> ግ	<b>^</b>	7	44	ተተተ	7	<b>ሕ</b> ኻ	ተተተ	7	<b>ሽ</b> ሽ	ተተተ	7
Volume (veh/h)	38	48	242	498	204	82	576	1179	232	51	955	32
Number	3	8	18	7	4	14	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	40	51	15	524	215	0	606	1241	0	54	1005	0
Adj No. of Lanes	2	2	1	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	75	206	92	622	1095	341	719	2503	779	99	1587	494
Arrive On Green	0.02	0.06	0.06	0.18	0.22	0.00	0.07	0.16	0.00	0.03	0.31	0.00
Sat Flow, veh/h	3442	3539	1583	3477	5085	1583	3442	5085	1583	3442	5085	1583
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	40	51	15	524	215	0	606	1241	0	54	1005	0
Grp Sat Flow(s), veh/h/ln	1721	1770	1583	1739	1695	1583	1721	1695	1583	1721	1695	1583
Q Serve(g_s), s	0.9	1.1	0.7	11.8	2.8	0.0	14.1	18.0	0.0	1.3	13.7	0.0
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	0.9	1.1	0.7	11.8	2.8	0.0	14.1	18.0	0.0	1.3	13.7	0.0
Prop In Lane	1.00	000	1.00	1.00 622	1005	1.00	1.00	0500	1.00	1.00	1507	1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	75 0.53	206 0.25	92 0.16	0.84	1095 0.20	341 0.00	719 0.84	2503 0.50	779	99 0.55	1587 0.63	494 0.00
V/C Ratio(X) Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	897	957	428	906	1375	428	999	2503	0.00 779	999	2129	663
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.33	0.33	0.33	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.33	0.33	0.00	1.00	1.00	0.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	39.2	36.4	36.3	32.2	26.0	0.00	36.4	24.8	0.00	38.8	23.9	0.00
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	2.2	1.5	2.0	3.3	0.3	0.0	2.6	0.5	0.0	1.7	0.9	0.0
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	0.5	0.6	0.4	6.0	1.3	0.0	7.0	8.6	0.0	0.6	6.6	0.0
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	41.4	38.0	38.3	35.5	26.3	0.0	39.0	25.3	0.0	40.5	24.8	0.0
LnGrp LOS	D	D	D	D	C	0.0	D	C	0.0	D	C	0.0
Approach Vol, veh/h		106			739			1847			1059	
Approach Delay, s/veh		39.3			32.8			29.8			25.6	
Approach LOS		D			C			C			C	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	6.8	84.2	6.3	22.7	60.4	30.6	19.0	10.0				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.5	5.3	4.5	5.3	4.5	5.3	4.5	5.3				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	23.5	33.9	21.1	21.9	23.5	33.9	21.1	21.9				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	3.3	20.0	2.9	4.8	16.1	15.7	13.8	3.1				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.1	13.2	0.0	2.8	0.8	9.6	0.7	3.0				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			29.5									
HCM 2010 LOS			29.5 C									
TIOWI ZOTO LOO			U									

Intersection Delay, s/veh	9.8								
Intersection LOS	Α								
Movement	EBU	EBL	EBT	WBU	WBT	WBR	SBU	SBL	SBR
Vol, veh/h	2	99	102	0	200	19	0	16	320
Peak Hour Factor	0.79	0.79	0.79	0.79	0.79	0.79	0.79	0.79	0.79
Heavy Vehicles, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Mvmt Flow	3	125	129	0	253	24	0	20	405
Number of Lanes	0	1	2	1	2	0	0	1	2

Approach	EB	WB	SB
Opposing Approach	WB	EB	
Opposing Lanes	3	3	0
Conflicting Approach Left	SB		WB
Conflicting Lanes Left	3	0	3
Conflicting Approach Right		SB	EB
Conflicting Lanes Right	0	3	3
HCM Control Delay	10.6	10.9	8.7
HCM LOS	В	В	А

Lane	EBLn1	EBLn2	EBLn3	WBLn1	WBLn2	WBLn3	SBLn1	SBLn2	SBLn3	
Vol Left, %	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	100%	0%	0%	
Vol Thru, %	0%	100%	100%	100%	100%	78%	0%	0%	0%	
Vol Right, %	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	22%	0%	100%	100%	
Sign Control	Stop									
Traffic Vol by Lane	101	51	51	0	133	86	16	160	160	
LT Vol	0	51	51	0	133	67	0	0	0	
Through Vol	0	0	0	0	0	19	0	160	160	
RT Vol	101	0	0	0	0	0	16	0	0	
Lane Flow Rate	128	65	65	0	169	108	20	203	203	
Geometry Grp	8	8	8	8	8	8	7	7	7	
Degree of Util (X)	0.239	0.111	0.111	0	0.29	0.182	0.036	0.293	0.195	
Departure Headway (Hd)	6.721	6.216	6.216	6.19	6.19	6.034	6.532	5.327	3.586	
Convergence, Y/N	Yes									
Cap	536	578	578	0	582	597	551	678	1007	
Service Time	4.438	3.933	3.933	3.904	3.904	3.747	4.232	3.027	1.286	
HCM Lane V/C Ratio	0.239	0.112	0.112	0	0.29	0.181	0.036	0.299	0.202	
HCM Control Delay	11.5	9.7	9.7	8.9	11.4	10.1	9.5	10.2	7.2	
HCM Lane LOS	В	Α	Α	N	В	В	Α	В	Α	
HCM 95th-tile Q	0.9	0.4	0.4	0	1.2	0.7	0.1	1.2	0.7	

	۶	<b>→</b>	•	•	<b>←</b>	4	4	†	<i>&gt;</i>	<b>/</b>	ţ	-√
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations						7		ተተተ	7	ħ	ተተኈ	7
Volume (vph)	0	0	0	0	0	353	0	1634	145	173	703	888
Ideal Flow (vphpl)	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900
Total Lost time (s)						5.0		5.3	5.3	5.0	4.0	4.0
Lane Util. Factor						1.00		0.91	1.00	1.00	0.86	0.86
Frt						0.86		1.00	0.85	1.00	0.94	0.85
Flt Protected						1.00		1.00	1.00	0.95	1.00	1.00
Satd. Flow (prot)						1611		5085	1583	1770	4527	1362
Flt Permitted						1.00		1.00	1.00	0.95	1.00	1.00
Satd. Flow (perm)						1611		5085	1583	1770	4527	1362
Peak-hour factor, PHF	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93
Adj. Flow (vph)	0	0	0	0	0	380	0	1757	156	186	756	955
RTOR Reduction (vph)	0	0	0	0	0	51	0	0	46	0	0	0
Lane Group Flow (vph)	0	0	0	0	0	329	0	1757	110	186	1234	477
Turn Type						pt+ov		NA	Perm	Prot	NA	Perm
Protected Phases						13		2 4		13	Free	
Permitted Phases						13			2 4			Free
Actuated Green, G (s)						31.2		68.2	68.2	31.2	120.0	120.0
Effective Green, g (s)						31.2		68.2	68.2	31.2	120.0	120.0
Actuated g/C Ratio						0.26		0.57	0.57	0.26	1.00	1.00
Clearance Time (s)												
Vehicle Extension (s)												
Lane Grp Cap (vph)						418		2889	899	460	4527	1362
v/s Ratio Prot						c0.20		c0.35		0.11	0.27	
v/s Ratio Perm									0.07			0.35
v/c Ratio						0.79		0.61	0.12	0.40	0.27	0.35
Uniform Delay, d1						41.3		17.1	12.0	36.7	0.0	0.0
Progression Factor						1.00		1.00	1.00	0.85	1.00	1.00
Incremental Delay, d2						8.7		0.7	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.5
Delay (s)						50.1		17.8	12.2	31.3	0.1	0.5
Level of Service						D		В	В	С	Α	Α
Approach Delay (s)		0.0			50.1			17.3			3.3	
Approach LOS		Α			D			В			Α	
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2000 Control Delay			13.9	H	CM 2000	Level of S	Service		В			
HCM 2000 Volume to Capacity	ratio		0.66									
Actuated Cycle Length (s)			120.0	Sı	um of los	t time (s)			20.6			
Intersection Capacity Utilization			62.0%	IC	U Level	of Service			В			
Analysis Period (min)			15									
c Critical Lane Group												

	•	•	<b>†</b>	~	<b>/</b>	ţ	
Movement	WBL	WBR	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	
Lane Configurations	ሻሻ	77	<b>∱</b> 1≽	7		ተተተ	
Volume (veh/h)	123	963	816	46	0	703	
Number	3	18	2	12	1	6	
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00	1.00	J	1.00	1.00	•	
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1863	1863	0	1863	
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	132	889	877	0	0	756	
Adj No. of Lanes	2	2	2	1	0	3	
Peak Hour Factor	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	0.33	2	
Cap, veh/h	1310	1061	1531	650	0	2089	
Arrive On Green	0.38	0.38	0.41	0.00	0.00	0.41	
Sat Flow, veh/h	3442	2787	3725	1583	0.00	5421	
,							
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	132	889	877	1500	0	756	
Grp Sat Flow(s), veh/h/ln	1721	1393	1863	1583	0	1695	
Q Serve(g_s), s	1.1	13.4	8.4	0.0	0.0	4.7	
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	1.1	13.4	8.4	0.0	0.0	4.7	
Prop In Lane	1.00	1.00	1501	1.00	0.00	0000	
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	1310	1061	1531	650	0	2089	
V/C Ratio(X)	0.10	0.84	0.57	0.00	0.00	0.36	
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	2242	1815	4045	1719	0	5521	
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	9.2	13.0	10.5	0.0	0.0	9.4	
ncr Delay (d2), s/veh	0.0	0.7	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	0.5	5.2	4.3	0.0	0.0	2.2	
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	9.2	13.7	10.6	0.0	0.0	9.4	
LnGrp LOS	Α	В	В			Α	
Approach Vol, veh/h	1021		877			756	
Approach Delay, s/veh	13.1		10.6			9.4	
Approach LOS	В		В			Α	
imer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Assigned Phs		2				6	
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s		24.2				24.2	21.
Change Period (Y+Rc), s		5.3				5.3	4.
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s		50.0				50.0	30.
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s		10.4				6.7	15.
Green Ext Time (p_c), s		8.6				8.6	2.
W = 7:		0.0				0.0	۷.
ntersection Summary			44.0				
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			11.2				
HCM 2010 LOS			В				
Notes							
lser approved volume balanci							

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	44		7					<b>^</b>	7		<b>∱</b> 1>	7
Volume (veh/h)	667	0	80	0	0	0	0	195	74	0	276	550
Number	7	4	14				5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0				0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00				1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00				1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	0	1863				0	1863	1863	0	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	741	0	29				0	217	0	0	307	0
Adj No. of Lanes	2	0	1				0	2	1	0	2	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.90	0.90	0.90				0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	0	2				0	2	2	0	2	2
Cap, veh/h	1111	0	511				0	1012	453	0	1065	453
Arrive On Green	0.32	0.00	0.32				0.00	0.29	0.00	0.00	0.29	0.00
Sat Flow, veh/h	3442	0	1583				0	3632	1583	0	3725	1583
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	741	0	29				0	217	0	0	307	0
Grp Sat Flow(s), veh/h/ln	1721	0	1583				0	1770	1583	0	1863	1583
Q Serve(g_s), s	4.6	0.0	0.3				0.0	1.1	0.0	0.0	1.6	0.0
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	4.6	0.0	0.3				0.0	1.1	0.0	0.0	1.6	0.0
Prop In Lane	1.00	0.0	1.00				0.00	1.1	1.00	0.00	1.0	1.00
•		0	511					1012	453	0.00	1065	453
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	1111						0					
V/C Ratio(X)	0.67	0.00	0.06				0.00	0.21	0.00	0.00	0.29	0.00
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	3508	0	1614				0	6493	2905	0	6834	2905
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00				1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	0.00	1.00				0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	7.2	0.0	5.7				0.0	6.7	0.0	0.0	6.8	0.0
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	0.3	0.0	0.0				0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0				0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	2.2	0.0	0.1				0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.8	0.0
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	7.4	0.0	5.7				0.0	6.7	0.0	0.0	6.9	0.0
LnGrp LOS	A		Α					Α			A	
Approach Vol, veh/h		770						217			307	
Approach Delay, s/veh		7.4						6.7			6.9	
Approach LOS		Α						Α			Α	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs		2		4		6						
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s		12.3		12.2		12.3						
Change Period (Y+Rc), s		5.3		* 4.3		5.3						
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s		45.0		* 25		45.0						
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s		3.1		6.6		3.6						
Green Ext Time (p_c), s		2.1		1.4		2.1						
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			7.1									
HCM 2010 LOS			Α									
Notes												
User approved pedestrian inte												
User approved volume balance	ing amon	g the lan	es for turr	ning move	ement.							

\* HCM 2010 computational engine requires equal clearance times for the phases crossing the barrier.

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations		4	7	ሻ	€ि		ሻሻ	<b>∱</b> ∱		ሻ	<b>∱</b> Ъ	7
Volume (veh/h)	153	61	695	89	113	43	461	503	108	49	832	963
Number	7	4	14	3	8	18	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1900	1863	1863	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	165	151	288	79	146	19	496	541	103	53	990	479
Adj No. of Lanes	0	1	1	1	2	0	2	2	0	1	2	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	197	180	329	158	288	37	787	1403	266	126	1131	481
Arrive On Green	0.21	0.21	0.21	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.23	0.47	0.47	0.07	0.30	0.30
Sat Flow, veh/h	948	867	1583	1774	3238	415	3442	2968	563	1774	3725	1583
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	316	0	288	79	83	82	496	322	322	53	990	479
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	1815	0	1583	1774	1863	1790	1721	1770	1762	1774	1863	1583
Q Serve(g_s), s	18.8	0.0	19.8	4.8	4.8	4.9	14.6	13.2	13.3	3.2	28.3	33.9
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	18.8	0.0	19.8	4.8	4.8	4.9	14.6	13.2	13.3	3.2	28.3	33.9
Prop In Lane	0.52		1.00	1.00		0.23	1.00		0.32	1.00		1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	377	0	329	158	166	159	787	836	833	126	1131	481
V/C Ratio(X)	0.84	0.00	0.88	0.50	0.50	0.51	0.63	0.38	0.39	0.42	0.88	1.00
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	614	0	536	253	265	255	787	836	833	158	1131	481
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	42.7	0.0	43.1	48.8	48.8	48.9	39.0	19.1	19.1	49.9	37.1	39.1
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	2.6	0.0	5.3	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.2	1.3	1.4	0.8	9.6	40.2
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	9.7	0.0	9.1	2.4	2.5	2.5	7.1	6.7	6.8	1.6	16.1	20.1
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	45.2	0.0	48.4	49.7	49.7	49.8	40.3	20.4	20.5	50.8	46.7	79.3
LnGrp LOS	D		D	D	D	D	D	С	С	D	D	Е
Approach Vol, veh/h		604			244			1140			1522	
Approach Delay, s/veh		46.7			49.7			29.1			57.1	
Approach LOS		D			D			С			Е	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2		4	5	6		8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	12.0	81.1		27.9	53.7	39.4		14.0				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.0	5.3		4.6	5.3	* 5.3		4.0				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	10.0	53.1		38.0	24.7	* 34		16.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	5.2	15.3		21.8	16.6	35.9		6.9				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.0	4.8		1.5	3.0	0.0		0.4				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			45.7									
HCM 2010 LOS			75.7 D									
Notes												

User approved volume balancing among the lanes for turning movement.

\* HCM 2010 computational engine requires equal clearance times for the phases crossing the barrier.

Synchro 8 Report 10/27/2014

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations			77			7		ተተተ	7	ă	1111	
Volume (vph)	0	0	1026	0	0	339	0	733	243	262	1354	0
Ideal Flow (vphpl)	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900
Total Lost time (s)			4.6			4.0		5.7	5.7	4.0	5.7	
Lane Util. Factor			0.88			1.00		0.91	1.00	1.00	0.86	
Frpb, ped/bikes			1.00			0.99		1.00	0.98	1.00	1.00	
Flpb, ped/bikes			1.00			1.00		1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
Frt			0.85			0.86		1.00	0.85	1.00	1.00	
Flt Protected			1.00			1.00		1.00	1.00	0.95	1.00	
Satd. Flow (prot)			2787			1591		5085	1544	1770	6408	
Flt Permitted			1.00			1.00		1.00	1.00	0.95	1.00	
Satd. Flow (perm)			2787			1591		5085	1544	1770	6408	
Peak-hour factor, PHF	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93
Adj. Flow (vph)	0	0	1103	0	0	365	0	788	261	282	1456	0
RTOR Reduction (vph)	0	0	29	0	0	0	0	0	72	0	0	0
Lane Group Flow (vph)	0	0	1074	0	0	365	0	788	189	282	1456	0
Confl. Peds. (#/hr)						2			2			
Turn Type			Prot			Free		NA	Perm	Prot	NA	
Protected Phases			5					2		1	6	
Permitted Phases						Free			2			
Actuated Green, G (s)			52.4			135.0		97.6	97.6	27.7	72.3	
Effective Green, g (s)			52.4			135.0		97.6	97.6	27.7	72.3	
Actuated g/C Ratio			0.39			1.00		0.72	0.72	0.21	0.54	
Clearance Time (s)			4.6					5.7	5.7	4.0	5.7	
Vehicle Extension (s)			1.0					1.0	1.0	2.5	1.0	
Lane Grp Cap (vph)			1081			1591		3676	1116	363	3431	
v/s Ratio Prot			c0.39					0.15		c0.16	c0.23	
v/s Ratio Perm						0.23			0.12			
v/c Ratio			0.99			0.23		0.21	0.17	0.78	0.42	
Uniform Delay, d1			41.1			0.0		6.1	5.9	50.7	18.8	
Progression Factor			1.00			1.00		1.00	1.00	1.10	0.54	
Incremental Delay, d2			25.5			0.3		0.1	0.3	0.9	0.0	
Delay (s)			66.7			0.3		6.3	6.2	56.5	10.2	
Level of Service			Е			Α		Α	Α	Е	В	
Approach Delay (s)		66.7			0.3			6.3			17.7	
Approach LOS		Е			Α			Α			В	
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2000 Control Delay			26.1	H	CM 2000	Level of	Service		С			
HCM 2000 Volume to Capa	city ratio		0.74									
Actuated Cycle Length (s)	•		135.0	Sı	um of lost	t time (s)			10.3			
Intersection Capacity Utiliza	tion		64.1%			of Service			С			
Analysis Period (min)			15									
c Critical Lane Group												

c Critical Lane Group

Service Time

HCM Lane V/C Ratio

**HCM Control Delay** 

**HCM Lane LOS** 

HCM 95th-tile Q

Intersection										
	05.4									
Intersection Delay, s/veh	35.1									
Intersection LOS	Е									
Movement	EBU	EBL	EBT		WBU	WBT	WBR	SBU	SBL	SBR
Vol, veh/h	0	206	183		0	397	63	0	71	285
Peak Hour Factor	0.82	0.82	0.82		0.82	0.82	0.82	0.82	0.82	0.82
Heavy Vehicles, %	2	2	2		2	2	2	2	2	2
Mvmt Flow	0	251	223		0	484	77	0	87	348
Number of Lanes	0	1	1		0	1	0	0	1	0
Approach		EB				WB			SB	
Opposing Approach		WB				EB				
Opposing Lanes		1				2			0	
Conflicting Approach Left		SB							WB	
Conflicting Lanes Left		1				0			1	
Conflicting Approach Right						SB			EB	
Conflicting Lanes Right		0				1			2	
HCM Control Delay		16.9				57.1			26.5	
HCM LOS		С				F			D	
Lane		EBLn1	EBLn2	WBLn1	SBLn1					
Vol Left, %		100%	0%	0%	20%					
Vol Thru, %		0%	100%	86%	0%					
Vol Right, %		0%	0%	14%	80%					
Sign Control		Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop					
Traffic Vol by Lane		206	183	460	356					
LT Vol		0	183	397	0					
Through Vol		0	0	63	285					
RT Vol		206	0	0	71					
Lane Flow Rate		251	223	561	434					
Geometry Grp		7	7	5	2					
Degree of Util (X)		0.528	0.437	0.977	0.759					
Departure Headway (Hd)		7.568	7.054	6.27	6.294					
Convergence, Y/N		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes					
Cap		477	509	578	573					
O : T:		- 00	4 00-	4 0 4 4	4.00					

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5.32

0.526

18.5

С

3

4.807

0.438

15.2

С

2.2

4.311

0.971

57.1

13.7

F

4.33

0.757

26.5

D

6.8

-										
Intersection										
Int Delay, s/veh	3									
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR		WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR
Vol, veh/h	5	247	2		2	421	89	1	0	0
Conflicting Peds, #/hr	0	0	2		0	0	2	0	0	2
Sign Control	Free	Free	Free		Free	Free	Free	Yield	Yield	Yield
RT Channelized	-	-	None		-	-	None	-	-	None
Storage Length	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-
Veh in Median Storage, #	-	0	-		-	0	-	-	0	-
Grade, %	-	0	-		-	0	-	-	0	-
Peak Hour Factor	94	94	94		94	94	94	94	94	94
Heavy Vehicles, %	2	2	2		2	2	2	2	2	2
Mvmt Flow	5	263	2		2	448	95	1	0	0
Major/Minor	Major1				Major2					
Conflicting Flow All	545	0	0		265	0	0			
Stage 1	-	-	-		-	-	-			
Stage 2	-	-	-		-	-	-			
Critical Hdwy	4.12	-	-		4.12	-	-			
Critical Hdwy Stg 1	-	-	-		-	-	-			
Critical Hdwy Stg 2	-	-	-		-	-	-			
Follow-up Hdwy	2.218	-	-		2.218	-	-			
Pot Cap-1 Maneuver	1024	-	-		1299	-	-			
Stage 1	-	-	-		-	-	-			
Stage 2	-	-	-		-	-	-			
Platoon blocked, %		-	-			-	-			
Mov Cap-1 Maneuver	1022	-	-		1297	-	-			
Mov Cap-2 Maneuver	-	-	-		-	-	-			
Stage 1	-	-	-		-	-	-			
Stage 2	-	-	-		-	-	-			
Approach	EB				WB					
HCM Control Delay, s	0.2				0					
HCM LOS										
Minor Lane/Major Mvmt	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	SBLn1			
Capacity (veh/h)	1022	-	-	1297	-	-	361			
HCM Lane V/C Ratio	0.005	-	-	0.002	-	-	0.374			
HCM Control Delay (s)	8.5	0	-	7.8	0	-	20.8			
HCM Lane LOS	Α	Α	-	Α	Α	-	С			
HCM 95th %tile Q(veh)	0	-	-	0	-	-	1.7			

SBL	SBT	SBR
89	0	38
0	0	2
Stop	Stop	Stop
-	-	None
-	-	-
-	0	-
-	0	-
94	94	94
2	2	2
95	0	40
Mina		
		499
		-
		-
		6.22
		-
		-
		3.318
315	328	572
552	543	-
732	682	-
312	325	570
312	325	-
548	541	-
726	678	-
CD.		
С		
	0 Stop - - - 94 2 95 Minor2 775 501 274 7.12 6.12 6.12 3.518 315 552 732	0 0 Stop Stop 0 - 0 94 94 2 2 95 0  Minor2  775 777 501 501 274 276 7.12 6.52 6.12 5.52 6.12 5.52 3.518 4.018 315 328 552 543 732 682  312 325 548 541 726 678

	ၨ	<b>→</b>	•	•	<b>←</b>	•	•	<b>†</b>	~	<b>/</b>	<b>↓</b>	4
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	1,14	<b>∱</b> ∱		44	<b>^</b>	7	ň	1111	7	44	ተተተ	7
Volume (veh/h)	195	105	52	220	200	188	43	420	116	118	1089	349
Number	7	4	14	3	8	18	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		0.99	1.00		0.99	1.00		0.99	1.00		0.99
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1845	1851	1900	1863	1863	1863	1810	1810	1863	1863	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	212	114	4	239	217	15	47	457	63	128	1184	182
Adj No. of Lanes	2	2	0	2	2	1	1	4	1	2	3	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Percent Heavy Veh, %	3	2	2	2	2	2	5	5	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	305	398	14	332	431	191	59	2932	736	206	2524	776
Arrive On Green	0.09	0.11	0.11	0.10	0.12	0.12	0.03	0.47	0.47	0.06	0.50	0.50
Sat Flow, veh/h	3408	3465	121	3442	3539	1564	1723	6225	1563	3442	5085	1563
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	212	58	60	239	217	15	47	457	63	128	1184	182
Grp Sat Flow(s), veh/h/ln	1704	1758	1827	1721	1770	1564	1723	1556	1563	1721	1695	1563
Q Serve(g_s), s	5.3	2.6	2.6	5.9	5.0	0.7	2.4	3.7	1.9	3.2	13.3	5.8
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	5.3	2.6	2.6	5.9	5.0	0.7	2.4	3.7	1.9	3.2	13.3	5.8
Prop In Lane	1.00		0.07	1.00	0.0	1.00	1.00	<b>.</b>	1.00	1.00		1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	305	202	210	332	431	191	59	2932	736	206	2524	776
V/C Ratio(X)	0.69	0.29	0.29	0.72	0.50	0.08	0.79	0.16	0.09	0.62	0.47	0.23
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	938	750	779	750	1712	756	316	2932	736	789	2524	776
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	38.6	35.3	35.3	38.3	35.8	34.0	41.8	13.2	12.7	40.0	14.4	12.5
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	2.8	0.8	0.7	2.9	0.9	0.2	20.6	0.1	0.2	3.1	0.6	0.7
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	2.6	1.3	1.4	2.9	2.5	0.3	1.5	1.6	0.9	1.6	6.4	2.6
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	41.4	36.1	36.1	41.2	36.7	34.1	62.4	13.3	12.9	43.1	15.1	13.2
LnGrp LOS	D	D	D	D	D	C	E	В	В	D	В	В
Approach Vol, veh/h		330			471			567			1494	
Approach Delay, s/veh		39.5			38.9			17.3			17.2	
Approach LOS		D			D			В			В	
••												
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	10.2	46.8	14.4	15.8	8.0	49.0	13.8	16.4				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	5.0	5.7	6.0	* 5.8	5.0	5.7	6.0	5.8				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	20.0	39.3	19.0	* 37	16.0	43.3	24.0	42.2				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	5.2	5.7	7.9	4.6	4.4	15.3	7.3	7.0				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.3	15.8	0.6	2.0	0.1	14.5	0.6	2.0				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			23.4									
HCM 2010 LOS			С									
Notes												

\* HCM 2010 computational engine requires equal clearance times for the phases crossing the barrier.

	•	<b>→</b>	•	•	<b>←</b>	•	1	†	<i>&gt;</i>	<b>/</b>	<b>+</b>	4
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	Ä	ተተተ	7	Ä	ተተተ	7	ሻ	र्स	7	ሻ	र्स	7
Volume (veh/h)	29	205	97	1	656	10	77	4	0	5	4	48
Number	1	6	16	5	2	12	3	8	18	7	4	14
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		0.99	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	32	225	51	1	721	4	88	0	0	4	5	-1
Adj No. of Lanes	1	3	1	1	3	1	2	0	1	1	1	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.91	0.91	0.91	0.91	0.91	0.91	0.91	0.91	0.91	0.91	0.91	0.91
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	37	2665	830	4	2562	788	168	0	75	8	8	7
Arrive On Green	0.02	0.52	0.52	0.00	0.50	0.50	0.05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Sat Flow, veh/h	1774	5085	1583	1774	5085	1564	3548	0	1583	1774	1863	1583
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	32	225	51	1	721	4	88	0	0	4	5	-1
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	1774	1695	1583	1774	1695	1564	1774	0	1583	1774	1863	1583
Q Serve(g_s), s	0.8	1.0	0.7	0.0	3.9	0.1	1.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	0.8	1.0	0.7	0.0	3.9	0.1	1.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0
Prop In Lane	1.00	0005	1.00	1.00	0500	1.00	1.00	0	1.00	1.00	0	1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	37	2665	830	4	2562	788	168	0	75	8	8	7
V/C Ratio(X)	0.87 939	0.08 4200	0.06	0.27 939	0.28 4308	0.01 1325	0.52 1879	0.00	0.00 838	0.50 939	0.60 986	-0.14 838
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1308 1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0 1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	0.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	23.1	5.6	5.5	23.6	6.8	5.8	22.0	0.00	0.00	23.5	23.5	0.00
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	19.6	0.1	0.1	13.4	0.3	0.0	0.9	0.0	0.0	16.9	22.7	0.0
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.0	1.9	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	42.7	5.6	5.6	36.9	7.0	5.8	22.9	0.0	0.0	40.4	46.1	0.0
LnGrp LOS	D	Α	Α.	D	Α.	A	C	0.0	0.0	D	D	0.0
Approach Vol, veh/h		308	,,		726	, ,		88			8	
Approach Delay, s/veh		9.5			7.1			22.9			49.0	
Approach LOS		3.5 A			Α			C			75.0 D	
							_					
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2		4	5	6		8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	5.5	30.3		4.7	4.5	31.2		6.7				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.5	6.5		4.5	4.5	* 6.5		4.5				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	25.0	40.0		25.0	25.0	* 39		25.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	2.8	5.9		2.1	2.0	3.0		3.1				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.0	17.9		0.0	0.0	18.4		0.1				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			9.3									
HCM 2010 LOS			Α									

User approved volume balancing among the lanes for turning movement.

\* HCM 2010 computational engine requires equal clearance times for the phases crossing the barrier.

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	ă	ተተተ	7	Ä	ተተተ	7	7	<b>†</b>	7	7	4	
Volume (veh/h)	52	136	22	30	507	17	76	6	5	31	17	84
Number	5	2	12	1	6	16	3	8	18	7	4	14
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1900
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	59	155	9	34	576	5	86	7	0	35	19	2
Adj No. of Lanes	1	3	1	1	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
Peak Hour Factor	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.88
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	101	1965	612	67	1869	582	203	173	147	110	68	7
Arrive On Green	0.06	0.39	0.39	0.04	0.37	0.37	0.11	0.09	0.00	0.06	0.04	0.04
Sat Flow, veh/h	1774	5085	1583	1774	5085	1583	1774	1863	1583	1774	1657	174
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	59	155	9	34	576	5	86	7	0	35	0	21
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	1774	1695	1583	1774	1695	1583	1774	1863	1583	1774	0	1832
Q Serve(g_s), s	1.5	0.9	0.2	0.9	3.8	0.1	2.1	0.2	0.0	0.9	0.0	0.5
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	1.5	0.9	0.2	0.9	3.8	0.1	2.1	0.2	0.0	0.9	0.0	0.5
Prop In Lane	1.00	0.0	1.00	1.00	0.0	1.00	1.00	V. <u></u>	1.00	1.00	0.0	0.10
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	101	1965	612	67	1869	582	203	173	147	110	0	75
V/C Ratio(X)	0.58	0.08	0.01	0.50	0.31	0.01	0.42	0.04	0.00	0.32	0.00	0.28
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	933	7273	2265	933	7380	2298	933	1567	1332	933	0	1541
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	21.9	9.2	9.0	22.4	10.7	9.5	19.6	19.6	0.0	21.3	0.0	22.1
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	2.0	0.0	0.0	2.2	0.2	0.0	1.4	0.1	0.0	1.6	0.0	2.0
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	0.8	0.4	0.1	0.5	1.8	0.0	1.1	0.1	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.3
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	23.9	9.3	9.0	24.6	10.9	9.6	21.0	19.7	0.0	22.9	0.0	24.2
LnGrp LOS	C	A	A	C	В	A	C	В	0.0	C	0.0	С
Approach Vol, veh/h		223	, ,		615	,,		93			56	
Approach Delay, s/veh		13.1			11.7			20.9			23.4	
Approach LOS		В			В			C			C	
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •												
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	6.3	24.9	9.9	6.4	7.2	24.0	7.5	8.9				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.5	* 6.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	6.5	4.5	4.5				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	25.0	* 68	25.0	40.0	25.0	69.0	25.0	40.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	2.9	2.9	4.1	2.5	3.5	5.8	2.9	2.2				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.0	11.7	0.2	0.1	0.1	11.6	0.1	0.1				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			13.5									
HCM 2010 LOS			В									
Notes												

\* HCM 2010 computational engine requires equal clearance times for the phases crossing the barrier.

	۶	<b>→</b>	•	•	<b>←</b>	•	•	†	<b>/</b>	<b>\</b>	<b>+</b>	-√
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	<b>ሕ</b> ች	<b>†</b> ††	7	ሻሻ	ተተተ	7	ሽኘ	ተተተ	7	ሽኘ	ተተተ	7
Volume (veh/h)	97	323	55	219	168	109	144	1322	420	164	1297	45
Number	3	8	18	7	4	14	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	101	336	0	228	175	0	150	1377	0	171	1351	0
Adj No. of Lanes	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	159	673	209	304	887	276	211	2705	842	232	2737	852
Arrive On Green	0.05	0.13	0.00	0.09	0.17	0.00	0.06	0.53	0.00	0.07	0.54	0.00
Sat Flow, veh/h	3442	5085	1583	3442	5085	1583	3442	5085	1583	3442	5085	1583
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	101	336	0	228	175	0	150	1377	0	171	1351	0
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	1721	1695	1583	1721	1695	1583	1721	1695	1583	1721	1695	1583
Q Serve(g_s), s	3.1	6.7	0.0	7.0	3.2	0.0	4.7	18.9	0.0	5.3	18.2	0.0
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	3.1	6.7	0.0	7.0	3.2	0.0	4.7	18.9	0.0	5.3	18.2	0.0
Prop In Lane	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	159	673	209	304	887	276	211	2705	842	232	2737	852
V/C Ratio(X)	0.64	0.50	0.00	0.75	0.20	0.00	0.71	0.51	0.00	0.74	0.49	0.00
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	692	1808	563	692	1808	563	692	2705	842	692	2737	852
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	0.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	51.0	43.9	0.0	48.5	38.4	0.0	50.2	16.4	0.0	49.8	15.8	0.0
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	1.6	1.0	0.0	3.7	0.2	0.0	1.7	0.7	0.0	1.7	0.6	0.0
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	1.5	3.2	0.0	3.5	1.5	0.0	2.3	9.0	0.0	2.6	8.7	0.0
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	52.6	44.9	0.0	52.2	38.6	0.0	51.8	17.0	0.0	51.5	16.4	0.0
LnGrp LOS	D	D		D	D		D	В		D	В	
Approach Vol, veh/h		437			403			1527			1522	
Approach Delay, s/veh		46.7			46.3			20.5			20.4	
Approach LOS		D			D			С			С	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	11.9	114.3	9.5	24.3	11.2	115.0	14.1	19.7				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.5	5.3	4.5	5.3	4.5	5.3	4.5	5.3				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	21.9	57.9	21.9	38.7	21.9	57.9	21.9	38.7				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	7.3	20.9	5.1	5.2	6.7	20.2	9.0	8.7				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.1	36.0	0.1	5.6	0.1	36.7	0.6	5.5				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			26.0									
HCM 2010 LOS			С									

Intersection												
Intersection Delay, s/veh	10.7											
Intersection LOS	В											
Movement	EBU	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBU	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBU	NBL	NBT	NBR
Vol, veh/h	0	102	22	31	0	2	17	10	0	28	326	7
Peak Hour Factor	0.91	0.91	0.91	0.91	0.91	0.91	0.91	0.91	0.91	0.91	0.91	0.91
Heavy Vehicles, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Mvmt Flow	0	112	24	34	0	2	19	11	0	31	358	8
Number of Lanes	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	2	0

Approach	EB	WB	NB
Opposing Approach	WB	EB	SB
Opposing Lanes	1	3	3
Conflicting Approach Left	SB	NB	EB
Conflicting Lanes Left	3	3	3
Conflicting Approach Right	NB	SB	WB
Conflicting Lanes Right	3	3	1
HCM Control Delay	10	9.7	11.4
HCM LOS	Α	А	В

Lane	NBLn1	NBLn2	NBLn3	EBLn1	EBLn2	EBLn3	WBLn1	SBLn1	SBLn2	SBLn3	
Vol Left, %	100%	0%	0%	100%	65%	0%	7%	100%	0%	0%	
Vol Thru, %	0%	100%	94%	0%	35%	0%	59%	0%	100%	36%	
Vol Right, %	0%	0%	6%	0%	0%	100%	34%	0%	0%	64%	
Sign Control	Stop										
Traffic Vol by Lane	28	217	116	61	63	31	29	10	99	140	
LT Vol	0	217	109	0	22	0	17	0	99	50	
Through Vol	0	0	7	0	0	31	10	0	0	90	
RT Vol	28	0	0	61	41	0	2	10	0	0	
Lane Flow Rate	31	239	127	67	69	34	32	11	109	153	
Geometry Grp	8	8	8	7	7	7	8	8	8	8	
Degree of Util (X)	0.054	0.389	0.205	0.126	0.126	0.052	0.058	0.02	0.186	0.242	
Departure Headway (Hd)	6.366	5.863	5.82	6.74	6.565	5.54	6.57	6.623	6.12	5.665	
Convergence, Y/N	Yes										
Cap	563	614	618	533	547	647	545	541	587	634	
Service Time	4.095	3.592	3.549	4.472	4.296	3.271	4.312	4.355	3.851	3.397	
HCM Lane V/C Ratio	0.055	0.389	0.206	0.126	0.126	0.053	0.059	0.02	0.186	0.241	
HCM Control Delay	9.5	12.3	10.1	10.4	10.2	8.6	9.7	9.5	10.3	10.2	
HCM Lane LOS	Α	В	В	В	В	Α	Α	Α	В	В	
HCM 95th-tile Q	0.2	1.8	0.8	0.4	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.7	0.9	

Intersection				
Intersection Delay, s/veh				
Intersection LOS				
Movement	SBU	SBL	SBT	SBR
Vol, veh/h	0	10	149	90
Peak Hour Factor	0.91	0.91	0.91	0.91
Heavy Vehicles, %	2	2	2	2
Mvmt Flow	0	11	164	99
Number of Lanes	0	1	2	0
Approach		SB		
Opposing Approach		NB		
Opposing Lanes		3		
Conflicting Approach Left		WB		
Conflicting Lanes Left		1		
Conflicting Approach Right		EB		
Conflicting Lanes Right		3		
HCM Control Delay		10.2		
HCM LOS		В		
Lane				

	•	-	•	•	<b>←</b>	•	4	†	~	<b>/</b>	ţ	4
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBF
Lane Configurations	<b>ሕ</b> ሽ	ተተተ	7	ሽኘ	ተተተ	7	ă	4	7	ሽኘ	<b>†</b>	7
Volume (veh/h)	457	721	41	25	286	52	99	71	60	80	23	178
Number	5	2	12	1	6	16	7	4	14	3	8	18
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		0.99	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	508	801	19	28	318	0	94	101	4	89	26	0
Adj No. of Lanes	2	3	1	2	3	1	1	1	1	2	1	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	626	2861	890	53	2014	627	161	169	143	203	110	94
Arrive On Green	0.18	0.56	0.56	0.02	0.40	0.00	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.06	0.06	0.00
Sat Flow, veh/h	3442	5085	1582	3442	5085	1583	1774	1863	1573	3442	1863	1583
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	508	801	19	28	318	0	94	101	4	89	26	0
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	1721	1695	1582	1721	1695	1583	1774	1863	1573	1721	1863	1583
Q Serve(g_s), s	9.9	5.7	0.4	0.6	2.8	0.0	3.6	3.6	0.2	1.7	0.9	0.0
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	9.9	5.7	0.4	0.6	2.8	0.0	3.6	3.6	0.2	1.7	0.9	0.0
Prop In Lane	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	626	2861	890	53	2014	627	161	169	143	203	110	94
V/C Ratio(X)	0.81	0.28	0.02	0.52	0.16	0.00	0.58	0.60	0.03	0.44	0.24	0.00
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	1232	4952	1540	1232	4952	1542	635	667	563	1971	1067	907
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	27.4	7.9	6.8	34.1	13.6	0.0	30.5	30.5	28.9	31.7	31.3	0.0
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	1.0	0.1	0.0	2.9	0.1	0.0	1.3	1.3	0.0	0.6	0.4	0.0
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	4.7	2.7	0.2	0.3	1.3	0.0	1.8	1.9	0.1	0.8	0.5	0.0
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	28.4	8.1	6.8	37.1	13.7	0.0	31.7	31.8	29.0	32.3	31.8	0.0
LnGrp LOS	C	Α	A	D	В	0.0	C	С	C	C	С	0.0
Approach Vol, veh/h		1328			346			199			115	
Approach Delay, s/veh		15.8			15.6			31.7			32.2	
Approach LOS		В			В			C			C	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2		4	5	6		8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	5.6	44.8		10.8	17.2	33.2		8.6				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.5	5.5		4.5	4.5	5.5		4.5				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	25.0	68.0		25.0	25.0	68.0		40.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	2.6	7.7		5.6	11.9	4.8		3.7				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.0	22.5		0.5	0.8	22.8		0.2				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			18.3									
HCM 2010 LOS			В									
Notes												
User approved pedestrian inte												
User approved volume balanci	ng amor	ig the lane	es for turr	ning move	ement.							

	۶	<b>→</b>	•	•	<b>←</b>	•	4	†	<i>&gt;</i>	<b>/</b>	<b>+</b>	-√
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	ሕኘ	<b>†</b> †	7	44	ተተተ	7	<b>ሕ</b> ካ	ተተተ	7	ሽሽ	ተተተ	7
Volume (veh/h)	165	330	588	413	125	137	584	1490	591	182	1260	163
Number	3	8	18	7	4	14	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	172	344	284	430	130	0	608	1552	0	190	1312	0
Adj No. of Lanes	2	2	1	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	230	736	329	494	1439	448	685	2155	671	249	1510	470
Arrive On Green	0.07	0.21	0.21	0.14	0.28	0.00	0.07	0.14	0.00	0.07	0.30	0.00
Sat Flow, veh/h	3442	3539	1583	3477	5085	1583	3442	5085	1583	3442	5085	1583
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	172	344	284	430	130	0	608	1552	0	190	1312	0
Grp Sat Flow(s), veh/h/ln	1721	1770	1583	1739	1695	1583	1721	1695	1583	1721	1695	1583
Q Serve(g_s), s	6.2	10.8	22.0	15.4	2.4	0.0	22.3	37.1	0.0	6.9	31.1	0.0
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	6.2	10.8	22.0	15.4	2.4	0.0	22.3	37.1	0.0	6.9	31.1	0.0
Prop In Lane	1.00	706	1.00 329	1.00	1400	1.00 448	1.00	0155	1.00	1.00	1510	1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h V/C Ratio(X)	230 0.75	736 0.47	0.86	494 0.87	1439 0.09	0.00	685 0.89	2155 0.72	671 0.00	249 0.76	1510 0.87	470 0.00
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	809	810	362	818	1439	448	1026	2155	671	1026	1740	542
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.33	0.33	0.33	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.49	0.49	0.00	1.00	1.00	0.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	58.3	44.2	48.6	53.4	33.5	0.0	58.0	47.5	0.00	57.9	42.3	0.00
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	1.8	1.1	20.7	3.0	0.1	0.0	2.4	1.0	0.0	1.8	5.4	0.0
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	3.0	5.4	11.5	7.6	1.1	0.0	10.9	17.7	0.0	3.3	15.3	0.0
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	60.1	45.3	69.3	56.4	33.6	0.0	60.4	48.5	0.0	59.7	47.7	0.0
LnGrp LOS	E	D	E	E	C	0.0	E	D	0.0	E	D	0.0
Approach Vol, veh/h		800			560			2160			1502	
Approach Delay, s/veh		57.0			51.1			51.9			49.3	
Approach LOS		Е			D			D			D	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	13.7	92.0	13.0	41.3	62.7	43.1	22.6	31.7				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.5	5.3	4.5	5.3	4.5	5.3	4.5	5.3				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	37.9	43.5	29.9	29.1	37.9	43.5	29.9	29.1				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+I1), s	8.9	39.1	8.2	4.4	24.3	33.1	17.4	24.0				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.3	4.4	0.3	8.6	1.0	4.7	0.7	2.4				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			51.8									
HCM 2010 LOS			D									

Intersection									
Intersection Delay, s/veh	14.2								
Intersection LOS	В								
Movement	EBU	EBL	EBT	WBU	WBT	WBR	SBU	SBL	SBR
Vol, veh/h	1	360	116	0	57	7	2	4	138
Peak Hour Factor	0.86	0.86	0.86	0.86	0.86	0.86	0.86	0.86	0.86
Heavy Vehicles, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Mvmt Flow	1	419	135	0	66	8	2	5	160
Number of Lanes	0	1	2	1	2	0	0	1	2

Approach	EB	WB	SB	
Opposing Approach	WB	EB		
Opposing Lanes	3	3	0	
Conflicting Approach Left	SB		WB	
Conflicting Lanes Left	3	0	3	
Conflicting Approach Right		SB	EB	
Conflicting Lanes Right	0	3	3	
HCM Control Delay	16.4	9.3	8.9	
HCM LOS	С	А	Α	

Lane	EBLn1	EBLn2	EBLn3	WBLn1	WBLn2	WBLn3	SBLn1	SBLn2	SBLn3	
Vol Left, %	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	100%	0%	0%	
Vol Thru, %	0%	100%	100%	100%	100%	73%	0%	0%	0%	
Vol Right, %	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	27%	0%	100%	100%	
Sign Control	Stop									
Traffic Vol by Lane	361	58	58	0	38	26	6	69	69	
LT Vol	0	58	58	0	38	19	0	0	0	
Through Vol	0	0	0	0	0	7	0	69	69	
RT Vol	361	0	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	
Lane Flow Rate	420	67	67	0	44	30	7	80	80	
Geometry Grp	8	8	8	8	8	8	7	7	7	
Degree of Util (X)	0.661	0.097	0.097	0	0.075	0.05	0.013	0.12	0.12	
Departure Headway (Hd)	5.665	5.163	5.163	6.137	6.137	5.948	6.577	5.376	5.376	
Convergence, Y/N	Yes									
Cap	634	689	689	0	578	596	542	663	663	
Service Time	3.435	2.934	2.934	3.936	3.936	3.746	4.345	3.143	3.143	
HCM Lane V/C Ratio	0.662	0.097	0.097	0	0.076	0.05	0.013	0.121	0.121	
HCM Control Delay	18.9	8.5	8.5	8.9	9.4	9.1	9.4	8.9	8.9	
HCM Lane LOS	С	Α	Α	N	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	
HCM 95th-tile Q	4.9	0.3	0.3	0	0.2	0.2	0	0.4	0.4	

	۶	<b>→</b>	•	•	+	4	4	†	<i>&gt;</i>	<b>/</b>	ţ	- ✓
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations						7		ተተተ	7	ř	ተተቡ	7
Volume (vph)	0	0	0	0	0	420	0	2245	105	199	1410	728
Ideal Flow (vphpl)	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900
Total Lost time (s)						5.0		5.3	5.3	5.0	4.0	4.0
Lane Util. Factor						1.00		0.91	1.00	1.00	0.86	0.86
Frt						0.86		1.00	0.85	1.00	0.98	0.85
Flt Protected						1.00		1.00	1.00	0.95	1.00	1.00
Satd. Flow (prot)						1611		5085	1583	1770	4698	1362
Flt Permitted						1.00		1.00	1.00	0.95	1.00	1.00
Satd. Flow (perm)						1611		5085	1583	1770	4698	1362
Peak-hour factor, PHF	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96
Adj. Flow (vph)	0	0	0	0	0	438	0	2339	109	207	1469	758
RTOR Reduction (vph)	0	0	0	0	0	37	0	0	20	0	0	0
Lane Group Flow (vph)	0	0	0	0	0	401	0	2339	89	207	1727	500
Turn Type						pt+ov		NA	Perm	Prot	NA	Perm
Protected Phases						13		24		13	Free	
Permitted Phases						13			2 4			Free
Actuated Green, G (s)						47.0		92.4	92.4	47.0	160.0	160.0
Effective Green, g (s)						47.0		92.4	92.4	47.0	160.0	160.0
Actuated g/C Ratio						0.29		0.58	0.58	0.29	1.00	1.00
Clearance Time (s)												
Vehicle Extension (s)												
Lane Grp Cap (vph)						473		2936	914	519	4698	1362
v/s Ratio Prot						c0.25		c0.46		0.12	0.37	
v/s Ratio Perm									0.06			0.37
v/c Ratio						0.85		0.80	0.10	0.40	0.37	0.37
Uniform Delay, d1						53.1		26.4	15.1	45.2	0.0	0.0
Progression Factor						1.00		1.00	1.00	0.55	1.00	1.00
Incremental Delay, d2						12.8		2.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.4
Delay (s)						65.9		28.8	15.3	24.9	0.1	0.4
Level of Service						Е		С	В	С	Α	Α
Approach Delay (s)		0.0			65.9			28.2			2.3	
Approach LOS		Α			Е			С			Α	
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2000 Control Delay		_	19.4	H	CM 2000	Level of S	Service		В	_	_	
HCM 2000 Volume to Capacity	ratio		0.81									
Actuated Cycle Length (s)			160.0	Sı	um of los	t time (s)			20.6			
Intersection Capacity Utilization			78.0%			of Service			D			
Analysis Period (min)			15									
c Critical Lane Group												

	•	•	<b>†</b>	~	<b>/</b>	<b>↓</b>	
Movement	WBL	WBR	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	
ane Configurations	14.54	77	<b>∱</b> ∱	7		ተተተ	
/olume (veh/h)	61	1003	1347	113	0	1410	
Number	3	18	2	12	1	6	
nitial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1863	1863	0	1863	
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	64	1003	1403	0	0	1469	
Adj No. of Lanes	2	2	2	1	0	3	
Peak Hour Factor	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	0	2	
Cap, veh/h	1270	1028	1912	812	0	2609	
Arrive On Green	0.37	0.37	0.51	0.00	0.00	0.51	
Sat Flow, veh/h	3442	2787	3725	1583	0	5421	
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	64	1003	1403	0	0	1469	
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	1721	1393	1863	1583	0	1695	
Q Serve(g_s), s	1.0	28.9	23.9	0.0	0.0	16.1	
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	1.0	28.9	23.9	0.0	0.0	16.1	
Prop In Lane	1.00	1.00		1.00	0.00		
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	1270	1028	1912	812	0	2609	
V/C Ratio(X)	0.05	0.98	0.73	0.00	0.00	0.56	
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	1270	1028	2290	973	0	3126	
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	16.5	25.3	15.5	0.0	0.0	13.6	
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	0.0	22.2	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.1	
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	0.5	14.2	12.3	0.0	0.0	7.5	
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	16.5	47.5	16.2	0.0	0.0	13.6	
LnGrp LOS	В	D	В			В	
Approach Vol, veh/h	1067		1403			1469	
Approach Delay, s/veh	45.6		16.2			13.6	
Approach LOS	D		В			В	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7 8
Assigned Phs		2				6	8
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s		47.0				47.0	34.3
Change Period (Y+Rc), s		5.3				5.3	4.3
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s		50.0				50.0	30.0
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s		25.9				18.1	30.9
Green Ext Time (p_c), s		15.8				18.8	0.0
ntersection Summary							
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			23.2				
HCM 2010 LOS			С				
Notes							

User approved volume balancing among the lanes for turning movement.

	۶	-	•	•	<b>←</b>	•	1	<b>†</b>	<i>&gt;</i>	<b>/</b>	<b></b>	1
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	14.54		7					<b>^</b>	7		<b>∱</b> 1>	7
Volume (veh/h)	1104	0	53	0	0	0	0	356	175	0	280	1191
Number	7	4	14				5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0				0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00				1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00				1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	0	1863				0	1863	1863	0	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	1115	0	28				0	360	0	0	283	0
Adj No. of Lanes	2	0	1				0	2	1	0	2	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.99	0.99	0.99				0.99	0.99	0.99	0.99	0.99	0.99
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	0	2				0	2	2	0	2	2
Cap, veh/h	1445	0	665				0	906	406	0	954	406
Arrive On Green	0.42	0.00	0.42				0.00	0.26	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.00
Sat Flow, veh/h	3442	0	1583				0	3632	1583	0	3725	1583
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	1115	0	28				0	360	0	0	283	0
Grp Sat Flow(s), veh/h/ln	1721	0	1583				0	1770	1583	0	1863	1583
Q Serve(g_s), s	8.2	0.0	0.3				0.0	2.5	0.0	0.0	1.8	0.0
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	8.2	0.0	0.3				0.0	2.5	0.0	0.0	1.8	0.0
Prop In Lane	1.00	0.0	1.00				0.00	2.5	1.00	0.00	1.0	1.00
		0	665				0.00	906	406	0.00	954	406
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	1445											
V/C Ratio(X)	0.77	0.00	0.04				0.00	0.40	0.00	0.00	0.30	0.00
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	2905	0	1336				0	5377	2405	0	5660	2405
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00				1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	0.00	1.00				0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	7.4	0.0	5.1				0.0	9.1	0.0	0.0	8.9	0.0
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	0.3	0.0	0.0				0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0				0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	3.8	0.0	0.1				0.0	1.2	0.0	0.0	0.9	0.0
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	7.7	0.0	5.1				0.0	9.2	0.0	0.0	8.9	0.0
LnGrp LOS	A		Α					A			A	
Approach Vol, veh/h		1143						360			283	
Approach Delay, s/veh		7.6						9.2			8.9	
Approach LOS		Α						Α			Α	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs		2		4		6						
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s		12.9		16.7		12.9						
Change Period (Y+Rc), s		5.3		* 4.3		5.3						
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s		45.0		* 25		45.0						
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s		4.5		10.2		3.8						
Green Ext Time (p_c), s		2.6		2.2		2.6						
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			8.2									
HCM 2010 LOS			Α									
Notes												
User approved pedestrian inte												
User approved volume balanci	ng amon	g the lan	es for turr	ning move	ement.							

\* HCM 2010 computational engine requires equal clearance times for the phases crossing the barrier.

	•	<b>→</b>	•	•	<b>←</b>	•	4	†	<i>&gt;</i>	<b>\</b>	<b>+</b>	-√
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations		4	7	ሻ	<b>€1</b> }		44	<b>∱</b> ⊅		ሻ	ተኈ	7
Volume (veh/h)	167	53	321	141	84	93	1049	1369	304	52	512	397
Number	7	4	14	3	8	18	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1900	1863	1863	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	170	54	102	162	61	7	1070	1397	298	53	522	156
Adj No. of Lanes	0	1	1	2	1	0	2	2	0	1	2	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	199	63	231	312	145	17	1385	1568	328	125	725	308
Arrive On Green	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.40	0.54	0.54	0.07	0.19	0.19
Sat Flow, veh/h	1362	433	1583	3548	1641	188	3442	2914	609	1774	3725	1583
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	224	0	102	162	0	68	1070	837	858	53	522	156
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	1795	0	1583	1774	0	1830	1721	1770	1754	1774	1863	1583
Q Serve(g_s), s	13.8	0.0	6.7	5.0	0.0	4.0	30.6	47.1	50.2	3.3	14.9	10.0
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	13.8	0.0	6.7	5.0	0.0	4.0	30.6	47.1	50.2	3.3	14.9	10.0
Prop In Lane	0.76		1.00	1.00		0.10	1.00		0.35	1.00		1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	262	0	231	312	0	161	1385	952	944	125	725	308
V/C Ratio(X)	0.86	0.00	0.44	0.52	0.00	0.42	0.77	0.88	0.91	0.42	0.72	0.51
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	427	0	376	500	0	258	1476	952	944	219	725	308
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	47.3	0.0	44.3	49.5	0.0	49.1	29.4	23.0	23.7	50.6	42.8	40.9
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	4.8	0.0	0.5	0.5	0.0	0.7	2.1	11.4	14.2	0.8	6.1	5.8
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	7.2	0.0	2.9	2.5	0.0	2.1	15.0	25.8	27.8	1.6	8.3	4.9
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	52.1	0.0	44.8	50.0	0.0	49.7	31.6	34.4	37.9	51.4	48.9	46.7
LnGrp LOS	D		D	D		D	С	С	D	D	D	D
Approach Vol, veh/h		326			230			2765			731	
Approach Delay, s/veh		49.8			49.9			34.4			48.6	
Approach LOS		D			D			С			D	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2		4	5	6		8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	12.0	88.8		21.2	73.4	27.4		14.0				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.0	5.3		4.6	5.3	* 5.3		4.0				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	14.0	61.1		27.0	48.7	* 22		16.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	5.3	52.2		15.8	32.6	16.9		7.0				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.0	7.3		0.7	12.0	1.2		0.3				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			39.1									
HCM 2010 LOS			D									
Notes												

User approved volume balancing among the lanes for turning movement.

\* HCM 2010 computational engine requires equal clearance times for the phases crossing the barrier.

Synchro 8 Report 10/27/2014

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations			77			7		ተተተ	7	ሻ	1111	
Volume (vph)	0	0	802	0	0	926	0	1795	730	207	767	0
Ideal Flow (vphpl)	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900
Total Lost time (s)			4.6			4.0		5.7	5.7	4.0	5.7	
Lane Util. Factor			0.88			1.00		0.91	1.00	1.00	0.86	
Frpb, ped/bikes			1.00			0.99		1.00	0.98	1.00	1.00	
Flpb, ped/bikes			1.00			1.00		1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
Frt			0.85			0.86		1.00	0.85	1.00	1.00	
Flt Protected			1.00			1.00		1.00	1.00	0.95	1.00	
Satd. Flow (prot)			2787			1591		5085	1548	1770	6408	
Flt Permitted			1.00			1.00		1.00	1.00	0.95	1.00	
Satd. Flow (perm)			2787			1591		5085	1548	1770	6408	
Peak-hour factor, PHF	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98
Adj. Flow (vph)	0	0	818	0	0	945	0	1832	745	211	783	0
RTOR Reduction (vph)	0	0	101	0	0	0	0	0	216	0	0	0
Lane Group Flow (vph)	0	0	717	0	0	945	0	1832	529	211	783	0
Confl. Peds. (#/hr)						2			2			
Turn Type			Prot			Free		NA	Perm	Prot	NA	
Protected Phases			4					2		1	6	
Permitted Phases						Free			2			
Actuated Green, G (s)			28.4			68.0		42.6	42.6	15.7	29.3	
Effective Green, g (s)			28.4			68.0		42.6	42.6	15.7	29.3	
Actuated g/C Ratio			0.42			1.00		0.63	0.63	0.23	0.43	
Clearance Time (s)			4.6					5.7	5.7	4.0	5.7	
Vehicle Extension (s)			1.0					1.0	1.0	2.5	1.0	
Lane Grp Cap (vph)			1163			1591		3185	969	408	2761	
v/s Ratio Prot			0.26					0.36		0.12	0.12	
v/s Ratio Perm						c0.59			0.34			
v/c Ratio			0.62			0.59		0.58	0.55	0.52	0.28	
Uniform Delay, d1			15.5			0.0		7.4	7.2	22.8	12.5	
Progression Factor			1.00			1.00		1.00	1.00	1.31	0.99	
Incremental Delay, d2			0.7			1.6		0.8	2.2	0.5	0.2	
Delay (s)			16.2			1.6		8.2	9.4	30.5	12.6	
Level of Service			В			Α		Α	Α	С	В	
Approach Delay (s)		16.2			1.6			8.5			16.4	
Approach LOS		В			Α			Α			В	
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2000 Control Delay			10.0	H	CM 2000	Level of S	Service		Α			
HCM 2000 Volume to Capacity	ratio		0.70									
Actuated Cycle Length (s)			68.0	Sı	um of lost	time (s)			10.3			
Intersection Capacity Utilization			66.0%			of Service			С			
Analysis Period (min)			15									
c Critical Lane Group												

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Service Time

HCM Lane V/C Ratio

**HCM Control Delay** 

**HCM Lane LOS** 

HCM 95th-tile Q

Intersection										
Intersection Delay, s/veh	35.1									
Intersection LOS	Е									
Movement	EBU	EBL	EBT		WBU	WBT	WBR	SBU	SBL	SBR
Vol, veh/h	0	485	252		0	255	108	0	134	204
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.92		0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Heavy Vehicles, %	2	2	2		2	2	2	2	2	2
Mvmt Flow	0	527	274		0	277	117	0	146	222
Number of Lanes	0	1	1		0	1	0	0	1	0
Approach		EB				WB			SB	
Opposing Approach		WB				EB				
Opposing Lanes		1				2			0	
Conflicting Approach Left		SB							WB	
Conflicting Lanes Left		1				0			1	
Conflicting Approach Right						SB			EB	
Conflicting Lanes Right		0				1			2	
HCM Control Delay		48.7				21.2			20.5	
HCM LOS		Е				С			С	
Lane	E	EBLn1	EBLn2	WBLn1	SBLn1					
Vol Left, %		100%	0%	0%	40%					
Vol Thru, %		0%	100%	70%	0%					
Vol Right, %		0%	0%	30%	60%					
Sign Control		Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop					
Traffic Vol by Lane		485	252	363	338					
LT Vol		0	252	255	0					
Through Vol		0	0	108	204					
RT Vol		485	0	0	134					
Lane Flow Rate		527	274	395	367					
Geometry Grp		7	7	5	2					
Degree of Util (X)		1	0.49	0.679	0.652					
Departure Headway (Hd)		6.944	6.434	6.193	6.393					
Convergence V/M		1/	Voo	Yes	Yes					
Convergence, Y/N Cap		Yes 522	Yes 556	592	573					

10/27/2014 Synchro 8 Report

4.726

1.01

66

F

13.9

4.216

0.493

15.3

С

2.7

4.164

0.667

21.2

С

5.2

4.36

0.64

20.5

С

4.7

Intersection         Int Delay, s/veh         3.8           Movement         EBL         EBT         EBR         WBL         WBT         WBR         NBL         NBT         NBR           Vol, veh/h         2         384         0         0         354         212         0 <t< th=""></t<>
Movement   EBL   EBT   EBR   WBL   WBT   WBR   NBL   NBT   NBR   Vol, veh/h   2   384   0   0   354   212   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0
Movement   EBL   EBT   EBR   WBL   WBT   WBR   NBL   NBT   NBR   Novement   Novement
Vol, veh/h         2         384         0         0         354         212         0         -         -         0         -         -         0         -         -         0         -         -         0         -         -         0         -         -         0         -         -         0         -         -         0         -         -         0         -         -         0         -         -         0         -         -         0         0         0
Vol, veh/h         2         384         0         0         354         212         0         -         -         0         -         -         0         -         -         0         -         -         0         -         -         0         -         -         0         -         -         0         -         -         0         -         -         0         -         -         0         -         -         0         -         -         -         0         0
Conflicting Peds, #/hr 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Sign Control         Free         None         -         -         0         -         -         0         -         -         0         0         -         -         0         -         -         0         -         -         0         -         -         -         0         0         0         0         0         0         -         -         -
Storage Length
Veh in Median Storage, #         -         0         -         -         0         -         -         0         -         -         0         -         -         0         -         -         0         -         -         -         0         0         -
Grade, %         -         0         -         -         0         -         0         -         0         -         0         -         0         -         0         -         0         -         0         -         0         -         0         -         94         9
Peak Hour Factor         94         96         9           Major/Minor         Major <th< td=""></th<>
Heavy Vehicles, %   2   2   2   2   2   2   2   2   2
Major/Minor         Major1         Major2           Conflicting Flow All         602         0         0         409         0         0           Stage 1         -         -         -         -         -         -           Stage 2         -         -         -         -         -         -           Critical Hdwy         4.12         -         -         -         -         -           Critical Hdwy Stg 1         -         <
Major/Minor         Major1         Major2           Conflicting Flow All         602         0         0         409         0         0           Stage 1         -         -         -         -         -         -           Stage 2         -         -         -         -         -         -           Critical Hdwy         4.12         -         -         -         -         -           Critical Hdwy Stg 1         -         <
Conflicting Flow All 602 0 0 409 0 0  Stage 1
Conflicting Flow All 602 0 0 409 0 0  Stage 1
Stage 1       - </td
Stage 1       - </td
Stage 2       -       -       -       -       -       -         Critical Hdwy Stg 1       -       -       -       -       -       -         Critical Hdwy Stg 2       -       -       -       -       -       -         Follow-up Hdwy       2.218       -       -       2.218       -       -         Pot Cap-1 Maneuver       975       -       -       1150       -       -         Stage 2       -       -       -       -       -       -         Platoon blocked, %       -       -       -       -       -       -         Mov Cap-1 Maneuver       975       -       1150       -       -       -
Critical Hdwy       4.12       -       -       4.12       -       -         Critical Hdwy Stg 1       -       -       -       -       -       -         Critical Hdwy Stg 2       -<
Critical Hdwy Stg 1       -
Follow-up Hdwy 2.218 2.218 Stage 1
Pot Cap-1 Maneuver 975 1150 Stage 1
Stage 1       - </td
Stage 2       -       -       -       -       -       -         Platoon blocked, %       -       -       -       -       -       -         Mov Cap-1 Maneuver       975       -       -       1150       -       -
Platoon blocked, %
Mov Cap-1 Maneuver 975 1150
Mov Cap-2 Maneuver
Stage 1
Stage 2
Approach EB WB
HCM Control Delay, s 0 0
HCM LOS
Minor Lane/Major Mvmt EBL EBT EBR WBL WBT WBR SBLn1
Capacity (veh/h) 975 1150 269
HCM Lane V/C Ratio 0.002 0.51
HCM Control Delay (s) 8.7 0 - 0 - 31.5
HCM Lane LOS ^ ` A A - A - D

Intersection			
Int Delay, s/veh			
<b>,</b>			
Movement	SBL	SBT	SBR
Vol, veh/h	119	1	9
Conflicting Peds, #/hr	0	0	0
Sign Control	Stop	Stop	Stop
RT Channelized	Stop -	Stop -	None
Storage Length	-	-	None -
Veh in Median Storage, #	-	0	-
		0	
Grade, % Peak Hour Factor	- 04		- 04
	94 2	94	94
Heavy Vehicles, %		2	2
Mvmt Flow	127	1	10
Major/Minor	Minor2		
Conflicting Flow All	902	902	489
Stage 1	489	489	-
Stage 2	413	413	-
Critical Hdwy	7.12	6.52	6.22
Critical Hdwy Stg 1	6.12	5.52	-
Critical Hdwy Stg 2	6.12	5.52	_
Follow-up Hdwy	3.518	4.018	3.318
	259	277	579
Pot Cap-1 Maneuver			
Stage 1	561	549	-
Stage 2	616	594	-
Platoon blocked, %			
Mov Cap-1 Maneuver	258	276	579
Mov Cap-2 Maneuver	258	276	-
Stage 1	559	549	-
Stage 2	614	592	-
Approach	SB		
HCM Control Delay, s	31.5		
HCM LOS	D		
Minor Lane/Major Mvmt			

	•	<b>→</b>	•	•	<b>←</b>	•	•	†	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<b>+</b>	<b>→</b>
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	1,4	<b>∱</b> Ъ		1/4	<b>†</b> †	7	ħ	1111	7	1,4	ተተተ	7
Volume (veh/h)	308	252	62	142	121	238	80	1061	315	318	443	235
Number	7	4	14	3	8	18	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		0.99	1.00		0.99	1.00		0.99	1.00		0.99
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1845	1856	1900	1863	1863	1863	1810	1810	1863	1863	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	335	274	49	154	132	18	87	1153	272	346	482	93
Adj No. of Lanes	2	2	0	2	2	1	1	4	1	2	3	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Percent Heavy Veh, %	3	2	2	2	2	2	5	5	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	429	481	85	231	361	159	111	2556	641	436	2403	738
Arrive On Green	0.13	0.16	0.16	0.07	0.10	0.10	0.06	0.41	0.41	0.13	0.47	0.47
Sat Flow, veh/h	3408	2992	528	3442	3539	1560	1723	6225	1562	3442	5085	1563
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	335	160	163	154	132	18	87	1153	272	346	482	93
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	1704	1763	1757	1721	1770	1560	1723	1556	1562	1721	1695	1563
Q Serve(g_s), s	9.1	8.0	8.2	4.2	3.3	1.0	4.8	12.8	11.9	9.3	5.3	3.2
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	9.1	8.0	8.2	4.2	3.3	1.0	4.8	12.8	11.9	9.3	5.3	3.2
Prop In Lane	1.00		0.30	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	429	283	282	231	361	159	111	2556	641	436	2403	738
V/C Ratio(X)	0.78	0.56	0.58	0.67	0.37	0.11	0.78	0.45	0.42	0.79	0.20	0.13
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	855	685	683	683	1560	688	288	2556	641	719	2403	738
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	40.6	37.1	37.2	43.6	40.1	39.0	44.1	20.4	20.1	40.6	14.7	14.2
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	3.1	1.8	1.9	3.3	0.6	0.3	11.1	0.6	2.0	3.3	0.2	0.4
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	4.5	4.0	4.1	2.1	1.7	0.4	2.6	5.6	5.5	4.6	2.5	1.5
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	43.7	38.8	39.0	46.9	40.7	39.4	55.2	21.0	22.2	43.9	14.9	14.5
LnGrp LOS	D	D	D	D	D	D	Е	С	С	D	В	В
Approach Vol, veh/h		658			304			1512			921	
Approach Delay, s/veh		41.4			43.8			23.2			25.8	
Approach LOS		D			D			С			С	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	17.1	45.0	12.4	21.2	11.2	50.9	18.0	15.6				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	5.0	5.7	6.0	* 5.8	5.0	5.7	6.0	5.8				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	20.0	39.3	19.0	* 37	16.0	43.3	24.0	42.2				
Max Q Clear Time (g c+l1), s	11.3	14.8	6.2	10.2	6.8	7.3	11.1	5.3				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.8	14.5	0.3	2.6	0.1	17.9	0.9	2.7				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			29.2									
HCM 2010 LOS			С									
Notes												

\* HCM 2010 computational engine requires equal clearance times for the phases crossing the barrier.

	•	<b>→</b>	•	•	-	•	•	†	<i>&gt;</i>	<b>\</b>	<b>+</b>	-√
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	ă	ተተተ	7	Ä	ተተተ	7	7	4	7	ň	4	7
Volume (veh/h)	57	628	414	7	325	15	315	46	20	17	17	29
Number	1	6	16	5	2	12	3	8	18	7	4	14
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		0.99	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	61	675	188	8	349	5	374	0	3	18	18	-1
Adj No. of Lanes	1	3	1	1	3	1	2	0	1	1	1	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	76	2458	765	8	2263	696	519	0	232	35	36	31
Arrive On Green	0.04	0.48	0.48	0.00	0.44	0.44	0.15	0.00	0.15	0.02	0.02	0.00
Sat Flow, veh/h	1774	5085	1583	1774	5085	1564	3548	0	1583	1774	1863	1583
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	61	675	188	8	349	5	374	0	3	18	18	-1
Grp Sat Flow(s), veh/h/ln	1774	1695	1583	1774	1695	1564	1774	0	1583	1774	1863	1583
Q Serve(g_s), s	2.0	4.6	4.0	0.3	2.4	0.1	5.8	0.0	0.1	0.6	0.6	0.0
Cycle Q Clear(g c), s	2.0	4.6	4.0	0.3	2.4	0.1	5.8	0.0	0.1	0.6	0.6	0.0
Prop In Lane	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	76	2458	765	8	2263	696	519	0	232	35	36	31
V/C Ratio(X)	0.80	0.27	0.25	0.96	0.15	0.01	0.72	0.00	0.01	0.52	0.49	-0.03
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	767	3431	1068	767	3519	1082	1535	0	685	767	806	685
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	27.4	8.9	8.8	28.8	9.6	8.9	23.5	0.0	21.1	28.1	28.1	0.0
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	6.9	0.2	0.6	76.8	0.1	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.0	4.4	3.8	0.0
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	1.1	2.2	1.9	0.3	1.1	0.0	2.9	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.3	0.0
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	34.4	9.1	9.4	105.5	9.7	8.9	24.3	0.0	21.1	32.5	31.9	0.0
LnGrp LOS	С	Α	Α	F	Α	Α	С		С	С	С	
Approach Vol, veh/h		924			362			377			35	
Approach Delay, s/veh		10.8			11.8			24.2			33.1	
Approach LOS		В			В			С			С	
• •	4		0	4		^	7					
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	<u>6</u>	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1				5			_				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	7.0	32.2		5.6	4.8	34.4		13.0				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.5	6.5		4.5	4.5	* 6.5		4.5				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	25.0	40.0		25.0	25.0	* 39		25.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	4.0	4.4		2.6	2.3	6.6		7.8				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.0	21.4		0.0	0.0	20.1		0.7				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			14.5									
HCM 2010 LOS			В									
Notes												

User approved pedestrian interval to be less than phase max green.
User approved volume balancing among the lanes for turning movement.

\* HCM 2010 computational engine requires equal clearance times for the phases crossing the barrier.

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	Ä	ተተተ	7	ă	ተተተ	7	7		7	ሻ	₽	
Volume (veh/h)	104	511	51	23	188	7	126	28	54	1	16	31
Number	5	2	12	1	6	16	3	8	18	7	4	14
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1900
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	106	521	20	23	192	2	129	29	12	1	16	3
Adj No. of Lanes	1	3	1	1	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
Peak Hour Factor	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	141	1898	591	49	1634	509	245	323	275	4	57	11
Arrive On Green	0.08	0.37	0.37	0.03	0.32	0.32	0.14	0.17	0.17	0.00	0.04	0.04
Sat Flow, veh/h	1774	5085	1583	1774	5085	1583	1774	1863	1583	1774	1526	286
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	106	521	20	23	192	2	129	29	12	1	0	19
Grp Sat Flow(s), veh/h/ln	1774	1695	1583	1774	1695	1583	1774	1863	1583	1774	0	1812
Q Serve(g_s), s	2.8	3.4	0.4	0.6	1.3	0.0	3.2	0.6	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.5
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	2.8	3.4	0.4	0.6	1.3	0.0	3.2	0.6	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.5
Prop In Lane	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		0.16
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	141	1898	591	49	1634	509	245	323	275	4	0	68
V/C Ratio(X)	0.75	0.27	0.03	0.47	0.12	0.00	0.53	0.09	0.04	0.26	0.00	0.28
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	939	7323	2280	939	7431	2314	939	1578	1341	939	0	1535
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	21.3	10.3	9.4	22.6	11.3	10.9	18.9	16.4	16.3	23.5	0.0	22.1
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	3.0	0.2	0.1	2.6	0.1	0.0	1.7	0.1	0.1	31.1	0.0	2.2
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	1.5	1.6	0.2	0.3	0.6	0.0	1.7	0.3	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.3
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	24.3	10.5	9.5	25.2	11.4	10.9	20.7	16.5	16.3	54.7	0.0	24.3
LnGrp LOS	С	В	Α	С	В	В	С	В	В	D		С
Approach Vol, veh/h		647			217			170			20	
Approach Delay, s/veh		12.8			12.8			19.6			25.9	
Approach LOS		В			В			В			С	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	5.8	24.1	11.0	6.3	8.3	21.7	4.6	12.7				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.5	* 6.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	6.5	4.5	4.5				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	25.0	* 68	25.0	40.0	25.0	69.0	25.0	40.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	2.6	5.4	5.2	2.5	4.8	3.3	2.0	2.6				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.0	12.3	0.3	0.3	0.1	12.3	0.0	0.3				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			14.1									
HCM 2010 LOS			В									
Notes												

\* HCM 2010 computational engine requires equal clearance times for the phases crossing the barrier.

## **Existing Plus Project Conditions**

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	ሽኘ	ተተተ	7	44	ተተተ	7	<b>ሕ</b> ግ	ተተተ	7	ሽኘ	ተተተ	7
Volume (veh/h)	20	50	50	260	280	120	40	1130	170	90	790	20
Number	3	8	18	7	4	14	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	C
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	22	56	0	289	311	0	44	1256	0	100	878	C
Adj No. of Lanes	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	42	334	104	379	832	259	81	2697	840	166	2822	879
Arrive On Green	0.01	0.07	0.00	0.11	0.16	0.00	0.02	0.53	0.00	0.05	0.55	0.00
Sat Flow, veh/h	3442	5085	1583	3442	5085	1583	3442	5085	1583	3442	5085	1583
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	22	56	0	289	311	0	44	1256	0	100	878	C
Grp Sat Flow(s), veh/h/ln	1721	1695	1583	1721	1695	1583	1721	1695	1583	1721	1695	1583
Q Serve(g_s), s	0.5	0.8	0.0	6.5	4.3	0.0	1.0	12.3	0.0	2.3	7.4	0.0
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	0.5	0.8	0.0	6.5	4.3	0.0	1.0	12.3	0.0	2.3	7.4	0.0
Prop In Lane	1.00	0.0	1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00	12.0	1.00	1.00	,	1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	42	334	104	379	832	259	81	2697	840	166	2822	879
V/C Ratio(X)	0.53	0.17	0.00	0.76	0.37	0.00	0.54	0.47	0.00	0.60	0.31	0.00
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	652	1779	554	652	1779	554	652	2697	840	652	2822	879
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	0.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	39.2	35.2	0.0	34.5	29.7	0.0	38.5	11.7	0.0	37.2	9.6	0.0
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	3.7	0.4	0.0	1.2	0.5	0.0	2.1	0.6	0.0	1.3	0.3	0.0
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	0.3	0.4	0.0	3.2	2.1	0.0	0.5	5.8	0.0	1.1	3.5	0.0
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	42.9	35.6	0.0	35.7	30.2	0.0	40.6	12.3	0.0	38.5	9.8	0.0
LnGrp LOS	72.0 D	D	0.0	D	00.2 C	0.0	T0.0	12.0 B	0.0	D D	Α.	0.0
Approach Vol, veh/h		78			600			1300			978	
Approach Delay, s/veh		37.7			32.8			13.2			12.8	
Approach LOS		37.7 D			32.0 C			13.2 B			12.0 B	
Approach LOS		D			C			D			Ь	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	8.3	87.8	5.5	18.4	6.4	89.8	13.3	10.5				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.5	5.3	4.5	5.3	4.5	5.3	4.5	5.3				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	15.1	42.3	15.1	27.9	15.1	42.3	15.1	27.9				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	4.3	14.3	2.5	6.3	3.0	9.4	8.5	2.8				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.0	26.0	0.0	3.4	0.0	30.2	0.3	3.6				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			17.7									
HCM 2010 LOS			В									
Notes												

User approved pedestrian interval to be less than phase max green.

Intersection												
Intersection Delay, s/veh	16.2											
Intersection LOS	С											
Movement	EBU	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBU	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBU	NBL	NBT	NBR
Vol, veh/h	0	80	20	110	0	10	40	20	0	110	140	10
Peak Hour Factor	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.88
Heavy Vehicles, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Mvmt Flow	0	91	23	125	0	11	45	23	0	125	159	11
Number of Lanes	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	2	0

Approach	EB	WB	NB
Opposing Approach	WB	EB	SB
Opposing Lanes	1	3	3
Conflicting Approach Left	SB	NB	EB
Conflicting Lanes Left	3	3	3
Conflicting Approach Right	NB	SB	WB
Conflicting Lanes Right	3	3	1
HCM Control Delay	11.4	12.3	12.6
HCM LOS	В	В	В

Lane	NBLn1	NBLn2	NBLn3	EBLn1	EBLn2	EBLn3	WBLn1	SBLn1	SBLn2	SBLn3	
Vol Left, %	100%	0%	0%	100%	60%	0%	14%	100%	0%	0%	
Vol Thru, %	0%	100%	82%	0%	40%	0%	57%	0%	100%	33%	
Vol Right, %	0%	0%	18%	0%	0%	100%	29%	0%	0%	67%	
Sign Control	Stop										
Traffic Vol by Lane	110	93	57	50	50	110	70	30	247	373	
LT Vol	0	93	47	0	20	0	40	0	247	123	
Through Vol	0	0	10	0	0	110	20	0	0	250	
RT Vol	110	0	0	50	30	0	10	30	0	0	
Lane Flow Rate	125	106	64	56	57	125	80	34	280	424	
Geometry Grp	8	8	8	7	7	7	8	8	8	8	
Degree of Util (X)	0.276	0.219	0.131	0.121	0.12	0.227	0.175	0.067	0.51	0.715	
Departure Headway (Hd)	7.938	7.43	7.304	7.848	7.648	6.638	7.927	7.153	6.647	6.172	
Convergence, Y/N	Yes										
Cap	455	486	493	459	471	544	455	504	547	590	
Service Time	5.645	5.136	5.011	5.548	5.348	4.338	5.639	4.853	4.347	3.872	
HCM Lane V/C Ratio	0.275	0.218	0.13	0.122	0.121	0.23	0.176	0.067	0.512	0.719	
HCM Control Delay	13.6	12.2	11.1	11.6	11.4	11.3	12.3	10.4	16.1	22.8	
HCM Lane LOS	В	В	В	В	В	В	В	В	С	С	
HCM 95th-tile Q	1.1	0.8	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.9	0.6	0.2	2.9	5.9	

Intersection					
Intersection Delay, s/veh					
Intersection LOS					
Movement	SBU	SBL	SBT	SBR	
Vol, veh/h	0	30	370	250	
Peak Hour Factor	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.88	
Heavy Vehicles, %	2	2	2	2	
Mvmt Flow	0	34	420	284	
Number of Lanes	0	1	2	0	
	•			-	
Approach		SB			
Opposing Approach		NB			
Opposing Lanes		3			
Conflicting Approach Left		WB			
Conflicting Lanes Left		1			
Conflicting Approach Right		EB			
Conflicting Lanes Right		3			
HCM Control Delay		19.7			
HCM LOS		C			
110M 200		Ū			
Lane					

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBF
Lane Configurations	ሽኘ	ተተተ	7	ሽኘ	ተተተ	7	7	4	7	ሽሽ	<b>†</b>	7
Volume (veh/h)	70	210	70	90	480	30	20	10	10	60	50	290
Number	5	2	12	1	6	16	7	4	14	3	8	18
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	C
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	75	226	20	97	516	0	16	19	0	65	54	C
Adj No. of Lanes	2	3	1	2	3	1	1	1	1	2	1	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	143	2072	644	182	2130	663	47	49	42	240	130	110
Arrive On Green	0.04	0.41	0.41	0.05	0.42	0.00	0.03	0.03	0.00	0.07	0.07	0.00
Sat Flow, veh/h	3442	5085	1581	3442	5085	1583	1774	1863	1583	3442	1863	1583
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	75	226	20	97	516	0	16	19	0	65	54	О
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	1721	1695	1581	1721	1695	1583	1774	1863	1583	1721	1863	1583
Q Serve(g_s), s	0.9	1.2	0.3	1.2	2.8	0.0	0.4	0.4	0.0	0.8	1.2	0.0
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	0.9	1.2	0.3	1.2	2.8	0.0	0.4	0.4	0.0	0.8	1.2	0.0
Prop In Lane	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	143	2072	644	182	2130	663	47	49	42	240	130	110
V/C Ratio(X)	0.53	0.11	0.03	0.53	0.24	0.00	0.34	0.38	0.00	0.27	0.42	0.00
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	2008	8069	2509	2008	8069	2512	1035	1087	924	3212	1739	1478
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	0.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	20.1	7.9	7.6	19.8	8.1	0.0	20.5	20.5	0.0	18.9	19.1	0.0
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	1.1	0.1	0.1	0.9	0.2	0.0	1.6	1.8	0.0	0.2	0.8	0.0
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	0.4	0.6	0.1	0.6	1.3	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.4	0.6	0.0
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	21.2	7.9	7.7	20.7	8.2	0.0	22.1	22.3	0.0	19.1	19.9	0.0
LnGrp LOS	С	Α	Α	С	Α		С	С		В	В	
Approach Vol, veh/h		321			613			35			119	
Approach Delay, s/veh		11.0			10.2			22.2			19.5	
Approach LOS		В			В			С			В	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2		4	5	6		8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	6.8	23.0		5.6	6.3	23.5		7.5				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.5	5.5		4.5	4.5	5.5		4.5				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	25.0	68.0		25.0	25.0	68.0		40.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	3.2	3.2		2.4	2.9	4.8		3.2				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.1	13.0		0.0	0.1	13.0		0.3				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			11.8									
HCM 2010 LOS			В									
Notes												

User approved pedestrian interval to be less than phase max green.
User approved volume balancing among the lanes for turning movement.

User approved ignoring U-Turning movement.

	۶	<b>→</b>	•	•	←	•	•	<b>†</b>	<b>/</b>	<b>/</b>	<b>↓</b>	4
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	ሽኘ	<b>†</b> †	7	44	ተተተ	7	ሽኘ	ተተተ	7	ሽኘ	ተተተ	7
Volume (veh/h)	40	50	250	500	210	90	610	1290	240	60	1000	40
Number	3	8	18	7	4	14	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	42	53	16	526	221	0	642	1358	0	63	1053	0
Adj No. of Lanes	2	2	1	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	78	214	96	622	1102	343	752	2487	774	113	1543	480
Arrive On Green	0.02	0.06	0.06	0.18	0.22	0.00	0.07	0.16	0.00	0.03	0.30	0.00
Sat Flow, veh/h	3442	3539	1583	3477	5085	1583	3442	5085	1583	3442	5085	1583
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	42	53	16	526	221	0	642	1358	0	63	1053	0
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	1721	1770	1583	1739	1695	1583	1721	1695	1583	1721	1695	1583
Q Serve(g_s), s	1.0	1.2	0.8	12.0	2.9	0.0	15.1	20.2	0.0	1.5	14.9	0.0
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	1.0	1.2	0.8	12.0	2.9	0.0	15.1	20.2	0.0	1.5	14.9	0.0
Prop In Lane	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	78	214	96	622	1102	343	752	2487	774	113	1543	480
V/C Ratio(X)	0.54	0.25	0.17	0.85	0.20	0.00	0.85	0.55	0.00	0.56	0.68	0.00
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	884	944	422	893	1356	422	985	2487	774	985	2099	654
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.33	0.33	0.33	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.60	0.60	0.00	1.00	1.00	0.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	39.7	36.8	36.6	32.6	26.3	0.0	36.8	26.1	0.0	39.1	25.1	0.0
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	2.1	1.5	2.0	3.7	0.3	0.0	2.9	0.5	0.0	1.6	1.2	0.0
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	0.5	0.6	0.4	6.1	1.4	0.0	7.5	9.6	0.0	0.7	7.2	0.0
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	41.8	38.3	38.6	36.3	26.6	0.0	39.7	26.6	0.0	40.7	26.3	0.0
LnGrp LOS	D	D	D	D	С		D	С		D	С	
Approach Vol, veh/h		111			747			2000			1116	
Approach Delay, s/veh		39.7			33.4			30.8			27.2	
Approach LOS		D			С			С			С	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	7.2	83.3	6.4	23.1	60.3	30.2	19.2	10.3				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.5	5.3	4.5	5.3	4.5	5.3	4.5	5.3				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	23.5	33.9	21.1	21.9	23.5	33.9	21.1	21.9				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	3.5	22.2	3.0	4.9	17.1	16.9	14.0	3.2				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.1	11.3	0.0	2.9	0.8	8.0	0.7	3.1				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			30.5									
HCM 2010 LOS			С									
Notes												

Intersection									
Intersection Delay, s/veh	9.8								
Intersection LOS	Α								
Movement	EBU	EBL	EBT	WBU	WBT	WBR	SBU	SBL	SBR
Vol, veh/h	0	100	110	0	210	20	0	20	330
Peak Hour Factor	0.79	0.79	0.79	0.79	0.79	0.79	0.79	0.79	0.79
Heavy Vehicles, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Mvmt Flow	0	127	139	0	266	25	0	25	418
Number of Lanes	0	1	2	1	2	0	0	1	2

Approach	EB	WB	SB
Opposing Approach	WB	EB	
Opposing Lanes	3	3	0
Conflicting Approach Left	SB		WB
Conflicting Lanes Left	3	0	3
Conflicting Approach Right		SB	EB
Conflicting Lanes Right	0	3	3
HCM Control Delay	10.1	11.1	8.8
HCM LOS	В	В	A

Lane	EBLn1	EBLn2	EBLn3	WBLn1	WBLn2	WBLn3	SBLn1	SBLn2	SBLn3	
Vol Left, %	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	100%	0%	0%	
Vol Thru, %	0%	100%	100%	100%	100%	78%	0%	0%	0%	
Vol Right, %	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	22%	0%	100%	100%	
Sign Control	Stop									
Traffic Vol by Lane	100	55	55	0	140	90	20	165	165	
LT Vol	0	55	55	0	140	70	0	0	0	
Through Vol	0	0	0	0	0	20	0	165	165	
RT Vol	100	0	0	0	0	0	20	0	0	
Lane Flow Rate	127	70	70	0	177	114	25	209	209	
Geometry Grp	8	8	8	8	8	8	7	7	7	
Degree of Util (X)	0.239	0.122	0.088	0	0.306	0.192	0.045	0.303	0.202	
Departure Headway (Hd)	6.799	6.294	4.541	6.217	6.217	6.059	6.553	5.348	3.607	
Convergence, Y/N	Yes									
Cap	530	572	791	0	579	595	550	677	1000	
Service Time	4.517	4.012	2.259	3.932	3.932	3.775	4.253	3.048	1.307	
HCM Lane V/C Ratio	0.24	0.122	0.088	0	0.306	0.192	0.045	0.309	0.209	
HCM Control Delay	11.6	9.9	7.7	8.9	11.7	10.2	9.6	10.4	7.2	
HCM Lane LOS	В	Α	Α	N	В	В	Α	В	Α	
HCM 95th-tile Q	0.9	0.4	0.3	0	1.3	0.7	0.1	1.3	8.0	

	۶	<b>→</b>	•	•	<b>←</b>	4	1	<b>†</b>	<i>&gt;</i>	<b>&gt;</b>	ţ	- ✓
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations						7		ተተተ	7	ř	ተተቡ	7
Volume (vph)	0	0	0	0	0	460	0	1680	150	210	720	890
Ideal Flow (vphpl)	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900
Total Lost time (s)						5.0		5.3	5.3	5.0	4.0	4.0
Lane Util. Factor						1.00		0.91	1.00	1.00	0.86	0.86
Frt						0.86		1.00	0.85	1.00	0.94	0.85
Flt Protected						1.00		1.00	1.00	0.95	1.00	1.00
Satd. Flow (prot)						1611		5085	1583	1770	4530	1362
Flt Permitted						1.00		1.00	1.00	0.95	1.00	1.00
Satd. Flow (perm)						1611		5085	1583	1770	4530	1362
Peak-hour factor, PHF	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93
Adj. Flow (vph)	0	0	0	0	0	495	0	1806	161	226	774	957
RTOR Reduction (vph)	0	0	0	0	0	48	0	0	52	0	0	0
Lane Group Flow (vph)	0	0	0	0	0	447	0	1806	109	226	1253	478
Turn Type						pt+ov		NA	Perm	Prot	NA	Perm
Protected Phases						13		24		13	Free	
Permitted Phases						13			2 4			Free
Actuated Green, G (s)						37.2		62.2	62.2	37.2	120.0	120.0
Effective Green, g (s)						37.2		62.2	62.2	37.2	120.0	120.0
Actuated g/C Ratio						0.31		0.52	0.52	0.31	1.00	1.00
Clearance Time (s)												
Vehicle Extension (s)												
Lane Grp Cap (vph)						499		2635	820	548	4530	1362
v/s Ratio Prot						c0.28		c0.36		0.13	0.28	
v/s Ratio Perm									0.07			0.35
v/c Ratio						0.90		0.69	0.13	0.41	0.28	0.35
Uniform Delay, d1						39.6		21.6	15.0	32.8	0.0	0.0
Progression Factor						1.00		1.00	1.00	0.64	1.00	1.00
Incremental Delay, d2						18.1		1.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.5
Delay (s)						57.6		22.8	15.2	21.2	0.1	0.5
Level of Service						Е		С	В	С	Α	Α
Approach Delay (s)		0.0			57.6			22.1			2.7	
Approach LOS		Α			Е			С			Α	
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2000 Control Delay			17.5	H	CM 2000	Level of S	Service		В			
HCM 2000 Volume to Capacity	ratio		0.76									
Actuated Cycle Length (s)			120.0		um of lost				20.6			
Intersection Capacity Utilization			69.5%	IC	U Level	of Service			С			
Analysis Period (min)			15									
c Critical Lane Group												

	•	•	†	~	<b>\</b>	<b></b>		
Movement	WBL	WBR	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT		
Lane Configurations	ሻሻ	77	<b>∱</b> 1>	7		ተተተ		
Volume (veh/h)	140	960	870	170	0	720		
Number	3	18	2	12	1	6		
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00			
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00		
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1863	1863	0	1863		
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	151	906	935	0	0	774		
Adj No. of Lanes	2	2	2	1	0	3		
Peak Hour Factor	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93		
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	0	2		
Cap, veh/h	1318	1067	1569	667	0	2142		
Arrive On Green	0.38	0.38	0.42	0.00	0.00	0.42		
Sat Flow, veh/h	3442	2787	3725	1583	0	5421		
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	151	906	935	0	0	774		
Grp Sat Flow(s), veh/h/ln	1721	1393	1863	1583	0	1695		
Q Serve(g_s), s	1.4	14.6	9.5	0.0	0.0	5.1		
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	1.4	14.6	9.5	0.0	0.0	5.1		
Prop In Lane	1.00	1.00		1.00	0.00			
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	1318	1067	1569	667	0	2142		
V/C Ratio(X)	0.11	0.85	0.60	0.00	0.00	0.36		
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	2105	1705	3798	1614	0	5184		
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00		
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	1.00		
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	9.8	13.8	11.0	0.0	0.0	9.7		
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	0.0	1.3	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0		
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	0.7	5.7	4.8	0.0	0.0	2.4		
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	9.8	15.1	11.1	0.0	0.0	9.7		
LnGrp LOS	Α	В	В			Α		
Approach Vol, veh/h	1057		935			774		
Approach Delay, s/veh	14.4		11.1			9.7		
Approach LOS	В		В			A		
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7 8	
Assigned Phs		2				6	8	
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s		26.0				26.0	23.1	
Change Period (Y+Rc), s		5.3				5.3	4.3	
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s		50.0				50.0	30.0	
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s		11.5				7.1	16.6	
Green Ext Time (p_c), s		9.2				9.3	2.2	
Intersection Summary								
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			12.0					
HCM 2010 LOS			В					
Notes								

User approved volume balancing among the lanes for turning movement.

	۶	<b>→</b>	•	•	<b>←</b>	•	1	†	~	<b>/</b>	ţ	4
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	44		7					<b>†</b> †	7		<b>∱</b> î≽	7
Volume (veh/h)	670	0	120	0	0	0	0	370	100	0	290	570
Number	7	4	14				5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0				0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00				1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00				1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	0	1863				0	1863	1863	0	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	744	0	42				0	411	0	0	322	0
Adj No. of Lanes	2	0	1				0	2	1	0	2	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.90	0.90	0.90				0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	0	2				0	2	2	0	2	2
Cap, veh/h	1106	0	509				0	1058	473	0	1113	473
Arrive On Green	0.32	0.00	0.32				0.00	0.30	0.00	0.00	0.30	0.00
Sat Flow, veh/h	3442	0	1583				0	3632	1583	0	3725	1583
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	744	0	42				0	411	0	0	322	0
Grp Sat Flow(s), veh/h/ln	1721	0	1583				0	1770	1583	0	1863	1583
Q Serve(g_s), s	4.7	0.0	0.5				0.0	2.3	0.0	0.0	1.7	0.0
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	4.7	0.0	0.5				0.0	2.3	0.0	0.0	1.7	0.0
Prop In Lane	1.00		1.00				0.00		1.00	0.00		1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	1106	0	509				0	1058	473	0	1113	473
V/C Ratio(X)	0.67	0.00	0.08				0.00	0.39	0.00	0.00	0.29	0.00
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	3404	0	1566				0	6300	2818	0	6632	2818
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00				1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	0.00	1.00				0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	7.4	0.0	6.0				0.0	7.0	0.0	0.0	6.8	0.0
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	0.3	0.0	0.0				0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0				0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	2.2	0.0	0.2				0.0	1.2	0.0	0.0	0.9	0.0
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	7.7	0.0	6.0				0.0	7.1	0.0	0.0	6.9	0.0
LnGrp LOS	Α		Α					Α			Α	
Approach Vol, veh/h		786						411			322	
Approach Delay, s/veh		7.6						7.1			6.9	
Approach LOS		A						Α			Α	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs		2		4		6						
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s		12.9		12.4		12.9						
Change Period (Y+Rc), s		5.3		* 4.3		5.3						
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s		45.0		* 25		45.0						
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s		4.3		6.7		3.7						
Green Ext Time (p_c), s		3.0		1.4		3.0						
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			7.3									
HCM 2010 LOS			A									
Notes												

User approved pedestrian interval to be less than phase max green.
User approved volume balancing among the lanes for turning movement.

<sup>\*</sup> HCM 2010 computational engine requires equal clearance times for the phases crossing the barrier.

	۶	<b>→</b>	•	•	<b>←</b>	•	•	1	<i>&gt;</i>	<b>&gt;</b>	<b>+</b>	<b>-</b> ✓
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations		4	7	ሻ	€ि		44	<b>∱</b> ኈ		7	<b>∱</b> Ъ	7
Volume (veh/h)	160	70	730	100	120	50	520	510	110	50	840	970
Number	7	4	14	3	8	18	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1900	1863	1863	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	172	173	312	87	158	24	559	548	105	54	1007	486
Adj No. of Lanes	0	1	1	1	2	0	2	2	0	1	2	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	202	203	353	155	277	41	773	1375	263	124	1110	472
Arrive On Green	0.22	0.22	0.22	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.22	0.46	0.46	0.07	0.30	0.30
Sat Flow, veh/h	906	911	1583	1774	3169	473	3442	2965	566	1774	3725	1583
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	345	0	312	87	92	90	559	326	327	54	1007	486
Grp Sat Flow(s), veh/h/ln	1817	0	1583	1774	1863	1779	1721	1770	1761	1774	1863	1583
Q Serve(g_s), s	20.9	0.0	21.8	5.4	5.4	5.6	17.2	13.9	14.0	3.3	29.8	34.1
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	20.9	0.0	21.8	5.4	5.4	5.6	17.2	13.9	14.0	3.3	29.8	34.1
Prop In Lane	0.50	0	1.00	1.00	100	0.27	1.00	004	0.32	1.00	1110	1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	405	0	353	155	163	155	773	821	817	124	1110	472
V/C Ratio(X)	0.85 603	0.00	0.89 526	0.56 248	0.56	0.58 249	0.72	0.40 821	0.40 817	0.44 155	0.91 1110	1.03 472
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	260 1.00	1.00	773 1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	42.7	0.00	43.1	50.1	50.2	50.2	41.1	20.2	20.2	51.1	38.7	40.2
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	5.1	0.0	8.5	1.2	1.1	1.3	2.9	1.4	1.5	0.9	12.3	49.5
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	11.0	0.0	10.4	2.7	2.8	2.8	8.5	7.1	7.1	1.7	17.1	21.3
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	47.8	0.0	51.6	51.3	51.3	51.5	44.0	21.6	21.7	52.0	51.0	89.7
LnGrp LOS	47.0 D	0.0	D D	D D	D D	D D	D	C C	C C	02.0 D	D D	69.7 F
Approach Vol, veh/h		657			269			1212			1547	
Approach Delay, s/veh		49.6			51.4			32.0			63.2	
Approach LOS		73.0 D			D D			C			66.2 E	
• •												
Timer	<u>1</u>	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2		4	5	6		8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	12.0	78.9		30.1	51.5	39.4		14.0				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.0	5.3		4.6	5.3	* 5.3		4.0				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	10.0	53.1		38.0	24.7	* 34		16.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	5.3	16.0		23.8	19.2	36.1		7.6				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.0	5.0		1.7	2.4	0.0		0.5				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			49.6									
HCM 2010 LOS			D									

User approved volume balancing among the lanes for turning movement.

\* HCM 2010 computational engine requires equal clearance times for the phases crossing the barrier.

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	۶	<b>→</b>	•	€	<b>←</b>	•	4	†	<i>&gt;</i>	<b>/</b>	<b>↓</b>	-√
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations			77			7		ተተተ	7	Ä	1111	
Volume (vph)	0	0	1030	0	0	340	0	800	260	270	1400	0
Ideal Flow (vphpl)	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900
Total Lost time (s)			4.6			4.0		5.7	5.7	4.0	5.7	
Lane Util. Factor			0.88			1.00		0.91	1.00	1.00	0.86	
Frpb, ped/bikes			1.00			0.99		1.00	0.98	1.00	1.00	
Flpb, ped/bikes			1.00			1.00		1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
Frt			0.85			0.86		1.00	0.85	1.00	1.00	
Flt Protected			1.00			1.00		1.00	1.00	0.95	1.00	
Satd. Flow (prot)			2787			1591		5085	1544	1770	6408	
Flt Permitted			1.00			1.00		1.00	1.00	0.95	1.00	
Satd. Flow (perm)			2787			1591		5085	1544	1770	6408	
Peak-hour factor, PHF	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93
Adj. Flow (vph)	0	0	1108	0	0	366	0	860	280	290	1505	0
RTOR Reduction (vph)	0	0	26	0	0	0	0	0	79	0	0	0
Lane Group Flow (vph)	0	0	1082	0	0	366	0	860	201	290	1505	0
Confl. Peds. (#/hr)						2			2			
Turn Type			Prot			Free		NA	Perm	Prot	NA	
Protected Phases			5					2		1	6	
Permitted Phases						Free			2			
Actuated Green, G (s)			52.4			135.0		96.9	96.9	28.4	72.3	
Effective Green, g (s)			52.4			135.0		96.9	96.9	28.4	72.3	
Actuated g/C Ratio			0.39			1.00		0.72	0.72	0.21	0.54	
Clearance Time (s)			4.6					5.7	5.7	4.0	5.7	
Vehicle Extension (s)			1.0					1.0	1.0	2.5	1.0	
Lane Grp Cap (vph)			1081			1591		3649	1108	372	3431	
v/s Ratio Prot			c0.39			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		0.17		c0.16	c0.23	
v/s Ratio Perm			00.00			0.23		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	0.13		00.20	
v/c Ratio			1.00			0.23		0.24	0.18	0.78	0.44	
Uniform Delay, d1			41.3			0.0		6.5	6.2	50.3	19.0	
Progression Factor			1.00			1.00		1.00	1.00	1.08	0.55	
Incremental Delay, d2			27.7			0.3		0.2	0.4	0.9	0.0	
Delay (s)			69.0			0.3		6.6	6.5	55.3	10.6	
Level of Service			E			A		A	A	E	В	
Approach Delay (s)		69.0	<del>-</del>		0.3	, ,		6.6		_	17.8	
Approach LOS		E			А			A			В	
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2000 Control Delay			26.3	H	CM 2000	Level of S	Service		С			
HCM 2000 Volume to Capaci	ty ratio		0.75									
Actuated Cycle Length (s)	•		135.0	Sı	um of lost	t time (s)			10.3			
Intersection Capacity Utilization	on		64.9%			of Service			С			
Analysis Period (min)			15									
o Critical Lana Croup												

c Critical Lane Group

Through Vol

Lane Flow Rate

Geometry Grp

Degree of Util (X)

Convergence, Y/N

HCM Lane V/C Ratio

**HCM Control Delay** 

**HCM Lane LOS** 

HCM 95th-tile Q

Service Time

Departure Headway (Hd)

RT Vol

Cap

Intersection										
Intersection Delay, s/veh	38.4									
Intersection LOS	Е									
Movement	EBU	EBL	EBT		WBU	WBT	WBR	SBU	SBL	SBR
Vol, veh/h	0	210	190		0	410	70	0	80	290
Peak Hour Factor	0.82	0.82	0.82		0.82	0.82	0.82	0.82	0.82	0.82
Heavy Vehicles, %	2	2	2		2	2	2	2	2	2
Mvmt Flow	0	256	232		0	500	85	0	98	354
Number of Lanes	0	1	1		0	1	0	0	1	0
Approach		EB				WB			SB	
Opposing Approach		WB				EB				
Opposing Lanes		1				2			0	
Conflicting Approach Left		SB							WB	
Conflicting Lanes Left		1				0			1	
Conflicting Approach Right						SB			EB	
Conflicting Lanes Right		0				1			2	
HCM Control Delay		17.3				63.1			29	
HCM LOS		С				F			D	
Lane		EBLn1	EBLn2	WBLn1	SBLn1					
Vol Left, %		100%	0%	0%	22%					
Vol Thru, %		0%	100%	85%	0%					
Vol Right, %		0%	0%	15%	78%					
Sign Control		Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop					
Traffic Vol by Lane		210	190	480	370					
LT Vol		0	190	410	0					
Thurstonia Mail		^	^	70	000					

0

210

256

0.54

7.597

Yes

476

5.299

0.538

18.9

С

3.2

7

0

0

7

232

0.456

7.084

Yes

510

4.798

0.455

15.6

С

2.4

70

0

5

1

6.398

Yes

574

4.398

1.019

63.1

14.5

F

585

290

80

451

0.791

6.308

Yes

578

4.301

0.78

29

7.5

D

2

Sign Control         Free         None           Storage Length         -         -         -         -         -         0         -         -         0         -         -         0         -         -         0         -         -         0         -         -         0         -         -         0											
Movement	Intersection										
Movement   EBL   EBT   EBR   WBL   WBT   WBR   NBL   NBT   NBT	Int Delay, s/veh	4									
Vol, veh/h         25         240         5         5         425         330         5         0         0           Conflicting Peds, #/hr         0         0         2         0         0         2         0         0         2         0         0         2         0         0         2         0         0         2         0         0         2         0         0         2         0         0         2         0         0         2         0         0         2         0         0         2         0         0         2         0         0         -         None         -         None         -         None         -         None         -         None         -         None         -         -         None         -         None         -         None         -         None         -         -         None         -	•										
Vol, veh/h         25         240         5         5         425         330         5         0         0           Conflicting Peds, #/hr         0         0         2         0         0         2         0         0         2         0         0         2         0         0         2         0         0         2         0         0         2         0         0         2         0         0         2         0         0         2         0         0         2         0         0         2         0         0         2         0         0         -         None         -         None         -         None         -         None         -         None         -         None         -         -         None         -         None         -         None         -         None         -         -         None         -	Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR		WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR
Conflicting Peds, #/hr											
Sign Control         Free RTC Pree         Free Pree RTC Pree         Free Pree Pree RTC Pree Pree Pree Pree Pree Pree Pree Pre											2
RT Channelized											Yield
Veh in Median Storage, #	•										None
Veh in Median Storage, #	Storage Length	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-
Peak Hour Factor         94		-	0	-		-	0	-	-	0	-
Heavy Vehicles, %   2   2   2   2   2   2   2   2   2		-	0	-		-	0	-	-	0	-
Myor/Minor	Peak Hour Factor	94	94	94		94	94	94	94	94	94
Major/Minor	Heavy Vehicles, %	2	2	2		2	2	2	2	2	2
Stage 1	Mvmt Flow	27	255	5		5	452	351	5	0	0
Stage 1											
Stage 1	Maior/Minor	Maior1				Maior2					
Stage 1			0	0			0	0			
Stage 2											
Critical Hdwy       4.12       -       4.12       -       -         Critical Hdwy Stg 1       -       -       -       -       -         Critical Hdwy Stg 2       -       -       -       -       -         Follow-up Hdwy       2.218       -       -       -       -         Follow-up Hdwy       2.218       -       -       -       -         Pot Cap-1 Maneuver       819       -       1303       -       -         Stage 1       -       -       -       -       -         Stage 2       -       -       -       -       -       -         Mov Cap-1 Maneuver       818       -       1301       -<		-	-	-		-	-	-			
Critical Hdwy Stg 1         -		4.12	-	_		4.12	_	_			
Critical Hdwy Stg 2       -			-	-			-	-			
Follow-up Howy 2.218 2.218 Pot Cap-1 Maneuver 819 1303 Stage 1		-	-	-		-	-	-			
Pot Cap-1 Maneuver	, ,	2.218	-	-		2.218	-	-			
Stage 1       - </td <td></td> <td>819</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>1303</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>		819	-	-		1303	-	-			
Platoon blocked, %	Stage 1	-	-	-		-	-	-			
Mov Cap-1 Maneuver         818         -         -         1301         -         -           Mov Cap-2 Maneuver         -	Stage 2	-	-	-		-	-	-			
Mov Cap-2 Maneuver       -	Platoon blocked, %		-	-			-	-			
Stage 1       - </td <td>Mov Cap-1 Maneuver</td> <td>818</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>1301</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Mov Cap-1 Maneuver	818	-	-		1301	-	-			
Stage 2	Mov Cap-2 Maneuver	-	-	-		-	-	-			
Approach         EB         WB           HCM Control Delay, s         0.9         0.1           HCM LOS         Minor Lane/Major Mvmt         EBL         EBT         EBR         WBL         WBT         WBR         SBLn1           Capacity (veh/h)         818         -         -         1301         -         -         283           HCM Lane V/C Ratio         0.033         -         -         0.004         -         -         0.526           HCM Control Delay (s)         9.5         0         -         7.8         0         -         31           HCM Lane LOS         A         A         -         A         A         -         D	Stage 1	-	-	-		-	-	-			
HCM Control Delay, s 0.9 0.1  HCM LOS  Minor Lane/Major Mvmt EBL EBT EBR WBL WBT WBR SBLn1  Capacity (veh/h) 818 1301 283  HCM Lane V/C Ratio 0.033 0.004 0.526  HCM Control Delay (s) 9.5 0 - 7.8 0 - 31  HCM Lane LOS A A A - A A - D	Stage 2	-	-	-		-	-	-			
HCM Control Delay, s 0.9 0.1  HCM LOS  Minor Lane/Major Mvmt EBL EBT EBR WBL WBT WBR SBLn1  Capacity (veh/h) 818 1301 283  HCM Lane V/C Ratio 0.033 0.004 0.526  HCM Control Delay (s) 9.5 0 - 7.8 0 - 31  HCM Lane LOS A A A - A A - D											
HCM Control Delay, s 0.9 0.1  HCM LOS  Minor Lane/Major Mvmt EBL EBT EBR WBL WBT WBR SBLn1  Capacity (veh/h) 818 1301 283  HCM Lane V/C Ratio 0.033 0.004 0.526  HCM Control Delay (s) 9.5 0 - 7.8 0 - 31  HCM Lane LOS A A A - A A - D	Approach	EB				WB					
Minor Lane/Major Mvmt         EBL         EBT         EBR         WBL         WBT         WBR         SBLn1           Capacity (veh/h)         818         -         -         1301         -         -         283           HCM Lane V/C Ratio         0.033         -         -         0.004         -         -         0.526           HCM Control Delay (s)         9.5         0         -         7.8         0         -         31           HCM Lane LOS         A         A         -         A         A         -         D											
Minor Lane/Major Mvmt         EBL         EBT         EBR         WBL         WBT         WBR         SBLn1           Capacity (veh/h)         818         -         -         1301         -         -         283           HCM Lane V/C Ratio         0.033         -         -         0.004         -         -         0.526           HCM Control Delay (s)         9.5         0         -         7.8         0         -         31           HCM Lane LOS         A         A         -         A         A         -         D											
Capacity (veh/h)       818       -       -       1301       -       -       283         HCM Lane V/C Ratio       0.033       -       -       0.004       -       -       0.526         HCM Control Delay (s)       9.5       0       -       7.8       0       -       31         HCM Lane LOS       A       A       -       A       A       -       D											
Capacity (veh/h)       818       -       -       1301       -       -       283         HCM Lane V/C Ratio       0.033       -       -       0.004       -       -       0.526         HCM Control Delay (s)       9.5       0       -       7.8       0       -       31         HCM Lane LOS       A       A       -       A       A       -       D	Minor Lane/Maior Mymt	EBI	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	SBLn1			
HCM Lane V/C Ratio       0.033       -       -       0.004       -       -       0.526         HCM Control Delay (s)       9.5       0       -       7.8       0       -       31         HCM Lane LOS       A       A       -       A       A       -       D											
HCM Control Delay (s) 9.5 0 - 7.8 0 - 31 HCM Lane LOS A A - A A - D											
HCM Lane LOS A A - A A - D											
							-				

Int Delay, s/veh			
<b>,</b> ,			
Movement	SBL	SBT	SBR
Vol, veh/h	90	0	50
Conflicting Peds, #/hr	0	0	2
Sign Control	Stop	Stop	Stop
RT Channelized	S10p	Stop -	None
Storage Length	-	-	None -
	-		
Veh in Median Storage, #		0	-
Grade, % Peak Hour Factor	- 04	0	- 04
	94	94	94
Heavy Vehicles, %	2	2	2
Mvmt Flow	96	0	53
Major/Minor	Minor2		
Conflicting Flow All	951	954	632
Stage 1	640	640	-
Stage 2	311	314	-
Critical Hdwy	7.12	6.52	6.22
Critical Hdwy Stg 1	6.12	5.52	-
Critical Hdwy Stg 2	6.12	5.52	-
Follow-up Hdwy	3.518	4.018	3.318
Pot Cap-1 Maneuver	240	259	480
Stage 1	464	470	-
Stage 2	699	656	-
Platoon blocked, %	099	000	<u>-</u>
Mov Cap-1 Maneuver	231	247	478
Mov Cap-2 Maneuver	231	247	4/0
Stage 1	445	466	-
	671	630	-
Stage 2	0/1	030	-
Approach	SB		
Approach HCM Control Delay, s HCM LOS	SB 31 D		

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	1,1	<b>∱</b> Ъ		44	<b>†</b> †	7	Ť	1111	7	44	ተተተ	7
Volume (veh/h)	260	130	80	230	210	200	50	440	120	120	1090	410
Number	7	4	14	3	8	18	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		0.99	1.00		0.99	1.00		0.99	1.00		0.99
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1845	1849	1900	1863	1863	1863	1810	1810	1863	1863	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	283	141	8	250	228	15	54	478	66	130	1185	208
Adj No. of Lanes	2	2	0	2	2	1	1	4	1	2	3	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Percent Heavy Veh, %	3	2	2	2	2	2	5	5	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	379	465	26	340	443	196	69	2841	713	206	2422	744
Arrive On Green	0.11	0.14	0.14	0.10	0.13	0.13	0.04	0.46	0.46	0.06	0.48	0.48
Sat Flow, veh/h	3408	3379	190	3442	3539	1564	1723	6225	1563	3442	5085	1563
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	283	73	76	250	228	15	54	478	66	130	1185	208
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	1704	1756	1813	1721	1770	1564	1723	1556	1563	1721	1695	1563
Q Serve(g_s), s	7.3	3.4	3.4	6.4	5.5	8.0	2.8	4.1	2.2	3.4	14.5	7.3
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	7.3	3.4	3.4	6.4	5.5	0.8	2.8	4.1	2.2	3.4	14.5	7.3
Prop In Lane	1.00		0.10	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	379	241	249	340	443	196	69	2841	713	206	2422	744
V/C Ratio(X)	0.75	0.30	0.31	0.74	0.51	0.08	0.78	0.17	0.09	0.63	0.49	0.28
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	900	719	742	719	1643	726	303	2841	713	757	2422	744
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	39.2	35.3	35.3	39.8	37.2	35.1	43.3	14.6	14.0	41.8	16.3	14.4
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	3.0	0.7	0.7	3.1	0.9	0.2	17.3	0.1	0.3	3.2	0.7	0.9
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	3.6	1.7	1.8	3.2	2.7	0.3	1.7	1.8	1.0	1.7	6.9	3.3
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	42.1	36.0	36.0	42.9	38.1	35.3	60.6	14.7	14.3	44.9	17.0	15.3
LnGrp LOS	D	D	D	D	D	D	Е	В	В	D	В	В
Approach Vol, veh/h		432			493			598			1523	
Approach Delay, s/veh		40.0			40.5			18.8			19.1	
Approach LOS		D			D			В			В	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	10.4	47.2	15.0	18.3	8.6	49.0	16.1	17.2				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	5.0	5.7	6.0	* 5.8	5.0	5.7	6.0	5.8				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	20.0	39.3	19.0	* 37	16.0	43.3	24.0	42.2				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	5.4	6.1	8.4	5.4	4.8	16.5	9.3	7.5				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.3	16.2	0.6	2.2	0.1	14.5	0.8	2.2				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			25.5									
HCM 2010 LOS			С									
Notes												

\* HCM 2010 computational engine requires equal clearance times for the phases crossing the barrier.

	۶	<b>→</b>	•	•	←	•	1	<b>†</b>	<b>/</b>	<b>/</b>	ţ	4
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	ă	ተተተ	7	ă	ተተተ	7	7	4	7	7	4	7
Volume (veh/h)	30	220	100	10	670	20	80	10	10	10	10	50
Number	1	6	16	5	2	12	3	8	18	7	4	14
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		0.99	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	33	242	52	11	736	10	96	0	0	11	11	0
Adj No. of Lanes	1	3	1	1	3	1	2	0	1	1	1	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.91	0.91	0.91	0.91	0.91	0.91	0.91	0.91	0.91	0.91	0.91	0.91
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	38	2643	823	12	2567	789	181	0	81	22	23	19
Arrive On Green	0.02	0.52	0.52	0.01	0.50	0.50	0.05	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.00
Sat Flow, veh/h	1774	5085	1583	1774	5085	1564	3548	0	1583	1774	1863	1583
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	33	242	52	11	736	10	96	0	0	11	11	0
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	1774	1695	1583	1774	1695	1564	1774	0	1583	1774	1863	1583
Q Serve(g_s), s	0.9	1.2	0.8	0.3	4.1	0.2	1.3	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.3	0.0
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	0.9	1.2	0.8	0.3	4.1	0.2	1.3	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.3	0.0
Prop In Lane	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	38	2643	823	12	2567	789	181	0	81	22	23	19
V/C Ratio(X)	0.86	0.09	0.06	0.95	0.29	0.01	0.53	0.00	0.00	0.51	0.48	0.00
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	910	4068	1267	910	4172	1283	1820	0	812	910	955	812
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	0.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	23.8	5.9	5.8	24.2	7.0	6.0	22.6	0.0	0.0	23.9	23.9	0.0
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	18.5	0.1	0.1	62.1	0.3	0.0	0.9	0.0	0.0	6.6	5.7	0.0
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	0.6	0.6	0.4	0.3	2.0	0.1	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.0
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	42.2	6.0	5.9	86.3	7.3	6.0	23.4	0.0	0.0	30.5	29.6	0.0
LnGrp LOS	D	Α	Α	F	Α	Α	С			С	С	
Approach Vol, veh/h		327			757			96			22	
Approach Delay, s/veh		9.6			8.4			23.4			30.1	
Approach LOS		Α			Α			С			С	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2		4	5	6		8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	5.5	31.1		5.1	4.8	31.8		7.0				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.5	6.5		4.5	4.5	* 6.5		4.5				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	25.0	40.0		25.0	25.0	* 39		25.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	2.9	6.1		2.3	2.3	3.2		3.3				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.0	18.5		0.0	0.0	19.1		0.1				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			10.3									
HCM 2010 LOS			В									

User approved volume balancing among the lanes for turning movement.

\* HCM 2010 computational engine requires equal clearance times for the phases crossing the barrier.

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	Ä	ተተተ	7	ă	ተተተ	7	7	<b>†</b>	7	7	4	
Volume (veh/h)	60	150	30	40	530	20	80	10	10	40	20	90
Number	5	2	12	1	6	16	3	8	18	7	4	14
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1900
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	68	170	9	45	602	5	91	11	1	45	23	8
Adj No. of Lanes	1	3	1	1	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
Peak Hour Factor	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.88
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	108	1965	612	82	1891	589	203	179	152	132	74	26
Arrive On Green	0.06	0.39	0.39	0.05	0.37	0.37	0.11	0.10	0.10	0.07	0.06	0.06
Sat Flow, veh/h	1774	5085	1583	1774	5085	1583	1774	1863	1583	1774	1322	460
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	68	170	9	45	602	5	91	11	1	45	0	31
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	1774	1695	1583	1774	1695	1583	1774	1863	1583	1774	0	1782
Q Serve(g_s), s	1.9	1.1	0.2	1.3	4.2	0.1	2.4	0.3	0.0	1.2	0.0	0.8
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	1.9	1.1	0.2	1.3	4.2	0.1	2.4	0.3	0.0	1.2	0.0	0.8
Prop In Lane	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		0.26
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	108	1965	612	82	1891	589	203	179	152	132	0	100
V/C Ratio(X)	0.63	0.09	0.01	0.55	0.32	0.01	0.45	0.06	0.01	0.34	0.00	0.31
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	880	6863	2137	880	6964	2168	880	1479	1257	880	0	1414
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	23.1	9.8	9.5	23.5	11.3	10.0	20.8	20.7	20.6	22.2	0.0	22.9
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	2.2	0.1	0.0	2.1	0.2	0.0	1.5	0.1	0.0	1.5	0.0	1.8
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	1.0	0.5	0.1	0.7	2.0	0.0	1.3	0.1	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.5
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	25.3	9.9	9.6	25.6	11.5	10.0	22.4	20.9	20.6	23.7	0.0	24.6
LnGrp LOS	С	Α	Α	С	В	Α	С	С	С	С		С
Approach Vol, veh/h		247			652			103			76	
Approach Delay, s/veh		14.1			12.4			22.2			24.1	
Approach LOS		В			В			C			С	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	6.8	26.0	10.3	7.3	7.6	25.2	8.2	9.3				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.5	* 6.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	6.5	4.5	4.5				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	25.0	* 68	25.0	40.0	25.0	69.0	25.0	40.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	3.3	3.1	4.4	2.8	3.9	6.2	3.2	2.3				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.0	12.5	0.2	0.2	0.1	12.5	0.1	0.2				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			14.6									
HCM 2010 LOS			В									
Notes												

\* HCM 2010 computational engine requires equal clearance times for the phases crossing the barrier.

Intersection										
Intersection Delay, s/veh	13.8									
Intersection LOS	В									
Movement	WBU	WBL	WBR	NBU	NBT	NBR	SBU	SBL	SBT	
Vol, veh/h	0	10	210	0	260	20	0	70	340	
Peak Hour Factor	0.96	0.92	0.92	0.96	0.92	0.92	0.96	0.92	0.92	
Heavy Vehicles, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	
Mvmt Flow	0	11	228	0	283	22	0	76	370	
Number of Lanes	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	

Approach	WB	NB	SB	
Opposing Approach		SB	NB	
Opposing Lanes	0	2	1	
Conflicting Approach Left	NB		WB	
Conflicting Lanes Left	1	0	2	
Conflicting Approach Right	SB	WB		
Conflicting Lanes Right	2	2	0	
HCM Control Delay	11.8	13.7	14.9	
HCM LOS	В	В	В	

Lane	NBLn1	WBLn1	WBLn2	SBLn1	SBLn2
Vol Left, %	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%
Vol Thru, %	93%	0%	0%	0%	100%
Vol Right, %	7%	0%	100%	0%	0%
Sign Control	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop
Traffic Vol by Lane	280	10	210	70	340
LT Vol	260	0	0	0	340
Through Vol	20	0	210	0	0
RT Vol	0	10	0	70	0
Lane Flow Rate	304	11	228	76	370
Geometry Grp	4	7	7	7	7
Degree of Util (X)	0.477	0.021	0.367	0.13	0.58
Departure Headway (Hd)	5.644	7.003	5.785	6.155	5.649
Convergence, Y/N	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Cap	639	511	621	584	639
Service Time	3.674	4.742	3.523	3.882	3.376
HCM Lane V/C Ratio	0.476	0.022	0.367	0.13	0.579
HCM Control Delay	13.7	9.9	11.9	9.8	15.9
HCM Lane LOS	В	Α	В	Α	С
HCM 95th-tile Q	2.6	0.1	1.7	0.4	3.7

Intersection				
Intersection Delay, s/veh	3.9			
Intersection LOS	Α			
Approach	EB	NB	SB	
Entry Lanes	1	1	1	
Conflicting Circle Lanes	1	1	1	
Adj Approach Flow, veh/h	81	43	60	
Demand Flow Rate, veh/h	82	44	61	
Vehicles Circulating, veh/h	39	66	16	
Vehicles Exiting, veh/h	38	55	94	
Follow-Up Headway, s	3.186	3.186	3.186	
Ped Vol Crossing Leg, #/h	5	5	5	
Ped Cap Adj	0.999	0.999	0.999	
Approach Delay, s/veh	4.0	3.8	3.7	
Approach LOS	Α	A	A	
Lane	Left	Left	Left	
Designated Moves	LR	LT	TR	
Assumed Moves	LR	LT	TR	
RT Channelized				
Lane Util	1.000	1.000	1.000	
Critical Headway, s	5.193	5.193	5.193	
Entry Flow, veh/h	82	44	61	
Cap Entry Lane, veh/h	1087	1058	1112	
Entry HV Adj Factor	0.988	0.988	0.987	
Flow Entry, veh/h	81	43	60	
Cap Entry, veh/h	1073	1044	1097	
V/C Ratio	0.076	0.042	0.055	
Control Delay, s/veh	4.0	3.8	3.7	
1.00	٨	Λ	Α	
LOS 95th %tile Queue, veh	Α	Α	A	

Intersection										
Intersection Delay, s/veh	11.5									
Intersection LOS	В									
Movement	WBU	WBL	WBR	NBU	NBT	NBR	SBU	SBL	SBT	
Vol, veh/h	0	10	130	0	345	10	0	60	130	
Peak Hour Factor	0.96	0.92	0.92	0.96	0.92	0.92	0.96	0.92	0.92	
Heavy Vehicles, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	
Mvmt Flow	0	11	141	0	375	11	0	65	141	
Number of Lanes	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	

Approach	WB	NB	SB	
Opposing Approach		SB	NB	_
Opposing Lanes	0	2	1	
Conflicting Approach Left	NB		WB	
Conflicting Lanes Left	1	0	2	
Conflicting Approach Right	SB	WB		
Conflicting Lanes Right	2	2	0	
HCM Control Delay	9.4	13.6	9.3	
HCM LOS	Α	В	А	

Lane	NBLn1	WBLn1	WBLn2	SBLn1	SBLn2
Vol Left, %	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%
Vol Thru, %	97%	0%	0%	0%	100%
Vol Right, %	3%	0%	100%	0%	0%
Sign Control	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop
Traffic Vol by Lane	355	10	130	60	130
LT Vol	345	0	0	0	130
Through Vol	10	0	130	0	0
RT Vol	0	10	0	60	0
Lane Flow Rate	386	11	141	65	141
Geometry Grp	4	7	7	7	7
Degree of Util (X)	0.533	0.02	0.207	0.105	0.207
Departure Headway (Hd)	4.97	6.48	5.268	5.788	5.284
Convergence, Y/N	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Cap	722	550	677	616	675
Service Time	3.025	4.246	3.033	3.554	3.049
HCM Lane V/C Ratio	0.535	0.02	0.208	0.106	0.209
HCM Control Delay	13.6	9.4	9.4	9.2	9.4
HCM Lane LOS	В	Α	Α	Α	Α
HCM 95th-tile Q	3.2	0.1	0.8	0.4	0.8

ntersection				
ntersection Delay, s/veh	4.8			
ntersection LOS	Α			
Approach	EB	WB	NB	SB
Entry Lanes	1	1	1	1
Conflicting Circle Lanes	1	1	1	1
Adj Approach Flow, veh/h	98	196	65	55
Demand Flow Rate, veh/h	100	199	66	56
/ehicles Circulating, veh/h	200	33	123	188
Vehicles Exiting, veh/h	44	156	177	44
Follow-Up Headway, s	3.186	3.186	3.186	3.186
Ped Vol Crossing Leg, #/h	5	5	5	5
Ped Cap Adj	0.999	0.999	0.999	0.999
Approach Delay, s/veh	5.0	5.0	4.3	4.5
Approach LOS	Α	А	А	А
Lane	Left	Left	Left	Left
Designated Moves	LTR	LTR	LTR	LTR
Assumed Moves	LTR	LTR	LTR	LTR
RT Channelized				
₋ane Util	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
Critical Headway, s	5.193	5.193	5.193	5.193
Entry Flow, veh/h	100	199	66	56
Cap Entry Lane, veh/h	925	1093	999	936
Entry HV Adj Factor	0.985	0.983	0.982	0.978
Flow Entry, veh/h	98	196	65	55
Cap Entry, veh/h	910	1074	980	915
I/C Ratio	0.108	0.182	0.066	0.060
Control Delay, s/veh	5.0	5.0	4.3	4.5
_OS	Α	Α	Ā	A
95th %tile Queue, veh	0	1	0	0

Service Time

HCM Lane V/C Ratio

HCM Control Delay

HCM Lane LOS

HCM 95th-tile Q

Intersection									
Intersection Delay, s/veh	8.1								
Intersection LOS	Α								
Movement	EBU EBL	EBT		WBU	WBT	WBR	SBU	SBL	SBR
Vol, veh/h	0 20	120		0	140	10	0	10	40
Peak Hour Factor	0.96 0.92	0.92		0.96	0.92	0.92	0.96	0.92	0.92
Heavy Vehicles, %	2 2	2		2	2	2	2	2	2
Mvmt Flow	0 22	130		0	152	11	0	11	43
Number of Lanes	0 0	1		0	1	0	0	1	0
Approach	EB				WB			SB	
Opposing Approach	WB				EB				
Opposing Lanes	1				1			0	
Conflicting Approach Left	SB							WB	
Conflicting Lanes Left	1				0			1	
Conflicting Approach Right					SB			EB	
Conflicting Lanes Right	0				1			1	
HCM Control Delay	8.2				8.1			7.5	
HCM LOS	Α				А			Α	
Lane	EBLn1	WBLn1	SBLn1						
Vol Left, %	14%	0%	20%						
Vol Thru, %	86%	93%	0%						
Vol Right, %	0%	7%	80%						
Sign Control	Stop	Stop	Stop						
Traffic Vol by Lane	140	150	50						
LT Vol	120		0						
Through Vol	0	10	40						
RT Vol	20	-	10						
Lane Flow Rate	152		54						
Geometry Grp	1		1						
Degree of Util (X)	0.177	0.186	0.063						
Departure Headway (Hd)	4.181	4.104	4.178						
Convergence, Y/N	Yes		Yes						
Cap	851	866	863						

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2.247

0.179

8.2

Α

0.6

2.17

0.188

8.1

Α

0.7

2.178

0.063

7.5

0.2

Α

	۶	-	<b>←</b>	•	<b>/</b>	4	
Movement	EBL	EBT	WBT	WBR	SBL	SBR	
Lane Configurations		4	1>		¥		
Volume (veh/h)	10	320	750	130	160	10	
Number	7	4	8	18	1	16	
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00	-	•	1.00	1.00	0.98	
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1900	1863	1863	1900	1863	1900	
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	11	348	815	132	174	8	
Adj No. of Lanes	0	1	1	0	0	0	
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	0	0	
Cap, veh/h	89	1181	1018	165	227	10	
Arrive On Green	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.14	0.14	
Sat Flow, veh/h	15	1814	1564	253	1677	77	
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	359	0	0	947	183	0	
Grp Sat Flow(s), veh/h/ln	1829	0	0	1817	1764	0	
Q Serve(g_s), s	0.0	0.0	0.0	17.8	4.7	0.0	
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	3.9	0.0	0.0	17.8	4.7	0.0	
Prop In Lane	0.03	0.0	0.0	0.14	0.95	0.04	
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	1270	0	0	1183	238	0	
V/C Ratio(X)	0.28	0.00	0.00	0.80	0.77	0.00	
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	1683	0	0	1613	698	0	
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	3.5	0.0	0.0	5.9	19.5	0.0	
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	0.1	0.0	0.0	2.1	5.2	0.0	
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	2.0	0.0	0.0	9.4	2.6	0.0	
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	3.6	0.0	0.0	8.1	24.7	0.0	
LnGrp LOS	A	,,,		A	C		
Approach Vol, veh/h		359	947		183		
Approach Delay, s/veh		3.6	8.1		24.7		
Approach LOS		A	A		C		
••	4					^	7
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7 8
Assigned Phs				4		6	8
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s				35.9		10.8	35.9
Change Period (Y+Rc), s				5.5		4.5	5.5
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s				41.5		18.5	41.5
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s				5.9		6.7	19.8
Green Ext Time (p_c), s				13.4		0.0	10.7
Intersection Summary							
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			9.0				
HCM 2010 LOS			Α				
Notes							
User approved volume balanci	na omer	a the less	20 for turn	ing move	mont		

Lane Configurations		<b>→</b>	•	€	-	•	1	<b>†</b>	~	<b>/</b>	<b>↓</b>	4
Volume (veh/h)         100         330         60         220         170         110         150         1330         430           Number         3         8         18         7         4         14         5         2         12           Initial Q (Qb), veh         0									NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Number							<b>ሕ</b> ሽ	ተተተ	7	<b>ሽ</b> ሽ	ተተተ	7
Initial Q (Qb), veh		330		220	170	110	150	1330	430	170	1340	50
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	3		18	7		14			12	1	6	16
Parking Bus, Adj         1.00					0			0	0	0	0	C
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln         1863         186									1.00	1.00		1.00
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h         104         344         0         229         177         0         156         1385         C           Adj No. of Lanes         2         3         1         2         3         1         2         3         1         2         3         1         2         3         1         2         3         1         2         3         1         2         3         1         2         3         1         2         3         1         2         3         1         2         3         1         2         3         1         2         3         1         2         3         1         2         3         1         2         3         1         2	)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj No. of Lanes         2         3         1         2         3         1         2         3         1         2         3         1         2         3         1         2         3         1         2         3         1         2         3         1         2         3         1         2         3         1         2         3         1         2         3         1         2         3         4         89         2	3	1863	1863			1863	1863		1863	1863	1863	1863
Peak Hour Factor         0.96	)	344	0	229	177	0	156	1385	0	177	1396	0
Percent Heavy Veh, % 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	1	3	1	2	3	1		3	1	2	3	1
Cap, veh/h         162         683         213         304         893         278         217         2690         836           Arrive On Green         0.05         0.13         0.00         0.09         0.18         0.00         0.06         0.53         0.00           Sat Flow, veh/h         3442         5085         1583 <td>3</td> <td>0.96</td>	3	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96
Arrive On Green         0.05         0.13         0.00         0.09         0.18         0.00         0.06         0.53         0.00           Sat Flow, veh/h         3442         5085         1583         3442         5085         1583         3442         5085         1583           Grp Volume(v), veh/h         104         344         0         229         177         0         156         1385         0           Grp Sat Flow(s), veh/h/ln         1721         1695         1583         1721         1695         1583           Q Serve(g_s), s         3.3         6.9         0.0         7.1         3.3         0.0         4.9         19.3         0.0           Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s         3.3         6.9         0.0         7.1         3.3         0.0         4.9         19.3         0.0           Prop In Lane         1.00	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Sat Flow, veh/h         3442         5085         1583         3442         5085         1583         3442         5085         1583           Grp Volume(v), veh/h         104         344         0         229         177         0         156         1385         0           Grp Sat Flow(s), veh/h/n         1721         1695         1583         162         100	3	683	213	304	893	278	217	2690	838	238	2722	848
Grp Volume(v), veh/h         104         344         0         229         177         0         156         1385         C           Grp Sat Flow(s), veh/h/ln         1721         1695         1583         1721         1695         1583           Q Serve(g_s), s         3.3         6.9         0.0         7.1         3.3         0.0         4.9         19.3         0.0           Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s         3.3         6.9         0.0         7.1         3.3         0.0         4.9         19.3         0.0           Prop In Lane         1.00	)	0.13	0.00	0.09	0.18	0.00	0.06	0.53	0.00	0.07	0.54	0.00
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln         1721         1695         1583         1721         1695         1583           Q Serve(g_s), s         3.3         6.9         0.0         7.1         3.3         0.0         4.9         19.3         0.0           Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s         3.3         6.9         0.0         7.1         3.3         0.0         4.9         19.3         0.0           Prop In Lane         1.00	3	5085	1583	3442	5085	1583	3442	5085	1583	3442	5085	1583
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln         1721         1695         1583         1721         1695         1583           Q Serve(g_s), s         3.3         6.9         0.0         7.1         3.3         0.0         4.9         19.3         0.0           Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s         3.3         6.9         0.0         7.1         3.3         0.0         4.9         19.3         0.0           Prop In Lane         1.00	)	344	0	229	177	0	156	1385	0	177	1396	0
Q Serve(g_s), s       3.3       6.9       0.0       7.1       3.3       0.0       4.9       19.3       0.0         Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s       3.3       6.9       0.0       7.1       3.3       0.0       4.9       19.3       0.0         Prop In Lane       1.00       1.00       1.00       1.00       1.00       1.00       1.00         Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h       162       683       213       304       893       278       217       2690       838         V/C Ratio(X)       0.64       0.50       0.00       0.75       0.20       0.00       0.72       0.51       0.00         Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h       689       1798       560       689       1798       560       689       2690       838         HCM Platoon Ratio       1.00 <td< td=""><td>3</td><td></td><td>1583</td><td></td><td></td><td>1583</td><td></td><td></td><td>1583</td><td>1721</td><td>1695</td><td>1583</td></td<>	3		1583			1583			1583	1721	1695	1583
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s         3.3         6.9         0.0         7.1         3.3         0.0         4.9         19.3         0.0           Prop In Lane         1.00         1.00         1.00         1.00         1.00         1.00         1.00         1.00           Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h         162         683         213         304         893         278         217         2690         838           V/C Ratio(X)         0.64         0.50         0.00         0.75         0.20         0.00         0.72         0.51         0.00           Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h         689         1798         560         689         1798         560         689         2690         838           HCM Platoon Ratio         1.00 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>0.0</td><td>5.5</td><td>19.2</td><td>0.0</td></td<>									0.0	5.5	19.2	0.0
Prop In Lane         1.00									0.0	5.5	19.2	0.0
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h         162         683         213         304         893         278         217         2690         838           V/C Ratio(X)         0.64         0.50         0.00         0.75         0.20         0.00         0.72         0.51         0.00           Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h         689         1798         560         689         1798         560         689         2690         838           HCM Platoon Ratio         1.00									1.00	1.00		1.00
V/C Ratio(X)         0.64         0.50         0.00         0.75         0.20         0.00         0.72         0.51         0.00           Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h         689         1798         560         689         1798         560         689         2690         838           HCM Platoon Ratio         1.00					893			2690	838	238	2722	848
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h         689         1798         560         689         1798         560         689         2690         838           HCM Platoon Ratio         1.00									0.00	0.74	0.51	0.00
HCM Platoon Ratio       1.00       1.									838	689	2722	848
Upstream Filter(I)         1.00         1.00         0.00         1.00         0.00         1.00         1.00         0.00           Uniform Delay (d), s/veh         51.2         44.0         0.0         48.7         38.5         0.0         50.3         16.7         0.0           Incr Delay (d2), s/veh         1.6         1.0         0.0         3.8         0.2         0.0         1.7         0.7         0.0           Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh         0.0 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1.00</td> <td>1.00</td> <td>1.00</td> <td>1.00</td>									1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh 51.2 44.0 0.0 48.7 38.5 0.0 50.3 16.7 0.0 Incr Delay (d2), s/veh 1.6 1.0 0.0 3.8 0.2 0.0 1.7 0.7 0.0 Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.									0.00	1.00	1.00	0.00
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh									0.0	50.0	16.3	0.0
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.									0.0	1.7	0.7	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln         1.6         3.3         0.0         3.5         1.5         0.0         2.4         9.2         0.0           LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh         52.8         45.0         0.0         52.5         38.7         0.0         52.0         17.4         0.0           LnGrp LOS         D         D         D         D         D         D         B           Approach Vol, veh/h         448         406         1541         448         46.5         20.9         444         20.9         444         46.5         20.9         444         46.5         20.9         444         46.5         20.9         444         46.5         20.9         444         46.5         20.9         444         46.5         20.9         46.5         20.9         46.5         20.9         46.5         20.9         46.5         20.9         46.5         20.9         46.5         20.9         46.5         20.9         46.5         20.9         46.5         20.9         46.5         20.9         46.5         20.9         46.5         20.9         46.5         20.9         46.5         20.9         46.5         20.9         46.5         20.9         46.5         20.9									0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh         52.8         45.0         0.0         52.5         38.7         0.0         52.0         17.4         0.0           LnGrp LOS         D         D         D         D         D         D         B           Approach Vol, veh/h         448         406         1541         46.5         20.9           Approach Delay, s/veh         46.8         46.5         20.9         20.9           Approach LOS         D         D         C         C           Timer         1         2         3         4         5         6         7         8           Assigned Phs         1         2         3         4         5         6         7         8           Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s         12.1         113.7         9.6         24.5         11.4         114.4         14.2         20.0           Change Period (Y+Rc), s         4.5         5.3         4.5         5.3         4.5         5.3           Max Green Setting (Gmax), s         21.9         57.9         21.9         38.7         21.9         57.9         21.9         38.7           Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s         7.5         21.3         5.3									0.0	2.7	9.1	0.0
LnGrp LOS         D         D         D         D         D         B           Approach Vol, veh/h         448         406         1541           Approach Delay, s/veh         46.8         46.5         20.9           Approach LOS         D         D         C           Timer         1         2         3         4         5         6         7         8           Assigned Phs         1         2         3         4         5         6         7         8           Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s         12.1         113.7         9.6         24.5         11.4         114.4         14.2         20.0           Change Period (Y+Rc), s         4.5         5.3         4.5         5.3         4.5         5.3           Max Green Setting (Gmax), s         21.9         57.9         21.9         38.7         21.9         57.9         21.9         38.7           Max Q Clear Time (g_c+I1), s         7.5         21.3         5.3         5.3         6.9         21.2         9.1         8.9									0.0	51.7	17.0	0.0
Approach Vol, veh/h       448       406       1541         Approach Delay, s/veh       46.8       46.5       20.9         Approach LOS       D       D       C         Timer       1       2       3       4       5       6       7       8         Assigned Phs       1       2       3       4       5       6       7       8         Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s       12.1       113.7       9.6       24.5       11.4       114.4       14.2       20.0         Change Period (Y+Rc), s       4.5       5.3       4.5       5.3       4.5       5.3         Max Green Setting (Gmax), s       21.9       57.9       21.9       38.7       21.9       57.9       21.9       38.7         Max Q Clear Time (g_c+I1), s       7.5       21.3       5.3       5.3       6.9       21.2       9.1       8.9										D	В	
Approach Delay, s/veh       46.8       46.5       20.9         Approach LOS       D       D       C         Timer       1       2       3       4       5       6       7       8         Assigned Phs       1       2       3       4       5       6       7       8         Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s       12.1       113.7       9.6       24.5       11.4       114.4       14.2       20.0         Change Period (Y+Rc), s       4.5       5.3       4.5       5.3       4.5       5.3         Max Green Setting (Gmax), s       21.9       57.9       21.9       38.7       21.9       57.9       21.9       38.7         Max Q Clear Time (g_c+I1), s       7.5       21.3       5.3       5.3       6.9       21.2       9.1       8.9											1573	
Approach LOS         D         D         C           Timer         1         2         3         4         5         6         7         8           Assigned Phs         1         2         3         4         5         6         7         8           Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s         12.1         113.7         9.6         24.5         11.4         114.4         14.2         20.0           Change Period (Y+Rc), s         4.5         5.3         4.5         5.3         4.5         5.3           Max Green Setting (Gmax), s         21.9         57.9         21.9         38.7         21.9         57.9         21.9         38.7           Max Q Clear Time (g_c+I1), s         7.5         21.3         5.3         5.3         6.9         21.2         9.1         8.9											20.9	
Timer         1         2         3         4         5         6         7         8           Assigned Phs         1         2         3         4         5         6         7         8           Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s         12.1         113.7         9.6         24.5         11.4         114.4         14.2         20.0           Change Period (Y+Rc), s         4.5         5.3         4.5         5.3         4.5         5.3           Max Green Setting (Gmax), s         21.9         57.9         21.9         38.7         21.9         57.9         21.9         38.7           Max Q Clear Time (g_c+I1), s         7.5         21.3         5.3         5.3         6.9         21.2         9.1         8.9											C	
Assigned Phs 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s 12.1 113.7 9.6 24.5 11.4 114.4 14.2 20.0 Change Period (Y+Rc), s 4.5 5.3 4.5 5.3 4.5 5.3 4.5 5.3 Max Green Setting (Gmax), s 21.9 57.9 21.9 38.7 21.9 57.9 21.9 38.7 Max Q Clear Time (g_c+I1), s 7.5 21.3 5.3 5.3 6.9 21.2 9.1 8.9	3		3	4		6	7					
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s       12.1       113.7       9.6       24.5       11.4       114.4       14.2       20.0         Change Period (Y+Rc), s       4.5       5.3       4.5       5.3       4.5       5.3       4.5       5.3         Max Green Setting (Gmax), s       21.9       57.9       21.9       38.7       21.9       57.9       21.9       38.7         Max Q Clear Time (g_c+I1), s       7.5       21.3       5.3       5.3       6.9       21.2       9.1       8.9												
Change Period (Y+Rc), s 4.5 5.3 4.5 5.3 4.5 5.3 4.5 5.3 Max Green Setting (Gmax), s 21.9 57.9 21.9 38.7 21.9 57.9 21.9 38.7 Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s 7.5 21.3 5.3 5.3 6.9 21.2 9.1 8.9												
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s 21.9 57.9 21.9 38.7 21.9 57.9 21.9 38.7 Max Q Clear Time (g_c+ 1), s 7.5 21.3 5.3 5.3 6.9 21.2 9.1 8.9												
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s 7.5 21.3 5.3 5.3 6.9 21.2 9.1 8.9												
Green Ext Time (p_c), s 0.1 35.7 0.1 5.7 0.1 35.8 0.6 5.6		35.7	0.1	5.7	0.9	35.8	0.6	5.6				
Intersection Summary			<b></b>	0	Ų,,	30.0	0.0	5.0				
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay 26.4	1		26.4									
HCM 2010 LOS C												
Notes	,		U									

User approved pedestrian interval to be less than phase max green.

Intersection												
Intersection Delay, s/veh	11.2											
Intersection LOS	В											
Movement	EBU	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBU	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBU	NBL	NBT	NBR
Vol, veh/h	0	110	30	40	0	10	20	20	0	30	330	10
Peak Hour Factor	0.88	0.91	0.91	0.91	0.88	0.91	0.91	0.91	0.88	0.91	0.91	0.91
Heavy Vehicles, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Mvmt Flow	0	121	33	44	0	11	22	22	0	33	363	11
Number of Lanes	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	2	0

Approach	EB	WB	NB
Opposing Approach	WB	EB	SB
Opposing Lanes	1	3	3
Conflicting Approach Left	SB	NB	EB
Conflicting Lanes Left	3	3	3
Conflicting Approach Right	NB	SB	WB
Conflicting Lanes Right	3	3	1
HCM Control Delay	10.3	10.4	12
HCM LOS	В	В	В

Lane	NBLn1	NBLn2	NBLn3	EBLn1	EBLn2	EBLn3	WBLn1	SBLn1	SBLn2	SBLn3	
Vol Left, %	100%	0%	0%	100%	58%	0%	20%	100%	0%	0%	
Vol Thru, %	0%	100%	92%	0%	42%	0%	40%	0%	100%	33%	
Vol Right, %	0%	0%	8%	0%	0%	100%	40%	0%	0%	67%	
Sign Control	Stop										
Traffic Vol by Lane	30	220	120	69	71	40	50	20	100	150	
LT Vol	0	220	110	0	30	0	20	0	100	50	
Through Vol	0	0	10	0	0	40	20	0	0	100	
RT Vol	30	0	0	69	41	0	10	20	0	0	
Lane Flow Rate	33	242	132	76	78	44	55	22	110	165	
Geometry Grp	8	8	8	7	7	7	8	8	8	8	
Degree of Util (X)	0.061	0.411	0.222	0.146	0.145	0.07	0.104	0.042	0.194	0.27	
Departure Headway (Hd)	6.626	6.122	6.063	6.914	6.701	5.711	6.8	6.865	6.36	5.889	
Convergence, Y/N	Yes										
Сар	540	587	592	519	535	626	526	521	564	608	
Service Time	4.369	3.865	3.806	4.661	4.448	3.458	4.557	4.614	4.109	3.637	
HCM Lane V/C Ratio	0.061	0.412	0.223	0.146	0.146	0.07	0.105	0.042	0.195	0.271	
HCM Control Delay	9.8	13.1	10.5	10.8	10.6	8.9	10.4	9.9	10.6	10.8	
HCM Lane LOS	Α	В	В	В	В	Α	В	Α	В	В	
HCM 95th-tile Q	0.2	2	0.8	0.5	0.5	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.7	1.1	

Intersection				
Intersection Delay, s/veh				
Intersection LOS				
Movement	SBU	SBL	SBT	SBR
Vol, veh/h	0	20	150	100
Peak Hour Factor	0.88	0.91	0.91	0.91
Heavy Vehicles, %	2	2	2	2
Mymt Flow	0	22	165	110
Number of Lanes	0	1	2	0
		0.0		
Approach		SB		
Opposing Approach		NB		
Opposing Lanes		3		
Conflicting Approach Left		WB		
Conflicting Lanes Left		1		
Conflicting Approach Right		EB		
Conflicting Lanes Right		3		
HCM Control Delay		10.7		
HCM LOS		В		
Lane				

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	ሽኘ	ተተተ	7	ሽኘ	ተተተ	7	ħ	र्स	7	ሽኘ	<b>†</b>	7
Volume (veh/h)	460	750	50	30	290	60	100	80	70	90	30	180
Number	5	2	12	1	6	16	7	4	14	3	8	18
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		0.99	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	511	833	23	33	322	0	100	104	4	100	33	0
Adj No. of Lanes	2	3	1	2	3	1	1	1	1	2	1	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	625	2865	891	63	2034	633	164	172	145	219	118	101
Arrive On Green	0.18	0.56	0.56	0.02	0.40	0.00	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.06	0.06	0.00
Sat Flow, veh/h	3442	5085	1582	3442	5085	1583	1774	1863	1573	3442	1863	1583
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	511	833	23	33	322	0	100	104	4	100	33	0
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	1721	1695	1582	1721	1695	1583	1774	1863	1573	1721	1863	1583
Q Serve(g_s), s	10.3	6.2	0.5	0.7	2.9	0.0	3.9	3.9	0.2	2.0	1.2	0.0
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	10.3	6.2	0.5	0.7	2.9	0.0	3.9	3.9	0.2	2.0	1.2	0.0
Prop In Lane	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	625	2865	891	63	2034	633	164	172	145	219	118	101
V/C Ratio(X)	0.82	0.29	0.03	0.53	0.16	0.00	0.61	0.61	0.03	0.46	0.28	0.00
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	1190	4781	1487	1190	4781	1489	613	644	544	1904	1030	876
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	28.4	8.2	7.0	35.2	13.9	0.0	31.6	31.6	29.9	32.7	32.3	0.0
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	1.0	0.1	0.0	2.5	0.1	0.0	1.4	1.3	0.0	0.6	0.5	0.0
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	5.0	2.9	0.2	0.3	1.4	0.0	2.0	2.1	0.1	1.0	0.6	0.0
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	29.5	8.4	7.0	37.7	14.0	0.0	33.0	32.8	29.9	33.2	32.8	0.0
LnGrp LOS	С	Α	Α	D	В		С	С	С	С	С	
Approach Vol, veh/h	-	1367			355			208		-	133	
Approach Delay, s/veh		16.2			16.2			32.8			33.1	
Approach LOS		В			В			C			C	
				•		•	_					
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2		4	5	6		8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	5.8	46.2		11.2	17.6	34.4		9.1				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.5	5.5		4.5	4.5	5.5		4.5				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	25.0	68.0		25.0	25.0	68.0		40.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	2.7	8.2		5.9	12.3	4.9		4.0				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.0	23.6		0.5	0.8	24.0		0.3				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			19.0									
HCM 2010 LOS			В									
Notes												
User approved pedestrian inte												
User approved volume balanci	ng amor	ng the lane	es for turr	ning move	ement.							

User approved ignoring U-Turning movement.

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBF
Lane Configurations	ሽኘ	<b>†</b> †	7	44	ተተተ	7	ሽኘ	ተተተ	7	ሽኘ	ተተተ	ľ
Volume (veh/h)	170	340	645	420	130	140	610	1540	610	190	1350	170
Number	3	8	18	7	4	14	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	177	354	345	438	135	0	635	1604	0	198	1406	C
Adj No. of Lanes	2	2	1	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	231	749	335	496	1461	455	706	2185	680	253	1516	472
Arrive On Green	0.07	0.21	0.21	0.14	0.29	0.00	0.07	0.14	0.00	0.07	0.30	0.00
Sat Flow, veh/h	3442	3539	1583	3477	5085	1583	3442	5085	1583	3442	5085	1583
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	177	354	345	438	135	0	635	1604	0	198	1406	C
Grp Sat Flow(s), veh/h/ln	1721	1770	1583	1739	1695	1583	1721	1695	1583	1721	1695	1583
Q Serve(g_s), s	7.0	12.1	29.1	17.0	2.7	0.0	25.2	41.6	0.0	7.8	36.9	0.0
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	7.0	12.1	29.1	17.0	2.7	0.0	25.2	41.6	0.0	7.8	36.9	0.0
Prop In Lane	1.00	16.1	1.00	1.00	,	1.00	1.00	11.0	1.00	1.00	00.0	1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	231	749	335	496	1461	455	706	2185	680	253	1516	472
V/C Ratio(X)	0.77	0.47	1.03	0.88	0.09	0.00	0.90	0.73	0.00	0.78	0.93	0.00
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	748	749	335	756	1461	455	948	2185	680	948	1608	501
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.33	0.33	0.33	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.38	0.38	0.00	1.00	1.00	0.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	63.1	47.5	54.2	57.8	35.9	0.0	62.7	51.5	0.0	62.7	46.8	0.0
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	2.0	1.2	57.1	5.6	0.1	0.0	3.2	0.9	0.0	2.0	10.1	0.0
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	3.4	6.0	18.0	8.5	1.3	0.0	12.3	19.7	0.0	3.8	18.7	0.0
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	65.1	48.7	111.3	63.4	36.0	0.0	66.0	52.4	0.0	64.7	56.9	0.0
LnGrp LOS	E	TO.7	F	E	D D	0.0	00.0 E	D	0.0	оч. <i>т</i> Е	50.5 E	0.0
Approach Vol, veh/h		876	<u> </u>		573			2239			1604	
Approach Delay, s/veh		76.7			56.9			56.2			57.9	
Approach LOS		70.7 E			50.9 E			50.2 E			57.9 E	
							_					
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	14.6	86.9	13.7	44.8	55.1	46.3	24.1	34.4				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.5	5.3	4.5	5.3	4.5	5.3	4.5	5.3				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	37.9	43.5	29.9	29.1	37.9	43.5	29.9	29.1				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	9.8	43.6	9.0	4.7	27.2	38.9	19.0	31.1				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.3	0.0	0.3	9.4	1.0	2.1	0.6	0.0				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			60.2									
HCM 2010 LOS			Е									
Notes												

Intersection									
Intersection Delay, s/veh	13.9								
Intersection LOS	В								
Movement	EBU	EBL	EBT	WBU	WBT	WBR	SBU	SBL	SBR
Vol, veh/h	0	370	120	0	60	10	0	10	140
Peak Hour Factor	0.79	0.86	0.86	0.79	0.86	0.86	0.79	0.86	0.86
Heavy Vehicles, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Mvmt Flow	0	430	140	0	70	12	0	12	163
Number of Lanes	0	1	2	1	2	0	0	1	2

Approach	EB	WB	SB
Opposing Approach	WB	EB	
Opposing Lanes	3	3	0
Conflicting Approach Left	SB		WB
Conflicting Lanes Left	3	0	3
Conflicting Approach Right		SB	EB
Conflicting Lanes Right	0	3	3
HCM Control Delay	16.4	9.2	7.9
HCM LOS	С	Α	А

Lane	EBLn1	EBLn2	EBLn3	WBLn1	WBLn2	WBLn3	SBLn1	SBLn2	SBLn3	
Vol Left, %	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	100%	0%	0%	
Vol Thru, %	0%	100%	100%	100%	100%	67%	0%	0%	0%	
Vol Right, %	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	33%	0%	100%	100%	
Sign Control	Stop									
Traffic Vol by Lane	370	60	60	0	40	30	10	70	70	
LT Vol	0	60	60	0	40	20	0	0	0	
Through Vol	0	0	0	0	0	10	0	70	70	
RT Vol	370	0	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	
Lane Flow Rate	430	70	70	0	47	35	12	81	81	
Geometry Grp	8	8	8	8	8	8	7	7	7	
Degree of Util (X)	0.672	0.099	0.066	0	0.079	0.057	0.021	0.122	0.083	
Departure Headway (Hd)	5.626	5.125	3.386	6.079	6.079	5.844	6.594	5.392	3.656	
Convergence, Y/N	Yes									
Cap	637	693	1042	0	584	607	542	662	972	
Service Time	3.399	2.897	1.158	3.868	3.868	3.634	4.349	3.147	1.409	
HCM Lane V/C Ratio	0.675	0.101	0.067	0	0.08	0.058	0.022	0.122	0.083	
HCM Control Delay	19.3	8.5	6.4	8.9	9.4	9	9.5	8.9	6.7	
HCM Lane LOS	С	Α	Α	N	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	
HCM 95th-tile Q	5.1	0.3	0.2	0	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.4	0.3	

	O. V	<del>-                                    </del>										
	۶	<b>→</b>	•	•	<b>←</b>	•	•	<b>†</b>	/	<b>&gt;</b>	<b>↓</b>	4
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations						7		ተተተ	7	ř	ተተቡ	7
Volume (vph)	0	0	0	0	0	490	0	2270	110	300	1465	730
Ideal Flow (vphpl)	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900
Total Lost time (s)						5.0		5.3	5.3	5.0	4.0	4.0
Lane Util. Factor						1.00		0.91	1.00	1.00	0.86	0.86
Frt						0.86		1.00	0.85	1.00	0.98	0.85
Flt Protected						1.00		1.00	1.00	0.95	1.00	1.00
Satd. Flow (prot)						1611		5085	1583	1770	4707	1362
Flt Permitted						1.00		1.00	1.00	0.95	1.00	1.00
Satd. Flow (perm)						1611		5085	1583	1770	4707	1362
Peak-hour factor, PHF	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96
Adj. Flow (vph)	0	0	0	0	0	510	0	2365	115	312	1526	760
RTOR Reduction (vph)	0	0	0	0	0	35	0	0	22	0	0	0
Lane Group Flow (vph)	0	0	0	0	0	475	0	2365	93	312	1769	517
Turn Type						pt+ov		NA	Perm	Prot	NA	Perm
Protected Phases						13		24		13	Free	
Permitted Phases						13			24			Free
Actuated Green, G (s)						52.4		87.0	87.0	52.4	160.0	160.0
Effective Green, g (s)						52.4		87.0	87.0	52.4	160.0	160.0
Actuated g/C Ratio						0.33		0.54	0.54	0.33	1.00	1.00
Clearance Time (s)												
Vehicle Extension (s)												
Lane Grp Cap (vph)						527		2764	860	579	4707	1362
v/s Ratio Prot						c0.29		c0.47		0.18	0.38	
v/s Ratio Perm									0.06			0.38
v/c Ratio						0.90		0.86	0.11	0.54	0.38	0.38
Uniform Delay, d1						51.3		31.1	17.7	43.9	0.0	0.0
Progression Factor						1.00		1.00	1.00	0.62	1.00	1.00
Incremental Delay, d2						18.2		3.7	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.3
Delay (s)						69.5		34.8	17.9	27.4	0.1	0.3
Level of Service						Е		С	В	С	Α	Α
Approach Delay (s)		0.0			69.5			34.0			3.4	
Approach LOS		Α			Е			С			Α	
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2000 Control Delay			23.0	H	CM 2000	Level of S	Service		С			
HCM 2000 Volume to Capacity I	ratio		0.87									
Actuated Cycle Length (s)			160.0		um of los				20.6			
Intersection Capacity Utilization			82.8%	IC	U Level	of Service			Е			
Analysis Period (min)			15									
c Critical Lane Group												

	•	•	<b>†</b>	~	<b>/</b>	<b>↓</b>		
Movement	WBL	WBR	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT		
Lane Configurations	ሻሻ	77	<b>∱</b> Љ	7		ተተተ		
Volume (veh/h)	70	1000	1380	200	0	1465		
Number	3	18	2	12	1	6		
nitial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Ped-Bike Adj(A pbT)	1.00	1.00	•	1.00	1.00			
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00		
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1863	1863	0	1863		
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	73	1003	1438	0	0	1526		
Adj No. of Lanes	2	2	2	1	0	3		
Peak Hour Factor	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96		
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	0.00	2		
Cap, veh/h	1253	1015	1935	822	0	2641		
Arrive On Green	0.36	0.36	0.52	0.00	0.00	0.52		
Sat Flow, veh/h	3442	2787	3725	1583	0.00	5421		
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	73	1003	1438	0	0	1526		
. ,,,	73 1721	1393	1863	1583		1695		
Grp Sat Flow(s), veh/h/ln					0.0	17.0		
Q Serve(g_s), s	1.1	29.5	24.9	0.0				
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	1.1	29.5	24.9	0.0	0.0	17.0		
Prop In Lane	1.00	1.00	1005	1.00	0.00	0644		
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	1253	1015	1935	822	0	2641		
V/C Ratio(X)	0.06	0.99	0.74	0.00	0.00	0.58		
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	1253	1015	2261	961	0	3086		
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00		
Jpstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	1.00		
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	17.0	26.0	15.5	0.0	0.0	13.6		
ncr Delay (d2), s/veh	0.0	25.3	0.9	0.0	0.0	0.1		
nitial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	0.5	14.9	13.0	0.0	0.0	7.9		
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	17.0	51.4	16.4	0.0	0.0	13.7		
nGrp LOS	В	D	В			В		
Approach Vol, veh/h	1076		1438			1526		
Approach Delay, s/veh	49.0		16.4			13.7		
Approach LOS	D		В			В		
imer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Assigned Phs		2				6		8
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s		48.1				48.1	34	4.3
Change Period (Y+Rc), s		5.3				5.3		4.3
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s		50.0				50.0		0.0
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s		26.9				19.0		1.5
Green Ext Time (p_c), s		15.9				19.0		0.0
" = /-		13.8				18.3		0.0
ntersection Summary								
ICM 2010 Ctrl Delay			24.1					
HCM 2010 LOS			С					
Votes								
		g the lane						

	۶	<b>→</b>	•	•	<b>←</b>	•	4	†	<i>&gt;</i>	<b>/</b>	ţ	-√
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	ሻሻ		7					<b>†</b> †	7		<b>↑</b> 1>	7
Volume (veh/h)	1100	0	185	0	0	0	0	480	200	0	335	1200
Number	7	4	14				5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0				0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00				1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00				1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	0	1863				0	1863	1863	0	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	1111	0	96				0	485	0	0	338	0
Adj No. of Lanes	2	0	1				0	2	1	0	2	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.99	0.99	0.99				0.99	0.99	0.99	0.99	0.99	0.99
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	0	2				0	2	2	0	2	2
Cap, veh/h	1427	0	657				0	996	446	0	1048	446
Arrive On Green	0.41	0.00	0.41				0.00	0.28	0.00	0.00	0.28	0.00
Sat Flow, veh/h	3442	0	1583				0	3632	1583	0	3725	1583
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	1111	0	96				0	485	0	0	338	0
Grp Sat Flow(s), veh/h/ln	1721	0	1583				0	1770	1583	0	1863	1583
Q Serve(g_s), s	8.8	0.0	1.2				0.0	3.6	0.0	0.0	2.3	0.0
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	8.8	0.0	1.2				0.0	3.6	0.0	0.0	2.3	0.0
Prop In Lane	1.00		1.00				0.00		1.00	0.00		1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	1427	0	657				0	996	446	0	1048	446
V/C Ratio(X)	0.78	0.00	0.15				0.00	0.49	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.00
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	2723	0	1253				0	5041	2255	0	5307	2255
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00				1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	0.00	1.00				0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	8.0	0.0	5.8				0.0	9.5	0.0	0.0	9.0	0.0
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	0.4	0.0	0.0				0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0				0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	4.1	0.0	0.5				0.0	1.8	0.0	0.0	1.1	0.0
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	8.3	0.0	5.8				0.0	9.6	0.0	0.0	9.0	0.0
LnGrp LOS	Α		Α					Α			Α	
Approach Vol, veh/h		1207						485			338	
Approach Delay, s/veh		8.1						9.6			9.0	
Approach LOS		Α						Α			Α	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs		2		4		6						
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s		14.2		17.4		14.2						
Change Period (Y+Rc), s		5.3		* 4.3		5.3						
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s		45.0		* 25		45.0						
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s		5.6		10.8		4.3						
Green Ext Time (p_c), s		3.4		2.3		3.4						
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			8.6									
HCM 2010 LOS			Α									
Notes												

User approved pedestrian interval to be less than phase max green.
User approved volume balancing among the lanes for turning movement.

<sup>\*</sup> HCM 2010 computational engine requires equal clearance times for the phases crossing the barrier.

	۶	<b>→</b>	•	•	<b>←</b>	•	1	<b>†</b>	<i>&gt;</i>	<b>&gt;</b>	ţ	<b>4</b>
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations		4	7	ሻ	47>		44	<b>∱</b> ⊅		ሻ	ተኈ	7
Volume (veh/h)	170	60	330	150	90	100	1050	1370	310	60	530	400
Number	7	4	14	3	8	18	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1900	1863	1863	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	173	61	104	173	65	8	1071	1398	304	61	541	154
Adj No. of Lanes	0	1	1	2	1	0	2	2	0	1	2	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	201	71	239	310	142	18	1376	1552	331	124	720	306
Arrive On Green	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.40	0.53	0.53	0.07	0.19	0.19
Sat Flow, veh/h	1328	468	1583	3548	1627	200	3442	2903	619	1774	3725	1583
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	234	0	104	173	0	73	1071	841	861	61	541	154
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	1796	0	1583	1774	0	1827	1721	1770	1752	1774	1863	1583
Q Serve(g_s), s	14.5	0.0	6.8	5.3	0.0	4.3	31.0	48.1	51.4	3.8	15.7	9.9
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	14.5	0.0	6.8	5.3	0.0	4.3	31.0	48.1	51.4	3.8	15.7	9.9
Prop In Lane	0.74		1.00	1.00		0.11	1.00		0.35	1.00		1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	272	0	239	310	0	160	1376	946	937	124	720	306
V/C Ratio(X)	0.86	0.00	0.43	0.56	0.00	0.46	0.78	0.89	0.92	0.49	0.75	0.50
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	424	0	374	497	0	256	1467	946	937	217	720	306
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	47.3	0.0	44.1	50.0	0.0	49.6	29.9	23.6	24.3	51.2	43.5	41.2
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	6.5	0.0	0.5	0.6	0.0	0.8	2.3	12.2	15.4	1.1	7.1	5.8
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	7.7	0.0	3.0	2.6	0.0	2.2	15.2	26.6	28.6	1.9	8.7	4.9
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	53.8	0.0	44.5	50.6	0.0	50.3	32.1	35.8	39.7	52.3	50.6	47.0
LnGrp LOS	D		D	D		D	С	D	D	D	D	D
Approach Vol, veh/h		338			246			2773			756	
Approach Delay, s/veh		51.0			50.5			35.6			50.0	
Approach LOS		D			D			D			D	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2		4	5	6		8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	12.0	88.1		21.9	72.7	27.4		14.0				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.0	5.3		4.6	5.3	* 5.3		4.0				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	14.0	61.1		27.0	48.7	* 22		16.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	5.8	53.4		16.5	33.0	17.7		7.3				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.0	6.5		0.8	11.8	1.1		0.4				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			40.4									
HCM 2010 LOS			D									

User approved volume balancing among the lanes for turning movement.

\* HCM 2010 computational engine requires equal clearance times for the phases crossing the barrier.

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations			77			7		ተተተ	7	Ä	1111	
Volume (vph)	0	0	820	0	0	930	0	1800	740	210	800	0
Ideal Flow (vphpl)	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900
Total Lost time (s)			4.6			4.0		5.7	5.7	4.0	5.7	
Lane Util. Factor			0.88			1.00		0.91	1.00	1.00	0.86	
Frpb, ped/bikes			1.00			0.99		1.00	0.98	1.00	1.00	
Flpb, ped/bikes			1.00			1.00		1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
Frt			0.85			0.86		1.00	0.85	1.00	1.00	
Flt Protected			1.00			1.00		1.00	1.00	0.95	1.00	
Satd. Flow (prot)			2787			1591		5085	1546	1770	6408	
Flt Permitted			1.00			1.00		1.00	1.00	0.95	1.00	
Satd. Flow (perm)			2787			1591		5085	1546	1770	6408	
Peak-hour factor, PHF	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98
Adj. Flow (vph)	0	0	837	0	0	949	0	1837	755	214	816	0
RTOR Reduction (vph)	0	0	263	0	0	0	0	0	256	0	0	0
Lane Group Flow (vph)	0	0	574	0	0	949	0	1837	499	214	816	0
Confl. Peds. (#/hr)						2			2			
Turn Type			Prot			Free		NA	Perm	Prot	NA	
Protected Phases			4					2		1	6	
Permitted Phases						Free			2			
Actuated Green, G (s)			23.1			100.6		45.2	45.2	18.0	67.2	
Effective Green, g (s)			23.1			100.6		45.2	45.2	18.0	67.2	
Actuated g/C Ratio			0.23			1.00		0.45	0.45	0.18	0.67	
Clearance Time (s)			4.6					5.7	5.7	4.0	5.7	
Vehicle Extension (s)			1.0					1.0	1.0	2.5	1.0	
Lane Grp Cap (vph)			639			1591		2284	694	316	4280	
v/s Ratio Prot			c0.21					c0.36		0.12	0.13	
v/s Ratio Perm						c0.60			0.32			
v/c Ratio			0.90			0.60		0.80	0.72	0.68	0.19	
Uniform Delay, d1			37.6			0.0		23.9	22.5	38.6	6.4	
Progression Factor			1.00			1.00		1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
Incremental Delay, d2			14.9			1.7		3.1	6.3	5.1	0.1	
Delay (s)			52.5			1.7		27.0	28.9	43.7	6.5	
Level of Service			D			Α		С	С	D	Α	
Approach Delay (s)		52.5			1.7			27.6			14.2	
Approach LOS		D			Α			С			В	
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2000 Control Delay			24.3	H	CM 2000	Level of S	Service		С			
HCM 2000 Volume to Capaci	ity ratio		0.81									
Actuated Cycle Length (s)			100.6	Sı	um of lost	time (s)			14.3			
Intersection Capacity Utilizati	on		66.6%			of Service			С			
Analysis Period (min)			15									
a Cuitiant Lama Cuarun												

c Critical Lane Group

Intersection												
Intersection Delay, s/veh	35.8											
Intersection LOS	Е											
Movement	EBU	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBU	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBU	NBL	NBT	NBR
Vol, veh/h	0	490	260	0	0	0	260	110	0	0	0	0
Peak Hour Factor	0.82	0.92	0.92	0.96	0.82	0.96	0.92	0.92	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96
Heavy Vehicles, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Mvmt Flow	0	533	283	0	0	0	283	120	0	0	0	0
Number of Lanes	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0

Approach	EB	WB
Opposing Approach	WB	EB
Opposing Lanes	1	2
Conflicting Approach Left	SB	
Conflicting Lanes Left	1	0
Conflicting Approach Right		SB
Conflicting Lanes Right	0	1
HCM Control Delay	48.9	22.5
HCM LOS	E	С

Lane	EBLn1	EBLn2	WBLn1	SBLn1	
Vol Left, %	100%	0%	0%	40%	
Vol Thru, %	0%	100%	70%	0%	
Vol Right, %	0%	0%	30%	60%	
Sign Control	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	
Traffic Vol by Lane	490	260	370	350	
LT Vol	0	260	260	0	
Through Vol	0	0	110	210	
RT Vol	490	0	0	140	
Lane Flow Rate	533	283	402	380	
Geometry Grp	7	7	5	2	
Degree of Util (X)	1	0.512	0.7	0.68	
Departure Headway (Hd)	7.029	6.518	6.268	6.438	
Convergence, Y/N	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Сар	511	548	583	571	
Service Time	4.818	4.307	4.23	4.389	
HCM Lane V/C Ratio	1.043	0.516	0.69	0.665	
HCM Control Delay	66.4	16	22.5	21.9	
HCM Lane LOS	F	С	С	С	
HCM 95th-tile Q	13.8	2.9	5.6	5.2	

ntersection				
Intersection Delay, s/veh				
Intersection LOS				
Movement	SBU	SBL	SBT	SBR
Vol, veh/h	0	140	0	210
Peak Hour Factor	0.82	0.92	0.96	0.92
Heavy Vehicles, %	2	2	2	2
Mvmt Flow	0	152	0	228
Number of Lanes	0	1	0	0
Approach		SB		
Opposing Approach				
Opposing Lanes		0		
Conflicting Approach Left		WB		
Conflicting Lanes Left		1		
Conflicting Approach Right		EB		
Conflicting Lanes Right		2		
HCM Control Delay		21.9		
HCM LOS		С		
Lane				

-										
Intersection										
Int Delay, s/veh	4.6									
<b>,</b>										
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR		WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR
Vol, veh/h	10	390	0		0	350	310	0	0	0
Conflicting Peds, #/hr	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0
Sign Control	Free	Free	Free		Free	Free	Free	Yield	Yield	Yield
RT Channelized	-	-	None		-	-	None	-	-	None
Storage Length	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-
Veh in Median Storage, #	-	0	-		-	0	-	-	0	
Grade, %	-	0	-		-	0	-	-	0	-
Peak Hour Factor	94	94	94		94	94	94	94	94	94
Heavy Vehicles, %	2	2	2		2	2	2	2	2	2
Mvmt Flow	11	415	0		0	372	330	0	0	0
Major/Minor	Major1			N	/lajor2					
Conflicting Flow All	702	0	0		415	0	0			
Stage 1	-	-	-			-	-			
Stage 2	-	-	-		-	-	-			
Critical Hdwy	4.12	-	-		4.12	-	-			
Critical Hdwy Stg 1	-	-	-		-	-	-			
Critical Hdwy Stg 2	-	-	-		-	-	-			
Follow-up Hdwy	2.218	-	-		2.218	-	-			
Pot Cap-1 Maneuver	895	-	-		1144	-	-			
Stage 1	-	-	-		-	-	-			
Stage 2	-	-	-		-	-	-			
Platoon blocked, %		-	-			-	-			
Mov Cap-1 Maneuver	895	-	-		1144	-	-			
Mov Cap-2 Maneuver	-	-	-		-	-	-			
Stage 1	-	-	-		-	-	-			
Stage 2	-	-	-		-	-	-			
Approach	EB				WB					
HCM Control Delay, s	0.2				0					
HCM LOS										
Minor Lane/Major Mvmt	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	SBLn1			
Capacity (veh/h)	895	-	-	1144	-	-	239			
HCM Lane V/C Ratio	0.012	-	-	-	-	-	0.601			
HCM Control Delay (s)	9.1	0	-	0	-	-	40.4			
HCM Lane LOS	Α	Α	-	Α	-	-	Е			
HCM 95th %tile Q(veh)	0	-	-	0	-	-	3.5			

Intersection			
Int Delay, s/veh			
Movement	SBL	SBT	SBR
Vol, veh/h	120	5	10
Conflicting Peds, #/hr	0	0	0
Sign Control	Stop	Stop	Stop
RT Channelized	-	-	None
Storage Length	-	-	-
Veh in Median Storage, #	-	0	-
Grade, %	-	0	-
Peak Hour Factor	94	94	94
Heavy Vehicles, %	2	2	2
Mvmt Flow	128	5	11
	.20		• •
Major/Minor	Minor2		
Conflicting Flow All	973	973	537
Stage 1	537	537	-
Stage 2	436	436	-
Critical Hdwy	7.12	6.52	6.22
Critical Hdwy Stg 1	6.12	5.52	-
Critical Hdwy Stg 2	6.12	5.52	-
Follow-up Hdwy	3.518	4.018	3.318
Pot Cap-1 Maneuver	231	252	544
Stage 1	528	523	-
Stage 2	599	580	
Platoon blocked, %			
Mov Cap-1 Maneuver	228	248	544
Mov Cap-2 Maneuver	228	248	-
Stage 1	520	523	_
Stage 2	589	571	_
Jiago L	- 500	071	
Approach	SB		
HCM Control Delay, s	40.4		
HCM LOS	E		
Minor Lane/Major Mvmt			

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	77	ተኈ		44	<b>†</b> †	7	Ť	1111	ř	44	ተተተ	7
Volume (veh/h)	340	270	80	150	150	240	100	1070	320	320	450	280
Number	7	4	14	3	8	18	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		0.99	1.00		0.99	1.00		0.99	1.00		0.99
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1845	1854	1900	1863	1863	1863	1810	1810	1863	1863	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	370	293	62	163	163	25	109	1163	277	348	489	106
Adj No. of Lanes	2	2	0	2	2	1	1	4	1	2	3	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Percent Heavy Veh, %	3	2	2	2	2	2	5	5	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	462	519	108	239	399	176	137	2476	621	435	2260	694
Arrive On Green	0.14	0.18	0.18	0.07	0.11	0.11	0.08	0.40	0.40	0.13	0.44	0.44
Sat Flow, veh/h	3408	2899	604	3442	3539	1562	1723	6225	1562	3442	5085	1562
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	370	176	179	163	163	25	109	1163	277	348	489	106
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	1704	1762	1742	1721	1770	1562	1723	1556	1562	1721	1695	1562
Q Serve(g_s), s	10.4	9.0	9.3	4.6	4.2	1.4	6.1	13.7	12.8	9.7	5.8	4.0
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	10.4	9.0	9.3	4.6	4.2	1.4	6.1	13.7	12.8	9.7	5.8	4.0
Prop In Lane	1.00		0.35	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	462	315	312	239	399	176	137	2476	621	435	2260	694
V/C Ratio(X)	0.80	0.56	0.57	0.68	0.41	0.14	0.79	0.47	0.45	0.80	0.22	0.15
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	828	663	656	662	1511	667	279	2476	621	697	2260	694
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	41.4	37.0	37.1	44.9	40.8	39.5	44.7	22.0	21.8	42.0	16.9	16.4
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	3.3	1.6	1.7	3.4	0.7	0.4	9.9	0.6	2.3	3.5	0.2	0.5
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	5.1	4.5	4.6	2.3	2.1	0.6	3.3	6.0	5.9	4.8	2.8	1.8
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	44.7	38.6	38.8	48.3	41.4	39.9	54.6	22.7	24.1	45.4	17.1	16.8
LnGrp LOS	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	С	С	D	В	В
Approach Vol, veh/h		725			351			1549			943	,
Approach Delay, s/veh		41.7			44.5			25.2			27.5	
Approach LOS		D			D			С			С	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	17.5	45.0	12.9	23.5	12.9	49.6	19.4	17.0				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	5.0	5.7	6.0	* 5.8	5.0	5.7	6.0	5.8				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	20.0	39.3	19.0	* 37	16.0	43.3	24.0	42.2				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	11.7	15.7	6.6	11.3	8.1	7.8	12.4	6.2				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.8	14.4	0.4	3.0	0.1	18.1	1.0	3.1				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			31.1									
HCM 2010 LOS			С									
Notae												

\* HCM 2010 computational engine requires equal clearance times for the phases crossing the barrier.

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	Ä	ተተተ	7	2	ተተተ	7	ሻ	र्स	7	7	4	7
Volume (veh/h)	60	650	430	10	340	20	320	50	30	20	20	30
Number	1	6	16	5	2	12	3	8	18	7	4	14
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		0.99	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	65	699	193	11	366	7	383	0	4	22	22	0
Adj No. of Lanes	1	3	1	1	3	1	2	0	1	1	1	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	82	2473	770	12	2271	698	525	0	234	43	45	38
Arrive On Green	0.05	0.49	0.49	0.01	0.45	0.45	0.15	0.00	0.15	0.02	0.02	0.00
Sat Flow, veh/h	1774	5085	1583	1774	5085	1564	3548	0	1583	1774	1863	1583
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	65	699	193	11	366	7	383	0	4	22	22	0
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	1774	1695	1583	1774	1695	1564	1774	0	1583	1774	1863	1583
Q Serve(g_s), s	2.2	4.9	4.3	0.4	2.6	0.1	6.2	0.0	0.1	0.7	0.7	0.0
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	2.2	4.9	4.3	0.4	2.6	0.1	6.2	0.0	0.1	0.7	0.7	0.0
Prop In Lane	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	82	2473	770	12	2271	698	525	0	234	43	45	38
V/C Ratio(X)	0.79	0.28	0.25	0.94	0.16	0.01	0.73	0.00	0.02	0.51	0.49	0.00
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	743	3322	1034	743	3408	1048	1486	0	663	743	780	663
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	28.2	9.1	9.0	29.6	9.8	9.2	24.3	0.0	21.7	28.8	28.8	0.0
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	6.3	0.2	0.6	58.9	0.1	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.0	3.5	3.0	0.0
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	1.2	2.3	2.0	0.4	1.2	0.1	3.0	0.0	0.1	0.4	0.4	0.0
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	34.5	9.4	9.6	88.6	10.0	9.2	25.0	0.0	21.7	32.2	31.8	0.0
LnGrp LOS	С	Α	Α	F	Α	Α	С		С	С	С	
Approach Vol, veh/h		957			384			387			44	
Approach Delay, s/veh		11.1			12.2			25.0			32.0	
Approach LOS		В			В			С			С	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2		4	5	6		8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	7.3	33.2		5.9	4.9	35.5		13.3				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.5	6.5		4.5	4.5	* 6.5		4.5				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	25.0	40.0		25.0	25.0	* 39		25.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	4.2	4.6		2.7	2.4	6.9		8.2				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.0	22.1		0.1	0.0	20.7		0.7				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			14.9									
HCM 2010 LOS			В									

User approved volume balancing among the lanes for turning movement.

\* HCM 2010 computational engine requires equal clearance times for the phases crossing the barrier.

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	ă	ተተተ	7	ă	ተተተ	7	ሻ	<b>†</b>	7	ሻ	1>	
Volume (veh/h)	110	530	60	30	200	10	130	30	60	10	20	40
Number	5	2	12	1	6	16	3	8	18	7	4	14
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1900
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	112	541	22	31	204	3	133	31	17	10	20	6
Adj No. of Lanes	1	3	1	1	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
Peak Hour Factor	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	146	1916	597	62	1677	522	241	304	259	37	67	20
Arrive On Green	0.08	0.38	0.38	0.04	0.33	0.33	0.14	0.16	0.16	0.02	0.05	0.05
Sat Flow, veh/h	1774	5085	1583	1774	5085	1583	1774	1863	1583	1774	1377	413
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	112	541	22	31	204	3	133	31	17	10	0	26
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	1774	1695	1583	1774	1695	1583	1774	1863	1583	1774	0	1790
Q Serve(g_s), s	3.1	3.7	0.4	0.8	1.4	0.1	3.5	0.7	0.4	0.3	0.0	0.7
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	3.1	3.7	0.4	0.8	1.4	0.1	3.5	0.7	0.4	0.3	0.0	0.7
Prop In Lane	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		0.23
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	146	1916	597	62	1677	522	241	304	259	37	0	87
V/C Ratio(X)	0.77	0.28	0.04	0.50	0.12	0.01	0.55	0.10	0.07	0.27	0.00	0.30
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	896	6983	2174	896	7086	2206	896	1505	1279	896	0	1446
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	22.3	10.8	9.7	23.5	11.6	11.1	20.0	17.6	17.5	23.9	0.0	22.7
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	3.2	0.2	0.1	2.3	0.1	0.0	2.0	0.1	0.1	3.9	0.0	1.9
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	1.6	1.7	0.2	0.5	0.7	0.0	1.8	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.4
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	25.5	11.0	9.8	25.7	11.7	11.2	22.0	17.8	17.6	27.8	0.0	24.6
LnGrp LOS	C	В	A	C	В	В	C	В	В	C	0.0	C
Approach Vol, veh/h		675	,,		238			181			36	
Approach Delay, s/veh		13.3			13.5			20.8			25.5	
Approach LOS		В			В			20.0 C			25.5 C	
• •												
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	6.2	25.2	11.2	6.9	8.6	22.8	5.5	12.6				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.5	* 6.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	6.5	4.5	4.5				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	25.0	* 68	25.0	40.0	25.0	69.0	25.0	40.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	2.8	5.7	5.5	2.7	5.1	3.4	2.3	2.7				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.0	13.0	0.3	0.4	0.1	13.1	0.0	0.4				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			15.0									
HCM 2010 LOS			В									
Notes												

\* HCM 2010 computational engine requires equal clearance times for the phases crossing the barrier.

Intersection										
Intersection Delay, s/veh	26.9									
Intersection LOS	D									
Movement	WBU	WBL	WBR	NBU	NBT	NBR	SBU	SBL	SBT	
Vol, veh/h	0	15	200	0	480	40	0	185	335	
Peak Hour Factor	0.96	0.92	0.92	0.96	0.92	0.92	0.96	0.92	0.92	
Heavy Vehicles, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	
Mvmt Flow	0	16	217	0	522	43	0	201	364	
Number of Lanes	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	

Approach	WB	NB	SB	
Opposing Approach		SB	NB	_
Opposing Lanes	0	2	1	
Conflicting Approach Left	NB		WB	
Conflicting Lanes Left	1	0	2	
Conflicting Approach Right	SB	WB		
Conflicting Lanes Right	2	2	0	
HCM Control Delay	13.5	42.9	16.4	
HCM LOS	В	E	С	

Lane	NBLn1	WBLn1	WBLn2	SBLn1	SBLn2
Vol Left, %	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%
Vol Thru, %	92%	0%	0%	0%	100%
Vol Right, %	8%	0%	100%	0%	0%
Sign Control	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop
Traffic Vol by Lane	520	15	200	185	335
LT Vol	480	0	0	0	335
Through Vol	40	0	200	0	0
RT Vol	0	15	0	185	0
Lane Flow Rate	565	16	217	201	364
Geometry Grp	4	7	7	7	7
Degree of Util (X)	0.917	0.036	0.399	0.369	0.616
Departure Headway (Hd)	5.841	7.843	6.614	6.6	6.091
Convergence, Y/N	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Cap	622	455	541	543	590
Service Time	3.887	5.61	4.379	4.356	3.847
HCM Lane V/C Ratio	0.908	0.035	0.401	0.37	0.617
HCM Control Delay	42.9	10.9	13.7	13.2	18.2
HCM Lane LOS	E	В	В	В	С
HCM 95th-tile Q	11.7	0.1	1.9	1.7	4.2

-						
Intersection						
Intersection Delay, s/veh	3.9					
Intersection LOS	Α					
Approach		EB	NB		SB	
Entry Lanes		1	1		1	
Conflicting Circle Lanes		1	1		1	
Adj Approach Flow, veh/h		44	54		98	
Demand Flow Rate, veh/h		45	55		100	
Vehicles Circulating, veh/h		34	34		11	
Vehicles Exiting, veh/h		77	45		78	
Follow-Up Headway, s	3.1	186	3.186	3.	186	
Ped Vol Crossing Leg, #/h		5	5		5	
Ped Cap Adj	0.9	999	0.999	0.	999	
Approach Delay, s/veh		3.7	3.8		4.0	
Approach LOS		A	Α		Α	
Lane	Left	Left		Left		
Designated Moves	LR	LT		TR		
Assumed Moves	LR	LT		TR		
RT Channelized						
Lane Util	1.000	1.000		1.000		
Critical Headway, s	5.193	5.193		5.193		
Entry Flow, veh/h	45	55		100		
Cap Entry Lane, veh/h	1092	1092		1118		
Entry HV Adj Factor	0.978	0.984		0.983		
Flow Entry, veh/h	44	54		98		
Cap Entry, veh/h	1067	1074		1098		
V/C Ratio	0.041	0.050		0.090		
Control Delay, s/veh	3.7	3.8		4.0		
LOS	Α	A		А		
95th %tile Queue, veh	0	0		0		

Intersection										
Intersection Delay, s/veh	10.6									
Intersection LOS	В									
Movement	WBU	WBL	WBR	NBU	NBT	NBR	SBU	SBL	SBT	
Vol, veh/h	0	20	70	0	310	10	0	110	115	
Peak Hour Factor	0.96	0.92	0.92	0.96	0.92	0.92	0.96	0.92	0.92	
Heavy Vehicles, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	
Mvmt Flow	0	22	76	0	337	11	0	120	125	
Number of Lanes	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	

Approach	WB	NB	SB	
Opposing Approach		SB	NB	_
Opposing Lanes	0	2	1	
Conflicting Approach Left	NB		WB	
Conflicting Lanes Left	1	0	2	
Conflicting Approach Right	SB	WB		
Conflicting Lanes Right	2	2	0	
HCM Control Delay	8.9	12.1	9.2	
HCM LOS	Α	В	А	

Lane	NBLn1	WBLn1	WBLn2	SBLn1	SBLn2
Vol Left, %	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%
Vol Thru, %	97%	0%	0%	0%	100%
Vol Right, %	3%	0%	100%	0%	0%
Sign Control	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop
Traffic Vol by Lane	320	20	70	110	115
LT Vol	310	0	0	0	115
Through Vol	10	0	70	0	0
RT Vol	0	20	0	110	0
Lane Flow Rate	348	22	76	120	125
Geometry Grp	4	7	7	7	7
Degree of Util (X)	0.469	0.039	0.111	0.186	0.177
Departure Headway (Hd)	4.859	6.452	5.24	5.588	5.085
Convergence, Y/N	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Cap	741	554	681	641	704
Service Time	2.896	4.205	2.993	3.329	2.825
HCM Lane V/C Ratio	0.47	0.04	0.112	0.187	0.178
HCM Control Delay	12.1	9.5	8.7	9.6	8.9
HCM Lane LOS	В	Α	Α	Α	Α
HCM 95th-tile Q	2.5	0.1	0.4	0.7	0.6

Intersection				
Intersection Delay, s/veh	4.5			
Intersection LOS	Α			
Approach	EB	WB	NB	SB
Entry Lanes	1	1	1	1
Conflicting Circle Lanes	1	1	1	1
Adj Approach Flow, veh/h	87	152	98	44
Demand Flow Rate, veh/h	88	156	100	44
Vehicles Circulating, veh/h	111	33	99	133
Vehicles Exiting, veh/h	66	166	100	56
Follow-Up Headway, s	3.186	3.186	3.186	3.186
Ped Vol Crossing Leg, #/h	5	5	5	5
Ped Cap Adj	0.999	0.999	0.999	0.999
Approach Delay, s/veh	4.4	4.7	4.5	4.1
Approach LOS	А	A	А	A
Lane	Left	Left	Left	Left
Designated Moves	LTR	LTR	LTR	LTR
Assumed Moves	LTR	LTR	LTR	LTR
RT Channelized				
Lane Util	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
Critical Headway, s	5.193	5.193	5.193	5.193
Entry Flow, veh/h	88	156	100	44
Cap Entry Lane, veh/h	1011	1093	1023	989
Entry HV Adj Factor	0.985	0.975	0.978	0.995
Flow Entry, veh/h	87	152	98	44
Cap Entry, veh/h	996	1065	1000	984
V/C Ratio	0.087	0.143	0.098	0.045
Control Delay, s/veh	4.4	4.7	4.5	4.1
LOS	Α	A	Α	A
95th %tile Queue, veh	0	0	0	0

HCM Lane LOS

HCM 95th-tile Q

Intersection									
Intersection Delay, s/veh	8								
Intersection LOS	Α								
Movement	EBU EBL	EBT		WBU	WBT	WBR	SBU	SBL	SBR
Vol, veh/h	0 40	110		0	120	10	0	10	20
Peak Hour Factor	0.96 0.92	0.92		0.96	0.92	0.92	0.96	0.92	0.92
Heavy Vehicles, %	2 2	2		2	2	2	2	2	2
Mvmt Flow	0 43	120		0	130	11	0	11	22
Number of Lanes	0 0	1		0	1	0	0	1	0
Approach	EB				WB			SB	
Opposing Approach	WB				EB				
Opposing Lanes	1				1			0	
Conflicting Approach Left	SB							WB	
Conflicting Lanes Left	1				0			1	
Conflicting Approach Right					SB			EB	
Conflicting Lanes Right	0				1			1	
HCM Control Delay	8.2				7.9			7.4	
HCM LOS	Α				Α			Α	
Lane	EBLn1	WBLn1	SBLn1						
Vol Left, %	27%	0%	33%						
Vol Thru, %	73%	92%	0%						
Vol Right, %	0%	8%	67%						
Sign Control	Stop	Stop	Stop						
Traffic Vol by Lane	150	130	30						
LT Vol	110	120	0						
Through Vol	0	10	20						
RT Vol	40	0	10						
Lane Flow Rate	163	141	33						
Geometry Grp	1	1	1						
Degree of Util (X)	0.188	0.16	0.039						
Departure Headway (Hd)	4.151	4.067	4.258						
Convergence, Y/N	Yes	Yes	Yes						
Cap	859	875	846						
Service Time	0.0	2.124	2.258						
	2.2								
HCM Lane V/C Ratio HCM Control Delay	0.19 8.2	0.161	0.039						

10/27/2014 Synchro 8 Report

Α

0.1

0.7

0.6

	۶	<b>→</b>	<b>←</b>	•	<b>&gt;</b>	4	
Movement	EBL	EBT	WBT	WBR	SBL	SBR	
Lane Configurations		4	<b>1</b> >		¥		
Volume (veh/h)	10	500	650	160	120	10	
Number	7	4	8	18	1	16	
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00	-	-	1.00	1.00	0.98	
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1900	1863	1863	1900	1863	1900	
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	11	543	707	163	130	6	
Adj No. of Lanes	0	1	1	0	0	0	
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	0	0	
Cap, veh/h	93	1208	965	223	176	8	
Arrive On Green	0.66	0.66	0.66	0.66	0.10	0.10	
Sat Flow, veh/h	10	1833	1464	338	1673	77	
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	554	0	0	870	137	0	
Grp Sat Flow(s), veh/h/ln	1843	0	0	1802	1763	0	
Q Serve(g_s), s	0.0	0.0	0.0	13.5	3.2	0.0	
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	6.1	0.0	0.0	13.5	3.2	0.0	
Prop In Lane	0.02	310	3.0	0.19	0.95	0.04	
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	1302	0	0	1188	185	0	
V/C Ratio(X)	0.43	0.00	0.00	0.73	0.74	0.00	
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	1875	0	0	1763	769	0	
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	3.5	0.0	0.0	4.8	18.4	0.0	
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.9	5.7	0.0	
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	3.2	0.0	0.0	6.8	1.9	0.0	
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	3.7	0.0	0.0	5.7	24.1	0.0	
LnGrp LOS	A	<b></b>	0.0	A	С	<b>V.</b> V	
Approach Vol, veh/h		554	870		137		
Approach Delay, s/veh		3.7	5.7		24.1		
Approach LOS		Α	Α		C		
••							
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7 8
Assigned Phs				4		6	8
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s				33.5		9.0	33.5
Change Period (Y+Rc), s				5.5		4.5	5.5
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s				41.5		18.5	41.5
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s				8.1		5.2	15.5
Green Ext Time (p_c), s				14.0		0.0	12.5
ntersection Summary							
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			6.6				
HCM 2010 LOS			Α				
Notes							
Jser approved volume balanci	na amon	n the land	as for turn	ning move	ment		

# Cumulative No Project Conditions

	۶	<b>→</b>	•	€	<b>←</b>	•	1	†	<i>&gt;</i>	<b>/</b>	<b>+</b>	4
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	ሽኘ	ተተተ	7	44	ተተተ	7	<b>ሕ</b> ካ	ተተተ	7	ሽሽ	ተተተ	7
Volume (veh/h)	20	80	60	310	360	240	20	1520	190	280	1490	20
Number	3	8	18	7	4	14	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	22	87	0	337	391	0	22	1652	0	304	1620	0
Adj No. of Lanes	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	41	391	122	403	925	288	40	2659	828	364	3101	965
Arrive On Green	0.01	0.08	0.00	0.12	0.18	0.00	0.01	0.52	0.00	0.11	0.61	0.00
Sat Flow, veh/h	3442	5085	1583	3442	5085	1583	3442	5085	1583	3442	5085	1583
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	22	87	0	337	391	0	22	1652	0	304	1620	0
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	1721	1695	1583	1721	1695	1583	1721	1695	1583	1721	1695	1583
Q Serve(g_s), s	0.7	1.8	0.0	10.6	7.5	0.0	0.7	25.3	0.0	9.6	20.1	0.0
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	0.7	1.8	0.0	10.6	7.5	0.0	0.7	25.3	0.0	9.6	20.1	0.0
Prop In Lane	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	41	391	122	403	925	288	40	2659	828	364	3101	965
V/C Ratio(X)	0.53	0.22	0.00	0.84	0.42	0.00	0.55	0.62	0.00	0.84	0.52	0.00
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	112	1428	445	577	2115	658	87	2659	828	514	3101	965
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	0.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	54.2	47.9	0.0	47.7	40.0	0.0	54.3	18.6	0.0	48.4	12.3	0.0
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	3.9	0.5	0.0	5.0	0.5	0.0	4.4	1.1	0.0	5.8	0.6	0.0
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	0.4	8.0	0.0	5.3	3.6	0.0	0.4	12.0	0.0	4.9	9.5	0.0
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	58.1	48.3	0.0	52.7	40.5	0.0	58.6	19.7	0.0	54.2	13.0	0.0
LnGrp LOS	E	D		D	D		Е	В		D	В	
Approach Vol, veh/h		109			728			1674			1924	
Approach Delay, s/veh		50.3			46.2			20.2			19.5	
Approach LOS		D			D			С			В	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	16.2	92.6	5.8	25.4	36.2	72.6	17.4	13.8				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.5	5.3	4.5	5.3	5.3	* 5.3	4.5	5.3				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	16.5	54.4	3.6	45.9	2.8	* 67	18.5	31.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	11.6	27.3	2.7	9.5	2.7	22.1	12.6	3.8				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.1	23.2	0.0	5.3	0.0	35.2	0.3	5.0				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			24.9									
HCM 2010 LOS			С									

# Notes

User approved pedestrian interval to be less than phase max green.

\* HCM 2010 computational engine requires equal clearance times for the phases crossing the barrier.

	•	-	•	•	<b>←</b>	•	•	†	<b>/</b>	<b>\</b>	<del> </del>	-√
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	1,1	<b>†</b>	7		4		Ť	ተተቡ		¥	ተተኈ	
Volume (veh/h)	90	20	180	60	40	20	290	690	10	30	870	270
Number	7	4	14	3	8	18	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		0.99	1.00		0.99	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1863	1900	1863	1900	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1900
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	98	22	59	65	43	14	315	750	9	33	946	216
Adj No. of Lanes	2	1	1	0	1	0	1	3	0	1	3	0
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	199	404	343	0	112	37	377	2728	33	52	1421	323
Arrive On Green	0.06	0.22	0.22	0.00	0.08	0.08	0.21	0.53	0.53	0.03	0.34	0.34
Sat Flow, veh/h	3442	1863	1579	0	1343	437	1774	5179	62	1774	4141	943
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	98	22	59	0	0	57	315	491	268	33	774	388
Grp Sat Flow(s), veh/h/ln	1721	1863	1579	0	0	1780	1774	1695	1851	1774	1695	1693
Q Serve(g_s), s	1.5	0.5	1.6	0.0	0.0	1.6	9.0	4.2	4.2	1.0	10.3	10.3
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	1.5	0.5	1.6	0.0	0.0	1.6	9.0	4.2	4.2	1.0	10.3	10.3
Prop In Lane	1.00		1.00	0.00		0.25	1.00		0.03	1.00		0.56
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	199	404	343	0	0	149	377	1785	975	52	1163	581
V/C Ratio(X)	0.49	0.05	0.17	0.00	0.00	0.38	0.84	0.27	0.28	0.64	0.67	0.67
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	261	705	598	0	0	674	504	1926	1051	168	1284	641
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	24.1	16.4	16.8	0.0	0.0	22.9	19.9	6.9	6.9	25.4	14.8	14.8
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	1.9	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.0	1.6	8.9	0.1	0.2	12.5	1.2	2.3
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	0.7	0.3	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.9	5.3	2.0	2.2	0.6	4.9	5.1
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	26.0	16.4	17.1	0.0	0.0	24.5	28.8	7.0	7.1	37.8	15.9	17.1
LnGrp LOS	С	B	В			С	С	A	Α	D	B	В
Approach Vol, veh/h		179			57			1074			1195	
Approach Delay, s/veh		21.9			24.5			13.4			16.9	
Approach LOS		С			С			В			В	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	5.5	31.8	0.0	15.5	15.2	22.1	7.1	8.4				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	5.0	30.0	4.0	20.0	15.0	20.0	4.0	20.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	3.0	6.2	0.0	3.6	11.0	12.3	3.5	3.6				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.0	13.2	0.0	0.4	0.4	5.8	0.0	0.4				
Indana - atian O												
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			15.9									

	•	<b>→</b>	*	€	<b>←</b>	•	4	<b>†</b>	~	<b>/</b>	<b>↓</b>	- ✓
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBF
Lane Configurations	ሽኘ	ተተተ	7	ሽኘ	ተተተ	7	ħ	4	7	ሽኘ	<b>↑</b>	7
Volume (veh/h)	120	550	190	90	600	30	90	10	10	60	50	350
Number	5	2	12	1	6	16	7	4	14	3	8	18
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	C
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	129	591	73	97	645	0	105	0	0	65	54	C
Adj No. of Lanes	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	0	1	2	1	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	222	2113	657	174	2041	636	228	0	102	235	127	108
Arrive On Green	0.06	0.42	0.42	0.05	0.40	0.00	0.06	0.00	0.00	0.07	0.07	0.00
Sat Flow, veh/h	3442	5085	1581	3442	5085	1583	3548	0	1583	3442	1863	1583
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	129	591	73	97	645	0	105	0	0	65	54	C
Grp Sat Flow(s), veh/h/ln	1721	1695	1581	1721	1695	1583	1774	0	1583	1721	1863	1583
Q Serve(g_s), s	1.7	3.6	1.3	1.3	4.1	0.0	1.4	0.0	0.0	0.8	1.3	0.0
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	1.7	3.6	1.3	1.3	4.1	0.0	1.4	0.0	0.0	0.8	1.3	0.0
Prop In Lane	1.00	0.0	1.00	1.00	7.1	1.00	1.00	0.0	1.00	1.00	1.0	1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	222	2113	657	174	2041	636	228	0	102	235	127	108
V/C Ratio(X)	0.58	0.28	0.11	0.56	0.32	0.00	0.46	0.00	0.00	0.28	0.42	0.00
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	356	2545	791	385	2588	806	2473	0.00	1103	2471	1338	1137
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	0.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	21.5	9.2	8.5	22.0	9.7	0.0	21.4	0.0	0.0	20.9	21.2	0.0
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	0.9	0.2	0.2	1.0	0.2	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.8	0.0
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	0.8	1.7	0.6	0.6	2.0	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.7	0.0
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	22.4	9.3	8.7	23.0	9.9	0.0	21.9	0.0	0.0	21.2	22.0	0.0
LnGrp LOS	C C	Α.	Α	20.0 C	Α	0.0	Z1.3	0.0	0.0	C C	C C	0.0
Approach Vol, veh/h	<u> </u>	793			742			105			119	
Approach Delay, s/veh		11.4			11.6			21.9			21.6	
Approach LOS		11.4 B			11.0 B			21.9 C			21.0 C	
Approach LOS		Ь			Ь			C			C	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2		4	5	6		8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	6.9	25.2		7.5	7.6	24.5		7.7				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.5	5.5		4.5	4.5	5.5		4.5				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	5.3	23.7		33.0	4.9	24.1		34.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	3.3	5.6		3.4	3.7	6.1		3.3				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.0	12.8		0.2	0.0	12.8		0.2				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			12.8									
HCM 2010 LOS			В									
Notes												

Russell Ranch 7:00 am 6/2/2014 Cumulative No Project Fehr & Peers

User approved pedestrian interval to be less than phase max green.
User approved volume balancing among the lanes for turning movement.

	۶	<b>→</b>	•	•	<b>←</b>	•	4	†	<i>&gt;</i>	<b>/</b>	ţ	4
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	ሽኘ	ተተተ	7	ሻሻ	ተተተ	7	<b>ሕ</b> ካ	ተተተ	7	ሽኘ	ተተተ	7
Volume (veh/h)	90	190	330	570	510	410	780	1320	240	270	1240	60
Number	3	8	18	7	4	14	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	95	200	22	600	537	0	821	1389	0	284	1305	0
Adj No. of Lanes	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	144	554	172	653	1297	404	893	2285	711	341	1469	457
Arrive On Green	0.04	0.11	0.11	0.19	0.26	0.00	0.09	0.15	0.00	0.10	0.29	0.00
Sat Flow, veh/h	3442	5085	1583	3477	5085	1583	3442	5085	1583	3442	5085	1583
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	95	200	22	600	537	0	821	1389	0	284	1305	0
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	1721	1695	1583	1739	1695	1583	1721	1695	1583	1721	1695	1583
Q Serve(g_s), s	3.4	4.6	1.6	21.4	11.1	0.0	29.9	32.3	0.0	10.3	31.0	0.0
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	3.4	4.6	1.6	21.4	11.1	0.0	29.9	32.3	0.0	10.3	31.0	0.0
Prop In Lane	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	144	554	172	653	1297	404	893	2285	711	341	1469	457
V/C Ratio(X)	0.66	0.36	0.13	0.92	0.41	0.00	0.92	0.61	0.00	0.83	0.89	0.00
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	223	844	263	701	1540	479	985	2285	711	492	1516	472
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.33	0.33	0.33	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.45	0.45	0.00	1.00	1.00	0.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	59.7	52.3	50.9	50.4	39.2	0.0	56.5	43.4	0.0	56.0	43.0	0.0
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	1.9	1.0	8.0	15.9	0.6	0.0	6.1	0.5	0.0	5.5	7.3	0.0
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	1.7	2.2	0.7	11.8	5.3	0.0	15.1	15.3	0.0	5.1	15.5	0.0
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	61.7	53.3	51.7	66.3	39.9	0.0	62.7	44.0	0.0	61.4	50.3	0.0
LnGrp LOS	E	D	D	Е	D		E	D		Е	D	
Approach Vol, veh/h		317			1137			2210			1589	
Approach Delay, s/veh		55.7			53.8			50.9			52.3	
Approach LOS		Ε			D			D			D	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	17.0	75.6	9.8	37.6	50.8	41.8	28.3	19.1				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.5	5.3	4.5	5.3	4.5	5.3	4.5	5.3				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	18.1	55.8	8.2	38.3	36.2	37.7	25.5	21.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	12.3	34.3	5.4	13.1	31.9	33.0	23.4	6.6				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.3	20.8	0.0	10.0	0.9	3.5	0.3	7.2				
Intersection Summary		_	_			_	_					
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			52.3									
HCM 2010 LOS			D									

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	Ä	<b>∱</b> ⊅		Ä	<b>∱</b> ⊅		ሻ	ተተተ	7	Ä	ተተተ	7
Volume (veh/h)	90	460	370	120	760	250	960	580	60	300	810	100
Number	7	4	14	3	8	18	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		0.98	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	94	479	267	125	792	235	1000	604	18	312	844	14
Adj No. of Lanes	1	2	0	1	2	0	1	3	1	1	3	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	68	521	289	111	701	208	710	1604	498	464	900	279
Arrive On Green	0.04	0.24	0.24	0.06	0.26	0.26	0.40	0.32	0.32	0.26	0.18	0.18
Sat Flow, veh/h	1774	2196	1218	1774	2681	795	1774	5085	1580	1774	5085	1578
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	94	386	360	125	523	504	1000	604	18	312	844	14
Grp Sat Flow(s), veh/h/ln	1774	1770	1644	1774	1770	1707	1774	1695	1580	1774	1695	1578
Q Serve(g_s), s	5.0	27.6	27.8	8.1	34.0	34.0	52.0	12.0	0.8	20.5	21.3	1.0
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	5.0	27.6	27.8	8.1	34.0	34.0	52.0	12.0	0.8	20.5	21.3	1.0
Prop In Lane	1.00	400	0.74	1.00	400	0.47	1.00	1001	1.00	1.00	000	1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	68	420	390	111	463	447	710	1604	498	464	900	279
V/C Ratio(X)	1.38	0.92	0.92	1.13	1.13	1.13	1.41	0.38	0.04	0.67	0.94	0.05
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	68	436	405	111 1.00	463	447	710	1604	498	464	900	279
HCM Platoon Ratio Upstream Filter(I)	1.00 1.00	1.00 1.00	1.00 1.00	1.00	1.00 1.00	1.00 1.00	1.00 1.00	1.00	1.00 1.00	1.00 1.00	1.00 1.00	1.00 1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	62.5	48.3	48.4	60.9	48.0	48.0	39.0	34.6	20.7	43.0	52.8	44.4
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	238.5	23.8	26.2	123.6	82.2	83.0	192.5	0.7	0.1	7.6	18.3	0.3
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	7.0	16.3	15.5	7.8	27.2	26.3	63.4	5.7	0.5	11.0	11.5	0.4
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	301.0	72.1	74.6	184.6	130.2	131.0	231.5	35.2	20.8	50.6	71.1	44.8
LnGrp LOS	501.0 F	72.1 E	74.0 E	F	F	F	201.5 F	00.2 D	20.0 C	50.0 D	7 1.1 E	D
Approach Vol, veh/h		840		'	1152			1622			1170	
Approach Delay, s/veh		98.8			136.5			156.1			65.3	
Approach LOS		50.0 F			F			F			65.5 E	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	38.0	45.0	12.1	34.9	56.0	27.0	9.0	38.0				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	34.0	41.0	7.0	32.0	52.0	23.0	5.0	34.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g c+l1), s		14.0	10.1	29.8	54.0	23.3	7.0	36.0				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.7	10.9	0.0	0.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			119.1									
HCM 2010 LOS			F									
<del>-</del>			-									

	۶	<b>→</b>	•	€	+	•	4	†	<i>&gt;</i>	<b>/</b>	<b>↓</b>	-√
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations						7		ተተተ	7	ř	ተተው	7
Volume (vph)	0	0	0	0	0	570	0	1770	200	500	970	890
Ideal Flow (vphpl)	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900
Total Lost time (s)						5.0		5.3	5.3	5.0	4.0	4.0
Lane Util. Factor						1.00		0.91	1.00	1.00	0.86	0.86
Frt						0.86		1.00	0.85	1.00	0.95	0.85
Flt Protected						1.00		1.00	1.00	0.95	1.00	1.00
Satd. Flow (prot)						1611		5085	1583	1770	4579	1362
Flt Permitted						1.00		1.00	1.00	0.95	1.00	1.00
Satd. Flow (perm)						1611		5085	1583	1770	4579	1362
Peak-hour factor, PHF	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93
Adj. Flow (vph)	0	0	0	0	0	613	0	1903	215	538	1043	957
RTOR Reduction (vph)	0	0	0	0	0	37	0	0	56	0	0	0
Lane Group Flow (vph)	0	0	0	0	0	576	0	1903	159	538	1522	478
Turn Type						pt+ov		NA	Perm	Prot	NA	Perm
Protected Phases						13		2 4		13	Free	
Permitted Phases						13			2 4			Free
Actuated Green, G (s)						53.2		66.2	66.2	53.2	140.0	140.0
Effective Green, g (s)						53.2		66.2	66.2	53.2	140.0	140.0
Actuated g/C Ratio						0.38		0.47	0.47	0.38	1.00	1.00
Clearance Time (s)												
Vehicle Extension (s)												
Lane Grp Cap (vph)						612		2404	748	672	4579	1362
v/s Ratio Prot						c0.36		c0.37		0.30	0.33	
v/s Ratio Perm									0.10			c0.35
v/c Ratio						0.94		0.79	0.21	0.80	0.33	0.35
Uniform Delay, d1						41.9		31.1	21.6	38.7	0.0	0.0
Progression Factor						1.00		0.93	1.05	0.31	1.00	1.00
Incremental Delay, d2						22.7		2.0	0.4	4.5	0.1	0.5
Delay (s)						64.6		30.9	23.0	16.4	0.1	0.5
Level of Service						Е		С	С	В	Α	Α
Approach Delay (s)		0.0			64.6			30.1			3.6	
Approach LOS		Α			Е			С			Α	
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2000 Control Delay			21.4	H	CM 2000	Level of S	Service		С			
HCM 2000 Volume to Capacity	ratio		0.86									
Actuated Cycle Length (s)			140.0		um of lost				20.6			
Intersection Capacity Utilization			78.1%	IC	U Level	of Service			D			
Analysis Period (min)			15									
c Critical Lane Group												

Movement		<u> </u>	•	†		<u> </u>	1		
Lane Configurations	Movement		WRD		-	CRI	<b>▼</b> CRT		
Volume (veh/h)         410         470         1500         220         0         970           Number         3         18         2         12         1         6           Initial Q (Qb), veh         0         0         0         0         0         0           Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)         1.00         1.00         1.00         1.00         1.00         1.00           Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/n         1863         1863         1863         0         1863           Adj Flow Rate, veh/h         441         487         1613         0         0         1043           Adj Rlow Rate, veh/h         441         487         1613         0         0         1043           Adj Rlow Rate, veh/h         441         487         1613         0         0         1043           Adj No. of Lanes         2         2         2         2         0         2         2         2         2         0         2         2         2         2         0         2         2         2         2         0         2         2         2         2         0         2         2         0         0         0         0 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>ODL</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>						ODL			
Number						0			
Initial Q (Qb), veh	,								
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)         1.00         Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/n         1.863         1863         1863         0         1863         Adj Flow Rate, veh/h         441         487         1613         0         0         1043         Adj Flow Rate, veh/h         441         487         1613         0         0         1043         Adj Flow Rate, veh/h         441         487         1613         0         0         1043         Adj Flow Rate, veh/h         481         487         1613         0         0         0.03         0.9						•			
Parking Bus, Adj         1.00         1.00         1.00         1.00         1.00         1.00         1.00         Ado         Ado         1.00         1.00         1.00         1.00         Ado         Ado         Ado         Neatr Flow, veh/h         441         487         1613         0         0         1043         Ado         No.0 Clanes         2         2         2         3         1         0         3         Peach Hour Factor         0.93				U			U		
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln         1863         1863         1863         0         1863           Adj Rou Rate, veh/h         441         487         1613         0         0         1043           Adj No. of Lanes         2         2         3         1         0         3           Peak Hour Factor         0.93         0.93         0.93         0.93         0.93         0.93           Percent Heavy Veh, %         2         2         2         2         0         2           Cap, veh/h         787         637         3072         957         0         3072           Arrive On Green         0.23         0.23         1.00         0.00         0.00         0.60           Sat Flow, veh/h         3442         2787         5253         1583         0         5421           Grp Volume(v), veh/h         441         487         1613         0         0         1043           Grp Volume(v), veh/h         441         487         1613         0         0         1043           Grp Volume(v), veh/h         441         487         1613         0         0         1043           Grp Sat Flow, veh/h         1721         1393				1.00			1.00		
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h         441         487         1613         0         0         1043           Adj No. of Lanes         2         2         3         1         0         3           Peak Hour Factor         0.93         0.93         0.93         0.93         0.93         0.93           Percent Heavy Veh, %         2         2         2         2         0         2           Cap, veh/h         787         637         3072         957         0         3072           Arrive On Green         0.23         0.23         1.00         0.00         0.00         0.60           Sat Flow, veh/h         3442         2787         5253         1583         0         5421           Grp Volume(v), veh/h         441         487         1613         0         0         1043           Grp Sat Flow(s), veh/h/ln         1721         1393         1695         1583         0         1695           Q Serve(g_s), s         6.5         9.4         0.0         0.0         0.0         5.9           Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s         6.5         9.4         0.0         0.0         0.0         5.9           Prop In Lane         1.00									
Adj No. of Lanes         2         2         3         1         0         3           Peak Hour Factor         0.93         0.93         0.93         0.93         0.93         0.93           Percent Heavy Veh, %         2         2         2         2         0         2           Cap, veh/h         787         637         3072         957         0         3072           Arrive On Green         0.23         0.23         1.00         0.00         0.00         0.60           Sat Flow, veh/h         3442         2787         5253         1583         0         5421           Grp Volume(v), veh/h         441         487         1613         0         0         1043           Grp Sat Flow(s), veh/h         441         487         1613         0         0         1043           Grp Sat Flow(s), veh/h         1721         1393         1695         1583         0         1695           Q Serve(g_s), s         6.5         9.4         0.0         0.0         0.0         5.9           Prop In Lane         1.00         1.00         1.00         0.0         0.0         0.0           V/C Ratio(X)         0.56         0.									
Peak Hour Factor         0.93         0.93         0.93         0.93         0.93         0.93         0.93         0.93         Percent Heavy Veh, %         2         2         2         2         2         0         2           Cap, veh/h         787         637         3072         957         0         3072           Arrive On Green         0.23         1.00         0.00         0.00         0.00         0.60           Sat Flow, veh/h         3442         2787         5253         1583         0         5421           Grp Volume(v), veh/h         441         487         1613         0         0         1043           Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/In         1721         1393         1695         1583         0         1695           Q Serve(g_s), s         6.5         9.4         0.0         0.0         0.0         5.9           Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s         6.5         9.4         0.0         0.0         0.0         5.9           Prop In Lane         1.00         1.00         1.00         0.0         0.0         5.9           V/C Ratio(X)         0.56         0.76         0.52         0.00         0.0         0.0         3072									
Percent Heavy Veh, %         2         2         2         2         0         2           Cap, veh/h         787         637         3072         957         0         3072           Arrive On Green         0.23         0.23         1.00         0.00         0.00         0.60           Sat Flow, veh/h         3442         2787         5253         1583         0         5421           Gry Volume(v), veh/h         441         487         1613         0         0         1043           Gry Sat Flow(s), veh/h/In         1721         1393         1695         1583         0         1695           Q Serve(g_s), s         6.5         9.4         0.0         0.0         0.0         5.9           Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s         6.5         9.4         0.0         0.0         0.0         5.9           Prop In Lane         1.00         1.00         1.00         0.0         0.0         5.9           V/C Ratio(X)         0.56         0.76         0.52         0.00         0.0         0.0           Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h         1540         1247         3072         957         0         3072           V/C Ratio(X)         0.56 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>									
Cap, veh/h         787         637         3072         957         0         3072           Arrive On Green         0.23         0.23         1.00         0.00         0.00         0.60           Sat Flow, veh/h         3442         2787         5253         1583         0         5421           Grp Volume(v), veh/h         441         487         1613         0         0         1043           Grp Sat Flow(s), veh/h/ln         1721         1393         1695         1583         0         1695           Q Serve(g_s), s         6.5         9.4         0.0         0.0         0.0         5.9           Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s         6.5         9.4         0.0         0.0         0.0         5.9           Prop In Lane         1.00         1.00         1.00         0.00         0.0         5.9           Prop In Lane         1.00         1.00         1.00         0.00         0.0         5.9           Prop In Lane         1.00         1.00         1.00         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.3           HCM Platon Ratio         1.00         1.00         1.00         1.00         1.00         1.00         1.00         1.00 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>									
Arrive On Green         0.23         0.23         1.00         0.00         0.00         0.60           Sat Flow, veh/h         3442         2787         5253         1583         0         5421           Grp Volume(v), veh/h         441         487         1613         0         0         1043           Grp Sat Flow(s), veh/hn         1721         1393         1695         1583         0         1695           Q Serve(g_s), s         6.5         9.4         0.0         0.0         0.0         5.9           Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s         6.5         9.4         0.0         0.0         0.0         5.9           Prop In Lane         1.00         1.00         1.00         0.00         0.0         5.9           Prop In Lane         1.00         1.00         1.00         0.00         0.0         0.0           Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h         787         637         3072         957         0         3072           V/C Ratio(X)         0.56         0.76         0.52         0.00         0.00         0.34           Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h         1540         1247         3072         957         0         3072           HCM Platon Ratio									
Sat Flow, veh/h         3442         2787         5253         1583         0         5421           Grp Volume(v), veh/h         441         487         1613         0         0         1043           Grp Sat Flow(s), veh/h/ln         1721         1393         1695         1583         0         1695           Q Serve(g_s), s         6.5         9.4         0.0         0.0         0.0         5.9           Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s         6.5         9.4         0.0         0.0         0.0         5.9           Prop In Lane         1.00         1.00         1.00         0.00         0.0         5.9           Prop In Lane         1.00         1.00         1.00         0.0         0.0         5.9           Prop In Lane         1.00         1.00         1.00         0.0         0.0         0.0           Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h         787         637         3072         957         0         3072           V/C Ratio(X)         0.56         0.76         0.52         0.00         0.0         0.3           HCM Platoon Ratio         1.00         1.00         2.00         2.00         1.00         1.00           Uniform Delay (d), s/ve									
Grp Volume(v), veh/h         441         487         1613         0         0         1043           Grp Sat Flow(s), veh/h/ln         1721         1393         1695         1583         0         1695           Q Serve(g_s), s         6.5         9.4         0.0         0.0         0.0         5.9           Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s         6.5         9.4         0.0         0.0         0.0         5.9           Prop In Lane         1.00         1.00         1.00         0.00         5.9           Prop In Lane         1.00         1.00         1.00         0.00         5.9           V/C Ratio(X)         0.56         0.76         0.52         0.00         0.00         0.34           Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h         1540         1247         3072         957         0         3072           HCM Platoon Ratio         1.00         1.00         2.00         0.0         0.03         1.00           Upstream Filter(I)         1.00         1.00         2.00         2.00         1.00         1.00           Uniform Delay (d), s/veh         19.6         20.7         0.5         0.0         0.0         0.5           Inicr Delay (d2), s/veh         0.2<									
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln         1721         1393         1695         1583         0         1695           Q Serve(g_s), s         6.5         9.4         0.0         0.0         0.0         5.9           Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s         6.5         9.4         0.0         0.0         0.0         5.9           Prop In Lane         1.00         1.00         1.00         0.00         1.00         0.00           Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h         787         637         3072         957         0         3072           V/C Ratio(X)         0.56         0.76         0.52         0.00         0.00         0.34           Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h         1540         1247         3072         957         0         3072           HCM Platoon Ratio         1.00         1.00         1.00         2.00         1.00         1.00           Upstream Filter(I)         1.00         1.00         2.00         2.00         1.00         1.00           Upstream Filter(I)         1.00         1.00         0.84         0.00         0.0         0.5         7           Incream Filter(I)         1.00         1.00         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>									
Q Serve(g_s), s       6.5       9.4       0.0       0.0       0.0       5.9         Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s       6.5       9.4       0.0       0.0       0.0       5.9         Prop In Lane       1.00       1.00       1.00       0.00         Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h       787       637       3072       957       0       3072         V/C Ratio(X)       0.56       0.76       0.52       0.00       0.00       0.34         Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h       1540       1247       3072       957       0       3072         HCM Platoon Ratio       1.00       1.00       2.00       2.00       1.00       1.00         Upstream Filter(I)       1.00       1.00       0.84       0.00       0.00       0.95         Uniform Delay (d), s/veh       19.6       20.7       0.0       0.0       0.0       0.57         Incr Delay (d2), s/veh       0.2       0.7       0.5       0.0       0.0       0.3         Initial Q Delay(d3), s/veh       0.0       0.0       0.0       0.0       0.0       0.0       0.0         Wile BackOffQ(50%), veh/ln       3.1       3.6       0.2       0.0       0.0       5.9	. , , .								
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s         6.5         9.4         0.0         0.0         0.0         5.9           Prop In Lane         1.00         1.00         1.00         0.00         0.00           Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h         787         637         3072         957         0         3072           V/C Ratio(X)         0.56         0.76         0.52         0.00         0.00         0.34           Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h         1540         1247         3072         957         0         3072           HCM Platoon Ratio         1.00         1.00         2.00         2.00         1.00         1.00           Upstream Filter(I)         1.00         1.00         0.84         0.00         0.00         0.95           Uniform Delay (d), s/veh         19.6         20.7         0.0         0.0         0.0         5.7           Incr Delay (d2), s/veh         0.2         0.7         0.5         0.0         0.0         0.3           Initial Q Delay(d3), s/veh         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0           %ile BackOfQ(50%), veh/ln         3.1         3.6         0.2         0.0         0.0         2.8           LnGr	. , , .								
Prop In Lane         1.00         1.00         1.00         0.00           Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h         787         637         3072         957         0         3072           V/C Ratio(X)         0.56         0.76         0.52         0.00         0.00         0.34           Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h         1540         1247         3072         957         0         3072           HCM Platoon Ratio         1.00         1.00         2.00         2.00         1.00         1.00           Upstream Filter(I)         1.00         1.00         0.84         0.00         0.00         0.95           Uniform Delay (d), s/veh         19.6         20.7         0.0         0.0         0.0         5.7           Incr Delay (d2), s/veh         0.2         0.7         0.5         0.0         0.0         0.3           Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0           %ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln         3.1         3.6         0.2         0.0         0.0         2.8           LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh         19.8         21.4         0.5         0.0         0.0         5.9           LnGrp	(0 /								
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h         787         637         3072         957         0         3072           V/C Ratio(X)         0.56         0.76         0.52         0.00         0.00         0.34           Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h         1540         1247         3072         957         0         3072           HCM Platoon Ratio         1.00         1.00         2.00         2.00         1.00         1.00           Upstream Filter(I)         1.00         1.00         0.84         0.00         0.00         0.95           Uniform Delay (d), s/veh         19.6         20.7         0.0         0.0         0.0         5.7           Incr Delay (d2), s/veh         0.2         0.7         0.5         0.0         0.0         0.3           Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0           %ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln         3.1         3.6         0.2         0.0         0.0         2.8           LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh         19.8         21.4         0.5         0.0         0.0         5.9           LnGrp LOS         B         C         A         A         A           Approach Vol, veh/h <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>0.0</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>0.0</td> <td></td> <td></td>				0.0			0.0		
V/C Ratio(X)         0.56         0.76         0.52         0.00         0.00         0.34           Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h         1540         1247         3072         957         0         3072           HCM Platoon Ratio         1.00         1.00         2.00         2.00         1.00         1.00           Upstream Filter(I)         1.00         1.00         0.84         0.00         0.00         0.95           Uniform Delay (d), s/veh         19.6         20.7         0.0         0.0         0.0         5.7           Incr Delay (d2), s/veh         0.2         0.7         0.5         0.0         0.0         0.3           Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0           %ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln         3.1         3.6         0.2         0.0         0.0         2.8           LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh         19.8         21.4         0.5         0.0         0.0         2.8           LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh         19.8         21.4         0.5         0.0         0.0         5.9           LnGrp LoS         B         C         A         A         A           Approach Vol, veh/h <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>3072</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>3072</td> <td></td> <td></td>				3072			3072		
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h       1540       1247       3072       957       0       3072         HCM Platoon Ratio       1.00       1.00       2.00       2.00       1.00       1.00         Upstream Filter(I)       1.00       1.00       0.84       0.00       0.00       0.95         Uniform Delay (d), s/veh       19.6       20.7       0.0       0.0       0.0       0.57         Incr Delay (d2), s/veh       0.2       0.7       0.5       0.0       0.0       0.3         Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh       0.0       0.0       0.0       0.0       0.0       0.0         %ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln       3.1       3.6       0.2       0.0       0.0       2.8         LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh       19.8       21.4       0.5       0.0       0.0       2.8         LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh       19.8       21.4       0.5       0.0       0.0       5.9         LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh       19.8       21.4       0.5       0.0       0.0       5.9         LnGrp LOS       B       C       A       A       A         Approach Vol, veh/h       928       1613       1043         Approach LOS       C       A <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>									
HCM Platoon Ratio       1.00       1.00       2.00       2.00       1.00       1.00         Upstream Filter(I)       1.00       1.00       0.84       0.00       0.00       0.95         Uniform Delay (d), s/veh       19.6       20.7       0.0       0.0       0.0       5.7         Incr Delay (d2), s/veh       0.2       0.7       0.5       0.0       0.0       0.3         Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh       0.0       0.0       0.0       0.0       0.0       0.0       0.0         %ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln       3.1       3.6       0.2       0.0       0.0       2.8         LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh       19.8       21.4       0.5       0.0       0.0       5.9         LnGrp LOS       B       C       A       A       A         Approach Vol, veh/h       928       1613       1043         Approach Delay, s/veh       20.7       0.5       5.9         Approach LOS       C       A       A         Timer       1       2       3       4       5       6       7       8         Assigned Phs       2       6       8       8       8       9       9       17.4	` '								
Upstream Filter(I)         1.00         1.00         0.84         0.00         0.00         0.95           Uniform Delay (d), s/veh         19.6         20.7         0.0         0.0         0.0         5.7           Incr Delay (d2), s/veh         0.2         0.7         0.5         0.0         0.0         0.3           Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0           %ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln         3.1         3.6         0.2         0.0         0.0         2.8           LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh         19.8         21.4         0.5         0.0         0.0         5.9           LnGrp LOS         B         C         A         A         A           Approach Vol, veh/h         928         1613         1043           Approach Delay, s/veh         20.7         0.5         5.9           Approach LOS         C         A         A           Timer         1         2         3         4         5         6         7         8           Assigned Phs         2         6         8         8         8         9         17.4         17.4         17.4         17.4 <td>1 ( = 7:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	1 ( = 7:								
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh 19.6 20.7 0.0 0.0 0.0 5.7 Incr Delay (d2), s/veh 0.2 0.7 0.5 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.3 Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.									
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh         0.2         0.7         0.5         0.0         0.0         0.3           Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0           %ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln         3.1         3.6         0.2         0.0         0.0         2.8           LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh         19.8         21.4         0.5         0.0         0.0         5.9           LnGrp LOS         B         C         A         A         A           Approach Vol, veh/h         928         1613         1043           Approach Delay, s/veh         20.7         0.5         5.9           Approach LOS         C         A         A           Timer         1         2         3         4         5         6         7         8           Assigned Phs         2         6         8         8         8         9         17.4	,								
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh         0.0         2.8         LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh         19.8         21.4         0.5         0.0         0.0         5.9         LnGrp LOS         A									
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln       3.1       3.6       0.2       0.0       0.0       2.8         LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh       19.8       21.4       0.5       0.0       0.0       5.9         LnGrp LOS       B       C       A       A         Approach Vol, veh/h       928       1613       1043         Approach Delay, s/veh       20.7       0.5       5.9         Approach LOS       C       A       A         Timer       1       2       3       4       5       6       7       8         Assigned Phs       2       6       8       8       8       9       9       9       17.4	. , ,								
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh         19.8         21.4         0.5         0.0         0.0         5.9           LnGrp LOS         B         C         A         A           Approach Vol, veh/h         928         1613         1043           Approach Delay, s/veh         20.7         0.5         5.9           Approach LOS         C         A         A           Timer         1         2         3         4         5         6         7         8           Assigned Phs         2         6         8           Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s         52.6         52.6         17.4           Change Period (Y+Rc), s         5.3         5.3         4.3           Max Green Setting (Gmax), s         34.7         34.7         25.7           Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s         2.0         7.9         11.4           Green Ext Time (p_c), s         17.0         15.3         1.8	. , , ,								
LnGrp LOS         B         C         A         A           Approach Vol, veh/h         928         1613         1043           Approach Delay, s/veh         20.7         0.5         5.9           Approach LOS         C         A         A           Timer         1         2         3         4         5         6         7         8           Assigned Phs         2         6         8         8         Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s         52.6         17.4         5.3         4.3         4.3           Change Period (Y+Rc), s         5.3         5.3         4.3									
Approach Vol, veh/h       928       1613       1043         Approach Delay, s/veh       20.7       0.5       5.9         Approach LOS       C       A       A         Timer       1       2       3       4       5       6       7       8         Assigned Phs       2       6       8       8         Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s       52.6       52.6       17.4         Change Period (Y+Rc), s       5.3       5.3       4.3         Max Green Setting (Gmax), s       34.7       34.7       25.7         Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s       2.0       7.9       11.4         Green Ext Time (p_c), s       17.0       15.3       1.8					,,,	,,,			
Approach Delay, s/veh         20.7         0.5         5.9           Approach LOS         C         A         A           Timer         1         2         3         4         5         6         7         8           Assigned Phs         2         6         8         8         Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s         52.6         52.6         17.4         52.6         17.4         53.3         4.3 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>									
Approach LOS         C         A         A           Timer         1         2         3         4         5         6         7         8           Assigned Phs         2         6         8           Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s         52.6         52.6         17.4           Change Period (Y+Rc), s         5.3         5.3         4.3           Max Green Setting (Gmax), s         34.7         34.7         25.7           Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s         2.0         7.9         11.4           Green Ext Time (p_c), s         17.0         15.3         1.8									
Timer         1         2         3         4         5         6         7         8           Assigned Phs         2         6         8           Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s         52.6         52.6         17.4           Change Period (Y+Rc), s         5.3         5.3         4.3           Max Green Setting (Gmax), s         34.7         34.7         25.7           Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s         2.0         7.9         11.4           Green Ext Time (p_c), s         17.0         15.3         1.8									
Assigned Phs       2       6       8         Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s       52.6       52.6       17.4         Change Period (Y+Rc), s       5.3       5.3       4.3         Max Green Setting (Gmax), s       34.7       34.7       25.7         Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s       2.0       7.9       11.4         Green Ext Time (p_c), s       17.0       15.3       1.8	• •					_		-	
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s       52.6       17.4         Change Period (Y+Rc), s       5.3       5.3       4.3         Max Green Setting (Gmax), s       34.7       34.7       25.7         Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s       2.0       7.9       11.4         Green Ext Time (p_c), s       17.0       15.3       1.8		1		3	4	5			
Change Period (Y+Rc), s       5.3       5.3       4.3         Max Green Setting (Gmax), s       34.7       34.7       25.7         Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s       2.0       7.9       11.4         Green Ext Time (p_c), s       17.0       15.3       1.8							-		
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s       34.7       25.7         Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s       2.0       7.9       11.4         Green Ext Time (p_c), s       17.0       15.3       1.8									
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s       2.0       7.9       11.4         Green Ext Time (p_c), s       17.0       15.3       1.8	` ,.								
Green Ext Time (p_c), s 17.0 15.3 1.8									
N = 0									
Intersection Summary	Green Ext Time (p_c), s		17.0				15.3	1.8	
	Intersection Summary								
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay 7.3	HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			7.3					
HCM 2010 LOS A									

	۶	<b>→</b>	•	•	<b>←</b>	•	1	†	<i>&gt;</i>	<b>/</b>	<b>+</b>	~
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	ሻሻ		77					ተተተ	7		ተተተ	7
Volume (veh/h)	710	0	630	0	0	0	0	1010	470	0	1260	120
Number	7	4	14				5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0				0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00				1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00				1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	0	1863				0	1863	1863	0	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	772	0	658				0	1098	0	0	1370	0
Adj No. of Lanes	2	0	2				0	3	1	0	3	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.92				0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	0	2				0	2	2	0	2	2
Cap, veh/h	1037	0	839				0	2707	843	0	2707	843
Arrive On Green	0.30	0.00	0.30				0.00	0.53	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00
Sat Flow, veh/h	3442	0	2787				0	5253	1583	0	5253	1583
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	772	0	658				0	1098	0	0	1370	0
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	1721	0	1393				0	1695	1583	0	1695	1583
Q Serve(g_s), s	11.7	0.0	12.5				0.0	7.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	11.7	0.0	12.5				0.0	7.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Prop In Lane	1.00		1.00				0.00		1.00	0.00		1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	1037	0	839				0	2707	843	0	2707	843
V/C Ratio(X)	0.74	0.00	0.78				0.00	0.41	0.00	0.00	0.51	0.00
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	1772	0	1435				0	2707	843	0	2707	843
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00				1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	2.00	2.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	0.00	1.00				0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.93	0.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	18.2	0.0	18.4				0.0	8.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	0.4	0.0	0.6				0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.6	0.0
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0				0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	5.5	0.0	4.8				0.0	3.6	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	18.6	0.0	19.1				0.0	8.5	0.0	0.0	0.6	0.0
LnGrp LOS	В		В					Α			Α	
Approach Vol, veh/h		1430						1098			1370	
Approach Delay, s/veh		18.8						8.5			0.6	
Approach LOS		В						Α			Α	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs		2		4		6						
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s		48.3		21.7		48.3						
Change Period (Y+Rc), s		5.3		* 4.3		5.3						
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s		30.7		* 30		30.7						
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s		9.4		14.5		2.0						
Green Ext Time (p_c), s		12.2		2.9		14.4						
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			9.5									
HCM 2010 LOS			Α									

# Notes

User approved pedestrian interval to be less than phase max green.

\* HCM 2010 computational engine requires equal clearance times for the phases crossing the barrier.

	۶	<b>→</b>	•	•	<b>←</b>	•	1	†	<i>&gt;</i>	<b>/</b>	<b>+</b>	4
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations		₩	7	ሻ	€ि		44	ተተኈ		ሻ	ተተኈ	7
Volume (veh/h)	200	40	710	50	80	150	280	910	110	150	1330	570
Number	7	4	14	3	8	18	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1900	1863	1863	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	215	277	414	47	96	0	301	978	106	161	1430	319
Adj No. of Lanes	0	1	1	1	2	0	2	3	0	1	3	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	226	291	449	128	268	0	265	1919	207	184	2400	680
Arrive On Green	0.28	0.28	0.28	0.07	0.07	0.00	0.08	0.41	0.41	0.10	0.43	0.43
Sat Flow, veh/h	797	1026	1583	1774	3725	0	3442	4659	504	1774	5588	1583
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	492	0	414	47	96	0	301	711	373	161	1430	319
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	1823	0	1583	1774	1863	0	1721	1695	1772	1774	1863	1583
Q Serve(g_s), s	36.8	0.0	35.3	3.5	3.4	0.0	10.7	21.7	21.8	12.4	27.3	20.0
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	36.8	0.0	35.3	3.5	3.4	0.0	10.7	21.7	21.8	12.4	27.3	20.0
Prop In Lane	0.44		1.00	1.00		0.00	1.00		0.28	1.00		1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	517	0	449	128	268	0	265	1396	730	184	2400	680
V/C Ratio(X)	0.95	0.00	0.92	0.37	0.36	0.00	1.14	0.51	0.51	0.87	0.60	0.47
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	530	0	460	128	268	0	265	1396	730	204	2400	680
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	48.9	0.0	48.3	61.5	61.4	0.0	64.2	30.4	30.4	61.4	30.4	28.3
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	26.8	0.0	23.3	0.7	0.3	0.0	97.1	1.3	2.5	27.6	1.1	2.3
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	22.4	0.0	18.3	1.7	1.8	0.0	8.6	10.4	11.2	7.5	14.3	9.2
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	75.7	0.0	71.6	62.1	61.7	0.0	161.2	31.8	33.0	89.0	31.5	30.6
LnGrp LOS	E		Е	Е	Е		F	С	С	F	С	С
Approach Vol, veh/h		906			143			1385			1910	
Approach Delay, s/veh		73.8			61.9			60.2			36.2	
Approach LOS		Е			Е			Е			D	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2		4	5	6		8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	18.5	63.5		44.0	17.0	65.0		14.0				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.0	5.3		4.6	5.3	* 5.3		4.0				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	16.0	55.7		40.4	10.7	* 60		10.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+I1), s	14.4	23.8		38.8	12.7	29.3		5.5				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.0	8.3		0.6	0.0	8.2		0.1				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			52.6									
HCM 2010 LOS			D									

User approved volume balancing among the lanes for turning movement.

\* HCM 2010 computational engine requires equal clearance times for the phases crossing the barrier.

	۶	<b>→</b>	•	•	<b>←</b>	•	4	<b>†</b>	<i>&gt;</i>	<b>&gt;</b>	ļ	✓
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations			77			7		ተተተ	7	ă	1111	
Volume (vph)	0	0	590	0	0	230	0	1070	470	110	1980	0
Ideal Flow (vphpl)	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900
Total Lost time (s)			4.6			4.0		5.7	5.7	4.0	5.7	
Lane Util. Factor			0.88			1.00		0.91	1.00	1.00	0.86	
Frpb, ped/bikes			1.00			0.99		1.00	0.98	1.00	1.00	
Flpb, ped/bikes			1.00			1.00		1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
Frt			0.85			0.86		1.00	0.85	1.00	1.00	
Flt Protected			1.00			1.00		1.00	1.00	0.95	1.00	
Satd. Flow (prot)			2787			1591		5085	1544	1770	6408	
Flt Permitted			1.00			1.00		1.00	1.00	0.95	1.00	
Satd. Flow (perm)			2787			1591		5085	1544	1770	6408	
Peak-hour factor, PHF	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93
Adj. Flow (vph)	0	0	634	0	0	247	0	1151	505	118	2129	0
RTOR Reduction (vph)	0	0	16	0	0	0	0	0	80	0	0	0
Lane Group Flow (vph)	0	0	618	0	0	247	0	1151	425	118	2129	0
Confl. Peds. (#/hr)						2			2			
Turn Type			Prot			Free		NA	Perm	Prot	NA	
Protected Phases			5					2		1	6	
Permitted Phases						Free			2			
Actuated Green, G (s)			35.7			140.0		114.1	114.1	16.2	94.0	
Effective Green, g (s)			35.7			140.0		114.1	114.1	16.2	94.0	
Actuated g/C Ratio			0.26			1.00		0.81	0.81	0.12	0.67	
Clearance Time (s)			4.6					5.7	5.7	4.0	5.7	
Vehicle Extension (s)			1.0					1.0	1.0	2.5	1.0	
Lane Grp Cap (vph)			710			1591		4144	1258	204	4302	
v/s Ratio Prot			c0.22					0.23		0.07	c0.33	
v/s Ratio Perm						0.16			0.28			
v/c Ratio			0.87			0.16		0.28	0.34	0.58	0.49	
Uniform Delay, d1			49.9			0.0		3.1	3.3	58.7	11.3	
Progression Factor			1.00			1.00		1.00	1.00	1.07	0.39	
Incremental Delay, d2			11.0			0.2		0.2	0.7	1.8	0.2	
Delay (s)			61.0			0.2		3.3	4.0	64.5	4.6	
Level of Service			Е			Α		Α	Α	Е	Α	
Approach Delay (s)		61.0			0.2			3.5			7.8	
Approach LOS		Е			Α			Α			Α	
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2000 Control Delay			13.0	H	CM 2000	Level of S	Service		В			
HCM 2000 Volume to Capacit	y ratio		0.60									
Actuated Cycle Length (s)			140.0	Sı	um of los	t time (s)			10.3			
Intersection Capacity Utilization	n		57.9%	IC	U Level	of Service			В			
Analysis Period (min)			15									

	•	<b>→</b>	*	•	<b>←</b>	•	4	<b>†</b>	~	<b>/</b>	Ţ	1
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	ሻሻ	<b>†</b> †	7	ሻ	ተተተ	7		4↑	7	7	र्स	77
Volume (veh/h)	600	840	0	0	960	20	10	20	10	130	0	400
Number	7	4	14	3	8	18	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	C
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		0.99	1.00		0.99
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	625	875	0	0	1000	5	10	21	1	135	0	47
Adj No. of Lanes	2	2	1	1	3	1	0	2	1	2	0	2
Peak Hour Factor	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	772	2213	990	3	1683	523	83	190	120	311	0	276
Arrive On Green	0.22	0.63	0.00	0.00	0.33	0.33	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.09	0.00	0.09
Sat Flow, veh/h	3442	3539	1583	1774	5085	1580	1089	2489	1571	3548	0	3145
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	625	875	0	0	1000	5	17	14	1	135	0	47
Grp Sat Flow(s), veh/h/ln	1721	1770	1583	1774	1695	1580	1808	1770	1571	1774	0	1573
Q Serve(g_s), s	9.8	7.0	0.0	0.0	9.3	0.1	0.5	0.4	0.0	2.1	0.0	0.8
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	9.8	7.0	0.0	0.0	9.3	0.1	0.5	0.4	0.0	2.1	0.0	0.8
Prop In Lane	1.00	7.10	1.00	1.00	0.0	1.00	0.60	0.1	1.00	1.00	0.0	1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	772	2213	990	3	1683	523	138	135	120	311	0	276
V/C Ratio(X)	0.81	0.40	0.00	0.00	0.59	0.01	0.12	0.11	0.01	0.43	0.00	0.17
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	966	2213	990	125	2052	638	825	807	717	1805	0.00	1600
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	21.0	5.3	0.0	0.0	15.9	12.8	24.5	24.5	24.3	24.7	0.0	24.1
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	4.2	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.4	0.3	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.3
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	5.1	3.4	0.0	0.0	4.4	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.0	1.1	0.0	0.4
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	25.2	5.4	0.0	0.0	16.2	12.8	24.9	24.9	24.4	25.6	0.0	24.4
LnGrp LOS	C	Α	0.0	0.0	В	12.0	C C	C C	C	20.0 C	0.0	C
Approach Vol, veh/h		1500			1005			32			182	
Approach Delay, s/veh		13.7			16.2			24.9			25.3	
Approach LOS		13.7 B			10.2 B			24.9 C			20.5 C	
Approach LOS		Ь			Ь			C			U	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs		2	3	4		6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s		8.4	0.0	39.6		9.0	16.8	22.9				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s		4.0	4.0	4.0		4.0	4.0	4.0				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s		26.0	4.0	35.0		29.0	16.0	23.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s		2.5	0.0	9.0		4.1	11.8	11.3				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s		0.1	0.0	13.5		0.6	1.0	7.4				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			15.5									
HCM 2010 LOS			В									
Notes												

User approved volume balancing among the lanes for turning movement.

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	ሻ	<b>^</b>		Ť	ተተተ	7		4		ሻሻ	f)	
Volume (veh/h)	30	940	10	10	840	480	10	20	10	450	10	130
Number	7	4	14	3	8	18	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		0.99	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1863	1900	1863	1900	1863	1863	1900
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	32	1000	10	11	894	133	11	21	4	479	11	68
Adj No. of Lanes	1	2	0	1	3	1	0	1	0	2	1	0
Peak Hour Factor	0.94	0.94	0.94	0.94	0.94	0.94	0.94	0.94	0.94	0.94	0.94	0.94
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	51	1444	14	20	1957	608	0	136	26	630	79	487
Arrive On Green	0.03	0.40	0.40	0.01	0.38	0.38	0.00	0.09	0.09	0.18	0.35	0.35
Sat Flow, veh/h	1774	3590	36	1774	5085	1579	0	1520	289	3442	225	1390
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	32	493	517	11	894	133	0	0	25	479	0	79
Grp Sat Flow(s), veh/h/ln	1774	1770	1856	1774	1695	1579	0	0	1809	1721	0	1615
Q Serve(g_s), s	0.9	11.7	11.7	0.3	6.7	2.9	0.0	0.0	0.6	6.7	0.0	1.7
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	0.9	11.7	11.7	0.3	6.7	2.9	0.0	0.0	0.6	6.7	0.0	1.7
Prop In Lane	1.00		0.02	1.00		1.00	0.00		0.16	1.00		0.86
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	51	712	747	20	1957	608	0	0	161	630	0	566
V/C Ratio(X)	0.63	0.69	0.69	0.55	0.46	0.22	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.76	0.00	0.14
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	139	800	839	139	2298	714	0	0	889	812	0	1047
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	24.5	12.6	12.6	25.0	11.7	10.5	0.0	0.0	21.4	19.7	0.0	11.3
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	12.2	2.2	2.1	21.2	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.4	3.2	0.0	0.1
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	0.6	6.1	6.3	0.3	3.1	1.3	0.0	0.0	0.3	3.5	0.0	0.8
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	36.6	14.8	14.7	46.3	11.8	10.7	0.0	0.0	21.8	22.9	0.0	11.4
LnGrp LOS	D	B	В	D	B	В		05	С	С	550	В
Approach Vol, veh/h		1042			1038			25			558	
Approach LOS		15.5			12.1			21.8			21.3	
Approach LOS		В			В			С			С	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	13.3	8.5	4.6	24.5	0.0	21.8	5.5	23.6				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	12.0	25.0	4.0	23.0	4.0	33.0	4.0	23.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	8.7	2.6	2.3	13.7	0.0	3.7	2.9	8.7				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.6	0.5	0.0	6.7	0.0	0.5	0.0	9.4				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			15.4									

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	ሻሻ	ተተኈ		44	<b>†</b> †	7	7	1111	7	44	ተተተ	7
Volume (veh/h)	560	210	190	400	360	120	50	710	150	80	1430	450
Number	7	4	14	3	8	18	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		0.99	1.00		0.99	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	609	228	117	435	391	14	54	772	56	87	1554	264
Adj No. of Lanes	2	3	0	2	2	1	1	4	1	2	3	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	685	753	349	509	605	268	69	2635	649	135	2091	649
Arrive On Green	0.20	0.22	0.22	0.15	0.17	0.17	0.04	0.41	0.41	0.04	0.41	0.41
Sat Flow, veh/h	3442	3390	1573	3442	3539	1569	1774	6408	1578	3442	5085	1578
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	609	228	117	435	391	14	54	772	56	87	1554	264
Grp Sat Flow(s), veh/h/ln	1721	1695	1573	1721	1770	1569	1774	1602	1578	1721	1695	1578
Q Serve(g_s), s	21.6	7.0	7.8	15.4	12.9	0.9	3.8	10.1	2.7	3.1	32.4	14.8
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	21.6	7.0	7.8	15.4	12.9	0.9	3.8	10.1	2.7	3.1	32.4	14.8
Prop In Lane	1.00	7.0	1.00	1.00	12.3	1.00	1.00	10.1	1.00	1.00	UZ. <del>4</del>	1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	685	753	349	509	605	268	69	2635	649	135	2091	649
V/C Ratio(X)	0.89	0.30	0.34	0.85	0.65	0.05	0.78	0.29	0.09	0.64	0.74	0.41
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	825	1110	515	715	1046	464	99	2635	649	220	2091	649
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	48.8	40.6	40.9	52.0	48.4	43.4	59.6	24.7	22.5	59.3	31.3	26.1
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	10.3	0.2	0.6	7.2	1.2	0.1	21.4	0.3	0.3	5.0	2.4	1.9
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	11.2	3.3	3.5	7.9	6.4	0.4	2.3	4.5	1.2	1.6	15.6	6.8
, , ,			41.5		49.6		2.3 81.0	25.0	22.8	64.3		28.0
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	59.1 E	40.9 D	41.5 D	59.3 E	49.0 D	43.5 D	61.0 F	25.0 C	22.8 C	04.3 E	33.7 C	26.0 C
LnGrp LOS			U	드		U	Г		U	ᄃ		U
Approach Vol, veh/h		954			840			882			1905	
Approach Delay, s/veh		52.6			54.5			28.3			34.3	
Approach LOS		D			D			С			С	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	9.9	57.2	24.5	33.6	9.9	57.2	30.9	27.2				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	5.0	5.7	6.0	* 5.8	5.0	5.7	6.0	5.8				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	8.0	50.5	26.0	* 41	7.0	51.5	30.0	37.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g c+l1), s	5.1	12.1	17.4	9.8	5.8	34.4	23.6	14.9				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.0	27.6	1.1	5.5	0.0	14.4	1.4	5.1				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			40.6									
HCM 2010 LOS			40.0 D									
Notes												

<sup>\*</sup> HCM 2010 computational engine requires equal clearance times for the phases crossing the barrier.

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	Ä	ተተተ	7	Ä	ተተተ	7	7	र्स	7	7	र्स	7
Volume (veh/h)	30	550	120	50	1350	20	90	10	40	10	10	50
Number	1	6	16	5	2	12	3	8	18	7	4	14
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		0.99	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	33	598	64	54	1467	11	106	0	1	11	11	1
Adj No. of Lanes	1	3	1	1	3	1	2	0	1	1	1	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Percent Heavy Veh, % Cap, veh/h	2 39	2 2793	2 870	2 67	2873	2 884	2 195	2	2 87	2 23	2 24	2 20
Arrive On Green	0.02	0.55	0.55	0.04	0.57	0.57	0.05	0.00	0.05	0.01	0.01	0.01
Sat Flow, veh/h	1774	5085	1583	1774	5085	1564	3548	0.00	1583	1774	1863	1583
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	33	598	64	54	1467	11	106	0	1303	11	11	1303
Grp Sat Flow(s), veh/h/ln	1774	1695	1583	1774	1695	1564	1774	0	1583	1774	1863	1583
Q Serve(g_s), s	1.1	3.5	1.1	1.7	10.2	0.2	1.7	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.3	0.0
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	1.1	3.5	1.1	1.7	10.2	0.2	1.7	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.3	0.0
Prop In Lane	1.00	0.0	1.00	1.00	10.2	1.00	1.00	0.0	1.00	1.00	0.0	1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	39	2793	870	67	2873	884	195	0	87	23	24	20
V/C Ratio(X)	0.85	0.21	0.07	0.81	0.51	0.01	0.54	0.00	0.01	0.49	0.46	0.05
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	77	2793	870	297	3119	959	2329	0	1039	1195	1255	1067
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	28.2	6.7	6.1	27.6	7.7	5.5	26.7	0.0	25.9	28.4	28.4	28.2
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	16.9	0.1	0.1	8.3	0.6	0.0	0.9	0.0	0.0	5.9	5.1	0.4
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	0.7	1.6	0.5	1.0	4.9	0.1	8.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.0
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	45.1	6.8	6.3	36.0	8.3	5.5	27.5	0.0	25.9	34.3	33.5	28.6
LnGrp LOS	D	Α	Α	D	Α	Α	С		С	С	С	С
Approach Vol, veh/h		695			1532			107			23	
Approach Delay, s/veh		8.6			9.3			27.5			33.7	
Approach LOS		Α			Α			С			С	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2		4	5	6		8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	5.8	39.2		5.2	6.7	38.3		7.7				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.5	6.5		4.5	4.5	* 6.5		4.5				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	2.5	35.5		39.0	9.7	* 28		38.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	3.1	12.2		2.4	3.7	5.5		3.7				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.0	20.5		0.0	0.0	21.6		0.2				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			10.1									
HCM 2010 LOS			В									

User approved volume balancing among the lanes for turning movement.

\* HCM 2010 computational engine requires equal clearance times for the phases crossing the barrier.

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	Ä	ተተተ	7	ă	ተተተ	7	ሻ	<b>†</b>	7	7	4	
Volume (veh/h)	60	470	70	30	1210	140	100	10	30	90	20	110
Number	5	2	12	1	6	16	3	8	18	7	4	14
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1900
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	65	511	33	33	1315	63	109	11	1	98	22	9
Adj No. of Lanes	1	3	1	1	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	100	2233	695	63	2127	662	206	111	94	197	69	28
Arrive On Green	0.06	0.44	0.44	0.04	0.42	0.42	0.12	0.06	0.06	0.11	0.05	0.05
Sat Flow, veh/h	1774	5085	1583	1774	5085	1583	1774	1863	1583	1774	1258	514
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	65	511	33	33	1315	63	109	11	1	98	0	31
Grp Sat Flow(s), veh/h/ln	1774	1695	1583	1774	1695	1583	1774	1863	1583	1774	0	1772
Q Serve(g_s), s	2.0	3.5	0.7	1.0	11.4	1.4	3.3	0.3	0.0	2.9	0.0	0.9
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	2.0	3.5	0.7	1.0	11.4	1.4	3.3	0.3	0.0	2.9	0.0	0.9
Prop In Lane	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		0.29
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	100	2233	695	63	2127	662	206	111	94	197	0	97
V/C Ratio(X)	0.65	0.23	0.05	0.52	0.62	0.10	0.53	0.10	0.01	0.50	0.00	0.32
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	157	2233	695	189	2253	702	252	1222	1038	252	0	1162
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	26.1	9.9	9.1	26.7	12.9	9.9	23.5	25.1	25.0	23.6	0.0	25.7
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	2.6	0.1	0.1	2.4	0.8	0.1	2.1	0.4	0.0	1.9	0.0	1.9
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	1.1	1.7	0.3	0.5	5.5	0.6	1.7	0.2	0.0	1.5	0.0	0.5
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	28.7	10.0	9.1	29.2	13.6	10.1	25.6	25.5	25.0	25.5	0.0	27.6
LnGrp LOS	C	В	A	C	В	В	C	C	C	C	0.0	C
Approach Vol, veh/h		609	,,		1411			121			129	
Approach Delay, s/veh		12.0			13.8			25.6			26.0	
Approach LOS		12.0 B			В			23.0 C			20.0 C	
• •												
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	6.5	31.3	11.1	7.6	7.7	30.1	10.8	7.9				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.5	* 6.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	6.5	4.5	4.5				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	6.0	* 24	8.0	37.0	5.0	25.0	8.0	37.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	3.0	5.5	5.3	2.9	4.0	13.4	4.9	2.3				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.0	16.0	0.1	0.2	0.0	10.1	0.1	0.2				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			14.6									
HCM 2010 LOS			В									
Notes												

<sup>\*</sup> HCM 2010 computational engine requires equal clearance times for the phases crossing the barrier.

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations				ሻሻ		77		<b>†</b> †	7		<b>†</b> †	7
Volume (veh/h)	0	0	0	460	0	170	0	1120	330	0	540	1100
Number				3	8	18	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)				1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj				1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln				1863	0	1863	0	1863	1863	0	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h				500	0	162	0	1217	0	0	587	0
Adj No. of Lanes				2	0	2	0	2	1	0	2	1
Peak Hour Factor				0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Percent Heavy Veh, %				2	0	2	0	2	2	0	2	2
Cap, veh/h				869	0	703	0	1715	767	0	1715	767
Arrive On Green				0.25	0.00	0.25	0.00	0.48	0.00	0.00	0.48	0.00
Sat Flow, veh/h				3442	0	2787	0	3632	1583	0	3632	1583
Grp Volume(v), veh/h				500	0	162	0	1217	0	0	587	0
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln				1721	0	1393	0	1770	1583	0	1770	1583
Q Serve(g_s), s				3.9	0.0	1.4	0.0	8.2	0.0	0.0	3.1	0.0
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s				3.9	0.0	1.4	0.0	8.2	0.0	0.0	3.1	0.0
Prop In Lane				1.00		1.00	0.00		1.00	0.00		1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h				869	0	703	0	1715	767	0	1715	767
V/C Ratio(X)				0.58	0.00	0.23	0.00	0.71	0.00	0.00	0.34	0.00
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h				1810	0	1466	0	1861	833	0	1861	833
HCM Platoon Ratio				1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)				1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh				9.9	0.0	9.0	0.0	6.2	0.0	0.0	4.8	0.0
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh				0.6	0.0	0.2	0.0	1.2	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh				0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln				1.9	0.0	0.6	0.0	4.2	0.0	0.0	1.5	0.0
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh				10.6	0.0	9.2	0.0	7.3	0.0	0.0	5.0	0.0
LnGrp LOS				В		Α		Α			Α	
Approach Vol, veh/h					662			1217			587	
Approach Delay, s/veh					10.2			7.3			5.0	
Approach LOS					В			Α			Α	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs		2				6		8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s		18.7				18.7		11.7				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s		4.0				4.0		4.0				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s		16.0				16.0		16.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s		10.2				5.1		5.9				
Overen Fut Times (in a)		4.5				7.7		1.8				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s												
Intersection Summary												
u = /:			7.5									

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	ሻሻ		77					<b>†</b> †	7		<b>†</b> †	7
Volume (veh/h)	770	0	140	0	0	0	0	680	140	0	860	140
Number	7	4	14				5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0				0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00				1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00				1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	0	1863				0	1863	1863	0	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	837	0	95				0	739	0	0	935	0
Adj No. of Lanes	2	0	2				0	2	1	0	2	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.92				0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	0	2				0	2	2	0	2	2
Cap, veh/h	1165	0	943				0	1491	667	0	1491	667
Arrive On Green	0.34	0.00	0.34				0.00	0.42	0.00	0.00	0.42	0.00
Sat Flow, veh/h	3442	0	2787				0	3632	1583	0	3632	1583
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	837	0	95				0	739	0	0	935	0
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	1721	0	1393				0	1770	1583	0	1770	1583
Q Serve(g_s), s	7.1	0.0	8.0				0.0	5.1	0.0	0.0	6.9	0.0
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	7.1	0.0	8.0				0.0	5.1	0.0	0.0	6.9	0.0
Prop In Lane	1.00		1.00				0.00		1.00	0.00		1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	1165	0	943				0	1491	667	0	1491	667
V/C Ratio(X)	0.72	0.00	0.10				0.00	0.50	0.00	0.00	0.63	0.00
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	1654	0	1339				0	1701	761	0	1701	761
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00				1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	0.00	1.00				0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	9.6	0.0	7.5				0.0	7.0	0.0	0.0	7.6	0.0
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	0.9	0.0	0.0				0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.6	0.0
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0				0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	3.4	0.0	0.3				0.0	2.5	0.0	0.0	3.4	0.0
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	10.5	0.0	7.6				0.0	7.3	0.0	0.0	8.2	0.0
LnGrp LOS	В		Α					Α			Α	
Approach Vol, veh/h		932						739			935	
Approach Delay, s/veh		10.2						7.3			8.2	
Approach LOS		В						Α			Α	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs		2		4		6						
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s		18.0		15.3		18.0						
Change Period (Y+Rc), s		4.0		4.0		4.0						
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s		16.0		16.0		16.0						
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s		7.1		9.1		8.9						
Green Ext Time (p_c), s		6.2		2.2		5.1						
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			8.7									

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations				77		77		ተተተ	7		ተተተ	7
Volume (veh/h)	0	0	0	420	0	1070	0	530	390	0	1110	190
Number				3	8	18	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)				1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj				1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln				1863	0	1863	0	1863	1863	0	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h				457	0	1049	0	576	0	0	1207	0
Adj No. of Lanes				2	0	2	0	3	1	0	3	1
Peak Hour Factor				0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Percent Heavy Veh, %				2	0	2	0	2	2	0	2	2
Cap, veh/h				1594	0	1291	0	2002	623	0	2002	623
Arrive On Green				0.46	0.00	0.46	0.00	0.79	0.00	0.00	0.39	0.00
Sat Flow, veh/h				3442	0	2787	0	5253	1583	0	5253	1583
Grp Volume(v), veh/h				457	0	1049	0	576	0	0	1207	0
Grp Sat Flow(s), veh/h/ln				1721	0	1393	0	1695	1583	0	1695	1583
Q Serve(g_s), s				4.6	0.0	18.1	0.0	1.7	0.0	0.0	10.5	0.0
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s				4.6	0.0	18.1	0.0	1.7	0.0	0.0	10.5	0.0
Prop In Lane				1.00	•	1.00	0.00	0000	1.00	0.00	0000	1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h				1594	0	1291	0	2002	623	0	2002	623
V/C Ratio(X)				0.29	0.00	0.81	0.00	0.29	0.00	0.00	0.60	0.00
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h				2155	0	1745	0	2002	623	0	2002	623
HCM Platoon Ratio				1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	2.00	2.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)				1.00 9.3	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.97	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh				0.1	0.0	12.9 2.2	0.0	3.8 0.4	0.0	0.0	13.5 1.4	0.0
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh				0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln				2.2	0.0	7.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.2	0.0
, , ,				9.4	0.0	15.1	0.0	4.1	0.0	0.0	14.8	0.0
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh LnGrp LOS				9.4 A	0.0	15.1 B	0.0	4.1 A	0.0	0.0	14.0 B	0.0
				A	1500	D		576			1207	
Approach Vol, veh/h					1506			4.1				
Approach LOS					13.4 B			4.1 A			14.8 B	
Approach LOS											Ь	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs		2				6		8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s		35.1				35.1		29.9				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s		4.0				4.0		4.0				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s		22.0				22.0		35.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s		3.7				12.5		20.1				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s		11.0				6.8		5.8				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			12.3									
HCM 2010 LOS			В									

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	44		77					ተተተ	7		ተተተ	7
Volume (veh/h)	120	0	670	0	0	0	0	800	190	0	1150	380
Number	7	4	14				5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0				0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00				1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00				1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	0	1863				0	1863	1863	0	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	130	0	702				0	870	0	0	1250	0
Adj No. of Lanes	2	0	2				0	3	1	0	3	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.92				0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	0	2				0	2	2	0	2	2
Cap, veh/h	1110	0	899				0	2679	834	0	2679	834
Arrive On Green	0.32	0.00	0.32				0.00	0.53	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00
Sat Flow, veh/h	3442	0	2787				0	5253	1583	0	5253	1583
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	130	0	702				0	870	0	0	1250	0
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	1721	0	1393				0	1695	1583	0	1695	1583
Q Serve(g_s), s	1.4	0.0	12.1				0.0	5.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	1.4	0.0	12.1				0.0	5.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Prop In Lane	1.00		1.00				0.00		1.00	0.00		1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	1110	0	899				0	2679	834	0	2679	834
V/C Ratio(X)	0.12	0.00	0.78				0.00	0.32	0.00	0.00	0.47	0.00
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	1878	0	1521				0	2679	834	0	2679	834
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00				1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	2.00	2.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	0.00	1.00				0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.85	0.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	12.7	0.0	16.3				0.0	7.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	0.0	0.0	1.5				0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0				0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	0.7	0.0	4.8				0.0	2.5	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	12.7	0.0	17.8				0.0	7.5	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0
LnGrp LOS	В		В					Α			Α	
Approach Vol, veh/h		832						870			1250	
Approach Delay, s/veh		17.0						7.5			0.5	
Approach LOS		В						Α			Α	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs		2		4		6						
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s		43.9		21.1		43.9						
Change Period (Y+Rc), s		4.0		4.0		4.0						
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s		28.0		29.0		28.0						
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s		7.2		14.1		2.0						
Green Ext Time (p_c), s		14.0		3.0		16.3						
Green Ext Time (p_c), s Intersection Summary		14.0		3.0		16.3						
u = 77		14.0	7.2	3.0		16.3						

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	ሻሻ	ተተተ	7	44	ተተተ	7	44	ተተተ	7	44	ተተተ	7
Volume (veh/h)	160	190	60	90	390	310	150	1010	90	330	1370	190
Number	7	4	14	3	8	18	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		0.99	1.00		0.99	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	174	207	13	98	424	199	163	1098	34	359	1489	72
Adj No. of Lanes	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	254	1248	386	163	1115	345	243	1901	589	452	2208	685
Arrive On Green	0.07	0.25	0.25	0.05	0.22	0.22	0.07	0.37	0.37	0.13	0.43	0.43
Sat Flow, veh/h	3442	5085	1574	3442	5085	1573	3442	5085	1577	3442	5085	1578
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	174	207	13	98	424	199	163	1098	34	359	1489	72
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	1721	1695	1574	1721	1695	1573	1721	1695	1577	1721	1695	1578
Q Serve(g_s), s	3.9	2.5	0.5	2.2	5.6	9.0	3.7	13.7	1.1	8.0	18.5	2.1
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	3.9	2.5	0.5	2.2	5.6	9.0	3.7	13.7	1.1	8.0	18.5	2.1
Prop In Lane	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	254	1248	386	163	1115	345	243	1901	589	452	2208	685
V/C Ratio(X)	0.69	0.17	0.03	0.60	0.38	0.58	0.67	0.58	0.06	0.79	0.67	0.11
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	304	2120	656	261	2056	636	348	2056	637	565	2377	737
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	35.8	23.5	22.7	37.0	26.3	27.6	35.9	19.8	15.9	33.4	17.9	13.3
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	4.9	0.1	0.0	3.5	0.2	1.5	3.2	0.3	0.0	6.2	0.7	0.1
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0 2.0	0.0 1.2	0.0 0.2	0.0 1.1	0.0 2.7	0.0 4.0	0.0 1.9	0.0 6.4	0.0 0.5	0.0 4.2	0.0 8.7	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	40.7	23.6	22.8	40.5	26.5	29.2	39.0	20.1	15.9	39.6	18.6	13.3
LnGrp LOS	40.7 D	23.0 C	22.0 C	40.5 D	20.5 C	29.2 C	39.0 D	20.1 C	15.9 B	39.0 D	10.0 B	13.3 B
	ט	394	U	ט	721	U	ט		Ь	U		В
Approach Vol, veh/h Approach Delay, s/veh					29.2			1295 22.4			1920	
Approach LOS		31.1 C			29.2 C			22.4 C			22.3 C	
Approach LOS					C			U			C	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	14.4	33.6	7.8	23.4	9.6	38.4	9.8	21.4				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	13.0	32.0	6.0	33.0	8.0	37.0	7.0	32.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	10.0	15.7	4.2	4.5	5.7	20.5	5.9	11.0				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.4	13.6	0.0	5.0	0.1	13.7	0.1	4.7				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			24.3									
HCM 2010 LOS			С									

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	777	<b>†</b>	7	ሻ	<b>†</b>	7	7	<b>†</b>	7	ሻ	<b>†</b>	7
Volume (veh/h)	70	350	190	20	440	200	280	340	20	50	170	70
Number	7	4	14	3	8	18	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		0.99	1.00		0.99
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	76	380	60	22	478	57	304	370	7	54	185	13
Adj No. of Lanes	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	153	661	560	35	616	521	361	663	560	68	356	300
Arrive On Green	0.04	0.36	0.36	0.02	0.33	0.33	0.20	0.36	0.36	0.04	0.19	0.19
Sat Flow, veh/h	3442	1863	1577	1774	1863	1576	1774	1863	1572	1774	1863	1571
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	76	380	60	22	478	57	304	370	7	54	185	13
Grp Sat Flow(s), veh/h/ln	1721	1863	1577	1774	1863	1576	1774	1863	1572	1774	1863	1571
Q Serve(g_s), s	1.5	11.5	1.8	0.9	16.0	1.7	11.4	11.1	0.2	2.1	6.2	0.5
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	1.5	11.5	1.8	0.9	16.0	1.7	11.4	11.1	0.2	2.1	6.2	0.5
Prop In Lane	1.00	224	1.00	1.00	0.10	1.00	1.00	222	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	153	661	560	35	616	521	361	663	560	68	356	300
V/C Ratio(X)	0.50	0.57	0.11	0.62	0.78	0.11	0.84	0.56	0.01	0.79	0.52	0.04
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	198	912	772	128	939	795	639	1261	1064	204	805	679
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00 33.8	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00 33.1	1.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	32.4 2.5	18.1 0.8	15.0 0.1	16.5	20.9 2.3	16.1 0.1	26.6 5.4	18.0 0.7	14.5 0.0	18.2	25.2 1.2	22.9 0.1
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	0.0	6.1	0.0	0.6	8.6	0.0	6.1	5.8	0.0	1.4	3.3	0.0
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	34.9	18.9	15.1	50.3	23.2	16.2	32.0	18.7	14.5	51.3	26.4	23.0
LnGrp LOS	04.9 C	10.9	В	50.5 D	23.2 C	10.2 B	32.0 C	В	14.3 B	D D	20.4 C	23.0 C
Approach Vol, veh/h		516	U	ט	557	ט		681	U	U	252	
Approach Delay, s/veh		20.8			23.6			24.6			31.5	
Approach LOS		20.0 C			23.0 C			24.0 C			C C	
											0	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	6.7	28.7	5.4	28.7	18.1	17.3	7.1	27.0				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	8.0	47.0	5.0	34.0	25.0	30.0	4.0	35.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	4.1	13.1	2.9	13.5	13.4	8.2	3.5	18.0				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.0	3.8	0.0	5.3	0.7	3.5	0.0	4.9				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			24.2									
HCM 2010 LOS			С									

	•	<b>→</b>	•	•	<b>←</b>	•	4	<b>†</b>	~	<b>/</b>	<b>↓</b>	4
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	ሻ	4	7	ሻ	f)		ň	ተተኈ		ሻ	ተተተ	7
Volume (veh/h)	110	30	60	50	60	10	110	760	50	10	1150	320
Number	7	4	14	3	8	18	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		0.97	1.00		0.97	1.00		0.99	1.00		0.99
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	76	94	3	54	65	2	120	826	49	11	1250	131
Adj No. of Lanes	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	3	0	1	3	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	202	212	176	180	182	6	153	2260	134	20	1960	602
Arrive On Green	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.09	0.46	0.46	0.01	0.39	0.39
Sat Flow, veh/h	1774	1863	1542	1774	1796	55	1774	4908	290	1774	5085	1563
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	76	94	3	54	0	67	120	570	305	11	1250	131
Grp Sat Flow(s), veh/h/ln	1774	1863	1542	1774	0	1851	1774	1695	1808	1774	1695	1563
Q Serve(g_s), s	2.0	2.4	0.1	1.4	0.0	1.7	3.4	5.6	5.6	0.3	10.2	2.9
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	2.0	2.4	0.1	1.4	0.0	1.7	3.4	5.6	5.6	0.3	10.2	2.9
Prop In Lane	1.00		1.00	1.00		0.03	1.00		0.16	1.00		1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	202	212	176	180	0	188	153	1561	832	20	1960	602
V/C Ratio(X)	0.38	0.44	0.02	0.30	0.00	0.36	0.78	0.36	0.37	0.55	0.64	0.22
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	798	838	694	1006	0	1050	173	1561	832	139	2188	672
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	21.0	21.1	20.1	21.3	0.0	21.4	22.9	8.9	9.0	25.1	12.8	10.5
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	1.2	1.4	0.0	0.9	0.0	1.1	18.6	0.1	0.3	21.3	0.5	0.2
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	1.1	1.3	0.0	0.8	0.0	0.9	2.5	2.6	2.9	0.3	4.8	1.3
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	22.1	22.6	20.1	22.2	0.0	22.6	41.5	9.1	9.2	46.4	13.3	10.7
LnGrp LOS	C	С	С	С		C	D	Α	Α	D	В	В
Approach Vol, veh/h	-	173		-	121			995			1392	
Approach Delay, s/veh		22.3			22.4			13.0			13.3	
Approach LOS		C			C			В			В	
	1		2	4	5	6	7					
Timer	•	2	3			6		8				
Assigned Phs	1	2		4	5	6		8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	4.6	27.5		9.8	8.4	23.7		9.2				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.0	4.0		4.0	4.0	4.0		4.0				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	4.0	23.0		23.0	5.0	22.0		29.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	2.3	7.6		4.4	5.4	12.2		3.7				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.0	11.4		0.6	0.0	7.5		0.4				
Intersection Summary			440									
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			14.2									
HCM 2010 LOS			В									
Notes												

User approved volume balancing among the lanes for turning movement.

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	ሻ	4		7	1>		ሻ	ተተተ	7	ሻ	ተተተ	7
Volume (veh/h)	50	20	10	10	30	60	10	1140	20	190	1180	150
Number	7	4	14	3	8	18	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		0.99	1.00		0.98	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	54	22	1	11	33	5	11	1239	8	207	1283	84
Adj No. of Lanes	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	3	1	1	3	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	75	209	9	20	137	21	20	2037	632	260	2726	845
Arrive On Green	0.04	0.12	0.12	0.01	0.09	0.09	0.01	0.40	0.40	0.15	0.54	0.54
Sat Flow, veh/h	1774	1767	80	1774	1577	239	1774	5085	1577	1774	5085	1576
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	54	0	23	11	0	38	11	1239	8	207	1283	84
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	1774	0	1847	1774	0	1816	1774	1695	1577	1774	1695	1576
Q Serve(g_s), s	1.5	0.0	0.6	0.3	0.0	1.0	0.3	9.6	0.2	5.6	7.7	1.3
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	1.5	0.0	0.6	0.3	0.0	1.0	0.3	9.6	0.2	5.6	7.7	1.3
Prop In Lane	1.00		0.04	1.00		0.13	1.00	222=	1.00	1.00	2=22	1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	75	0	218	20	0	158	20	2037	632	260	2726	845
V/C Ratio(X)	0.72	0.00	0.11	0.55	0.00	0.24	0.55	0.61	0.01	0.80	0.47	0.10
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	143	0	1083	143	0	1064	143	2158	669	358	2775	860
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	23.4	0.0	19.5	24.3	0.0	21.1	24.3	11.8	8.9	20.4	7.1	5.6
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	12.1	0.0	0.2	21.1	0.0	0.8	21.1	0.5	0.0	8.3	0.1	0.1
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	1.0	0.0	0.3	0.3	0.0	0.5	0.3	4.4	0.1	3.3	3.6	0.6
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	35.5	0.0	19.7	45.5	0.0	21.8 C	45.5	12.2	8.9	28.7 C	7.3	5.7
LnGrp LOS	D	77	В	D	40	U	D	B 4050	Α	U	A	A
Approach Vol, veh/h		77			49			1258			1574	
Approach Delay, s/veh		30.8			27.1			12.5			10.0	
Approach LOS		С			С			В			Α	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	11.3	23.8	4.6	9.8	4.6	30.5	6.1	8.3				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	10.0	21.0	4.0	29.0	4.0	27.0	4.0	29.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	7.6	11.6	2.3	2.6	2.3	9.7	3.5	3.0				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.1	8.3	0.0	0.2	0.0	14.0	0.0	0.2				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			11.9									
HCM 2010 LOS			В									

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	ሻ	4		7	<b>†</b>	7	7	4		ሻ	4	
Volume (veh/h)	20	180	30	10	60	610	10	10	10	310	40	30
Number	7	4	14	3	8	18	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		0.99	1.00		0.99	1.00		1.00	1.00		0.99
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1900
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	22	196	23	11	65	116	11	11	0	337	43	10
Adj No. of Lanes	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	39	344	40	21	372	312	21	148	0	432	455	106
Arrive On Green	0.02	0.21	0.21	0.01	0.20	0.20	0.01	0.08	0.00	0.24	0.31	0.31
Sat Flow, veh/h	1774	1634	192	1774	1863	1564	1774	1863	0	1774	1460	340
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	22	0	219	11	65	116	11	11	0	337	0	53
Grp Sat Flow(s), veh/h/ln	1774	0	1826	1774	1863	1564	1774	1863	0	1774	0	1800
Q Serve(g_s), s	0.4	0.0	3.8	0.2	1.0	2.3	0.2	0.2	0.0	6.2	0.0	0.7
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	0.4	0.0	3.8	0.2	1.0	2.3	0.2	0.2	0.0	6.2	0.0	0.7
Prop In Lane	1.00	^	0.11	1.00	070	1.00	1.00	440	0.00	1.00	^	0.19
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	39	0	384	21	372	312	21	148	0	432	0	561
V/C Ratio(X)	0.56	0.00	0.57	0.54	0.17	0.37	0.54	0.07	0.00	0.78	0.00	0.09
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h HCM Platoon Ratio	202	0	883	202 1.00	900	756	202	900	0	807	0 1.00	1484
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00 0.00	1.00 1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00 1.00	1.00	1.00 1.00	1.00 0.00	1.00 1.00	0.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	17.0	0.00	12.5	17.3	11.7	12.2	17.3	15.0	0.00	12.4	0.00	8.6
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	12.1	0.0	1.3	19.9	0.2	0.7	19.9	0.2	0.0	3.1	0.0	0.0
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	0.3	0.0	2.0	0.0	0.5	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.4	0.0	0.4
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	29.2	0.0	13.8	37.2	11.9	12.9	37.2	15.2	0.0	15.5	0.0	8.7
LnGrp LOS	23.2 C	0.0	13.0 B	D	В	12.9 B	D D	13.2 B	0.0	В	0.0	Α
Approach Vol, veh/h		241			192			22			390	
Approach Delay, s/veh		15.2			13.9			26.2			14.6	
Approach LOS		13.2 B			В			C			В	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	12.6	6.8	4.4	11.4	4.4	15.0	4.8	11.0				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	16.0	17.0	4.0	17.0	4.0	29.0	4.0	17.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	8.2	2.2	2.2	5.8	2.2	2.7	2.4	4.3				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.7	0.2	0.0	1.4	0.0	0.3	0.0	1.5				
Intersection Summary						,						
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			14.9									
HCM 2010 Car Delay			14.9 B									
I IOWI ZUTU LOS			D									

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	ሻ	<b>†</b>	7	7	<b>†</b>	7	ň	<b>†</b> †	7	ň	<b>†</b> †	7
Volume (veh/h)	160	50	20	60	70	110	10	750	30	40	470	100
Number	7	4	14	3	8	18	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		0.99	1.00		0.99	1.00		0.99	1.00		0.99
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	174	54	5	65	76	11	11	815	9	43	511	32
Adj No. of Lanes	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	2	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	222	355	299	89	214	180	20	1261	560	66	1352	601
Arrive On Green	0.13	0.19	0.19	0.05	0.12	0.12	0.01	0.36	0.36	0.04	0.38	0.38
Sat Flow, veh/h	1774	1863	1571	1774	1863	1563	1774	3539	1572	1774	3539	1573
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	174	54	5	65	76	11	11	815	9	43	511	32
Grp Sat Flow(s), veh/h/ln	1774	1863	1571	1774	1863	1563	1774	1770	1572	1774	1770	1573
Q Serve(g_s), s	4.2	1.1	0.1	1.6	1.6	0.3	0.3	8.4	0.2	1.0	4.6	0.6
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	4.2	1.1	0.1	1.6	1.6	0.3	0.3	8.4	0.2	1.0	4.6	0.6
Prop In Lane	1.00	055	1.00	1.00	011	1.00	1.00	1001	1.00	1.00	1050	1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	222	355	299	89	214	180	20	1261	560	66	1352	601
V/C Ratio(X)	0.78	0.15	0.02	0.73	0.35	0.06	0.54	0.65	0.02	0.65	0.38	0.05
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	325	1066	899	244	980	822	162	1539	684	162	1539	684
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	18.5 7.4	14.7	14.4 0.0	20.5 11.1	17.8 1.0	17.2 0.1	21.5 20.6	11.8 0.7	9.1	20.8	9.8 0.2	8.5 0.0
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.2 0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	2.5	0.6	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.2	0.0	0.0	2.2	0.0
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	25.9	14.9	14.4	31.5	18.8	17.4	42.1	12.4	9.1	31.1	9.9	8.6
LnGrp LOS	25.9 C	14.9 B	14.4 B	31.5 C	10.0	17.4 B	42.1 D	12.4 B	9.1 A	01.1 C	9.9 A	6.0 A
Approach Vol, veh/h	U	233	ט	U	152	ט	ט	835		<u> </u>	586	
Approach Delay, s/veh		23.1			24.2			12.8			11.4	
Approach LOS		23.1 C			24.2 C			12.0 B			11.4 B	
Approach LOS											Ь	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	5.6	19.6	6.2	12.3	4.5	20.7	9.5	9.0				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	4.0	19.0	6.0	25.0	4.0	19.0	8.0	23.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	3.0	10.4	3.6	3.1	2.3	6.6	6.2	3.6				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.0	5.1	0.0	0.6	0.0	6.6	0.1	0.6				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			14.6									
HCM 2010 LOS			В									

	۶	<b>→</b>	•	•	<b>←</b>	•	•	†	<i>&gt;</i>	<b>/</b>	<b>+</b>	- ✓
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	ሻ	₽		7	₽		7	4		ሻ	4	
Volume (veh/h)	50	60	90	70	110	110	90	410	30	50	430	20
Number	7	4	14	3	8	18	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		0.98	1.00		0.98	1.00		0.99	1.00		0.99
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1900
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	54	65	12	76	120	46	98	446	26	54	467	17
Adj No. of Lanes	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	79	235	43	99	211	81	124	641	37	79	611	22
Arrive On Green	0.04	0.15	0.15	0.06	0.17	0.17	0.07	0.37	0.37	0.04	0.34	0.34
Sat Flow, veh/h	1774	1526	282	1774	1278	490	1774	1742	102	1774	1786	65
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	54	0	77	76	0	166	98	0	472	54	0	484
Grp Sat Flow(s), veh/h/ln	1774	0	1808	1774	0	1767	1774	0	1844	1774	0	1851
Q Serve(g_s), s	1.3	0.0	1.6	1.8	0.0	3.7	2.3	0.0	9.2	1.3	0.0	9.9
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	1.3	0.0	1.6	1.8	0.0	3.7	2.3	0.0	9.2	1.3	0.0	9.9
Prop In Lane	1.00	•	0.16	1.00	•	0.28	1.00	^	0.06	1.00	^	0.04
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	79	0	278	99	0	292	124	0	678	79	0	633
V/C Ratio(X)	0.69	0.00	0.28	0.77	0.00	0.57	0.79	0.00	0.70	0.69	0.00	0.76
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h HCM Platoon Ratio	168	0	726	168 1.00	0 1.00	710	252	0	828	168	0	743 1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00 0.00	1.00 1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00 1.00	1.00	1.00 0.00	1.00 1.00	1.00 1.00	1.00 0.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	19.9	0.00	15.8	19.7	0.00	16.3	19.4	0.00	11.4	19.9	0.00	12.4
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	10.0	0.0	0.5	11.6	0.0	1.7	10.6	0.0	2.0	10.0	0.0	4.0
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	0.8	0.0	0.8	1.2	0.0	1.9	1.5	0.0	5.0	0.8	0.0	5.7
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	30.0	0.0	16.4	31.4	0.0	18.0	29.9	0.0	13.3	30.0	0.0	16.4
LnGrp LOS	C	0.0	В	C C	0.0	В	23.3 C	0.0	В	00.0 C	0.0	В
Approach Vol, veh/h		131			242			570			538	
Approach Delay, s/veh		22.0			22.2			16.2			17.8	
Approach LOS		C			C			В			В	
• •	1		0	4		6	7					
Timer Assigned Phs	1	2	3	4	<u>5</u> 5	6		8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	5.9	19.6	6.4	10.5	7.0	18.5	5.9	11.0				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	4.0	19.0	4.0	17.0	6.0	17.0	4.0	17.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	3.3	11.2	3.8	3.6	4.3	11.9	3.3	5.7				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.0	3.3	0.0	1.0	0.0	2.5	0.0	0.9				
· · ·	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	0.0				
Intersection Summary			10.0									
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			18.3									
HCM 2010 LOS			В									

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	Ĭ,	<del>(</del> Î		¥	f)		¥	<b>∱</b> ∱		ř	<b>∱</b> ∱	
Volume (veh/h)	120	10	50	10	10	40	20	760	10	20	1060	180
Number	7	4	14	3	8	18	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		0.98	1.00		0.97	1.00		0.99	1.00		0.99
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1900
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	130	11	8	11	11	2	22	826	10	22	1152	181
Adj No. of Lanes	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	2	0	1	2	0
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	166	172	125	20	138	25	37	1793	22	37	1534	240
Arrive On Green	0.09	0.17	0.17	0.01	0.09	0.09	0.02	0.50	0.50	0.02	0.50	0.50
Sat Flow, veh/h	1774	996	724	1774	1525	277	1774	3581	43	1774	3063	479
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	130	0	19	11	0	13	22	408	428	22	664	669
Grp Sat Flow(s), veh/h/ln	1774	0	1720	1774	0	1803	1774	1770	1855	1774	1770	1772
Q Serve(g_s), s	3.9	0.0	0.5	0.3	0.0	0.4	0.7	8.1	8.1	0.7	16.3	16.5
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	3.9	0.0	0.5	0.3	0.0	0.4	0.7	8.1	8.1	0.7	16.3	16.5
Prop In Lane	1.00		0.42	1.00		0.15	1.00	222	0.02	1.00	222	0.27
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	166	0	297	20	0	163	37	886	929	37	886	888
V/C Ratio(X)	0.78	0.00	0.06	0.55	0.00	0.08	0.60	0.46	0.46	0.60	0.75	0.75
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	228	0	822	130	0	762	130	976	1023	130	976	978
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	24.1	0.0	18.8	26.7	0.0	22.7	26.4	8.8	8.8	26.4 14.4	10.8	10.9
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	11.3	0.0	0.1 0.0	21.6	0.0	0.2 0.0	14.4	0.4	0.4 0.0		2.9	3.1
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh %ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	2.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0 0.5	0.0 4.1	4.3	0.0 0.5	0.0 8.5	0.0 8.7
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	35.4	0.0	18.9	48.3	0.0	22.9	40.8	9.2	9.2	40.8	13.8	13.9
LnGrp LOS	33.4 D	0.0	10.9	40.3 D	0.0	22.9 C	40.6 D	9.2 A	9.2 A	40.6 D	13.0 B	13.9 B
Approach Vol, veh/h	U	149	Ь	ט	24	U	ט	858	A	D	1355	В
Approach Vol, ven/n Approach Delay, s/veh		33.3			34.5			10.0			14.3	
Approach LOS		33.3 C			34.3 C			10.0 A			14.3 B	
• •											Ь	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	5.1	31.2	4.6	13.4	5.1	31.2	9.1	8.9				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	4.0	30.0	4.0	26.0	4.0	30.0	7.0	23.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	2.7	10.1	2.3	2.5	2.7	18.5	5.9	2.4				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.0	13.3	0.0	0.1	0.0	8.8	0.0	0.1				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			14.1									
HCM 2010 LOS			В									

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	ň	<b>†</b> †	7	7	ተተተ	7	ሻሻ	<b>∱</b> ∱		44	<b>∱</b> ∱	
Volume (veh/h)	10	1060	330	40	890	320	420	460	50	520	580	20
Number	7	4	14	3	8	18	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1900
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	11	1152	120	42	967	119	438	479	42	565	604	19
Adj No. of Lanes	1	2	1	1	3	1	2	2	0	2	2	0
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.96	0.96	0.92	0.92	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.92	0.96	0.92
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	19	1249	558	54	1894	589	528	759	66	639	921	29
Arrive On Green	0.01	0.35	0.35	0.03	0.37	0.37	0.15	0.23	0.23	0.19	0.26	0.26
Sat Flow, veh/h	1774	3539	1581	1774	5085	1581	3442	3293	288	3442	3503	110
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	11	1152	120	42	967	119	438	257	264	565	305	318
Grp Sat Flow(s), veh/h/ln	1774	1770	1581	1774	1695	1581	1721	1770	1811	1721	1770	1843
Q Serve(g_s), s	0.5	24.9	4.2	1.9	11.8	4.1	9.9	10.4	10.5	12.8	12.3	12.3
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	0.5	24.9	4.2	1.9	11.8	4.1	9.9	10.4	10.5	12.8	12.3	12.3
Prop In Lane	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		0.16	1.00		0.06
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	19	1249	558	54	1894	589	528	408	418	639	465	485
V/C Ratio(X)	0.57	0.92	0.22	0.78	0.51	0.20	0.83	0.63	0.63	0.88	0.66	0.66
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	89	1285	574	89	1894	589	603	576	590	646	598	623
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	39.3	24.8	18.1	38.5	19.4	17.0	32.8	27.7	27.7	31.7	26.2	26.2
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	24.0	10.9	0.2	21.1	0.2	0.2	8.5	1.6	1.6	13.6	1.7	1.6
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	0.4	14.1	1.9	1.2	5.5	1.8	5.3	5.2	5.4	7.3	6.1	6.4
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	63.3 E	35.7	18.3	59.5	19.6	17.2	41.3	29.3	29.3	45.3	27.9 C	27.8
LnGrp LOS	<u> </u>	D	В	E	B	В	D	<u>C</u>	С	D		С
Approach Vol, veh/h		1283			1128			959			1188	
Approach Delay, s/veh		34.3			20.9			34.8			36.2	
Approach LOS		С			С			С			D	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	18.8	22.4	6.4	32.2	16.2	25.0	4.9	33.7				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	15.0	26.0	4.0	29.0	14.0	27.0	4.0	29.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	14.8	12.5	3.9	26.9	11.9	14.3	2.5	13.8				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.1	5.6	0.0	1.3	0.4	5.4	0.0	11.3				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			31.6									
HCM 2010 LOS			С									

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	<b>ሕ</b> ሽ	ተተተ	7	1,4	ተተተ	7	<b>ሕ</b> ግ	ተተተ	7	<b>ሕ</b> ሽ	ተተተ	7
Volume (veh/h)	110	410	140	350	220	350	140	2000	420	380	1930	70
Number	3	8	18	7	4	14	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	115	427	0	365	229	0	146	2083	0	396	2010	0
Adj No. of Lanes	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	166	730	227	414	1097	341	197	2298	716	425	2668	831
Arrive On Green	0.05	0.14	0.00	0.12	0.22	0.00	0.06	0.45	0.00	0.12	0.52	0.00
Sat Flow, veh/h	3442	5085	1583	3442	5085	1583	3442	5085	1583	3442	5085	1583
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	115	427	0	365	229	0	146	2083	0	396	2010	0
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	1721	1695	1583	1721	1695	1583	1721	1695	1583	1721	1695	1583
Q Serve(g_s), s	4.2	10.0	0.0	13.3	4.7	0.0	5.3	48.3	0.0	14.5	39.5	0.0
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	4.2	10.0	0.0	13.3	4.7	0.0	5.3	48.3	0.0	14.5	39.5	0.0
Prop In Lane	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	166	730	227	414	1097	341	197	2298	716	425	2668	831
V/C Ratio(X)	0.69	0.59	0.00	0.88	0.21	0.00	0.74	0.91	0.00	0.93	0.75	0.00
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	244	1241	386	420	1502	468	230	2298	716	425	2668	831
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	0.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	59.5	50.9	0.0	55.0	40.9	0.0	58.9	32.3	0.0	55.1	23.7	0.0
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	2.0	1.3	0.0	18.3	0.2	0.0	8.0	6.6	0.0	26.7	2.0	0.0
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	2.0	4.8	0.0	7.3	2.2	0.0	2.8	24.0	0.0	8.5	18.9	0.0
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	61.5	52.1	0.0	73.3	41.1	0.0	66.9	38.9	0.0	81.8	25.8	0.0
LnGrp LOS	Е	D		Е	D		Е	D		F	С	
Approach Vol, veh/h		542			594			2229			2406	
Approach Delay, s/veh		54.1			60.8			40.7			35.0	
Approach LOS		D			Е			D			С	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	34.0	62.7	10.6	32.7	11.8	84.9	19.8	23.5				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	5.3	* 5.3	4.5	5.3	4.5	5.3	4.5	5.3				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	15.7	* 57	9.0	37.5	8.5	65.4	15.5	31.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	16.5	50.3	6.2	6.7	7.3	41.5	15.3	12.0				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.0	7.0	0.0	7.3	0.0	22.5	0.0	6.0				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			41.6									
HCM 2010 LOS			D									
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay												

# Notes

User approved pedestrian interval to be less than phase max green.

\* HCM 2010 computational engine requires equal clearance times for the phases crossing the barrier.

	۶	<b>→</b>	•	•	<b>←</b>	•	4	†	<i>&gt;</i>	<b>\</b>	<b>+</b>	1
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	44	<b>†</b>	7		4		ሻ	ተተኈ		ሻ	ተተኈ	
Volume (veh/h)	120	30	150	10	20	20	100	1050	60	20	780	130
Number	7	4	14	3	8	18	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		0.99	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1863	1900	1863	1900	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1900
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	130	33	38	11	22	2	109	1141	57	22	848	109
Adj No. of Lanes	2	1	1	0	1	0	1	3	0	1	3	0
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	258	465	394	0	131	12	139	2173	109	38	1740	223
Arrive On Green	0.08	0.25	0.25	0.00	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.44	0.44	0.02	0.38	0.38
Sat Flow, veh/h	3442	1863	1580	0	1682	153	1774	4961	248	1774	4564	584
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	130	33	38	0	0	24	109	780	418	22	629	328
Grp Sat Flow(s), veh/h/ln	1721	1863	1580	0	0	1835	1774	1695	1818	1774	1695	1758
Q Serve(g_s), s	1.5	0.6	0.8	0.0	0.0	0.5	2.5	6.9	6.9	0.5	5.8	5.9
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	1.5	0.6	0.8	0.0	0.0	0.5	2.5	6.9	6.9	0.5	5.8	5.9
Prop In Lane	1.00	405	1.00	0.00	•	0.08	1.00	4.405	0.14	1.00	4000	0.33
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	258	465	394	0	0	143	139	1485	797	38	1292	670
V/C Ratio(X)	0.50	0.07	0.10	0.00	0.00	0.17	0.78	0.52	0.53	0.57	0.49	0.49
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	333	902	765	0	0	889	301	1724	925	172	1478	766
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00 1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00 1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00 1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I) Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	18.4	11.8	11.9	0.00	0.00	17.8	18.7	8.5	8.5	1.00 20.0	9.7	1.00 9.7
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	1.5	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.6	9.2	0.3	0.5	12.8	0.3	0.6
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	0.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	1.6	3.2	3.5	0.0	2.8	2.9
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	19.9	11.9	12.0	0.0	0.0	18.3	27.9	8.8	9.0	32.8	10.0	10.3
LnGrp LOS	В	В	12.0 B	0.0	0.0	10.5	C C	Α	3.0 A	02.0 C	Α	В
Approach Vol, veh/h		201			24			1307			979	
Approach Delay, s/veh		17.1			18.3			10.4			10.6	
Approach LOS		В			В			В			В	
· ·												
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	4.9	22.1	0.0	14.3	7.2	19.7	7.1	7.2				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	4.0	21.0	4.0	20.0	7.0	18.0	4.0	20.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	2.5	8.9	0.0	2.8	4.5	7.9	3.5	2.5				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.0	9.1	0.0	0.3	0.0	7.8	0.0	0.3				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			11.1									
HCM 2010 LOS			В									

	۶	<b>→</b>	•	•	<b>←</b>	•	•	†	~	<b>/</b>	<b>+</b>	4
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	ሽኘ	ተተተ	7	ሽኘ	ተተተ	7	ሻ	4	7	ሽኘ	<b>†</b>	7
Volume (veh/h)	550	1090	170	30	690	60	300	80	70	90	30	260
Number	5	2	12	1	6	16	7	4	14	3	8	18
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	598	1185	77	33	750	0	206	254	9	98	33	0
Adj No. of Lanes	2	3	1	2	3	1	1	1	1	2	1	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	668	2474	769	62	1578	491	318	334	283	214	116	98
Arrive On Green	0.19	0.49	0.49	0.02	0.31	0.00	0.18	0.18	0.18	0.06	0.06	0.00
Sat Flow, veh/h	3442	5085	1581	3442	5085	1583	1774	1863	1578	3442	1863	1583
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	598	1185	77	33	750	0	206	254	9	98	33	0
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	1721	1695	1581	1721	1695	1583	1774	1863	1578	1721	1863	1583
Q Serve(g_s), s	12.7	11.7	2.0	0.7	8.9	0.0	8.1	9.7	0.4	2.1	1.3	0.0
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	12.7	11.7	2.0	0.7	8.9	0.0	8.1	9.7	0.4	2.1	1.3	0.0
Prop In Lane	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	668	2474	769	62	1578	491	318	334	283	214	116	98
V/C Ratio(X)	0.90	0.48	0.10	0.53	0.48	0.00	0.65	0.76	0.03	0.46	0.29	0.00
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	668	2474	769	129	1668	519	784	823	697	1566	848	721
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	29.4	12.8	10.4	36.4	20.8	0.0	28.5	29.1	25.3	33.8	33.4	0.0
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	14.3	0.4	0.1	2.6	0.6	0.0	0.8	1.4	0.0	0.6	0.5	0.0
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	7.3	5.5	0.9	0.4	4.3	0.0	4.0	5.1	0.2	1.0	0.7	0.0
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	43.6	13.2	10.5	39.0	21.4	0.0	29.3	30.5	25.3	34.4	33.9	0.0
LnGrp LOS	D	В	В	D	С		С	C	<u> </u>	С	С	
Approach Vol, veh/h		1860			783			469			131	
Approach Delay, s/veh		22.9			22.2			29.9			34.3	
Approach LOS		С			С			С			С	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2		4	5	6		8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	5.8	41.8		17.9	19.0	28.7		9.1				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.5	5.5		4.5	4.5	5.5		4.5				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	2.8	36.2		33.0	14.5	24.5		34.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	2.7	13.7		11.7	14.7	10.9		4.1				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.0	19.9		1.3	0.0	12.2		0.2				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			24.2									
HCM 2010 LOS			С									
Notes												
User approved pedestrian intelleger												
User approved volume balanci	ng amor	ig the lan	es for turn	iing move	ernent.							

	•	<b>→</b>	•	•	<b>←</b>	•	1	<b>†</b>	~	<b>/</b>	<del> </del>	1
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	<b>ሕ</b> ግ	ተተተ	7	ሻሻ	ተተተ	7	ሽሽ	ተተተ	7	<b>ሽ</b> ሽ	ተተተ	7
Volume (veh/h)	190	820	950	610	420	450	850	1820	430	660	1510	220
Number	3	8	18	7	4	14	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	C
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	198	854	700	635	438	0	885	1896	0	688	1573	C
Adj No. of Lanes	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	247	1442	449	390	1676	522	651	1660	517	435	1369	426
Arrive On Green	0.07	0.28	0.28	0.11	0.33	0.00	0.06	0.11	0.00	0.13	0.27	0.00
Sat Flow, veh/h	3442	5085	1583	3477	5085	1583	3442	5085	1583	3442	5085	1583
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	198	854	700	635	438	0	885	1896	0	688	1573	C
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	1721	1695	1583	1739	1695	1583	1721	1695	1583	1721	1695	1583
Q Serve(g_s), s	7.9	20.2	39.7	15.7	8.8	0.0	26.5	45.7	0.0	17.7	37.7	0.0
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	7.9	20.2	39.7	15.7	8.8	0.0	26.5	45.7	0.0	17.7	37.7	0.0
Prop In Lane	1.00	20.2	1.00	1.00	0.0	1.00	1.00	1017	1.00	1.00	07.17	1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	247	1442	449	390	1676	522	651	1660	517	435	1369	426
V/C Ratio(X)	0.80	0.59	1.56	1.63	0.26	0.00	1.36	1.14	0.00	1.58	1.15	0.00
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	339	1442	449	390	1676	522	651	1660	517	435	1369	426
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.33	0.33	0.33	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.09	0.09	0.00	1.00	1.00	0.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	64.0	43.2	50.2	62.2	34.4	0.0	65.6	62.5	0.0	61.2	51.2	0.0
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	6.4	1.1	262.3	294.3	0.2	0.0	162.3	64.8	0.0	272.3	75.9	0.0
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	4.0	9.6	50.1	23.5	4.2	0.0	27.3	31.4	0.0	24.9	27.2	0.0
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	70.4	44.3	312.5	356.5	34.7	0.0	227.9	127.2	0.0	333.5	127.0	0.0
LnGrp LOS	70.4 E	D	612.5 F	F	C C	0.0	F	F	0.0	F	F	0.0
Approach Vol, veh/h		1752			1073			2781			2261	
Approach Delay, s/veh		154.4			225.1			159.3			189.8	
Approach LOS		134.4 F			225.1 F			159.5 F			109.0 F	
Approach LOS		Г			Г			Г			Г	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	23.0	51.0	14.5	51.5	31.0	43.0	21.0	45.0				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	5.3	* 5.3	4.5	5.3	4.5	5.3	5.3	* 5.3				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	17.7	* 46	13.8	42.4	26.5	37.7	15.7	* 40				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	19.7	47.7	9.9	10.8	28.5	39.7	17.7	41.7				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.0	0.0	0.1	6.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			175.9									
HCM 2010 LOS			F									
Notes												

<sup>\*</sup> HCM 2010 computational engine requires equal clearance times for the phases crossing the barrier.

	•	<b>→</b>	•	•	-	•	•	†	<i>&gt;</i>	<b>&gt;</b>	<b>+</b>	-√
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	Ä	<b>∱</b> ⊅		Ä	ተኈ		7	ተተተ	7	Ä	ተተተ	7
Volume (veh/h)	160	860	620	60	480	230	640	920	210	240	550	140
Number	7	4	14	3	8	18	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		0.99	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	167	896	555	62	500	200	667	958	90	250	573	14
Adj No. of Lanes	1	2	0	1	2	0	1	3	1	1	3	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	190	807	488	59	755	300	615	1356	422	378	678	211
Arrive On Green	0.11	0.38	0.38	0.03	0.31	0.31	0.35	0.27	0.27	0.21	0.13	0.13
Sat Flow, veh/h	1774	2123	1283	1774	2464	980	1774	5085	1583	1774	5085	1583
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	167	743	708	62	358	342	667	958	90	250	573	14
Grp Sat Flow(s), veh/h/ln	1774	1770	1636	1774	1770	1674	1774	1695	1583	1774	1695	1583
Q Serve(g_s), s	13.9	57.0	57.0	5.0	26.4	26.7	52.0	25.5	5.8	19.4	16.5	1.2
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	13.9	57.0	57.0	5.0	26.4	26.7	52.0	25.5	5.8	19.4	16.5	1.2
Prop In Lane	1.00	070	0.78	1.00	F 40	0.59	1.00	4050	1.00	1.00	070	1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	190	672	622	59	542	513	615	1356	422	378	678	211
V/C Ratio(X)	0.88	1.11	1.14	1.05	0.66	0.67	1.08	0.71	0.21	0.66	0.85	0.07
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	225	672	622	59	542	513	615	1356	422	378	678	211
HCM Platoon Ratio Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00 1.00	1.00 1.00	1.00 1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00 1.00	1.00	1.00 1.00	1.00 1.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	66.1	46.5	46.5	72.5	45.2	45.3	49.0	49.7	33.3	54.0	63.5	56.8
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	27.7	67.1	80.7	131.2	3.0	3.3	61.3	3.1	1.2	8.8	12.3	0.6
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	8.3	40.4	39.7	4.6	13.4	12.8	35.9	12.4	2.9	10.4	8.5	0.5
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	93.8	113.6	127.2	204.9	48.2	48.6	110.3	52.8	34.4	62.8	75.8	57.4
LnGrp LOS	30.0 F	F	F	204.9 F	40.2 D	40.0 D	F	52.0 D	C	02.0 E	75.0 E	57.4 E
Approach Vol, veh/h	•	1618			762			1715			837	
Approach Delay, s/veh		117.5			61.1			74.2			71.6	
Approach LOS		F			E			E			7 1.0 E	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	36.0	44.0	9.0	61.0	56.0	24.0	20.0	50.0				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	32.0	40.0	5.0	57.0	52.0	20.0	19.0	43.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	21.4	27.5	7.0	59.0	54.0	18.5	15.9	28.7				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	3.2	5.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.1	10.7				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			86.0									
HCM 2010 LOS			60.0 F									
TIOWI ZUTU LOG			ı									

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations						7		ተተተ	7	Ť	ተተው	7
Volume (vph)	0	0	0	0	0	680	0	2420	160	720	1690	860
Ideal Flow (vphpl)	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900
Total Lost time (s)						5.0		5.3	5.3	5.0	4.0	4.0
Lane Util. Factor						1.00		0.91	1.00	1.00	0.86	0.86
Frt						0.86		1.00	0.85	1.00	0.98	0.85
Flt Protected						1.00		1.00	1.00	0.95	1.00	1.00
Satd. Flow (prot)						1611		5085	1583	1770	4702	1362
Flt Permitted						1.00		1.00	1.00	0.95	1.00	1.00
Satd. Flow (perm)						1611		5085	1583	1770	4702	1362
Peak-hour factor, PHF	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96
Adj. Flow (vph)	0	0	0	0	0	708	0	2521	167	750	1760	896
RTOR Reduction (vph)	0	0	0	0	0	37	0	0	34	0	0	0
Lane Group Flow (vph)	0	0	0	0	0	671	0	2521	133	750	2056	600
Turn Type						pt+ov		NA	Perm	Prot	NA	Perm
Protected Phases						13		2 4		13	Free	
Permitted Phases						13			2 4			Free
Actuated Green, G (s)						53.0		66.4	66.4	53.0	140.0	140.0
Effective Green, g (s)						53.0		66.4	66.4	53.0	140.0	140.0
Actuated g/C Ratio						0.38		0.47	0.47	0.38	1.00	1.00
Clearance Time (s)												
Vehicle Extension (s)												
Lane Grp Cap (vph)						609		2411	750	670	4702	1362
v/s Ratio Prot						0.42		c0.50		c0.42	0.44	
v/s Ratio Perm									0.08			c0.44
v/c Ratio						1.10		1.05	0.18	1.12	0.44	0.44
Uniform Delay, d1						43.5		36.8	21.1	43.5	0.0	0.0
Progression Factor						1.00		0.86	0.77	0.42	1.00	1.00
Incremental Delay, d2						67.7		29.3	0.2	55.9	0.0	0.1
Delay (s)						111.2		61.1	16.6	74.1	0.0	0.1
Level of Service						F		Е	В	Е	Α	Α
Approach Delay (s)		0.0			111.2			58.4			16.3	
Approach LOS		Α			F			Е			В	
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2000 Control Delay			42.8	H	CM 2000	Level of S	Service		D			
HCM 2000 Volume to Capacity	ratio		1.09									
Actuated Cycle Length (s)			140.0	Sı	um of lost	time (s)			20.6			
Intersection Capacity Utilization	1		97.4%	IC	U Level	of Service			F			
Analysis Period (min)			15									
c Critical Lane Group												

Movement		•	•	<b>†</b>	~	<u> </u>	Ţ	
Lane Configurations	Movement	WBL	WBR	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	
Volume (veh/h)         430         490         2090         400         0         1690           Number         3         18         2         12         1         6           Initial Q (Qb), veh         0         0         0         0         0         0           Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)         1.00         1.00         1.00         1.00         1.00         1.00           Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/In         1863         1863         1863         1863         0         1863           Adj Flow Rate, veh/h         448         506         2177         0         0         1760           Adj Ro. of Lanes         2         2         2         3         1         0         3           Peack Hour Factor         0.96         0.96         0.96         0.96         0.96         0.96           Percent Heavy Veh, %         2         2         2         2         0         2         2         2         2         0         2         2         2         0         2         2         2         0         2         2         2         0         2         2         0         0         0         0         0 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>								
Number					400	0		
Initial Q (Qb), veh	,					1		
Ped-Bike Adji(A_pbT)	Initial Q (Qb), veh		0	0	0	0	0	
Parking Bus, Adj	, , , .	1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln		1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
Adj No. of Lanes 2 2 3 1 0 3 Peak Hour Factor 0.96 0.96 0.96 0.96 0.96 0.96 Percent Heavy Veh, % 2 2 2 2 0 2 Cap, veh/h 800 648 3089 962 0 3089 Arrive On Green 0.23 0.23 0.61 0.00 0.00 0.61 Sat Flow, veh/h 3442 2787 5253 1583 0 5421 Grp Volume(v), veh/h 448 506 2177 0 0 1760 Grp Sat Flow(s), veh/h/n 1721 1393 1695 1583 0 1695 Q Serve(g_s), s 6.9 10.2 17.6 0.0 0.0 12.5 Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s 6.9 10.2 17.6 0.0 0.0 12.5 Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s 6.9 10.2 17.6 0.0 0.0 12.5 Prop In Lane 1.00 1.00 1.00 0.00 Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h 800 648 3089 962 0 3089 V/C Ratio(X) 0.56 0.78 0.70 0.00 0.057 Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h 1378 1116 3089 962 0 3089 HCM Platoon Ratio 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 Upstream Filter(I) 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 Upstream Filter(I) 1.00 1.00 0.70 0.00 0.00 Uniform Delay (d), s/veh 0.2 0.8 1.0 0.0 0.0 7.1 Intral Q Delay(d3), s/veh 0.2 0.8 1.0 0.0 0.0 0.7 Initial Q Delay(d3), s/veh 20.3 21.6 8.1 0.0 0.0 0.7 Initial Q Delay(d3), s/veh 0.2 0.8 1.0 0.0 0.0 0.7 Initial Q Delay(d3), s/veh 20.5 22.4 9.0 0.0 0.0 7.8 LnGrp Delay(d), s/veh 20.5 22.4 9.0 0.0 0.0 7.8 LnGrp Delay, s/veh 21.5 9.0 7.8 Approach Vol, veh/h 954 2177 1760 Approach Vol, veh/h 954 2177 1760 Approach Vol, veh/h 954 21.5 9.0 7.8 Assigned Phs 2 6 8 Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s 51.8 51.8 18.2 Change Period (Y+Rc), s 51.8 51.8 51.8 18.2 Change Period (Y+Rc), s 51.8 51.8 18.2 Green Ext Time (g_c+I1), s 19.6 14.5 12.2 Green Ext Time (g_c-y, s 15.0 19.1 1.0	Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1863	1863	0	1863	
Peak Hour Factor         0.96         0.96         0.96         0.96         0.96         0.96         0.96         Percent Heavy Veh, %         2	Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	448	506	2177	0	0	1760	
Percent Heavy Veh, % 2 2 2 2 0 2 0 2 Cap, veh/h 800 648 3089 962 0 3089 Arrive On Green 0.23 0.23 0.61 0.00 0.00 0.61 Sat Flow, veh/h 3442 2787 5253 1583 0 5421 Grp Volume(v), veh/h 448 506 2177 0 0 0 1760 Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/n 1721 1393 1695 1583 0 1695 Q Serve(g_s), s 6.9 10.2 17.6 0.0 0.0 12.5 Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s 6.9 10.2 17.6 0.0 0.0 12.5 Prop In Lane 1.00 1.00 1.00 0.00 Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h 800 648 3089 962 0 3089 V/C Ratio(X) 0.56 0.78 0.70 0.00 0.00 0.57 Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h 1378 1116 3089 962 0 3089 HCM Platoon Ratio 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 Upstream Filter(I) 1.00 1.00 0.70 0.00 0.09 Upstream Filter(I) 1.00 1.00 0.70 0.00 0.00 0.90 Uniform Delay (d), s/veh 0.2 0.8 1.0 0.0 0.0 0.7 Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.7 Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 %ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln 3.3 3.9 8.3 0.0 0.0 5.9 LnGrp Delay (d), s/veh 20.5 22.4 9.0 0.0 0.0 0.7 Approach Vol, veh/h 954 21.5 9.0 7.8 Approach Vol, veh/h 954 21.5 9.0 7.8 Approach LOS C A A Approach Delay, s/veh 21.5 9.0 7.8 Assigned Phs 2 6 8 8 Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s 5.3 5.3 4.3 Max Green Setting (Gmax), s Intersection Summary HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay 11.0	Adj No. of Lanes	2	2	3	1	0	3	
Cap, veh/h         800         648         3089         962         0         3089           Arrive On Green         0.23         0.23         0.61         0.00         0.00         0.61           Sat Flow, veh/h         3442         2787         5253         1583         0         5421           Grp Volume(v), veh/h         448         506         2177         0         0         1760           Grp Sat Flow(s), veh/h/ln         1721         1393         1695         1583         0         1695           Q Serve(g_s), s         6.9         10.2         17.6         0.0         0.0         12.5           Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s         6.9         10.2         17.6         0.0         0.0         12.5           Prop In Lane         1.00         1.00         1.00         0.00         0.0         12.5           Prop In Lane         1.00         1.00         1.00         0.00         0.0         0.5           Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h         1378         1116         3089         962         0         3089           HCM Platoon Ratio         1.00         1.00         1.00         1.00         1.00         1.00         1.00         1.00	Peak Hour Factor	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	
Arrive On Green	Percent Heavy Veh, %							
Sat Flow, veh/h         3442         2787         5253         1583         0         5421           Grp Volume(v), veh/h         448         506         2177         0         0         1760           Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln         1721         1393         1695         1583         0         1695           Q Serve(g_s), s         6.9         10.2         17.6         0.0         0.0         12.5           Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s         6.9         10.2         17.6         0.0         0.0         12.5           Prop In Lane         1.00         1.00         1.00         0.00         0.00         12.5           Prop In Lane         1.00         1.00         1.00         0.00         0.00         0.00           Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h         800         648         3089         962         0         3089           V/C Ratio(X)         0.56         0.78         0.70         0.00         0.00         0.57           Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h         1378         1116         3089         962         0         3089           HCM Platoon Ratio         1.00         1.00         1.00         1.00         1.00         1.00         1.00								
Grp Volume(v), veh/h         448         506         2177         0         0         1760           Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln         1721         1393         1695         1583         0         1695           Q Serve(g_s), s         6.9         10.2         17.6         0.0         0.0         12.5           Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s         6.9         10.2         17.6         0.0         0.0         12.5           Prop In Lane         1.00         1.00         1.00         0.00         0.00         12.5           Prop In Lane         1.00         1.00         1.00         0.00         0.00         0.00           Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h         800         648         3089         962         0         3089           V/C Ratio(X)         0.56         0.78         0.70         0.00         0.00         0.57           Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h         1378         1116         3089         962         0         3089           HCM Platoon Ratio         1.00         1.00         1.00         1.00         1.00         1.00         1.00         1.00         1.00         1.00         1.00         1.00         1.00         1.00         1.00         0.00<								
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln         1721         1393         1695         1583         0         1695           Q Serve(g_s), s         6.9         10.2         17.6         0.0         0.0         12.5           Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s         6.9         10.2         17.6         0.0         0.0         12.5           Prop In Lane         1.00         1.00         1.00         0.00         12.5           Prop In Lane         1.00         1.00         1.00         0.00         12.5           Prop In Lane         1.00         1.00         1.00         0.00         0.00           Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h         800         648         3089         962         0         3089           V/C Ratio(X)         0.56         0.78         0.70         0.00         0.00         0.57           Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h         1378         1116         3089         962         0         3089           HCM Platon Ratio         1.00         1.00         1.00         1.00         1.00         1.00         1.00         1.00         1.00         1.00         1.00         1.00         1.00         1.00         1.00         0.00         0.00         0.0         0.71 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>								
Q Serve(g_s), s       6.9       10.2       17.6       0.0       0.0       12.5         Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s       6.9       10.2       17.6       0.0       0.0       12.5         Prop In Lane       1.00       1.00       1.00       0.00       12.5         Prop In Lane       1.00       1.00       1.00       0.00       0.00         Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h       800       648       3089       962       0       3089         V/C Ratio(X)       0.56       0.78       0.70       0.00       0.00       0.57         Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h       1378       1116       3089       962       0       3089         HCM Platon Ratio       1.00       1.00       1.00       1.00       1.00       1.00       1.00         Upstream Filter(I)       1.00       1.00       0.70       0.00       0.00       0.90         Uniform Delay (d), s/veh       20.3       21.6       8.1       0.0       0.0       0.71         Increp Clay (d2), s/veh       0.2       0.8       1.0       0.0       0.0       0.7         Initial Q Delay(d3), s/veh       0.0       0.0       0.0       0.0       0.0       0.0	. ,,,					0		
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s         6.9         10.2         17.6         0.0         0.0         12.5           Prop In Lane         1.00         1.00         1.00         0.00           Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h         800         648         3089         962         0         3089           V/C Ratio(X)         0.56         0.78         0.70         0.00         0.00         0.57           Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h         1378         1116         3089         962         0         3089           HCM Platoon Ratio         1.00         1.00         1.00         1.00         1.00         1.00         1.00           Upstream Filter(I)         1.00         1.00         0.70         0.00         0.00         0.90           Uniform Delay (d), s/veh         20.3         21.6         8.1         0.0         0.0         7.1           Incr Delay (d2), s/veh         0.2         0.8         1.0         0.0         0.0         0.7           Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0           Kelle BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln         3.3         3.9         8.3         0.0         0.0         7.8           Ln	. ,							
Prop In Lane         1.00         1.00         1.00         0.00           Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h         800         648         3089         962         0         3089           V/C Ratio(X)         0.56         0.78         0.70         0.00         0.00         0.57           Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h         1378         1116         3089         962         0         3089           HCM Platoon Ratio         1.00         1.00         1.00         1.00         1.00         1.00         1.00           Upstream Filter(I)         1.00         1.00         0.70         0.00         0.00         0.90           Uniform Delay (d), s/veh         20.3         21.6         8.1         0.0         0.0         0.90           Uniform Delay (d2), s/veh         0.2         0.8         1.0         0.0         0.0         0.7           Initial Q Delay(d3), s/veh         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0           %ile BackOfQ(50%), veh/ln         3.3         3.9         8.3         0.0         0.0         5.9           LnGrp Delay(d), s/veh         20.5         22.4         9.0         0.0         0.0         7.8 <td>, , ,</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	, , ,							
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h         800         648         3089         962         0         3089           V/C Ratio(X)         0.56         0.78         0.70         0.00         0.00         0.57           Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h         1378         1116         3089         962         0         3089           HCM Platoon Ratio         1.00         1.00         1.00         1.00         1.00         1.00         1.00           Upstream Filter(I)         1.00         1.00         0.70         0.00         0.00         0.90           Uniform Delay (d), s/veh         20.3         21.6         8.1         0.0         0.0         7.1           Incr Delay (d2), s/veh         0.2         0.8         1.0         0.0         0.0         0.7           Initial Q Delay(d3), s/veh         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0           %ile BackOfQ(50%), veh/ln         3.3         3.9         8.3         0.0         0.0         5.9           LnGrp Delay(d), s/veh         20.5         22.4         9.0         0.0         0.0         7.8           Approach Vol, veh/h         954         2177         1760         178         1760 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>17.6</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>12.5</td> <td></td>				17.6			12.5	
V/C Ratio(X)         0.56         0.78         0.70         0.00         0.00         0.57           Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h         1378         1116         3089         962         0         3089           HCM Platoon Ratio         1.00         1.00         1.00         1.00         1.00         1.00           Upstream Filter(I)         1.00         1.00         0.70         0.00         0.00         0.90           Uniform Delay (d), s/veh         20.3         21.6         8.1         0.0         0.0         0.90           Unifor Delay (d2), s/veh         0.2         0.8         1.0         0.0         0.0         0.7           Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0           Wile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln         3.3         3.9         8.3         0.0         0.0         5.9           LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh         20.5         22.4         9.0         0.0         0.0         7.8           LnGrp LOS         C         C         A         A         A           Approach Vol, veh/h         954         2177         1760         A           Approach LOS         C								
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h       1378       1116       3089       962       0       3089         HCM Platoon Ratio       1.00       1.00       1.00       1.00       1.00       1.00       1.00         Upstream Filter(I)       1.00       1.00       0.70       0.00       0.00       0.90         Uniform Delay (d), s/veh       20.3       21.6       8.1       0.0       0.0       7.1         Incr Delay (d2), s/veh       0.2       0.8       1.0       0.0       0.0       0.7         Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh       0.0       0.0       0.0       0.0       0.0       0.0         %ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln       3.3       3.9       8.3       0.0       0.0       5.9         LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh       20.5       22.4       9.0       0.0       0.0       7.8         LnGrp LOS       C       C       A       A       A         Approach Vol, veh/h       954       2177       1760       7.8         Approach LOS       C       A       A       A         Timer       1       2       3       4       5       6       7       8         Assigned Phs       2       6								
HCM Platoon Ratio 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00  Upstream Filter(I) 1.00 1.00 0.70 0.00 0.00 0.90  Uniform Delay (d), s/veh 20.3 21.6 8.1 0.0 0.0 7.1  Incr Delay (d2), s/veh 0.2 0.8 1.0 0.0 0.0 0.7  Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0  %ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/In 3.3 3.9 8.3 0.0 0.0 5.9  LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh 20.5 22.4 9.0 0.0 0.0 7.8  LnGrp LOS C C A A A  Approach Vol, veh/h 954 21.77 1760  Approach Delay, s/veh 21.5 9.0 7.8  Approach LOS C A A  Approach LOS C A A  Timer 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8  Assigned Phs 2 6 8  Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s 51.8 51.8 18.2  Change Period (Y+Rc), s 5.3 5.3 4.3  Max Green Setting (Gmax), s 36.4 36.4 24.0  Max Q Clear Time (g_C+I1), s 19.6 14.5 12.2  Green Ext Time (p_c), s 15.0 19.1 1.7  Intersection Summary  HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay 11.0	` ,							
Upstream Filter(I)         1.00         1.00         0.70         0.00         0.90           Uniform Delay (d), s/veh         20.3         21.6         8.1         0.0         0.0         7.1           Incr Delay (d2), s/veh         0.2         0.8         1.0         0.0         0.0         0.7           Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0           %ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln         3.3         3.9         8.3         0.0         0.0         5.9           LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh         20.5         22.4         9.0         0.0         0.0         7.8           LnGrp LOS         C         C         A         A         A           Approach Vol, veh/h         954         2177         1760         7.8           Approach LOS         C         A         A         A           Approach LOS         C         A         A         A           Timer         1         2         3         4         5         6         7         8           Assigned Phs         2         6         8         8         8         18.2         18.2         18.2         18.2 </td <td>1 1 - 7</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	1 1 - 7							
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh       20.3       21.6       8.1       0.0       0.0       7.1         Incr Delay (d2), s/veh       0.2       0.8       1.0       0.0       0.0       0.7         Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh       0.0       0.0       0.0       0.0       0.0       0.0         %ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln       3.3       3.9       8.3       0.0       0.0       5.9         LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh       20.5       22.4       9.0       0.0       0.0       7.8         LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh       20.5       22.4       9.0       0.0       0.0       7.8         LnGrp LOS       C       C       A       A       A         Approach Vol, veh/h       954       21.77       1760         Approach Delay, s/veh       21.5       9.0       7.8         Approach LOS       C       A       A         Timer       1       2       3       4       5       6       7       8         Assigned Phs       2       6       8       8       8       8       18.2       18.2       18.2       18.2       18.2       18.2       18.2       18.2       18.3       18.2       18.3 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>								
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh         0.2         0.8         1.0         0.0         0.7           Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0           %ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln         3.3         3.9         8.3         0.0         0.0         5.9           LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh         20.5         22.4         9.0         0.0         0.0         7.8           LnGrp LOS         C         C         A         A         A           Approach Vol, veh/h         954         21.77         1760         A           Approach Delay, s/veh         21.5         9.0         7.8         A           Approach LOS         C         A         A         A           Timer         1         2         3         4         5         6         7         8           Assigned Phs         2         6         8         8         8         9         18.2         18.2         18.2         18.2         18.2         18.2         18.2         18.2         18.2         18.2         18.3         18.2         18.3         18.2         18.3         18.2         18.3         18.2         18.3	• ( )							
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	, , , ,							
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln       3.3       3.9       8.3       0.0       0.0       5.9         LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh       20.5       22.4       9.0       0.0       0.0       7.8         LnGrp LOS       C       C       A       A         Approach Vol, veh/h       954       21.77       1760         Approach Delay, s/veh       21.5       9.0       7.8         Approach LOS       C       A       A         Timer       1       2       3       4       5       6       7       8         Assigned Phs       2       6       8       8       8       9       9       9       9       9       9       9       9       9       9       9       4								
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh         20.5         22.4         9.0         0.0         0.0         7.8           LnGrp LOS         C         C         A         A           Approach Vol, veh/h         954         2177         1760           Approach Delay, s/veh         21.5         9.0         7.8           Approach LOS         C         A         A           Timer         1         2         3         4         5         6         7         8           Assigned Phs         2         6         8         8         8         9 </td <td>. , , .</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	. , , .							
LnGrp LOS         C         C         A           Approach Vol, veh/h         954         2177         1760           Approach Delay, s/veh         21.5         9.0         7.8           Approach LOS         C         A         A           Timer         1         2         3         4         5         6         7         8           Assigned Phs         2         6         8         8         Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s         51.8         51.8         18.2         Change Period (Y+Rc), s         5.3         5.3         4.3           Max Green Setting (Gmax), s         36.4         36.4         24.0           Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s         19.6         14.5         12.2           Green Ext Time (p_c), s         15.0         19.1         1.7           Intersection Summary           HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay         11.0								
Approach Vol, veh/h       954       2177       1760         Approach Delay, s/veh       21.5       9.0       7.8         Approach LOS       C       A       A         Timer       1       2       3       4       5       6       7       8         Assigned Phs       2       6       8       8         Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s       51.8       51.8       18.2         Change Period (Y+Rc), s       5.3       5.3       4.3         Max Green Setting (Gmax), s       36.4       36.4       24.0         Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s       19.6       14.5       12.2         Green Ext Time (p_c), s       15.0       19.1       1.7         Intersection Summary         HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay       11.0					0.0	0.0		
Approach Delay, s/veh       21.5       9.0       7.8         Approach LOS       C       A       A         Timer       1       2       3       4       5       6       7       8         Assigned Phs       2       6       8       8       8       8       9.0       A       B       A       A       A       B       A       A       A       B       A       A       A       B       A <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>Ü</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>			Ü					
Approach LOS         C         A         A           Timer         1         2         3         4         5         6         7         8           Assigned Phs         2         6         8         8           Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s         51.8         51.8         18.2           Change Period (Y+Rc), s         5.3         5.3         4.3           Max Green Setting (Gmax), s         36.4         36.4         24.0           Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s         19.6         14.5         12.2           Green Ext Time (p_c), s         15.0         19.1         1.7           Intersection Summary         HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay         11.0								
Timer         1         2         3         4         5         6         7         8           Assigned Phs         2         6         8           Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s         51.8         51.8         18.2           Change Period (Y+Rc), s         5.3         5.3         4.3           Max Green Setting (Gmax), s         36.4         36.4         24.0           Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s         19.6         14.5         12.2           Green Ext Time (p_c), s         15.0         19.1         1.7           Intersection Summary           HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay         11.0								
Assigned Phs       2       6       8         Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s       51.8       51.8       18.2         Change Period (Y+Rc), s       5.3       5.3       4.3         Max Green Setting (Gmax), s       36.4       36.4       24.0         Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s       19.6       14.5       12.2         Green Ext Time (p_c), s       15.0       19.1       1.7         Intersection Summary         HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay       11.0		U U		Α			Α	
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s       51.8       51.8       18.2         Change Period (Y+Rc), s       5.3       5.3       4.3         Max Green Setting (Gmax), s       36.4       36.4       24.0         Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s       19.6       14.5       12.2         Green Ext Time (p_c), s       15.0       19.1       1.7         Intersection Summary         HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay       11.0		1		3	4	5		
Change Period (Y+Rc), s       5.3       4.3         Max Green Setting (Gmax), s       36.4       36.4       24.0         Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s       19.6       14.5       12.2         Green Ext Time (p_c), s       15.0       19.1       1.7         Intersection Summary         HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay       11.0								
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s       36.4       24.0         Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s       19.6       14.5       12.2         Green Ext Time (p_c), s       15.0       19.1       1.7         Intersection Summary         HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay       11.0								
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s       19.6       14.5       12.2         Green Ext Time (p_c), s       15.0       19.1       1.7         Intersection Summary         HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay       11.0								
Green Ext Time (p_c), s       15.0       19.1       1.7         Intersection Summary       HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay       11.0	0 \							
Intersection Summary HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay 11.0								
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay 11.0	Green Ext Time (p_c), s		15.0				19.1	1.7
•	Intersection Summary							
HCM 2010 LOS	•							
110M 2010 200	HCM 2010 LOS			В				

	۶	<b>→</b>	•	•	<b>←</b>	•	•	†	<i>&gt;</i>	<b>/</b>	<b>+</b>	~
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	ሻሻ		77					ተተተ	7		ተተተ	7
Volume (veh/h)	860	0	650	0	0	0	0	1630	890	0	1280	840
Number	7	4	14				5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0				0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00				1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00				1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	0	1863				0	1863	1863	0	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	869	0	627				0	1646	0	0	1293	0
Adj No. of Lanes	2	0	2				0	3	1	0	3	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.99	0.99	0.99				0.99	0.99	0.99	0.99	0.99	0.99
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	0	2				0	2	2	0	2	2
Cap, veh/h	1071	0	867				0	2708	843	0	2708	843
Arrive On Green	0.31	0.00	0.31				0.00	0.53	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00
Sat Flow, veh/h	3442	0	2787				0	5253	1583	0	5253	1583
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	869	0	627				0	1646	0	0	1293	0
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	1721	0	1393				0	1695	1583	0	1695	1583
Q Serve(g_s), s	14.3	0.0	12.3				0.0	13.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	14.3	0.0	12.3				0.0	13.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Prop In Lane	1.00		1.00				0.00		1.00	0.00		1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	1071	0	867				0	2708	843	0	2708	843
V/C Ratio(X)	0.81	0.00	0.72				0.00	0.61	0.00	0.00	0.48	0.00
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	1552	0	1257				0	2708	843	0	2708	843
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00				1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	2.00	2.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	0.00	1.00				0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.81	0.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	19.5	0.0	18.8				0.0	9.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	1.4	0.0	0.4				0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0				0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	7.0	0.0	4.8				0.0	6.7	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	20.8	0.0	19.2				0.0	11.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0
LnGrp LOS	С		В					В			Α	
Approach Vol, veh/h		1496						1646			1293	
Approach Delay, s/veh		20.2						11.0			0.5	
Approach LOS		С						В			Α	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs		2		4		6						
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s		46.6		23.4		46.6						
Change Period (Y+Rc), s		5.3		* 4.3		5.3						
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s		32.7		* 28		32.7						
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s		15.7		16.3		2.0						
Green Ext Time (p_c), s		12.5		2.8		18.8						
Intersection Summary												_
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			11.0									
HCM 2010 LOS			В									

# Notes

User approved pedestrian interval to be less than phase max green.

\* HCM 2010 computational engine requires equal clearance times for the phases crossing the barrier.

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations		4	7	¥	4îÞ		44	ተተኈ		Ŋ.	ተተኈ	7
Volume (veh/h)	110	40	450	110	80	200	630	1660	310	180	1010	430
Number	7	4	14	3	8	18	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1900	1863	1863	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	112	50	159	71	139	19	643	1694	285	184	1031	188
Adj No. of Lanes	0	1	1	1	2	0	2	3	0	1	3	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	155	69	197	190	345	46	718	2010	336	209	2053	582
Arrive On Green	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.21	0.46	0.46	0.12	0.37	0.37
Sat Flow, veh/h	1245	556	1583	1774	3217	432	3442	4388	733	1774	5588	1583
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	162	0	159	71	80	78	643	1306	673	184	1031	188
Grp Sat Flow(s), veh/h/ln	1801	0	1583	1774	1863	1786	1721	1695	1731	1774	1863	1583
Q Serve(g_s), s	8.1	0.0	9.1	3.5	3.7	3.8	16.9	31.7	32.1	9.5	13.3	7.9
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	8.1	0.0	9.1	3.5	3.7	3.8	16.9	31.7	32.1	9.5	13.3	7.9
Prop In Lane	0.69		1.00	1.00		0.24	1.00		0.42	1.00		1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	224	0	197	190	200	192	718	1553	793	209	2053	582
V/C Ratio(X)	0.72	0.00	0.81	0.37	0.40	0.41	0.90	0.84	0.85	0.88	0.50	0.32
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	355	0	313	190	200	192	812	1553	793	209	2053	582
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	39.2	0.0	39.7	38.7	38.8	38.9	35.9	22.3	22.4	40.5	22.9	21.2
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	1.7	0.0	3.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	10.8	5.7	11.0	30.9	0.9	1.5
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	4.1	0.0	4.1	1.7	1.9	1.9	9.1	15.9	17.7	6.5	7.0	3.7
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	40.9	0.0	43.2	39.1	39.3	39.4	46.7	27.9	33.3	71.4	23.7	22.6
LnGrp LOS	D	0.0	D	D	D	D	D	C	C	E	C	C
Approach Vol, veh/h		321			229			2622			1403	
Approach Delay, s/veh		42.0			39.3			33.9			29.8	
Approach LOS		¬2.0			D			C			20.0 C	
			_			_					- U	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2		4	5	6		8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	15.0	54.8		16.2	23.4	46.3		14.0				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.0	5.3		4.6	4.0	5.3		4.0				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	11.0	42.7		18.4	22.0	31.7		10.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	11.5	34.1		11.1	18.9	15.3		5.8				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.0	7.8		0.5	0.5	14.1		0.2				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			33.5									
HCM 2010 LOS			С									
Notes												

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations			77			7		ተተተ	7	Ä	1111	
Volume (vph)	0	0	560	0	0	580	0	2020	860	140	1430	0
Ideal Flow (vphpl)	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900
Total Lost time (s)			4.6			4.0		5.7	5.7	4.0	5.7	
Lane Util. Factor			0.88			1.00		0.91	1.00	1.00	0.86	
Frpb, ped/bikes			1.00			0.99		1.00	0.98	1.00	1.00	
Flpb, ped/bikes			1.00			1.00		1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
Frt			0.85			0.86		1.00	0.85	1.00	1.00	
Flt Protected			1.00			1.00		1.00	1.00	0.95	1.00	
Satd. Flow (prot)			2787			1591		5085	1549	1770	6408	
Flt Permitted			1.00			1.00		1.00	1.00	0.95	1.00	
Satd. Flow (perm)			2787			1591		5085	1549	1770	6408	
Peak-hour factor, PHF	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98
Adj. Flow (vph)	0	0	571	0	0	592	0	2061	878	143	1459	0
RTOR Reduction (vph)	0	0	142	0	0	0	0	0	217	0	0	0
Lane Group Flow (vph)	0	0	429	0	0	592	0	2061	661	143	1459	0
Confl. Peds. (#/hr)						2			2			
Turn Type			Prot			Free		NA	Perm	Prot	NA	
Protected Phases			5					2		1	6	
Permitted Phases						Free			2			
Actuated Green, G (s)			11.2			50.0		29.9	29.9	10.4	28.5	
Effective Green, g (s)			11.2			50.0		29.9	29.9	10.4	28.5	
Actuated g/C Ratio			0.22			1.00		0.60	0.60	0.21	0.57	
Clearance Time (s)			4.6					5.7	5.7	4.0	5.7	
Vehicle Extension (s)			1.0					1.0	1.0	2.5	1.0	
Lane Grp Cap (vph)			624			1591		3040	926	368	3652	
v/s Ratio Prot			0.15					0.41		0.08	0.23	
v/s Ratio Perm						c0.37			c0.43			
v/c Ratio			0.69			0.37		0.68	0.71	0.39	0.40	
Uniform Delay, d1			17.8			0.0		6.8	7.1	17.1	6.0	
Progression Factor			1.00			1.00		1.00	1.00	0.70	0.45	
Incremental Delay, d2			2.5			0.7		1.2	4.7	0.3	0.2	
Delay (s)			20.3			0.7		8.0	11.7	12.3	2.9	
Level of Service			С			Α		Α	В	В	Α	
Approach Delay (s)		20.3			0.7			9.1			3.7	
Approach LOS		С			Α			Α			Α	
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2000 Control Delay			7.9	Н	CM 2000	Level of S	Service		Α			
HCM 2000 Volume to Capacit	ty ratio		0.67									
Actuated Cycle Length (s)			50.0	S	um of lost	time (s)			10.3			
Intersection Capacity Utilization	on		74.1%	IC	U Level	of Service			D			
Analysis Period (min)			15									

	•	<b>→</b>	*	•	<b>←</b>	•	4	<b>†</b>	~	<b>/</b>	<b>↓</b>	4
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	ሻሻ	<b>†</b> †	7	ሻ	ተተተ	7		4↑	7	7	र्स	77
Volume (veh/h)	700	930	0	0	810	20	10	10	10	190	0	670
Number	7	4	14	3	8	18	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		0.99	1.00		0.99
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	729	969	0	0	844	4	10	10	1	198	0	100
Adj No. of Lanes	2	2	1	1	3	1	0	2	1	2	0	2
Peak Hour Factor	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	852	2168	970	3	1510	469	132	131	116	388	0	345
Arrive On Green	0.25	0.61	0.00	0.00	0.30	0.30	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.11	0.00	0.11
Sat Flow, veh/h	3442	3539	1583	1774	5085	1580	1774	1770	1571	3548	0	3149
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	729	969	0	0	844	4	10	10	1	198	0	100
Grp Sat Flow(s), veh/h/ln	1721	1770	1583	1774	1695	1580	1774	1770	1571	1774	0	1575
Q Serve(g_s), s	11.9	8.6	0.0	0.0	8.2	0.1	0.3	0.3	0.0	3.1	0.0	1.7
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	11.9	8.6	0.0	0.0	8.2	0.1	0.3	0.3	0.0	3.1	0.0	1.7
Prop In Lane	1.00	0.0	1.00	1.00	0.2	1.00	1.00	0.0	1.00	1.00	0.0	1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	852	2168	970	3	1510	469	132	131	116	388	0	345
V/C Ratio(X)	0.86	0.45	0.00	0.00	0.56	0.01	0.08	0.08	0.01	0.51	0.00	0.29
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	936	2168	970	121	1988	618	784	782	694	1749	0.00	1552
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	21.1	6.1	0.0	0.0	17.4	14.6	25.4	25.4	25.2	24.7	0.0	24.1
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	7.4	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.5
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	6.4	4.2	0.0	0.0	3.9	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.0	1.6	0.0	0.8
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	28.5	6.2	0.0	0.0	17.8	14.6	25.6	25.6	25.3	25.7	0.0	24.6
LnGrp LOS	C C	A	0.0	0.0	В	В	20.0 C	C C	C C	C	0.0	C C
Approach Vol, veh/h		1698			848			21			298	
Approach Delay, s/veh		15.8			17.7			25.6			25.3	
Approach LOS		15.6 B			17.7 B			25.0 C			25.5 C	
Approach LOS		Ь			Ь			C			C	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs		2	3	4		6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s		8.4	0.0	40.0		10.4	18.6	21.5				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s		4.0	4.0	4.0		4.0	4.0	4.0				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s		26.0	4.0	35.0		29.0	16.0	23.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s		2.3	0.0	10.6		5.1	13.9	10.2				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s		0.0	0.0	12.6		1.0	0.7	7.1				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			17.4									
HCM 2010 LOS			В									
Notes												

	•	<b>→</b>	•	•	<b>←</b>	•	•	†	<i>&gt;</i>	<u> </u>	<b></b>	<b>-</b> ✓
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	Ŋ	<b>†</b> †		¥	ተተተ	7		4		44	f)	
Volume (veh/h)	40	1080	10	10	770	620	10	10	10	430	20	50
Number	7	4	14	3	8	18	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		0.99	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1863	1900	1863	1900	1863	1863	1900
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	43	1149	10	11	819	211	11	11	2	457	21	22
Adj No. of Lanes	1	2	0	1	3	1	0	1	0	2	1	0
Peak Hour Factor	0.94	0.94	0.94	0.94	0.94	0.94	0.94	0.94	0.94	0.94	0.94	0.94
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	62	1570	14	20	2099	652	0	130	24	589	275	288
Arrive On Green	0.04	0.44	0.44	0.01	0.41	0.41	0.00	0.08	0.08	0.17	0.33	0.33
Sat Flow, veh/h	1774	3595	31	1774	5085	1579	0	1533	279	3442	834	873
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	43	565	594	11	819	211	0	0	13	457	0	43
Grp Sat Flow(s), veh/h/ln	1774	1770	1857	1774	1695	1579	0	0	1811	1721	0	1707
Q Serve(g_s), s	1.3	14.3	14.3	0.3	6.1	4.9	0.0	0.0	0.4	6.9	0.0	0.9
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	1.3	14.3	14.3	0.3	6.1	4.9	0.0	0.0	0.4	6.9	0.0	0.9
Prop In Lane	1.00		0.02	1.00	2222	1.00	0.00		0.15	1.00		0.51
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	62	773	811	20	2099	652	0	0	153	589	0	563
V/C Ratio(X)	0.69	0.73	0.73	0.55	0.39	0.32	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.78	0.00	0.08
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	131	852	894	131	2448	760	0	0	771	701	0	948
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	25.8	12.6	12.6	26.6	11.1	10.7	0.0	0.0	22.8 0.2	21.4 4.6	0.0	12.4
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	12.6	2.9	2.8 0.0	21.5	0.1	0.3	0.0	0.0			0.0	0.1
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh %ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	0.0	0.0 7.5	7.9	0.0	0.0 2.8	2.1	0.0	0.0	0.0 0.2	0.0 3.6	0.0	0.0 0.5
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	38.4	15.5	15.4	48.1	11.2	11.0	0.0	0.0	23.0	26.0	0.0	12.5
LnGrp LOS	36.4 D	15.5 B	15.4 B	40.1 D	11.2 B	В	0.0	0.0	23.0 C	20.0 C	0.0	12.5 B
	ט	1202	Ь	ט	1041	В		13	U	U	500	В
Approach Vol, veh/h Approach Delay, s/veh		16.3			11.6			23.0			24.8	
Approach LOS		10.3 B			11.0 B			23.0 C			24.0 C	
Approach LOS		ь			Ь			U			U	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	13.2	8.6	4.6	27.6	0.0	21.8	5.9	26.3				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	11.0	23.0	4.0	26.0	4.0	30.0	4.0	26.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	8.9	2.4	2.3	16.3	0.0	2.9	3.3	8.1				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.4	0.2	0.0	7.3	0.0	0.2	0.0	11.6				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			16.1									
HCM 2010 LOS			В									

	•	<b>→</b>	•	•	<b>←</b>	•	1	<b>†</b>	~	<b>/</b>	<b>↓</b>	4
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	ሻሻ	ተተኈ		44	<b>†</b> †	7	ሻ	1111	7	1,4	ተተተ	7
Volume (veh/h)	740	320	130	210	270	130	190	1500	360	180	640	390
Number	7	4	14	3	8	18	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	C
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		0.99	1.00		0.99	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	804	348	79	228	293	11	207	1630	165	196	696	125
Adj No. of Lanes	2	3	0	2	2	1	1	4	1	2	3	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	734	1154	252	287	518	229	196	2497	615	250	1789	555
Arrive On Green	0.21	0.28	0.28	0.08	0.15	0.15	0.11	0.39	0.39	0.07	0.35	0.35
Sat Flow, veh/h	3442	4173	913	3442	3539	1567	1774	6408	1577	3442	5085	1577
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	804	280	147	228	293	11	207	1630	165	196	696	125
Grp Sat Flow(s), veh/h/ln	1721	1695	1696	1721	1770	1567	1774	1602	1577	1721	1695	1577
Q Serve(g_s), s	27.0	8.2	8.7	8.2	9.7	0.8	14.0	26.3	9.0	7.1	13.0	7.1
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	27.0	8.2	8.7	8.2	9.7	0.8	14.0	26.3	9.0	7.1	13.0	7.1
Prop In Lane	1.00		0.54	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	734	937	469	287	518	229	196	2497	615	250	1789	555
V/C Ratio(X)	1.09	0.30	0.31	0.80	0.57	0.05	1.05	0.65	0.27	0.78	0.39	0.23
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	734	1313	657	408	1035	458	196	2497	615	299	1789	555
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	49.8	36.1	36.3	56.9	50.3	46.4	56.3	31.6	26.3	57.7	30.8	28.9
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	62.1	0.2	0.4	7.0	1.0	0.1	79.3	1.3	1.1	10.8	0.6	0.9
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	19.1	3.9	4.1	4.2	4.8	0.3	11.1	11.9	4.1	3.8	6.2	3.2
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	111.8	36.3	36.6	63.9	51.2	46.5	135.6	32.9	27.4	68.5	31.4	29.8
LnGrp LOS	F	D	D	Е	D	D	F	С	С	Е	С	C
Approach Vol, veh/h		1231			532			2002			1017	
Approach Delay, s/veh		85.7			56.6			43.1			38.4	
Approach LOS		F			E			D			D	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
	-	2	3				7	8				
Assigned Phs  Physical (C - V - Pa) a	1 14.2			40.0	5	6						
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s		55.0	16.5	40.8	19.0	50.2	33.0	24.3				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	5.0	5.7	6.0	* 5.8	5.0	5.7	6.0	5.8				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	11.0	47.5	15.0	* 49	14.0	44.5	27.0	37.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	9.1	28.3	10.2	10.7	16.0	15.0	29.0	11.7				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.1	15.9	0.3	5.4	0.0	22.6	0.0	5.0				
Intersection Summary			EAF									
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			54.5									
HCM 2010 LOS			D									
Notes												

<sup>\*</sup> HCM 2010 computational engine requires equal clearance times for the phases crossing the barrier.

	•	<b>→</b>	•	•	-	•	1	†	<i>&gt;</i>	<b>\</b>	<b></b>	4
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	Ä	ተተተ	7	Ä	ተተተ	7	ሻ	र्स	7	7	र्स	7
Volume (veh/h)	60	1410	440	200	880	20	420	20	190	20	20	180
Number	1	6	16	5	2	12	3	8	18	7	4	14
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		0.99	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	65	1516	251	215	946	9	468	0	27	22	22	27
Adj No. of Lanes	1	3	1	1	3	1	2	0	1	1	1	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	83	2116	659	252	2599	799	579	0	258	61	64	54
Arrive On Green	0.05	0.42	0.42	0.14	0.51	0.51	0.16	0.00	0.16	0.03	0.03	0.03
Sat Flow, veh/h	1774	5085	1583	1774	5085	1564	3548	0	1583	1774	1863	1583
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	65	1516	251	215	946	9	468	0	27	22	22	27
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	1774	1695	1583	1774	1695	1564	1774	0	1583	1774	1863	1583
Q Serve(g_s), s	3.0	20.3	9.0	9.7	9.1	0.2	10.4	0.0	1.2	1.0	0.9	1.4
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	3.0	20.3	9.0	9.7	9.1	0.2	10.4	0.0	1.2	1.0	0.9	1.4
Prop In Lane	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	83	2116	659	252	2599	799	579	0	258	61	64	54
V/C Ratio(X)	0.78	0.72	0.38	0.85	0.36	0.01	0.81	0.00	0.10	0.36	0.34	0.50
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	189	2208	687	271	2599	799	1649	0	736	846	888	755
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	38.6	19.9	16.6	34.3	12.0	9.8	33.0	0.0	29.1	38.6	38.6	38.8
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	5.8	1.9	1.4	19.9	0.4	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.1	1.3	1.2	2.6
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	1.6	9.8	4.2	6.1	4.3	0.1	5.2	0.0	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	44.4	21.8	18.0	54.2	12.4	9.9	34.0	0.0	29.2	40.0	39.8	41.4
LnGrp LOS	D	С	В	D	В	A	С		С	D	D	D
Approach Vol, veh/h		1832			1170			495			71	
Approach Delay, s/veh		22.0			20.0			33.8			40.4	
Approach LOS		С			С			С			D	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2		4	5	6		8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	8.3	48.3		7.3	16.1	40.5		17.8				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.5	6.5		4.5	4.5	* 6.5		4.5				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	8.7	39.3		39.0	12.5	* 36		38.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	5.0	11.1		3.4	11.7	22.3		12.4				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.0	27.5		0.1	0.0	11.7		0.9				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			23.4									
HCM 2010 LOS			С									

User approved volume balancing among the lanes for turning movement.

\* HCM 2010 computational engine requires equal clearance times for the phases crossing the barrier.

	•	<b>→</b>	•	€	<b>←</b>	•	1	<b>†</b>	~	<b>/</b>	<b>↓</b>	1
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	ă	ተተተ	7	Ä	ተተተ	7	ሻ	<b>†</b>	7	ሻ	4	
Volume (veh/h)	120	1310	190	50	780	130	230	30	90	130	20	90
Number	5	2	12	1	6	16	3	8	18	7	4	14
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1900
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	122	1337	73	51	796	42	235	31	14	133	20	11
Adj No. of Lanes	1	3	1	1	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
Peak Hour Factor	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	156	2311	719	80	2094	652	286	200	170	188	59	32
Arrive On Green	0.09	0.45	0.45	0.05	0.41	0.41	0.16	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.05	0.05
Sat Flow, veh/h	1774	5085	1583	1774	5085	1583	1774	1863	1583	1774	1131	622
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	122	1337	73	51	796	42	235	31	14	133	0	31
Grp Sat Flow(s), veh/h/ln	1774	1695	1583	1774	1695	1583	1774	1863	1583	1774	0	1753
Q Serve(g_s), s	4.7	13.5	1.8	2.0	7.6	1.1	8.9	1.1	0.6	5.0	0.0	1.2
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	4.7	13.5	1.8	2.0	7.6	1.1	8.9	1.1	0.6	5.0	0.0	1.2
Prop In Lane	1.00	10.0	1.00	1.00	7.0	1.00	1.00	•••	1.00	1.00	0.0	0.35
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	156	2311	719	80	2094	652	286	200	170	188	0	91
V/C Ratio(X)	0.78	0.58	0.10	0.64	0.38	0.06	0.82	0.16	0.08	0.71	0.00	0.34
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	290	2432	757	153	2094	652	502	1060	901	410	0	906
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	31.1	14.1	10.9	32.7	14.3	12.4	28.2	28.2	28.0	30.1	0.0	31.9
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	3.3	0.7	0.2	3.1	0.2	0.1	5.8	0.4	0.2	4.8	0.0	2.2
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	2.4	6.5	0.8	1.0	3.6	0.5	4.8	0.6	0.3	2.7	0.0	0.6
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	34.4	14.7	11.0	35.8	14.5	12.5	34.0	28.6	28.2	34.9	0.0	34.1
LnGrp LOS	C	В	В	D	В	12.3 B	C C	C C	20.2 C	C C	0.0	C
Approach Vol, veh/h		1532			889			280			164	
Approach Delay, s/veh		16.1			15.6			33.1			34.7	
		10.1			15.6 B			33.1 C			34.7 C	
Approach LOS		D			Б			C			C	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	7.6	38.1	15.7	8.1	10.6	35.2	11.9	12.0				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.5	* 6.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	6.5	4.5	4.5				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	6.0	* 33	19.7	36.0	11.4	27.9	16.1	39.6				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	4.0	15.5	10.9	3.2	6.7	9.6	7.0	3.1				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.0	16.1	0.4	0.4	0.1	17.0	0.2	0.4				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			18.7									
HCM 2010 LOS			В									
Notes												

<sup>\*</sup> HCM 2010 computational engine requires equal clearance times for the phases crossing the barrier.

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations				*		77		<b>∱</b> î≽			<b>†</b> †	7
Volume (veh/h)	0	0	0	70	0	490	0	1260	40	0	920	630
Number				3	8	18	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)				1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj				1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln				1863	0	1863	0	1863	1900	0	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h				73	0	425	0	1312	0	0	958	0
Adj No. of Lanes				1	0	2	0	2	0	0	2	1
Peak Hour Factor				0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96
Percent Heavy Veh, %				2	0	2	0	2	2	0	2	2
Cap, veh/h				364	0	572	0	1922	0	0	1922	860
Arrive On Green				0.21	0.00	0.21	0.00	0.54	0.00	0.00	0.54	0.00
Sat Flow, veh/h				1774	0	2787	0	3725	0	0	3632	1583
Grp Volume(v), veh/h				73	0	425	0	1312	0	0	958	0
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln				1774	0	1393	0	1770	0	0	1770	1583
Q Serve(g_s), s				1.2	0.0	4.9	0.0	9.3	0.0	0.0	5.9	0.0
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s				1.2	0.0	4.9	0.0	9.3	0.0	0.0	5.9	0.0
Prop In Lane				1.00		1.00	0.00		0.00	0.00		1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h				364	0	572	0	1922	0	0	1922	860
V/C Ratio(X)				0.20	0.00	0.74	0.00	0.68	0.00	0.00	0.50	0.00
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h				457	0	718	0	2808	0	0	2808	1256
HCM Platoon Ratio				1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)				1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh				11.4	0.0	12.9	0.0	5.7	0.0	0.0	4.9	0.0
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh				0.1	0.0	2.2	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh				0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln				0.6	0.0	2.1	0.0	4.4	0.0	0.0	2.8	0.0
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh				11.5 B	0.0	15.1 B	0.0	5.9	0.0	0.0	5.0	0.0
LnGrp LOS				D	400	D		A 4040			A 050	
Approach Vol, veh/h					498			1312			958	
Approach LOC					14.6			5.9			5.0	
Approach LOS					В			Α			Α	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs		2				6		8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s		23.4				23.4		11.2				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s		4.6				4.6		4.1				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s		27.4				27.4		8.9				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s		11.3				7.9		6.9				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s		7.4				8.0		0.2				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			7.2									
HCM 2010 LOS			Α									

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	Ť	र्स	7					<b>^</b>	7		<b>†</b> †	
Volume (veh/h)	460	40	460	0	0	0	0	840	80	0	990	0
Number	7	4	14				5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0				0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00				1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00				1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1863				0	1863	1863	0	1863	0
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	509	0	454				0	875	51	0	1031	0
Adj No. of Lanes	2	0	1				0	2	1	0	2	0
Peak Hour Factor	0.96	0.96	0.96				0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2				0	2	2	0	2	0
Cap, veh/h	1249	0	556				0	1581	706	0	1581	0
Arrive On Green	0.35	0.00	0.35				0.00	0.45	0.45	0.00	0.45	0.00
Sat Flow, veh/h	3548	0.00	1581				0.00	3632	1581	0.00	3725	0.00
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	509	0	454				0	875	51	0	1031	0
	1774								1581		1770	0
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln		0	1581				0	1770		0		
Q Serve(g_s), s	4.7	0.0	11.3				0.0	7.9	0.8	0.0	9.8	0.0
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	4.7	0.0	11.3				0.0	7.9	0.8	0.0	9.8	0.0
Prop In Lane	1.00	_	1.00				0.00	1501	1.00	0.00	4504	0.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	1249	0	556				0	1581	706	0	1581	0
V/C Ratio(X)	0.41	0.00	0.82				0.00	0.55	0.07	0.00	0.65	0.00
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	2380	0	1060				0	2235	998	0	2235	0
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00				1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	0.00	1.00				0.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	10.6	0.0	12.7				0.0	8.8	6.8	0.0	9.3	0.0
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	0.1	0.0	1.1				0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0				0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	2.3	0.0	5.1				0.0	3.8	0.3	0.0	4.8	0.0
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	10.7	0.0	13.9				0.0	8.9	6.9	0.0	9.5	0.0
LnGrp LOS	В		В					Α	Α		Α	
Approach Vol, veh/h		963						926			1031	
Approach Delay, s/veh		12.2						8.8			9.5	
Approach LOS		В						Α			Α	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs		2		4		6						
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s		23.9		19.3		23.9						
Change Period (Y+Rc), s		4.6		4.1		4.6						
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s		27.3		29.0		27.3						
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s		9.9		13.3		11.8						
Green Ext Time (p_c), s		8.0		1.8		7.5						
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			10.2									
HCM 2010 Cm Delay												
			В									_
Notes												

Russell Ranch 4:00 pm 6/24/2014 Cumulative No Project Fehr & Peers

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations				44		77		ተተተ	7		ተተተ	7
Volume (veh/h)	0	0	0	260	0	490	0	1280	530	0	1130	100
Number				3	8	18	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)				1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj				1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln				1863	0	1863	0	1863	1863	0	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h				283	0	492	0	1391	0	0	1228	0
Adj No. of Lanes				2	0	2	0	3	1	0	3	1
Peak Hour Factor				0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Percent Heavy Veh, %				2	0	2	0	2	2	0	2	2
Cap, veh/h				824	0	667	0	3209	999	0	3209	999
Arrive On Green				0.24	0.00	0.24	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.63	0.00
Sat Flow, veh/h				3442	0	2787	0	5253	1583	0	5253	1583
Grp Volume(v), veh/h				283	0	492	0	1391	0	0	1228	0
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln				1721	0	1393	0	1695	1583	0	1695	1583
Q Serve(g_s), s				4.2	0.0	10.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	7.3	0.0
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s				4.2	0.0	10.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	7.3	0.0
Prop In Lane				1.00		1.00	0.00		1.00	0.00		1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h				824	0	667	0	3209	999	0	3209	999
V/C Ratio(X)				0.34	0.00	0.74	0.00	0.43	0.00	0.00	0.38	0.00
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h				1559	0	1263	0	3209	999	0	3209	999
HCM Platoon Ratio				1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	2.00	2.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)				1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.87	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh				19.5	0.0	21.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.5	0.0
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh				0.2	0.0	1.6	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh				0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln				2.0	0.0	4.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	3.4	0.0
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh				19.7	0.0	23.3	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.0	5.9	0.0
LnGrp LOS				В		С		Α			A	
Approach Vol, veh/h					775			1391			1228	
Approach Delay, s/veh					22.0			0.4			5.9	
Approach LOS					С			Α			Α	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs		2				6		8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s		56.2				56.2		18.8				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s		4.0				4.0		4.0				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s		39.0				39.0		28.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s		2.0				9.3		12.1				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s		25.7				22.0		2.7				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			7.3									
HCM 2010 LOS			Α									

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	ሻሻ		77					ተተተ	7		ተተተ	7
Volume (veh/h)	430	0	650	0	0	0	0	1380	210	0	850	540
Number	7	4	14				5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0				0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00				1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00				1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	0	1863				0	1863	1863	0	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	467	0	682				0	1500	0	0	924	0
Adj No. of Lanes	2	0	2				0	3	1	0	3	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.92				0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	0	2				0	2	2	0	2	2
Cap, veh/h	1079	0	874				0	2871	894	0	2871	894
Arrive On Green	0.31	0.00	0.31				0.00	0.56	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00
Sat Flow, veh/h	3442	0	2787				0	5253	1583	0	5253	1583
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	467	0	682				0	1500	0	0	924	0
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	1721	0	1393				0	1695	1583	0	1695	1583
Q Serve(g_s), s	7.1	0.0	14.6				0.0	11.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	7.1	0.0	14.6				0.0	11.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Prop In Lane	1.00		1.00				0.00		1.00	0.00		1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	1079	0	874				0	2871	894	0	2871	894
V/C Ratio(X)	0.43	0.00	0.78				0.00	0.52	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.00
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	1575	0	1275				0	2871	894	0	2871	894
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00				1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	2.00	2.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	0.00	1.00				0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.94	0.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	17.9	0.0	20.5				0.0	8.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	0.3	0.0	1.9				0.0	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0				0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	3.4	0.0	5.8				0.0	5.7	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	18.1	0.0	22.4				0.0	9.5	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0
LnGrp LOS	В		С					Α			A	
Approach Vol, veh/h		1149						1500			924	
Approach Delay, s/veh		20.7						9.5			0.3	
Approach LOS		С						Α			Α	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs		2		4		6						
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s		50.5		24.5		50.5						
Change Period (Y+Rc), s		4.0		4.0		4.0						
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s		37.0		30.0		37.0						
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s		13.9		16.6		2.0						
Green Ext Time (p_c), s		17.0		4.0		22.9						
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			10.7									
HCM 2010 LOS			В									

	•	-	•	•	<b>←</b>	•	1	†	<i>&gt;</i>	<b>\</b>	<b>+</b>	4
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	ሻሻ	ተተተ	7	44	ተተተ	7	44	ተተተ	7	44	ተተተ	7
Volume (veh/h)	490	320	90	110	340	390	60	1640	90	520	1120	290
Number	7	4	14	3	8	18	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		0.99	1.00		0.99	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	533	348	21	120	370	213	65	1783	32	565	1217	147
Adj No. of Lanes	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	548	1512	468	170	954	295	106	1858	576	574	2549	791
Arrive On Green	0.16	0.30	0.30	0.05	0.19	0.19	0.03	0.37	0.37	0.17	0.50	0.50
Sat Flow, veh/h	3442	5085	1575	3442	5085	1571	3442	5085	1577	3442	5085	1579
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	533	348	21	120	370	213	65	1783	32	565	1217	147
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	1721	1695	1575	1721	1695	1571	1721	1695	1577	1721	1695	1579
Q Serve(g_s), s	20.3	6.8	1.3	4.5	8.4	16.8	2.5	45.2	1.7	21.6	20.7	6.8
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	20.3	6.8	1.3	4.5	8.4	16.8	2.5	45.2	1.7	21.6	20.7	6.8
Prop In Lane	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	548	1512	468	170	954	295	106	1858	576	574	2549	791
V/C Ratio(X)	0.97	0.23	0.04	0.71	0.39	0.72	0.61	0.96	0.06	0.98	0.48	0.19
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	548	1695	525	235	1233	381	156	1888	585	574	2549	791
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	55.2	35.0	33.0	61.8	47.0	50.4	63.2	40.9	27.1	54.8	21.6	18.1
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	31.6	0.1	0.0	5.7	0.3	4.7	5.6	12.5	0.0	33.6	0.1	0.1
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	12.1	3.2	0.6	2.3	4.0	7.7	1.3	23.3	0.8	13.0	9.7	3.0
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	86.8	35.1	33.1	67.5	47.2	55.1	68.8	53.4	27.2	88.4	21.7	18.2
LnGrp LOS	F	D	С	Е	D	Е	Е	D	С	F	С	В
Approach Vol, veh/h		902			703			1880			1929	
Approach Delay, s/veh		65.6			53.1			53.5			41.0	
Approach LOS		Е			D			D			D	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	26.0	52.2	10.5	43.2	8.1	70.2	25.0	28.8				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	22.0	49.0	9.0	44.0	6.0	65.0	21.0	32.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	23.6	47.2	6.5	8.8	4.5	22.7	22.3	18.8				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.0	1.0	0.1	6.0	0.0	33.6	0.0	4.4				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			51.0									
HCM 2010 LOS			D									
110111 2010 200			D									

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	77	<b>†</b>	7	7	<b>†</b>	7	7	<b>†</b>	7	7	<b>†</b>	7
Volume (veh/h)	110	520	300	30	520	110	250	260	20	120	340	70
Number	7	4	14	3	8	18	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		0.99	1.00		0.99
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	120	565	101	33	565	34	272	283	5	130	370	14
Adj No. of Lanes	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	183	715	606	44	662	561	308	613	517	162	460	389
Arrive On Green	0.05	0.38	0.38	0.02	0.36	0.36	0.17	0.33	0.33	0.09	0.25	0.25
Sat Flow, veh/h	3442	1863	1577	1774	1863	1577	1774	1863	1571	1774	1863	1574
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	120	565	101	33	565	34	272	283	5	130	370	14
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	1721	1863	1577	1774	1863	1577	1774	1863	1571	1774	1863	1574
Q Serve(g_s), s	3.2	25.2	4.0	1.7	26.3	1.3	14.0	11.3	0.2	6.7	17.5	0.6
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	3.2	25.2	4.0	1.7	26.3	1.3	14.0	11.3	0.2	6.7	17.5	0.6
Prop In Lane	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	183	715	606	44	662	561	308	613	517	162	460	389
V/C Ratio(X)	0.66	0.79	0.17	0.76	0.85	0.06	0.88	0.46	0.01	0.80	0.80	0.04
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	183	735	622	113	755	639	378	715	603	284	616	520
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	43.6	25.5	19.0	45.5	28.0	19.9	37.8	24.9	21.2	41.8	33.2	26.8
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	8.2	5.7	0.1	22.9	8.5	0.0	18.2	0.5	0.0	8.8	5.7	0.0
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	1.7	14.0	1.7	1.1	15.1	0.6	8.4	5.9	0.1	3.7	9.7	0.3
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	51.8	31.2	19.1	68.3	36.4	20.0	56.0	25.4	21.2	50.6	38.9	26.9
LnGrp LOS	D	С	В	E	D	В	Е	С	С	D	D	С
Approach Vol, veh/h		786			632			560			514	
Approach Delay, s/veh		32.8			37.2			40.2			41.5	
Approach LOS		С			D			D			D	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	12.6	34.9	6.3	40.0	20.3	27.2	9.0	37.4				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	15.0	36.0	6.0	37.0	20.0	31.0	5.0	38.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	8.7	13.3	3.7	27.2	16.0	19.5	5.2	28.3				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.1	3.6	0.0	5.1	0.3	2.8	0.0	5.0				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			37.4									
HCM 2010 LOS			D									

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	ሻ	4	7	ሻ	4		7	ተተኈ		ሻ	ተተተ	7
Volume (veh/h)	130	60	160	50	60	10	160	1130	60	10	1000	150
Number	7	4	14	3	8	18	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	C
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		0.99	1.00		0.98	1.00		0.99	1.00		0.99
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	103	118	14	54	65	2	174	1228	61	11	1087	51
Adj No. of Lanes	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	3	0	1	3	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	217	228	191	150	152	5	219	2312	115	20	1801	557
Arrive On Green	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.12	0.47	0.47	0.01	0.35	0.35
Sat Flow, veh/h	1774	1863	1564	1774	1797	55	1774	4961	246	1774	5085	1572
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	103	118	14	54	0	67	174	839	450	11	1087	51
Grp Sat Flow(s), veh/h/ln	1774	1863	1564	1774	0	1852	1774	1695	1818	1774	1695	1572
Q Serve(g_s), s	2.7	3.0	0.4	1.5	0.0	1.7	4.8	8.9	8.9	0.3	8.9	1.1
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	2.7	3.0	0.4	1.5	0.0	1.7	4.8	8.9	8.9	0.3	8.9	1.1
Prop In Lane	1.00	0.0	1.00	1.00	0.0	0.03	1.00	0.0	0.14	1.00	0.0	1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	217	228	191	150	0	157	219	1580	847	20	1801	557
V/C Ratio(X)	0.48	0.52	0.07	0.36	0.00	0.43	0.80	0.53	0.53	0.55	0.60	0.09
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	805	845	710	1015	0	1060	245	1580	847	140	2007	620
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	20.7	20.8	19.7	21.9	0.0	22.0	21.6	9.6	9.6	24.9	13.4	10.9
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	1.6	1.8	0.2	1.4	0.0	1.8	15.0	0.3	0.6	21.2	0.4	0.1
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	1.4	1.7	0.2	0.8	0.0	1.0	3.3	4.2	4.5	0.3	4.2	0.5
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	22.3	22.7	19.9	23.3	0.0	23.9	36.6	9.9	10.2	46.1	13.9	11.0
LnGrp LOS	C	C	В	C	0.0	C	D	A	В	D	В	В
Approach Vol, veh/h		235			121			1463			1149	
Approach Delay, s/veh		22.4			23.6			13.2			14.1	
Approach LOS		22.4 C			23.0 C			13.2 B			В	
Approach EOS		U			U			ט			U	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2		4	5	6		8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	4.6	27.6		10.2	10.2	21.9		8.3				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.0	4.0		4.0	4.0	4.0		4.0				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	4.0	23.0		23.0	7.0	20.0		29.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g c+l1), s	2.3	10.9		5.0	6.8	10.9		3.7				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.0	9.8		0.8	0.0	6.9		0.4				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			14.7									
HCM 2010 LOS			В									
Notes												

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	ň	4î		ሻ	4		7	ተተተ	7	ሻ	ተተተ	7
Volume (veh/h)	110	10	10	10	30	210	10	1470	10	120	1140	60
Number	7	4	14	3	8	18	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		0.99	1.00		0.99	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	120	11	2	11	33	118	11	1598	4	130	1239	29
Adj No. of Lanes	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	3	1	1	3	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	153	347	63	20	54	192	20	2202	683	164	2617	811
Arrive On Green	0.09	0.23	0.23	0.01	0.15	0.15	0.01	0.43	0.43	0.09	0.51	0.51
Sat Flow, veh/h	1774	1533	279	1774	355	1269	1774	5085	1578	1774	5085	1576
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	120	0	13	11	0	151	11	1598	4	130	1239	29
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	1774	0	1811	1774	0	1624	1774	1695	1578	1774	1695	1576
Q Serve(g_s), s	4.5	0.0	0.4	0.4	0.0	5.9	0.4	17.5	0.1	4.8	10.6	0.6
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	4.5	0.0	0.4	0.4	0.0	5.9	0.4	17.5	0.1	4.8	10.6	0.6
Prop In Lane	1.00		0.15	1.00		0.78	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	153	0	410	20	0	246	20	2202	683	164	2617	811
V/C Ratio(X)	0.79	0.00	0.03	0.56	0.00	0.61	0.56	0.73	0.01	0.79	0.47	0.04
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	184	0	858	105	0	697	105	2334	724	184	2617	811
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	30.3	0.0	20.4	33.2	0.0	26.8	33.2	15.8	10.9	30.0	10.5	8.1
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	16.8	0.0	0.0	22.8	0.0	2.5	22.8	1.1	0.0	18.8	0.1	0.0
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	2.9	0.0	0.2	0.3	0.0	2.8	0.3	8.4	0.0	3.2	5.0	0.3
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	47.1	0.0	20.4	56.0	0.0	29.3	56.0	16.9	10.9	48.8	10.7	8.1
LnGrp LOS	D	400	С	Е	400	С	<u>E</u>	B	В	D	<u>B</u>	Α
Approach Vol, veh/h		133			162			1613			1398	
Approach Delay, s/veh		44.5			31.1			17.2			14.1	
Approach LOS		D			С			В			В	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	10.3	33.3	4.7	19.3	4.7	38.8	9.8	14.2				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	7.0	31.0	4.0	32.0	4.0	34.0	7.0	29.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	6.8	19.5	2.4	2.4	2.4	12.6	6.5	7.9				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.0	9.7	0.0	0.9	0.0	18.0	0.0	0.8				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			17.7									
HCM 2010 LOS			В									

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	Ť	î.		7	<b>†</b>	7	7	f)		ሻ	f)	
Volume (veh/h)	90	40	10	10	190	380	20	60	10	610	20	40
Number	7	4	14	3	8	18	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		0.99	1.00		0.98	1.00		0.97	1.00		0.99
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1900
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	98	43	2	11	207	55	22	65	3	663	22	19
Adj No. of Lanes	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	125	382	18	20	292	245	36	149	7	740	443	383
Arrive On Green	0.07	0.22	0.22	0.01	0.16	0.16	0.02	0.08	0.08	0.42	0.48	0.48
Sat Flow, veh/h	1774	1765	82	1774	1863	1558	1774	1764	81	1774	922	796
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	98	0	45	11	207	55	22	0	68	663	0	41
Grp Sat Flow(s), veh/h/ln	1774	0	1847	1774	1863	1558	1774	0	1845	1774	0	1717
Q Serve(g_s), s	3.2	0.0	1.2	0.4	6.2	1.8	0.7	0.0	2.1	20.5	0.0	0.8
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	3.2	0.0	1.2	0.4	6.2	1.8	0.7	0.0	2.1	20.5	0.0	0.8
Prop In Lane	1.00	_	0.04	1.00		1.00	1.00	_	0.04	1.00	_	0.46
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	125	0	400	20	292	245	36	0	155	740	0	826
V/C Ratio(X)	0.78	0.00	0.11	0.55	0.71	0.22	0.60	0.00	0.44	0.90	0.00	0.05
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	180	0	500	120	441	369	150	0	531	1111	0	1424
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	27.0	0.0	18.6	29.1	23.6	21.8	28.7	0.0	25.7	16.0 6.7	0.0	8.2
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	12.9	0.0	0.1 0.0	22.0	3.1 0.0	0.5 0.0	15.1	0.0	1.9		0.0	0.0
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh %ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	0.0 2.0	0.0	0.6	0.0	3.5	0.0	0.0 0.5	0.0	0.0 1.1	0.0 11.3	0.0	0.0
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	39.9	0.0	18.7	51.1	26.8	22.2	43.8	0.0	27.7	22.7	0.0	8.2
LnGrp LOS	39.9 D	0.0	10.7 B	51.1 D	20.0 C	22.2 C	43.0 D	0.0	27.7 C	22.1 C	0.0	0.2 A
	U	140	Ь	ט	273	U	ט	90	U	U	704	
Approach Vol, veh/h Approach Delay, s/veh		143 33.3			26.8						21.9	
Approach LOS		33.3 C			20.6 C			31.6 C			21.9 C	
• •		C			C			C			C	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	28.7	9.0	4.7	16.8	5.2	32.4	8.2	13.3				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	37.0	17.0	4.0	16.0	5.0	49.0	6.0	14.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	22.5	4.1	2.4	3.2	2.7	2.8	5.2	8.2				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	2.1	0.4	0.0	1.1	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.7				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			25.1									
HCM 2010 LOS			С									

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	7	<b>†</b>	7	ሻ	<b>†</b>	7	7	<b>†</b> †	7	ሻ	<b>†</b> †	7
Volume (veh/h)	150	50	10	20	50	60	20	680	30	130	780	150
Number	7	4	14	3	8	18	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		0.99	1.00		0.98	1.00		0.99	1.00		0.99
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	163	54	2	22	54	6	22	739	9	141	848	62
Adj No. of Lanes	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	2	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	207	362	305	38	184	154	38	1196	531	180	1479	658
Arrive On Green	0.12	0.19	0.19	0.02	0.10	0.10	0.02	0.34	0.34	0.10	0.42	0.42
Sat Flow, veh/h	1774	1863	1571	1774	1863	1559	1774	3539	1572	1774	3539	1574
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	163	54	2	22	54	6	22	739	9	141	848	62
Grp Sat Flow(s), veh/h/ln	1774	1863	1571	1774	1863	1559	1774	1770	1572	1774	1770	1574
Q Serve(g_s), s	4.1	1.1	0.0	0.6	1.2	0.2	0.6	8.1	0.2	3.6	8.5	1.1
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	4.1	1.1	0.0	0.6	1.2	0.2	0.6	8.1	0.2	3.6	8.5	1.1
Prop In Lane	1.00	260	1.00	1.00	104	1.00	1.00	1106	1.00	1.00	1.470	1.00 658
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h V/C Ratio(X)	207 0.79	362 0.15	305 0.01	38 0.58	184 0.29	154 0.04	38 0.58	1196 0.62	531 0.02	180 0.78	1479 0.57	0.09
. /	268	1045	881	153	924	774	153	1374	610	230	1527	679
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	19.9	15.5	15.1	22.5	19.4	18.9	22.5	12.8	10.2	20.3	10.3	8.2
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	11.0	0.2	0.0	13.4	0.9	0.1	13.4	0.7	0.0	12.7	0.5	0.2
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	2.7	0.6	0.0	0.4	0.7	0.1	0.4	4.0	0.1	2.4	4.2	0.5
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	30.9	15.7	15.1	35.9	20.3	19.0	35.9	13.5	10.2	33.1	10.8	8.2
LnGrp LOS	C	В	В	D	C	В	D	В	В	C	В	A
Approach Vol, veh/h		219			82			770			1051	
Approach Delay, s/veh		27.0			24.4			14.1			13.6	
Approach LOS		C			C			В			В	
	4		0	4		0	7					
Timer Assigned Phs	<u>1</u> 1	2	3	4	<u>5</u> 5	6	7 7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	8.7	19.7	5.0	13.0	5.0	23.4	9.4	8.6				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	6.0	18.0	4.0	26.0	4.0	20.0	7.0	23.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	5.6	10.1	2.6	3.1	2.6	10.5	6.1	3.2				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.0	5.5	0.0	0.5	0.0	6.3	0.0	0.4				
	0.0	5.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4				
Intersection Summary			45.0									
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			15.6									
HCM 2010 LOS			В									

	۶	<b>→</b>	•	•	<b>—</b>	•	•	†	<i>&gt;</i>	<b>/</b>	<b>+</b>	-√
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	ሻ	4		7	₽		7	₽		ሻ	4	
Volume (veh/h)	30	120	80	40	85	85	90	540	40	100	380	50
Number	7	4	14	3	8	18	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		0.98	1.00		0.99	1.00		0.99	1.00		0.99
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1900
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	33	130	48	43	92	33	98	587	40	109	413	47
Adj No. of Lanes	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	51	210	78	63	220	79	125	728	50	139	706	80
Arrive On Green	0.03	0.16	0.16	0.04	0.17	0.17	0.07	0.42	0.42	0.08	0.43	0.43
Sat Flow, veh/h	1774	1293	477	1774	1304	468	1774	1724	117	1774	1642	187
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	33	0	178	43	0	125	98	0	627	109	0	460
Grp Sat Flow(s), veh/h/ln	1774	0	1770	1774	0	1772	1774	0	1841	1774	0	1828
Q Serve(g_s), s	1.0	0.0	5.0	1.3	0.0	3.4	2.9	0.0	15.8	3.2	0.0	10.2
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	1.0	0.0	5.0	1.3	0.0	3.4	2.9	0.0	15.8	3.2	0.0	10.2
Prop In Lane	1.00	•	0.27	1.00	•	0.26	1.00	•	0.06	1.00	•	0.10
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	51	0	288	63	0	300	125	0	778	139	0	787
V/C Ratio(X)	0.64	0.00	0.62	0.69	0.00	0.42	0.78	0.00	0.81	0.78	0.00	0.58
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	133	0	566	133	0	567	200	0	970	167	0	929
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00 1.00	1.00	1.00 1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00 1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I) Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	1.00 25.5	0.00	20.7	25.3	0.00	1.00	24.3	0.00	13.4	24.1	0.00	1.00 11.5
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	12.5	0.0	20.7	12.4	0.0	0.9	10.1	0.0	4.1	18.1	0.0	0.7
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	0.7	0.0	2.6	0.8	0.0	1.7	1.8	0.0	8.9	2.3	0.0	5.3
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	38.0	0.0	22.9	37.8	0.0	20.7	34.4	0.0	17.5	42.1	0.0	12.2
LnGrp LOS	00.0 D	0.0	ZZ.3	D	0.0	20.7 C	C	0.0	17.3 B	72.1 D	0.0	12.2 B
Approach Vol, veh/h		211			168			725			569	
Approach Delay, s/veh		25.2			25.0			19.8			17.9	
Approach LOS		C			23.0 C			В			В	
· ·												
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	8.2	26.5	5.9	12.6	7.8	26.9	5.5	13.0				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	5.0	28.0	4.0	17.0	6.0	27.0	4.0	17.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	5.2	17.8	3.3	7.0	4.9	12.2	3.0	5.4				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.0	4.6	0.0	1.1	0.0	5.8	0.0	1.2				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			20.4									
HCM 2010 LOS			С									

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	ሻ	4		7	₽		7	<b>∱</b> ⊅		ሻ	ተኈ	
Volume (veh/h)	220	10	30	10	10	20	30	1110	10	40	1010	160
Number	7	4	14	3	8	18	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		0.99	1.00		1.00	1.00		0.99	1.00		0.99
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1900
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	239	11	7	11	11	0	33	1207	10	43	1098	161
Adj No. of Lanes	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	2	0	1	2	0
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	288	225	143	20	113	0	49	1757	15	60	1531	224
Arrive On Green	0.16	0.21	0.21	0.01	0.06	0.00	0.03	0.49	0.49	0.03	0.49	0.49
Sat Flow, veh/h	1774	1062	676	1774	1863	0	1774	3597	30	1774	3097	453
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	239	0	18	11	11	0	33	594	623	43	626	633
Grp Sat Flow(s), veh/h/ln	1774	0	1738	1774	1863	0	1774	1770	1857	1774	1770	1780
Q Serve(g_s), s	8.2	0.0	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.0	1.2	16.2	16.2	1.5	17.4	17.5
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	8.2	0.0	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.0	1.2	16.2	16.2	1.5	17.4	17.5
Prop In Lane	1.00		0.39	1.00		0.00	1.00		0.02	1.00		0.25
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	288	0	368	20	113	0	49	865	907	60	875	880
V/C Ratio(X)	0.83	0.00	0.05	0.56	0.10	0.00	0.67	0.69	0.69	0.72	0.72	0.72
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	367	0	886	113	682	0	113	958	1006	113	958	964
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	25.4 11.8	0.0	19.7 0.1	30.9	27.9 0.4	0.0	30.2 14.4	12.4 1.8	12.4 1.7	30.0 15.1	12.4 2.3	12.5
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.1	22.3 0.0	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.4
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh %ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	4.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	8.2	8.6	1.0	8.9	9.0
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	37.3	0.0	19.8	53.2	28.3	0.0	44.6	14.2	14.1	45.1	14.8	14.8
LnGrp LOS	37.3 D	0.0	19.0 B	55.2 D	20.3 C	0.0	44.0 D	14.2 B	14.1 B	45.1 D	14.0 B	14.0 B
Approach Vol, veh/h	D	257	U	ט	22		ט	1250	ט	U	1302	D
Approach Delay, s/veh		36.1			40.7			14.9			15.8	
Approach LOS		30.1 D			40.7 D			14.9 B			15.6 B	
· ·											Ь	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	6.1	34.7	4.7	17.3	5.8	35.0	14.2	7.8				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	4.0	34.0	4.0	32.0	4.0	34.0	13.0	23.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	3.5	18.2	2.4	2.5	3.2	19.5	10.2	2.4				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.0	12.4	0.0	0.1	0.0	11.5	0.2	0.1				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			17.5									
HCM 2010 LOS			В									

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	ሻ	<b>†</b> †	7	7	ተተተ	7	ሻሻ	<b>∱</b> ∱		1,1	<b>∱</b> ∱	
Volume (veh/h)	10	1190	320	50	1040	510	350	630	50	430	610	10
Number	7	4	14	3	8	18	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1900
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	11	1293	123	52	1130	289	365	656	45	467	635	10
Adj No. of Lanes	1	2	1	1	3	1	2	2	0	2	2	0
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.96	0.96	0.92	0.92	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.92	0.96	0.92
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	19	1323	591	66	2035	633	443	881	60	482	975	15
Arrive On Green	0.01	0.37	0.37	0.04	0.40	0.40	0.13	0.26	0.26	0.14	0.27	0.27
Sat Flow, veh/h	1774	3539	1581	1774	5085	1581	3442	3361	230	3442	3566	56
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	11	1293	123	52	1130	289	365	345	356	467	315	330
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	1774	1770	1581	1774	1695	1581	1721	1770	1821	1721	1770	1853
Q Serve(g_s), s	0.5	30.9	4.5	2.5	14.7	11.5	8.8	15.3	15.3	11.6	13.5	13.5
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	0.5	30.9	4.5	2.5	14.7	11.5	8.8	15.3	15.3	11.6	13.5	13.5
Prop In Lane	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		0.13	1.00		0.03
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	19	1323	591	66	2035	633	443	464	477	482	484	507
V/C Ratio(X)	0.58	0.98	0.21	0.79	0.56	0.46	0.82	0.74	0.75	0.97	0.65	0.65
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	83	1323	591	83	2035	633	482	537	553	482	537	563
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	42.2	26.5	18.2	40.9	19.8	18.8	36.4	29.0	29.0 4.7	36.6	27.5	27.5
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	24.6	19.5	0.2 0.0	31.6	0.3	0.5	10.4	4.8		32.8	2.4	2.3
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh %ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	0.0	0.0 18.7	2.0	0.0 1.8	0.0 6.9	0.0 5.1	0.0 4.8	0.0 8.1	0.0 8.3	0.0 7.6	0.0 6.9	0.0 7.2
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	66.7	45.9	18.4	72.5	20.1	19.4	46.7	33.7	33.7	69.4	29.9	29.8
LnGrp LOS	66.7 E	45.9 D	10.4 B	72.5 E	20.1 C	19.4 B	40.7 D	33.7 C	33.7 C	69.4 E	29.9 C	29.0 C
		1427	Ь		1471	Ь	ט	1066	U		1112	
Approach Vol, veh/h		43.7										
Approach Delay, s/veh Approach LOS		43.7 D			21.8 C			38.2 D			46.5 D	
Approach LOS		U			U			U			U	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	16.0	26.4	7.2	36.0	15.0	27.4	4.9	38.3				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	12.0	26.0	4.0	32.0	12.0	26.0	4.0	32.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	13.6	17.3	4.5	32.9	10.8	15.5	2.5	16.7				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.0	4.9	0.0	0.0	0.2	5.6	0.0	12.7				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			36.8									
HCM 2010 LOS			D									

# Cumulative Plus Project Conditions

User approved pedestrian interval to be less than phase max green.

	۶	<b>→</b>	•	•	<b>←</b>	4	1	<b>†</b>	~	<b>/</b>	<b>+</b>	/
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	ሽኘ	ተተተ	7	44	ተተተ	7	ሽኘ	ተተተ	7	ሽኘ	ተተተ	7
Volume (veh/h)	20	80	60	310	340	240	20	1520	190	280	1460	10
Number	3	8	18	7	4	14	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	22	87	0	337	370	0	22	1652	0	304	1587	0
Adj No. of Lanes	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	192	367	114	413	693	216	42	2436	758	388	2947	918
Arrive On Green	0.06	0.07	0.00	0.12	0.14	0.00	0.01	0.48	0.00	0.11	0.58	0.00
Sat Flow, veh/h	3442	5085	1583	3442	5085	1583	3442	5085	1583	3442	5085	1583
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	22	87	0	337	370	0	22	1652	0	304	1587	0
Grp Sat Flow(s), veh/h/ln	1721	1695	1583	1721	1695	1583	1721	1695	1583	1721	1695	1583
Q Serve(g_s), s	0.6	1.5	0.0	8.7	6.1	0.0	0.6	22.7	0.0	7.8	17.3	0.0
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	0.6	1.5	0.0	8.7	6.1	0.0	0.6	22.7	0.0	7.8	17.3	0.0
Prop In Lane	1.00		1.00	1.00	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	192	367	114	413	693	216	42	2436	758	388	2947	918
V/C Ratio(X)	0.11	0.24	0.00	0.82	0.53	0.00	0.52	0.68	0.00	0.78	0.54	0.00
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	192	1740	542	513	2307	718	129	2436	758	475	2947	918
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	0.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	40.7	39.7	0.0	38.9	36.4	0.0	44.5	18.2	0.0	39.1	11.6	0.0
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	0.1	0.6	0.0	6.7	1.1	0.0	3.7	1.5	0.0	5.4	0.7	0.0
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	0.3	0.7	0.0	4.5	2.9	0.0	0.3	10.9	0.0	4.0	8.1	0.0
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	40.7	40.2	0.0	45.6	37.5	0.0	48.2	19.8	0.0	44.5	12.4	0.0
LnGrp LOS	D	D		D	D		D	В		D	В	
Approach Vol, veh/h		109			707			1674			1891	
Approach Delay, s/veh		40.3			41.4			20.1			17.5	
Approach LOS		D			D			C			В	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	44.1	48.7	9.5	17.6	35.0	57.8	15.4	11.8				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.5	5.3	4.5	5.3	4.5	5.3	4.5	5.3				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	12.5	43.4	3.4	41.1	3.4	52.5	13.5	31.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	9.8	24.7	2.6	8.1	2.6	19.3	10.7	3.5				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.1	16.6	0.1	4.0	0.0	27.0	0.2	0.7				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			22.9									
HCM 2010 LOS			С									
Notes												

	۶	-	•	•	<b>←</b>	•	•	†	<b>/</b>	<b>\</b>	<b></b>	-✓
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	ሻሻ	<b>†</b>	7		4		7	ተተ <sub></sub>		ሻ	ተተኈ	_
Volume (veh/h)	90	20	180	60	40	20	290	690	10	30	850	270
Number	7	4	14	3	8	18	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		0.99	1.00		0.99	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1863	1900	1863	1900	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1900
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	98	22	63	65	43	13	315	750	9	33	924	208
Adj No. of Lanes	2	1	1	0	1	0	1	3	0	1	3	0
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	205	423	358	0	119	36	377	2604	31	52	1328	298
Arrive On Green	0.06	0.23	0.23	0.00	0.09	0.09	0.21	0.50	0.50	0.03	0.32	0.32
Sat Flow, veh/h	3442	1863	1579	0	1370	414	1774	5179	62	1774	4154	932
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	98	22	63	0	0	56	315	491	268	33	754	378
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	1721	1863	1579	0	0	1785	1774	1695	1851	1774	1695	1695
Q Serve(g_s), s	1.4	0.5	1.6	0.0	0.0	1.5	8.5	4.2	4.2	0.9	9.7	9.7
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	1.4	0.5	1.6	0.0	0.0	1.5	8.5	4.2	4.2	0.9	9.7	9.7
Prop In Lane	1.00		1.00	0.00		0.23	1.00		0.03	1.00		0.55
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	205	423	358	0	0	155	377	1704	931	52	1084	542
V/C Ratio(X)	0.48	0.05	0.18	0.00	0.00	0.36	0.84	0.29	0.29	0.63	0.70	0.70
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	276	748	634	0	0	717	463	1704	931	178	1157	579
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	22.7	15.1	15.5	0.0	0.0	21.4	18.8	7.2	7.2	23.9	14.8	14.8
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	1.7	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.0	1.4	10.6	0.1	0.2	11.9	1.7	3.4
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	0.7	0.2	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.8	5.2	1.9	2.1	0.6	4.8	5.0
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	24.4	15.1	15.7	0.0	0.0	22.8	29.4	7.3	7.4	35.8	16.5	18.3
LnGrp LOS	С	В	В			С	С	Α	A	D	B	В
Approach Vol, veh/h		183			56			1074			1165	
Approach Delay, s/veh		20.3			22.8			13.8			17.6	
Approach LOS		С			С			В			В	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	5.5	29.0	0.0	15.3	14.6	19.9	7.0	8.3				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	5.0	25.0	4.0	20.0	13.0	17.0	4.0	20.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	2.9	6.2	0.0	3.6	10.5	11.7	3.4	3.5				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.0	11.3	0.0	0.4	0.2	4.1	0.0	0.4				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			16.3									
HCM 2010 LOS			В									

	۶	<b>→</b>	•	•	-	•	1	<b>†</b>	~	<b>/</b>	<b>+</b>	<b>→</b>
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	ሽኘ	ተተተ	7	ሽኘ	ተተተ	7	ሻ	सी	7	ሽኘ	<b>†</b>	7
Volume (veh/h)	120	550	190	90	600	30	90	10	10	60	50	350
Number	5	2	12	1	6	16	7	4	14	3	8	18
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00	•	1.00	1.00	•	1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00	•	1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	129	591	73	97	645	0	105	0	0	65	54	0
Adj No. of Lanes	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	0	1	2	1	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	222	2113	657	174	2041	636	228	0	102	235	127	108
Arrive On Green	0.06	0.42	0.42	0.05	0.40	0.00	0.06	0.00	0.00	0.07	0.07	0.00
Sat Flow, veh/h	3442	5085	1581	3442	5085	1583	3548	0.00	1583	3442	1863	1583
											54	
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	129	591	73	97	645	1500	105	0	0	65		1500
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	1721	1695	1581	1721	1695	1583	1774	0	1583	1721	1863	1583
Q Serve(g_s), s	1.7	3.6	1.3	1.3	4.1	0.0	1.4	0.0	0.0	0.8	1.3	0.0
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	1.7	3.6	1.3	1.3	4.1	0.0	1.4	0.0	0.0	0.8	1.3	0.0
Prop In Lane	1.00	0110	1.00	1.00	2244	1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00	40=	1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	222	2113	657	174	2041	636	228	0	102	235	127	108
V/C Ratio(X)	0.58	0.28	0.11	0.56	0.32	0.00	0.46	0.00	0.00	0.28	0.42	0.00
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	356	2545	791	385	2588	806	2473	0	1103	2471	1338	1137
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	0.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	21.5	9.2	8.5	22.0	9.7	0.0	21.4	0.0	0.0	20.9	21.2	0.0
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	0.9	0.2	0.2	1.0	0.2	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.8	0.0
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	8.0	1.7	0.6	0.6	2.0	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.7	0.0
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	22.4	9.3	8.7	23.0	9.9	0.0	21.9	0.0	0.0	21.2	22.0	0.0
LnGrp LOS	С	Α	Α	С	Α		С			С	С	
Approach Vol, veh/h		793			742			105			119	
Approach Delay, s/veh		11.4			11.6			21.9			21.6	
Approach LOS		В			В			С			С	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2		4	5	6		8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	6.9	25.2		7.5	7.6	24.5		7.7				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.5	5.5		4.5	4.5	5.5		4.5				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	5.3	23.7		33.0	4.9	24.1		34.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g c+l1), s	3.3	5.6		3.4	3.7	6.1		3.3				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.0	12.8		0.2	0.0	12.8		0.2				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			12.8									
HCM 2010 LOS			В									
Notes												

User approved pedestrian interval to be less than phase max green.
User approved volume balancing among the lanes for turning movement.

90 3 0 1.00 1.00 863 95	EBT 190 8 0	310 18 0 1.00	WBL           11           530           7	WBT ↑↑↑ 490	WBR	NBL 참기	NBT ↑↑↑	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
90 3 0 1.00 1.00 863	190 8 0	310 18 0	530			ሽኘ	<b>^</b>	#	100	444	
3 0 1.00 1.00 863	8 0	18 0		490					ሽኘ	ተተተ	7
0 1.00 1.00 863	0	0	7		520	730	1200	220	290	1210	60
1.00 1.00 863		-		4	14	5	2	12	1	6	16
1.00 863	1.00	1 00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
863	1.00	1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
		1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
OF	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863
90	200	25	558	516	0	768	1263	0	305	1274	0
2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3	1
).95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95
2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
148	602	188	608	1274	397	806	2153	670	369	1471	458
).04	0.12	0.12	0.17	0.25	0.00	0.08	0.14	0.00	0.11	0.29	0.00
442	5085	1583	3477	5085	1583	3442	5085	1583	3442	5085	1583
95	200	25	558	516	0	768	1263	0	305	1274	0
721	1695	1583	1739	1695	1583	1721	1695	1583	1721	1695	1583
3.0											0.0
3.0	4.0	1.6	17.6	9.4	0.0	24.8	25.9	0.0	9.7	26.5	0.0
1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
148	602			1274			2153			1471	458
).64											0.00
222											469
1.00					1.00						1.00
1.00					0.00						0.00
52.5	45.1	44.0	45.2	34.8	0.0	50.8	38.8	0.0	48.7	37.6	0.0
											0.0
0.0											0.0
1.5	1.9	0.7	10.0	4.5	0.0	13.7	12.4	0.0	4.9	13.2	0.0
54.2	45.9	44.8	63.7	35.4	0.0	67.1	39.6	0.0	53.7	43.6	0.0
	D	D	Е	D		Е	D		D	D	
	320			1074			2031			1579	
	D			D			D			D	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
1	2		4	5	6	7	8				
16.5					46.1	24.0					
4.5											
17.0											
11.7											
0.3	12.1	0.0	9.0	0.0	3.8	0.0	7.2				
		48.5									
		-ю.5 D									
	2 148 0.04 442 95 721 3.0 3.0 .00 148 0.64 222 .00 .00 1.5 4.2 D	2 2 148 602 .04 0.12 442 5085 95 200 721 1695 3.0 4.0 .00 148 602 .64 0.33 .222 958 .00 1.00 .00 1.00 .2.5 45.1 1.7 0.8 0.0 0.0 1.5 1.9 .4.2 45.9 D D 320 48.3 D 1 2 1 2 6.5 61.0 4.5 5.3 7.0 42.9 1.7 27.9	2 2 2 148 602 188 0.04 0.12 0.12 0.12 0.12 0.12 0.12 0.12 0.12	2 2 2 2 2 148 608 608 608 604 0.12 0.12 0.17 642 5085 1583 3477 65 200 25 558 6721 1695 1583 1739 63.0 4.0 1.6 17.6 63.0 4.0 1.6 17.6 65 61.0 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00	2 2 2 2 2 2 148 608 1274 0.04 0.12 0.12 0.17 0.25 1442 5085 1583 3477 5085 1583 1739 1695 3.0 4.0 1.6 17.6 9.4 0.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 4 397   1.04	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 148 602 188 608 1274 397 806 1.04 0.12 0.12 0.17 0.25 0.00 0.08 1442 5085 1583 3477 5085 1583 3442 95 200 25 558 516 0 768 721 1695 1583 1739 1695 1583 1721 3.0 4.0 1.6 17.6 9.4 0.0 24.8 3.0 4.0 1.6 17.6 9.4 0.0 24.8 3.0 4.0 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.0	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	2         2	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         188         608         1274         397         806         2153         670         369         1471         1.04         0.12         0.17         0.25         0.00         0.08         0.14         0.00         0.11         0.29         1442         5085         1583         3477         5085         1583         3442         5085         1583         3442         5085         1583         3442         5085         1583         3442         5085         1583         3442         5085         1583         3442         5085         1583         3442         5085         1583         3442         5085         1583         1721         1695         1583         1721         1695         1583         1721         1695         1583         1721         1695         1583         1721         1695         1583         1721         1695         1583         1721         1695         1583         1721         1695         30         0.0         0.0         9.7         26.5         0.0         0.0         9.7         26.5         30         0.0

<sup>\*</sup> HCM 2010 computational engine requires equal clearance times for the phases crossing the barrier.

	ᄼ	<b>→</b>	•	•	<b>←</b>	•	•	†	~	<b>/</b>	<b>↓</b>	4
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	ă	<b>∱</b> Ъ		Ä	ተኈ		ሻ	ተተተ	7	Ä	ተተተ	7
Volume (veh/h)	90	460	370	110	760	250	970	570	60	300	780	100
Number	7	4	14	3	8	18	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		0.98	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	94	479	277	115	792	236	1010	594	18	312	812	14
Adj No. of Lanes	1	2	0	1	2	0	1	3	1	1	3	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	68	518	298	94	680	203	723	1643	511	464	900	279
Arrive On Green	0.04	0.24	0.24	0.05	0.25	0.25	0.41	0.32	0.32	0.26	0.18	0.18
Sat Flow, veh/h	1774	2164	1245	1774	2678	798	1774	5085	1580	1774	5085	1578
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	94	391	365	115	523	505	1010	594	18	312	812	14
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	1774	1770	1639	1774	1770	1707	1774	1695	1580	1774	1695	1578
Q Serve(g_s), s	5.0	28.1	28.3	6.9	33.0	33.0	53.0	11.6	0.8	20.5	20.3	1.0
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	5.0	28.1	28.3	6.9	33.0	33.0	53.0	11.6	0.8	20.5	20.3	1.0
Prop In Lane	1.00		0.76	1.00		0.47	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	68	424	393	94	449	433	723	1643	511	464	900	279
V/C Ratio(X)	1.38	0.92	0.93	1.23	1.16	1.17	1.40	0.36	0.04	0.67	0.90	0.05
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	68	436	404	94	449	433	723	1643	511	464	900	279
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	62.5	48.3	48.4	61.6	48.5	48.5	38.5	33.7	20.8	43.0	52.4	44.4
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	238.5	25.0	27.4	166.0	96.0	96.8	186.8	0.6	0.1	7.6	14.0	0.3
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	7.0	16.6	15.8	7.7	28.1	27.2	63.4	5.5	0.5	11.0	10.7	0.4
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	301.0	73.2	75.8	227.5	144.5	145.3	225.3	34.3	20.9	50.6	66.4	44.8
LnGrp LOS	F	Е	Е	F	F	F	F	С	С	D	E	D
Approach Vol, veh/h		850			1143			1622			1138	
Approach Delay, s/veh		99.5			153.2			153.1			61.8	
Approach LOS		F			F			F			Е	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	38.0	46.0	10.9	35.1	57.0	27.0	9.0	37.0				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	34.0	42.0	6.0	32.0	53.0	23.0	5.0	33.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	22.5	13.6	8.9	30.3	55.0	22.3	7.0	35.0				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.7	10.7	0.0	8.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			121.7									
HCM 2010 LOS			F									

۶	<b>→</b>	•	•	+	4	4	†	<i>&gt;</i>	<b>\</b>	ţ	4
EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
					7		ተተተ	7	ሻ	ተተው	7
0	0	0	0	0	80	0	2070	160	200	1110	780
1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900
					5.0		5.3	5.3	5.0	4.0	4.0
					1.00		0.91	1.00	1.00	0.86	0.86
					0.86		1.00	0.85	1.00	0.96	0.85
					1.00		1.00	1.00	0.95	1.00	1.00
					1611		5085	1583	1770	4633	1362
					1.00		1.00	1.00	0.95	1.00	1.00
					1611		5085	1583	1770	4633	1362
0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93
0	0	0	0	0	86	0	2226	172	215	1194	839
0	0	0	0	0	57	0	0	43	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	29	0	2226	129	215	1572	461
					pt+ov		NA	Perm	Prot	NA	Perm
					13		24		13	Free	
					13			2 4			Free
					21.7		77.7	77.7	21.7	120.0	120.0
							77.7	77.7	21.7	120.0	120.0
					0.18		0.65	0.65	0.18	1.00	1.00
					291		3292	1024	320	4633	1362
					0.02		c0.44		c0.12	0.34	
								0.08			0.34
					0.10		0.68	0.13	0.67	0.34	0.34
					41.0		13.3	8.1	45.8	0.0	0.0
					1.00		0.88	1.00	1.21	1.00	1.00
					0.1		0.7	0.1	2.3	0.1	0.4
							12.4	8.2			0.4
					D		В	Α	Е	Α	Α
										5.7	
	Α			D			В			Α	
		9.6	H	CM 2000	Level of S	Service		Α			
ty ratio		0.68									
		120.0						20.6			
on		59.7%	IC	U Level	of Service			В			
		15									
	0 1900 0.93 0 0	EBL EBT  0 0 0 1900 1900  0.93 0.93 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 A  ty ratio	BBL EBT EBR  0 0 0 0 1900 1900 1900  0.93 0.93 0.93 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0  4  9.6 ty ratio 0.68 120.0 on 59.7%	D.O. O.O. O.O. O.O. O.O. O.O. O.O. O.O.	BBL EBT EBR WBL WBT  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900	BBL   BBT   BBR   WBL   WBT   WBR	EBL EBT EBR WBL WBT WBR NBL  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 80 0 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900  5.0 1.00 0.86 1.00 1611 0.93 0.93 0.93 0.93 0.93 0.93 0.93 0 0 0 0 0 0 86 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 57 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 29 0   pt+ov 13 13 13 21.7 21.7 21.7 0.18  291 0.02  0.00 41.1 A D  9.6 HCM 2000 Level of Service ty ratio 0.68 120.0 Sum of lost time (s) 1CU Level of Service	EBL   EBT   EBR   WBL   WBT   WBR   NBL   NBT	BBL   BBT   BBR   WBL   WBT   WBR   NBL   NBT   NBR	EBL EBT EBR WBL WBT WBR NBL NBT NBR SBL  1	EBL EBT EBR WBL WBT WBR NBL NBT NBR SBL SBT

	•	•	†	<i>&gt;</i>	<b>\</b>	<b></b>	
Movement	WBL	WBR	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	
Lane Configurations	ሻሻ	77	ተተተ	7		<b>†</b> ††	
Volume (veh/h)	410	450	1780	260	0	1110	
Number	3	18	2	12	1	6	
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1863	1863	0	1863	
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	441	481	1914	0	0	1194	
Adj No. of Lanes	2	2	3	1	0	3	
Peak Hour Factor	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	0	2	
Cap, veh/h	820	664	2841	885	0	2841	
Arrive On Green	0.24	0.24	0.56	0.00	0.00	0.56	
Sat Flow, veh/h	3442	2787	5253	1583	0	5421	
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	441	481	1914	0	0	1194	
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	1721	1393	1695	1583	0	1695	
Q Serve(g_s), s	5.3	7.5	12.6	0.0	0.0	6.4	
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	5.3	7.5	12.6	0.0	0.0	6.4	
Prop In Lane	1.00	1.00		1.00	0.00		
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	820	664	2841	885	0	2841	
V/C Ratio(X)	0.54	0.72	0.67	0.00	0.00	0.42	
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	1748	1415	2841	885	0	2841	
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	0.76	0.00	0.00	0.95	
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	15.7	16.6	7.4	0.0	0.0	6.0	
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	0.2	0.6	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	2.5	2.9	5.9	0.0	0.0	3.1	
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	15.9	17.1	8.4	0.0	0.0	6.4	
LnGrp LOS	В	В	A			A	
Approach Vol, veh/h	922		1914			1194	
Approach Delay, s/veh	16.6		8.4			6.4	
Approach LOS	В		Α			Α	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7 8
Assigned Phs		2				6	8
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s		44.4				44.4	15.6
Change Period (Y+Rc), s		5.3				5.3	4.3
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s		26.4				26.4	24.0
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s		14.6				8.4	9.5
Green Ext Time (p_c), s		9.7				13.8	1.7
ntersection Summary							
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			9.7				
HCM 2010 LOS			Α				

	۶	<b>→</b>	•	•	<b>←</b>	•	1	†	<i>&gt;</i>	<b>/</b>	ţ	4
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	ሻሻ		77					ተተተ	7		ተተተ	7
Volume (veh/h)	750	0	670	0	0	0	0	1290	470	0	1400	120
Number	7	4	14				5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0				0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00				1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00				1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	0	1863				0	1863	1863	0	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	815	0	698				0	1402	0	0	1522	0
Adj No. of Lanes	2	0	2				0	3	1	0	3	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.92				0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	0	2				0	2	2	0	2	2
Cap, veh/h	1117	0	904				0	2465	767	0	2465	767
Arrive On Green	0.32	0.00	0.32				0.00	0.48	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.00
Sat Flow, veh/h	3442	0	2787				0	5253	1583	0	5253	1583
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	815	0	698				0	1402	0	0	1522	0
Grp Sat Flow(s), veh/h/ln	1721	0	1393				0	1695	1583	0	1695	1583
Q Serve(g_s), s	10.5	0.0	11.4				0.0	9.9	0.0	0.0	14.0	0.0
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	10.5	0.0	11.4				0.0	9.9	0.0	0.0	14.0	0.0
Prop In Lane	1.00		1.00				0.00	0.40=	1.00	0.00	0.40=	1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	1117	0	904				0	2465	767	0	2465	767
V/C Ratio(X)	0.73	0.00	0.77				0.00	0.57	0.00	0.00	0.62	0.00
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	1778	0	1439				0	2465	767	0	2465	767
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00				1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.33	0.33
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	0.00	1.00				0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.91	0.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	15.0	0.0	15.3				0.0	9.2	0.0	0.0	16.8	0.0
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	0.3	0.0	0.5				0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.1	0.0
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0				0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	5.0	0.0	4.4				0.0	4.8	0.0	0.0	6.8	0.0
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	15.4	0.0	15.9				0.0	10.2 B	0.0	0.0	17.9 B	0.0
LnGrp LOS	В	4540	В									
Approach Vol, veh/h		1513						1402			1522	
Approach Delay, s/veh		15.6						10.2			17.9	
Approach LOS		В						В			В	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs		2		4		6						
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s		39.4		20.6		39.4						
Change Period (Y+Rc), s		5.3		* 4.3		5.3						
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s		24.4		* 26		24.4						
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s		11.9		13.4		16.0						
Green Ext Time (p_c), s		9.8		3.0		6.9						
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			14.7									
HCM 2010 LOS			В									
Notos												

# Notes

User approved pedestrian interval to be less than phase max green.

\* HCM 2010 computational engine requires equal clearance times for the phases crossing the barrier.

	۶	<b>→</b>	•	•	<b>←</b>	•	1	<b>†</b>		<b>/</b>	ţ	<b>√</b>
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations		4	7	ň	4î Þ		44	ተተኈ		ሻ	ተተኈ	7
Volume (veh/h)	200	40	710	50	80	150	280	910	110	150	1320	570
Number	7	4	14	3	8	18	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1900	1863	1863	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	215	211	370	48	94	5	301	978	102	161	1419	270
Adj No. of Lanes	0	1	1	1	2	0	2	3	0	1	3	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	240	236	415	186	368	19	314	1570	163	195	1904	540
Arrive On Green	0.26	0.26	0.26	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.09	0.34	0.34	0.11	0.34	0.34
Sat Flow, veh/h	917	900	1583	1774	3508	185	3442	4679	487	1774	5588	1583
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	426	0	370	48	50	49	301	708	372	161	1419	270
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	1817	0	1583	1774	1863	1830	1721	1695	1775	1774	1863	1583
Q Serve(g_s), s	21.6	0.0	21.5	2.4	2.3	2.4	8.3	16.7	16.8	8.5	21.4	12.9
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	21.6	0.0	21.5	2.4	2.3	2.4	8.3	16.7	16.8	8.5	21.4	12.9
Prop In Lane	0.50		1.00	1.00		0.10	1.00		0.27	1.00		1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	476	0	415	186	195	192	314	1138	596	195	1904	540
V/C Ratio(X)	0.90	0.00	0.89	0.26	0.25	0.26	0.96	0.62	0.62	0.82	0.75	0.50
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	564	0	491	186	195	192	314	1138	596	223	1904	540
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	33.9	0.0	33.9	39.3	39.3	39.3	43.2	26.6	26.6	41.5	27.8	25.0
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	13.8	0.0	15.0	0.3	0.3	0.3	39.4	2.6	4.9	17.3	2.7	3.3
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	12.6	0.0	11.1	1.2	1.2	1.2	5.6	8.2	9.0	5.1	11.4	6.1
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	47.7	0.0	48.9	39.5	39.5	39.5	82.6	29.2	31.5	58.9	30.5	28.3
LnGrp LOS	D		D	D	D	D	F	С	С	E	С	С
Approach Vol, veh/h		796			147			1381			1850	
Approach Delay, s/veh		48.3			39.5			41.5			32.6	
Approach LOS		D			D			D			С	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2		4	5	6		8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	14.5	41.9		29.6	18.6	37.8		14.0				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.0	5.3		4.6	5.3	* 5.3		4.0				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	12.0	30.5		29.6	8.7	* 33		10.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	10.5	18.8		23.6	10.3	23.4		4.4				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.0	5.5		1.4	0.0	4.7		0.2				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			38.8									
HCM 2010 LOS			D									

User approved volume balancing among the lanes for turning movement.

\* HCM 2010 computational engine requires equal clearance times for the phases crossing the barrier.

Synchro 8 Report 10/27/2014

Cumulative Plus Project AM Peak Hour

	٦	<b>→</b>	•	•	<b>←</b>	4	4	†	<i>&gt;</i>	<b>/</b>	<b>+</b>	4
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations			77			7		ተተተ	7	Ä	1111	
Volume (vph)	0	0	590	0	0	230	0	1070	470	110	1970	0
Ideal Flow (vphpl)	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900
Total Lost time (s)			4.6			4.0		5.7	5.7	4.0	5.7	
Lane Util. Factor			0.88			1.00		0.91	1.00	1.00	0.86	
Frpb, ped/bikes			1.00			0.99		1.00	0.98	1.00	1.00	
Flpb, ped/bikes			1.00			1.00		1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
Frt			0.85			0.86		1.00	0.85	1.00	1.00	
Flt Protected			1.00			1.00		1.00	1.00	0.95	1.00	
Satd. Flow (prot)			2787			1591		5085	1549	1770	6408	
Flt Permitted			1.00			1.00		1.00	1.00	0.95	1.00	
Satd. Flow (perm)			2787			1591		5085	1549	1770	6408	
Peak-hour factor, PHF	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93
Adj. Flow (vph)	0	0	634	0	0	247	0	1151	505	118	2118	0
RTOR Reduction (vph)	0	0	134	0	0	0	0	0	203	0	0	0
Lane Group Flow (vph)	0	0	500	0	0	247	0	1151	302	118	2118	0
Confl. Peds. (#/hr)						2			2			
Turn Type			Prot			Free		NA	Perm	Prot	NA	
Protected Phases			5					2		1	6	
Permitted Phases						Free			2			
Actuated Green, G (s)			13.4			50.0		29.9	29.9	10.4	26.3	
Effective Green, g (s)			13.4			50.0		29.9	29.9	10.4	26.3	
Actuated g/C Ratio			0.27			1.00		0.60	0.60	0.21	0.53	
Clearance Time (s)			4.6					5.7	5.7	4.0	5.7	
Vehicle Extension (s)			1.0					1.0	1.0	2.5	1.0	
Lane Grp Cap (vph)			746			1591		3040	926	368	3370	
v/s Ratio Prot			c0.18					0.23		0.07	c0.33	
v/s Ratio Perm						0.16			0.19			
v/c Ratio			0.67			0.16		0.38	0.33	0.32	0.63	
Uniform Delay, d1			16.3			0.0		5.2	5.0	16.8	8.4	
Progression Factor			1.00			1.00		1.00	1.00	0.62	0.46	
Incremental Delay, d2			1.9			0.2		0.4	0.9	0.1	0.3	
Delay (s)			18.2			0.2		5.6	6.0	10.6	4.1	
Level of Service			В			Α		Α	Α	В	Α	
Approach Delay (s)		18.2			0.2			5.7			4.5	
Approach LOS		В			Α			Α			Α	
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2000 Control Delay			6.5	H	CM 2000	Level of S	Service		Α			
HCM 2000 Volume to Capaci	ity ratio		0.64									
Actuated Cycle Length (s)			50.0	Sı	um of lost	time (s)			10.3			
Intersection Capacity Utilizati	on		57.8%			of Service			В			
Analysis Period (min)			15									
a Critical Lana Craun												

c Critical Lane Group

Synchro 8 Report 10/27/2014

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	44	<b>†</b> †	7	ሻ	ተተተ	7		41∱	7	ሻ	र्स	77
Volume (veh/h)	570	840	0	0	940	50	10	20	10	140	0	390
Number	7	4	14	3	8	18	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		0.99	1.00		0.99
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	594	875	0	0	979	13	10	21	1	146	0	47
Adj No. of Lanes	2	2	1	1	3	1	0	2	1	2	0	2
Peak Hour Factor	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	744	2197	983	3	1699	528	83	191	120	324	0	288
Arrive On Green	0.22	0.62	0.00	0.00	0.33	0.33	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.09	0.00	0.09
Sat Flow, veh/h	3442	3539	1583	1774	5085	1580	1089	2489	1571	3548	0	3146
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	594	875	0	0	979	13	17	14	1	146	0	47
Grp Sat Flow(s), veh/h/ln	1721	1770	1583	1774	1695	1580	1808	1770	1571	1774	0	1573
Q Serve(g_s), s	9.3	7.1	0.0	0.0	9.0	0.3	0.5	0.4	0.0	2.2	0.0	0.8
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	9.3	7.1	0.0	0.0	9.0	0.3	0.5	0.4	0.0	2.2	0.0	0.8
Prop In Lane	1.00		1.00	1.00	0.0	1.00	0.60	0.1	1.00	1.00	0.0	1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	744	2197	983	3	1699	528	138	136	120	324	0	288
V/C Ratio(X)	0.80	0.40	0.00	0.00	0.58	0.02	0.12	0.11	0.01	0.45	0.00	0.16
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	969	2197	983	125	2059	640	828	810	719	1811	0	1606
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	21.1	5.4	0.0	0.0	15.6	12.7	24.4	24.4	24.2	24.5	0.0	23.8
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	3.6	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.4	0.3	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.3
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	4.7	3.4	0.0	0.0	4.2	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.0	1.1	0.0	0.3
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	24.7	5.5	0.0	0.0	15.9	12.7	24.8	24.8	24.3	25.4	0.0	24.1
LnGrp LOS	C	Α	0.0	0.0	В	В	24.0 C	C C	C0	23.4 C	0.0	24.1 C
Approach Vol, veh/h		1469			992			32			193	
• •		13.3			15.9			24.8			25.1	
Approach Delay, s/veh Approach LOS		13.3 B			15.9 B			24.0 C			25.1 C	
Approach LOS		D			Б			C			C	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs		2	3	4		6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s		8.4	0.0	39.3		9.2	16.3	23.0				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s		4.0	4.0	4.0		4.0	4.0	4.0				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s		26.0	4.0	35.0		29.0	16.0	23.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+I1), s		2.5	0.0	9.1		4.2	11.3	11.0				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s		0.1	0.0	13.3		0.6	1.0	7.8				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			15.2									
HCM 2010 LOS			В									
Notes												

User approved volume balancing among the lanes for turning movement.

	۶	<b>→</b>	•	•	-	•	•	†	<b>/</b>	<b>\</b>	<b>+</b>	-✓
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	Ť	<b>†</b> †		¥	ተተተ	7		4		ሻሻ	f)	
Volume (veh/h)	30	950	10	10	840	490	10	20	10	440	10	140
Number	7	4	14	3	8	18	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		0.99	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1863	1900	1863	1900	1863	1863	1900
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	32	1011	10	11	894	136	11	21	4	468	11	73
Adj No. of Lanes	1	2	0	1	3	1	0	1	0	2	1	0
Peak Hour Factor	0.94	0.94	0.94	0.94	0.94	0.94	0.94	0.94	0.94	0.94	0.94	0.94
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	51	1452	14	20	1968	611	0	136	26	620	74	488
Arrive On Green	0.03	0.40	0.40	0.01	0.39	0.39	0.00	0.09	0.09	0.18	0.35	0.35
Sat Flow, veh/h	1774	3590	36	1774	5085	1579	0	1520	289	3442	211	1401
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	32	498	523	11	894	136	0	0	25	468	0	84
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	1774	1770	1856	1774	1695	1579	0	0	1809	1721	0	1613
Q Serve(g_s), s	0.9	11.9	11.9	0.3	6.6	2.9	0.0	0.0	0.6	6.6	0.0	1.8
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	0.9	11.9	11.9	0.3	6.6	2.9	0.0	0.0	0.6	6.6	0.0	1.8
Prop In Lane	1.00		0.02	1.00		1.00	0.00		0.16	1.00		0.87
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	51	716	751	20	1968	611	0	0	162	620	0	561
V/C Ratio(X)	0.63	0.70	0.70	0.55	0.45	0.22	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.76	0.00	0.15
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	140	801	840	140	2302	715	0	0	890	813	0	1047
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	24.4	12.5	12.5	25.0	11.6	10.4	0.0	0.0	21.4	19.8	0.0	11.4
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	12.2	2.3	2.2	21.2	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.4	2.9	0.0	0.1
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	0.6	6.1	6.4	0.3	3.1	1.3	0.0	0.0	0.3	3.4	0.0	0.8
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	36.6	14.9	14.7	46.2	11.7	10.6	0.0	0.0	21.8	22.7	0.0	11.5
LnGrp LOS	D	B	В	D	<u>B</u>	В			С	С		В
Approach Vol, veh/h		1053			1041			25			552	
Approach Delay, s/veh		15.5			12.0			21.8			21.0	
Approach LOS		В			В			С			С	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	13.1	8.5	4.6	24.5	0.0	21.7	5.5	23.7				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	12.0	25.0	4.0	23.0	4.0	33.0	4.0	23.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	8.6	2.6	2.3	13.9	0.0	3.8	2.9	8.6				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.6	0.5	0.0	6.7	0.0	0.5	0.0	9.4				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			15.3									
HCM 2010 LOS			В									

	۶	<b>→</b>	•	•	<b>←</b>	•	•	†	~	<b>\</b>	<b>+</b>	-✓
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	ሻሻ	ተተቡ		44	<b>^</b>	7	۲	1111	7	ሻሻ	ተተተ	7
Volume (veh/h)	560	200	180	390	340	130	50	720	150	120	1440	450
Number	7	4	14	3	8	18	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		0.99	1.00		0.99	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	609	217	122	424	370	44	54	783	55	130	1565	207
Adj No. of Lanes	2	3	0	2	2	1	1	4	1	2	3	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	534	708	328	498	702	312	69	2635	649	199	2188	679
Arrive On Green	0.16	0.21	0.21	0.14	0.20	0.20	0.04	0.41	0.41	0.06	0.43	0.43
Sat Flow, veh/h	3442	3390	1572	3442	3539	1571	1774	6408	1578	3442	5085	1578
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	609	217	122	424	370	44	54	783	55	130	1565	207
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	1721	1695	1572	1721	1770	1571	1774	1602	1578	1721	1695	1578
Q Serve(g_s), s	14.0	4.9	6.0	10.8	8.4	2.1	2.7	7.4	1.9	3.3	22.8	7.8
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	14.0	4.9	6.0	10.8	8.4	2.1	2.7	7.4	1.9	3.3	22.8	7.8
Prop In Lane	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	534	708	328	498	702	312	69	2635	649	199	2188	679
V/C Ratio(X)	1.14	0.31	0.37	0.85	0.53	0.14	0.78	0.30	0.08	0.65	0.72	0.30
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	534	1316	610	534	1374	610	79	2635	649	305	2312	717
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	38.1	30.2	30.6	37.6	32.4	29.8	43.0	17.8	16.2	41.6	21.1	16.8
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	83.6	0.2	0.7	11.9	0.6	0.2	35.4	0.1	0.1	3.6	1.0	0.3
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0 2.7	0.0	0.0 4.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0 3.4
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	12.8 121.7	2.3	31.3	5.9	33.0	30.0	2.0 78.3	3.3 17.9	0.8 16.2	1.7 45.2	10.8 22.2	17.1
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	121.7 F	30.4 C	31.3 C	49.5 D	33.0 C	30.0 C	76.3 E	17.9 B	10.2 B	45.2 D	22.2 C	17.1 B
LnGrp LOS	Г		U	U		U			D	U		Ь
Approach Vol, veh/h		948			838			892			1902	
Approach Delay, s/veh		89.2 F			41.2			21.4			23.2 C	
Approach LOS		Г			D			С			C	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	9.2	41.1	17.1	22.8	7.5	42.8	18.0	21.9				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	8.0	37.0	14.0	35.0	4.0	41.0	14.0	35.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	5.3	9.4	12.8	8.0	4.7	24.8	16.0	10.4				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.1	21.4	0.2	5.2	0.0	13.7	0.0	5.1				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			39.8									
HCM 2010 LOS			D									

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	Ä	ተተተ	7	ă	ተተተ	7	**	4	7	7	4	7
Volume (veh/h)	30	550	120	50	1400	20	90	10	40	10	10	50
Number	1	6	16	5	2	12	3	8	18	7	4	14
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		0.99	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	33	598	67	54	1522	11	106	0	1	11	11	0
Adj No. of Lanes	1	3	1	1	3	1	2	0	1	1	1	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	39	3048	949	68	3129	962	189	0	84	22	23	19
Arrive On Green	0.02	0.60	0.60	0.04	0.62	0.62	0.05	0.00	0.05	0.01	0.01	0.00
Sat Flow, veh/h	1774	5085	1583	1774	5085	1564	3548	0	1583	1774	1863	1583
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	33	598	67	54	1522	11	106	0	1	11	11	0
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	1774	1695	1583	1774	1695	1564	1774	0	1583	1774	1863	1583
Q Serve(g_s), s	1.2	3.6	1.2	2.0	11.1	0.2	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.4	0.0
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	1.2	3.6	1.2	2.0	11.1	0.2	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.4	0.0
Prop In Lane	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	39	3048	949	68	3129	962	189	0	84	22	23	19
V/C Ratio(X)	0.84	0.20	0.07	0.80	0.49	0.01	0.56	0.00	0.01	0.51	0.48	0.00
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	95	3048	949	263	3352	1031	2002	0	893	1027	1078	917
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	32.8	6.1	5.6	32.1	7.1	5.0	31.1	0.0	30.2	33.1	33.1	0.0
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	15.5 0.0	0.1	0.1	7.8	0.5 0.0	0.0	1.0 0.0	0.0	0.0	6.6	5.7	0.0
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0 1.7	0.0	0.0	5.2	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0 0.2	0.0 0.2	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln		6.2	0.6 5.8		5.2 7.6	0.1 5.0	32.1	0.0	0.0 30.2	39.7	38.8	0.0
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	48.3 D	6.2 A	3.6 A	39.9 D	7.0 A	5.0 A	32.1 C	0.0	30.2 C	39.7 D	30.0 D	0.0
LnGrp LOS	U		A	U		A	U	107	U	U		
Approach Vol, veh/h		698			1587			107			22	
Approach LOS		8.2			8.7			32.1			39.2	
Approach LOS		Α			Α			С			D	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2		4	5	6		8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	6.0	48.0		5.3	7.1	46.9		8.1				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.5	6.5		4.5	4.5	* 6.5		4.5				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	3.6	44.4		39.0	10.0	* 38		38.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	3.2	13.1		2.4	4.0	5.6		4.0				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.0	28.4		0.0	0.0	30.3		0.2				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			9.9									
HCM 2010 LOS			Α									

User approved volume balancing among the lanes for turning movement.

\* HCM 2010 computational engine requires equal clearance times for the phases crossing the barrier.

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	Ä	ተተተ	7	2	ተተተ	7	7	<b>†</b>	7	**	₽	
Volume (veh/h)	60	470	70	30	1260	140	100	10	30	90	20	110
Number	5	2	12	1	6	16	3	8	18	7	4	14
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1900
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	65	511	31	33	1370	65	109	11	1	98	22	9
Adj No. of Lanes	1	3	1	1	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	100	2240	697	63	2134	664	206	111	94	197	69	28
Arrive On Green	0.06	0.44	0.44	0.04	0.42	0.42	0.12	0.06	0.06	0.11	0.05	0.05
Sat Flow, veh/h	1774	5085	1583	1774	5085	1583	1774	1863	1583	1774	1258	514
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	65	511	31	33	1370	65	109	11	1	98	0	31
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	1774	1695	1583	1774	1695	1583	1774	1863	1583	1774	0	1772
Q Serve(g_s), s	2.0	3.5	0.6	1.0	12.1	1.4	3.3	0.3	0.0	2.9	0.0	1.0
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	2.0	3.5	0.6	1.0	12.1	1.4	3.3	0.3	0.0	2.9	0.0	1.0
Prop In Lane	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		0.29
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	100	2240	697	63	2134	664	206	111	94	197	0	97
V/C Ratio(X)	0.65	0.23	0.04	0.52	0.64	0.10	0.53	0.10	0.01	0.50	0.00	0.32
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	157	2240	697	188	2246	699	279	1218	1035	251	0	1130
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	26.1	9.8	9.0	26.8	13.0	9.9	23.6	25.2	25.1	23.7	0.0	25.7
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	2.6	0.1	0.1	2.4	0.9	0.1	2.1	0.4	0.0	1.9	0.0	1.9
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	1.1	1.7	0.3	0.5	5.8	0.6	1.7	0.2	0.0	1.5	0.0	0.5
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	28.8	10.0	9.1	29.2	13.9	10.1	25.7	25.6	25.1	25.6	0.0	27.6
LnGrp LOS	C	A	A	C	В	В	C	C	C	C	0.0	C
Approach Vol, veh/h		607	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		1468			121			129	
Approach Delay, s/veh		12.0			14.1			25.7			26.1	
Approach LOS		12.0 B			14.1 B			23.7 C			20.1 C	
Approach LOS		Ь			Ь			U			C	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	6.5	31.4	11.1	7.6	7.7	30.2	10.8	7.9				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.5	* 6.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	6.5	4.5	4.5				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	6.0	* 24	8.9	36.1	5.0	25.0	8.0	37.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	3.0	5.5	5.3	3.0	4.0	14.1	4.9	2.3				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.0	16.2	0.1	0.2	0.0	9.6	0.1	0.2				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			14.8									
HCM 2010 LOS			В									
Notes												

\* HCM 2010 computational engine requires equal clearance times for the phases crossing the barrier.

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations				ሻሻ		77		<b>†</b> †	7		ተተ	7
Volume (veh/h)	0	0	0	460	0	170	0	1120	330	0	540	1100
Number				3	8	18	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)				1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj				1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln				1863	0	1863	0	1863	1863	0	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h				500	0	162	0	1217	0	0	587	0
Adj No. of Lanes				2	0	2	0	2	1	0	2	1
Peak Hour Factor				0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Percent Heavy Veh, %				2	0	2	0	2	2	0	2	2
Cap, veh/h				868	0	703	0	1716	768	0	1716	768
Arrive On Green				0.25	0.00	0.25	0.00	0.48	0.00	0.00	0.48	0.00
Sat Flow, veh/h				3442	0	2787	0	3632	1583	0	3632	1583
Grp Volume(v), veh/h				500	0	162	0	1217	0	0	587	0
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln				1721	0	1393	0	1770	1583	0	1770	1583
Q Serve(g_s), s				3.9	0.0	1.4	0.0	8.2	0.0	0.0	3.1	0.0
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s				3.9	0.0	1.4	0.0	8.2	0.0	0.0	3.1	0.0
Prop In Lane				1.00		1.00	0.00		1.00	0.00		1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h				868	0	703	0	1716	768	0	1716	768
V/C Ratio(X)				0.58	0.00	0.23	0.00	0.71	0.00	0.00	0.34	0.00
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h				1809	0	1464	0	1860	832	0	1860	832
HCM Platoon Ratio				1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)				1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh				10.0	0.0	9.0	0.0	6.2	0.0	0.0	4.8	0.0
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh				0.6	0.0	0.2	0.0	1.2	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh				0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln				1.9	0.0	0.6	0.0	4.2	0.0	0.0	1.5	0.0
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh				10.6	0.0	9.2	0.0	7.3	0.0	0.0	5.0	0.0
LnGrp LOS				В		Α		Α			Α	
Approach Vol, veh/h					662			1217			587	
Approach Delay, s/veh					10.2			7.3			5.0	
Approach LOS					В			Α			Α	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs		2				6		8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s		18.8				18.8		11.7				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s		4.0				4.0		4.0				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s		16.0				16.0		16.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s		10.2				5.1		5.9				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s		4.5				7.7		1.8				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			7.5									
HCM 2010 LOS			7.5 A									

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	ሻሻ		77					ተተ	7		<b>†</b> †	7
Volume (veh/h)	770	0	140	0	0	0	0	680	140	0	860	140
Number	7	4	14				5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0				0	0	0	0	0	0
, —ı ,	1.00		1.00				1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
	1.00	1.00	1.00				1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
•	1863	0	1863				0	1863	1863	0	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	837	0	97				0	739	0	0	935	0
Adj No. of Lanes	2	0	2				0	2	1	0	2	1
	0.92	0.92	0.92				0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	0	2				0	2	2	0	2	2
1 *	1165	0	943				0	1493	668	0	1493	668
	0.34	0.00	0.34				0.00	0.42	0.00	0.00	0.42	0.00
	3442	0	2787				0	3632	1583	0	3632	1583
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	837	0	97				0	739	0	0	935	0
	1721	0	1393				0	1770	1583	0	1770	1583
Q Serve(g_s), s	7.1	0.0	0.8				0.0	5.1	0.0	0.0	6.9	0.0
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	7.1	0.0	0.8				0.0	5.1	0.0	0.0	6.9	0.0
·	1.00		1.00				0.00		1.00	0.00		1.00
1 1 1 7 7 7	1165	0	943				0	1493	668	0	1493	668
. ,	0.72	0.00	0.10				0.00	0.50	0.00	0.00	0.63	0.00
1 \ - /-	1651	0	1337				0	1698	760	0	1698	760
	1.00	1.00	1.00				1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
1	1.00	0.00	1.00				0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	9.6	0.0	7.6				0.0	7.0	0.0	0.0	7.6	0.0
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	0.9	0.0	0.0				0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.6	0.0
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0				0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	3.4	0.0	0.3				0.0	2.5	0.0	0.0	3.4	0.0
	10.5	0.0	7.6				0.0	7.3	0.0	0.0	8.2	0.0
LnGrp LOS	В	004	A					A			A	
Approach Vol, veh/h		934						739			935	
Approach Delay, s/veh		10.2						7.3			8.2	
Approach LOS		В						Α			Α	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs		2		4		6						
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s		18.1		15.3		18.1						
Change Period (Y+Rc), s		4.0		4.0		4.0						
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s		16.0		16.0		16.0						
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s		7.1		9.1		8.9						
Green Ext Time (p_c), s		6.2		2.2		5.1						
Intersection Summary												
LICM 0040 Chil Dalair			8.7									
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			0.7									

	•	<b>→</b>	•	•	<b>←</b>	•	•	†	<i>&gt;</i>	<b>&gt;</b>	ţ	<b>√</b>
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations				44		77		ተተተ	7		ተተተ	7
Volume (veh/h)	0	0	0	400	0	1060	0	540	340	0	1070	190
Number				3	8	18	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)				1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj				1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln				1863	0	1863	0	1863	1863	0	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h				435	0	1039	0	587	0	0	1163	0
Adj No. of Lanes				2	0	2	0	3	1	0	3	1
Peak Hour Factor				0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Percent Heavy Veh, %				2	0	2	0	2	2	0	2	2
Cap, veh/h				1582	0	1281	0	2015	627	0	2015	627
Arrive On Green				0.46	0.00	0.46	0.00	0.79	0.00	0.00	0.40	0.00
Sat Flow, veh/h				3442	0	2787	0	5253	1583	0	5253	1583
Grp Volume(v), veh/h				435	0	1039	0	587	0	0	1163	0
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln				1721	0	1393	0	1695	1583	0	1695	1583
Q Serve(g_s), s				4.3	0.0	17.8	0.0	1.7	0.0	0.0	9.9	0.0
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s				4.3	0.0	17.8	0.0	1.7	0.0	0.0	9.9	0.0
Prop In Lane				1.00		1.00	0.00		1.00	0.00		1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h				1582	0	1281	0	2015	627	0	2015	627
V/C Ratio(X)				0.27	0.00	0.81	0.00	0.29	0.00	0.00	0.58	0.00
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h				2169	0	1756	0	2015	627	0	2015	627
HCM Platoon Ratio				1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	2.00	2.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)				1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.97	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh				9.3	0.0	12.9	0.0	3.7	0.0	0.0	13.1	0.0
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh				0.1	0.0	2.1	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.0	1.2	0.0
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh				0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln				2.1	0.0	7.2	0.0	8.0	0.0	0.0	4.9	0.0
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh				9.4	0.0	15.0	0.0	4.0	0.0	0.0	14.3	0.0
LnGrp LOS				Α		В		Α			В	
Approach Vol, veh/h					1474			587			1163	
Approach Delay, s/veh					13.4			4.0			14.3	
Approach LOS					В			Α			В	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs		2				6		8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s		35.5				35.5		29.5				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s		4.0				4.0		4.0				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s		22.0				22.0		35.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s		3.7				11.9		19.8				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s		10.8				7.0		5.7				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			12.0									
HCM 2010 LOS			В									

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	44		77					ተተተ	7		ተተተ	7
Volume (veh/h)	120	0	590	0	0	0	0	760	170	0	1090	380
Number	7	4	14				5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0				0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00				1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00				1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	0	1863				0	1863	1863	0	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	130	0	626				0	826	0	0	1185	0
Adj No. of Lanes	2	0	2				0	3	1	0	3	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.92				0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	0	2				0	2	2	0	2	2
Cap, veh/h	1023	0	828				0	2780	866	0	2780	866
Arrive On Green	0.30	0.00	0.30				0.00	0.55	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00
Sat Flow, veh/h	3442	0	2787				0	5253	1583	0	5253	1583
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	130	0	626				0	826	0	0	1185	0
Grp Sat Flow(s), veh/h/ln	1721	0	1393				0	1695	1583	0	1695	1583
Q Serve(g_s), s	1.4	0.0	10.4				0.0	4.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	1.4	0.0	10.4				0.0	4.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Prop In Lane	1.00	0	1.00				0.00	0700	1.00	0.00	0700	1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	1023	0	828				0	2780	866	0	2780	866
V/C Ratio(X)	0.13	0.00	0.76 1578				0.00	0.30 2780	0.00 866	0.00	0.43 2780	0.00 866
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h HCM Platoon Ratio	1949 1.00	0 1.00	1.00				0 1.00	1.00	1.00	0 1.00	2.00	2.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	0.00	1.00				0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.87	0.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	13.1	0.00	16.3				0.00	6.3	0.00	0.00	0.07	0.00
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	0.1	0.0	1.4				0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.0
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0				0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	0.7	0.0	4.2				0.0	2.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	13.2	0.0	17.8				0.0	6.6	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0
LnGrp LOS	В	0.0	В				0.0	Α	0.0	0.0	Α	0.0
Approach Vol, veh/h		756						826			1185	
Approach Delay, s/veh		17.0						6.6			0.4	
Approach LOS		В						Α			A	
			•		_	•	_				,,	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs		2 45.0		4		6						
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s		45.8		19.2 4.0		45.8						
Change Period (Y+Rc), s Max Green Setting (Gmax), s		4.0 28.0		29.0		4.0 28.0						
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s		6.5		12.4		2.0						
Green Ext Time (p_c), s		13.7		2.8		15.4						
u = /-		13.7		2.0		13.4						
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			6.8									
HCM 2010 LOS			Α									

User approved pedestrian interval to be less than phase max green.

	•	<b>→</b>	•	•	<b>←</b>	•	4	<b>†</b>	~	<b>/</b>	ţ	1
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBF
Lane Configurations	44	ተተተ	7	44	ተተተ	7	ሻሻ	ተተተ	7	44	ተተተ	ľ
Volume (veh/h)	160	180	60	90	450	550	140	1050	110	480	1400	190
Number	7	4	14	3	8	18	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	174	196	20	98	489	497	152	1141	35	522	1522	64
Adj No. of Lanes	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	175	1680	521	155	1651	512	218	1577	489	524	2029	629
Arrive On Green	0.05	0.33	0.33	0.05	0.32	0.32	0.06	0.31	0.31	0.15	0.40	0.40
Sat Flow, veh/h	3442	5085	1576	3442	5085	1576	3442	5085	1576	3442	5085	1577
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	174	196	20	98	489	497	152	1141	35	522	1522	64
Grp Sat Flow(s), veh/h/ln	1721	1695	1576	1721	1695	1576	1721	1695	1576	1721	1695	1577
Q Serve(g_s), s	5.0	2.6	0.8	2.8	7.1	30.7	4.3	19.7	1.5	14.9	25.3	2.5
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	5.0	2.6	0.8	2.8	7.1	30.7	4.3	19.7	1.5	14.9	25.3	2.5
Prop In Lane	1.00	2.0	1.00	1.00	,	1.00	1.00	10.7	1.00	1.00	20.0	1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	175	1680	521	155	1651	512	218	1577	489	524	2029	629
V/C Ratio(X)	1.00	0.12	0.04	0.63	0.30	0.97	0.70	0.72	0.07	1.00	0.75	0.10
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	175	1680	521	175	1651	512	279	1651	512	524	2029	629
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	46.8	23.0	22.4	46.3	24.9	32.8	45.2	30.2	24.0	41.8	25.4	18.6
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	67.1	0.0	0.0	6.0	0.1	32.4	5.2	1.5	0.1	38.4	1.6	0.1
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	4.0	1.2	0.4	1.4	3.3	17.9	2.2	9.4	0.7	9.8	12.1	1.1
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	113.8	23.0	22.4	52.3	25.0	65.2	50.5	31.8	24.1	80.1	27.0	18.6
LnGrp LOS	F	23.0 C	C	52.5 D	23.0 C	05.2 E	50.5 D	C C	Z4.1	F	27.0 C	10.0
Approach Vol, veh/h		390		D D	1084		D	1328			2108	
Approach Delay, s/veh		63.5			45.9			33.7			39.9	
Approach LOS		03.5 E			45.9 D			33.7 C			39.9 D	
Approach LOS					D			U			ט	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	19.0	34.6	8.4	36.6	10.2	43.3	9.0	36.0				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	15.0	32.0	5.0	32.0	8.0	39.0	5.0	32.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	16.9	21.7	4.8	4.6	6.3	27.3	7.0	32.7				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.0	8.7	0.0	6.9	0.1	10.3	0.0	0.0				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			41.4									
HCM 2010 LOS			D									
Notes												

	۶	<b>→</b>	•	•	<b>←</b>	•	•	<b>†</b>	<i>&gt;</i>	<b>/</b>	<b>↓</b>	<b>4</b>
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	1,1		7	ሻ		7	7		7	7	<b>†</b>	7
Volume (veh/h)	170	300	300	10	340	120	550	40	10	10	50	200
Number	7	4	14	3	8	18	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		0.99	1.00		0.99	1.00		0.99	1.00		0.99
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	185	326	79	11	370	27	598	43	6	11	54	70
Adj No. of Lanes	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	265	566	477	19	443	374	654	866	732	19	200	167
Arrive On Green	0.08	0.30	0.30	0.01	0.24	0.24	0.37	0.46	0.46	0.01	0.11	0.11
Sat Flow, veh/h	3442	1863	1570	1774	1863	1573	1774	1863	1575	1774	1863	1561
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	185	326	79	11	370	27	598	43	6	11	54	70
Grp Sat Flow(s), veh/h/ln	1721	1863	1570	1774	1863	1573	1774	1863	1575	1774	1863	1561
Q Serve(g_s), s	4.0	11.3	2.8	0.5	14.4	1.0	24.5	1.0	0.2	0.5	2.0	3.2
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	4.0	11.3	2.8	0.5	14.4	1.0	24.5	1.0	0.2	0.5	2.0	3.2
Prop In Lane	1.00	1110	1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00	110	1.00	1.00	2.0	1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	265	566	477	19	443	374	654	866	732	19	200	167
V/C Ratio(X)	0.70	0.58	0.17	0.57	0.84	0.07	0.91	0.05	0.01	0.57	0.27	0.42
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	270	566	477	93	512	432	859	1536	1299	93	731	613
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	34.4	22.4	19.5	37.6	27.7	22.6	23.0	11.2	11.0	37.6	31.4	31.9
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	7.5	1.4	0.2	23.6	10.2	0.1	11.8	0.0	0.0	23.6	0.7	1.7
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	2.2	6.0	1.2	0.4	8.7	0.4	14.1	0.5	0.1	0.4	1.1	1.5
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	41.9	23.9	19.6	61.3	37.9	22.7	34.8	11.2	11.0	61.3	32.1	33.5
LnGrp LOS	D	C C	В	E	D D	C	C C	В	В	61.6 E	C	00.5 C
Approach Vol, veh/h		590			408			647			135	
• •		29.0			37.5			33.0			35.2	
Approach LOS											35.2 D	
Approach LOS		С			D			С			U	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	4.8	39.5	4.8	27.2	32.2	12.2	9.9	22.2				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	4.0	63.0	4.0	23.0	37.0	30.0	6.0	21.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+I1), s	2.5	3.0	2.5	13.3	26.5	5.2	6.0	16.4				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.0	8.0	0.0	3.0	1.6	0.7	0.0	1.6				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			32.9									
HCM 2010 LOS			C									
Notes												

User approved pedestrian interval to be less than phase max green.

Intersection				
Intersection Delay, s/veh	7.0			
Intersection LOS	Α			
Approach	EB	WB	NB	SB
Entry Lanes	1	1	1	1
Conflicting Circle Lanes	1	1	1	1
Adj Approach Flow, veh/h	120	468	44	109
Demand Flow Rate, veh/h	123	477	44	111
Vehicles Circulating, veh/h	122	56	201	67
Vehicles Exiting, veh/h	56	189	44	466
Follow-Up Headway, s	3.186	3.186	3.186	3.186
Ped Vol Crossing Leg, #/h	0	0	0	0
Ped Cap Adj	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
Approach Delay, s/veh	4.8	8.4	4.3	4.4
Approach LOS	Α	A	A	А
Lane	Left	Left	Left	Left
Designated Moves	LTR	LTR	LTR	LTR
Assumed Moves	LTR	LTR	LTR	LTR
RT Channelized				
Lane Util	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
Critical Headway, s	5.193	5.193	5.193	5.193
Entry Flow, veh/h	123	477	44	111
Cap Entry Lane, veh/h	1000	1068	924	1057
Entry HV Adj Factor	0.979	0.982	0.995	0.980
Flow Entry, veh/h	120	468	44	109
Cap Entry, veh/h	980	1049	920	1036
V/C Ratio	0.123	0.446	0.048	0.105
Control Delay, s/veh	4.8	8.4	4.3	4.4
LOS	Α	Α	A	Α
95th %tile Queue, veh	0	2	0	0

	۶	<b>→</b>	•	•	<b>←</b>	•	1	†	<i>&gt;</i>	<b>/</b>	ţ	4
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	7	सी	7	ሻ	₽		ሻ	ተተኈ		ሻ	ተተተ	7
Volume (veh/h)	120	30	20	50	60	10	10	800	50	10	1210	360
Number	7	4	14	3	8	18	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		0.99	1.00		0.99	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	82	101	1	54	65	2	11	870	49	11	1315	159
Adj No. of Lanes	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	3	0	1	3	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	183	193	163	136	137	4	20	2237	126	20	2309	717
Arrive On Green	0.10	0.10	0.10	80.0	0.08	0.08	0.01	0.45	0.45	0.01	0.45	0.45
Sat Flow, veh/h	1774	1863	1574	1774	1797	55	1774	4927	277	1774	5085	1580
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	82	101	1	54	0	67	11	598	321	11	1315	159
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	1774	1863	1574	1774	0	1853	1774	1695	1813	1774	1695	1580
Q Serve(g_s), s	2.0	2.3	0.0	1.3	0.0	1.6	0.3	5.3	5.3	0.3	8.6	2.8
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	2.0	2.3	0.0	1.3	0.0	1.6	0.3	5.3	5.3	0.3	8.6	2.8
Prop In Lane	1.00		1.00	1.00		0.03	1.00		0.15	1.00		1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	183	193	163	136	0	142	20	1539	823	20	2309	717
V/C Ratio(X)	0.45	0.52	0.01	0.40	0.00	0.47	0.54	0.39	0.39	0.54	0.57	0.22
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	904	950	802	1140	0	1191	157	1728	924	157	2592	805
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	19.0	19.2	18.1	19.8	0.0	20.0	22.2	8.2	8.2	22.2	9.1	7.5
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	1.7	2.2	0.0	1.9	0.0	2.4	20.7	0.2	0.3	20.7	0.2	0.2
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	1.0	1.3	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.9	0.3	2.4	2.7	0.3	3.9	1.2
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	20.7	21.4	18.2	21.7	0.0	22.4	42.9	8.3	8.5	42.9	9.3	7.6
LnGrp LOS	С	С	В	С		С	D	Α	Α	D	Α	Α
Approach Vol, veh/h		184			121			930			1485	
Approach Delay, s/veh		21.1			22.1			8.8			9.4	
Approach LOS		С			С			Α			Α	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2		4	5	6		8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	4.5	24.5		8.7	4.5	24.5		7.5				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.0	4.0		4.0	4.0	4.0		4.0				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	4.0	23.0		23.0	4.0	23.0		29.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	2.3	7.3		4.3	2.3	10.6		3.6				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.0	12.0		0.6	0.0	9.9		0.4				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			10.5									
HCM 2010 LOS			В									
Notes												

User approved volume balancing among the lanes for turning movement.

	۶	<b>→</b>	•	•	<b>←</b>	•	•	†	<i>&gt;</i>	<b>\</b>	<b></b>	-✓
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	, j	î,		¥	f)		¥	ተተተ	7	ř	ተተተ	7
Volume (veh/h)	30	20	10	10	40	70	10	1200	20	190	1210	150
Number	7	4	14	3	8	18	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		0.99	1.00		0.98	1.00		0.99	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	33	22	1	11	43	5	11	1304	8	207	1315	87
Adj No. of Lanes	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	3	1	1	3	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	52	193	9	20	148	17	20	2072	641	260	2761	856
Arrive On Green	0.03	0.11	0.11	0.01	0.09	0.09	0.01	0.41	0.41	0.15	0.54	0.54
Sat Flow, veh/h	1774	1767	80	1774	1635	190	1774	5085	1574	1774	5085	1576
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	33	0	23	11	0	48	11	1304	8	207	1315	87
Grp Sat Flow(s), veh/h/ln	1774	0	1847	1774	0	1825	1774	1695	1574	1774	1695	1576
Q Serve(g_s), s	0.9	0.0	0.6	0.3	0.0	1.2	0.3	10.0	0.1	5.5	7.8	1.3
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	0.9	0.0	0.6	0.3	0.0	1.2	0.3	10.0	0.1	5.5	7.8	1.3
Prop In Lane	1.00		0.04	1.00		0.10	1.00	2272	1.00	1.00	0=04	1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	52	0	201	20	0	166	20	2072	641	260	2761	856
V/C Ratio(X)	0.63	0.00	0.11	0.55	0.00	0.29	0.55	0.63	0.01	0.79	0.48	0.10
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	144	0	1089	144	0	1076	144	2172	672	361	2792	865
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	23.6	0.0	19.8	24.2	0.0	20.9	24.2	11.6	8.7	20.3	6.9 0.1	5.4
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	11.8	0.0	0.2 0.0	21.1	0.0	1.0 0.0	21.1	0.5	0.0	8.2		0.1
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh %ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.0 4.7	0.0 0.1	0.0 3.3	0.0 3.6	0.6
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	35.4	0.0	20.0	45.3	0.0	21.8	45.3	12.2	8.7	28.4	7.1	5.5
LnGrp LOS	33.4 D	0.0	20.0 C	45.5 D	0.0	21.0 C	45.5 D	12.2 B	Α	20.4 C	7.1 A	5.5 A
	ט	56	U	ט	59	U	ט	1323	A	U	1609	
Approach Vol, veh/h Approach Delay, s/veh		29.1			26.2			12.4			9.7	
Approach LOS		29.1 C			20.2 C			12.4 B			9.7 A	
Approach LOS		U			U			ь			Α	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	11.2	24.0	4.6	9.4	4.6	30.7	5.5	8.5				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	10.0	21.0	4.0	29.0	4.0	27.0	4.0	29.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	7.5	12.0	2.3	2.6	2.3	9.8	2.9	3.2				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.1	8.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	14.3	0.0	0.3				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			11.6									
HCM 2010 LOS			В									

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	7	<del>(</del> î		7	<b>†</b>	7	7	1>		ሻ	f)	
Volume (veh/h)	10	190	30	10	80	580	10	10	10	290	40	30
Number	7	4	14	3	8	18	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		0.99	1.00		0.99	1.00		1.00	1.00		0.99
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1900
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	11	207	23	11	87	121	11	11	0	315	43	8
Adj No. of Lanes	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	21	360	40	21	407	342	21	147	0	408	454	84
Arrive On Green	0.01	0.22	0.22	0.01	0.22	0.22	0.01	0.08	0.00	0.23	0.30	0.30
Sat Flow, veh/h	1774	1645	183	1774	1863	1565	1774	1863	0	1774	1526	284
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	11	0	230	11	87	121	11	11	0	315	0	51
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	1774	0	1828	1774	1863	1565	1774	1863	0	1774	0	1810
Q Serve(g_s), s	0.2	0.0	3.9	0.2	1.3	2.3	0.2	0.2	0.0	5.8	0.0	0.7
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	0.2	0.0	3.9	0.2	1.3	2.3	0.2	0.2	0.0	5.8	0.0	0.7
Prop In Lane	1.00		0.10	1.00		1.00	1.00		0.00	1.00		0.16
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	21	0	400	21	407	342	21	147	0	408	0	538
V/C Ratio(X)	0.53	0.00	0.58	0.53	0.21	0.35	0.53	0.07	0.00	0.77	0.00	0.09
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	204	0	842	204	858	721	204	965	0	817	0	1563
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	17.1	0.0	12.1	17.1	11.1	11.5	17.1	14.8	0.0	12.5	0.0	8.8
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	19.8	0.0	1.3	19.8	0.3	0.6	19.8	0.2	0.0	3.1	0.0	0.1
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	0.2	0.0	2.1	0.2	0.7	1.0	0.2	0.1	0.0	3.2	0.0	0.4
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	36.9	0.0	13.4	36.9	11.4	12.1	36.9	15.0	0.0	15.6	0.0	8.9
LnGrp LOS	D	0.11	В	D	В	В	D	В		В	200	A
Approach Vol, veh/h		241			219			22			366	
Approach Delay, s/veh		14.5			13.1			26.0			14.7	
Approach LOS		В			В			С			В	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	12.0	6.7	4.4	11.6	4.4	14.3	4.4	11.6				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	16.0	18.0	4.0	16.0	4.0	30.0	4.0	16.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	7.8	2.2	2.2	5.9	2.2	2.7	2.2	4.3				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.6	0.2	0.0	1.5	0.0	0.3	0.0	1.6				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			14.5									
HCM 2010 LOS			В									

Intersection	0.5							
Int Delay, s/veh	2.5							
Movement	WBL	WBR			NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT
Vol, veh/h	50	80			550	30	40	450
Conflicting Peds, #/hr	0	5			0	5	0	0
Sign Control	Stop	Stop			Free	Free	Free	Free
RT Channelized	-	None			-	None	-	None
Storage Length	200	0			-	-	-	-
Veh in Median Storage, #	0	-			0	-	-	0
Grade, %	0	-			0	-	-	0
Peak Hour Factor	92	92			92	92	92	92
Heavy Vehicles, %	2	2			2	2	2	2
Mvmt Flow	54	87			598	33	43	489
Major/Minor	Minor1				Major1		Major2	
Conflicting Flow All	1195	619			0	0	635	0
Stage 1	619				-	-	-	-
Stage 2	576	-			-	-	-	-
Critical Hdwy	6.42	6.22			-	-	4.12	-
Critical Hdwy Stg 1	5.42	-			-	-	-	-
Critical Hdwy Stg 2	5.42	-			-	-	-	-
Follow-up Hdwy	3.518	3.318			-	-	2.218	-
Pot Cap-1 Maneuver	206	489			-	-	948	-
Stage 1	537	-			-	-	-	-
Stage 2	562	-			-	-	-	-
Platoon blocked, %					-	-		-
Mov Cap-1 Maneuver	192	487			-	-	948	-
Mov Cap-2 Maneuver	192	-			-	-	-	-
Stage 1	535	-			-	-	-	-
Stage 2	525	-			-	-	-	-
Approach	WB				NB		SB	
HCM Control Delay, s	20.5				0		0.7	
HCM LOS	С							
Minor Lane/Major Mvmt	NBT	NBR WBLn1	WBLn2	SBL	SBT			
Capacity (veh/h)	-	- 192	487	948	-			
HCM Lane V/C Ratio	-	- 0.283	0.179	0.046	-			
HCM Control Delay (s)	-	- 31	14	9	0			
HCM Lane LOS	-	- D	В	A	A			
HCM 95th %tile Q(veh)		- 1.1	0.6	0.1	-			

ntersection				
ntersection Delay, s/veh	4.6			
Intersection LOS	Α			
Approach	EB	WB	NB	SB
Entry Lanes	1	1	1	1
Conflicting Circle Lanes	1	1	1	1
Adj Approach Flow, veh/h	66	185	109	44
Demand Flow Rate, veh/h	67	188	111	44
Vehicles Circulating, veh/h	177	33	56	177
Vehicles Exiting, veh/h	44	134	188	44
Follow-Up Headway, s	3.186	3.186	3.186	3.186
Ped Vol Crossing Leg, #/h	10	10	10	10
Ped Cap Adj	0.999	0.999	0.999	0.999
Approach Delay, s/veh	4.5	4.9	4.4	4.3
Approach LOS	А	А	А	А
Lane	Left	Left	Left	Left
Designated Moves	LTR	LTR	LTR	LTR
Assumed Moves	LTR	LTR	LTR	LTR
RT Channelized				
Lane Util	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
Critical Headway, s	5.193	5.193	5.193	5.193
Entry Flow, veh/h	67	188	111	44
Cap Entry Lane, veh/h	947	1093	1068	947
Entry HV Adj Factor	0.990	0.982	0.980	0.990
Flow Entry, veh/h	66	185	109	44
Cap Entry, veh/h	936	1072	1046	936
V/C Ratio	0.071	0.172	0.104	0.047
Control Delay, s/veh	4.5	4.9	4.4	4.3
_OS	Ā	Ā	A	Α
95th %tile Queue, veh	0	1	0	0

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Movement	EBL	EBR	NBL	NBT	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	ሻ	7	7	<b>†</b> †	<b>^</b>	7
Volume (veh/h)	70	50	50	790	1160	120
Number	7	14	5	2	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00	1.00	1.00			0.99
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	76	4	54	859	1261	79
Adj No. of Lanes	1	1	1	2	2	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	109	97	427	2532	2532	1125
Arrive On Green	0.06	0.06	0.72	0.72	0.72	0.72
Sat Flow, veh/h	1774	1583	406	3632	3632	1572
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	76	4	54	859	1261	79
Grp Sat Flow(s), veh/h/ln	1774	1583	406	1770	1770	1572
Q Serve(g_s), s	1.5	0.1	2.4	3.3	5.6	0.5
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	1.5	0.1	8.1	3.3	5.6	0.5
Prop In Lane	1.00	1.00	1.00			1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	109	97	427	2532	2532	1125
V/C Ratio(X)	0.70	0.04	0.13	0.34	0.50	0.07
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	792	707	488	3062	3062	1360
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	16.5	15.8	4.0	1.9	2.3	1.5
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	7.9	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.0
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	1.0	0.0	0.3	1.6	2.7	0.2
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	24.3	16.0	4.2	2.0	2.4	1.6
LnGrp LOS	C	В	Α	Α	Α	A
Approach Vol, veh/h	80		- ,,	913	1340	
Approach Delay, s/veh	23.9			2.1	2.4	
Approach LOS	23.9 C			A	Α.4	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6
Assigned Phs		2		4		6
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s		29.6		6.2		29.6
Change Period (Y+Rc), s		4.0		4.0		4.0
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s		31.0		16.0		31.0
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+I1), s		10.1		3.5		7.6
Green Ext Time (p_c), s		15.6		0.1		16.9
Intersection Summary						
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			3.0			
HCM 2010 LOS			A			
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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	7	<b>†</b>	7	7	<b>†</b>	7	7	<b>†</b> †	7	ň	<b>†</b> †	7
Volume (veh/h)	150	50	20	60	70	110	10	600	30	50	450	100
Number	7	4	14	3	8	18	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		0.99	1.00		0.99	1.00		0.99	1.00		0.99
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	163	54	5	65	76	12	11	652	9	54	489	32
Adj No. of Lanes	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	2	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	211	346	291	91	219	184	20	1154	512	80	1272	565
Arrive On Green	0.12	0.19	0.19	0.05	0.12	0.12	0.01	0.33	0.33	0.04	0.36	0.36
Sat Flow, veh/h	1774	1863	1571	1774	1863	1563	1774	3539	1571	1774	3539	1572
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	163	54	5	65	76	12	11	652	9	54	489	32
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	1774	1863	1571	1774	1863	1563	1774	1770	1571	1774	1770	1572
Q Serve(g_s), s	3.6	1.0	0.1	1.5	1.5	0.3	0.3	6.2	0.2	1.2	4.2	0.5
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	3.6	1.0	0.1	1.5	1.5	0.3	0.3	6.2	0.2	1.2	4.2	0.5
Prop In Lane	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	211	346	291	91	219	184	20	1154	512	80	1272	565
V/C Ratio(X)	0.77	0.16	0.02	0.72	0.35	0.07	0.54	0.57	0.02	0.68	0.38	0.06
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	392	1188	1001	261	1051	882	174	1562	694	174	1562	694
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	17.4	13.9	13.6	19.1	16.5	16.0	20.0	11.4	9.3	19.2	9.7	8.5
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	5.9	0.2	0.0	10.1	0.9	0.1	20.4	0.4	0.0	9.6	0.2	0.0
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	2.1	0.5	0.0	1.0	0.8	0.1	0.2	3.1	0.1	0.8	2.1	0.2
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	23.4	14.1	13.6	29.1	17.5	16.1	40.4	11.8	9.3	28.8	9.9	8.6
LnGrp LOS	С	В	В	С	B	В	D	B	Α	С	A	Α
Approach Vol, veh/h		222			153			672			575	
Approach Delay, s/veh		20.9			22.3			12.2			11.6	
Approach LOS		С			С			В			В	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	5.8	17.3	6.1	11.6	4.5	18.7	8.8	8.8				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	4.0	18.0	6.0	26.0	4.0	18.0	9.0	23.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	3.2	8.2	3.5	3.0	2.3	6.2	5.6	3.5				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.0	4.9	0.0	0.6	0.0	5.5	0.1	0.6				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			14.1									
HCM 2010 LOS			В									

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	ሻ	4î		7	4		ሻ	4		7	4	
Volume (veh/h)	50	60	90	70	110	110	90	420	30	50	430	20
Number	7	4	14	3	8	18	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		0.98	1.00		0.98	1.00		0.99	1.00		0.99
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1900
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	54	65	10	76	120	46	98	457	29	54	467	20
Adj No. of Lanes	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	78	240	37	98	209	80	124	656	42	78	626	27
Arrive On Green	0.04	0.15	0.15	0.06	0.16	0.16	0.07	0.38	0.38	0.04	0.35	0.35
Sat Flow, veh/h	1774	1573	242	1774	1278	490	1774	1733	110	1774	1773	76
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	54	0	75	76	0	166	98	0	486	54	0	487
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	1774	0	1815	1774	0	1767	1774	0	1842	1774	0	1849
Q Serve(g_s), s	1.3	0.0	1.6	1.8	0.0	3.8	2.4	0.0	9.6	1.3	0.0	10.0
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	1.3	0.0	1.6	1.8	0.0	3.8	2.4	0.0	9.6	1.3	0.0	10.0
Prop In Lane	1.00		0.13	1.00		0.28	1.00		0.06	1.00		0.04
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	78	0	277	98	0	290	124	0	697	78	0	652
V/C Ratio(X)	0.69	0.00	0.27	0.77	0.00	0.57	0.79	0.00	0.70	0.69	0.00	0.75
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	164	0	713	164	0	694	164	0	808	164	0	811
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	20.4	0.0	16.2	20.2	0.0	16.7	19.8	0.0	11.4	20.4	0.0	12.3
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	10.3	0.0	0.5	12.1	0.0	1.8	17.4	0.0	2.2	10.3	0.0	3.0
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	0.9	0.0	0.8	1.2	0.0	1.9	1.7	0.0	5.3	0.9	0.0	5.5
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	30.7	0.0	16.7	32.3	0.0	18.5	37.3	0.0	13.6	30.7	0.0	15.3
LnGrp LOS	С	400	В	С	0.40	В	D	50.4	В	С	F 44	В
Approach Vol, veh/h		129			242			584			541	
Approach Delay, s/veh		22.6			22.8			17.5			16.8	
Approach LOS		С			С			В			В	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	5.9	20.4	6.4	10.6	7.0	19.3	5.9	11.1				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	4.0	19.0	4.0	17.0	4.0	19.0	4.0	17.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	3.3	11.6	3.8	3.6	4.4	12.0	3.3	5.8				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.0	3.3	0.0	0.9	0.0	3.2	0.0	0.9				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			18.6									
HCM 2010 LOS			В									

	۶	<b>→</b>	•	•	<b>←</b>	•	•	†	~	<b>\</b>	<b></b>	-✓
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	ሻ	4		ሻ	1>		ሻ	<b>∱</b> ⊅		7	<b>∱</b> Ъ	
Volume (veh/h)	100	10	50	10	10	40	20	700	10	20	1040	150
Number	7	4	14	3	8	18	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		0.98	1.00		0.97	1.00		0.99	1.00		0.99
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1900
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	109	11	8	11	11	2	22	761	10	22	1130	150
Adj No. of Lanes	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	2	0	1	2	0
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	139	158	115	20	139	25	37	1808	24	37	1587	210
Arrive On Green	0.08	0.16	0.16	0.01	0.09	0.09	0.02	0.51	0.51	0.02	0.51	0.51
Sat Flow, veh/h	1774	995	724	1774	1525	277	1774	3577	47	1774	3138	416
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	109	0	19	11	0	13	22	376	395	22	636	644
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	1774	0	1719	1774	0	1803	1774	1770	1854	1774	1770	1785
Q Serve(g_s), s	3.2	0.0	0.5	0.3	0.0	0.3	0.6	7.0	7.0	0.6	14.6	14.7
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	3.2	0.0	0.5	0.3	0.0	0.3	0.6	7.0	7.0	0.6	14.6	14.7
Prop In Lane	1.00		0.42	1.00		0.15	1.00		0.03	1.00		0.23
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	139	0	272	20	0	164	37	895	937	37	895	902
V/C Ratio(X)	0.78	0.00	0.07	0.55	0.00	0.08	0.59	0.42	0.42	0.59	0.71	0.71
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	202	0	816	135	0	787	135	1042	1091	135	1042	1050
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	23.8	0.0	18.9	25.9	0.0	21.9	25.6	8.2	8.2	25.6	10.0	10.1
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	11.5	0.0	0.1	21.4	0.0	0.2	14.2	0.3	0.3	14.2	1.9	1.9
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	2.0	0.0	0.2	0.3	0.0	0.2	0.5	3.4	3.6	0.5	7.5	7.6
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	35.3	0.0	19.0	47.3	0.0	22.1	39.8	8.5	8.5	39.8	11.9	12.0
LnGrp LOS	D		В	D		С	D	Α	Α	D	В	В
Approach Vol, veh/h		128			24			793			1302	
Approach Delay, s/veh		32.9			33.7			9.4			12.4	
Approach LOS		С			С			Α			В	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	5.1	30.6	4.6	12.3	5.1	30.6	8.1	8.8				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	4.0	31.0	4.0	25.0	4.0	31.0	6.0	23.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	2.6	9.0	2.3	2.5	2.6	16.7	5.2	2.3				
	0.0	13.4	0.0	0.1	0.0	9.9	0.0	0.1				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.0	10.1	0.0	0				• • •				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s  Intersection Summary	0.0	10.1		0.1								
	0.0	10.1	12.7									

	•	<b>→</b>	•	•	<b>←</b>	•	4	†	<i>&gt;</i>	<b>\</b>	<b></b>	-√
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	ሻ	<b>†</b> †	7	ሻ	ተተተ	7	44	<b>∱</b> Ъ		1,4	<b>∱</b> Ъ	
Volume (veh/h)	10	1060	330	40	890	290	440	430	50	510	580	10
Number	7	4	14	3	8	18	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1900
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	11	1152	122	42	967	108	458	448	41	554	604	9
Adj No. of Lanes	1	2	1	1	3	1	2	2	0	2	2	0
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.96	0.96	0.92	0.92	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.92	0.96	0.92
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	19	1267	566	54	1921	597	540	754	69	613	896	13
Arrive On Green	0.01	0.36	0.36	0.03	0.38	0.38	0.16	0.23	0.23	0.18	0.25	0.25
Sat Flow, veh/h	1774	3539	1581	1774	5085	1581	3442	3280	299	3442	3570	53
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	11	1152	122	42	967	108	458	241	248	554	299	314
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	1774	1770	1581	1774	1695	1581	1721	1770	1809	1721	1770	1853
Q Serve(g_s), s	0.5	24.4	4.2	1.8	11.5	3.6	10.2	9.5	9.6	12.4	12.0	12.0
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	0.5	24.4	4.2	1.8	11.5	3.6	10.2	9.5	9.6	12.4	12.0	12.0
Prop In Lane	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		0.17	1.00		0.03
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	19	1267	566	54	1921	597	540	407	416	613	444	465
V/C Ratio(X)	0.57	0.91	0.22	0.78	0.50	0.18	0.85	0.59	0.60	0.90	0.67	0.67
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	90	1305	583	90	1921	597	569	608	621	613	630	660
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	38.7	24.0	17.6	37.8	18.8	16.3	32.2	27.0	27.0	31.7	26.6	26.6
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	23.9	9.4	0.2	20.6	0.2	0.1	11.1	1.4	1.4	16.9	1.8	1.7
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	0.4	13.5	1.9	1.2	5.4	1.6	5.7	4.8	5.0	7.3	6.0	6.3
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	62.6	33.4	17.7	58.4	19.0	16.5	43.3	28.4	28.4	48.6	28.3	28.3
LnGrp LOS	Е	С	В	Е	В	В	D	С	С	D	С	С
Approach Vol, veh/h		1285			1117			947			1167	
Approach Delay, s/veh		32.2			20.2			35.6			37.9	
Approach LOS		С			С			D			D	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	18.0	22.1	6.4	32.2	16.3	23.7	4.9	33.7				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	14.0	27.0	4.0	29.0	13.0	28.0	4.0	29.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	14.4	11.6	3.8	26.4	12.2	14.0	2.5	13.5				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.0	5.7	0.0	1.8	0.2	5.4	0.0	11.5				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			31.4									
HCM 2010 LOS			С									

	۶	<b>→</b>	•	•	<b>←</b>	•	1	†	<i>&gt;</i>	<b>/</b>	<b>+</b>	4
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	ሽኘ	ተተተ	7	44	ተተተ	7	<b>ሕ</b> ግ	ተተተ	7	ሽሽ	ተተተ	7
Volume (veh/h)	120	410	130	350	205	350	130	1960	420	380	1880	50
Number	3	8	18	7	4	14	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	125	427	0	365	214	0	135	2042	0	396	1958	0
Adj No. of Lanes	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	174	634	198	406	1008	314	183	2403	748	442	2816	877
Arrive On Green	0.05	0.12	0.00	0.12	0.20	0.00	0.05	0.47	0.00	0.13	0.55	0.00
Sat Flow, veh/h	3442	5085	1583	3442	5085	1583	3442	5085	1583	3442	5085	1583
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	125	427	0	365	214	0	135	2042	0	396	1958	0
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	1721	1695	1583	1721	1695	1583	1721	1695	1583	1721	1695	1583
Q Serve(g_s), s	4.9	10.9	0.0	14.2	4.8	0.0	5.2	48.0	0.0	15.4	37.9	0.0
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	4.9	10.9	0.0	14.2	4.8	0.0	5.2	48.0	0.0	15.4	37.9	0.0
Prop In Lane	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	174	634	198	406	1008	314	183	2403	748	442	2816	877
V/C Ratio(X)	0.72	0.67	0.00	0.90	0.21	0.00	0.74	0.85	0.00	0.90	0.70	0.00
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	264	1162	362	406	1402	437	221	2403	748	449	2816	877
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	0.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	63.5	56.7	0.0	59.0	45.5	0.0	63.3	31.5	0.0	58.2	22.0	0.0
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	2.1	2.1	0.0	21.8	0.2	0.0	7.4	4.0	0.0	19.4	1.4	0.0
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	2.4	5.2	0.0	8.0	2.3	0.0	2.7	23.2	0.0	8.5	18.0	0.0
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	65.5	58.9	0.0	80.8	45.7	0.0	70.7	35.5	0.0	77.6	23.4	0.0
LnGrp LOS	E	Е		F	D		E	D		E	С	
Approach Vol, veh/h		552			579			2177			2354	
Approach Delay, s/veh		60.4			67.8			37.7			32.5	
Approach LOS		Е			Е			D			С	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	37.1	69.4	11.3	32.2	11.7	94.8	21.3	22.2				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	5.3	* 5.3	4.5	5.3	4.5	5.3	5.3	* 5.3				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	17.7	* 64	10.4	37.4	8.7	73.9	16.0	* 31				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	17.4	50.0	6.9	6.8	7.2	39.9	16.2	12.9				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.1	13.6	0.1	2.5	0.0	30.9	0.0	3.8				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			40.8									
HCM 2010 LOS			D									

Notes

User approved pedestrian interval to be less than phase max green.

\* HCM 2010 computational engine requires equal clearance times for the phases crossing the barrier.

Number 7 4 14 3 8 18 5 2 12 12 1 6 16 Initial Q (Qb), veh 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		•	<b>→</b>	`	•	<b>—</b>	•	•	†	~	<b>\</b>	ţ	-✓
Volume (veh/h)	Movement				WBL		WBR			NBR			SBR
Number	Lane Configurations	1,4		7		₩.		7	ተተኈ		ሻ	ተተኈ	
Initial Q (Qb), veh         0	Volume (veh/h)	120	30	150	10	20	20	100	1050	60	20	780	130
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	Number			14	3		18		2			6	16
Parking Bus, Adj			0			0			0			0	0
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln 1863 1863 1863 1863 1900 1863 1900 1863 1900 1863 1863 1900 1863 1863 1900 1863 1863 1900 Adj Flow Rate, veh/h 130 33 38 111 22 2 109 1141 57 22 848 109 Adj Flow Rate, veh/h 130 33 38 11 22 2 109 1141 57 22 848 109 Adj Flow Rate, veh/h 130 33 38 11 22 2 109 1141 57 22 848 109 Adj Flow Rate, veh/h 130 33 38 11 22 2 2 109 12 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.9													
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h Adj No of Lanes 2 1 1 1 0 1 0 1 3 0 1 3 0 1 3 3 0 0 Peak Hour Factor 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00		1.00		1.00	1.00
Adj No. of Lanes													
Peak Hour Factor 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92			33	38		22		109			22		109
Percent Heavy Veh, % 2													0
Cap, veh/h OR Cap, veh/h OR Cap OR Cap, veh/h OR Cap OR Ca													
Arrive On Green													
Sat Flow, veh/h         3442         1863         1580         0         1682         153         1774         4959         248         1774         4564         584           Grp Volume(v), veh/h         130         33         38         0         0         24         109         780         418         22         629         328           Grp Sat Flow(s), veh/h/ln         1721         1863         1580         0         0         1835         1774         1695         1817         1774         1695         178           Q Serve(g_s), s         1.5         0.6         0.8         0.0         0.0         0.5         2.5         6.9         6.9         0.5         5.8         5.9           Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s         1.5         0.6         0.8         0.0         0.0         0.5         2.5         6.9         6.9         0.5         5.8         5.9           Prop In Lane         1.00         1.00         1.00         0.00         0.0         0.0         1.00         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0		258	465		0			139		109		1742	223
Grp Volume(v), veh/h         130         33         38         0         0         24         109         780         418         22         629         328           Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln         1721         1863         1580         0         0         1835         1774         1695         1817         1774         1695         1758         1758         06         0.8         0.0         0.0         0.5         2.5         6.9         6.9         0.5         5.8         5.9           Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s         1.5         0.6         0.8         0.0         0.0         0.5         2.5         6.9         6.9         0.5         5.8         5.9           Prop In Lane         1.00         1.00         0.00         0.00         0.08         1.00         0.14         1.00         0.33           Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h         258         465         394         0         0         143         139         1487         797         38         1294         671           V/C Ratio(X)         0.50         0.07         0.10         0.00         0.00         0.07         0.78         0.52         0.52         0.52         0.57         0.49					0.00								
Grp Sat Flow(s), veh/h/ln	Sat Flow, veh/h	3442	1863	1580	0	1682	153	1774	4959	248	1774	4564	584
Q Serve(g_s), s	Grp Volume(v), veh/h	130	33	38	0	0	24	109	780	418	22	629	328
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s         1.5         0.6         0.8         0.0         0.0         0.5         2.5         6.9         6.9         0.5         5.8         5.9           Prop In Lane         1.00         1.00         0.00         0.08         1.00         0.14         1.00         0.33           Lane GFD Cap(c), veh/h         258         465         394         0         0         143         139         1487         797         38         1294         671           V/C Ratio(X)         0.50         0.07         0.10         0.00         0.00         0.17         0.78         0.52         0.52         0.57         0.49         0.49           Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h         333         901         764         0         0         888         300         1722         923         172         1476         766           HCM Platoon Ratio         1.00	Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	1721	1863	1580	0		1835	1774	1695	1817	1774	1695	1758
Prop In Lane	Q Serve(g_s), s	1.5	0.6	8.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	2.5	6.9	6.9	0.5	5.8	5.9
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h V/C Ratio(X) 0.50 0.07 0.10 0.00 0.00 0.17 0.78 0.52 0.52 0.57 0.49 0.49 0.49 0.40 0.40 0.40 0.50 0.77 0.10 0.00 0.00 0.17 0.78 0.52 0.52 0.57 0.49 0.49 0.49 0.40 0.40 0.40 0.40 0.40	Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	1.5	0.6	0.8	0.0	0.0	0.5	2.5	6.9	6.9	0.5	5.8	5.9
V/C Ratio(X)         0.50         0.07         0.10         0.00         0.00         0.17         0.78         0.52         0.52         0.57         0.49         0.49           Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h         333         901         764         0         0         888         300         1722         923         172         1476         766           HCM Platoon Ratio         1.00         1.0		1.00		1.00	0.00		0.08	1.00		0.14			0.33
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h BCM Platoon Ratio 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.0	Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	258	465	394	0	0	143	139	1487	797	38	1294	671
HCM Platoon Ratio	V/C Ratio(X)	0.50	0.07	0.10	0.00	0.00	0.17	0.78	0.52	0.52	0.57	0.49	0.49
Upstream Filter(I)	Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	333	901	764	0	0	888	300	1722	923	172	1476	766
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh 18.4 11.9 11.9 0.0 0.0 17.8 18.7 8.5 8.5 20.0 9.7 9.7 Incr Delay (d2), s/veh 1.5 0.1 0.1 0.0 0.0 0.6 9.2 0.3 0.5 12.8 0.3 0.6 Initial Q Delay(d3), s/veh 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.	HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh   0.0		18.4	11.9	11.9	0.0	0.0	17.8	18.7	8.5	8.5	20.0	9.7	9.7
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln       0.8       0.3       0.3       0.0       0.0       0.3       1.6       3.2       3.5       0.4       2.8       2.9         LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh       19.9       11.9       12.0       0.0       0.0       18.4       27.9       8.7       9.0       32.9       10.0       10.3         LnGrp LOS       B       B       B       B       C       A       A       C       A       B         Approach Vol, veh/h       201       24       1307       979         Approach Delay, s/veh       17.1       18.4       10.4       10.6         Approach LOS       B       A       10.6       A	Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	1.5	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.6	9.2	0.3	0.5	12.8	0.3	0.6
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh         19.9         11.9         12.0         0.0         0.0         18.4         27.9         8.7         9.0         32.9         10.0         10.3           LnGrp LOS         B         B         B         B         B         C         A         A         C         A         B           Approach Vol, veh/h         201         24         1307         979           Approach Delay, s/veh         17.1         18.4         10.4         10.6           Approach LOS         B         B         B         B         B           Timer         1         2         3         4         5         6         7         8           Assigned Phs         1         2         3         4         5         6         7         8           Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s         4.9         22.1         0.0         14.3         7.2         19.8         7.1         7.2           Change Period (Y+Rc), s         4.0         4.0         4.0         4.0         4.0         4.0         4.0         4.0         4.0         4.0         4.0         4.0         4.0         4.0         4.0         20.0         Max Q Clear Time	Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
LnGrp LOS         B         B         B         B         B         C         A         A         C         A         B           Approach Vol, veh/h         201         24         1307         979           Approach Delay, s/veh         17.1         18.4         10.4         10.6           Approach LOS         B         B         B         B         B           Timer         1         2         3         4         5         6         7         8           Assigned Phs         1         2         3         4         5         6         7         8           Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s         4.9         22.1         0.0         14.3         7.2         19.8         7.1         7.2           Change Period (Y+Rc), s         4.0         4.0         4.0         4.0         4.0         4.0         4.0           Max Green Setting (Gmax), s         4.0         21.0         4.0         20.0         7.0         18.0         4.0         20.0           Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s         2.5         8.9         0.0         2.8         4.5         7.9         3.5         2.5           Green Ext Time (p_c), s	%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	0.8	0.3	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.3	1.6	3.2	3.5	0.4	2.8	2.9
Approach Vol, veh/h Approach Delay, s/veh Approach Delay, s/veh Approach LOS B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B	LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	19.9	11.9	12.0	0.0	0.0	18.4	27.9	8.7	9.0	32.9	10.0	10.3
Approach Delay, s/veh Approach LOS B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B	LnGrp LOS	В	В	В			В	С	Α	Α	С	Α	В
Approach LOS B B B B B  Timer 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8  Assigned Phs 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8  Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s 4.9 22.1 0.0 14.3 7.2 19.8 7.1 7.2  Change Period (Y+Rc), s 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0  Max Green Setting (Gmax), s 4.0 21.0 4.0 20.0 7.0 18.0 4.0 20.0  Max Q Clear Time (g_c+I1), s 2.5 8.9 0.0 2.8 4.5 7.9 3.5 2.5  Green Ext Time (p_c), s 0.0 9.0 0.0 0.3 0.0 7.8 0.0 0.3  Intersection Summary  HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay 11.1	Approach Vol, veh/h		201			24			1307			979	
Timer 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8  Assigned Phs 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8  Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s 4.9 22.1 0.0 14.3 7.2 19.8 7.1 7.2  Change Period (Y+Rc), s 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0  Max Green Setting (Gmax), s 4.0 21.0 4.0 20.0 7.0 18.0 4.0 20.0  Max Q Clear Time (g_c+I1), s 2.5 8.9 0.0 2.8 4.5 7.9 3.5 2.5  Green Ext Time (p_c), s 0.0 9.0 0.0 0.3 0.0 7.8 0.0 0.3  Intersection Summary  HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay 11.1	Approach Delay, s/veh		17.1			18.4			10.4			10.6	
Assigned Phs 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s 4.9 22.1 0.0 14.3 7.2 19.8 7.1 7.2 Change Period (Y+Rc), s 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 Max Green Setting (Gmax), s 4.0 21.0 4.0 20.0 7.0 18.0 4.0 20.0 Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s 2.5 8.9 0.0 2.8 4.5 7.9 3.5 2.5 Green Ext Time (p_c), s 0.0 9.0 0.0 0.3 0.0 7.8 0.0 0.3  Intersection Summary HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay 11.1	Approach LOS		В			В			В			В	
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s 4.9 22.1 0.0 14.3 7.2 19.8 7.1 7.2 Change Period (Y+Rc), s 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 Max Green Setting (Gmax), s 4.0 21.0 4.0 20.0 7.0 18.0 4.0 20.0 Max Q Clear Time (g_c+I1), s 2.5 8.9 0.0 2.8 4.5 7.9 3.5 2.5 Green Ext Time (p_c), s 0.0 9.0 0.0 0.3 0.0 7.8 0.0 0.3  Intersection Summary HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay 11.1	Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s 4.9 22.1 0.0 14.3 7.2 19.8 7.1 7.2 Change Period (Y+Rc), s 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 Max Green Setting (Gmax), s 4.0 21.0 4.0 20.0 7.0 18.0 4.0 20.0 Max Q Clear Time (g_c+I1), s 2.5 8.9 0.0 2.8 4.5 7.9 3.5 2.5 Green Ext Time (p_c), s 0.0 9.0 0.0 0.3 0.0 7.8 0.0 0.3  Intersection Summary HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay 11.1	Assigned Phs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0		4.9	22.1	0.0	14.3	7.2	19.8	7.1	7.2				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s       4.0       21.0       4.0       20.0       7.0       18.0       4.0       20.0         Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s       2.5       8.9       0.0       2.8       4.5       7.9       3.5       2.5         Green Ext Time (p_c), s       0.0       9.0       0.0       0.3       0.0       7.8       0.0       0.3         Intersection Summary         HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay       11.1	,	4.0		4.0		4.0							
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s       2.5       8.9       0.0       2.8       4.5       7.9       3.5       2.5         Green Ext Time (p_c), s       0.0       9.0       0.0       0.3       0.0       7.8       0.0       0.3         Intersection Summary       HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay       11.1	` ,.												
Green Ext Time (p_c), s       0.0       9.0       0.0       0.3       0.0       7.8       0.0       0.3         Intersection Summary         HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay       11.1													
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay 11.1	(6- /-												
	Intersection Summary												
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			11.1									
TIOM EVIVEOU	HCM 2010 LOS			В									

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	ሽኘ	ተተተ	7	ሽኘ	ተተተ	7	ሻ	4	7	ሽኘ	<b>†</b>	7
Volume (veh/h)	550	1090	170	30	690	60	300	80	70	90	30	260
Number	5	2	12	1	6	16	7	4	14	3	8	18
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	598	1185	77	33	750	0	206	254	9	98	33	0
Adj No. of Lanes	2	3	1	2	3	1	1	1	1	2	1	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	668	2474	769	62	1578	491	318	334	283	214	116	98
Arrive On Green	0.19	0.49	0.49	0.02	0.31	0.00	0.18	0.18	0.18	0.06	0.06	0.00
Sat Flow, veh/h	3442	5085	1581	3442	5085	1583	1774	1863	1578	3442	1863	1583
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	598	1185	77	33	750	0	206	254	9	98	33	0
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	1721	1695	1581	1721	1695	1583	1774	1863	1578	1721	1863	1583
Q Serve(g_s), s	12.7	11.7	2.0	0.7	8.9	0.0	8.1	9.7	0.4	2.1	1.3	0.0
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	12.7	11.7	2.0	0.7	8.9	0.0	8.1	9.7	0.4	2.1	1.3	0.0
Prop In Lane	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	668	2474	769	62	1578	491	318	334	283	214	116	98
V/C Ratio(X)	0.90	0.48	0.10	0.53	0.48	0.00	0.65	0.76	0.03	0.46	0.29	0.00
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	668	2474	769	129	1668	519	784	823	697	1566	848	721
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	29.4	12.8	10.4	36.4	20.8	0.0	28.5	29.1	25.3	33.8	33.4	0.0
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	14.3	0.4	0.1	2.6	0.6	0.0	0.8	1.4	0.0	0.6	0.5	0.0
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	7.3	5.5	0.9	0.4	4.3	0.0	4.0	5.1	0.2	1.0	0.7	0.0
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	43.6	13.2	10.5	39.0	21.4	0.0	29.3	30.5	25.3	34.4	33.9	0.0
LnGrp LOS	D	В	В	D	С		С	С	С	С	С	
Approach Vol, veh/h		1860			783			469			131	
Approach Delay, s/veh		22.9			22.2			29.9			34.3	
Approach LOS		С			С			С			С	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2		4	5	6		8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	5.8	41.8		17.9	19.0	28.7		9.1				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.5	5.5		4.5	4.5	5.5		4.5				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	2.8	36.2		33.0	14.5	24.5		34.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	2.7	13.7		11.7	14.7	10.9		4.1				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.0	19.9		1.3	0.0	12.2		0.2				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			24.2									
HCM 2010 LOS			С									
Notes												
User approved pedestrian inte												
User approved volume balanci	ng amor	ig the lan	es for turr	ing move	ement.							

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	ሽኘ	ተተተ	7	ሽሽ	ተተተ	7	<b>ሕ</b> ግ	ተተተ	7	<b>ሽ</b> ሽ	ተተተ	7
Volume (veh/h)	190	830	880	590	410	470	810	1790	400	700	1450	220
Number	3	8	18	7	4	14	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	198	865	612	615	427	0	844	1865	0	729	1510	0
Adj No. of Lanes	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	244	1346	419	429	1613	502	681	1685	525	516	1414	440
Arrive On Green	0.07	0.26	0.26	0.12	0.32	0.00	0.20	0.33	0.00	0.15	0.28	0.00
Sat Flow, veh/h	3442	5085	1583	3477	5085	1583	3442	5085	1583	3442	5085	1583
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	198	865	612	615	427	0	844	1865	0	729	1510	0
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	1721	1695	1583	1739	1695	1583	1721	1695	1583	1721	1695	1583
Q Serve(g_s), s	8.5	22.6	39.7	18.5	9.4	0.0	29.7	49.7	0.0	22.5	41.7	0.0
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	8.5	22.6	39.7	18.5	9.4	0.0	29.7	49.7	0.0	22.5	41.7	0.0
Prop In Lane	1.00	1010	1.00	1.00	1010	1.00	1.00	1005	1.00	1.00	4.44.4	1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	244	1346	419	429	1613	502	681	1685	525	516	1414	440
V/C Ratio(X)	0.81	0.64	1.46	1.43	0.26	0.00	1.24	1.11	0.00	1.41	1.07 1414	0.00
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h HCM Platoon Ratio	333 1.00	1346 1.00	419 1.00	429 1.00	1613 1.00	502 1.00	681 1.00	1685 1.00	525 1.00	516 1.00	1.00	440 1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.24	0.24	0.00	1.00	1.00	0.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	68.7	48.9	55.2	65.8	38.2	0.00	60.2	50.2	0.00	63.8	54.2	0.00
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	7.5	1.6	220.0	208.3	0.3	0.0	110.5	50.2	0.0	196.7	44.4	0.0
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	4.3	10.8	43.0	21.3	4.4	0.0	24.6	31.1	0.0	24.8	25.3	0.0
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	76.2	50.5	275.2	274.1	38.4	0.0	170.7	100.7	0.0	260.5	98.6	0.0
LnGrp LOS	70.2 E	50.5 D	275.2 F	F	D	0.0	170.7 F	F	0.0	200.5 F	50.0 F	0.0
Approach Vol, veh/h	_	1675	<u> </u>		1042			2709			2239	
Approach Vol, ven/ii  Approach Delay, s/veh		135.6			177.5			122.5			151.3	
Approach LOS		F			177.5 F			122.5 F			131.3 F	
••			_								<u>'</u>	
Timer	<u> </u>	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	27.0	55.0	15.1	52.9	35.0	47.0	23.0	45.0				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.5	5.3	4.5	5.3	5.3	* 5.3	4.5	5.3				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	22.5	49.7	14.5	43.7	29.7	* 42	18.5	39.7				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	24.5	51.7	10.5	11.4	31.7	43.7	20.5	41.7				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.0	0.0	0.1	25.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			141.3									
HCM 2010 LOS			F									

## Notes

User approved ignoring U-Turning movement.

\* HCM 2010 computational engine requires equal clearance times for the phases crossing the barrier.

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	Ä	<b>∱</b> î≽		ă	<b>∱</b> Ъ		7	ተተተ	7	ă	ተተተ	7
Volume (veh/h)	150	830	680	60	480	230	640	920	200	240	550	140
Number	7	4	14	3	8	18	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		0.98	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	156	865	599	62	500	197	667	958	108	250	573	18
Adj No. of Lanes	1	2	0	1	2	0	1	3	1	1	3	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	179	767	516	51	758	297	570	1562	485	304	799	248
Arrive On Green	0.10	0.38	0.38	0.03	0.31	0.31	0.32	0.31	0.31	0.17	0.16	0.16
Sat Flow, veh/h	1774	2027	1363	1774	2474	969	1774	5085	1580	1774	5085	1577
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	156	752	712	62	357	340	667	958	108	250	573	18
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	1774	1770	1620	1774	1770	1674	1774	1695	1580	1774	1695	1577
Q Serve(g_s), s	12.1	53.0	53.0	4.0	24.5	24.8	45.0	22.5	6.2	19.0	15.0	1.4
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	12.1	53.0	53.0	4.0	24.5	24.8	45.0	22.5	6.2	19.0	15.0	1.4
Prop In Lane	1.00		0.84	1.00		0.58	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	179	670	613	51	542	513	570	1562	485	304	799	248
V/C Ratio(X)	0.87	1.12	1.16	1.22	0.66	0.66	1.17	0.61	0.22	0.82	0.72	0.07
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	190	670	613	51	542	513	570	1562	485	304	799	248
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	62.0	43.5	43.5	68.0	42.2	42.3	47.5	41.4	27.7	55.9	56.0	50.3
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	31.6	73.6	89.6	198.8	2.9	3.2	94.0	1.8	1.1	21.5	5.5	0.6
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	7.5	39.6	38.9	4.8	12.4	11.9	36.9	10.8	3.0	11.1	7.4	0.6
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	93.6	117.1	133.1	266.8	45.1	45.5	141.5	43.2	28.8	77.5	61.5	50.9
LnGrp LOS	F	F	F	F	D	D	F	D	С	Е	E	D
Approach Vol, veh/h		1620			759			1733			841	
Approach Delay, s/veh		121.9			63.4			80.2			66.0	
Approach LOS		F			Е			F			Е	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	28.0	47.0	8.0	57.0	49.0	26.0	18.1	46.9				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	24.0	43.0	4.0	53.0	45.0	22.0	15.0	42.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	21.0	24.5	6.0	55.0	47.0	17.0	14.1	26.8				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	1.3	6.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	11.2				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			88.8									
HCM 2010 LOS			F									

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations						7		ተተተ	7	ň	ተተው	7
Volume (vph)	0	0	0	0	0	350	0	2650	130	200	1950	770
Ideal Flow (vphpl)	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900
Total Lost time (s)						5.0		5.3	5.3	5.0	4.0	4.0
Lane Util. Factor						1.00		0.91	1.00	1.00	0.86	0.86
Frt						0.86		1.00	0.85	1.00	0.99	0.85
Flt Protected						1.00		1.00	1.00	0.95	1.00	1.00
Satd. Flow (prot)						1611		5085	1583	1770	4751	1362
Flt Permitted						1.00		1.00	1.00	0.95	1.00	1.00
Satd. Flow (perm)						1611		5085	1583	1770	4751	1362
Peak-hour factor, PHF	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96
Adj. Flow (vph)	0	0	0	0	0	365	0	2760	135	208	2031	802
RTOR Reduction (vph)	0	0	0	0	0	75	0	0	40	0	0	0
Lane Group Flow (vph)	0	0	0	0	0	290	0	2760	95	208	2199	634
Turn Type						pt+ov		NA	Perm	Prot	NA	Perm
Protected Phases						13		24		13	Free	
Permitted Phases						13			2 4			Free
Actuated Green, G (s)						17.0		52.4	52.4	17.0	90.0	90.0
Effective Green, g (s)						17.0		52.4	52.4	17.0	90.0	90.0
Actuated g/C Ratio						0.19		0.58	0.58	0.19	1.00	1.00
Clearance Time (s)												
Vehicle Extension (s)												
Lane Grp Cap (vph)						304		2960	921	334	4751	1362
v/s Ratio Prot						c0.18		c0.54		0.12	0.46	
v/s Ratio Perm									0.06			c0.47
v/c Ratio						0.96		0.93	0.10	0.62	0.46	0.47
Uniform Delay, d1						36.1		17.2	8.4	33.6	0.0	0.0
Progression Factor						1.00		1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Incremental Delay, d2						39.1		6.6	0.1	2.6	0.3	1.1
Delay (s)						75.2		23.8	8.5	36.1	0.3	1.1
Level of Service						Ε		С	Α	D	Α	Α
Approach Delay (s)		0.0			75.2			23.1			2.9	
Approach LOS		Α			Ε			С			Α	
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2000 Control Delay			16.4	H	CM 2000	Level of S	Service		В			
HCM 2000 Volume to Capacity	ratio		0.96									
Actuated Cycle Length (s)			90.0	Sı	um of lost	t time (s)			20.6			
Intersection Capacity Utilization	)		81.5%	IC	U Level	of Service			D			
Analysis Period (min)			15									
c Critical Lane Group												

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Movement	WBL	WBR	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT		
Lane Configurations	1,4	77	ተተተ	7		ተተተ		
Volume (veh/h)	410	500	2280	400	0	1950		
Number	3	18	2	12	1	6		
nitial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00			
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00		
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1863	1863	0	1863		
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	427	519	2375	0	0	2031		
Adj No. of Lanes	2	2	3	1	0	3		
Peak Hour Factor	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96		
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	0	2		
Cap, veh/h	813	658	3073	957	0	3073		
Arrive On Green	0.24	0.24	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.60		
Sat Flow, veh/h	3442	2787	5253	1583	0	5421		
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	427	519	2375	0	0	2031		
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	1721	1393	1695	1583	0	1695		
Q Serve(g_s), s	6.5	10.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	15.8		
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	6.5	10.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	15.8		
Prop In Lane	1.00	1.00		1.00	0.00			
ane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	813	658	3073	957	0	3073		
I/C Ratio(X)	0.53	0.79	0.77	0.00	0.00	0.66		
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	1371	1110	3073	957	0	3073		
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	2.00	2.00	1.00	1.00		
Jpstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	0.64	0.00	0.00	0.88		
Jniform Delay (d), s/veh	20.1	21.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	7.8		
ncr Delay (d2), s/veh	0.2	8.0	1.3	0.0	0.0	1.0		
nitial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	3.1	4.1	0.4	0.0	0.0	7.6		
nGrp Delay(d),s/veh	20.3	22.4	1.3	0.0	0.0	8.9		
.nGrp LOS	С	С	Α			A		
Approach Vol, veh/h	946		2375			2031		
Approach Delay, s/veh	21.4		1.3			8.9		
Approach LOS	С		Α			Α		
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Assigned Phs		2				6		8
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s		51.5				51.5	18.	5
Change Period (Y+Rc), s		5.3				5.3	4.	
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s		36.4				36.4	24.	0
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s		2.0				17.8	12.	
Green Ext Time (p_c), s		30.4				17.3	1.	
ntersection Summary								
ICM 2010 Ctrl Delay			7.7					
ICM 2010 LOS			Α					

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	44		77					ተተተ	7		ተተተ	7
Volume (veh/h)	840	0	600	0	0	0	0	1840	880	0	1520	840
Number	7	4	14				5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0				0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00				1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00				1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	0	1863				0	1863	1863	0	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	848	0	581				0	1859	0	0	1535	0
Adj No. of Lanes	2	0	2				0	3	1	0	3	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.99	0.99	0.99				0.99	0.99	0.99	0.99	0.99	0.99
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	0	2				0	2	2	0	2	2
Cap, veh/h	1034	0	837				0	2781	866	0	2781	866
Arrive On Green	0.30	0.00	0.30				0.00	0.55	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00
Sat Flow, veh/h	3442	0	2787				0	5253	1583	0	5253	1583
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	848	0	581				0	1859	0	0	1535	0
Grp Sat Flow(s), veh/h/ln	1721	0	1393				0	1695	1583	0	1695	1583
Q Serve(g_s), s	14.4	0.0	11.6				0.0	16.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	14.4	0.0	11.6				0.0	16.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Prop In Lane	1.00		1.00				0.00		1.00	0.00		1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	1034	0	837				0	2781	866	0	2781	866
V/C Ratio(X)	0.82	0.00	0.69				0.00	0.67	0.00	0.00	0.55	0.00
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	1423	0	1152				0	2781	866	0	2781	866
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00				1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	2.00	2.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	0.00	1.00				0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.74	0.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	20.4	0.0	19.4				0.0	10.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	2.0	0.0	0.4				0.0	1.3	0.0	0.0	0.6	0.0
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0				0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	7.1	0.0	4.5				0.0	7.9	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	22.4	0.0	19.9				0.0	11.5	0.0	0.0	0.6	0.0
LnGrp LOS	C	0.0	В				0.0	В	0.0	0.0	A	0.0
Approach Vol, veh/h		1429						1859			1535	
Approach Delay, s/veh		21.4						11.5			0.6	
Approach LOS		C						В			Α	
											, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs		2		4		6						
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s		46.8		23.2		46.8						
Change Period (Y+Rc), s		5.3		* 4.3		5.3						
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s		34.4		* 26		34.4						
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s		18.4		16.4		2.0						
Green Ext Time (p_c), s		13.2		2.5		23.1						
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			10.9									
HCM 2010 LOS			В									
Notes												

Notes

User approved pedestrian interval to be less than phase max green.

\* HCM 2010 computational engine requires equal clearance times for the phases crossing the barrier.

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations		4	7	ሻ	4î Þ		ሻሻ	ተተ <sub></sub>		ሻ	ተተኈ	7
Volume (veh/h)	110	40	450	110	80	200	630	1650	310	180	1000	430
Number	7	4	14	3	8	18	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1900	1863	1863	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	112	55	162	70	141	16	643	1684	287	184	1020	204
Adj No. of Lanes	0	1	1	1	2	0	2	3	0	1	3	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	153	75	200	190	352	39	718	2002	339	209	2047	580
Arrive On Green	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.21	0.46	0.46	0.12	0.37	0.37
Sat Flow, veh/h	1209	594	1583	1774	3292	368	3442	4379	741	1774	5588	1583
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	167	0	162	70	79	78	643	1301	670	184	1020	204
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	1802	0	1583	1774	1863	1798	1721	1695	1730	1774	1863	1583
Q Serve(g_s), s	8.3	0.0	9.3	3.4	3.7	3.8	17.0	31.6	32.0	9.5	13.2	8.8
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	8.3	0.0	9.3	3.4	3.7	3.8	17.0	31.6	32.0	9.5	13.2	8.8
Prop In Lane	0.67		1.00	1.00		0.20	1.00		0.43	1.00		1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	228	0	200	190	199	192	718	1550	791	209	2047	580
V/C Ratio(X)	0.73	0.00	0.81	0.37	0.40	0.41	0.90	0.84	0.85	0.88	0.50	0.35
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	355	0	312	190	199	192	811	1550	791	209	2047	580
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	39.3	0.0	39.7	38.8	38.9	38.9	36.0	22.3	22.5	40.6	22.9	21.5
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	1.7	0.0	4.2	0.4	0.5	0.5	10.8	5.6	10.9	31.4	0.9	1.7
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	4.2	0.0	4.3	1.7	1.9	1.9	9.1	15.9	17.6	6.5	7.0	4.1
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	41.0	0.0	43.9	39.2	39.4	39.4	46.8	28.0	33.4	71.9	23.8	23.2
LnGrp LOS	D		D	D	D	D	D	С	С	Е	С	С
Approach Vol, veh/h		329			227			2614			1408	
Approach Delay, s/veh		42.4			39.3			34.0			30.0	
Approach LOS		D			D			С			С	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2		4	5	6		8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	15.0	54.6		16.4	23.5	46.1		14.0				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.0	5.3		4.6	4.0	5.3		4.0				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	11.0	42.7		18.4	22.0	31.7		10.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	11.5	34.0		11.3	19.0	15.2		5.8				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.0	7.9		0.5	0.5	14.2		0.2				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			33.6									
HCM 2010 LOS			C									
Notes												

User approved volume balancing among the lanes for turning movement.

Cumulative Plus Project PM Peak Hour

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations			77			7		ተተተ	7	ă	1111	
Volume (vph)	0	0	560	0	0	580	0	2010	860	140	1420	0
Ideal Flow (vphpl)	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900
Total Lost time (s)			4.6			4.0		5.7	5.7	4.0	5.7	
Lane Util. Factor			0.88			1.00		0.91	1.00	1.00	0.86	
Frpb, ped/bikes			1.00			0.99		1.00	0.98	1.00	1.00	
Flpb, ped/bikes			1.00			1.00		1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
Frt			0.85			0.86		1.00	0.85	1.00	1.00	
Flt Protected			1.00			1.00		1.00	1.00	0.95	1.00	
Satd. Flow (prot)			2787			1591		5085	1549	1770	6408	
Flt Permitted			1.00			1.00		1.00	1.00	0.95	1.00	
Satd. Flow (perm)			2787			1591		5085	1549	1770	6408	
	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98
Adj. Flow (vph)	0	0	571	0	0	592	0	2051	878	143	1449	0
RTOR Reduction (vph)	0	0	135	0	0	0	0	0	217	0	0	0
Lane Group Flow (vph)	0	0	436	0	0	592	0	2051	661	143	1449	0
Confl. Peds. (#/hr)			.00			2			2			
Turn Type			Prot			Free		NA	Perm	Prot	NA	
Protected Phases			5					2		1	6	
Permitted Phases						Free			2	•		
Actuated Green, G (s)			13.0			50.0		29.9	29.9	10.4	26.7	
Effective Green, g (s)			13.0			50.0		29.9	29.9	10.4	26.7	
Actuated g/C Ratio			0.26			1.00		0.60	0.60	0.21	0.53	
Clearance Time (s)			4.6					5.7	5.7	4.0	5.7	
Vehicle Extension (s)			1.0					1.0	1.0	2.5	1.0	
Lane Grp Cap (vph)			724			1591		3040	926	368	3421	
v/s Ratio Prot			0.16			1001		0.40	320	0.08	0.23	
v/s Ratio Perm			0.10			c0.37		0.40	c0.43	0.00	0.20	
v/c Ratio			0.60			0.37		0.67	0.71	0.39	0.42	
Uniform Delay, d1			16.2			0.0		6.8	7.1	17.1	7.0	
Progression Factor			1.00			1.00		1.00	1.00	0.69	0.47	
Incremental Delay, d2			1.00			0.7		1.2	4.7	0.03	0.3	
Delay (s)			17.2			0.7		8.0	11.7	12.1	3.6	
Level of Service			В			Α		Α	В	В	Α	
Approach Delay (s)		17.2	U		0.7	Λ		9.1	ט	U	4.3	
Approach LOS		В			Α			Α			4.0 A	
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2000 Control Delay			7.7	Н	CM 2000	Level of S	Service		А			
HCM 2000 Volume to Capacity r	atio		0.67		<u>-</u> 000	_0.0.0.0	2311100		- / \			
Actuated Cycle Length (s)			50.0	Sı	um of lost	time (s)			10.3			
Intersection Capacity Utilization			74.1%			of Service			D			
Analysis Period (min)			15	10	O LOVOI (	, COI VICE						
c Critical Lane Group			10									

Synchro 8 Report 10/27/2014

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	44	<b>†</b> †	7	ሻ	ተተተ	7		41∱	7	7	र्स	77
Volume (veh/h)	670	930	0	0	730	100	10	10	10	280	0	610
Number	7	4	14	3	8	18	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		0.99	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	698	969	0	0	760	20	10	10	1	292	0	94
Adj No. of Lanes	2	2	1	1	3	1	0	2	1	2	0	2
Peak Hour Factor	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	866	2152	963	3	1493	464	122	122	108	477	0	424
Arrive On Green	0.25	0.61	0.00	0.00	0.29	0.29	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.13	0.00	0.13
Sat Flow, veh/h	3442	3539	1583	1774	5085	1580	1774	1770	1570	3548	0	3153
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	698	969	0	0	760	20	10	10	1	292	0	94
Grp Sat Flow(s), veh/h/ln	1721	1770	1583	1774	1695	1580	1774	1770	1570	1774	0	1576
Q Serve(g_s), s	12.1	9.4	0.0	0.0	7.9	0.6	0.3	0.3	0.0	4.9	0.0	1.7
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	12.1	9.4	0.0	0.0	7.9	0.6	0.3	0.3	0.0	4.9	0.0	1.7
Prop In Lane	1.00	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00	0.0	1.00	1.00	0.0	1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	866	2152	963	3	1493	464	122	122	108	477	0	424
V/C Ratio(X)	0.81	0.45	0.00	0.00	0.51	0.04	0.08	0.08	0.01	0.61	0.00	0.22
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	1297	2446	1094	111	1917	596	752	751	666	1616	0	1436
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	22.4	6.7	0.0	0.0	18.7	16.1	27.7	27.7	27.6	26.0	0.0	24.6
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	2.3	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.3	0.3	0.0	1.3	0.0	0.3
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	6.0	4.6	0.0	0.0	3.7	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.0	2.5	0.0	0.7
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	24.7	6.9	0.0	0.0	18.9	16.1	28.0	28.0	27.6	27.3	0.0	24.8
LnGrp LOS	C	A	0.0	0.0	В	В	C	C	C C	C C	0.0	C
Approach Vol, veh/h		1667			780			21			386	
Approach Vol, verim		14.3			18.9			28.0			26.7	
Approach LOS		В			10.9			20.0 C			20.7 C	
• •								U				
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs		2	3	4		6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s		8.4	0.0	42.7		12.6	20.0	22.7				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s		4.0	4.0	4.0		4.0	4.0	4.0				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s		27.0	4.0	44.0		29.0	24.0	24.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s		2.3	0.0	11.4		6.9	14.1	9.9				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s		0.0	0.0	13.7		1.3	1.9	8.6				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			17.3									
HCM 2010 LOS			В									
Notes												

User approved volume balancing among the lanes for turning movement.

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	ሻ	<b>†</b> †		ሻ	ተተተ	7		₩		44	f <del>)</del>	
Volume (veh/h)	50	1160	10	10	770	660	10	10	10	450	20	50
Number	7	4	14	3	8	18	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		0.99	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1863	1900	1863	1900	1863	1863	1900
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	53	1234	10	11	819	214	11	11	1	479	21	22
Adj No. of Lanes	1	2	0	1	3	1	0	1	0	2	1	0
Peak Hour Factor	0.94	0.94	0.94	0.94	0.94	0.94	0.94	0.94	0.94	0.94	0.94	0.94
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	67	1762	14	20	2354	731	0	122	11	619	262	274
Arrive On Green	0.04	0.49	0.49	0.01	0.46	0.46	0.00	0.07	0.07	0.18	0.31	0.31
Sat Flow, veh/h	1774	3598	29	1774	5085	1580	0	1681	153	3442	833	873
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	53	607	637	11	819	214	0	0	12	479	0	43
Grp Sat Flow(s), veh/h/ln	1774	1770	1858	1774	1695	1580	0	0	1834	1721	0	1707
Q Serve(g_s), s	1.9	17.3	17.3	0.4	6.7	5.5	0.0	0.0	0.4	8.6	0.0	1.1
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	1.9	17.3	17.3	0.4	6.7	5.5	0.0	0.0	0.4	8.6	0.0	1.1
Prop In Lane	1.00		0.02	1.00		1.00	0.00		0.08	1.00		0.51
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	67	867	910	20	2354	731	0	0	133	619	0	536
V/C Ratio(X)	0.79	0.70	0.70	0.56	0.35	0.29	0.00	0.00	0.09	0.77	0.00	0.08
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	246	1038	1090	110	2591	805	0	0	680	956	0	1001
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	30.9	12.8	12.8	31.9	11.1	10.8	0.0	0.0	28.1	25.3	0.0	15.6
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	18.0	1.7	1.6	22.5	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.3	2.1	0.0	0.1
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	1.3	8.7	9.1	0.3	3.1	2.4	0.0	0.0	0.2	4.2	0.0	0.5
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	48.9	14.5	14.4	54.4	11.2	11.0	0.0	0.0	28.3	27.4	0.0	15.7
LnGrp LOS	D	В	В	D	В	В			C	С		В
Approach Vol, veh/h		1297			1044			12			522	
Approach Delay, s/veh		15.9			11.6			28.3			26.5	
Approach LOS		В			В			С			С	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	15.7	8.7	4.7	35.7	0.0	24.3	6.5	34.0				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	18.0	24.0	4.0	38.0	4.0	38.0	9.0	33.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	10.6	2.4	2.4	19.3	0.0	3.1	3.9	8.7				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	1.1	0.2	0.0	12.5	0.0	0.2	0.0	14.8				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			16.3									
HCM 2010 LOS			В									

	۶	<b>→</b>	•	•	-	•	•	†	<b>/</b>	<u> </u>	<b>+</b>	<b>√</b>
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	1/4	ተተቡ		44	<b>†</b> †	7	ħ	1111	7	ሻሻ	ተተተ	7
Volume (veh/h)	740	320	130	210	270	130	190	1500	360	180	620	380
Number	7	4	14	3	8	18	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	804	348	67	228	293	-19	207	1630	120	196	674	147
Adj No. of Lanes	2	3	0	2	2	1	1	4	1	2	3	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	633	1104	206	308	574	257	192	2570	634	275	1896	589
Arrive On Green	0.18	0.26	0.26	0.09	0.16	0.00	0.11	0.40	0.40	0.08	0.37	0.37
Sat Flow, veh/h	3442	4306	803	3442	3539	1583	1774	6408	1581	3442	5085	1581
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	804	272	143	228	293	-19	207	1630	120	196	674	147
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	1721	1695	1719	1721	1770	1583	1774	1602	1581	1721	1695	1581
Q Serve(g_s), s	17.0	6.0	6.3	6.0	7.0	0.0	10.0	18.9	4.5	5.1	8.9	5.9
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	17.0	6.0	6.3	6.0	7.0	0.0	10.0	18.9	4.5	5.1	8.9	5.9
Prop In Lane	1.00		0.47	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	633	870	441	308	574	257	192	2570	634	275	1896	589
V/C Ratio(X)	1.27	0.31	0.33	0.74	0.51	-0.07	1.08	0.63	0.19	0.71	0.36	0.25
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	633	1430	725	484	1339	599	192	2702	667	484	2310	718
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	37.7	27.8	27.9	41.0	35.4	0.0	41.2	22.2	18.0	41.5	21.0	20.1
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	134.0	0.2	0.4	3.5	0.7	0.0	87.6	0.5	0.1	3.4	0.1	0.2
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0 19.8	0.0 2.8	0.0 3.0	0.0 3.0	0.0 3.5	0.0	0.0 9.5	0.0 8.3	0.0 2.0	0.0 2.6	0.0 4.1	0.0 2.6
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	171.7	28.0	28.3	44.5	36.1	0.0	128.8	22.7	18.1	44.9	21.1	20.3
LnGrp LOS	1/1./ F	20.0 C	20.3 C	44.5 D	30.1 D	0.0	120.0 F	22.7 C	10.1	44.9 D	21.1 C	20.3 C
	Г	1219	U	ט	502		Г	1957	Ь	U	1017	
Approach Vol, veh/h Approach Delay, s/veh								33.6				
Approach LOS		122.8 F			41.3 D			33.6 C			25.6 C	
Approach LOS					D			U			C	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	11.4	41.1	12.3	27.7	14.0	38.5	21.0	19.0				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	13.0	39.0	13.0	39.0	10.0	42.0	17.0	35.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	7.1	20.9	8.0	8.3	12.0	10.9	19.0	9.0				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.3	15.0	0.3	5.1	0.0	23.3	0.0	4.9				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			55.9									
HCM 2010 LOS			Е									

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	Ä	ተተተ	7	ă	ተተተ	7	7	र्स	7	7	ની	7
Volume (veh/h)	60	1430	440	200	880	20	420	20	190	20	20	170
Number	1	6	16	5	2	12	3	8	18	7	4	14
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		0.99	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	65	1538	256	215	946	9	468	0	27	22	22	17
Adj No. of Lanes	1	3	1	1	3	1	2	0	1	1	1	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	83	2156	671	249	2631	809	579	0	258	51	53	45
Arrive On Green	0.05	0.42	0.42	0.14	0.52	0.52	0.16	0.00	0.16	0.03	0.03	0.03
Sat Flow, veh/h	1774	5085	1583	1774	5085	1564	3548	0	1583	1774	1863	1583
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	65	1538	256	215	946	9	468	0	27	22	22	17
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	1774	1695	1583	1774	1695	1564	1774	0	1583	1774	1863	1583
Q Serve(g_s), s	3.0	20.5	9.1	9.7	9.0	0.2	10.4	0.0	1.2	1.0	1.0	0.9
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	3.0	20.5	9.1	9.7	9.0	0.2	10.4	0.0	1.2	1.0	1.0	0.9
Prop In Lane	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	83	2156	671	249	2631	809	579	0	258	51	53	45
V/C Ratio(X)	0.78	0.71	0.38	0.86	0.36	0.01	0.81	0.00	0.10	0.44	0.41	0.38
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	188	2265	705	249	2631	809	1646	0	734	844	887	754
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	38.6	19.5	16.2	34.4	11.7	9.6	33.1	0.0	29.2	39.1	39.1	39.1
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	5.8	1.8	1.4	24.5	0.4	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.1	2.2	1.9	1.9
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	1.6	9.9	4.2	6.5	4.3	0.1	5.2	0.0	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	44.5	21.3	17.6	58.9	12.1	9.6	34.1	0.0	29.3	41.3	41.0	41.0
LnGrp LOS	D	С	В	E	В	A	С		С	D	D	D
Approach Vol, veh/h		1859			1170			495			61	
Approach Delay, s/veh		21.6			20.7			33.8			41.1	
Approach LOS		С			С			С			D	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2		4	5	6		8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	8.3	48.9		6.8	16.0	41.2		17.9				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.5	6.5		4.5	4.5	* 6.5		4.5				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	8.7	39.3		39.0	11.5	* 37		38.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	5.0	11.0		3.0	11.7	22.5		12.4				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.0	27.6		0.1	0.0	12.3		0.9				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			23.3									
HCM 2010 LOS			С									

User approved volume balancing among the lanes for turning movement.

\* HCM 2010 computational engine requires equal clearance times for the phases crossing the barrier.

Synchro 8 Report 10/27/2014

	•	<b>→</b>	•	•	<b>←</b>	4	•	<b>†</b>	~	-	<del> </del>	4
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	ā	ተተተ	7	ă	ተተተ	7	7	<b>†</b>	7	ሻ	4	
Volume (veh/h)	120	1330	190	50	780	130	230	30	90	130	20	90
Number	5	2	12	1	6	16	3	8	18	7	4	14
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1900
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	122	1357	82	51	796	45	235	31	13	133	20	9
Adj No. of Lanes	1	3	1	1	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
Peak Hour Factor	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	155	2395	746	79	2176	678	284	197	168	182	59	27
Arrive On Green	0.09	0.47	0.47	0.04	0.43	0.43	0.16	0.11	0.11	0.10	0.05	0.05
Sat Flow, veh/h	1774	5085	1583	1774	5085	1583	1774	1863	1583	1774	1218	548
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	122	1357	82	51	796	45	235	31	13	133	0	29
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	1774	1695	1583	1774	1695	1583	1774	1863	1583	1774	0	1766
Q Serve(g_s), s	4.9	14.0	2.1	2.0	7.7	1.2	9.3	1.1	0.5	5.3	0.0	1.2
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	4.9	14.0	2.1	2.0	7.7	1.2	9.3	1.1	0.5	5.3	0.0	1.2
Prop In Lane	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		0.31
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	155	2395	746	79	2176	678	284	197	168	182	0	86
V/C Ratio(X)	0.79	0.57	0.11	0.65	0.37	0.07	0.83	0.16	0.08	0.73	0.00	0.34
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	233	2492	776	122	2176	678	453	1054	896	331	0	877
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	32.4	13.8	10.7	34.1	14.1	12.2	29.5	29.4	29.2	31.5	0.0	33.3
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	5.1	0.6	0.2	3.3	0.2	0.1	6.9	0.4	0.2	5.5	0.0	2.3
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	2.6	6.7	1.0	1.1	3.7	0.5	5.1	0.6	0.2	2.9	0.0	0.6
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	37.5	14.5	10.9	37.4	14.3	12.3	36.4	29.8	29.4	37.0	0.0	35.6
LnGrp LOS	D	В	В	D	В	В	D	С	С	D		D
Approach Vol, veh/h		1561			892			279			162	
Approach Delay, s/veh		16.1			15.5			35.3			36.8	
Approach LOS		В			В			D			D	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8			_	
Assigned Phs	1	2	3	4	<u>5</u>	6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	7.7	40.6	16.1	8.0	10.8	37.5	11.9	12.2				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.5	* 6.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	6.5	4.5	4.5				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	5.0	* 36	18.5	36.0	9.5	31.0	13.5	41.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	4.0	16.0	11.3	3.2	6.9	9.7	7.3	3.1				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.0	18.2	0.4	0.3	0.0	19.7	0.2	0.4				
Intersection Summary								•				
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			18.9									
HCM 2010 LOS			10.9 B									
Notes												

\* HCM 2010 computational engine requires equal clearance times for the phases crossing the barrier.

	۶	<b>→</b>	•	•	<b>←</b>	•	•	†	<i>&gt;</i>	<b>&gt;</b>	<b>↓</b>	~
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations				44		77		<b>†</b> †	7		<b>†</b> †	7
Volume (veh/h)	0	0	0	320	0	150	0	1460	360	0	550	980
Number				3	8	18	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)				1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj				1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln				1863	0	1863	0	1863	1863	0	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h				333	0	96	0	1521	0	0	573	0
Adj No. of Lanes				2	0	2	0	2	1	0	2	1
Peak Hour Factor				0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96
Percent Heavy Veh, %				2	0	2	0	2	2	0	2	2
Cap, veh/h				540	0	437	0	2370	1060	0	2370	1060
Arrive On Green				0.16	0.00	0.16	0.00	0.67	0.00	0.00	0.67	0.00
Sat Flow, veh/h				3442	0	2787	0	3632	1583	0	3632	1583
Grp Volume(v), veh/h				333	0	96	0	1521	0	0	573	0
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln				1721	0	1393	0	1770	1583	0	1770	1583
Q Serve(g_s), s				4.2	0.0	1.4	0.0	11.5	0.0	0.0	2.9	0.0
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s				4.2	0.0	1.4	0.0	11.5	0.0	0.0	2.9	0.0
Prop In Lane				1.00		1.00	0.00		1.00	0.00		1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h				540	0	437	0	2370	1060	0	2370	1060
V/C Ratio(X)				0.62	0.00	0.22	0.00	0.64	0.00	0.00	0.24	0.00
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h				1194	0	967	0	3147	1408	0	3147	1408
HCM Platoon Ratio				1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)				1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh				18.1	0.0	17.0	0.0	4.4	0.0	0.0	3.0	0.0
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh				1.2	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh				0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln				2.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	5.6	0.0	0.0	1.4	0.0
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh				19.3	0.0	17.2	0.0	4.7	0.0	0.0	3.1	0.0
LnGrp LOS				В		В		Α			Α	
Approach Vol, veh/h					429			1521			573	
Approach Delay, s/veh					18.8			4.7			3.1	
Approach LOS					В			Α			Α	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs		2				6		8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s		34.9				34.9		11.2				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s		4.0				4.0		4.0				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s		41.0				41.0		16.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s		13.5				4.9		6.2				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s		17.4				20.5		1.1				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			6.7									
HCM 2010 LOS			Α									

	۶	<b>→</b>	•	•	<b>←</b>	•	1	†	<i>&gt;</i>	<b>&gt;</b>	<b></b>	✓
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	ሻሻ		77					<b>†</b> †	7		<b>†</b> †	7
Volume (veh/h)	1030	0	280	0	0	0	0	790	320	0	710	160
Number	7	4	14				5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0				0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00				1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00				1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	0	1863				0	1863	1863	0	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	1073	0	223				0	823	0	0	740	0
Adj No. of Lanes	2	0	2				0	2	1	0	2	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.96	0.96	0.96				0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	0	2				0	2	2	0	2	2
Cap, veh/h	1441	0	1167				0	1346	602	0	1346	602
Arrive On Green	0.42	0.00	0.42				0.00	0.38	0.00	0.00	0.38	0.00
Sat Flow, veh/h	3442	0	2787				0	3632	1583	0	3632	1583
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	1073	0	223				0	823	0	0	740	0
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	1721	0	1393				0	1770	1583	0	1770	1583
Q Serve(g_s), s	10.5	0.0	2.0				0.0	7.5	0.0	0.0	6.5	0.0
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	10.5	0.0	2.0				0.0	7.5	0.0	0.0	6.5	0.0
Prop In Lane	1.00		1.00				0.00		1.00	0.00		1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	1441	0	1167				0	1346	602	0	1346	602
V/C Ratio(X)	0.74	0.00	0.19				0.00	0.61	0.00	0.00	0.55	0.00
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	2077	0	1682				0	1602	717	0	1602	717
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00				1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	0.00	1.00				0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	9.8	0.0	7.3				0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	9.7	0.0
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	0.9	0.0	0.1				0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.0
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0				0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	5.1	0.0	0.8				0.0	3.6	0.0	0.0	3.1	0.0
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	10.6	0.0	7.4				0.0	10.5	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0
LnGrp LOS	В		A					В			В	
Approach Vol, veh/h		1296						823			740	
Approach Delay, s/veh		10.1						10.5			10.0	
Approach LOS		В						В			В	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs		2		4		6						
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s		19.1		20.6		19.1						
Change Period (Y+Rc), s		4.0		4.0		4.0						
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s		18.0		24.0		18.0						
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s		9.5		12.5		8.5						
Green Ext Time (p_c), s		5.7		4.2		6.1						
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			10.2									
HCM 2010 LOS			В									

	۶	<b>→</b>	•	•	<b>←</b>	•	1	†	<i>&gt;</i>	<b>/</b>	<b>↓</b>	4
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations				44		77		ተተተ	7		ተተተ	7
Volume (veh/h)	0	0	0	240	0	490	0	1260	490	0	1190	100
Number				3	8	18	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)				1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj				1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln				1863	0	1863	0	1863	1863	0	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h				261	0	495	0	1370	0	0	1293	0
Adj No. of Lanes				2	0	2	0	3	1	0	3	1
Peak Hour Factor				0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Percent Heavy Veh, %				2	0	2	0	2	2	0	2	2
Cap, veh/h				842	0	682	0	3126	973	0	3126	973
Arrive On Green				0.24	0.00	0.24	0.00	0.61	0.00	0.00	0.61	0.00
Sat Flow, veh/h				3442	0	2787	0	5253	1583	0	5253	1583
Grp Volume(v), veh/h				261	0	495	0	1370	0	0	1293	0
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln				1721	0	1393	0	1695	1583	0	1695	1583
Q Serve(g_s), s				3.5	0.0	9.3	0.0	8.1	0.0	0.0	7.5	0.0
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s				3.5	0.0	9.3	0.0	8.1	0.0	0.0	7.5	0.0
Prop In Lane				1.00		1.00	0.00		1.00	0.00		1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h				842	0	682	0	3126	973	0	3126	973
V/C Ratio(X)				0.31	0.00	0.73	0.00	0.44	0.00	0.00	0.41	0.00
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h				1632	0	1322	0	3126	973	0	3126	973
HCM Platoon Ratio				1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)				1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.88	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh				17.6	0.0	19.7	0.0	5.8	0.0	0.0	5.7	0.0
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh				0.2	0.0	1.5	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.0
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh				0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln				1.7	0.0	3.7	0.0	3.8	0.0	0.0	3.6	0.0
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh				17.8	0.0	21.2	0.0	6.2	0.0	0.0	6.1	0.0
LnGrp LOS				В		С		Α			Α	
Approach Vol, veh/h					756			1370			1293	
Approach Delay, s/veh					20.0			6.2			6.1	
Approach LOS					С			Α			Α	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs		2				6		8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s		52.1				52.1		17.9				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s		4.0				4.0		4.0				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s		35.0				35.0		27.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s		10.1				9.5		11.3				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s		19.4				19.8		2.6				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			9.2									
HCM 2010 LOS			Α									

	۶	<b>→</b>	•	•	<b>←</b>	•	•	†	<i>&gt;</i>	<b>/</b>	<b>↓</b>	4
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	44		77					ተተተ	7		ተተተ	7
Volume (veh/h)	440	0	590	0	0	0	0	1310	150	0	860	570
Number	7	4	14				5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0				0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00				1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00				1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	0	1863				0	1863	1863	0	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	478	0	529				0	1424	0	0	935	0
Adj No. of Lanes	2	0	2				0	3	1	0	3	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.92				0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	0	2				0	2	2	0	2	2
Cap, veh/h	921	0	746				0	3047	949	0	3047	949
Arrive On Green	0.27	0.00	0.27				0.00	0.60	0.00	0.00	0.60	0.00
Sat Flow, veh/h	3442	0	2787				0	5253	1583	0	5253	1583
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	478	0	529				0	1424	0	0	935	0
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	1721	0	1393				0	1695	1583	0	1695	1583
Q Serve(g_s), s	7.1	0.0	10.3				0.0	9.4	0.0	0.0	5.4	0.0
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	7.1	0.0	10.3				0.0	9.4	0.0	0.0	5.4	0.0
Prop In Lane	1.00		1.00				0.00		1.00	0.00		1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	921	0	746				0	3047	949	0	3047	949
V/C Ratio(X)	0.52	0.00	0.71				0.00	0.47	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.00
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	1776	0	1438				0	3047	949	0	3047	949
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00				1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	0.00	1.00				0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.93	0.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	18.7	0.0	19.9				0.0	6.7	0.0	0.0	5.9	0.0
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	0.5	0.0	1.3				0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0				0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	3.4	0.0	4.1				0.0	4.5	0.0	0.0	2.6	0.0
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	19.2	0.0	21.1				0.0	7.2	0.0	0.0	6.2	0.0
LnGrp LOS	В		С					Α			Α	
Approach Vol, veh/h		1007						1424			935	
Approach Delay, s/veh		20.2						7.2			6.2	
Approach LOS		С						Α			Α	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs		2		4		6						
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s		54.9		20.1		54.9						
Change Period (Y+Rc), s		4.0		4.0		4.0						
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s		36.0		31.0		36.0						
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s		11.4		12.3		7.4						
Green Ext Time (p_c), s		17.5		3.8		19.4						
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			10.8									
HCM 2010 LOS			В									

-	۶	<b>→</b>	•	•	-	•	•	†	<b>/</b>	<b>\</b>	<b>+</b>	-✓
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	ሻሻ	ተተተ	7	44	ተተተ	7	44	ተተተ	7	ሻሻ	ተተተ	7
Volume (veh/h)	490	310	100	60	330	550	60	1680	50	690	1140	290
Number	7	4	14	3	8	18	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		0.99	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	533	337	30	65	359	321	65	1826	14	750	1239	144
Adj No. of Lanes	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	505	1678	520	103	1085	335	103	1627	504	734	2560	795
Arrive On Green	0.15	0.33	0.33	0.03	0.21	0.21	0.03	0.32	0.32	0.21	0.50	0.50
Sat Flow, veh/h	3442	5085	1576	3442	5085	1572	3442	5085	1576	3442	5085	1579
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	533	337	30	65	359	321	65	1826	14	750	1239	144
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	1721	1695	1576	1721	1695	1572	1721	1695	1576	1721	1695	1579
Q Serve(g_s), s	22.0	7.1	1.9	2.8	9.0	30.3	2.8	48.0	0.9	32.0	24.0	7.5
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	22.0	7.1	1.9	2.8	9.0	30.3	2.8	48.0	0.9	32.0	24.0	7.5
Prop In Lane	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	505	1678	520	103	1085	335	103	1627	504	734	2560	795
V/C Ratio(X)	1.06	0.20	0.06	0.63	0.33	0.96	0.63	1.12	0.03	1.02	0.48	0.18
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	505	1678	520	138	1085	335	138	1627	504	734	2560	795
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	64.0	36.1	34.3	71.9	49.9	58.3	71.9	51.0	35.0	59.0	24.5	20.4
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	55.6	0.1	0.0	6.2	0.2	37.8	6.2	63.7	0.0	38.8	0.1	0.1
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0 14.3	0.0	0.0 0.9	0.0 1.4	0.0 4.2	0.0 16.7	0.0 1.4	0.0 32.1	0.0	0.0 19.1	0.0	0.0 3.3
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	119.6	3.3 36.1	34.4	78.1	50.1	96.1	78.1	114.7	0.4 35.0	97.8	11.3 24.6	20.5
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh LnGrp LOS	F	30.1 D	34.4 C	70.1 E	50.1 D	90.1 F	70.1 E	F	35.0 D	97.0 F	24.0 C	20.5 C
	Г	900	U		745	Г		1905	U		2133	U
Approach Vol, veh/h Approach Delay, s/veh								112.9				
Approach LOS		85.5 F			72.4 E			112.9 F			50.0 D	
Approach LOS		Г						Г			D	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	36.0	52.0	8.5	53.5	8.5	79.5	26.0	36.0				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	32.0	48.0	6.0	48.0	6.0	74.0	22.0	32.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	34.0	50.0	4.8	9.1	4.8	26.0	24.0	32.3				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.5	0.0	37.7	0.0	0.0				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			79.6									
HCM 2010 LOS			Е									

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	1,1	<b>†</b>	7	7	<b>†</b>	7	7	<b>†</b>	7	ň	<b>†</b>	7
Volume (veh/h)	130	430	490	10	410	60	380	50	20	50	90	150
Number	7	4	14	3	8	18	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		0.99	1.00		1.00	1.00		0.99	1.00		0.99
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	141	467	174	11	446	17	413	54	7	54	98	14
Adj No. of Lanes	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	223	681	575	20	581	492	475	652	550	68	224	188
Arrive On Green	0.06	0.37	0.37	0.01	0.31	0.31	0.27	0.35	0.35	0.04	0.12	0.12
Sat Flow, veh/h	3442	1863	1573	1774	1863	1576	1774	1863	1572	1774	1863	1564
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	141	467	174	11	446	17	413	54	7	54	98	14
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	1721	1863	1573	1774	1863	1576	1774	1863	1572	1774	1863	1564
Q Serve(g_s), s	2.7	14.5	5.4	0.4	14.8	0.5	15.1	1.3	0.2	2.1	3.3	0.5
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	2.7	14.5	5.4	0.4	14.8	0.5	15.1	1.3	0.2	2.1	3.3	0.5
Prop In Lane	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	223	681	575	20	581	492	475	652	550	68	224	188
V/C Ratio(X)	0.63	0.69	0.30	0.56	0.77	0.03	0.87	0.08	0.01	0.79	0.44	0.07
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	253	793	670	104	766	648	807	1422	1200	234	820	689
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	31.1 4.2	18.3	15.4	33.5	21.2	16.3	23.8 5.4	14.8	14.5	32.5	27.8	26.6
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh		2.0	0.3	22.8	3.4 0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	18.2	1.3	0.2
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0 1.4	0.0 7.8	2.4	0.0	8.1	0.0 0.2	8.1	0.0 0.7	0.0	0.0 1.4	0.0 1.8	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	35.3	20.3	15.7	56.4	24.6	16.3	29.2	14.9	14.5	50.7	29.1	26.7
LnGrp LOS	33.3 D	20.3 C	15.7 B	30.4 E	24.0 C	10.3 B	29.2 C	14.9 B	14.5 B	50.7 D	29.1 C	20.7 C
	U	782	Ь		474	В	U	474	Ь	ט	166	
Approach Vol, veh/h Approach Delay, s/veh					25.0			27.3				
Approach LOS		22.0 C			25.0 C			27.3 C			36.0 D	
Approach LOS		C			C			U			D	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	6.6	27.8	4.8	28.9	22.3	12.2	8.4	25.3				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	9.0	52.0	4.0	29.0	31.0	30.0	5.0	28.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	4.1	3.3	2.4	16.5	17.1	5.3	4.7	16.8				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.0	1.0	0.0	4.8	1.1	0.9	0.0	4.5				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			25.3									
HCM 2010 LOS			С									

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Intersection				
Intersection Delay, s/veh	5.7			
Intersection LOS	Α			
Approach	EB	WB	NB	SB
Entry Lanes	1	1	1	1
Conflicting Circle Lanes	1	1	1	1
Adj Approach Flow, veh/h	55	293	55	250
Demand Flow Rate, veh/h	56	299	56	254
Vehicles Circulating, veh/h	243	33	266	77
Vehicles Exiting, veh/h	88	289	33	255
Follow-Up Headway, s	3.186	3.186	3.186	3.186
Ped Vol Crossing Leg, #/h	5	5	5	5
Ped Cap Adj	0.999	0.999	0.999	0.999
Approach Delay, s/veh	4.7	6.0	4.9	5.8
Approach LOS	А	A	Α	Α
Lane	Left	Left	Left	Left
Designated Moves	LTR	LTR	LTR	LTR
Assumed Moves	LTR	LTR	LTR	LTR
RT Channelized				
Lane Util	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
Critical Headway, s	5.193	5.193	5.193	5.193
Entry Flow, veh/h	56	299	56	254
Cap Entry Lane, veh/h	886	1093	866	1046
Entry HV Adj Factor	0.988	0.980	0.978	0.983
Flow Entry, veh/h	55	293	55	250
Cap Entry, veh/h	875	1070	847	1028
V/C Ratio	0.063	0.274	0.065	0.243
Control Delay, s/veh	4.7	6.0	4.9	5.8
LOS	A	Α	Α	Α
95th %tile Queue, veh	0	1	0	1

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	7	र्स	7	7	1>		7	ተተኈ		ň	ተተተ	7
Volume (veh/h)	170	60	30	50	60	10	20	1230	70	10	1100	190
Number	7	4	14	3	8	18	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		0.99	1.00		0.98	1.00		0.99	1.00		0.99
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	125	149	4	54	65	3	22	1337	71	11	1196	77
Adj No. of Lanes	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	3	0	1	3	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	240	252	212	148	147	7	36	2451	130	20	2474	766
Arrive On Green	0.14	0.14	0.14	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.02	0.50	0.50	0.01	0.49	0.49
Sat Flow, veh/h	1774	1863	1566	1774	1765	81	1774	4943	262	1774	5085	1575
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	125	149	4	54	0	68	22	917	491	11	1196	77
Grp Sat Flow(s), veh/h/ln	1774	1863	1566	1774	0	1847	1774	1695	1815	1774	1695	1575
Q Serve(g_s), s	3.8	4.4	0.1	1.7	0.0	2.0	0.7	10.9	10.9	0.4	9.2	1.5
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	3.8	4.4	0.1	1.7	0.0	2.0	0.7	10.9	10.9	0.4	9.2	1.5
Prop In Lane	1.00		1.00	1.00		0.04	1.00		0.14	1.00		1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	240	252	212	148	0	154	36	1681	900	20	2474	766
V/C Ratio(X)	0.52	0.59	0.02	0.37	0.00	0.44	0.60	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.48	0.10
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	700	735	618	883	0	919	152	1920	1028	122	2793	865
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	23.4	23.7	21.8	25.3	0.0	25.4	28.3	10.2	10.2	28.7	10.0	8.1
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	1.8	2.2	0.0	1.5	0.0	2.0	14.9	0.3	0.5	21.9	0.1	0.1
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	2.0	2.4	0.1	0.9	0.0	1.1	0.5	5.0	5.4	0.3	4.2	0.7
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	25.2	25.9	21.9	26.8	0.0	27.4	43.2	10.4	10.7	50.6	10.2	8.1
LnGrp LOS	С	С	С	С		С	D	В	В	D	В	А
Approach Vol, veh/h		278			122			1430			1284	
Approach Delay, s/veh		25.5			27.1			11.0			10.4	
Approach LOS		С			С			В			В	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2		4	5	6		8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	4.7	32.9		11.9	5.2	32.3		8.9				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.0	4.0		4.0	4.0	4.0		4.0				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	4.0	33.0		23.0	5.0	32.0		29.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	2.4	12.9		6.4	2.7	11.2		4.0				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.0	16.0		0.9	0.0	16.4		0.4				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			12.7									
HCM 2010 LOS			В									
Notes												

User approved volume balancing among the lanes for turning movement.

	۶	<b>→</b>	•	•	•	•	•	†	<i>&gt;</i>	<b>\</b>	<b></b>	<b>-</b> ✓
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	Ť	4î		7	4		7	ተተተ	7	7	ተተተ	7
Volume (veh/h)	110	10	10	10	30	200	10	1480	10	110	1140	50
Number	7	4	14	3	8	18	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		0.99	1.00		0.99	1.00		0.99	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	120	11	2	11	33	74	11	1609	4	120	1239	26
Adj No. of Lanes	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	3	1	1	3	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	153	300	55	20	61	137	20	2437	755	154	2822	875
Arrive On Green	0.09	0.20	0.20	0.01	0.12	0.12	0.01	0.48	0.48	0.09	0.55	0.55
Sat Flow, veh/h	1774	1532	279	1774	507	1138	1774	5085	1575	1774	5085	1576
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	120	0	13	11	0	107	11	1609	4	120	1239	26
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	1774	0	1811	1774	0	1645	1774	1695	1575	1774	1695	1576
Q Serve(g_s), s	4.7	0.0	0.4	0.4	0.0	4.3	0.4	17.0	0.1	4.7	10.1	0.5
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	4.7	0.0	0.4	0.4	0.0	4.3	0.4	17.0	0.1	4.7	10.1	0.5
Prop In Lane	1.00		0.15	1.00	_	0.69	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	153	0	355	20	0	198	20	2437	755	154	2822	875
V/C Ratio(X)	0.78	0.00	0.04	0.56	0.00	0.54	0.56	0.66	0.01	0.78	0.44	0.03
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	227	0	875	101	0	678	101	2601	806	252	3034	941
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	31.5	0.0	22.9	34.6	0.0	29.1	34.6	14.0	9.6	31.5	9.2 0.1	7.1
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	10.1	0.0	0.0	23.1	0.0	2.3	23.1	0.6	0.0	8.3		0.0
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh %ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	0.0 2.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0 2.1	0.0	0.0 8.0	0.0	0.0 2.6	0.0 4.7	0.0
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	41.6	0.0	23.0	57.7	0.0	31.4	57.7	14.5	9.6	39.8	9.3	7.1
LnGrp LOS	41.0 D	0.0	23.0 C	57.7 E	0.0	31.4 C	57.7 E	14.5 B	9.0 A	39.0 D	9.3 A	7.1 A
	U	100	U		110	U	<u> </u>	1624	A	ט		
Approach Vol, veh/h		133			118			14.8			1385	
Approach Delay, s/veh Approach LOS		39.8 D			33.9 C			14.6 B			11.9 B	
Approach LOS		U			U			Ь			Ь	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	10.1	37.7	4.8	17.8	4.8	43.1	10.1	12.5				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	10.0	36.0	4.0	34.0	4.0	42.0	9.0	29.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	6.7	19.0	2.4	2.4	2.4	12.1	6.7	6.3				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.1	14.8	0.0	0.6	0.0	23.8	0.1	0.5				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			15.3									
HCM 2010 LOS			В									

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	7	4		7	<b>†</b>	7	**	₽		ሻ	4	
Volume (veh/h)	80	40	10	10	190	330	20	40	10	550	10	30
Number	7	4	14	3	8	18	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		0.99	1.00		0.98	1.00		1.00	1.00		0.99
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1900
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	87	43	2	11	207	56	22	43	0	598	11	13
Adj No. of Lanes	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	111	380	18	20	306	256	37	140	0	689	344	406
Arrive On Green	0.06	0.22	0.22	0.01	0.16	0.16	0.02	0.08	0.00	0.39	0.44	0.44
Sat Flow, veh/h	1774	1765	82	1774	1863	1559	1774	1863	0	1774	777	918
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	87	0	45	11	207	56	22	43	0	598	0	24
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	1774	0	1847	1774	1863	1559	1774	1863	0	1774	0	1695
Q Serve(g_s), s	2.5	0.0	1.0	0.3	5.4	1.6	0.6	1.1	0.0	16.1	0.0	0.4
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	2.5	0.0	1.0	0.3	5.4	1.6	0.6	1.1	0.0	16.1	0.0	0.4
Prop In Lane	1.00		0.04	1.00		1.00	1.00		0.00	1.00		0.54
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	111	0	398	20	306	256	37	140	0	689	0	750
V/C Ratio(X)	0.79	0.00	0.11	0.55	0.68	0.22	0.59	0.31	0.00	0.87	0.00	0.03
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	206	0	572	137	505	423	172	613	0	1271	0	1608
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	23.9	0.0	16.3	25.4	20.3	18.7	25.1	22.6	0.0	14.6	0.0	8.1
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	11.5	0.0	0.1	21.3	2.6	0.4	14.1	1.2	0.0	3.5	0.0	0.0
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	1.6	0.0	0.5	0.3	3.0	0.7	0.5	0.6	0.0	8.5	0.0	0.2
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	35.4	0.0	16.4	46.7	22.9	19.1	39.1	23.8	0.0	18.1	0.0	8.2
LnGrp LOS	D		В	D	С	В	D	С		В		Α
Approach Vol, veh/h		132			274			65			622	
Approach Delay, s/veh		28.9			23.1			29.0			17.7	
Approach LOS		С			С			С			В	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	24.0	7.9	4.6	15.1	5.1	26.8	7.2	12.5				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	37.0	17.0	4.0	16.0	5.0	49.0	6.0	14.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	18.1	3.1	2.3	3.0	2.6	2.4	4.5	7.4				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	2.0	0.2	0.0	1.1	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.8				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			21.1									
HCM 2010 LOS			С									

Intersection								
Int Delay, s/veh	2.1							
Movement	WBL	WBR			NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT
Vol, veh/h	40	50			610	40	50	460
Conflicting Peds, #/hr	0	5			0	5	0	0
Sign Control	Stop	Stop			Free	Free	Free	Free
RT Channelized	-	None			-	None	-	None
Storage Length	200	0			-	-	-	-
Veh in Median Storage, #	0	-			0	-	-	0
Grade, %	0	-			0	-	-	0
Peak Hour Factor	92	92			92	92	92	92
Heavy Vehicles, %	2	2			2	2	2	2
Mvmt Flow	43	54			663	43	54	500
Major/Minor	Minor1				Major1		Major2	
Conflicting Flow All	1299	690			0	0	712	0
Stage 1	690				-	-		-
Stage 2	609	-			-	-	-	-
Critical Hdwy	6.42	6.22			-	-	4.12	-
Critical Hdwy Stg 1	5.42	-			-	-	-	-
Critical Hdwy Stg 2	5.42	-			-	-	-	-
Follow-up Hdwy	3.518	3.318			-	-	2.218	-
Pot Cap-1 Maneuver	178	445			-	-	888	-
Stage 1	498	-			-	-	-	-
Stage 2	543	-			-	-	-	-
Platoon blocked, %					-	-		-
Mov Cap-1 Maneuver	162	443			-	-	888	-
Mov Cap-2 Maneuver	162	-			-	-	-	-
Stage 1	496	-			-	-	-	-
Stage 2	495	-			-	-	-	-
Approach	WB				NB		SB	
HCM Control Delay, s	23.6				0		0.9	
HCM LOS	С							
Minor Lane/Major Mvmt	NBT	NBR WBLn1	WBLn2	SBL	SBT			
Capacity (veh/h)	-	- 162	443	888	-			
HCM Lane V/C Ratio	-	- 0.268	0.123	0.061	-			
HCM Control Delay (s)	-	- 35.2	14.3	9.3	0			
HCM Lane LOS	-	- E	В	Α	A			
HCM 95th %tile Q(veh)	-	- 1	0.4	0.2	-			

-				
Intersection				
Intersection Delay, s/veh	4.4			
Intersection LOS	Α			
Approach	EB	WB	NB	SB
Entry Lanes	1	1	1	1
Conflicting Circle Lanes	1	1	1	1
Adj Approach Flow, veh/h	33	153	109	33
Demand Flow Rate, veh/h	33	155	111	33
Vehicles Circulating, veh/h	144	44	33	155
Vehicles Exiting, veh/h	44	100	144	44
Follow-Up Headway, s	3.186	3.186	3.186	3.186
Ped Vol Crossing Leg, #/h	5	5	5	5
Ped Cap Adj	0.999	0.999	0.999	0.999
Approach Delay, s/veh	4.0	4.7	4.3	4.1
Approach LOS	Α	A	A	А
Lane	Left	Left	Left	Left
Designated Moves	LTR	LTR	LTR	LTR
Assumed Moves	LTR	LTR	LTR	LTR
RT Channelized				
Lane Util	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
Critical Headway, s	5.193	5.193	5.193	5.193
Entry Flow, veh/h	33	155	111	33
Cap Entry Lane, veh/h	978	1081	1093	968
Entry HV Adj Factor	0.993	0.984	0.978	0.993
Flow Entry, veh/h	33	153	109	33
Cap Entry, veh/h	971	1064	1069	961
V/C Ratio	0.034	0.143	0.102	0.034
Control Delay, s/veh	4.0	4.7	4.3	4.1
Control Delay, s/veh LOS				4.1 A

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Movement	EBL	EBR	NBL	NBT	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	ሻ	7	7	<b>^</b>	<b>^</b>	7
Volume (veh/h)	50	40	50	1270	1090	90
Number	7	14	5	2	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00	1.00	1.00			1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	54	2	54	1380	1185	65
Adj No. of Lanes	1	1	1	2	2	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	80	71	455	2740	2740	1222
Arrive On Green	0.04	0.04	0.77	0.77	0.77	0.77
Sat Flow, veh/h	1774	1583	443	3632	3632	1578
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	54	2	54	1380	1185	65
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	1774	1583	443	1770	1770	1578
Q Serve(g_s), s	1.3	0.1	2.1	6.4	5.0	0.4
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	1.3	0.1	7.1	6.4	5.0	0.4
Prop In Lane	1.00	1.00	1.00			1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	80	71	455	2740	2740	1222
V/C Ratio(X)	0.68	0.03	0.12	0.50	0.43	0.05
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	641	572	522	3278	3278	1462
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	20.8	20.2	2.9	1.8	1.7	1.2
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	9.6	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	0.9	0.0	0.3	2.9	2.3	0.2
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	30.4	20.4	3.0	2.0	1.8	1.2
LnGrp LOS	С	C	A	A	A	Α
Approach Vol, veh/h	56			1434	1250	
Approach Delay, s/veh	30.0			2.0	1.8	
Approach LOS	C			Α.	A	
	1	0	0			0
Timer Assigned Phs		2	3	4	5	6
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s		38.3		6.0		38.3
Change Period (Y+Rc), s		4.0		4.0		4.0
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s		41.0		16.0		41.0
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s		9.1		3.3		7.0
Green Ext Time (p_c), s		25.2		0.1		26.5
Intersection Summary						
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			2.5			
HCM 2010 LOS			Α			

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	7	<b>†</b>	7	7	<b>†</b>	7	7	<b>†</b> †	7	ሻ	<b>†</b> †	7
Volume (veh/h)	130	50	10	20	50	30	20	720	40	110	860	120
Number	7	4	14	3	8	18	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		0.99	1.00		1.00	1.00		0.99	1.00		0.99
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	141	54	1	22	54	0	22	783	15	120	935	59
Adj No. of Lanes	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	2	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	182	327	276	37	175	148	37	1402	623	157	1639	729
Arrive On Green	0.10	0.18	0.18	0.02	0.09	0.00	0.02	0.40	0.40	0.09	0.46	0.46
Sat Flow, veh/h	1774	1863	1570	1774	1863	1583	1774	3539	1573	1774	3539	1575
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	141	54	1	22	54	0	22	783	15	120	935	59
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	1774	1863	1570	1774	1863	1583	1774	1770	1573	1774	1770	1575
Q Serve(g_s), s	3.9	1.2	0.0	0.6	1.4	0.0	0.6	8.6	0.3	3.3	9.7	1.0
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	3.9	1.2	0.0	0.6	1.4	0.0	0.6	8.6	0.3	3.3	9.7	1.0
Prop In Lane	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	182	327	276	37	175	148	37	1402	623	157	1639	729
V/C Ratio(X)	0.77	0.17	0.00	0.59	0.31	0.00	0.59	0.56	0.02	0.77	0.57	0.08
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	354	1040	877	177	855	726	142	1694	753	425	2259	1005
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	21.9	17.5	17.0	24.3	21.2	0.0	24.3	11.7	9.2	22.4	9.8	7.5
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	6.8	0.2	0.0	13.9	1.0	0.0	13.9	0.4	0.0	7.6	0.3	0.0
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	2.2	0.7	0.0	0.4	0.7	0.0	0.4	4.2	0.1	2.0	4.7	0.5
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	28.7	17.8	17.1	38.2	22.2	0.0	38.2	12.1	9.2	30.0	10.1	7.6
LnGrp LOS	С	B	В	D	C		D	В	Α	С	В	A
Approach Vol, veh/h		196			76			820			1114	
Approach Delay, s/veh		25.6			26.8			12.7			12.1	
Approach LOS		С			С			В			В	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	8.4	23.9	5.1	12.8	5.1	27.2	9.2	8.7				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	12.0	24.0	5.0	28.0	4.0	32.0	10.0	23.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	5.3	10.6	2.6	3.2	2.6	11.7	5.9	3.4				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.1	8.7	0.0	0.4	0.0	11.6	0.1	0.4				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			14.1									
HCM 2010 LOS			В									

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	7	4		7	1>		7	₽		ሻ	4	
Volume (veh/h)	10	120	80	40	85	50	90	590	40	80	400	20
Number	7	4	14	3	8	18	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		0.98	1.00		0.99	1.00		0.99	1.00		0.99
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1900
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	11	130	54	43	92	26	98	641	40	87	435	20
Adj No. of Lanes	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	20	200	83	61	257	73	126	803	50	111	803	37
Arrive On Green	0.01	0.16	0.16	0.03	0.18	0.18	0.07	0.46	0.46	0.06	0.45	0.45
Sat Flow, veh/h	1774	1245	517	1774	1393	394	1774	1735	108	1774	1767	81
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	11	0	184	43	0	118	98	0	681	87	0	455
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	1774	0	1762	1774	0	1787	1774	0	1843	1774	0	1848
Q Serve(g_s), s	0.4	0.0	5.6	1.4	0.0	3.3	3.1	0.0	18.1	2.8	0.0	10.2
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	0.4	0.0	5.6	1.4	0.0	3.3	3.1	0.0	18.1	2.8	0.0	10.2
Prop In Lane	1.00	_	0.29	1.00	_	0.22	1.00	_	0.06	1.00	_	0.04
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	20	0	284	61	0	330	126	0	853	111	0	840
V/C Ratio(X)	0.55	0.00	0.65	0.70	0.00	0.36	0.78	0.00	0.80	0.78	0.00	0.54
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	124	0	522	124	0	529	216	0	1189	186	0	1159
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	28.2	0.0	22.5	27.4	0.0	20.4	26.2	0.0	13.1	26.5	0.0	11.3
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	21.8	0.0	2.5	13.5	0.0	0.7	9.9	0.0	2.7	11.3	0.0	0.5
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0 1.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0 1.7	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	0.3	0.0	2.9	0.9	0.0		1.9	0.0	9.7		0.0	5.3
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	50.1 D	0.0	25.0 C	40.9	0.0	21.1 C	36.1 D	0.0	15.8 B	37.8 D	0.0	11.9 B
LnGrp LOS	U	105	U	D	101	U	U	770	D	U	F 40	В
Approach Vol, veh/h		195			161			779			542	
Approach Delay, s/veh		26.4 C			26.4			18.4			16.0 B	
Approach LOS					С			В			Ь	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	7.6	30.6	6.0	13.2	8.1	30.1	4.6	14.6				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	6.0	37.0	4.0	17.0	7.0	36.0	4.0	17.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	4.8	20.1	3.4	7.6	5.1	12.2	2.4	5.3				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.0	6.5	0.0	1.0	0.0	7.5	0.0	1.2				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			19.3									
HCM 2010 LOS			В									

	۶	<b>→</b>	`	•	<b>←</b>	•	•	†	<i>&gt;</i>	<b>\</b>	ţ	-✓
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	ሻ	4		7	1>		7	<b>∱</b> ∱		ሻ	ተኈ	
Volume (veh/h)	220	10	30	10	10	20	30	1080	10	40	930	130
Number	7	4	14	3	8	18	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		0.99	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1900
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	239	11	8	11	11	0	33	1174	10	43	1011	130
Adj No. of Lanes	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	2	0	1	2	0
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	290	213	155	20	112	0	49	1801	15	59	1597	205
Arrive On Green	0.16	0.21	0.21	0.01	0.06	0.00	0.03	0.50	0.50	0.03	0.51	0.51
Sat Flow, veh/h	1774	1001	728	1774	1863	0	1774	3596	31	1774	3153	405
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	239	0	19	11	11	0	33	578	606	43	567	574
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	1774	0	1728	1774	1863	0	1774	1770	1857	1774	1770	1789
Q Serve(g_s), s	8.6	0.0	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.0	1.2	16.0	16.0	1.6	15.4	15.4
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	8.6	0.0	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.0	1.2	16.0	16.0	1.6	15.4	15.4
Prop In Lane	1.00		0.42	1.00		0.00	1.00		0.02	1.00		0.23
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	290	0	368	20	112	0	49	886	930	59	896	906
V/C Ratio(X)	0.82	0.00	0.05	0.56	0.10	0.00	0.68	0.65	0.65	0.73	0.63	0.63
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	457	0	942	107	649	0	107	1072	1125	107	1072	1083
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	26.7	0.0	20.7	32.5	29.3	0.0	31.8	12.2	12.2	31.6	11.8	11.9
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	6.7	0.0	0.1	22.6	0.4	0.0	15.1	1.0	1.0	16.1	0.9	0.9
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	4.7	0.0	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.0	0.8	8.0	8.3	1.0	7.6	7.7
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	33.4	0.0	20.7	55.1	29.7	0.0	46.9	13.3	13.2	47.7	12.7	12.7
LnGrp LOS	С		С	E	С		D	В	В	D	В	В
Approach Vol, veh/h		258			22			1217			1184	
Approach Delay, s/veh		32.5			42.4			14.2			14.0	
Approach LOS		С			D			В			В	
Timer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	6.2	37.1	4.7	18.1	5.8	37.4	14.8	8.0				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	4.0	40.0	4.0	36.0	4.0	40.0	17.0	23.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	3.6	18.0	2.4	2.6	3.2	17.4	10.6	2.4				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.0	15.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	15.4	0.3	0.1				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			16.1									
HCM 2010 LOS			В									

	۶	<b>→</b>	•	•	<b>←</b>	•	•	†	~	<b>\</b>	<del> </del>	✓
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	7	<b>†</b> †	7	7	ተተተ	7	ሻሻ	<b>∱</b> ∱		44	<b>↑</b> Դ	
Volume (veh/h)	30	1220	370	50	1050	490	370	600	50	390	560	20
Number	7	4	14	3	8	18	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1900	1863	1863	1900
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	33	1326	167	52	1141	291	385	625	46	424	583	19
Adj No. of Lanes	1	2	1	1	3	1	2	2	0	2	2	0
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.96	0.96	0.92	0.92	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.92	0.96	0.92
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cap, veh/h	44	1410	630	66	2090	650	456	830	61	494	907	30
Arrive On Green	0.02	0.40	0.40	0.04	0.41	0.41	0.13	0.25	0.25	0.14	0.26	0.26
Sat Flow, veh/h	1774	3539	1581	1774	5085	1581	3442	3343	246	3442	3498	114
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	33	1326	167	52	1141	291	385	331	340	424	295	307
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	1774	1770	1581	1774	1695	1581	1721	1770	1819	1721	1770	1842
Q Serve(g_s), s	1.7	33.4	6.6	2.7	15.8	12.3	10.1	16.0	16.1	11.2	13.7	13.7
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	1.7	33.4	6.6	2.7	15.8	12.3	10.1	16.0	16.1	11.2	13.7	13.7
Prop In Lane	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		0.14	1.00		0.06
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	44	1410	630	66	2090	650	456	439	451	494	459	478
V/C Ratio(X)	0.75	0.94	0.27	0.78	0.55	0.45	0.84	0.75	0.75	0.86	0.64	0.64
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	77	1412	631	115	2139	665	483	515	530	520	534	556
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	44.9	26.8	18.8	44.2	20.7	19.7	39.3	32.2	32.2	38.8	30.5	30.5
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	22.5	12.5	0.2	17.9	0.3	0.5	12.5	5.2	5.1	13.0	2.1	2.0
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	1.1	18.6	2.9	1.6	7.4	5.5	5.6	8.4	8.7	6.2	7.0	7.3
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	67.4	39.3	19.0	62.1	21.0	20.2	51.8	37.4	37.4	51.8	32.6	32.5
LnGrp LOS	Е	D	В	Е	<u>C</u>	С	D	D	D	D	<u>C</u>	С
Approach Vol, veh/h		1526			1484			1056			1026	
Approach Delay, s/veh		37.7			22.3			42.6			40.5	
Approach LOS		D			С			D			D	
Timer	1_	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Assigned Phs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	17.3	27.0	7.5	40.9	16.3	28.0	6.3	42.1				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	14.0	27.0	6.0	37.0	13.0	28.0	4.0	39.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	13.2	18.1	4.7	35.4	12.1	15.7	3.7	17.8				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.2	4.8	0.0	1.5	0.1	5.9	0.0	17.0				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay			34.8									
HCM 2010 LOS			С									

## **Mitigations**

Intersection										
Int Delay, s/veh	3									
<b>y</b> .										
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR		WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR
Vol, veh/h	10	390	0		0	350	310	0	0	0
Conflicting Peds, #/hr	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0
Sign Control	Free	Free	Free		Free	Free	Free	Yield	Yield	Yield
RT Channelized	-	-	None		-	-	None	-	-	None
Storage Length	-	-	-		-	-	150	-	-	-
Veh in Median Storage, #	-	0	-		-	0	-	-	0	_
Grade, %	-	0	-		-	0	-	-	0	-
Peak Hour Factor	94	94	94		94	94	94	94	94	94
Heavy Vehicles, %	2	2	2		2	2	2	2	2	2
Mvmt Flow	11	415	0		0	372	330	0	0	0
Major/Minor	Major1			N	Major2					
Conflicting Flow All	372	0	0		415	0	0			
Stage 1	-	-	-		-	-	-			
Stage 2	-	-	-		-	-	-			
Critical Hdwy	4.12	-	-		4.12	-	-			
Critical Hdwy Stg 1	-	-	-		-	-	-			
Critical Hdwy Stg 2	-	-	-		-	-	-			
Follow-up Hdwy	2.218	-	-		2.218	-	-			
Pot Cap-1 Maneuver	1186	-	-		1144	-	-			
Stage 1	-	-	-		-	-	-			
Stage 2	-	-	-		-	-	-			
Platoon blocked, %		-	-			-	-			
Mov Cap-1 Maneuver	1186	-	-		1144	-	-			
Mov Cap-2 Maneuver	-	-	-		-	-	-			
Stage 1	-	-	-		-	-	-			
Stage 2	-	-	-		-	-	-			
-										
Approach	EB				WB					
HCM Control Delay, s	0.2				0					
HCM LOS										
Minor Lane/Major Mvmt	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	SBLn1			
Capacity (veh/h)	1186	-	-	1144	-	-	309	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
HCM Lane V/C Ratio	0.009	-	-	-	-	-	0.465			
HCM Control Delay (s)	8.1	0	-	0	-	-	26.4			
HCM Lane LOS	Α	Α	-	Α	-	-	D			
HCM 95th %tile Q(veh)	0	-	-	0	-	-	2.3			

	<u> </u>	<b>→</b>	<u> </u>	•	<b>←</b>	•	•	<u>†</u>	<u></u>	<u> </u>	<b>1</b>	<b>√</b>
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	• WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	ሽኘ	<b>^</b>	7	ሻሻሻ	<b>^</b>	7	ሻሻ	<b>^</b> ^	7	<b>ሕ</b> ካ	<b>^</b> ^	7
Volume (veh/h)	170	340	645	420	130	140	610	1540	610	190	1350	170
Number	3	8	18	7	4	14	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q, veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj (A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	177	354	345	438	135	0	635	1604	0	198	1406	0
Adj No. of Lanes	2	2	1	3	2	1	2	3	1	2	3	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Opposing Right Turn Influence	Yes			Yes			Yes			Yes		
Cap, veh/h	235	851	381	529	967	433	645	2120	660	254	1543	480
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.33	0.33	0.33	1.00	1.00	1.00
Prop Arrive On Green	0.07	0.24	0.24	0.10	0.27	0.00	0.06	0.14	0.00	0.07	0.30	0.00
Ln Grp Delay, s/veh	56.8	38.3	68.5	59.0	32.3	0.0	71.5	45.6	0.0	63.4	48.0	0.0
Ln Grp LOS	Е	D	Е	Е	С		Е	D		Е	D	
Approach Vol, veh/h		876			573			2239			1604	
Approach Delay, s/veh		54.0			52.7			52.9			49.9	
Approach LOS		D			D			D			D	
Timer:		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8			
Assigned Phs		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8			
Case No		2.0	3.0	2.0	3.0	2.0	3.0	2.0	3.0			
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s		13.1	57.1	12.5	37.3	29.5	40.8	16.3	33.4			
Change Period (Y+Rc), s		4.5	5.3	4.5	5.3	4.5	5.3	4.5	5.3			
Max Green (Gmax), s		9.6	48.3	11.2	31.3	21.9	36.0	13.5	29.0			
Max Allow Headway (MAH), s		2.7	7.3	2.7	6.8	2.7	7.3	2.7	6.8			
Max Q Clear (g_c+l1), s		8.6	37.5	7.9	5.4	23.6	33.1	11.6	26.7			
Green Ext Time (g_e), s		0.0	10.7	0.1	9.6	0.0	2.3	0.2	1.4			
Prob of Phs Call (p_c)		1.00	1.00	1.00	0.99	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00			
Prob of Max Out (p_x)		1.00	1.00	0.42	0.20	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00			
Left-Turn Movement Data												
Assigned Mvmt		1		3		5		7				
Mvmt Sat Flow, veh/h		3442		3442		3442		5216				
Through Movement Data												
Assigned Mvmt			2		4		6		8			
Mvmt Sat Flow, veh/h			5085		3539		5085		3539			
Right-Turn Movement Data												
Assigned Mvmt			12		14		16		18			
Mvmt Sat Flow, veh/h			1583		1583		1583		1583			
Left Lane Group Data												
Assigned Mvmt		1	0	3	0	5	0	7	0			
Lane Assignment		(Prot)		(Prot)		(Prot)		(Prot)				
Lanes in Grp		2	0	2	0	2	0	3	0			

Grp Vol (v), veh/h	198	0	177	0	635	0	438	0	
Grp Sat Flow (s), veh/h/ln	1721	0	1721	0	1721	0	1739	0	
Q Serve Time (g_s), s	6.6	0.0	5.9	0.0	21.6	0.0	9.6	0.0	
Cycle Q Clear Time (g_c), s	6.6	0.0	5.9	0.0	21.6	0.0	9.6	0.0	
Perm LT Sat Flow (s_l), veh/h/ln	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Shared LT Sat Flow (s_sh), veh/h/ln	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Perm LT Eff Green (g_p), s	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Perm LT Serve Time (g_u), s	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Perm LT Q Serve Time (q_ps), s	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Time to First Blk (g_f), s	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Serve Time pre Blk (g_fs), s	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Prop LT Inside Lane (P_L)	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	
Lane Grp Cap (c), veh/h	254	0	235	0	645	0	529	0	
V/C Ratio (X)	0.78	0.00	0.75	0.00	0.99	0.00	0.83	0.00	
Avail Cap (c_a), veh/h	283	0.00	330	0.00	645	0.00	602	0.00	
Upstream Filter (I)	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.33	0.00	1.00	0.00	
Uniform Delay (d1), s/veh	53.2	0.0	53.5	0.00	54.7	0.0	51.5	0.0	
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	10.2	0.0	3.3	0.0	16.8	0.0	7.5	0.0	
Initial Q Delay (d3), s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Control Delay (d), s/veh	63.4	0.0	56.8	0.0	71.5	0.0	59.0	0.0	
1st-Term Q (Q1), veh/ln	3.1	0.0	2.8	0.0	10.3	0.0	4.6	0.0	
2nd-Term Q (Q2), veh/ln	0.4	0.0	0.1	0.0	1.5	0.0	0.4	0.0	
3rd-Term Q (Q3), veh/ln	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
%ile Back of Q Factor (f_B%)	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	
%ile Back of Q (50%), veh/ln	3.5	0.0	2.9	0.00	11.8	0.0	5.0	0.0	
%ile Storage Ratio (RQ%)	0.21	0.00	0.23	0.00	1.36	0.00	0.51	0.00	
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Final (Residual) Q (Qe), veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Sat Delay (ds), s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Sat Q (Qs), veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Sat Cap (cs), veh/h	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Initial Q Clear Time (tc), h	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Middle Lane Group Data									
Assigned Mvmt	0	2	0	4	0	6	0	8	
Lane Assignment		Т		T		T		T	
Lanes in Grp	0	3	0	2	0	3	0	2	
Grp Vol (v), veh/h	0	1604	0	135	0	1406	0	354	
Grp Sat Flow (s), veh/h/ln	0	1695	0	1770	0	1695	0	1770	
Q Serve Time (g_s), s	0.0	35.5	0.0	3.4	0.0	31.1	0.0	9.9	
Cycle Q Clear Time (g_c), s	0.0	35.5	0.0	3.4	0.0	31.1	0.0	9.9	
Lane Grp Cap (c), veh/h	0	2120	0	967	0	1543	0	851	
V/C Ratio (X)	0.00	0.76	0.00	0.14	0.00	0.91	0.00	0.42	
Avail Cap (c_a), veh/h	0	2120	0	967	0	1566	0	878	
Upstream Filter (I)	0.00	0.33	0.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	
Uniform Delay (d1), s/veh	0.0	44.7	0.0	32.1	0.0	39.2	0.0	37.5	
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	0.0	0.9	0.0	0.2	0.0	8.8	0.0	0.8	
Initial Q Delay (d3), s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Control Delay (d), s/veh	0.0	45.6	0.0	32.3	0.0	48.0	0.0	38.3	
1st-Term Q (Q1), veh/ln	0.0	16.7	0.0	1.7	0.0	14.6	0.0	4.8	
2nd-Term Q (Q2), veh/ln	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.3	0.0	0.1	

3rd-Term Q (Q3), veh/ln	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
%ile Back of Q Factor (f_B%)	0.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	
%ile Back of Q (50%), veh/ln	0.0	16.9	0.0	1.7	0.0	15.8	0.0	4.9	
%ile Storage Ratio (RQ%)	0.00	0.73	0.00	0.17	0.00	0.76	0.00	0.24	
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Final (Residual) Q (Qe), veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Sat Delay (ds), s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Sat Q (Qs), veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Sat Cap (cs), veh/h	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Initial Q Clear Time (tc), h	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Right Lane Group Data									
Assigned Mvmt	0	12	0	14	0	16	0	18	
Lane Assignment		R		R		R		R	
Lanes in Grp	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	
Grp Vol (v), veh/h	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	345	
Grp Sat Flow (s), veh/h/ln	0	1583	0	1583	0	1583	0	1583	
Q Serve Time (g_s), s	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	24.7	
Cycle Q Clear Time (g_c), s	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	24.7	
Prot RT Sat Flow (s_R), veh/h/ln	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Prot RT Eff Green (g_R), s	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Prop RT Outside Lane (P_R)	0.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	
Lane Grp Cap (c), veh/h	0	660	0	433	0	480	0	381	
V/C Ratio (X)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.91	
Avail Cap (c_a), veh/h	0.00	660	0.00	433	0.00	487	0.00	393	
Upstream Filter (I)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	
Uniform Delay (d1), s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	43.1	
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	25.4	
Initial Q Delay (d3), s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Control Delay (d), s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	68.5	
1st-Term Q (Q1), veh/ln	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.8	
2nd-Term Q (Q2), veh/ln	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.7	
3rd-Term Q (Q3), veh/ln	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
%ile Back of Q Factor (f_B%)	0.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	
%ile Back of Q (50%), veh/ln	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	13.5	
%ile Storage Ratio (RQ%)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.67	
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Final (Residual) Q (Qe), veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Sat Delay (ds), s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Sat Q (Qs), veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Sat Cap (cs), veh/h	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Initial Q Clear Time (tc), h	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	0.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	
Intersection Summary		FC 2							
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay		52.2							
HCM 2010 LOS		D							
Notes									
User approved ignoring U-Turning mo	ovement.								
5 5									

	۶	<b>→</b>	•	•	<b>←</b>	•	1	<b>†</b>	<i>&gt;</i>	<b>\</b>	<b>+</b>	✓
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	J. J.	ተተተ	7	1,1	ተተተ	7	1,1	ተተተ	7	1,4	ተተተ	7
Volume (veh/h)	490	310	100	60	330	550	60	1680	50	690	1140	290
Number	7	4	14	3	8	18	5	2	12	1	6	16
Initial Q, veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj (A_pbT)	1.00		0.99	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863	1863
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	533	337	30	65	359	0	65	1826	14	750	1239	144
Adj No. of Lanes	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Percent Heavy Veh, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Opposing Right Turn Influence	Yes	1055	420	Yes	/07	21.4	Yes	1700	FF0	Yes	2010	075
Cap, veh/h	558	1355	420	105	687	214	105	1798	558	796	2819	875
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Prop Arrive On Green	0.16 83.7	0.27 39.2	0.27 37.3	0.03 70.7	0.14 55.3	0.00	0.03 70.7	0.35 69.0	0.35 28.6	0.23 70.1	0.55 17.9	0.55
Ln Grp Delay, s/veh Ln Grp LOS	83.7 F	39.2 D	37.3 D	70.7 E	55.3 E	0.0	70.7 E	09.0 F	28.0 C	70.1 E	17.9 B	14.9 B
Approach Vol, veh/h	Г	900	U	L	424			1905	C		2133	Ь
Approach Delay, s/veh		65.5			57.6			68.7			36.1	
Approach LOS		03.3 E			57.0 E			66.7 E			D	
Timer:		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8			
Assigned Phs		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8			
Case No		2.0	3.0	2.0	3.0	2.0	3.0	2.0	3.0			
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s		35.4	52.0	8.2	40.2	8.2	79.2	26.0	22.3			
Change Period (Y+Rc), s		4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0			
Max Green (Gmax), s		32.0	48.0	6.0	48.0	6.0	74.0	22.0	32.0			
Max Allow Headway (MAH), s		3.7	4.9	3.7	5.0	3.7	4.9	3.8	5.0			
Max Q Clear (g_c+l1), s		31.1	50.0	4.5	9.1	4.5	21.5	22.8	10.9			
Green Ext Time (g_e), s		0.3	0.0	0.0	5.1	0.0	40.5	0.0	4.5			
Prob of Phs Call (p_c)		1.00	1.00	0.91	1.00	0.91	1.00	1.00	1.00			
Prob of Max Out (p_x)		1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.65	1.00	0.03			
Left-Turn Movement Data												
Assigned Mvmt		1		3		5		7				
Mvmt Sat Flow, veh/h		3442		3442		3442		3442				
Through Movement Data												
Assigned Mvmt			2		4		6		8			
Mvmt Sat Flow, veh/h			5085		5085		5085		5085			
Right-Turn Movement Data												
Assigned Mvmt			12		14		16		18			
Mvmt Sat Flow, veh/h			1577		1574		1579		1583			
Left Lane Group Data												
Assigned Mvmt		1	0	3	0	5	0	7	0			
Lane Assignment		(Prot)		(Prot)		(Prot)		(Prot)				
Lanes in Grp		2	0	2	0	2	0	2	0			

Grp Vol (v), veh/h	750	0	65	0	65	0	533	0	
Grp Sat Flow (s), veh/h/ln	1721	0	1721	0	1721	0	1721	0	
Q Serve Time (g_s), s	29.1	0.0	2.5	0.0	2.5	0.0	20.8	0.0	
Cycle Q Clear Time (g_c), s	29.1	0.0	2.5	0.0	2.5	0.0	20.8	0.0	
Perm LT Sat Flow (s_l), veh/h/ln	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Shared LT Sat Flow (s_sh), veh/h/ln	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Perm LT Eff Green (g_p), s	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Perm LT Serve Time (g_u), s	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Perm LT Q Serve Time (g_ps), s	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Time to First Blk (g_f), s	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Serve Time pre Blk (g_fs), s	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Prop LT Inside Lane (P_L)	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	
Lane Grp Cap (c), veh/h	796	0	105	0	105	0	558	0	
V/C Ratio (X)	0.94	0.00	0.62	0.00	0.62	0.00	0.96	0.00	
Avail Cap (c_a), veh/h	811	0	152	0	152	0	558	0	
Upstream Filter (I)	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	
Uniform Delay (d1), s/veh	51.3	0.0	65.0	0.0	65.0	0.0	56.4	0.0	
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	18.8	0.0	5.7	0.0	5.7	0.0	27.3	0.0	
Initial Q Delay (d3), s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Control Delay (d), s/veh	70.1	0.0	70.7	0.0	70.7	0.0	83.7	0.0	
1st-Term Q (Q1), veh/ln	13.9	0.0	1.2	0.0	1.2	0.0	9.9	0.0	
2nd-Term Q (Q2), veh/ln	2.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	2.1	0.0	
3rd-Term Q (Q3), veh/ln	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
%ile Back of Q Factor (f_B%)	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	
%ile Back of Q (50%), veh/ln	15.9	0.0	1.3	0.0	1.3	0.0	12.0	0.0	
%ile Storage Ratio (RQ%)	1.62	0.00	0.13	0.00	0.13	0.00	1.22	0.00	
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Final (Residual) Q (Qe), veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Sat Delay (ds), s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Sat Q (Qs), veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Sat Cap (cs), veh/h	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Initial Q Clear Time (tc), h	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
` '	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Middle Lane Group Data									
Assigned Mvmt	0	2	0	4	0	6	0	8	
Lane Assignment		T		T		T		Т	
Lanes in Grp	0	3	0	3	0	3	0	3	
Grp Vol (v), veh/h	0	1826	0	337	0	1239	0	359	
Grp Sat Flow (s), veh/h/ln	0	1695	0	1695	0	1695	0	1695	
Q Serve Time (g_s), s	0.0	48.0	0.0	7.1	0.0	19.5	0.0	8.9	
Cycle Q Clear Time (g_c), s	0.0	48.0	0.0	7.1	0.0	19.5	0.0	8.9	
Lane Grp Cap (c), veh/h	0	1798	0	1355	0	2819	0	687	
V/C Ratio (X)	0.00	1.02	0.00	0.25	0.00	0.44	0.00	0.52	
Avail Cap (c_a), veh/h	0	1798	0	1798	0	2819	0	1199	
Upstream Filter (I)	0.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	
Uniform Delay (d1), s/veh	0.0	43.9	0.0	39.1	0.0	17.8	0.0	54.6	
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	0.0	25.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.6	
Initial Q Delay (d3), s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Control Delay (d), s/veh	0.0	69.0	0.0	39.2	0.0	17.9	0.0	55.3	
1st-Term Q (Q1), veh/ln	0.0	22.3	0.0	3.3	0.0	9.1	0.0	4.2	
2nd-Term Q (Q2), veh/ln	0.0	4.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	

3rd-Term Q (Q3), veh/ln	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
%ile Back of Q Factor (f_B%)	0.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	
%ile Back of Q (50%), veh/ln	0.0	26.5	0.0	3.3	0.0	9.1	0.0	4.2	
%ile Storage Ratio (RQ%)	0.00	0.69	0.00	0.17	0.00	0.67	0.00	0.08	
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Final (Residual) Q (Qe), veh	0.0	6.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Sat Delay (ds), s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Sat Q (Qs), veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Sat Cap (cs), veh/h	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Initial Q Clear Time (tc), h	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Right Lane Group Data									
Assigned Mvmt	0	12	0	14	0	16	0	18	
Lane Assignment		R		R		R		R	
Lanes in Grp	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	
Grp Vol (v), veh/h	0	14	0	30	0	144	0	0	
Grp Sat Flow (s), veh/h/ln	0	1577	0	1574	0	1579	0	1583	
Q Serve Time (g_s), s	0.0	0.8	0.0	1.9	0.0	6.1	0.0	0.0	
Cycle Q Clear Time (g_c), s	0.0	0.8	0.0	1.9	0.0	6.1	0.0	0.0	
Prot RT Sat Flow (s_R), veh/h/ln	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Prot RT Eff Green (g_R), s	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Prop RT Outside Lane (P_R)	0.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	
Lane Grp Cap (c), veh/h	0	558	0	420	0	875	0	214	
V/C Ratio (X)	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.07	0.00	0.16	0.00	0.00	
Avail Cap (c_a), veh/h	0	558	0	557	0	875	0	373	
Upstream Filter (I)	0.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	
Uniform Delay (d1), s/veh	0.0	28.6	0.0	37.2	0.0	14.8	0.0	0.0	
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	
Initial Q Delay (d3), s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Control Delay (d), s/veh	0.0	28.6	0.0	37.3	0.0	14.9	0.0	0.0	
1st-Term Q (Q1), veh/ln	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.8	0.0	2.6	0.0	0.0	
2nd-Term Q (Q2), veh/ln	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
3rd-Term Q (Q3), veh/ln	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
%ile Back of Q Factor (f_B%)	0.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	
%ile Back of Q (50%), veh/ln	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.8	0.0	2.6	0.0	0.0	
%ile Storage Ratio (RQ%)	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.09	0.00	0.27	0.00	0.00	
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Final (Residual) Q (Qe), veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Sat Delay (ds), s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Sat Q (Qs), veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Sat Cap (cs), veh/h	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Initial Q Clear Time (tc), h	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Intersection Summary									
HCM 2010 Ctrl Delay		54.3							
HCM 2010 LOS		04.5 D							
HOW ZUTU LUJ		D							

**APPENDIX C: FREEWAY ANALYSIS SPREADSHEETS** 



## **Existing Conditions**

2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16

<> Express Lane (HOV) No Trucks

Name	West of Prairie City Road	Prairie City Off Ramp	Between Prairie City Ramps	Prairie City On Ramp	Prairie City Ramp II	Prairie City to Scott Rd	Scott Rd Off Ramp	Between Scott Rd Ramps	Scott Rd On Ramp	Scott Rd On Ramp II	Scott Rd to Latrobe Rd I	Scott Rd to Latrobe Rd II	Latrobe Rd Off Ramp	Latrobe Rd Off Ramp II	Between Ramps	Latrobe Rd On Ramp	East of Latrobe Rd
efine Freeway Segment Type	Basic	Diverge	Basic	Merge	Merge	Basic	Diverge	Basic	Basic	Merge	Basic	Basic	Diverge	Diverge	Basic	Merge	Basic
Length (ft)	7,600	1,500	2,200	1,500	1,500	5,000	1,500	2,350	900	1,500	2,800	4,200	1,500	830	2,000	1,500	7,500
Accel Length	7,000	1,300	2,200	300	1,235	3,000	1,500	2,330	300	1,450	2,000	4,200	1,500	030	2,000	300	7,500
Decel Length		400			1,=00		1,500			1,122			140	140			
Mainline Volume	3,258	3,258	2,526	2,526	2,547	2,748	2,748	2,001	2,001	2,551	2,625	2,625	2,625	1,599	1,260	1,260	1,765
On Ramp Volume	,	.,	,,	21	201	,	, ,	7	550	74	, ,	, ,	, ,	,	,	505	,
Off Ramp Volume		732					747						1,026	339			
Express Lane Volume	500	241	241	241	241	658	205	205	205	205	114	114	128	74	58	58	102
EL On Ramp Volume																	
EL Off Ramp Volume																	
alculate Flow Rate in Gen	eral Purpose Lanes (GP)																
GP Volume (vph)	2,758	3,017	2,285	2,306	2,507	2,090	2,543	1,796	2,346	2,420	2,511	2,511	2,497	1,525	1,202	1,707	1,663
PHF	0.92	0.94	0.96	0.96	0.97	0.97	0.95	0.93	0.93	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.93	0.93	0.91	0.89
GP Lanes	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Terrain	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Grade	Grade	Grade	Level	Level	Level	Grade	Grade
Grade %	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	1.2%	1.9%	2.7%	1.5%	6.5%	6.0%	-2.2%	0.5%	0.0%	-1.5%	3.8%	4.4%
Grade Length (mi)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.95	0.28	0.45	0.17	0.28	0.53	0.80	0.28	0.16	0.38	0.28	1.70
Truck & Bus %	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%
RV %	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
E <sub>T</sub>	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	3.5	4.0	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	2.0	3.5
E <sub>R</sub>	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	6.0	6.0	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	2.5	4.5
$f_{HV}$	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.870	0.847	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.943	0.870
$f_p$	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
GP Flow (pcph)	3,088	3,306	2,452	2,474	2,662	2,219	2,757	1,989	2,598	3,025	3,221	2,811	2,796	1,689	1,331	1,988	2,149
GP Flow (pcphpl)	1,544	1,653	1,226	1,237	1,331	1,110	1,379	995	866	1,008	1,074	937	932	563	444	663	716
Calculate Speed in General	Purpose Lanes																
Lane Width (ft)																	
Shoulder Width																	
TRD																	
f <sub>LW</sub>																	
f <sub>LC</sub>																	
Calculated FFS																	
Measured FFS																	
FFS Curve	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65
	I Duranas I																
Calculate Operations in Geo v/c ratio	0.66	0.70	0.52	0.53	0.57	0.47	0.59	0.42	0.37	0.43	0.46	0.40	0.40	0.24	0.19	0.28	0.30
Speed (mph)	64.7	64.1	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0
Density (pcphpl)	23.9	25.8	18.9	19.0	20.5	17.1	21.2	15.3	13.3	15.5	16.5	14.4	14.3	8.7	6.8	10.2	11.0
LOS	23.9 C	25.8 C	18.9 C	19.0 C	20.5 C	17.1 B	C C	15.3 B	13.3 B	15.5 B	16.5 B	14.4 B	14.5 B	8.7 A	Δ	10.2 A	11.0 B
Calculate Operations for En				, and the second				, and the second	,					2	7	2	
GP <sub>IN</sub> Vol (pcph)	comp or takes	3,306		2,448	2,451		2,757		1,981	2,942			2,796	1,689		1,440	
GP <sub>IN</sub> Cap (pcph)		4,700		4,700	4,700		4,700		4,700	7,050			7,050	7,050		7,050	
GP <sub>IN</sub> v/c ratio		0.70		0.52	0.52		0.59		0.42	0.42			0.40	0.24		0.20	
Calculate Operations for Ex	iting GP Lanes	0.70		0.52	0.32		0.35		0.42	0.42			0.40	0.24		0.20	
GP <sub>OUT</sub> Vol (pcph)		2,382		2,474	2,662		1,919			3,025			1,681	1,321		1,988	
GP <sub>OUT</sub> Cap (pcph)		4,700		4,700	4,700		4,700			7,050			7,050	7,050		7,050	
GP <sub>OUT</sub> v/c ratio		0.51		0.53	0.57		0.41			0.43			0.24	0.19		0.28	
3.001 1/6.000		0.51		0.33	0.57		0.41			0.45			0.24	0.25		0.20	

<> Express Lane (HOV)

No Trucks

Name	West of Prairie City Road	Prairie City Off Ramp	Between Prairie City Ramps	Prairie City On Ramp	Prairie City Ramp II	Prairie City to Scott Rd	Scott Rd Off Ramp	Between Scott Rd Ramps	Scott Rd On Ramp	Scott Rd On Ramp II	Scott Rd to Latrobe Rd I	Scott Rd to Latrobe Rd II	Latrobe Rd Off Ramp	Latrobe Rd Off Ramp II	Between Ramps	Latrobe Rd On Ramp	East of Latrobe Rd
alculate Flow Rate in Exp	ress Lanes (EL)																
EL Volume (vph)	500	241	241	241	241	658	205	205	205	205	114	114	128	74	58	58	102
PHF	0.92	0.94	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.97	0.95	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.93	0.91	0.89
Express Lanes	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Terrain	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Grade	Grade	Grade	Level	Level	Level	Grade	Grade
Grade %	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	1.2%	1.9%	2.7%	1.5%	6.5%	6.0%	-2.2%	0.5%	0.0%	-1.5%	3.8%	4.4%
Grade Length (mi)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.95	0.28	0.45	0.17	0.28	0.53	0.80	0.28	0.16	0.38	0.28	1.70
Truck & Bus %	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	0.0%
RV %	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
E <sub>T</sub>	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	4.5	5.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	2.0	5.0
E <sub>R</sub>	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	6.0	6.0	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	2.5	4.5
f <sub>HV</sub>	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	0.990	0.990	0.990	0.980	1.000
$f_P$	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
EL Flow (pcph)	543	256	251	251	251	678	216	220	220	220	124	124	141	81	63	65	115
EL Flow (pcphpl)	543	256	251	251	251	678	216	220	220	220	124	124	141	81	63	65	115
Calculate Speed in Express	Lanes																
Lane Width (ft)																	
Shoulder Width																	
TRD																	
f <sub>LW</sub>																	
f <sub>LC</sub>																	
Calc'd FFS	55.0	CT 0	55.0	55.0	55.0	55.0	55.0	65.0	55.0	cr. o	55.0	cr. 0	55.0	cr. 0	CT 0	55.0	CT 0
Measured FFS	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0
FFS	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65
Calculate Operations in Exp EL <sub>IN</sub> v/c ratio	0.31	0.15	0.14	0.14	0.14	0.39	0.12	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.07	0.07	0.08	0.05	0.04	0.04	0.07
ELIN W/CTARIO	0.31	0.13	0.14	0.14	0.14	0.55	0.12	0.13	0.13	0.15	0.07	0.07	0.08	0.03	0.04	0.04	0.07
Calculate On Ramp Flow Ra	ate																
On Volume (vph)				21	201				550	74						505	
PHF				0.8	0.96				0.9	0.9						0.93	
Total Lanes				1	1				1	1						1	
Terrain				Level	Level				Level	Level						Level	
Grade %				2.0%	2.0%				2.0%	2.0%						2.0%	
Grade Length (mi)				0.00	0.00				0.00	0.43						0.00	
Truck & Bus %				2.0%	2.0%				2.0%	2.0%						2.0%	
RV %				0.0%	0.0%				0.0%	0.0%						0.0%	
E <sub>T</sub>				1.5	1.5				1.5	1.5						1.5	
E <sub>R</sub>				1.2	1.2				1.2	1.2						1.2	
f <sub>HV</sub>				0.990	0.990				0.990	0.990						0.990	
$f_{p}$				1.00	1.00				1.00	1.00						1.00	
On Flow (pcph)				27	211				617	83						548	
On Flow (pcphpl)				27	211				617	83						548	
Calculate On Ramp Roadw	ay Operations																
On Ramp Type				Right	Right				Right	Right						Right	
On Ramp Speed (mph)				35	45				25	45						35	
On Ramp Cap (pcph)				2,000	2,100				1,900	2,100						2,000	
0.0 / .:				0.01	0.10				0.32	0.04						0.27	
On Ramp v/c ratio																	

Location 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17

Key
<> Express Lane (HOV)

No Trucks

Name	West of Prairie City Road	Prairie City Off Ramp	Between Prairie City Ramps	Prairie City On Ramp	Prairie City Ramp II	Prairie City to Scott Rd	Scott Rd Off Ramp	Between Scott Rd Ramps	Scott Rd On Ramp	Scott Rd On Ramp II	Scott Rd to Latrobe Rd I	Scott Rd to Latrobe Rd II	Latrobe Rd Off Ramp	Latrobe Rd Off Ramp II	Between Ramps	Latrobe Rd On Ramp	East of Latrobe Rd
Calculate Off Ramp Flow Ra			, ,		, ,		· ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				,		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Off Volume (vph)		732					747						1,026	339			
PHF		0.8					0.9						0.93	0.93			
Total Lanes		1					2						1	1			
Terrain		Level					Level						Level	Level			
Grade %		2.0%					2.0%						2.0%	2.0%			
Grade Length (mi)		0.00					0.36						0.00	0.00			
Truck & Bus %		2.0%					2.0%						2.0%	2.0%			
RV %		0.0%					0.0%						0.0%	0.0%			
E <sub>T</sub>		1.5					1.5						1.5	1.5			
E <sub>T</sub>		1.2					1.2						1.2	1.2			
f <sub>HV</sub>		0.990					0.990						0.990	0.990			
¹HV f₀		1.00					1.00						1.00	1.00			
Off Flow (pcph)		924					838						1,114	368			
Off Flow (pcphpl)		924					419						1,114	368			
Off Flow (pcpripi)		924					419						1,114	308			
Calculate Off Danie Bandon																	
Calculate Off Ramp Roadwa Off Ramp Type	ay Operations	Diebe					Diebė						Di-La	Di-L+			
		Right 35					Right 40						Right 35	Right 25			
Off Ramp Speed		2,000					4,000							1,900			
Off Ramp Cap (pcph)		0.46					4,000 0.21						2,000 0.56	0.19			
Off Ramp v/c ratio		0.46					0.21						0.56	0.19			
	for Three-Lane Mainline Segment:	s with One-Lane Ramps												0"		0"	
Up Type										On			On	Off		Off	
Up Distance										900			10,000	6,630		2,000	
Up Flow (pcph)										617			83	1,114		368	
Down Type										Off			Off	On		No	
Down Distance										5,800			2,000	2,000			
Down Flow (pcph)										1,114			548	548			
	<u> </u>																
Calculate Merge Influence A	Area Operations			2.440	2.454					2042						4.440	
Effective v <sub>P</sub> (pcph)				2,448	2,451					2,942						1,440	
Up Ramp L <sub>EQ</sub>										1,243						-13	
Down Ramp L <sub>EQ</sub>										4,209							
P <sub>FM</sub> (Eqn 13-3)				0.586	0.612					0.618						0.586	
P <sub>FM</sub> (Eqn 13-4)										0.555						0.713	
P <sub>FM</sub> (Eqn 13-5)				4.000	4.000					0.599						0.586	
P <sub>FM</sub>				1.000	1.000					0.618							
v <sub>12</sub> (pcph)				2,448	2,451					1,818						843	
v <sub>3</sub> (pcph)										1,124						596	
v <sub>34</sub> (pcph)																	
v <sub>12a</sub> (pcph)				2,448	2,451					1,818						843	
v <sub>R12a</sub> (pcph)				2,474	2,662					1,901						1,392	
Merge Speed Index				0.35	0.27					0.22						0.32	
Merge Area Speed				57.0	58.9					60.0						57.7	
Outer Lanes Volume										1,124						596	
Outer Lanes Speed										62.8						64.7	
Segment Speed				57.0	58.9					61.0						59.7	
Merge v/c ratio				0.54	0.58					0.41						0.30	
Merge Density				22.9	18.4					11.2						14.2	
Merge LOS				С	В					В						В	
										l	l			I			

2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17

<> Express Lane (HOV) No Trucks

Name	West of Prairie City Road	Prairie City Off Ramp	Between Prairie City Ramps	Prairie City On Ramp	Prairie City Ramp II	Prairie City to Scott Rd	Scott Rd Off Ramp	Between Scott Rd Ramps	Scott Rd On Ramp	Scott Rd On Ramp II	Scott Rd to Latrobe Rd I	Scott Rd to Latrobe Rd II	Latrobe Rd Off Ramp	Latrobe Rd Off Ramp II	Between Ramps	Latrobe Rd On Ramp	East of Latrobe Rd
Calculate Diverge Influence	Area Operations																
Effective v <sub>P</sub> (pcph)		3,306					2,757						2,796	1,689			
Up Ramp L <sub>EQ</sub>													1,641	13,609			
Down Ramp L <sub>EQ</sub>													845	571			
P <sub>FD</sub> (Eqn 13-9)		0.635					0.653						0.639	0.701			
P <sub>FD</sub> (Eqn 13-10)													0.613				
P <sub>FD</sub> (Eqn 13-11)													0.592				
P <sub>FD</sub>		1.000					1.000						0.639	0.701			
v <sub>12</sub> (pcph)		3,306					2,757						2,188	1,294			
v <sub>3</sub> (pcph)													607	395			
v <sub>34</sub> (pcph)																	
v <sub>12a</sub> (pcph)		3,306					2,757						2,188	1,294			
Diverge Speed Index		0.51					0.44						0.53	0.59			
Diverge Area Speed		53.2					54.9						52.8	51.4			
Outer Lanes Volume													607	395			
Outer Lanes Speed													71.3	71.3			
Segment Speed		53.2					54.9						56.0	55.0			
Diverge v/c ratio		0.75					0.63						0.50	0.29			
Diverge Density		29.1					14.5						21.8	14.1			
Diverge LOS		D					В						С	В			

Location 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17

Key

<> Express Lane (HOV)

No Trucks

Name	West of Prairie City Road	Prairie City Off Ramp	Between Prairie City Ramps	Prairie City On Ramp	Prairie City Ramp II	Prairie City to Scott Rd	Scott Rd Off Ramp	Between Scott Rd Ramps	Scott Rd On Ramp	Scott Rd On Ramp II	Scott Rd to Latrobe Rd I	Scott Rd to Latrobe Rd II	Latrobe Rd Off Ramp	Latrobe Rd Off Ramp II	Between Ramps	Latrobe Rd On Ramp	East of Latrobe Rd
Summarize Segment Opera	ations																
Segment v/c ratio	0.66	0.75	0.52	0.54	0.58	0.47	0.63	0.42	0.37	0.41	0.46	0.40	0.50	0.29	0.19	0.30	0.30
Segment Density	23.9	29.1	18.9	22.9	18.4	17.1	14.5	15.3	13.3	11.2	16.5	14.4	21.8	14.1	6.8	14.2	11.0
Segment LOS	С	D	С	С	В	В	В	В	В	В	В	В	С	В	A	В	В
Over Capacity																	

 Location
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## Key <> Express Lane (HOV)

No Trucks

Name	West of Prairie City Road	Prairie City Off Ramp	Between Prairie City Ramps	Prairie City On Ramp	Prairie City Ramp II	Prairie City to Scott Rd	Scott Rd Off Ramp	Between Scott Rd Ramps	Scott Rd On Ramp	Scott Rd On Ramp II	Scott Rd to Latrobe Rd I	Scott Rd to Latrobe Rd II	Latrobe Rd Off Ramp	Latrobe Rd Off Ramp II	Between Ramps	Latrobe Rd On Ramp	East of Latrobe Rd
Define Freeway Segme	nt																
Type	Basic	Diverge	Basic	Merge	Merge	Basic	Diverge	Basic	Basic	Merge	Basic	Basic	Diverge	Diverge	Basic	Merge	Basic
Length (ft)	7,600	1,500	2,200	1,500	1,500	5,000	1,500	2,350	900	1,500	2,800	4,200	1,500	830	2,000	1,500	7,500
Accel Length				300	1,235					1,450						300	
Decel Length		400					1,500						140	140			
Mainline Volume	4,785	4,785	4,014	4,014	4,041	4,683	4,683	3,526	3,526	4,717	4,892	4,892	4,892	4,090	3,164	3,164	4,100
On Ramp Volume				27	642				1,191	175						936	
Off Ramp Volume		771					1,157						802	926			
Express Lane Volume	1,200	757	757	757	767	696	624	624	624	624	500	500	536	448	344	344	430
EL On Ramp Volume																	
EL Off Ramp Volume																	
Calculate Flow Rate in	General Purpose Lanes (GP	)															
GP Volume (vph)	3,585	4,028	3,257	3,284	3,916	3,988	4,059	2,902	4,093	4,268	4,392	4,392	4,356	3,642	2,820	3,756	3,670
PHF	0.98	0.99	0.99	0.96	0.94	0.91	0.95	0.98	0.98	0.97	0.97	0.97	0.97	0.97	0.98	0.98	0.98
GP Lanes	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
														*		Grade	
Terrain	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Grade	Grade	Grade	Level	Level	Level		Grade
Grade %	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	1.2%	1.9%	2.7%	1.5% 0.17	6.5%	6.0%	-2.2%	0.5%	0.0% 0.16	-1.5%	3.8%	4.4%
Grade Length (mi)	0.00				0.00	0.95	0.28	0.45		0.28	0.53	0.80	0.28		0.38	0.28	1.70
Truck & Bus %	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%
RV %	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
E <sub>T</sub>	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	3.5	4.0	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	2.0	3.5
E <sub>R</sub>	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	6.0	6.0	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	2.5	4.5
f <sub>HV</sub>	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.870	0.847	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.943	0.870
f <sub>P</sub>	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
GP Flow (pcph)	3,768	4,191	3,389	3,523	4,291	4,513	4,401	3,050	4,302	5,060	5,343	4,664	4,626	3,867	2,964	4,063	4,307
GP Flow (pcphpl)	1,884	2,095	1,694	1,762	2,145	2,257	2,200	1,525	1,434	1,687	1,781	1,555	1,542	1,289	988	1,354	1,436
Calculate Speed in Ge	neral Purpose Lanes																
Lane Width (ft)																	
Shoulder Width																	
TRD																	
$f_{LW}$																	
f <sub>LC</sub>																	
Calculated FFS																	
Measured FFS																	
FFS Curve	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65
Calculate Operations i	n General Purpose Lanes																
v/c ratio	0.80	0.89	0.72	0.75	0.91	0.96	0.94	0.65	0.61	0.72	0.76	0.66	0.66	0.55	0.42	0.58	0.61
Speed (mph)	61.7	58.1	63.8	63.1	57.1	54.6	55.9	64.8	65.0	63.8	62.9	64.7	64.7	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0
Density (pcphpl)	30.5	36.0	26.6	27.9	37.6	41.3	39.4	23.5	22.1	26.4	28.3	24.0	23.8	19.8	15.2	20.8	22.1
LOS	D	E	D	D	E	E	E	C	C	D	D	С	C	С	B	C	С
Calculate Operations		,	<u> </u>	, and the second	_	_	_		ŭ	J		Ŭ	Ü	ŭ	, i		ŭ
GP <sub>IN</sub> Vol (pcph)	or Emorring or Eurica	4,191		3,495	3,615		4,401		3,087	4,881			4,626	3,867		3,098	
GP <sub>IN</sub> Cap (pcph)		4,700		4,700	4,700		4,401		4,700	7,050			7,050	7,050		7,050	
				0.74	0.77				0.66	0.69			0.66	0.55		0.44	
GP <sub>IN</sub> v/c ratio	- Fulling OD Lanca	0.89		0.74	0.77		0.94		0.66	0.69			U.bb	0.55		0.44	
0-1	or Exiting GP Lanes	3,380		0.500	4 ***		0.000			5.000			0.700	0.010		4 ***	
		3.380		3,523	4,291		3,220			5,060			3,799	2,912		4,063	
GP <sub>OUT</sub> Vol (pcph)					4									T 0-1			
Calculate Operations of GP <sub>OUT</sub> Vol (pcph) GP <sub>OUT</sub> Cap (pcph) GP <sub>OUT</sub> v/c ratio		4,700 0.72		4,700 0.75	4,700 0.91		4,700 0.69			7,050 0.72			7,050 0.54	7,050 0.41		7,050 0.58	

# Key <> Express Lane (HOV)

<> Express Lane (HO)

No Trucks

Name	West of Prairie City Road	Prairie City Off Ramp	Between Prairie City Ramps	Prairie City On Ramp	Prairie City Ramp II	Prairie City to Scott Rd	Scott Rd Off Ramp	Between Scott Rd Ramps	Scott Rd On Ramp	Scott Rd On Ramp II	Scott Rd to Latrobe Rd I	Scott Rd to Latrobe Rd II	Latrobe Rd Off Ramp	Latrobe Rd Off Ramp II	Between Ramps	Latrobe Rd On Ramp	East of Latrobe Rd
Calculate Flow Rate in I					ano ony ramp n		230tt rio Oil ridinp		230tt Tid Off Tidilip	230tt Tid Off Tidalip II	SSS TIG TO EQUIDOC TIG	SSSM FIG TO EAST-OFF FIG II		pu	Source: Hamps	_anobo no on namp	
EL Volume (vph)	1,200	757	757	757	767	696	624	624	624	624	500	500	536	448	344	344	430
PHF	0.98	0.99	0.99	0.96	0.94	0.91	0.95	0.98	0.98	0.97	0.97	0.97	0.97	0.97	0.98	0.98	0.98
	0.96	0.99	0.99	0.96	0.94	0.91	0.95	0.96	0.96	0.97	1	0.97	1	0.97	0.96	0.96	0.96
Express Lanes		·						· ·		Grade		Grade			·	Grade	Grade
Terrain	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level		Grade		Level	Level	Level		
Grade %	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	1.2%	1.9%	2.7%	1.5%	6.5%	6.0%	-2.2%	0.5%	0.0%	-1.5%	3.8%	4.4%
Grade Length (mi)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.95	0.28	0.45	0.17	0.28	0.53	0.80	0.28	0.16	0.38	0.28	1.70
Truck & Bus %	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	0.0%
RV %	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
E <sub>T</sub>	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	4.5	5.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	2.0	5.0
E <sub>R</sub>	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	6.0	6.0	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	2.5	4.5
f <sub>HV</sub>	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	0.990	0.990	0.990	0.980	1.000
f <sub>P</sub>	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
EL Flow (pcph)	1,224	765	765	789	816	764	657	637	637	643	515	515	558	467	355	358	439
EL Flow (pcphpl)	1,224	765	765	789	816	764	657	637	637	643	515	515	558	467	355	358	439
Calculate Speed in Expr	ress Lanes																
Lane Width (ft)																	
Shoulder Width																	
TRD																	
$f_{LW}$																	
f <sub>LC</sub>																	
Calc'd FFS																	
Measured FFS	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0
FFS	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65
Calculate Operations in	Express Lanes																
EL <sub>IN</sub> v/c ratio	0.70	0.44	0.44	0.45	0.47	0.44	0.38	0.36	0.36	0.37	0.29	0.29	0.32	0.27	0.20	0.20	0.25
Calculate On Ramp Flor	w Rate																
On Volume (vph)	11000			27	642				1,191	175						936	
PHF				0.96	0.96				0.99	0.99						0.98	
Total Lanes				1	1				1	1						1	
Terrain				Level	Level				Level	Level						Level	
Grade %				2.0%	2.0%				2.0%	2.0%						2.0%	
				0.00	0.00				0.00	0.43						0.00	
Grade Length (mi)				2.0%	2.0%				2.0%	2.0%						2.0%	
Truck & Bus %					2.0%				0.0%	0.0%						0.0%	
RV %				0.0%	1.5				1.5	1.5						1.5	
E <sub>T</sub>				1.5													
E <sub>R</sub>				1.2	1.2				1.2	1.2						1.2	
f <sub>HV</sub>				0.990	0.990				0.990	0.990						0.990	
f <sub>P</sub>				1.00	1.00				1.00	1.00						1.00	
On Flow (pcph)				28	675				1,215	179						965	
On Flow (pcphpl)				28	675				1,215	179						965	
alculate On Ramp Roa	adway Operations																
On Ramp Type				Right	Right				Right	Right						Right	
On Ramp Speed (mph)				35	45				25	45						35	
On Ramp Cap (pcph)				2,000	2,100				1,900	2,100						2,000	
				0.01	0.32				0.64	0.09						0.48	

# Key <> Express Lane (HOV)

Name	West of Prairie City Road	Prairie City Off Ramp	Between Prairie City Ramps	Prairie City On Ramp	Prairie City Ramp II	Prairie City to Scott Rd	Scott Rd Off Ramp	Between Scott Rd Ramps	Scott Rd On Ramp	Scott Rd On Ramp II	Scott Rd to Latrobe Rd I	Scott Rd to Latrobe Rd II	Latrobe Rd Off Ramp	Latrobe Rd Off Ramp II	Between Ramps	Latrobe Rd On Ramp	East of Latrobe
Iculate Off Ramp FI	low Rate																
Off Volume (vph)		771					1,157						802	926			
PHF		0.96					0.99						0.98	0.98			
Total Lanes		1					2						1	1			
Terrain		Level					Level						Level	Level			
Grade %		2.0%					2.0%						2.0%	2.0%			
		0.00					0.36						0.00	0.00			
Grade Length (mi)																	
Truck & Bus %		2.0%					2.0%						2.0%	2.0%			
RV %		0.0%					0.0%						0.0%	0.0%			
E <sub>T</sub>		1.5					1.5						1.5	1.5			
E <sub>R</sub>		1.2					1.2						1.2	1.2			
f <sub>HV</sub>		0.990					0.990						0.990	0.990			
f <sub>P</sub>		1.00					1.00						1.00	1.00			
Off Flow (pcph)		811					1,180						827	954			
Off Flow (pcphpl)		811					590						827	954			
ulate Off Ramp Re	oadway Operations																
Off Ramp Type		Right					Right						Right	Right			
Off Ramp Speed		35					40						35	25			
Ramp Cap (pcph)		2,000					4,000						2,000	1,900			
off Ramp v/c ratio		0.41					0.30						0.41	0.50			
л натр v/с ratio		0.41					0.30						0.41	0.50			
	amp for Three-Lane Mainline	Segments with One-Land	Ramps														
Up Type										On			On	Off		Off	
Up Distance										900			10,000	6,630		2,000	
Up Flow (pcph)										1,215			179	827		954	
Down Type										Off			Off	On		No	
Down Distance										5,800			2,000	2,000			
Down Flow (pcph)										827			965	965			
culate Merge Influe	ence Area Operations																
Effective v <sub>P</sub> (pcph)				3,495	3,615					4,881						3,098	
Up Ramp L <sub>EQ</sub>										1,678						431	
Down Ramp L <sub>EQ</sub>										3,122							
P <sub>FM</sub> (Eqn 13-3)				0.586	0.612					0.618						0.586	
P <sub>FM</sub> (Eqn 13-4)				0.000	0.012					0.010						0.685	
										0.586						0.003	
P <sub>FM</sub> (Eqn 13-5)				4.000	4 ***											0.500	
P <sub>FM</sub>				1.000	1.000					0.618						0.586	
v <sub>12</sub> (pcph)				3,495	3,615					3,017						1,815	
v <sub>3</sub> (pcph)										1,864						1,283	
v <sub>34</sub> (pcph)																	
v <sub>12a</sub> (pcph)				3,495	3,615					3,017						1,815	
v <sub>R12a</sub> (pcph)				3,523	4,291					3,196						2,780	
erge Speed Index				0.43	0.49					0.29						0.36	
erge Area Speed				55.1	53.6					58.4						56.7	
ter Lanes Volume										1,864						1,283	
iter Lanes Speed										60.1						62.2	
Segment Speed				55.1	53.6					59.0						58.3	
				0.77	0.93					0.69							
Merge v/c ratio																0.60	
Merge Density				31.1	30.9					21.2						24.8	
Merge LOS				D	D					С						С	

## Key <> Express Lane (HOV)

Name	West of Prairie City Road	Prairie City Off Ramp	Between Prairie City Ramps	Prairie City On Ramp	Prairie City Ramp II	Prairie City to Scott Rd	Scott Rd Off Ramp	Between Scott Rd Ramps	Scott Rd On Ramp	Scott Rd On Ramp II	Scott Rd to Latrobe Rd I	Scott Rd to Latrobe Rd II	Latrobe Rd Off Ramp	Latrobe Rd Off Ramp II	Between Ramps	Latrobe Rd On Ramp	East of Latrobe Rd
Calculate Diverge Infl	ence Area Operations																•
Effective v <sub>P</sub> (pcph)		4,191					4,401						4,626	3,867			
Up Ramp L <sub>EQ</sub>													1,558	9,457			
Down Ramp L <sub>EQ</sub>													1,384	1,431			
P <sub>FD</sub> (Eqn 13-9)		0.618					0.596						0.606	0.619			
P <sub>FD</sub> (Eqn 13-10)													0.547				
P <sub>FD</sub> (Eqn 13-11)													0.579				
$P_{FD}$		1.000					1.000						0.606	0.619			
v <sub>12</sub> (pcph)		4,191					4,401						3,130	2,758			
v <sub>3</sub> (pcph)													1,496	1,108			
v <sub>34</sub> (pcph)																	
v <sub>12a</sub> (pcph)		4,191					4,401						3,130	2,758			
Diverge Speed Index		0.50					0.47						0.50	0.64			
Diverge Area Speed		53.5					54.2						53.4	50.2			
Outer Lanes Volume													1,496	1,108			
Outer Lanes Speed													69.4	70.9			
Segment Speed		53.5					54.2						57.7	54.8			
Diverge v/c ratio		0.95					1.00						0.71	0.63			
Diverge Density		36.7					28.6						29.9	26.7			
Diverge LOS		E					F						D	С			

Key
<> Express Lane (HOV)

Name	West of Prairie City Road	Prairie City Off Ramp	Between Prairie City Ramps	Prairie City On Ramp	Prairie City Ramp II	Prairie City to Scott Rd	Scott Rd Off Ramp	Between Scott Rd Ramps	Scott Rd On Ramp	Scott Rd On Ramp II	Scott Rd to Latrobe Rd I	Scott Rd to Latrobe Rd II	Latrobe Rd Off Ramp	Latrobe Rd Off Ramp II	Between Ramps	Latrobe Rd On Ramp	East of Latrobe Rd
Summarize Segment O	perations																
Segment v/c ratio	0.80	0.95	0.72	0.77	0.93	0.96	1.00	0.65	0.61	0.69	0.76	0.66	0.71	0.63	0.42	0.60	0.61
Segment Density	30.5	36.7	26.6	31.1	30.9	41.3	-	23.5	22.1	21.2	28.3	24.0	29.9	26.7	15.2	24.8	22.1
Segment LOS	D	E	D	D	D	E	F	С	С	С	D	С	D	С	В	С	С
Over Capacity							Diverge										

⇔ Express Lane (HOV)

Name	East of El Dorado Hills Blvd	El Dorado Hills Blvd Off-Ramp	Between Ramps	El Dorado Hills Blvd On-Ramp	EI DORAGO HIIIS BIVO TO E. BIOWell I	El Dorado Hills Blvd to E. Bidwell II	E. Bidwell St Off-Ramp	Between E. Bidwell St Ramps	E. Bidwell St Loop On-Ramp	E. Bidweii St On-Ramp	US 50 west of E. Bidwell St	Prairie City Off-Hamp	Between Prairie City Hamps	Prairie City Loop On Ramp	Prairie City Slip On Ramp	West of Prairie City Ram
efine Freeway Segment Type	Basic	Diverge	Basic	Merge	Basic	Basic	Diverge	Basic	Merge	Basic	Basic	Diverge	Basic	Merge	Merge	Basic
Length (ft)	7,500	1,500	3,500	1,500	4,200	2,800	1,500	2,150	1,280	1,900	4,890	1,500	1,900	1,600	1,500	8,040
Accel Length	7,500	1,500	3,500	1,155	4,200	2,000	1,500	2,130	300	1,300	4,030	1,500	1,500	300	1,330	0,040
Decel Length		140		1,100			1,270		000			140		000	1,000	
Mainline Volume	3,842	3,842	2,933	2,933	4,470	4,470	4,470	3,384	3,384	3,430	4,318	4,318	3,644	3,644	3,700	4,400
On Ramp Volume	2,2.2	0,0.12	_,	1,537	1, 1. 2	,,•	1, 1.12	5,00	46	888	1,010	,,,,,,	5,511	56	700	1,100
Off Ramp Volume		909		,,,,			1,086					674				
Express Lane Volume	367	407	309	309	595	595	549	549	549	549	581	613	613	613	580	1,300
EL On Ramp Volume																
EL Off Ramp Volume																
															•	
Calculate Flow Rate in General Pu	urpose Lanes (GP)															
GP Volume (vph)	3,475	3,435	2,624	4,161	3,875	3,875	3,921	2,835	2,881	3,769	3,737	3,705	3,031	3,087	3,820	3,100
PHF	0.89	0.91	0.93	0.94	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.95	0.94	0.94	0.93	0.95	0.97	0.98	0.98	0.99
GP Lanes	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	2
Terrain	Grade	Grade	Level	Level	Grade	Grade	Grade	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level
Grade %	-4.4%	-3.8%	1.5%	0.0%	2.2%	-6.0%	-6.5%	-2.1%	-2.8%	-1.8%	-1.2%	-1.8%	-1.2%	1.8%	1.8%	1.8%
Grade Length (mi)	1.70	0.28	0.38	0.28	0.80	1.19	0.28	0.41	0.24	0.28	1.00	0.28	0.28	0.28	0.28	0.28
Truck & Bus %	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%
RV %	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
E <sub>Y</sub>	1.5 1.2	1.5 1.2	1.5 1.2	1.5 1.2	1.5 3.0	1.5 1.2	1.5 1.2	1.5 1.2	1.5 1.2	1.5 1.2	1.5 1.2	1.5 1.2	1.5 1.2	1.5 1.2	1.5 1.2	1.5 1.2
E <sub>R</sub>	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971
f.	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
GP Flow (pcph)	4,022	3,888	2,906	4,560	4,158	4,158	4,207	3,074	3,157	4,130	4,139	4,017	3,218	3,245	4,015	3,225
GP Flow (pcphpl)	2,011	1,944	1,453	2,280	2,079	2,079	2,103	1,537	1,578	1,377	2,069	2,009	1,609	1,622	2,007	1,613
	,-	7-	,	7	7	,	,	7	7	,-	,,,,,	,	,	7-	7	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Calculate Speed in General Purpo	ose Lanes														1	1
Lane Width (ft)	12	12		12	12	12	12									
Shoulder Width	>6	>6		>6	>6	>6	>6									
TRD	1.5	1.5		1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5									
f <sub>LW</sub>	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0									
f <sub>LC</sub>	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0									
Calculated FFS	70.9	70.9		70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9									
Measured FFS	70.0	70.0	0.5	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	0.5	0.5	0.5	05	05	0.5	0.5	0.5	05
FFS Curve	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65
Calculate Operations in General P	Durnosa I snae								1				1	I	1	1
v/c ratio	0.86	0.83	0.62	0.97	0.88	0.88	0.90	0.65	0.67	0.59	0.88	0.85	0.68	0.69	0.85	0.69
Speed (mph)	59.7	60.8	65.0	54.0	58.5	58.5	58.0	64.7	64.5	65.0	58.6	59.7	64.4	64.3	59.8	64.4
Density (pcphpl)	33.7	32.0	22.4	42.2	35.6	35.6	36.3	23.7	24.5	21.2	35.3	33.6	25.0	25.2	33.6	25.1
LOS	D	D	С	E	E	E	E	С	С	С	E	D	С	С	D	С
Calculate Operations for Entering	GP Lanes															
GP <sub>IN</sub> Vol (pcph)		3,888		2,890			4,207		3,107	3,165		4,017		3,180	3,278	
GP <sub>IN</sub> Cap (pcph)		4,700		4,700			4,700		4,700	4,700		4,700		4,700	4,700	
GP <sub>IN</sub> v/c ratio		0.83		0.61			0.90		0.66	0.67		0.85		0.68	0.70	
Calculate Operations for Exiting C	3P Lanes															
GP <sub>OUT</sub> Vol (pcph)		2,901		4,560			3,027		3,157	4,130		3,243		3,245	4,015	
GP <sub>OUT</sub> Cap (pcph)		4,700		4,700			4,700		4,700	4,700		4,700		4,700	4,700	
GP <sub>OUT</sub> v/c ratio		0.62		0.97			0.64		0.67	0.88		0.69		0.69	0.85	

2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16

<> Express Lane (HOV) No Trucks

Name	East of El Dorado Hills Blvd	El Dorado Hills Blvd Off-Ramp	Between Ramps	El Dorado Hills Blvd On-Ramp	El Dorado Hills Blvd to E. Bidwell	I El Dorado Hills Blvd to E. Bidwell II	E. Bidwell St Off-Ramp	Between E. Bidwell St Ramps	E. Bidwell St Loop On-Ramp	E. Bidwell St On-Ramp	US 50 west of E. Bidwell St	Prairie City Off-Ramp	Between Prairie City Ramps	Prairie City Loop On Ramp	Prairie City Slip On Ramp	West of Prairie City Ram
alculate Flow Rate in Express L	anes (EL)															
EL Volume (vph)	367	407	309	309	595	595	549	549	549	549	581	613	613	613	580	1,300
PHF	0.89	0.91	0.93	0.94	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.95	0.94	0.94	0.93	0.95	0.97	0.98	0.98	0.99
Express Lanes	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Terrain	Grade	Grade	Level	Level	Grade	Grade	Grade	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level
Grade %	-4.4%	-3.8%	1.5%	0.0%	2.2%	-6.0%	-6.5%	-2.1%	-2.8%	-1.8%	-1.2%	-1.8%	-1.2%	1.8%	1.8%	1.8%
Grade Length (mi)	1.7	0.28	0.38	0.28	0.8	1.19	0.28	0.41	0.24	0.28	1	0.28	0.28	0.28	0.28	0.28
Truck & Bus %	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
RV %	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
E,	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	2.0	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
E <sub>ft</sub>	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	3.0	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2
f <sub>rev</sub>	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
4v	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
EL Flow (pcph)	412	447	332	328	620	620	572	578	584	584	625	645	632	626	592	1,313
EL Flow (pcphpl)	412	447	332	328	620	620	572	578	584	584	625	645	632	626	592	1,313
EL Flow (popripi)	412	447	332	320	620	620	5/2	576	504	304	623	040	632	626	392	1,313
									i				İ	1	İ.	Í.
Calculate Speed in Express Lane.	12	12		12	12	12	40									
Lane Width (ft)				12 >6	12 >6		12									
Shoulder Width	>6 1.5	>6 1.5	0.0	>6	>6 1.5	>6 1.5	>6 1.5	0.0	0.0	0.0						
TRD	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.5	1.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0						
f <sub>LW</sub>																
fuc	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0									
Calc'd FFS	70.9	70.9		70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9									
Measured FFS										65.0	65.0					
FFS	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65
									.				İ	1	i.	i.
Calculate Operations in Express	1															
EL <sub>IN</sub> v/c ratio	0.24	0.26	0.19	0.19	0.35	0.35	0.33	0.33	0.33	0.33	0.36	0.37	0.36	0.36	0.34	0.75
									.				İ	1	i.	i.
Calculate On Ramp Flow Rate																
On Volume (vph)				1,537					46	888				56	700	
PHF				0.93					0.93	0.93				0.88	0.96	
Total Lanes				1					1	1				1	1	
Terrain				Level					Level	Level				Level	Level	
Grade %				2.0%					2.0%	2.0%				2.0%	2.0%	
Grade Length (mi)				0.00					0.33	0.47				0.00	0.00	
Truck & Bus %				2.0%					2.0%	2.0%				2.0%	2.0%	
RV %				0.0%					0.0%	0.0%				0.0%	0.0%	
E <sub>T</sub>				1.5					1.5	1.5				1.5	1.5	
E <sub>R</sub>				1.2					1.2	1.2				1.2	1.2	
f <sub>rev</sub>				0.990					0.990	0.990				0.990	0.990	
f <sub>P</sub>				1.00					1.00	1.00				1.00	1.00	
On Flow (pcph)				1,669					50	964				64	736	
On Flow (pcphpl)				1,669					50	964				64	736	
Calculate On Ramp Roadway Op	erations															
				Right					Right	Right				Right	Right	
On Ramp Type				35					25	45				25	35	
On Ramp Type On Ramp Speed (mph)																
				2,000					1,900	2,100				1,900	2,000	
On Ramp Speed (mph)				2,000 0.83					1,900 0.03	2,100 0.46				1,900 0.03	2,000 0.37	

⇔ Express Lane (HOV)

Name	East of El Dorado Hills Blvd	El Dorado Hills Blvd Off-Ramp	Between Ramps	El Dorado Hills Blvd On-Ramp	El Dorado Hills Blvd to E. Bidwell I	El Dorado Hills Blvd to E. Bidwell II	E. Bidwell St Off-Ramp	Between E. Bidwell St Ramps	E. Bidwell St Loop On-Ramp	E. Bidwell St On-Ramp	US 50 west of E. Bidwell St	Prairie City Off-Ramp	Between Prairie City Ramps	Prairie City Loop On Ramp	Prairie City Slip On Ramp	West of Prairie City Ramps
Calculate Off Ramp Flow Rate																
Off Volume (vph)		909					1,086					674				
PHF		0.93					0.93					0.88				
Total Lanes		1					2					1				
Terrain		Level					Level					Level				
Grade %		2.0%					2.0%					2.0%				
Grade Length (mi)		0.00					0.31					0.00				
Truck & Bus %		2.0%					2.0%					2.0%				
RV %		0.0%					0.0%					0.0%				
E <sub>r</sub>		1.5					1.5					1.5				
ER		1.2					1.2					1.2				
t <sub>erv</sub>		0.990					0.990					0.990				
t <sub>e</sub>		1.00					1.00					1.00				
Off Flow (pcph)		987					1,179					774				
Off Flow (pcphpl)		987					590					774				
													+			
Calculate Off Ramp Roadway Ope	rations												1	ĺ		
Off Ramp Type		Right					Right					Right				
Off Ramp Speed		25					40					40				
Off Ramp Cap (pcph)		1,900					4,000					2,000				
Off Ramp v/c ratio		0.52					0.29					0.39				
Oil Hallip Wc fallo		0.32					0.23					0.00				
Determine Adjacent Rome for The	ee-Lane Mainline Segments with One-La	one Romne											1	1	1	l I
Up Type	ee-cane mannine Segments with One-Ca	alle nallips														
Up Distance																
Up Flow (pcph)																
Down Type  Down Distance																
Down Flow (pcph)																
Down Flow (pcpn)																
Calculate Merge Influence Area Op	parations												1	1	1	l l
Effective v <sub>p</sub> (pcph)	perations			2,890					3,107					3,180	3,278	
Up Ramp L <sub>EQ</sub>				2,090					3,107					3,100	3,276	
Down Ramp Leo																
				0.610					0.586					0.586	0.615	
P <sub>FM</sub> (Eqn 13-3)				0.610					0.000					0.300	0.015	
P <sub>FM</sub> (Eqn 13-4)																
P <sub>FM</sub> (Eqn 13-5)				1.000					1.000					1.000	1.000	
P <sub>FM</sub>				2,890												
v <sub>12</sub> (pcph)				2,890					3,107					3,180	3,278	
v <sub>3</sub> (poph)																
v <sub>34</sub> (pcph)				0.000					0.427					0.400	0.670	
v <sub>12a</sub> (pcph)				2,890					3,107					3,180	3,278	
v <sub>fit12a</sub> (pcph)				4,560					3,157					3,245	4,015	
Merge Speed Index				0.61					0.40					0.41	0.44	
Merge Area Speed				50.9					55.9					55.7	54.8	
Outer Lanes Volume																
Outer Lanes Speed														_	_	
Segment Speed				50.9					55.9					55.7	54.8	
Merge v/c ratio				0.99					0.69					0.71	0.87	
Merge Density				33.0					28.2					28.9	28.1	
Merge LOS				D					D					D	D	
								I								

⇔ Express Lane (HOV)

<> Express Lane (HOV)

No Trucks

Name	East of El Dorado Hills Blvd	El Dorado Hills Blvd Off-Ramp	Between Ramps	El Dorado Hills Blvd On-Ramp El Dorado Hills Blvd to E. Bidw	ell I El Dorado Hills Blvd to E. Bidwell I	E. Bidwell St Off-Ramp	Between E. Bidwell St Ramps	E. Bidwell St Loop On-Ramp	E. Bidwell St On-Ramp	US 50 west of E. Bidwell St	Prairie City Off-Ramp	Between Prairie City Ramps	Prairie City Loop On Ramp	Prairie City Slip On Ramp	West of Prairie City Ramps
Calculate Diverge Influence Are	ea Operations														
Effective v <sub>P</sub> (pcph)		3,888				4,207					4,017				
Up Ramp L <sub>EQ</sub>															
Down Ramp L <sub>EQ</sub>															
P <sub>FD</sub> (Eqn 13-9)		0.617				0.601					0.624				
P <sub>FD</sub> (Eqn 13-10)															
P <sub>FD</sub> (Eqn 13-11)															
P <sub>FD</sub>		1.000				1.000					1.000				
V <sub>12</sub> (pcph)		3,888				4,207					4,017				
v <sub>3</sub> (pcph)															
V <sub>34</sub> (pcph)															
v <sub>12a</sub> (pcph)		3,888				4,207					4,017				
Diverge Speed Index		0.65				0.47					0.43				
Diverge Area Speed		50.1				54.2					55.0				
Outer Lanes Volume															
Outer Lanes Speed															
Segment Speed		50.1				54.2					55.0				
Diverge v/c ratio		0.88				0.96					0.91				
Diverge Density		36.4				29.0					37.5				
Diverge LOS		E				D					E				

Key

⇔ Express Lane (HOV)
No Trucks

Name	East of El Dorado Hills Blvd	El Dorado Hills Blvd Off-Ramp	Between Ramps	El Dorado Hills Blvd On-Ramp	El Dorado Hills Blvd to E. Bidwell I	El Dorado Hills Blvd to E. Bidwell II	E. Bidwell St Off-Ramp	Between E. Bidwell St Ramps	E. Bidwell St Loop On-Ramp	E. Bidwell St On-Ramp	US 50 west of E. Bidwell St	Prairie City Off-Ramp	Between Prairie City Ramps	Prairie City Loop On Ramp	Prairie City Slip On Ramp	West of Prairie City Ramps
Summarize Segment Operations																
Segment v/c ratio	0.86	0.88	0.62	0.99	0.88	0.88	0.96	0.65	0.69	0.59	0.88	0.91	0.68	0.71	0.87	0.69
Segment Density	33.7	36.4	22.4	33.0	35.6	35.6	29.0	23.7	28.2	21.2	35.3	37.5	25.0	28.9	28.1	25.1
Segment LOS	D	E	С	D	E	E	D	С	D	С	E	E	С	D	D	С
Over Capacity																

Key

<> Express Lane (HOV)

No Trucks

Name		d El Dorado Hills Blvd Off-Ramp	Between Ramps	El Dorado Hills Blvd On-Ramp	El Dorado Hills Blvd to E. Bidwell	I El Dorado Hills Blvd to E. Bidwell II	E. Bidwell St Off-Ramp	Between E. Bidwell St Ramps	E. Bidwell St Loop On-Ramp	E. Bidwell St On-Ramp	US 50 west of E. Bidwell St	Prairie City Off-Ramp	Between Prairie City Ramps	Prairie City Loop On Ramp	Prairie City Slip On Ramp	West of Prairie City Rai
Define Freeway Segme	1															
Туре	Basic	Diverge	Basic	Merge	Basic	Basic	Diverge	Basic	Merge	Basic	Basic	Diverge	Basic	Merge	Merge	Basic
Length (ft)	7,500	1,500	3,500	1,500	4,200	2,800	1,500	2,150	1,280	1,900	4,890	1,500	1,900	1,600	1,500	8,040
Accel Length				1,155					300					300	1,330	
Decel Length		140					1,270					140				
Mainline Volume	2,287	2,287	1,746	1,746	3,276	3,276	3,276	2,212	2,212	2,325	3,053	3,053	2,676	2,676	2,714	3,449
On Ramp Volume				1,530					113	728				38	735	
Off Ramp Volume	0.40	541	405	405	0.40		1,064	207	207	007		377			200	700
Express Lane Volume		180	135	135	319	319	297	297	297	297	663	336	336	336	339	700
EL On Ramp Volume																
EL Off Ramp Volume																
0-1I-t- Fl B-t- i	 	D)											1	1	1	T.
GP Volume (vph)	General Purpose Lanes (G	2,107	1,611	3,141	2,957	2,957	2,979	1,915	2,028	2,756	2,390	2,717	2,340	2,378	3,110	2,749
	0.84	0.86	0.88	0.89	0.91	0.91	0.92	0.92	0.94	0.96	0.98	0.96	0.93	0.93	0.92	0.92
PHF GP Lanes		2	2	0.69	0.91	0.91		0.92	0.94	0.96	0.96		0.93	0.93	0.92	0.92
GP Lanes Terrain	2 Grada						2 Grada			•		2 Lovel				
	Grade	Grade	Level	Level	Grade	Grade	Grade	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level
Grade %	-4.4%	-3.8%	1.5%	0.0%	2.2%	-6.0%	-6.5%	-2.1% 0.41	-2.8%	-1.8%	-1.2%	-1.8%	-1.2%	1.8%	1.8%	1.8%
Grade Length (mi)	1.70	0.28	0.38 6.0%	0.28 6.0%	0.80	1.19 6.0%	0.28 6.0%	6.0%	0.24 6.0%	0.28	1.00	0.28 6.0%	0.28	0.28	0.28 6.0%	0.28 6.0%
Truck & Bus % RV %	6.0%	6.0% 0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	6.0% 0.0%		0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	6.0%	6.0%		6.0%	6.0%	0.0%	0.0%
	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0% 1.5	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%			0.0% 1.5	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
E <sub>T</sub>										1.5	1.5					
E <sub>R</sub>	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	3.0	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2
f <sub>HV</sub>	0.971 1.00	0.971	0.971 1.00	0.971	0.971 1.00	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971 1.00	0.971	0.971 1.00	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971 1.00
Tp	2,510			1.00 3,636	3,347	1.00 3,347	1.00	2,144		11		1.00			3,482	11
GP Flow (pcph)	1,255	2,524 1,262	1,886 943	1,818	1,673	1,673	3,335 1,668	1,072	2,222 1,111	2,957 986	2,512 1,256	2,915 1,458	2,592 1,296	2,634 1,317	1,741	3,078 1,539
GP Flow (pcphpl)	1,255	1,262	943	1,818	1,673	1,673	1,008	1,072	1,111	986	1,256	1,458	1,296	1,317	1,741	1,539
Calculate Speed in Ger	novel Durnose Lenes												Í	ĺ	İ	I
Lane Width (ft)	12	12		12	12	12	12									
Shoulder Width	>6	>6		>6	>6	>6	>6									
TRD	1.5	1.5		1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5									
f <sub>LW</sub>	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0									
fLC	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0									
Calculated FFS	70.9	70.9		70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9									
Measured FFS	70.0	70.0		70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0									
FFS Curve	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65
Calculate Operations in	in General Purpose Lanes															1
v/c ratio	0.53	0.54	0.40	0.77	0.71	0.71	0.71	0.46	0.47	0.42	0.53	0.62	0.55	0.56	0.74	0.65
Speed (mph)	65.0	65.0	65.0	62.5	63.9	63.9	64.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	63.4	64.7
Density (pcphpl)	19.3	19.4	14.5	29.1	26.2	26.2	26.1	16.5	17.1	15.2	19.3	22.4	19.9	20.3	27.5	23.8
LOS	C	C	В	D	D	D	D	В	В	В	С	C	C	C	D	C
	for Entering GP Lanes															
GP <sub>IN</sub> Vol (pcph)		2,524		2,059			3,335		2,103	2,191		2,915		2,594	2,709	
GP <sub>IN</sub> Cap (pcph)		4,700		4,700			4,700		4,700	4,700		4,700		4,700	4,700	
GP <sub>IN</sub> v/c ratio		0.54		0.44			0.71		0.45	0.47		0.62		0.55	0.58	
Calculate Operations for	for Exiting GP Lanes															
GP <sub>OUT</sub> Vol (pcph)		1,966		3,636			2,216		2,222	2,957		2,518		2,634	3,482	
GP <sub>OUT</sub> Cap (pcph)		4,700		4,700			4,700		4,700	4,700		4,700		4,700	4,700	
GP <sub>OUT</sub> v/c ratio		0.42		0.77			0.47		0.47	0.63		0.54		0.56	0.74	
001				*			****		*****						2	

Key

<> Express Lane (HOV)

Name	East of El Dorado Hills Bl	vd El Dorado Hills Blvd Off-Ramp	Between Ramps	El Dorado Hills Blvd On-Ramp	El Dorado Hills Blvd to E. Bidwel	I I El Dorado Hills Blvd to E. Bidwell II	E. Bidwell St Off-Ramp	Between E. Bidwell St Ramps	E. Bidwell St Loop On-Ramp	E. Bidwell St On-Ramp	US 50 west of E. Bidwell St	Prairie City Off-Ramp	Between Prairie City Ramps	Prairie City Loop On Ramp	Prairie City Slip On Ramp	West of Prairie City R
alculate Flow Rate in I	Express Lanes (EL)															
EL Volume (vph)	240	180	135	135	319	319	297	297	297	297	663	336	336	336	339	700
PHF	0.84	0.86	0.88	0.89	0.91	0.91	0.92	0.92	0.94	0.96	0.98	0.96	0.93	0.93	0.92	0.92
Express Lanes	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Terrain	Grade	Grade	Level	Level	Grade	Grade	Grade	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level
Grade %	-4.4%	-3.8%	1.5%	0.0%	2.2%	-6.0%	-6.5%	-2.1%	-2.8%	-1.8%	-1.2%	-1.8%	-1.2%	1.8%	1.8%	1.8%
Grade Length (mi)	1.7	0.28	0.38	0.28	0.8	1.19	0.28	0.41	0.24	0.28	1	0.28	0.28	0.28	0.28	0.28
Truck & Bus %	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
RV %	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
E <sub>T</sub>	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	2.0	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
E <sub>R</sub>	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	3.0	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2
f <sub>HV</sub>	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
f <sub>P</sub>	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
EL Flow (pcph)	286	209	153	151	351	351	323	323	316	309	677	350	361	361	368	761
EL Flow (pcphpl)	286	209	153	151	351	351	323	323	316	309	677	350	361	361	368	761
														ı	ı	•
alculate Speed in Exp	ress Lanes															
Lane Width (ft)	12	12		12	12	12	12									
Shoulder Width	>6	>6		>6	>6	>6	>6									
TRD	1.5	1.5	0.0	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	0.0	0.0	0.0						
f <sub>LW</sub>	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0									
f <sub>LC</sub>	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0									
Calc'd FFS	70.9	70.9		70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9									
Measured FFS										65.0	65.0					
FFS	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65
														1		•
alculate Operations in	Express Lanes															
EL <sub>IN</sub> v/c ratio	0.16	0.12	0.09	0.09	0.20	0.20	0.18	0.18	0.18	0.18	0.39	0.20	0.21	0.21	0.21	0.43
														1		•
alculate On Ramp Flov	w Rate															
On Volume (vph)				1,530					113	728				38	735	
PHF				0.98					0.96	0.96				0.96	0.96	
Total Lanes				1					1	1				1	1	
Terrain				Level					Level	Level				Level	Level	
Grade %				2.0%					2.0%	2.0%				2.0%	2.0%	
Grade Length (mi)				0.00					0.33	0.47				0.00	0.00	
Truck & Bus %				2.0%					2.0%	2.0%				2.0%	2.0%	
RV %				0.0%					0.0%	0.0%				0.0%	0.0%	
E <sub>T</sub>				1.5					1.5	1.5				1.5	1.5	
E <sub>R</sub>				1.2					1.2	1.2				1.2	1.2	
f <sub>HV</sub>				0.990					0.990	0.990				0.990	0.990	
f <sub>P</sub>				1.00					1.00	1.00				1.00	1.00	
On Flow (pcph)				1,577					119	766				40	773	
On Flow (pcphpl)				1,577					119	766				40	773	
/																
alculate On Ramp Roa	dway Operations															
On Ramp Type	.,			Right					Right	Right				Right	Right	
on Ramp Speed (mph)				35					25	45				25	35	
On Ramp Cap (pcph)				2,000					1,900	2,100				1,900	2,000	
				0.79					0.06	0.36				0.02	0.39	
On Ramp v/c ratio																

Key

<> Express Lane (HOV)

No Trucks

Name	East of El Dorado Hills Blvd	El Dorado Hills Blvd Off-Ramp	Between Ramps	El Dorado Hills Blvd On-Ramp	El Dorado Hills Blvd to E. Bidwell I	El Dorado Hills Blvd to E. Bidwell II	E. Bidwell St Off-Ramp	Between E. Bidwell St Ramps	E. Bidwell St Loop On-Ramp	E. Bidwell St On-Ramp	US 50 west of E. Bidwell St	Prairie City Off-Ramp	Between Prairie City Ramps	Prairie City Loop On Ramp	Prairie City Slip On Ramp	West of Prairie City Ra
alculate Off Ramp Flov			·							· · ·						
Off Volume (vph)		541					1,064					377				
PHF		0.98					0.96					0.96				
Total Lanes		1					2					1				
Terrain		Level					Level					Level				
Grade %		2.0%					2.0%					2.0%				
Grade Length (mi)		0.00					0.31					0.00				
Truck & Bus %		2.0%					2.0%					2.0%				
RV %		0.0%					0.0%					0.0%				
E <sub>T</sub>		1.5					1.5					1.5				
E <sub>R</sub>		1.2					1.2					1.2				
		0.990					0.990					0.990				
f <sub>HV</sub>		1.00					1.00					1.00				
												397				
Off Flow (pcph)		558					1,119									
Off Flow (pcphpl)		558					560					397				
													1	ı	ı	ı
alculate Off Ramp Roa	dway Operations	B1 11					Dr					D				
Off Ramp Type		Right					Right					Right				
Off Ramp Speed		25					40					40				
Off Ramp Cap (pcph)		1,900					4,000					2,000				
Off Ramp v/c ratio		0.29					0.28					0.20				
													1	I.	I.	i.
	np for Three-Lane Mainline S	Segments with One-Lane Ra														
Up Type																
Up Distance																
Up Flow (pcph)																
Down Type																
Down Distance																
Down Flow (pcph)																
alculate Merge Influen	ce Area Operations															
Effective v <sub>P</sub> (pcph)				2,059					2,103					2,594	2,709	
Up Ramp L <sub>EQ</sub>																
Down Ramp L <sub>EQ</sub>																
P <sub>FM</sub> (Eqn 13-3)				0.610					0.586					0.586	0.615	
P <sub>FM</sub> (Eqn 13-4)																
P <sub>FM</sub> (Eqn 13-5)																
P <sub>FM</sub>				1.000					1.000					1.000	1.000	
v <sub>12</sub> (pcph)				2,059					2,103					2,594	2,709	
v <sub>3</sub> (pcph)																
v <sub>34</sub> (pcph)																
v <sub>12a</sub> (pcph)				2,059					2,103					2,594	2,709	
v <sub>R12a</sub> (pcph)				3,636					2,222					2,634	3,482	
Merge Speed Index				0.39					0.34					0.36	0.35	
Merge Area Speed				56.1					57.1					56.7	56.8	
Outer Lanes Volume																
Outer Lanes Speed																
Segment Speed				56.1					57.1					56.7	56.8	
Merge v/c ratio				0.79					0.48					0.57	0.76	
Merge Density				25.9					20.9					24.1	23.9	
Merge LOS				C 25.9					20.9 C					C 24.1	23.9 C	
Weige LOS				C												

Key

<> Express Lane (HOV)

Name	East of El Dorado Hills Blvd	El Dorado Hills Blvd Off-Ramp	Between Ramps	El Dorado Hills Blvd On-Ramp El Dorado Hi	ills Blvd to E. Bidwell I El Dorado Hills Blvd to E.	idwell II E. Bidwell St Off-Ram	Between E. Bidwell St Ramp	E. Bidwell St Loop On-Ramp	E. Bidwell St On-Ramp	US 50 west of E. Bidwell St	Prairie City Off-Ramp	Between Prairie City Ramps	Prairie City Loop On Ramp	Prairie City Slip On Ramp	West of Prairie City Ramps
Calculate Diverge Infl	uence Area Operations														
Effective v <sub>P</sub> (pcph)		2,524				3,335					2,915				
Up Ramp L <sub>EQ</sub>															
Down Ramp L <sub>EQ</sub>															
P <sub>FD</sub> (Eqn 13-9)		0.671				0.625					0.669				
P <sub>FD</sub> (Eqn 13-10)															
P <sub>FD</sub> (Eqn 13-11)															
P <sub>FD</sub>		1.000				1.000					1.000				
v <sub>12</sub> (pcph)		2,524				3,335					2,915				
v <sub>3</sub> (pcph)															
v <sub>34</sub> (pcph)															
v <sub>12a</sub> (pcph)		2,524				3,335					2,915				
Diverge Speed Index	(	0.61				0.46					0.40				
Diverge Area Speed		51.0				54.3					55.8				
Outer Lanes Volume															
Outer Lanes Speed															
Segment Speed		51.0				54.3					55.8				
Diverge v/c ratio		0.57				0.76					0.66				
Diverge Density		24.7				21.5					28.1				
Diverge LOS		С				С					D				

Key

<> Express Lane (HOV)

Name	East of El Dorado Hills Bl	vd El Dorado Hills Blvd Off-Ramp	Between Ramps	El Dorado Hills Blvd On-Ramp	El Dorado Hills Blvd to E. Bidwell I	El Dorado Hills Blvd to E. Bidwell II	E. Bidwell St Off-Ramp	Between E. Bidwell St Ramps	E. Bidwell St Loop On-Ramp	E. Bidwell St On-Ramp	US 50 west of E. Bidwell St	Prairie City Off-Ramp	Between Prairie City Ramps	Prairie City Loop On Ramp	Prairie City Slip On Ramp	West of Prairie City Ramps
Summarize Segment C	Operations															
Segment v/c ratio	0.53	0.57	0.40	0.79	0.71	0.71	0.76	0.46	0.48	0.42	0.53	0.66	0.55	0.57	0.76	0.65
Segment Density	19.3	24.7	14.5	25.9	26.2	26.2	21.5	16.5	20.9	15.2	19.3	28.1	19.9	24.1	23.9	23.8
Segment LOS	С	С	В	С	D	D	С	В	С	В	С	D	С	С	С	С
Over Capacity																
																•

# **Existing Plus Project Conditions**

<> Express Lane (HOV) No Trucks

Name	West of Prairie City Road	Prairie City Off Ramp	Between Prairie City Ramps	Prairie City On Ramp	Prairie City Ramp II	Prairie City to Scott Rd	Scott Rd Off Ramp	Between Scott Rd Ramps	Scott Rd On Ramp	Scott Rd On Ramp II	Scott Rd to Latrobe Rd I	Scott Rd to Latrobe Rd II	Latrobe Rd Off Ramp	Latrobe Rd Off Ramp II	Between Ramps	Latrobe Rd On Ramp	East of Latrobe Rd
Define Freeway Segment																	
Type	Basic	Diverge	Basic	Merge	Merge	Basic	Diverge	Basic	Basic	Merge	Basic	Basic	Diverge	Diverge	Basic	Merge	Basic
Length (ft)	7,600	1,500	2,200	1,500	1,500	5,000	1,500	2,350	900	1,500	2,800	4,200	1,500	830	2,000	1,500	7,500
Accel Length				300	1,235					1,450						300	
Decel Length		400					1,500						140	140			
Mainline Volume	3,280	3,280	2,510	2,510	2,530	2,710	2,710	1,425	1,425	2,625	2,825	2,825	2,825	1,795	1,455	1,455	1,715
On Ramp Volume				20	180				1,200	200						260	
Off Ramp Volume		770					1,285						1,030	340			
Express Lane Volume	503	243	239	239	239	649	202	146	146	211	123	123	138	83	67	67	99
EL On Ramp Volume																	
EL Off Ramp Volume																	
	0.15	0.07	0.1	0.1	0.09	0.24	0.07	0.1	0.1	0.08	0.04	0.04	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.06
Calculate Flow Rate in Gene	ral Purpose Lanes (GP)																
GP Volume (vph)	2,777	3,037	2,271	2,291	2,471	2,061	2,508	1,279	2,479	2,614	2,702	2,702	2,687	1,712	1,388	1,648	1,616
PHF	0.92	0.94	0.96	0.96	0.97	0.97	0.95	0.93	0.93	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.93	0.93	0.91	0.89
GP Lanes	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Terrain	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Grade	Grade	Grade	Level	Level	Level	Grade	Grade
Grade %	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	1.2%	1.9%	2.7%	1.5%	6.5%	6.0%	-2.2%	0.5%	0.0%	-1.5%	3.8%	4.4%
Grade Length (mi)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.95	0.28	0.45	0.17	0.28	0.53	0.80	0.28	0.16	0.38	0.28	1.70
Truck & Bus %	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%
RV %	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
E <sub>T</sub>	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	3.5	4.0	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	2.0	3.5
E <sub>R</sub>	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	6.0	6.0	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	2.5	4.5
f <sub>HV</sub>	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.870	0.847	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.943	0.870
f <sub>P</sub>	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
GP Flow (pcph)	3,109	3,328	2,436	2,458	2,623	2,189	2,719	1,417	2,746	3,268	3,466	3,025	3,009	1,896	1,537	1,919	2,088
GP Flow (pcphpl)	1,554	1,664	1,218	1,229	1,312	1,094	1,360	708	915	1,089	1,155	1,008	1,003	632	512	640	696
Calculate Speed in General	Purpose Lanes																
Lane Width (ft)																	
Shoulder Width																	
TRD																	
f <sub>LW</sub>																	
f <sub>LC</sub>																	
Calculated FFS																	
Measured FFS																	
FFS Curve	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65
Calculate Operations in Gen																	
v/c ratio	0.66	0.71	0.52	0.52	0.56	0.47	0.58	0.30	0.39	0.46	0.49	0.43	0.43	0.27	0.22	0.27	0.30
Speed (mph)	64.7	64.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0
Density (pcphpl)	24.0	26.0	18.7	18.9	20.2	16.8	20.9	10.9	14.1	16.8	17.8	15.5	15.4	9.7	7.9	9.8	10.7
LOS	С	С	С	С	С	В	С	A	В	В	В	В	В	А	А	А	A
Calculate Operations for En	tering GP Lanes																
GP <sub>IN</sub> Vol (pcph)		3,328		2,432	2,434		2,719		1,399	3,043			3,009	1,896		1,637	
GP <sub>IN</sub> Cap (pcph)		4,700		4,700	4,700		4,700		4,700	7,050			7,050	7,050		7,050	
GP <sub>IN</sub> v/c ratio		0.71		0.52	0.52		0.58		0.30	0.43			0.43	0.27		0.23	
Calculate Operations for Ex	ting GP Lanes																
GP <sub>OUT</sub> Vol (pcph)		2,356		2,458	2,623		1,277			3,268			1,890	1,527		1,919	
GP <sub>OUT</sub> Cap (pcph)		4,700		4,700	4,700		4,700			7,050			7,050	7,050		7,050	
GP <sub>OUT</sub> v/c ratio		0.50		0.52	0.56		0.27			0.46			0.27	0.22		0.27	

### <> Express Lane (HOV)

Name	West of Prairie City Road	Prairie City Off Ramp	Between Prairie City Ramps	Prairie City On Ramp	Prairie City Ramp II	Prairie City to Scott Rd	Scott Rd Off Ramp	Between Scott Rd Ramps	Scott Rd On Ramp	Scott Rd On Ramp II	Scott Rd to Latrobe Rd I	Scott Rd to Latrobe Rd II	Latrobe Rd Off Ramp	Latrobe Rd Off Ramp II	Between Ramps	Latrobe Rd On Ramp	East of Latrobe Rd
Calculate Flow Rate in Exp	oress Lanes (EL)																
EL Volume (vph)	503	243	239	239	239	649	202	146	146	211	123	123	138	83	67	67	99
PHF	0.92	0.94	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.97	0.95	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.93	0.91	0.89
Express Lanes	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Terrain	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Grade	Grade	Grade	Level	Level	Level	Grade	Grade
Grade %	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	1.2%	1.9%	2.7%	1.5%	6.5%	6.0%	-2.2%	0.5%	0.0%	-1.5%	3.8%	4.4%
Grade Length (mi)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.95	0.28	0.45	0.17	0.28	0.53	0.80	0.28	0.16	0.38	0.28	1.70
Truck & Bus %	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	0.0%
RV %	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
E <sub>T</sub>	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	4.5	5.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	2.0	5.0
E <sub>R</sub>	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	6.0	6.0	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	2.5	4.5
f <sub>HV</sub>	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	0.990	0.990	0.990	0.980	1.000
f <sub>P</sub>	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
EL Flow (pcph)	547	258	249	249	249	669	213	157	157	227	133	133	151	91	73	75	111
EL Flow (pcphpl)	547	258	249	249	249	669	213	157	157	227	133	133	151	91	73	75	111
Calculate Speed in Expres	s Lanes																
Lane Width (ft)																	
Shoulder Width																	
TRD																	
f <sub>LW</sub>																	
f <sub>LC</sub>																	
Calc'd FFS																	
Measured FFS	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0
FFS	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65
Calculate Operations in Ex																	
EL <sub>IN</sub> v/c ratio	0.31	0.15	0.14	0.14	0.14	0.38	0.12	0.09	0.09	0.13	0.08	0.08	0.09	0.05	0.04	0.04	0.06
Calculate On Ramp Flow F	Rate																
On Volume (vph)				20	180				1,200	200						260	
PHF				0.8	0.96				0.9	0.9						0.93	
Total Lanes				1	1				1	1						1	
Terrain				Level	Level				Level	Level						Level	
Grade %				2.0%	2.0%				2.0%	2.0%						2.0%	
Grade Length (mi)				0.00	0.00				0.00	0.43						0.00	
Truck & Bus %				2.0%	2.0%				2.0%	2.0%						2.0%	
RV %				0.0%	0.0%				0.0%	0.0%						0.0%	
E <sub>T</sub>				1.5	1.5				1.5	1.5						1.5	
E <sub>R</sub>				1.2	1.2				1.2	1.2						1.2	
f <sub>HV</sub>				0.990	0.990				0.990	0.990						0.990	
f <sub>p</sub>				1.00	1.00				1.00	1.00						1.00	
On Flow (pcph)				25	189				1,347	224						282	
On Flow (pcphpl)				25	189				1,347	224						282	
Calculate On Ramp Roadv	way Operations																
On Ramp Type				Right	Right				Right	Right						Right	
On Ramp Speed (mph)				35	45				25	45						35	
				2,000	2,100				1,900	2,100						2,000	
On Ramp Cap (pcph) On Ramp v/c ratio				0.01	0.09				0.71	0.11						0.14	

### <> Express Lane (HOV)

Name	West of Prairie City Road	Prairie City Off Ramp	Between Prairie City Ramps	Prairie City On Ramp	Prairie City Ramp II	Prairie City to Scott Rd	Scott Rd Off Ramp	Between Scott Rd Ramps	Scott Rd On Ramp	Scott Rd On Ramp II	Scott Rd to Latrobe Rd I	Scott Rd to Latrobe Rd II	Latrobe Rd Off Ramp	Latrobe Rd Off Ramp II	Between Ramps	Latrobe Rd On Ramp	East of Latrobe F
ulate Off Ramp Flow	Rate																
Off Volume (vph)		770					1,285						1,030	340			
PHF		0.8					0.9						0.93	0.93			
Total Lanes		1					2						1	1			
Terrain		Level					Level						Level	Level			
Grade %		2.0%					2.0%						2.0%	2.0%			
Grade Length (mi)		0.00					0.36						0.00	0.00			
Truck & Bus %		2.0%					2.0%						2.0%	2.0%			
RV %		0.0%					0.0%						0.0%	0.0%			
E <sub>T</sub>		1.5					1.5						1.5	1.5			
E <sub>R</sub>		1.2					1.2						1.2	1.2			
f <sub>HV</sub>		0.990					0.990						0.990	0.990			
f∍		1.00					1.00						1.00	1.00			
Off Flow (pcph)		972					1,442						1,119	369			
Off Flow (pcphpl)		972					721						1,119	369			
on now (pepnpi)		3/2					722						2,222	303			
ate Off Ramp Road	way Operations																
Off Ramp Type	way Operations	Right					Right						Right	Right			
		35					40						кіgпt 35	25			
Off Ramp Speed ff Ramp Cap (pcph)		2,000					4,000						2,000	1,900			
		0.49					4,000 0.36						0.56	0.19			
Off Ramp v/c ratio		0.49					0.36						0.56	0.19			
	p for Three-Lane Mainline Segme	ents with One-Lane Ramps								_			_				
Up Type										On			On	Off		Off	
Up Distance										900			10,000	6,630		2,000	
Up Flow (pcph)										1,347			224	1,119		369	
Down Type										Off			Off	On		No	
Down Distance										5,800			2,000	2,000			
Down Flow (pcph)										1,119			282	282			
ulate Merge Influence	e Area Operations																
Effective v <sub>p</sub> (pcph)				2,432	2,434					3,043						1,637	
Up Ramp L <sub>EQ</sub>										1,294						-28	
Down Ramp L <sub>EQ</sub>										4,225							
P <sub>FM</sub> (Eqn 13-3)				0.586	0.612					0.618						0.586	
P <sub>FM</sub> (Eqn 13-4)																0.714	
P <sub>FM</sub> (Eqn 13-5)										0.599							
P <sub>FM</sub>				1.000	1.000					0.618						0.586	
v <sub>12</sub> (pcph)				2,432	2,434					1,881						959	
v <sub>3</sub> (pcph)										1,162						678	
v <sub>34</sub> (pcph)																	
v <sub>12a</sub> (pcph)				2,432	2,434					1,881						959	
v <sub>R12a</sub> (pcph)				2,458	2,623					2,105						1,241	
Nerge Speed Index				0.35	0.26					0.22						0.31	
Merge Area Speed				57.1	58.9					59.9						57.8	
Outer Lanes Volume										1,162						678	
Outer Lanes Speed										62.6						64.4	
Segment Speed				57.1	58.9					60.8						60.0	
Merge v/c ratio				0.53	0.57					0.46						0.27	
Merge Density				22.8	18.1					12.7						13.1	
				C C	B					В						13.1 B	
Merge LOS					В					В						8	

### <> Express Lane (HOV)

Name	West of Prairie City Road	Prairie City Off Ramp	Between Prairie City Ramps	Prairie City On Ramp	Prairie City Ramp II	Prairie City to Scott Rd	Scott Rd Off Ramp	Between Scott Rd Ramps	Scott Rd On Ramp	Scott Rd On Ramp II	Scott Rd to Latrobe Rd I	Scott Rd to Latrobe Rd II	Latrobe Rd Off Ramp	Latrobe Rd Off Ramp II	Between Ramps	Latrobe Rd On Ramp	East of Latrobe Rd
Calculate Diverge Influence	Area Operations																
Effective v <sub>P</sub> (pcph)		3,328					2,719						3,009	1,896			
Up Ramp L <sub>EQ</sub>													4,067	12,924			
Down Ramp L <sub>EQ</sub>													441	296			
P <sub>FD</sub> (Eqn 13-9)		0.632					0.626						0.633	0.696			
P <sub>FD</sub> (Eqn 13-10)													0.613				
P <sub>FD</sub> (Eqn 13-11)													0.570				
P <sub>FD</sub>		1.000					1.000						0.633	0.696			
v <sub>12</sub> (pcph)		3,328					2,719						2,316	1,432			
v <sub>3</sub> (pcph)													693	465			
v <sub>34</sub> (pcph)																	
v <sub>12a</sub> (pcph)		3,328					2,719						2,316	1,432			
Diverge Speed Index		0.52					0.49						0.53	0.59			
Diverge Area Speed		53.1					53.7						52.8	51.4			
Outer Lanes Volume													693	465			
Outer Lanes Speed													71.3	71.3			
Segment Speed		53.1					53.7						56.2	55.2			
Diverge v/c ratio		0.76					0.62						0.53	0.33			
Diverge Density		29.3					14.1						22.9	15.3			
Diverge LOS		D					В						С	В			

### Key <> Express Lane (HOV)

Name	West of Prairie City Road	Prairie City Off Ramp	Between Prairie City Ramps	Prairie City On Ramp	Prairie City Ramp II	Prairie City to Scott Rd	Scott Rd Off Ramp	Between Scott Rd Ramps	Scott Rd On Ramp	Scott Rd On Ramp II	Scott Rd to Latrobe Rd I	Scott Rd to Latrobe Rd II	Latrobe Rd Off Ramp	Latrobe Rd Off Ramp II	Between Ramps	Latrobe Rd On Ramp	East of Latrobe Rd
Summarize Segment Opera	ations																
Segment v/c ratio	0.66	0.76	0.52	0.53	0.57	0.47	0.62	0.30	0.39	0.46	0.49	0.43	0.53	0.33	0.22	0.27	0.30
Segment Density	24.0	29.3	18.7	22.8	18.1	16.8	14.1	10.9	14.1	12.7	17.8	15.5	22.9	15.3	7.9	13.1	10.7
Segment LOS	С	D	С	С	В	В	В	A	В	В	В	В	С	В	A	В	A
Over Capacity																	

Key
<> Express Lane (HOV)

No Trucks

Name	West of Prairie City Road	Prairie City Off Ramp	Between Prairie City Ramps	Prairie City On Ramp	Prairie City Ramp II	Prairie City to Scott Rd	Scott Rd Off Ramp	Between Scott Rd Ramps	Scott Rd On Ramp	Scott Rd On Ramp II	Scott Rd to Latrobe Rd I	Scott Rd to Latrobe Rd II	Latrobe Rd Off Ramp	Latrobe Rd Off Ramp II	Between Ramps	Latrobe Rd On Ramp	East of Latrobe Rd
efine Freeway Segment																	
Туре	Basic	Diverge	Basic	Merge	Merge	Basic	Diverge	Basic	Basic	Merge	Basic	Basic	Diverge	Diverge	Basic	Merge	Basic
Length (ft)	7,600	1,500	2,200	1,500	1,500	5,000	1,500	2,350	900	1,500	2,800	4,200	1,500	830	2,000	1,500	7,500
Accel Length				300	1,235					1,450						300	
Decel Length		400					1,500						140	140			
Mainline Volume	4,800	4,800	4,050	4,050	4,080	4,800	4,800	3,515	3,515	4,715	4,915	4,915	4,915	4,095	3,165	3,165	3,905
On Ramp Volume	,	,	,	30	720	7	,	-,	1,200	200	,, ,	, .	, .	7	-,	740	.,
Off Ramp Volume		750		••	.=+		1,285		-,=				820	930		1.0	
Express Lane Volume	1,204	759	764	764	774	713	640	622	622	624	502	502	538	449	344	344	410
EL On Ramp Volume	1,201	700	701	701	***	7.10	0.0	OLL.	022	021	302	002	000		0	0	110
EL Off Ramp Volume																	
EL Oil Hamp Volume					0.40	0.45	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.4	0.4	0.44	0.44	0.44	0.44	0.1
	0.25	0.16	0.19	0.19	0.19	0.15	0.13	0.18	0.18	0.13	0.1	0.1	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.1
alculate Flow Rate in General I			0.000	0.040		4.007	4.400		4 000	4004	4.440		4.077	2.040		0.504	0.405
GP Volume (vph)	3,596	4,041	3,286	3,316	4,026	4,087	4,160	2,893	4,093	4,291	4,413	4,413	4,377	3,646	2,821	3,561	3,495
PHF	0.98	0.99	0.99	0.96	0.94	0.91	0.95	0.98	0.98	0.97	0.97	0.97	0.97	0.97	0.98	0.98	0.98
GP Lanes	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Terrain	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Grade	Level	Grade	Grade	Grade	Level	Level	Level	Grade	Grade
Grade %	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	1.2%	1.9%	2.7%	1.5%	6.5%	6.0%	-2.2%	0.5%	0.0%	-1.5%	3.8%	4.4%
Grade Length (mi)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.95	0.28	0.45	0.17	0.28	0.53	0.80	0.28	0.16	0.38	0.28	1.70
Truck & Bus %	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%
RV %	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
E <sub>T</sub>	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	3.5	4.0	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	2.0	3.5
En	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	6.0	6.0	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	2.5	4.5
t <sub>HV</sub>	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.870	0.847	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.943	0.870
f <sub>P</sub>	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
GP Flow (pcph)	3,780	4,204	3,419	3,558	4,411	4,626	4,511	3,041	4,302	5,088	5,368	4,686	4,648	3,872	2,965	3,851	4,102
GP Flow (pcphpl)	1,890	2,102	1,709	1,779	2,206	2,313	2,255	1,520	1,434	1,696	1,789	1,562	1,549	1,291	988	1,284	1,367
Calculate Speed in General Purp	pose Lanes																
Lane Width (ft)																	
Shoulder Width																	
TRD																	
f <sub>LW</sub>																	
fuc																	
Calculated FFS																	
Measured FFS																	
FFS Curve	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65
Calculate Operations in General	Purpose Lanes																
v/c ratio	0.80	0.89	0.73	0.76	0.94	0.98	0.96	0.65	0.61	0.72	0.76	0.66	0.66	0.55	0.42	0.55	0.58
Speed (mph)	61.6	58.0	63.6	63.0	55.8	53.2	54.6	64.8	65.0	63.8	62.9	64.6	64.7	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0
Density (pcphpl)	30.7	36.2	26.9	28.3	39.5	43.5	41.3	23.5	22.1	26.6	28.5	24.2	23.9	19.9	15.2	19.8	21.0
LOS	D.	50.2 E	D D	D D	65.5 E	E	E E	C C	C	D	D D	C	C C	C C	D.E	C C	C
	_	_	D	В	_	_	_	· ·	C	Б	В	C	C		В		
Calculate Operations for Enterin	ng GP Lanes	4.004		2 526	2.054		4 511		2.070	4.004			4.640	2.070		2.000	
GP <sub>IN</sub> Vol (pcph)		4,204		3,526	3,654		4,511		3,078	4,884			4,648 7,050	3,872 7,050		3,089	
GP <sub>IN</sub> Cap (pcph)		4,700		4,700	4,700		4,700		4,700	7,050						7,050	
GP <sub>IN</sub> v/c ratio		0.89		0.75	0.78		0.96		0.65	0.69			0.66	0.55		0.44	
Calculate Operations for Exiting	GP Lanes																
GP <sub>OUT</sub> Vol (pcph)		3,415		3,558	4,411		3,200			5,088			3,802	2,913		3,851	
GP <sub>OUT</sub> Cap (pcph)		4,700		4,700	4,700		4,700			7,050			7,050	7,050		7,050	
GP <sub>OUT</sub> v/c ratio		0.73		0.76	0.94		0.68			0.72			0.54	0.41		0.55	

Fehr & Peers 10/23/2014

Key

West of Prairie City Road	Prairie City Off Ramp	Between Prairie City Ramps	Prairie City On Ramp	Prairie City Ramp II	Prairie City to Scott Rd	Scott Rd Off Ramp	Between Scott Rd Ramps	Scott Rd On Ramp	Scott Rd On Ramp II	Scott Rd to Latrobe Rd I	Scott Rd to Latrobe Rd II	Latrobe Rd Off Ramp	Latrobe Rd Off Ramp II	Between Ramps	Latrobe Rd On Ramp	East of Latrobe Rd
Lanes (EL)																
1,204	759	764	764	774	713	640	622	622	624	502	502	538	449	344	344	410
0.98	0.99	0.99	0.96	0.94	0.91	0.95	0.98	0.98	0.97	0.97	0.97	0.97	0.97	0.98	0.98	0.98
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Grade	Level	Grade	Grade	Grade	Level	Level	Level	Grade	Grade
																4.4%
																1.70
																0.0%
																0.0%
																5.0
																4.5
																1.000
																1.00 418
																418
1,220	707	112	790	024	763	0/3	033	033	043	316	310	300	400	333	336	410
es																
65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0
65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65
Lanes																
0.70	0.44	0.44	0.45	0.47	0.45	0.38	0.36	0.36	0.37	0.30	0.30	0.32	0.27	0.20	0.20	0.24
			•												·	
			0.990	0.990				0.990	0.990						0.990	
			1.00	1.00				1.00	1.00						1.00	
			32	758				1,224	204						763	
			32	758				1,224	204						763	
perations																
			Right	Right				Right	Right						Right	
			35	45				25	45						35	
			2,000	2,100				1,900	2,100						2,000	
s	1,204 0,98 1 Level 0,0% 0,00 0,0% 1,5 1,2 1,000 1,00 1,228 1,228	1,204	1,204	1,204	Lenes	1,204	1,004 759 764 764 774 713 640 0.98 0.98 0.99 0.99 0.99 0.99 0.99 0.9			1,000   1,00	1948   792	1594   794   794   794   794   793   794   793   794   794   793   794   794   793   794	1-10   1-10	1-96   1-96	1.24	Color   Colo

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1	٧o	Tn	uck	s		

Name	West of Prairie City Road	Prairie City Off Ramp	Between Prairie City Ramps	Prairie City On Ramp	Prairie City Ramp II	Prairie City to Scott Rd	Scott Rd Off Ramp	Between Scott Rd Ramps	Scott Rd On Ramp	Scott Rd On Ramp II	Scott Rd to Latrobe Rd I	Scott Rd to Latrobe Rd II	Latrobe Rd Off Ramp	Latrobe Rd Off Ramp II	Between Ramps	Latrobe Rd On Ramp	East of Latrobe Rd
ulate Off Ramp Flow Rate																	
Off Volume (vph)		750					1,285						820	930			
PHF		0.96					0.99						0.98	0.98			
Total Lanes		1					2						1	1			
Terrain		Level					Level						Level	Level			
Grade %		2.0%					2.0%						2.0%	2.0%			
Grade Length (mi)		0.00					0.36						0.00	0.00			
Truck & Bus %		2.0%					2.0%						2.0%	2.0%			
RV %		0.0%					0.0%						0.0%	0.0%			
E <sub>T</sub>		1.5					1.5						1.5	1.5			
ER		1.2					1.2						1.2	1.2			
f <sub>HV</sub>		0.990					0.990						0.990	0.990			
t <sub>e</sub>		1.00					1.00						1.00	1.00			
Off Flow (pcph)		789					1,311						845	958			
Off Flow (pophpl)		789					655						845	958			
Oil Flow (popripi)		703					033						043	330			
Iculate Off Ramp Roadway Op	nerations																
	perations	Right					Right						Right	Right			
Off Ramp Type																	
Off Ramp Speed		35					40						35	25			
Off Ramp Cap (pcph)		2,000					4,000						2,000	1,900			
Off Ramp v/c ratio		0.39					0.33						0.42	0.50			
etermine Adjacent Ramp for Ti	hree-Lane Mainline Segments with One	-Lane Ramps															
Up Type										On			On	Off		Off	
Up Distance										900			10,000	6,630		2,000	
Up Flow (pcph)										1,224			204	845		958	
Down Type										Off			Off	On		No	
Down Distance										5,800			2,000	2,000			
Down Flow (pcph)										845			763	763			
alculate Merge Influence Area	Operations																
Effective v <sub>P</sub> (pcph)				3,526	3,654					4,884						3,089	
Up Ramp L <sub>EQ</sub>										1,684						386	
Down Ramp L <sub>EQ</sub>										3,192							
P <sub>FM</sub> (Eqn 13-3)				0.586	0.612					0.618						0.586	
P <sub>FM</sub> (Eqn 13-4)																0.688	
P <sub>FM</sub> (Eqn 13-5)										0.587							
P <sub>PM</sub>				1.000	1.000					0.618						0.586	
v <sub>12</sub> (pcph)				3,526	3,654					3,019						1,810	
v <sub>3</sub> (pcph)				0,020	0,001					1,865						1,279	
										1,000						1,275	
v <sub>34</sub> (pcph)				3,526	3,654					3,019						1,810	
V <sub>12a</sub> (pcph)																	
V <sub>R12a</sub> (pcph)				3,558	4,411					3,223						2,572	
Merge Speed Index				0.44	0.53					0.29						0.35	
Merge Area Speed				55.0	52.8					58.4						56.9	
Outer Lanes Volume										1,865						1,279	
Outer Lanes Speed										60.1						62.2	
Segment Speed				55.0	52.8					59.0						58.6	
Merge v/c ratio				0.77	0.96					0.70						0.56	
Merge Density				31.3	31.8					21.4						23.3	
Merge LOS				D	D					С						С	

Key
<> Express Lane (HOV)

Name	West of Prairie City Road	Prairie City Off Ramp	Between Prairie City Ramps	Prairie City On Ramp	Prairie City Ramp II	Prairie City to Scott Rd	Scott Rd Off Ramp	Between Scott Rd Ramps	Scott Rd On Ramp	Scott Rd On Ramp II	Scott Rd to Latrobe Rd I	Scott Rd to Latrobe Rd II	Latrobe Rd Off Ramp	Latrobe Rd Off Ramp II	Between Ramps	Latrobe Rd On Ramp	East of Latrobe Rd
Calculate Diverge Influence Ar	ea Operations																
Effective v <sub>P</sub> (pcph)		4,204					4,511						4,648	3,872			
Up Ramp L <sub>EQ</sub>													1,795	9,691			
Down Ramp L <sub>EQ</sub>													1,106	1,134			
P <sub>FD</sub> (Eqn 13-9)		0.619					0.587						0.605	0.619			
P <sub>FD</sub> (Eqn 13-10)													0.548				
P <sub>FD</sub> (Eqn 13-11)													0.566				
P <sub>FD</sub>		1.000					1.000						0.605	0.619			
v <sub>12</sub> (pcph)		4,204					4,511						3,145	2,762			
v <sub>3</sub> (pcph)													1,502	1,110			
v <sub>34</sub> (pcph)																	
V <sub>12s</sub> (pcph)		4,204					4,511						3,145	2,762			
Diverge Speed Index		0.50					0.48						0.50	0.64			
Diverge Area Speed		53.5					53.9						53.4	50.2			
Outer Lanes Volume													1,502	1,110			
Outer Lanes Speed													69.3	70.9			
Segment Speed		53.5					53.9						57.7	54.8			
Diverge v/c ratio		0.96					1.03						0.71	0.63			
Diverge Density		36.8					29.5						30.0	26.7			
Diverge LOS		E					F						D	C			

Key

Name	West of Prairie City Road	Prairie City Off Ramp	Between Prairie City Ramps	Prairie City On Ramp	Prairie City Ramp II	Prairie City to Scott Rd	Scott Rd Off Ramp	Between Scott Rd Ramps	Scott Rd On Ramp	Scott Rd On Ramp II	Scott Rd to Latrobe Rd I	Scott Rd to Latrobe Rd II	Latrobe Rd Off Ramp	Latrobe Rd Off Ramp II	Between Ramps	Latrobe Rd On Ramp	East of Latrobe Rd
Summarize Segment Operation	ns																<u> </u>
Segment v/c ratio	0.80	0.96	0.73	0.77	0.96	0.98	1.03	0.65	0.61	0.70	0.76	0.66	0.71	0.63	0.42	0.56	0.58
Segment Density	30.7	36.8	26.9	31.3	31.8	43.5		23.5	22.1	21.4	28.5	24.2	30.0	26.7	15.2	23.3	21.0
Segment LOS	D	E	D	D	D	E	F	С	С	С	D	С	D	С	В	С	С
Over Capacity							Diverge										

> Express Lane (HO' No Trucks

Name	East of El Dorado Hills Blvd	El Dorado Hills Blvd Off-Ramp	Between Ramps	El Dorado Hills Blvd On-Ramp	El Dorado Hills Blvd to E. Bidwell I	El Dorado Hills Blvd to E. Bidwell II	E. Bidwell St Off-Ramp	Between E. Bidwell St Ramps	E. Bidwell St Loop On-Ramp	E. Bidwell St On-Ramp	US 50 west of E. Bidwell St	Prairie City Off-Ramp	Between Prairie City Ramps	Prairie City Loop On Ramp	Prairie City Slip On Ramp	West of Prairie City Ramps
Define Freeway Se	egment															
Туре	Basic	Diverge	Basic	Merge	Basic	Basic	Diverge	Basic	Merge	Basic	Basic	Diverge	Basic	Merge	Merge	Basic
Length (ft)	7,500	1,500	3,500	1,500	4,200	2,800	1,500	2,150	1,280	1,900	4,890	1,500	1,900	1,600	1,500	8,040
Accel Length				1,155					300					300	1,330	
Decel Length		140					1,270					140				
Mainline Volume	3,840	3,840	2,880	2,880	4,490	4,490	4,490	3,390	3,390	3,560	4,450	4,450	3,780	3,780	3,840	4,570
On Ramp Volume				1,610					170	890				60	730	
Off Ramp Volume		960					1,100					670				
Express Lane Volume	367	407	303	303	598	598	551	550	550	570	599	632	636	636	602	1,350
EL On Ramp Volume																
EL Off Ramp Volume																
	0.1	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.13	0.13	0.12	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.13	0.14	0.17	0.17	0.16	0.3
Calculate Flow Rat	te in General Purpose Lane:		•	•												
GP Volume (vph)	3,473	3,433	2,577	4,187	3,892	3,892	3,939	2,840	3,010	3,880	3,851	3,818	3,144	3,204	3,968	3,220
PHF	0.89	0.91	0.93	0.94	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.95	0.94	0.94	0.93	0.95	0.97	0.98	0.98	0.99
GP Lanes	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	2
Terrain	Grade	Grade	Level	Level	Grade	Grade	Grade	Grade	Grade	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level
Grade %	-4.4%	-3.8%	1.5%	0.0%	2.2%	-6.0%	-6.5%	-2.1%	-2.8%	-1.8%	-1.2%	-1.8%	-1.2%	1.8%	1.8%	1.8%
Grade Length (mi)	1.70	0.28	0.38	0.28	0.80	1.19	0.28	0.41	0.24	0.28	1.00	0.28	0.28	0.28	0.28	0.28
Truck & Bus %	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%
RV %	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Eτ	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
E <sub>R</sub>	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	3.0	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2
f <sub>HV</sub>	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971
f₽	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
GP Flow (pcph)	4,020	3,886	2,854	4,588	4,176	4,176	4,226	3,079	3,298	4,252	4,265	4,140	3,339	3,368	4,171	3,350
GP Flow (pcphpl)	2,010	1,943	1,427	2,294	2,088	2,088	2,113	1,540	1,649	1,417	2,133	2,070	1,669	1,684	2,085	1,675
													•			
Calculate Speed in	General Purpose Lanes															
Lane Width (ft)	12	12		12	12	12	12									
Shoulder Width	>6	>6		>6	>6	>6	>6									
TRD	1.5	1.5		1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5									
f <sub>LW</sub>	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0									
f <sub>LC</sub>	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0									
Calculated FFS	70.9	70.9		70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9									
Measured FFS	70.0	70.0		70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0									
FFS Curve	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65
		ļ							1				1		Í	1
	ons in General Purpose Land		0.04	0.00		0.00	0.00		0.70	0.00	0.04	0.00	0.74	0.70	0.00	0.74
v/c ratio	0.86	0.83	0.61	0.98	0.89	0.89	0.90	0.66	0.70	0.60	0.91	0.88	0.71	0.72	0.89	0.71
Speed (mph)	59.7	60.8	65.0	53.7	58.3	58.3	57.8	64.7	64.1	65.0	57.4	58.6	64.0	63.9	58.3	63.9
Density (pcphpl)	33.6	31.9	22.0	42.7	35.8	35.8	36.6	23.8	25.7	21.8	37.2	35.3	26.1	26.4	35.7	26.2
LOS	D	D	С	Е	E	Е	E	С	С	С	E	Е	D	D	Е	D
	ns for Entering GP Lanes															
GP <sub>IN</sub> Vol (pcph)		3,886		2,839			4,226		3,114	3,285		4,140		3,299	3,402	
GP <sub>IN</sub> Cap (pcph)		4,700		4,700			4,700		4,700	4,700		4,700		4,700	4,700	
GP <sub>IN</sub> v/c ratio		0.83		0.60			0.90		0.66	0.70		0.88		0.70	0.72	
	ns for Exiting GP Lanes	0.610		4.500			0.001		0.000	4.050		0.674		0.000	4.5.	
GP <sub>OUT</sub> Vol (pcph)		2,843		4,588			3,031		3,298	4,252		3,371		3,368	4,171	
GP <sub>OUT</sub> Cap (pcph)		4,700		4,700			4,700		4,700	4,700		4,700		4,700	4,700	
GP <sub>OUT</sub> v/c ratio		0.60		0.98			0.64		0.70	0.90		0.72		0.72	0.89	
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Key
> Express Lane (HO'
No Trucks

Name E	ast of El Dorado Hills	Blvd El Dorado Hills Blvd Off-Ramp	Between Ramps	El Dorado Hills Blvd On-Ram	p El Dorado Hills Blvd to E. Bidwell I	El Dorado Hills Blvd to E. Bidwell II	E. Bidwell St Off-Ramp	Between E. Bidwell St Ramps	E. Bidwell St Loop On-Ramp	E. Bidwell St On-Ramp	US 50 west of E. Bidwell St	Prairie City Off-Ramp	Between Prairie City Ramp	s Prairie City Loop On Ramp	Prairie City Slip On Ramp	West of Prairie City Ramps
Calculate Flow Rate	in Express Lanes (El	L)														
EL Volume (vph)	367	407	303	303	598	598	551	550	550	570	599	632	636	636	602	1,350
PHF	0.89	0.91	0.93	0.94	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.95	0.94	0.94	0.93	0.95	0.97	0.98	0.98	0.99
Express Lanes	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Terrain	Grade	Grade	Level	Level	Grade	Grade	Grade	Grade	Grade	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level
Grade %	-4.4%	-3.8%	1.5%	0.0%	2.2%	-6.0%	-6.5%	-2.1%	-2.8%	-1.8%	-1.2%	-1.8%	-1.2%	1.8%	1.8%	1.8%
Grade Length (mi)	1.7	0.28	0.38	0.28	0.8	1.19	0.28	0.41	0.24	0.28	1	0.28	0.28	0.28	0.28	0.28
Truck & Bus %	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
RV %	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
E <sub>T</sub>	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	2.0	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
E <sub>R</sub>	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	3.0	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2
f <sub>HV</sub>	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
f <sub>P</sub>	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
EL Flow (pcph)	412	447	326	323	623	623	574	579	585	606	644	665	656	649	614	1,364
EL Flow (pcphpl)	412	447	326	323	623	623	574	579	585	606	644	665	656	649	614	1,364
Calculate Speed in E	xpress Lanes															
Lane Width (ft)	12	12		12	12	12	12									
Shoulder Width	>6	>6		>6	>6	>6	>6									
TRD	1.5	1.5	0.0	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	0.0	0.0	0.0						
f <sub>LW</sub>	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0									
f <sub>LC</sub>	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0									
Calc'd FFS	70.9	70.9		70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9									
Measured FFS										65.0	65.0					
FFS	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65
									İ				i	1	İ	i i
Calculate Operations																
EL <sub>IN</sub> v/c ratio	0.24	0.26	0.19	0.18	0.36	0.36	0.33	0.33	0.33	0.35	0.37	0.38	0.37	0.37	0.35	0.78
									1				1	1	ſ	1
On Volume (vph)	low Hate			1,610					470	000				00	700	
PHF				0.93					170 0.93	890 0.93				60 0.88	730 0.96	
Total Lanes				0.93					0.93	0.93				0.88	0.96	
Terrain									·					·		
Grade %				Level 2.0%					Level 2.0%	Level 2.0%				Level 2.0%	Level 0.0%	
Grade Length (mi)				0.00					0.33	0.47				0.00	0.00	
Truck & Bus %				2.0%					2.0%	2.0%				2.0%	2.0%	
RV %				0.0%					0.0%	0.0%				0.0%	0.0%	
E <sub>T</sub>				1.5					1.5	1.5				1.5	1.5	
E <sub>R</sub>				1.2					1.2	1.2				1.2	1.2	
f <sub>HV</sub>				0.990					0.990	0.990				0.990	0.990	
f <sub>n</sub>				1.00					1.00	1.00				1.00	1.00	
On Flow (pcph)				1,748					185	967				69	768	
On Flow (pcphpl)				1,748					185	967				69	768	
(h-h-,h-)				, .												
Calculate On Ramp F	Roadway Operations								1							
On Ramp Type	,			Right					Right	Right				Right	Right	
n Ramp Speed (mpl				35					25	45				25	35	
On Ramp Cap (pcph				2,000					1,900	2,100				1,900	2,000	
On Ramp v/c ratio				0.87					0.10	0.46				0.04	0.38	
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Key
> Express Lane (HO'
No Trucks

_	East of El Dorado Hills Blvd	El Dorado Hills Blvd Off-Ramp	Between Ramps	El Dorado Hills Blvd On-Ramp	El Dorado Hills Blvd to E. Bidwell I	El Dorado Hills Blvd to E. Bidwell II	E. Bidwell St Off-Ramp	Between E. Bidwell St Ramps	E. Bidwell St Loop On-Ramp	E. Bidwell St On-Ramp	US 50 west of E. Bidwell St	Prairie City Off-Ramp	Between Prairie City Ramps	Prairie City Loop On Ramp	Prairie City Slip On Ramp	West of Prairie City Ramp
Calculate Off Ramp	Flow Rate															
Off Volume (vph)		960					1,100					670				
PHF		0.93					0.93					0.88				
Total Lanes		1					2					1				
Terrain		Level					Level					Level				
Grade %		2.0%					2.0%					2.0%				
Grade Length (mi)		0.00					0.31					0.00				
Truck & Bus %		2.0%					2.0%					2.0%				
RV %		0.0%					0.0%					0.0%				
Eτ		1.5					1.5					1.5				
E <sub>R</sub>		1.2					1.2					1.2				
f <sub>HV</sub>		0.990					0.990					0.990				
f <sub>P</sub>		1.00					1.00					1.00				
Off Flow (pcph)		1,043					1,195					769				
Off Flow (pcphpl)		1,043					597					769				
Calculate Off Ramp	Roadway Operations												1			1
Off Ramp Type		Right					Right					Right				
Off Ramp Speed		25					40					40				
Off Ramp Cap (pcph		1,900					4,000					2,000				
Off Ramp v/c ratio		0.55					0.30					0.38				
on than proton																
Determine Adjacent	Ramp for Three-Lane Mainl	line Seaments with One-I a											ĺ			1
Up Type	Trainprof Trifee-Lane Main	ine deginents with one-La														
Up Distance																
Up Flow (pcph)																
Down Type																
Down Distance																
Down Flow (pcph)																
Down now (popin)																
Calculate Merge Infl	luence Area Operations							l					I	İ	1	I
Effective v <sub>P</sub> (pcph)	dence Area Operations			2,839					3,114					3,299	3,402	
Up Ramp L <sub>EQ</sub>				2,000					0,114					0,233	0,402	
Down Ramp L <sub>EQ</sub>																
P <sub>FM</sub> (Eqn 13-3)				0.610					0.586					0.586	0.615	
P <sub>FM</sub> (Eqn 13-4)				0.010					0.300					0.000	0.013	
P <sub>FM</sub> (Eqn 13-5)																
P <sub>FM</sub> (Eqti 13-5)				1.000					1.000					1.000	1.000	
V <sub>12</sub> (pcph)				2,839					3,114					3,299	3,402	
				2,009					5,114					3,299	3,402	
v <sub>3</sub> (pcph)																
v <sub>34</sub> (pcph)				2,839					3,114					3,299	3,402	
v <sub>12a</sub> (pcph)				2,839 4,588										3,299	3,402 4,171	
V <sub>R12a</sub> (pcph)				4,588 0.62					3,298							
Merge Speed Index									0.41					0.42	0.48	
Merge Area Speed				50.7					55.5					55.4	54.0	
Outer Lanes Volume																
Outer Lanes Speed																
Segment Speed				50.7					55.5					55.4	54.0	
Merge v/c ratio				1.00					0.72					0.73	0.91	
Merge Density				33.2					29.2					29.8	29.3	
Merge LOS				D					D					D	D	

Key
> Express Lane (HO'

Name	East of El Dorado Hills Blvd El Dorado Hills	Blvd Off-Ramp Between Ramps	El Dorado Hills Blvd On-Ramp El Dorado Hills Blvd to E. Bidwell I	El Dorado Hills Blvd to E. Bidwell II	E. Bidwell St Off-Ramp	Between E. Bidwell St Ramps	E. Bidwell St Loop On-Ramp	E. Bidwell St On-Ramp	US 50 west of E. Bidwell St	Prairie City Off-Ramp	Between Prairie City Ramps	Prairie City Loop On Ramp	Prairie City Slip On Ramp	West of Prairie City Ramps
Calculate Diverge	e Influence Area Operations													
Effective v <sub>P</sub> (pcph	3,	886			4,226					4,140				
Up Ramp $L_{EQ}$														
Down Ramp L <sub>EQ</sub>														
P <sub>FD</sub> (Eqn 13-9)	0.0	615			0.599					0.621				
P <sub>FD</sub> (Eqn 13-10)														
P <sub>FD</sub> (Eqn 13-11)														
$P_{FD}$	1.0	000			1.000					1.000				
v <sub>12</sub> (pcph)	3,	886			4,226					4,140				
v <sub>3</sub> (pcph)														
v <sub>34</sub> (pcph)														
v <sub>12a</sub> (pcph)	3,	886			4,226					4,140				
Diverge Speed Inde	es 0.	.65			0.47					0.43				
Diverge Area Spee	ed 5	0.0			54.2					55.1				
Outer Lanes Volum	ne													
Outer Lanes Spee	ed .													
Segment Speed	5	0.0			54.2					55.1				
Diverge v/c ratio	0.	.88			0.96					0.94				
Diverge Density	3	6.4			29.2					38.6				
Diverge LOS		E			D					Е				

Key

> Express Lane (HO' No Trucks

Name	East of El Dorado Hills Blvd	El Dorado Hills Blvd Off-Ramp	Between Ramps	El Dorado Hills Blvd On-Ramp	El Dorado Hills Blvd to E. Bidwell I	El Dorado Hills Blvd to E. Bidwell II	E. Bidwell St Off-Ramp	Between E. Bidwell St Ramps	E. Bidwell St Loop On-Ramp	E. Bidwell St On-Ramp	US 50 west of E. Bidwell St	Prairie City Off-Ramp	Between Prairie City Ramps	Prairie City Loop On Ramp	Prairie City Slip On Ramp	West of Prairie City Ramps
Summarize Segm	nent Operations															
Segment v/c ratio	0.86	0.88	0.61	1.00	0.89	0.89	0.96	0.66	0.72	0.60	0.91	0.94	0.71	0.73	0.91	0.71
Segment Density	33.6	36.4	22.0	33.2	35.8	35.8	29.2	23.8	29.2	21.8	37.2	38.6	26.1	29.8	29.3	26.2
Segment LOS	D	E	С	D	E	E	D	С	D	С	E	E	D	D	D	D
Over Capacity																
													·			

-> Express Lane (HOV)

	Last of Li Dorado Tillis Diva	El Dorado Hills Blvd Off-Ramp	Between Ramps	El Dorado Hills Biva On-Hamp	El Dorado Hills Blvd to E. Bidwell I	El Dorado Hills Blvd to E. Bidwell II	E. Bidwell St Off-Ramp	Between E. Bidwell St Ramps	E. Bidwell St Loop On-Ramp	E. Bidwell St On-Ramp	US 50 west of E. Bidwell St	Prairie City Off-Ramp	Between Prairie City Ramps	Prairie City Loop On Ramp	Prairie City Slip On Ramp	West of Prairie City Ramps
Define Freeway Segment																
Туре	Basic	Diverge	Basic	Merge	Basic	Basic	Diverge	Basic	Merge	Basic	Basic	Diverge	Basic	Merge	Merge	Basic
Length (ft)	7,500	1,500	3,500	1,500	4,200	2,800	1,500	2,150	1,280	1,900	4,890	1,500	1,900	1,600	1,500	8,040
Accel Length				1,155					300					300	1,330	
Decel Length		140					1,270					140				
Mainline Volume	2,310	2,310	1,750	1,750	3,290	3,290	3,290	2,220	2,220	2,420	3,150	3,150	2,770	2,770	2,810	3,540
On Ramp Volume				1,540					200	730				40	730	
Off Ramp Volume		560					1,070					380				
Express Lane Volume	242	181	135	135	320	320	298	298	298	309	684	347	348	348	351	718
EL On Ramp Volume																
EL Off Ramp Volume								0.40	0.40	0.40	0.00	0.11	0.40	0.40	0.40	
Calculate Flow Rate in General Purpos	0.1	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.1	0.1	0.09	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.22	0.11	0.13	0.13	0.12	0.2
GP Volume (vph)	2,068	2,129	1,615	3,155	2,970	2,970	2,992	1,922	2,122	2,841	2,466	2,803	2,422	2,462	3,189	2,822
PHF	0.84	0.86	0.88	0.89	0.91	0.91	0.92	0.92	0.94	0.96	0.98	0.96	0.93	0.93	0.92	0.92
GP Lanes	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	2
Terrain	Grade	Grade	Level	Level	Grade	Grade	Grade	Grade	Grade	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level
Grade %	-4.4%	-3.8%	1.5%	0.0%	2.2%	-6.0%	-6.5%	-2.1%	-2.8%	-1.8%	-1.2%	-1.8%	-1.2%	1.8%	1.8%	1.8%
Grade Length (ml)	1.70	0.28	0.38	0.28	0.80	1.19	0.28	0.41	0.24	0.28	1.00	0.28	0.28	0.28	0.28	0.28
Truck & Bus %	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%
RV %	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
E <sub>T</sub>	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
E <sub>R</sub>	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	3.0	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2
fee	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971
t <sub>p</sub>	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
GP Flow (pcph)	2,535	2,549	1,890	3,651	3,361	3,361	3,349	2,152	2,325	3,048	2,592	3,008	2,683	2,727	3,570	3,159
GP Flow (pcphpl)	1,268	1,275	945	1,826	1,681	1,681	1,675	1,076	1,163	1,016	1,296	1,504	1,341	1,363	1,785	1,579
Calculate Speed in General Purpose La													1	I		1
Lane Width (ft)	12	12		12	12	12	12									
Shoulder Width	>6	>6		>6	>6	>6	>6									
TRD	1.5	1.5		1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5									
f <sub>LW</sub>	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0									
t <sub>LC</sub>	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0									
Calculated FFS	70.9	70.9		70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9									
Measured FFS	70.0	70.0		70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0									
FFS Curve	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65
													1	II.		
Calculate Operations in General Purpo																
v/c ratio	0.54	0.54	0.40	0.78	0.72	0.72	0.71	0.46	0.49	0.43	0.55	0.64	0.57	0.58	0.76	0.67
Speed (mph)	65.0	65.0	65.0	62.4	63.9	63.9	63.9	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	64.8	65.0	65.0	62.9	64.5
Density (pcphpl)	19.5 C	19.6 C	14.5 B	29.2 D	26.3 D	26.3 D	26.2 D	16.6 B	17.9 B	15.6 B	19.9 C	23.2 C	20.6 C	21.0 C	28.4 D	24.5 C
LOS  Calculate Operations for Entering GP I	_	C	В	D	U	U	U	В	В	В	C	C		C	U	
GP <sub>N</sub> Vol (pcph)	Luics	2,549		2,064			3,349		2,115	2,280		3,008		2,685	2,802	
GP <sub>IN</sub> Cap (pcph)		4,700		4,700			4,700		4,700	4,700		4,700		4,700	4,700	
GP <sub>IN</sub> v/c ratio		0.54		0.44			0.71		0.45	0.49		0.64		0.57	0.60	
Calculate Operations for Exiting GP La	Lanes															
GP <sub>OUT</sub> Vol (pcph)		1,972		3,651			2,224		2,325	3,048		2,608		2,727	3,570	
GP <sub>OUT</sub> Cap (pcph)		4,700		4,700			4,700		4,700	4,700		4,700		4,700	4,700	
GP <sub>OUT</sub> v/c ratio		0.42		0.78			0.47		0.49	0.65		0.55		0.58	0.76	

2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16

<> Express Lane (HOV) No Trucks

Name		El Dorado Hills Blvd Off-Ramp	Between Ramps	El Dorado Hills Blvd On-Ram	p El Dorado Hills Blvd to E. Bidwell I	El Dorado Hills Blvd to E. Bidwell II	E. Bidwell St Off-Ramp	Between E. Bidwell St Ramps	E. Bidwell St Loop On-Ramp	E. Bidwell St On-Ramp	US 50 west of E. Bidwell St	Prairie City Off-Ramp	Between Prairie City Ramps	Prairie City Loop On Ramp	Prairie City Slip On Ramp	West of Prairie City Ran
Calculate Flow Rate in Express I	1															
EL Volume (vph)	242	181	135	135	320	320	298	298	298	309	684	347	348	348	351	718
PHF	0.84	0.86	0.88	0.89	0.91	0.91	0.92	0.92	0.94	0.96	0.98	0.96	0.93	0.93	0.92	0.92
Express Lanes	1	1		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Terrain	Grade	Grade	Level	Level	Grade	Grade	Grade	Grade	Grade	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level
Grade %	-4.4%	-3.8%	1.5%	0.0%	2.2%	-6.0%	-6.5%	-2.1%	-2.8%	-1.8%	-1.2%	-1.8%	-1.2%	1.8%	1.8%	1.8%
Grade Length (mi)	1.7	0.28	0.38	0.28	0.8	1.19	0.28	0.41	0.24	0.28	1	0.28	0.28	0.28	0.28	0.28
Truck & Bus %	0.0%	0.0% 0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
F-	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	2.0	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
E <sub>7</sub>	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	3.0	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2
	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
f <sub>e</sub>	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
EL Flow (pcph)	289	211	153	152	352	352	324	324	317	322	698	361	374	374	382	781
EL Flow (pcphpl)	289	211	153	152	352	352	324	324	317	322	698	361	374	374	382	781
Calculate Speed in Express Lane	es															
Lane Width (ft)	12	12		12	12	12	12									
Shoulder Width	>6	>6		>6	>6	>6	>6									
TRD	1.5	1.5	0.0	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	0.0	0.0	0.0						
f <sub>LW</sub>	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0									
1 <sub>LC</sub>	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0									
Calc'd FFS	70.9	70.9		70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9									
Measured FFS										65.0	65.0					
FFS	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65
									1				T.	i i		ı
Calculate Operations in Express																
EL <sub>IN</sub> v/c ratio	0.16	0.12	0.09	0.09	0.20	0.20	0.19	0.19	0.18	0.18	0.40	0.21	0.21	0.21	0.22	0.45
Calculate On Ramp Flow Rate									1				i .	İ		ĺ
On Volume (vph)				1,540					200	730				40	730	
PHF				0.98					0.96	0.96				0.96	0.96	
Total Lanes				1					1	1				1	1	
Terrain				Level					Level	Level				Level	Level	
Grade %				2.0%					2.0%	2.0%				2.0%	2.0%	
Grade Length (mi)				0.00					0.33	0.47				0.00	0.00	
Truck & Bus %				2.0%					2.0%	2.0%				2.0%	2.0%	
RV %				0.0%					0.0%	0.0%				0.0%	0.0%	
E <sub>T</sub>				1.5					1.5	1.5				1.5	1.5	
E <sub>R</sub>				1.2					1.2	1.2				1.2	1.2	
f <sub>rev</sub>				0.990					0.990	0.990				0.990	0.990	
f <sub>P</sub>				1.00					1.00	1.00				1.00	1.00	
On Flow (pcph)				1,587					210	768				42	768	
On Flow (pcphpl)				1,587					210	768				42	768	
									1				1	,		1
Calculate On Ramp Roadway Op	perations															
				Right					Right	Right				Right	Right	
On Ramp Type									25	45				٥٢	35	
				35										25		
On Ramp Type				35 2,000 0.79					1,900 0.11	2,100 0.37				1,900 0.02	2,000	

⇔ Express Lane (HOV)

Name	East of El Dorado Hills Blvd	El Dorado Hills Blvd Off-Ramp	Between Ramps	El Dorado Hills Blvd On-Ramp	El Dorado Hills Blvd to E. Bidwell I	El Dorado Hills Blvd to E. Bidwell II	E. Bidwell St Off-Ramp	Between E. Bidwell St Ramps	E. Bidwell St Loop On-Ramp	E. Bidwell St On-Ramp	US 50 west of E. Bidwell St	Prairie City Off-Ramp	Between Prairie City Ramps	Prairie City Loop On Ramp	Prairie City Slip On Ramp	West of Prairie City Ramps
Calculate Off Ramp Flow Rate			·				·			·						
Off Volume (vph)		560					1,070					380				
PHF		0.98					0.96					0.96				
Total Lanes		1					2					1				
Terrain		Level					Level					Level				
Grade %		2.0%					2.0%					2.0%				
Grade Length (mi)		0.00					0.31					0.00				
Truck & Bus %		2.0%					2.0%					2.0%				
RV %		0.0%					0.0%					0.0%				
Ε <sub>γ</sub>		1.5					1.5					1.5				
En		1.2 0.990					1.2					1.2 0.990				
t <sub>rev</sub>		1.00					0.990 1.00					1.00				
Off Flow (pcph)		577					1,126					400				
Off Flow (pophpl)		577					563					400				
annia (papapa)		017					000					100				
Calculate Off Ramp Roadway Ope	rations															
Off Ramp Type		Right					Right					Right				
Off Ramp Speed		25					40					40				
Off Ramp Cap (pcph)		1,900					4,000					2,000				
Off Ramp v/c ratio		0.30					0.28					0.20				
								,					1		i	1
	ee-Lane Mainline Segments with One-Lar	ne Ramps														
Up Type																
Up Distance																
Up Flow (pcph)																
Down Type																
Down Distance  Down Flow (pcph)																
Dominion (popin)																
Calculate Merge Influence Area Op	perations															
Effective v <sub>p</sub> (pcph)				2,064					2,115					2,685	2,802	
Up Ramp L <sub>EQ</sub>																
Down Ramp L <sub>EQ</sub>																
P <sub>FM</sub> (Eqn 13-3)				0.610					0.586					0.586	0.615	
P <sub>FM</sub> (Eqn 13-4)																
P <sub>FM</sub> (Eqn 13-5)																
$P_{\rm FM}$				1.000					1.000					1.000	1.000	
v <sub>12</sub> (pcph)				2,064					2,115					2,685	2,802	
v <sub>3</sub> (pcph)																
v <sub>34</sub> (pcph)									0.445							
V <sub>12n</sub> (pcph)				2,064 3,651					2,115 2,325					2,685	2,802 3,570	
V <sub>R12a</sub> (pcph)				3,651 0.39					2,325 0.35					2,727 0.37	3,570 0.37	
Merge Speed Index Merge Area Speed				56.0					57.0					56.6	56.6	
Outer Lanes Volume				30.0					37.0					30.0	30.0	
Outer Lanes Speed																
Segment Speed				56.0					57.0					56.6	56.6	
Merge v/c ratio				0.79					0.51					0.59	0.78	
Merge Density				26.0					21.6					24.8	24.6	
Merge LOS				С					С					С	С	

2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16

-> Express Lane (HOV) No Trucks

Name	East of El Dorado Hills Blvd	El Dorado Hills Blvd Off-Ramp	Between Ramps	El Dorado Hills Blvd On-Ramp	El Dorado Hills Blvd to E. Bidwell I	El Dorado Hills Blvd to E. Bidwell II	E. Bidwell St Off-Ramp	Between E. Bidwell St Ramps	E. Bidwell St Loop On-Ramp	E. Bidwell St On-Ramp	US 50 west of E. Bidwell St	Prairie City Off-Ramp	Between Prairie City Ramps Prairie City Loop	On Ramp Prairie City Slip On Ramp	West of Prairie City Ramps
Calculate Diverge Influence Area	Operations														
Effective v <sub>P</sub> (pcph)		2,549					3,349					3,008			
Up Ramp L <sub>EQ</sub>															
Down Ramp L <sub>EQ</sub>															
P <sub>FD</sub> (Eqn 13-9)		0.670					0.624					0.666			
P <sub>FD</sub> (Eqn 13-10)															
P <sub>FD</sub> (Eqn 13-11)															
P <sub>FD</sub>		1.000					1.000					1.000			
V <sub>12</sub> (pcph)		2,549					3,349					3,008			
v <sub>3</sub> (pcph)															
V <sub>34</sub> (pcph)															
V <sub>12a</sub> (pcph)		2,549					3,349					3,008			
Diverge Speed Index		0.61					0.46					0.40			
Diverge Area Speed		51.0					54.3					55.8			
Outer Lanes Volume															
Outer Lanes Speed															
Segment Speed		51.0					54.3					55.8			
Diverge v/c ratio		0.58					0.76					0.68			
Diverge Density		24.9					21.6					28.9			
Diverge LOS		С					С					D			

Express Lane (HOV)

Name	East of El Dorado Hills Blvd	El Dorado Hills Blvd Off-Ramp	Between Ramps	El Dorado Hills Blvd On-Ramp	El Dorado Hills Blvd to E. Bidwell I	El Dorado Hills Blvd to E. Bidwell II	E. Bidwell St Off-Ramp	Between E. Bidwell St Ramps	E. Bidwell St Loop On-Ramp	E. Bidwell St On-Ramp	US 50 west of E. Bidwell St	Prairie City Off-Ramp	Between Prairie City Ramps	Prairie City Loop On Ramp	Prairie City Slip On Ramp	West of Prairie City Ramps
Summarize Segment Operations																
Segment v/c ratio	0.54	0.58	0.40	0.79	0.72	0.72	0.76	0.46	0.51	0.43	0.55	0.68	0.57	0.59	0.78	0.67
Segment Density	19.5	24.9	14.5	26.0	26.3	26.3	21.6	16.6	21.6	15.6	19.9	28.9	20.6	24.8	24.6	24.5
Segment LOS	С	С	В	С	D	D	С	В	С	В	С	D	С	С	С	С
Over Capacity																

# Cumulative No Project Conditions

Location 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16

Key

Name	Folsom to Prairie City Weave	Between Prairie City Ramps	Prairie City On Ramp	Prairie City/Oak Ave Weave	Between Oak Avenue Ramps	Oak Avenue Loop On Ramp	Oak Avenue to Scott Rd Weave	Between Scott Rd Ramps	Scott Rd On Ramp	Scott Rd to Empire Ranch	Between Ramps	Empire Ranch Loop On Ramp	Empire Ranch to Latrobe Weave	Latrobe Rd Off Ramp II	Between Ramps	Latrobe to White Rock Weave
Define Freeway Segme	nt															
Туре	Weave	Basic	Merge	Weave	Basic	Merge	Weave	Basic	Basic	Weave	Basic	Merge	Weave	Diverge	Basic	Weave
Length (ft)	11,700	1,700	1,000	1,200	1,650	780	5,000	1,850	1,360	3,500	1,850	1,360	4,200	330	1,500	3,150
Accel Length			300			300						300				
Decel Length														150		
Mainline Volume	5,074	5,090	5,090	5,140	4,520	4,520	4,660	3,460	3,460	3,580	3,260	3,260	3,640	3,240	3,010	3,010
On Ramp Volume	306		50	290		140	140		120	470		380	190			470
Off Ramp Volume	290			910			1,340			790			590	230		319
Express Lane Volume	660	662	662	668	588	588	606	450	450	465	424	424	473	421	391	391
EL On Ramp Volume																
EL Off Ramp Volume																
•	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13
Calculate Flow Rate in	General Purpose Lanes (G		0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10
GP Volume (vph)	4,720	4,428	4,478	4,762	3,932	4,072	4,194	3,010	3,130	3,585	2,836	3,216	3,357	2,819	2,619	3,089
PHF	0.92	0.96	0.96	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
GP Lanes	3	2	2	3	2	2	3	2	3	4	3	3	4	3	3	4
Terrain	Level	Level	Level	Level	Grade	Grade	Level	Grade	Level	Grade	Grade	Grade	Level	Level	Level	Grade
Grade %	1.0%	0.6%	0.6%	0.0%	2.0%	2.0%	1.0%	2.9%	1.5%	6.4%	-4.3%	2.2%	0.3%	0.0%	-1.5%	3.4%
Grade Length (mi)	2.22	0.32	0.19	0.23	0.31	0.15	0.95	0.35	0.26	0.66	0.35	0.26	0.80	0.06	0.28	0.60
Truck & Bus %	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%
RV %	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
E <sub>T</sub>	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	4.0	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	2.0
E <sub>R</sub>	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	6.0	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	3.0
f <sub>HV</sub>	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.847	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.943
f <sub>B</sub>	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
GP Flow (pcph)	5,285	4,751	4,805	5,005	4,133	4,280	4,408	3,230	3,358	4,406	3,175	3,601	3,758	3,156	2,932	3,559
GP Flow (pcphpl)	1,762	2,376	2,402	1,668	2,067	2,140	1,469	1,615	1,119	1,102	1,058	1,200	940	1,052	977	890
district	, ,	7	, .	,,,,,	,,,,	, -	,	,, ,	, .	, .	,	7		7		
Calculate Speed in Gen	l eral Purpose Lanes											1				
Lane Width (ft)																
Shoulder Width																
TRD																
$f_{LW}$																
f <sub>LC</sub>																
Calculated FFS																
Measured FFS																
FFS Curve	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65
Calculate Operations in	General Purpose Lanes											1				
v/c ratio	0.75	1.01	1.02	0.71	0.88	0.91	0.63	0.69	0.48	0.47	0.45	0.51	0.40	0.45	0.42	0.38
Speed (mph)	63.1	-	-	64.0	58.7	57.2	64.9	64.3	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0
Density (pcphpl)	27.9	-	-	26.1	35.2	37.4	22.6	25.1	17.2	16.9	16.3	18.5	14.5	16.2	15.0	13.7
LOS	D	F	F	D	Е	Е	С	С	В	В	В	С	В	В	В	В
Calculate Operations for	r Entering GP Lanes															
GP <sub>IN</sub> Vol (pcph)	4,949		4,750	4,700		4,126	4,254		3,227	3,890		3,184	3,550	3,156		3,048
GP <sub>IN</sub> Cap (pcph)	4,700		4,700	4,700		4,700	4,700		4,700	7,050		7,050	7,050	7,050		7,050
GP <sub>IN</sub> v/c ratio	1.05		1.01	1.00		0.88	0.91		0.69	0.55		0.45	0.50	0.45		0.43
Calculate Operations for	r Exiting GP Lanes															
GP <sub>OUT</sub> Vol (pcph)	4,966		4,805	4,006		4,280	2,937			3,539		3,601	3,137	2,914		3,209
GP <sub>OUT</sub> Cap (pcph)	4,700		4,700	4,700		4,700	4,700			7,050		7,050	7,050	7,050		7,050
GP <sub>OUT</sub> v/c ratio	1.06		1.02	0.85		0.91	0.62			0.50		0.51	0.45	0.41		0.46

Key

Name	Folsom to Prairie City Weave	Between Prairie City Ramps	Prairie City On Ramp	Prairie City/Oak Ave Weave	Between Oak Avenue Ramps	Oak Avenue Loop On Ramp	Oak Avenue to Scott Rd Weave	Between Scott Rd Ramps	Scott Rd On Ramp	Scott Rd to Empire Ranch	Between Ramps	Empire Ranch Loop On Ramp	Empire Ranch to Latrobe Weave	Latrobe Rd Off Ramp II	Between Ramps	Latrobe to White Rock Weav
alculate Flow Rate in E	Express Lanes (EL)															
EL Volume (vph)	660	662	662	668	588	588	606	450	450	465	424	424	473	421	391	391
PHF	0.92	0.96	0.96	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Express Lanes	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Terrain	Level	Level	Level	Level	Grade	Grade	Level	Grade	Level	Grade	Grade	Grade	Level	Level	Level	Grade
Grade %	1.0%	0.6%	0.6%	0.0%	2.0%	2.0%	1.0%	2.9%	1.5%	6.4%	-4.3%	2.2%	0.3%	0.0%	-1.5%	3.4%
Grade Length (mi)	2.22	0.32	0.19	0.23	0.31	0.15	0.95	0.35	0.26	0.66	0.35	0.26	0.80	0.06	0.28	0.60
Truck & Bus %	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%
RV %	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
E <sub>T</sub>	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	5.0	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	2.5
E <sub>R</sub>	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	6.0	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	3.0
f <sub>HV</sub>	0.990	0.990	0.990	0.990	0.990	0.990	0.990	0.990	0.990	0.926	0.990	0.990	0.990	0.990	0.990	0.971
f <sub>p</sub>	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
EL Flow (pcph)	724	696	696	689	606	606	624	473	473	524	465	465	519	462	430	438
EL Flow (pcphpl)	724	696	696	689	606	606	624	473	473	524	465	465	519	462	430	438
- u		***														
ا Calculate Speed in Expi	l press Lanes					ļ i						1	l			
Lane Width (ft)																
Shoulder Width																
TRD																
f <sub>LW</sub>																
f <sub>LC</sub>																
Calc'd FFS																
Measured FFS	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0
FFS	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65
ا Calculate Operations in	n Express Lanes											1				
EL <sub>IN</sub> v/c ratio	0.41	0.40	0.40	0.39	0.35	0.35	0.36	0.27	0.27	0.30	0.27	0.27	0.30	0.26	0.25	0.25
Calculate On Ramp Flow	w Rate															
On Volume (vph)	306		50	290		140	140		120	470		380	190			470
PHF	0.92		0.92	0.96		0.92	0.92		0.92	0.92		0.92	0.92			0.93
Total Lanes	1		1	1		1	1		1	1		1	1			1
Terrain	Level		Level	Level		Level	Level		Level	Level		Level	Level			Level
Grade %	0.0%		2.0%	2.0%		0.0%	0.0%		2.0%	2.0%		0.0%	0.0%			2.0%
Grade Length (mi)	0.00		0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00			0.00
Truck & Bus %	2.0%		2.0%	2.0%		2.0%	2.0%		2.0%	2.0%		2.0%	2.0%			2.0%
RV %	0.0%		0.0%	0.0%		0.0%	0.0%		0.0%	0.0%		0.0%	0.0%			0.0%
E <sub>T</sub>	1.5		1.5	1.5		1.5	1.5		1.5	1.5		1.5	1.5			1.5
E <sub>R</sub>	1.2		1.2	1.2		1.2	1.2		1.2	1.2		1.2	1.2			1.2
$f_{HV}$	0.990		0.990	0.990		0.990	0.990		0.990	0.990		0.990	0.990			0.990
f <sub>P</sub>	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00			1.00
On Flow (pcph)	336		55	305		154	154		132	516		417	209			510
On Flow (pcphpl)	336		55	305		154	154		132	516		417	209			510
Calculate On Ramp Roa	adway Operations															1
On Ramp Type	Right		Right	Right		Right	Right		Right	Right		Right	Right			Right
On Ramp Speed (mph)	35		35	45		25	45		25	45		25	45			35
On Ramp Cap (pcph)	2,000		2,000	2,100		1,900	2,100		1,900	2,100		1,900	2,100			2,000
On Ramp v/c ratio	0.17		0.03	0.15		0.08	0.07		0.07	0.25		0.22	0.10			0.26

Key

Name	Folsom to Prairie City Weave	Between Prairie City Ramps	Prairie City On Ramp	Prairie City/Oak Ave Weave	Between Oak Avenue Ramps	oak Avenue Loop On Ramp	Oak Avenue to Scott Rd Weave	Between Scott Rd Ramps	Scott Rd On Ramp	Scott Rd to Empire Ranch	Between Ramps	Empire Ranch Loop On Ramp	Empire Ranch to Latrobe Weave	Latrobe Rd Off Ramp II	Between Ramps	Latrobe to White Rock W
culate Off Ramp Flo	w Rate															
Off Volume (vph)	290			910			1,340			790			590	230		319
PHF	0.92			0.92			0.92			0.92			0.96	0.96		0.92
Total Lanes	1			1			2			2			1	1		1
Terrain	Level			Level			Level			Level			Level	Level		Level
Grade %	2.0%			2.0%			2.0%			2.0%			2.0%	2.0%		2.0%
Grade Length (mi)	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00	0.00		0.00
Truck & Bus %	2.0%			2.0%			2.0%			2.0%			2.0%	2.0%		2.0%
RV %	0.0%			0.0%			0.0%			0.0%			0.0%	0.0%		0.0%
E <sub>T</sub>	1.5			1.5			1.5			1.5			1.5	1.5		1.5
E <sub>R</sub>	1.2			1.2			1.2			1.2			1.2	1.2		1.2
⊏R f <sub>HV</sub>				0.990			0.990			0.990			0.990	0.990		0.990
IHV	0.990															
T <sub>P</sub>	1.00			1.00			1.00 1,471			1.00 867			1.00 621	1.00 242		1.00
Off Flow (pcph)	318			999												350
Off Flow (pcphpl)	318			999			736			434			621	242		350
						i i						1	i			
culate Off Ramp Ro																
Off Ramp Type	Right			Right			Right			Right			Right	Right		Right
Off Ramp Speed	35			40			40			40			35	25		40
off Ramp Cap (pcph)	2,000			2,000			4,000			4,000			2,000	1,900		2,000
Off Ramp v/c ratio	0.16			0.50			0.37			0.22			0.31	0.13		0.18
						1						1	•			
ermine Adjacent Ra	mp for Three-Lane Mainlin	e Segments with One-Lane	Ramps													
Up Type												No		Off		
Up Distance														####		
Up Flow (pcph)														621		
Down Type												On		On		
Down Distance												1,360		1,500		
Down Flow (pcph)												209		510		
						i							•			
Iculate Merge Influer	nce Area Operations															
Effective v <sub>P</sub> (pcph)			4,750			4,126						3,184				
Up Ramp L <sub>EQ</sub>																
Down Ramp $L_{EQ}$												1,472				
P <sub>FM</sub> (Eqn 13-3)			0.586			0.586						0.586				
P <sub>FM</sub> (Eqn 13-4)																
P <sub>FM</sub> (Eqn 13-5)																
$P_{FM}$			1.000			1.000						0.586				
v <sub>12</sub> (pcph)			4,750			4,126						1,865				
v <sub>3</sub> (pcph)												1,318				
v <sub>34</sub> (pcph)																
v <sub>12a</sub> (pcph)			4,750			4,126						1,865				
v <sub>R12a</sub> (pcph)			4,805			4,280						2,282				
lerge Speed Index			-			0.59						0.34				
Merge Area Speed						51.5						57.1				
Outer Lanes Volume												1,318				
Outer Lanes Speed												62.1				
Segment Speed						51.5						58.8				
Merge v/c ratio			1.04			0.93						0.50				
Merge Density			-			36.9						21.2				
Merge LOS			F			36.9 E						C C				
weige LUS			,			E										

Key

Name	Folsom to Prairie City Weave	Between Prairie City Ramps	Prairie City On Ramp	Prairie City/Oak Ave Weave	Between Oak Avenue Ramps	Oak Avenue Loop On Ramp	Oak Avenue to Scott Rd Weave	Between Scott Rd Ramps	Scott Rd On Ramp	Scott Rd to Empire Ranch	Between Ramps	Empire Ranch Loop On Ramp	Empire Ranch to Latrobe Weave	Latrobe Rd Off Ramp II	Between Ramps	Latrobe to White Rock Weave
Calculate Diverge Influ	uence Area Operations															
Effective v <sub>P</sub> (pcph)														3,156		
Up Ramp L <sub>EQ</sub>														4,958		
Down Ramp L <sub>EQ</sub>														532		
P <sub>FD</sub> (Eqn 13-9)														0.670		
P <sub>FD</sub> (Eqn 13-10)																
P <sub>FD</sub> (Eqn 13-11)																
P <sub>FD</sub>														0.670		
v <sub>12</sub> (pcph)														2,194		
v <sub>3</sub> (pcph)														962		
v <sub>34</sub> (pcph)																
v <sub>12a</sub> (pcph)														2,194		
Diverge Speed Index														0.58		
Diverge Area Speed														51.7		
Outer Lanes Volume														962		
Outer Lanes Speed														71.3		
Segment Speed														56.4		
Diverge v/c ratio														0.50		
Diverge Density														21.8		
Diverge LOS														С		A

Key

<> Express Lane (HOV)

No Trucks

Name	Folsom to Prairie City Weave	Between Prairie City Ramps	Prairie City On Ramp	Prairie City/Oak Ave Weave	Between Oak Avenue Ramps	Oak Avenue Loop On Ramp	Oak Avenue to Scott Rd Weave	Between Scott Rd Ramps	Scott Rd On Ramp	Scott Rd to Empire Ranch	Between Ramps	Empire Ranch Loop On Ramp	Empire Ranch to Latrobe Weave	Latrobe Rd Off Ramp II	Between Ramps	Latrobe to White Rock Weave
Summarize Segment O	perations															
Segment v/c ratio	0.75	1.01	1.04	#VALUE!	0.88	0.93	0.63	0.69	0.48	#VALUE!	0.45	0.50	0.40	0.50	0.42	0.38
Segment Density	27.9	-	-	#VALUE!	35.2	36.9	22.6	25.1	17.2	#VALUE!	16.3	21.2	14.5	21.8	15.0	13.7
Segment LOS	D	F	F	#VALUE!	E	E	С	С	В	#VALUE!	В	С	В	С	В	В
Over Capacity		Segment GP Lanes	Segment GP Lanes In GP Lanes Out GP Lanes Merge	#VALUE!						#VALUE!						

Key

Name	Folsom to Prairie City Weave	e Between Prairie City Ramps	Prairie City On Ramp	Prairie City/Oak Ave Weave	Between Oak Avenue Ramps	Oak Avenue Loop On Ramp	Oak Avenue to Scott Rd Weave	Between Scott Rd Ramps	Scott Rd On Ramp	Scott Rd On Ramp II to Empire Ranch	Between Ramps	Empire Ranch Loop On Ramp	Empire Ranch to Latrobe Weave	Latrobe Rd Off Ramp II	Between Ramps	Latrobe to White Rock Weave
Define Freeway Segme			Trains only on themp													
Туре	Weave	Basic	Merge	Weave	Basic	Merge	Weave	Basic	Basic	Weave	Basic	Merge	Weave	Diverge	Basic	Weave
Length (ft)	11,700	1,700	1,000	1,200	1,650	780	5,000	1,850	1,360	3,500	1,850	1,360	4,200	330	1,500	3,150
Accel Length			300			300						300				
Decel Length														150		
Mainline Volume	6,344	5,690	5,690	5,810	5,160	5,160	5,310	4,150	4,150	4,990	4,800	4,800	5,340	4,990	4,410	4,410
On Ramp Volume	306		120	630		150	350		840	890		540	210			860
Off Ramp Volume	960			1,280			1,510			1,080			560	580		800
Express Lane Volume	1,269	1,138	1,138	1,162	1,032	1,032	1,062	830	830	998	960	960	1,068	998	882	882
EL On Ramp Volume																
EL Off Ramp Volume																
	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Calculate Flow Rate in	General Purpose Lanes (G						-			-				-		
GP Volume (vph)	5,381	4,552	4,672	5,278	4,128	4,278	4,598	3,320	4,160	4,882	3,840	4,380	4,482	3,992	3,528	4,388
PHF	0.99	0.99	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98
GP Lanes	3	2	2	3	2	2	3	2	3	4	3	3	4	3	3	4
Terrain	Level	Level	Level	Level	Grade	Grade	Level	Grade	Level	Grade	Grade	Grade	Level	Level	Level	Grade
Grade %	1.0%	0.6%	0.6%	0.0%	2.0%	2.0%	1.0%	2.9%	1.5%	6.4%	-4.3%	2.2%	0.3%	0.0%	-1.5%	3.4%
Grade Length (mi)	2.22	0.32	0.19	0.23	0.31	0.15	0.95	0.35	0.26	0.66	0.35	0.26	0.80	0.06	0.28	0.60
Truck & Bus %	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%
RV %	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
E <sub>T</sub>	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	4.0	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	2.0
E <sub>R</sub>	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	6.0	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	3.0
f <sub>HV</sub>	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.847	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.943
f <sub>P</sub>	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
GP Flow (pcph)	5,599	4,736	5,013	5,663	4,429	4,590	4,933	3,489	4,372	5,878	4,036	4,603	4,711	4,196	3,708	4,746
GP Flow (pcphpl)	1,866	2,368	2,506	1,888	2,215	2,295	1,644	1,745	1,457	1,470	1,345	1,534	1,178	1,399	1,236	1,187
Calculate Speed in Ger	neral Purpose Lanes															
Lane Width (ft)																
Shoulder Width																
TRD																
$f_{LW}$																
f <sub>LC</sub>																
Calculated FFS																
Measured FFS																
FFS Curve	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65
	1					Ī	1					ı	Í			
	General Purpose Lanes															
v/c ratio	0.79	1.01	1.07	0.80	0.94	0.98	0.70	0.74	0.62	0.63	0.57	0.65	0.50	0.60	0.53	0.50
Speed (mph)	61.9	-	-	61.6	55.6	53.6	64.2	63.3	65.0	64.9	65.0	64.7	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0
Density (pcphpl)	30.1		-	30.6	39.8	42.8	25.6	27.6	22.4	22.6	20.7	23.7	18.1	21.5	19.0	18.3
LOS	D	F	F	D	Е	Е	С	D	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С
Calculate Operations for																
GP <sub>IN</sub> Vol (pcph)	5,277		4,881	4,971		4,425	4,549		3,515	4,970		4,011	4,480	4,196		3,860
GP <sub>IN</sub> Cap (pcph)	4,700		4,700	4,700		4,700	4,700		4,700	7,050		7,050	7,050	7,050		7,050
GP <sub>IN</sub> v/c ratio	1.12		1.04	1.06		0.94	0.97		0.75	0.71		0.57	0.64	0.60		0.55
Calculate Operations for			E 010	4040		4.500	0.000			4.000		4.000	4 (0)	0.500		0.000
GP <sub>OUT</sub> Vol (pcph)	4,589		5,013	4,316		4,590	3,393			4,693		4,603	4,134	3,598		3,868
GP <sub>OUT</sub> Cap (pcph)	4,700		4,700 1.07	4,700 0.92		4,700 0.98	4,700 0.72			7,050 0.67		7,050 0.65	7,050	7,050 0.51		7,050
GP <sub>OUT</sub> v/c ratio	0.98		1.07	0.92		0.98	0.72			0.67		0.65	0.59	0.51		0.55
	1	1			į –											1

Key

Name	Folsom to Prairie City Weave	Between Prairie City Ramps	Prairie City On Ramp	Prairie City/Oak Ave Weave	Between Oak Avenue Ramps	Oak Avenue Loop On Ramp	Oak Avenue to Scott Rd Weave	Between Scott Rd Ramps	Scott Rd On Ramp	Scott Rd On Ramp II to Empire Ranch	Between Ramps	Empire Ranch Loop On Ramp	Empire Ranch to Latrobe Weave	Latrobe Rd Off Ramp II	Between Ramps	Latrobe to White Rock Wes
Calculate Flow Rate in																
EL Volume (vph)	1,269	1,138	1,138	1,162	1,032	1,032	1,062	830	830	998	960	960	1,068	998	882	882
PHF	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.98	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98
Express Lanes	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Terrain	Level	Level	Level	Level	Grade	Grade	Level	Grade	Level	Grade	Grade	Grade	Level	Level	Level	Grade
Grade %	1.0%	0.6%	0.6%	0.0%	2.0%	2.0%	1.0%	2.9%	1.5%	6.4%	-4.3%	2.2%	0.3%	0.0%	-1.5%	3.4%
Grade Length (mi)	2.22	0.32	0.19	0.23	0.31	0.15	0.95	0.35	0.26	0.66	0.35	0.26	0.80	0.06	0.28	0.60
Truck & Bus %	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%
RV %	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
E <sub>T</sub>	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	5.0	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	2.5
E <sub>R</sub>	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	6.0	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	3.0
f <sub>HV</sub>	0.990	0.990	0.990	0.990	0.990	0.990	0.990	0.990	0.990	0.926	0.990	0.990	0.990	0.990	0.990	0.971
fo	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
EL Flow (pcph)	1,335	1,197	1,197	1,198	1,086	1,086	1,117	855	855	1,100	989	989	1,101	1,029	909	927
EL Flow (pcphpl)	1,335	1,197	1,197	1,198	1,086	1,086	1,117	855	855	1,100	989	989	1,101	1,029	909	927
ZZ i ion (popilpi)	1,000	1,107	1,107	1,100	1,000	1,000	.,	000	000	1,100	000	555	1,101	1,020	000	027
Calculate Speed in Exp	nrose I anos					I	I					i	i			
Lane Width (ft)	press Laries															
Shoulder Width																
TRD																
f <sub>LW</sub>																
f <sub>LC</sub>																
Calc'd FFS																
Measured FFS	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0
FFS	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65
110	0.5	03	00	00	0.5	0.5	0.5	00	0.5	00	00	00	00	00	00	00
Calculate Operations in	in Evnress I anes					1	1					1	1			
EL <sub>IN</sub> v/c ratio	0.76	0.68	0.68	0.68	0.62	0.62	0.64	0.49	0.49	0.63	0.57	0.57	0.63	0.59	0.52	0.53
ZZIN 770 Tatio	0.70	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.10	0.10	0.00	0.01	0.07	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.00
Calculate On Ramp Flo	ow Rate					1	1					1	1			
On Volume (vph)	306		120	630		150	350		840	890		540	210			860
PHF	0.96		0.92	0.92		0.92	0.92		0.99	0.99		0.92	0.92			0.98
Total Lanes	1		1	1		1	1		1	1		1	1			1
Terrain	Level		Level	Level		Level	Level		Level	Level		Level	Level			Level
Grade %	2.0%		2.0%	2.0%		2.0%	2.0%		2.0%	2.0%		2.0%	2.0%			2.0%
Grade Length (mi)	0.00		0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00			0.00
Truck & Bus %	2.0%		2.0%	2.0%		2.0%	2.0%		2.0%	2.0%		2.0%	2.0%			2.0%
RV %	0.0%		0.0%	0.0%		0.0%	0.0%		0.0%	0.0%		0.0%	0.0%			0.0%
E <sub>T</sub>	1.5		1.5	1.5		1.5	1.5		1.5	1.5		1.5	1.5			1.5
E <sub>R</sub>	1.2		1.2	1.2		1.2	1.2		1.2	1.2		1.2	1.2			1.2
f <sub>HV</sub>	0.990		0.990	0.990		0.990	0.990		0.990	0.990		0.990	0.990			0.990
·HV f~	1.00		1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00			1.00
On Flow (pcph)	322		132	692	1.00	165	384		857	908	1.00	593	231			886
On Flow (pcphpl)	322		132	692		165	384		857	908		593	231			886
On Flow (popripr)	322		132	092		100	304		937	900		393	231			000
Coloulata On Borne Bo	oodway Oparations			1		İ	İ					ſ	1			
Calculate On Ramp Ro On Ramp Type			Diebs	Dieba		Diaha	Diaha		Diaba	Diebs		Dieba	Diebi			Diebs
	Right		Right 35	Right		Right 25	Right 45		Right 25	Right 45		Right 25	Right 45			Right 35
On Ramp Speed (mph)	45			45												
On Ramp Cap (pcph) On Ramp v/c ratio	2,100		2,000	2,100		1,900	2,100		1,900	2,100		1,900	2,100			2,000
	0.15		0.07	0.33		0.09	0.18		0.45	0.43		0.31	0.11			0.44

Key

Name	Folsom to Prairie City Weav	ve Between Prairie City Ramps	Prairie City On Ramp	Prairie City/Oak Ave Weave	Between Oak Avenue Ramps	Oak Avenue Loop On Ramp	Oak Avenue to Scott Rd Weave	Between Scott Rd Ramps	Scott Rd On Ramp	Scott Rd On Ramp II to Empire Ranch	Between Ramps	Empire Ranch Loop On Ramp	Empire Ranch to Latrobe Weave	Latrobe Rd Off Ramp II	Between Ramps	Latrobe to White Rock We
alculate Off Ramp Flo	ow Rate															
Off Volume (vph)	960			1,280			1,510			1,080			560	580		800
PHF	0.96			0.96			0.99			0.92			0.98	0.98		0.92
Total Lanes	1			1			2			2			1	1		1
Terrain	Level			Level			Level			Level			Level	Level		Level
Grade %	2.0%			2.0%			2.0%			2.0%			2.0%	2.0%		2.0%
Grade Length (mi)	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00	0.00		0.00
Truck & Bus %	2.0%			2.0%			2.0%			2.0%			2.0%	2.0%		2.0%
RV %	0.0%			0.0%			0.0%			0.0%			0.0%	0.0%		0.0%
E <sub>T</sub>	1.5			1.5			1.5			1.5			1.5	1.5		1.5
E <sub>R</sub>	1.2			1.2			1.2			1.2			1.2	1.2		1.2
f <sub>HV</sub>	0.990			0.990			0.990			0.990			0.990	0.990		0.990
f <sub>P</sub>	1.00			1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00			1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00		1.00
Off Flow (pcph)	1,010			1,347			1,541			1,186			577	598		878
Off Flow (pcphpl)	1,010			1,347			770			593			577	598		878
,																
Iculate Off Ramp Ro	I Dadway Operations															
Off Ramp Type	Right			Right			Right			Right			Right	Right		Right
Off Ramp Speed	35			40			40			40			35	25		40
Off Ramp Cap (pcph)	2,000			2,000			4,000			4,000			2,000	1,900		2,000
Off Ramp v/c ratio	0.51			0.67			0.39			0.30			0.29	0.31		0.44
·																
etermine Adiacent Ra	। amp for Three-Lane Mainli	। ine Segments with One-Lane ।	Ramps													
Up Type												No		Off		
Up Distance														####		
Up Flow (pcph)														577		
Down Type												On		On		
Down Distance												1,360		1,500		
Down Flow (pcph)												231		886		
u-i-,																
Iculate Merge Influe	I ence Area Operations					1										
Effective v <sub>P</sub> (pcph)			4,881			4,425						4,011				
Up Ramp L <sub>EQ</sub>																
Down Ramp L <sub>EQ</sub>												1,627				
P <sub>FM</sub> (Eqn 13-3)			0.586			0.586						0.586				
P <sub>FM</sub> (Eqn 13-4)																
P <sub>FM</sub> (Eqn 13-5)																
P <sub>FM</sub>			1.000			1.000						0.586				
v <sub>12</sub> (pcph)			4,881			4,425						2,350				
v <sub>3</sub> (pcph)												1,661				
v <sub>34</sub> (pcph)												,				
v <sub>12a</sub> (pcph)			4,881			4,425						2,350				
v <sub>R12a</sub> (pcph)			5,013			4,590						2,943				
Merge Speed Index			-			0.69						0.38				
Merge Area Speed			-			49.1						56.3				
Outer Lanes Volume						.3.,						1,661				
Outer Lanes Speed												60.8				
Segment Speed						49.1						57.8				
			1.09			1.00						0.64				
Merge v/c ratio			1.09			39.3						26.3				
Merge Density																
Merge LOS			F			E						С				

Key

Name	Folsom to Prairie City Weav	e Between Prairie City Ramps	Prairie City On Ramp	Prairie City/Oak Ave Weave Between Oak Avenue Ramp	S Oak Avenue Loop On Ramp Oak Avenue to Scott Rd Weave	Between Scott Rd Ramps	Scott Rd On Ramp	Scott Rd On Ramp II to Empire Ranch	Between Ramps	Empire Ranch Loop On Ramp	Empire Ranch to Latrobe Weave	Latrobe Rd Off Ramp II	Between Ramps	Latrobe to White Rock Weave
Calculate Diverge Inf	luence Area Operations													
Effective v <sub>P</sub> (pcph)												4,196		
Up Ramp $L_{EQ}$												4,728		
Down Ramp L <sub>EQ</sub>												1,115		
P <sub>FD</sub> (Eqn 13-9)												0.628		
P <sub>FD</sub> (Eqn 13-10)														
P <sub>FD</sub> (Eqn 13-11)														
$P_{FD}$												0.628		
v <sub>12</sub> (pcph)												2,856		
v <sub>3</sub> (pcph)												1,340		
v <sub>34</sub> (pcph)														
v <sub>12a</sub> (pcph)												2,856		
Diverge Speed Index	(											0.61		
Diverge Area Speed												50.9		
Outer Lanes Volume	•											1,340		
Outer Lanes Speed												70.0		
Segment Speed												55.8		
Diverge v/c ratio												0.65		
Diverge Density												27.5		
Diverge LOS												С		

Key

<> Express Lane (HOV)

No Trucks

Name	Folsom to Prairie City Weave	Between Prairie City Ramps	Prairie City On Ramp	Prairie City/Oak Ave Weave	Between Oak Avenue Ramps	Oak Avenue Loop On Ramp	Oak Avenue to Scott Rd Weave	Between Scott Rd Ramps	Scott Rd On Ramp	Scott Rd On Ramp II to Empire Ranch	Between Ramps	Empire Ranch Loop On Ramp	Empire Ranch to Latrobe Weave	Latrobe Rd Off Ramp II	Between Ramps	Latrobe to White Rock Weave
Summarize Segment O	perations															
Segment v/c ratio	0.79	1.01	1.09	#VALUE!	0.94	1.00	#VALUE!	0.74	0.62	#VALUE!	0.57	0.64	0.50	0.65	0.53	#VALUE!
Segment Density	30.1	-	-	#VALUE!	39.8	39.3	#VALUE!	27.6	22.4	#VALUE!	20.7	26.3	18.1	27.5	19.0	#VALUE!
Segment LOS	D	F	F	#VALUE!	E	E	#VALUE!	D	С	#VALUE!	С	С	С	С	С	#VALUE!
Over Capacity		Segment GP Lanes	Segment GP Lanes In GP Lanes Out GP Lanes Merge	#VALUE!			#VALUE!			#VALUE!						#VALUE!

Key

<> Express Lane (HOV)

No Trucks

Name	Silva Valley to El Dorado Weave	Between Ramps	El Dorado Hills to Empire Weave	Between Empire Ranch Ramps	Empire Ranch Loop On Ramp	Empire Ranch to E. Bidwell Weave	Between E. Bidwell St Ramps	E. Bidwell St Loop On-Ramp	E. Bidwell to Oak Ave Weave	Between Oak Ave Ramps	Oak Ave Loop On-Ramp	Oak Ave to Prairie City Weave	Between Prairie City Ramps	Prairie City Loop On Ramp	Prairie City Slip to Folsom Weav
Define Freeway Segme	nt														
Type	Weave	Basic	Weave	Basic	Merge	Weave	Basic	Merge	Weave	Basic	Merge	Weave	Basic	Merge	Weave
Length (ft)	3,500	2,500	4,000	1,650	780	3,500	1,650	780	5,000	1,650	780	2,000	1,400	1,250	10,500
Accel Length					300			300			300			300	
Decel Length															
Mainline Volume	4,584	4,500	4,500	3,940	3,940	4,330	3,640	3,640	3,860	4,120	4,120	4,450	4,870	4,870	5,030
On Ramp Volume	866		930		390	190		220	890		330	1,100		160	310
Off Ramp Volume	950		1,490			880			630			680			382
Express Lane Volume	917	900	900	788	788	866	728	728	772	824	824	890	974	974	1,006
EL On Ramp Volume															
EL Off Ramp Volume															
	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Calculate Flow Rate in	General Purpose Lanes (GP)			V	V		*	¥. <u>-</u>	V	V	V	¥	V	V	V
GP Volume (vph)	4,533	3,600	4,530	3,152	3,542	3,654	2,912	3,132	3,978	3,296	3,626	4,660	3,896	4,056	4,334
PHF	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.98	0.98	0.99
GP Lanes	4	3	4	3	3	4	2	2	3	2	2	3	2	2	3
Terrain	Grade	Level	Level	Grade	Level	Grade	Grade	Grade	Level	Grade	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level
Grade %	-3.0%	0.8%	0.3%	4.3%	-1.0%	-6.4%	-2.1%	-3.0%	-1.0%	-2.0%	-1.4%	0.0%	-1.0%	0.0%	-1.0%
Grade Length (mi)	0.66	0.47	0.76	0.31	0.15	0.66	0.31	0.15	0.95	0.31	0.15	0.38	0.27	0.24	1.99
Truck & Bus %	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%
RV %	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
E <sub>T</sub>	1.5	1.5	1.5	2.0	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
E <sub>R</sub>	1.2	1.2	1.2	4.0	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2
f <sub>HV</sub>	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.943	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971
f_	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
GP Flow (pcph)	5,075	4,030	5,072	3,632	3,966	4,091	3,124	3,360	4,268	3,536	3,890	5,000	4,095	4,263	4,509
GP Flow (pcphpl)	1,269	1,343	1,268	1,211	1,322	1,023	1,562	1,680	1,423	1,768	1,945	1,667	2,047	2,131	1,503
ar riow (popripr)	1,200	1,040	1,200	1,211	1,022	1,020	1,002	1,000	1,420	1,700	1,040	1,007	2,047	2,101	1,000
Calculate Speed in Gen	noral Burnoso Lanos					i		1			i	1	i	I	i
Lane Width (ft)	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Shoulder Width	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6
TRD	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
f <sub>LW</sub>	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Calculated FFS	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9
Measured FFS	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.0	70.0	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.0	70.0	70.9	70.9
FFS Curve	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0
FF3 Cuive	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70
Calculate Operations in	Conoral Burnoss Longs					Í	Ī				Í	Ì	i	Ì	İ
	General Purpose Lanes 0.53	0.56	0.53	0.50	0.55	0.43	0.65	0.70	0.59	0.74	0.81	0.69	0.85	0.89	0.63
v/c ratio Speed (mph)	0.53 69.9	69.8	69.9	70.0	0.55 69.8	70.0	68.5	67.3	69.4	66.3	63.6	67.5	61.7	59.9	68.9
	69.9 18.1	69.8 19.3	69.9 18.1	70.0 17.3	69.8 18.9	70.0	68.5	67.3 25.0	69.4	66.3 26.7	63.6	67.5 24.7	33.2	59.9 35.6	68.9 21.8
Density (pcphpl)	18.1 C	19.3 C	18.1 C	17.3 B		14.6 B	22.8 C	25.0 C		26.7 D		24.7 C	33.2 D	35.6 E	
LOS		C	G	В	С	В	C	G	С	U	D	G	U	E	С
Calculate Operations for	_		4.000		0.507	0.000		0.400	0.000		0.500	0.700		4.007	4.400
GP <sub>IN</sub> Vol (pcph)	4,164		4,093		3,537	3,882		3,129	3,332		3,528	3,792		4,087	4,169
GP <sub>IN</sub> Cap (pcph)	7,200		7,200		7,200	7,200		4,800	4,800		4,800	4,800		4,800	4,800
GP <sub>IN</sub> v/c ratio	0.58		0.57		0.49	0.54		0.65	0.69		0.74	0.79		0.85	0.87
Calculate Operations for															
GP <sub>OUT</sub> Vol (pcph)	4,076		3,436		3,966	3,165		3,360	3,576		3,890	4,253		4,263	4,090
GP <sub>OUT</sub> Cap (pcph)	7,200		7,200		7,200	4,800		4,800	4,800		4,800	4,800		4,800	4,800
GP <sub>OUT</sub> v/c ratio	0.57		0.48		0.55	0.66		0.70	0.75		0.81	0.89		0.89	0.85

Fehr & Peers 10/23/2014

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15

Key

<> Express Lane (HOV)

No Trucks

Name	Silva Valley to El Dorado Weave	Between Ramps	El Dorado Hills to Empire Weave	e Between Empire Ranch Ramp	Empire Ranch Loop On Ramp	Empire Ranch to E. Bidwell Weave	Between E. Bidwell St Ramps	E. Bidwell St Loop On-Ramp	E. Bidwell to Oak Ave Weave	Between Oak Ave Ramps	Oak Ave Loop On-Ramp	Oak Ave to Prairie City Wea	ve Between Prairie City Ramp	s Prairie City Loop On Ramp	Prairie City Slip to Folsom Wear
Calculate Flow Rate in	Express Lanes (EL)														
EL Volume (vph)	917	900	900	788	788	866	728	728	772	824	824	890	974	974	1,006
PHF	0.92	0.92	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.98	0.98	0.98
Express Lanes	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Terrain	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level
Grade %	-3.0%	0.8%	0.3%	4.3%	-1.0%	-6.4%	-2.1%	-3.0%	-1.0%	-2.0%	-1.4%	0.0%	-1.0%	0.0%	-1.0%
Grade Length (mi)	0.66	0.47	0.76	0.31	0.15	0.66	0.31	0.15	0.95	0.31	0.15	0.38	0.27	0.24	1.99
Truck & Bus %	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%
RV %	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
E <sub>T</sub>	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
E <sub>T</sub>	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2
		0.990					0.990				0.990				
f <sub>HV</sub>	0.990		0.990	0.990	0.990	0.990		0.990	0.990	0.990		0.990	0.990	0.990	0.990
	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
EL Flow (pcph)	1,006	988	947	829	829	911	766	766	812	867	867	936	1,004	1,004	1,037
EL Flow (pcphpl)	1,006	988	947	829	829	911	766	766	812	867	867	936	1,004	1,004	1,037
						1		ı			ı	1	ĺ	i	Ī
Calculate Speed in Exp															
Lane Width (ft)	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Shoulder Width	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6
TRD	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
$f_{LW}$	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
f <sub>LC</sub>	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Calc'd FFS	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9
Measured FFS	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0
FFS	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70
								•				•		•	•
Calculate Operations in	n Express Lanes														
EL <sub>IN</sub> v/c ratio	0.58	0.56	0.54	0.47	0.47	0.52	0.44	0.44	0.46	0.50	0.50	0.54	0.57	0.57	0.59
												•		•	
Calculate On Ramp Flo	ow Rate														
On Volume (vph)	866		930		390	190		220	890		330	1,100		160	310
PHF	0.96		0.96		0.92	0.92		0.96	0.96		0.92	0.92		0.92	0.92
Total Lanes	1		1		1	1		1	1		1	1		1	1
Terrain	Level		Level		Level	Level		Level	Level		Level	Level		Level	Level
Grade %	2.0%		2.0%		2.0%	2.0%		2.0%	2.0%		2.0%	2.0%		2.0%	2.0%
Grade Length (mi)	0.00		0.00		0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00
Truck & Bus %	2.0%		2.0%		2.0%	2.0%		2.0%	2.0%		2.0%	2.0%		2.0%	2.0%
RV %	0.0%		0.0%		0.0%	0.0%		0.0%	0.0%		0.0%	0.0%		0.0%	0.0%
E <sub>T</sub>	1.5		1.5		1.5	1.5		1.5	1.5		1.5	1.5		1.5	1.5
E <sub>R</sub>	1.2		1.2		1.2	1.2		1.2	1.2		1.2	1.2		1.2	1.2
f <sub>HV</sub>	0.990		0.990		0.990	0.990		0.990	0.990		0.990	0.990		0.990	0.990
f <sub>P</sub>	1.00		1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00
On Flow (pcph)	911		978		428	209		231	936		362	1,208		176	340
On Flow (pcphpl)	911		978		428	209		231	936		362	1,208		176	340
C.I I low (popripi)	311		370		420	200		201	300		OUL	1,200		170	040
Calculate On Ramp Ro	adway Operations					į į		İ			Í	I	I	i	İ
			Piabt		Right	Dight		Diabt	Right		Right	Right		Right	Right
	Right		Right 35			Right		Right							
On Ramp Type			35		25	45		25	45		25	45		25	35
On Ramp Speed (mph)	35				4	0.455		4.000	0.100		4 ***	6 :	The second secon	4 000	0 ***
	2,000 0.46		2,000 0.49		1,900 0.23	2,100 0.10		1,900 0.12	2,100 0.45		1,900 0.19	2,100 0.58		1,900 0.09	2,000 0.17

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15

Key

<> Express Lane (HOV)

No Trucks

Name	Silva Valley to El Dorado Weave	Between Ramps	El Dorado Hills to Empire Weave	Between Empire Ranch Ramps Emp	pire Ranch Loop On Ramp	Empire Ranch to E. Bidwell Weave	Between E. Bidwell St Ramps	E. Bidwell St Loop On-Ramp	E. Bidwell to Oak Ave Weave	Between Oak Ave Ramps	Oak Ave Loop On-Ramp	Oak Ave to Prairie City Weav	e Between Prairie City Ramps	Prairie City Loop On Ramp	Prairie City Slip to Folsom We
Iculate Off Ramp Flo												,			
Off Volume (vph)	950		1,490			880			630			680			382
PHF	0.96		0.92			0.96			0.92			0.92			0.92
Total Lanes	2		2			2			2			1			1
Terrain	Level		Level			Level			Level			Level			Level
Grade %	2.0%		2.0%			2.0%			2.0%			2.0%			2.0%
Grade Length (mi)	0.00		0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00
Truck & Bus %	2.0%		2.0%			2.0%			2.0%			2.0%			2.0%
RV %	0.0%		0.0%			0.0%			0.0%			0.0%			0.0%
E <sub>T</sub>	1.5		1.5			1.5			1.5			1.5			1.5
	1.2		1.2			1.2			1.2			1.2			
E <sub>R</sub>															1.2
f <sub>HV</sub>	0.990		0.990			0.990			0.990			0.990			0.990
f <sub>P</sub>	1.00		1.00			1.00			1.00			1.00			1.00
Off Flow (pcph)	999		1,636			926			692			747			419
Off Flow (pcphpl)	500		818			463			346			747			419
					ı		i				ı	•	1	1	1
alculate Off Ramp Roa															
Off Ramp Type	Right		Right			Right			Right			Right			Right
Off Ramp Speed	25		40			40			40			40			40
Off Ramp Cap (pcph)	3,800		4,000			4,000			4,000			2,000			2,000
Off Ramp v/c ratio	0.26		0.41			0.23			0.17			0.37			0.21
												_			
etermine Adjacent Rar	mp for Three-Lane Mainline S	Segments with One-Lane													
Up Type				No					On			On			On
Up Distance									780			780			####
Up Flow (pcph)									231			362			176
Down Type				On	ı				On			On			No
Down Distance				780	)				####			####			
Down Flow (pcph)				209	9				362			176			
													•	•	
alculate Merge Influen	nce Area Operations														
Effective v <sub>P</sub> (pcph)					3,537			3,129			3,528			4,087	
Up Ramp L <sub>EQ</sub>															
Down Ramp L <sub>EQ</sub>					1,472										
P <sub>FM</sub> (Eqn 13-3)					0.586			0.586			0.586			0.586	
P <sub>FM</sub> (Eqn 13-4)															
P <sub>FM</sub> (Eqn 13-5)															
P <sub>FM</sub>					0.586			1.000			1.000			1.000	
v <sub>12</sub> (pcph)					2,073			3,129			3,528			4,087	
v <sub>3</sub> (pcph)					1,465										
v <sub>34</sub> (pcph)															
v <sub>12a</sub> (pcph)					2,073			3,129			3,528			4,087	
v <sub>R12a</sub> (pcph)					2,501			3,360			3,890			4,263	
Merge Speed Index					0.35			0.42			0.50			0.58	
Merge Area Speed					60.1			58.3			56.1			53.7	
Outer Lanes Volume					1,465			30.0			30.1			30.7	
Outer Lanes Speed					66.5										
								E0.0			EC 1			50.7	
Segment Speed					62.3			58.3			56.1			53.7	
Merge v/c ratio					0.54			0.73			0.85			0.93	
Merge Density					22.9			29.7			33.8			36.8	
Merge LOS					С			D			D			F	

Key

Name	Silva Valley to El Dorado Weave	Between Ramps	El Dorado Hills to Empire Weave	Between Empire Ranch Ramps	Empire Ranch Loop On Ramp	Empire Ranch to E. Bidwell Weave	Between E. Bidwell St Ramps	E. Bidwell St Loop On-Ramp	E. Bidwell to Oak Ave Weave	Between Oak Ave Ramps	Oak Ave Loop On-Ramp	Oak Ave to Prairie City Weave	Between Prairie City Ramps	Prairie City Loop On Ramp	Prairie City Slip to Folsom Wes
Calculate Diverge Influ	uence Area Operations														
Effective v <sub>P</sub> (pcph)															
Up Ramp L <sub>EQ</sub>															
Down Ramp L <sub>EQ</sub>															
P <sub>FD</sub> (Eqn 13-9)															
P <sub>FD</sub> (Eqn 13-10)															
P <sub>FD</sub> (Eqn 13-11)															
$P_{FD}$															1
v <sub>12</sub> (pcph)															1
v <sub>3</sub> (pcph)															
v <sub>34</sub> (pcph)															l .
v <sub>12a</sub> (pcph)															
Diverge Speed Index															
Diverge Area Speed															
Outer Lanes Volume															
Outer Lanes Speed															
Segment Speed															
Diverge v/c ratio															
Diverge Density															
Diverge LOS															

Key

<> Express Lane (HOV)

No Trucks

Name	Silva Valley to El Dorado Weave	Between Ramps	El Dorado Hills to Empire Weave	Between Empire Ranch Ramps	Empire Ranch Loop On Ramp	Empire Ranch to E. Bidwell Weave	Between E. Bidwell St Ramps	E. Bidwell St Loop On-Ramp	E. Bidwell to Oak Ave Weave	Between Oak Ave Ramps	Oak Ave Loop On-Ramp	Oak Ave to Prairie City Weave	Between Prairie City Ramps	Prairie City Loop On Ramp	Prairie City Slip to Folsom Wear
Summarize Segment O	perations														
Segment v/c ratio	#VALUE!	0.56	#VALUE!	0.50	0.54	0.43	0.65	0.73	0.59	0.74	0.85	#VALUE!	0.85	0.93	0.63
Segment Density	#VALUE!	19.3	#VALUE!	17.3	22.9	14.6	22.8	29.7	20.5	26.7	33.8	#VALUE!	33.2	36.8	21.8
Segment LOS	#VALUE!	С	#VALUE!	В	С	В	С	D	С	D	D	#VALUE!	D	E	С
Over Capacity	#VALUE!		#VALUE!									#VALUE!			
						•	•				·				

	Location	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
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Key

<> Express Lane (HOV)

No Trucks

Name	Silva Valley to El Dorado Weave	Between Ramps	El Dorado Hills to Empire Weave	Between Empire Ranch Ramps	Empire Ranch Loop On Ramp	Empire Ranch to E. Bidwell Weav	Between E. Bidwell St Ramps	E. Bidwell St Loop On-Ramp	E. Bidwell to Oak Ave Weave	Between Oak Ave Ramps	Oak Ave Loop On-Ramp	Oak Ave to Prairie City Weave	Between Prairie City Ramps	Prairie City Loop On Ramp	Prairie City Slip to Folsom Weav
efine Freeway Segme	nt														
Type	Weave	Basic	Weave	Basic	Merge	Weave	Basic	Merge	Weave	Basic	Merge	Weave	Basic	Merge	Weave
Length (ft)	3,500	2,500	4,000	1,650	780	3,500	1,650	780	5,000	1,650	780	2,000	1,400	1,250	10,500
Accel Length					300			300			300			300	
Decel Length															
Mainline Volume	3,241	3,050	3,050	3,440	3,440	3,970	3,150	3,150	3,550	3,960	3,960	4,230	4,700	4,700	4,740
On Ramp Volume	199		1,140		530	100		400	860		270	1,030		40	470
Off Ramp Volume	390		750			920			450			560			263
Express Lane Volume	551	519	519	585	585	675	536	536	604	673	673	719	799	799	806
EL On Ramp Volume															
EL Off Ramp Volume															
•	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17
Calculate Flow Rate in	General Purpose Lanes (GP)		0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17
GP Volume (vph)	2,889	2,532	3,672	2,855	3,385	3,395	2,615	3,015	3,807	3,287	3,557	4,541	3,901	3,941	4,404
PHF	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.98	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96
GP Lanes	4	3	4	3	3	4	2	2	3	2	2	3	2	2	3
Terrain	Grade	Level	Level	Grade	Level	Grade	Grade	Grade	Level	Grade	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level
Grade %	-3.0%	0.8%	0.3%	4.3%	-1.0%	-6.4%	-2.1%	-3.0%	-1.0%	-2.0%	-1.4%	0.0%	-1.0%	0.0%	-1.0%
Grade Length (mi)	0.66	0.47	0.76	0.31	0.15	0.66	0.31	0.15	0.95	0.31	0.15	0.38	0.27	0.24	1.99
Truck & Bus %	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%
RV %	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
HV % E₁	1.5	1.5	1.5	2.0	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
E <sub>R</sub>	1.2	1.2	1.2	4.0	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2
f <sub>HV</sub>	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.943	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971
f <sub>P</sub>	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
GP Flow (pcph)	3,234	2,834	4,110	3,290	3,790	3,643	2,805	3,234	4,001	3,526	3,816	4,872	4,185	4,228	4,725
GP Flow (pcphpl)	809	945	1,028	1,097	1,263	911	1,403	1,617	1,334	1,763	1,908	1,624	2,093	2,114	1,575
						İ	İ	İ			Í	Ī	İ	Ī	Ī
Calculate Speed in Ger															
Lane Width (ft)	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Shoulder Width	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6
TRD	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
$f_{LW}$	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
f <sub>LC</sub>	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Calculated FFS	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9
Measured FFS	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0
FFS Curve	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70
						ı					i	Ī		Ī	Ī
Calculate Operations in	General Purpose Lanes														
v/c ratio	0.34	0.39	0.43	0.46	0.53	0.38	0.58	0.67	0.56	0.73	0.80	0.68	0.87	0.88	0.66
Speed (mph)	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	69.5	68.0	69.8	66.3	64.2	67.9	60.8	60.3	68.4
Density (pcphpl)	11.6	13.5	14.7	15.7	18.1	13.0	20.2	23.8	19.1	26.6	29.7	23.9	34.4	35.1	23.0
LOS	В	В	В	В	С	В	С	С	С	D	D	С	D	E	С
Calculate Operations for	or Entering GP Lanes														
GP <sub>IN</sub> Vol (pcph)	3,016		2,936		3,208	3,533		2,813	3,091		3,531	3,783		4,186	4,228
GP <sub>IN</sub> Cap (pcph)	7,200		7,200		7,200	7,200		4,800	4,800		4,800	4,800		4,800	4,800
GP <sub>IN</sub> v/c ratio	0.42		0.41		0.45	0.49		0.59	0.64		0.74	0.79		0.87	0.88
Calculate Operations for	or Exiting GP Lanes														
GP <sub>OUT</sub> Vol (pcph)	2,833		3,287		3,790	2,675		3,234	3,527		3,816	4,283		4,228	4,449
GP <sub>OUT</sub> Cap (pcph)	7,200		7,200		7,200	4,800		4,800	4,800		4,800	4,800		4,800	4,800
GP <sub>OUT</sub> v/c ratio	0.39		0.46		0.53	0.56		0.67	0.73		0.80	0.89		0.88	0.93

Fehr & Peers 10/23/2014

Location	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15

Key

Name	Silva Valley to El Dorado Weave	Between Ramps	El Dorado Hills to Empire Weave	Between Empire Ranch Ramps	Empire Ranch Loop On Ramp	Empire Ranch to E. Bidwell Weav	Between E. Bidwell St Ramps	E. Bidwell St Loop On-Ramp	E. Bidwell to Oak Ave Weave	Between Oak Ave Ramps	Oak Ave Loop On-Ramp	Oak Ave to Prairie City Weave	Between Prairie City Ramps	Prairie City Loop On Ramp	Prairie City Slip to Folsom Wear
alculate Flow Rate in	Express Lanes (EL)														
EL Volume (vph)	551	519	519	585	585	675	536	536	604	673	673	719	799	799	806
PHF	0.92	0.92	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.98	0.98	0.98
Express Lanes	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Terrain	Grade	Level	Level	Grade	Level	Grade	Grade	Grade	Level	Grade	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level
Grade %	-3.0%	0.8%	0.3%	4.3%	-1.0%	-6.4%	-2.1%	-3.0%	-1.0%	-2.0%	-1.4%	0.0%	-1.0%	0.0%	-1.0%
Grade Length (mi)	0.66	0.47	0.76	0.31	0.15	0.66	0.31	0.15	0.95	0.31	0.15	0.38	0.27	0.24	1.99
Truck & Bus %	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%
	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
RV %	1.5	1.5	1.5	2.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
E <sub>T</sub>															
E <sub>R</sub>	1.2	1.2	1.2	4.0	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2
f <sub>HV</sub>	0.990	0.990	0.990	0.971	0.990	0.990	0.990	0.990	0.990	0.990	0.990	0.990	0.990	0.990	0.990
t <sub>P</sub>	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
EL Flow (pcph)	605	569	546	627	615	710	563	563	635	708	708	757	823	823	830
EL Flow (pcphpl)	605	569	546	627	615	710	563	563	635	708	708	757	823	823	830
						1	1	•			1	1		1	•
Calculate Speed in Exp															
Lane Width (ft)	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Shoulder Width	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6
TRD	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
$f_{LW}$	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
$f_{LC}$	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Calc'd FFS	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9
Measured FFS	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0
FFS	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70
						•	•					•	•	•	
Calculate Operations in	Express Lanes														
EL <sub>IN</sub> v/c ratio	0.35	0.33	0.31	0.36	0.35	0.41	0.32	0.32	0.36	0.40	0.40	0.43	0.47	0.47	0.47
											•				
Calculate On Ramp Flo	w Rate														
On Volume (vph)	199		1,140		530	100		400	860		270	1,030		40	470
PHF	0.92		0.98		0.92	0.92		0.96	0.96		0.96	0.96		0.96	0.96
Total Lanes	1		1		1	1		1	1		1	1		1	1
Terrain	Level		Level		Level	Level		Level	Level		Level	Level		Level	Level
Grade %	2.0%		2.0%		2.0%	2.0%		2.0%	2.0%		2.0%	2.0%		2.0%	2.0%
Grade Length (mi)	0.00		0.00		0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00
Truck & Bus %	2.0%		2.0%		2.0%	2.0%		2.0%	3.0%		3.0%	3.0%		3.0%	3.0%
RV %	0.0%		0.0%		0.0%	0.0%		0.0%	0.0%		0.0%	0.0%		0.0%	0.0%
E <sub>T</sub>	1.5		1.5		1.5	1.5		1.5	1.5		1.5	1.5		1.5	1.5
E <sub>R</sub>	1.2		1.2		1.2	1.2		1.2	1.2		1.2	1.2		1.2	1.2
f <sub>HV</sub>	0.990		0.990		0.990	0.990		0.990	0.985		0.985	0.985		0.985	0.985
f <sub>P</sub>	1.00		1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00
On Flow (pcph)	218		1,175		582	110		421	909		285	1,089		42	497
On Flow (pcphpl)	218		1,175		582	110		421	909		285	1,089		42	497
(pop.ip.)	0		.,									.,000		,	
Calculate On Ramp Roa	adway Operations						1	1			1	I	I	I	1
On Ramp Type	Right		Right		Right	Right		Right	Right		Right	Right		Right	Right
On hamp Type	Algrit 35		Aignt 35		Hight 25	45		Aight 25	Hight 45		25	45		Hight 25	Aight 35
On Roma Carad (as 1)	33														
On Ramp Speed (mph)	2,000		2,000	The second secon	1 000	2 100		1 000	2 100					1 000	
On Ramp Speed (mph) On Ramp Cap (pcph) On Ramp v/c ratio	2,000 0.11		2,000 0.59		1,900 0.31	2,100 0.05		1,900 0.22	2,100 0.43		1,900 0.15	2,100 0.52		1,900 0.02	2,000 0.25

Project: Russell Ranch Freeway Corridor: Westbound US 50

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15

Key

<> Express Lane (HOV)

No Trucks

Name	Silva Valley to El Dorado Weave	Between Ramps	El Dorado Hills to Empire Weave	Between Empire Ranch Ramps I	Empire Ranch Loop On Ramp	Empire Ranch to E. Bidwell Weave	Between E. Bidwell St Ramps	E. Bidwell St Loop On-Ramp	E. Bidwell to Oak Ave Weave	Between Oak Ave Ramps	Oak Ave Loop On-Ramp	Oak Ave to Prairie City Weav	e Between Prairie City Ramps	Prairie City Loop On Ramp	Prairie City Slip to Folsom We
Iculate Off Ramp Flo															
Off Volume (vph)	390		750			920			450			560			263
PHF	0.98		0.92			0.96			0.96			0.96			0.96
Total Lanes	2		2			2			2			1			1
Terrain	Level		Level			Level			Level			Level			Level
Grade %	2.0%		2.0%			2.0%			2.0%			2.0%			2.0%
Grade Length (mi)	0.00		0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00
Truck & Bus %	2.0%		2.0%			2.0%			2.0%			2.0%			2.0%
RV %	0.0%		0.0%			0.0%			0.0%			0.0%			0.0%
	1.5		1.5			1.5			1.5			1.5			1.5
E <sub>T</sub>															
E <sub>R</sub>	1.2		1.2			1.2			1.2			1.2			1.2
f <sub>HV</sub>	0.990		0.990			0.990			0.990			0.990			0.990
f <sub>P</sub>	1.00		1.00			1.00			1.00			1.00			1.00
Off Flow (pcph)	402		823			968			473			589			277
Off Flow (pcphpl)	201		412			484			237			589			277
						1	ı	•			1	1	1	1	1
alculate Off Ramp Roa															
Off Ramp Type	Right		Right			Right			Right			Right			Right
Off Ramp Speed	25		40			40			40			40			40
Off Ramp Cap (pcph)	3,800		4,000			4,000			4,000			2,000			2,000
Off Ramp v/c ratio	0.11		0.21			0.24			0.12			0.29			0.14
								-							
etermine Adjacent Rai	mp for Three-Lane Mainline	Segments with One-Lane													
Up Type					No				On			On			On
Up Distance									780			780			####
Up Flow (pcph)									421			285			42
Down Type					On				On			On			####
Down Distance					780				####			####			####
Down Flow (pcph)					110				####			497			####
						•					•		•	•	•
alculate Merge Influen	nce Area Operations														
Effective v <sub>P</sub> (pcph)					3,208			2,813			3,531			4,186	
Up Ramp L <sub>EQ</sub>															
Down Ramp L <sub>EQ</sub>					775										
P <sub>FM</sub> (Eqn 13-3)					0.586			0.586			0.586			0.586	
P <sub>FM</sub> (Eqn 13-4)															
P <sub>FM</sub> (Eqn 13-5)															
P <sub>FM</sub>					0.586			1.000			1.000			1.000	
v <sub>12</sub> (pcph)					1,880			2,813			3,531			4,186	
v <sub>3</sub> (pcph)					1,328						·				
v <sub>34</sub> (pcph)															
v <sub>12a</sub> (pcph)					1,880			2,813			3,531			4,186	
v <sub>R12a</sub> (pcph)					2,461			3,234			3,816			4,228	
Merge Speed Index					0.35			0.41			0.48			0.57	
Merge Area Speed					60.2			58.7			56.5			53.9	
Outer Lanes Volume					1,328			30.7			30.0			55.9	
Outer Lanes Speed					67.0			50.7			50.5			50.0	
Segment Speed					62.4			58.7			56.5			53.9	
Merge v/c ratio					0.54			0.70			0.83			0.92	
Merge Density					22.5			28.6			33.2			36.6	
Merge LOS					С			D			D			F	

Alternative: Cumulative No Project Conditions Time Period: PM Peak Hour

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15

Key

Name	Silva Valley to El Dorado Weave	Between Ramps	El Dorado Hills to Empire Weave	Between Empire Ranch Ramps	Empire Ranch Loop On Ramp	Empire Ranch to E. Bidwell Weave	Between E. Bidwell St Ramps	E. Bidwell St Loop On-Ramp	E. Bidwell to Oak Ave Weave	Between Oak Ave Ramps	Oak Ave Loop On-Ramp	Oak Ave to Prairie City Weave	Between Prairie City Ramps	Prairie City Loop On Ramp	Prairie City Slip to Folsom Wes
Calculate Diverge Influ	uence Area Operations														
Effective v <sub>P</sub> (pcph)															
Up Ramp L <sub>EQ</sub>															
Down Ramp L <sub>EQ</sub>															
P <sub>FD</sub> (Eqn 13-9)															
P <sub>FD</sub> (Eqn 13-10)															
P <sub>FD</sub> (Eqn 13-11)															
$P_{FD}$															1
v <sub>12</sub> (pcph)															1
v <sub>3</sub> (pcph)															
v <sub>34</sub> (pcph)															l .
v <sub>12a</sub> (pcph)															
Diverge Speed Index															
Diverge Area Speed															
Outer Lanes Volume															
Outer Lanes Speed															
Segment Speed															
Diverge v/c ratio															
Diverge Density															
Diverge LOS															

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15

Key

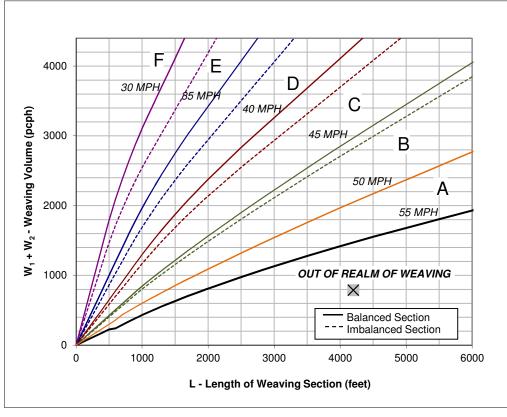
<> Express Lane (HOV)

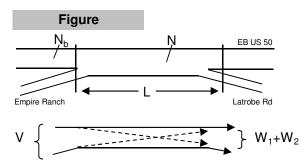
No Trucks

Name	Silva Valley to El Dorado Weave	Between Ramps	El Dorado Hills to Empire Weave	Between Empire Ranch Ramps	Empire Ranch Loop On Ramp	Empire Ranch to E. Bidwell Weave	Between E. Bidwell St Ramps	E. Bidwell St Loop On-Ramp	E. Bidwell to Oak Ave Weave	Between Oak Ave Ramps	Oak Ave Loop On-Ramp	Oak Ave to Prairie City Weave	Between Prairie City Ramps	Prairie City Loop On Ramp	Prairie City Slip to Folsom Wear
Summarize Segment C	Operations														
Segment v/c ratio	0.34	0.39	#VALUE!	0.46	0.54	0.38	0.58	0.70	0.56	0.73	0.83	#VALUE!	0.87	0.92	0.66
Segment Density	11.6	13.5	#VALUE!	15.7	22.5	13.0	20.2	28.6	19.1	26.6	33.2	#VALUE!	34.4	36.6	23.0
Segment LOS	В	В	#VALUE!	В	С	В	С	D	С	D	D	#VALUE!	D	E	С
Over Capacity			#VALUE!									#VALUE!			

#### **Data Input** Number of Entering Mainline Lanes $N_{b}$ Ν 5 Number of Lanes in Weaving Section Length of Weaving Section (feet) 4,200

<u>On-ramp to Mainii</u>	<u>ne (W₁)</u>	Mainline to Off-ram	np (W <sub>2</sub> )
Volume (vph)*	190	Volume (vph)*	590
Truck Percentage	2%	Truck Percentage	2%
PCE for Trucks	1.5	PCE for Trucks	1.5
Volume (pcph)	192	Volume (pcph)	596
	Volume (vph)*  Truck Percentage  PCE for Trucks	Truck Percentage 2% PCE for Trucks 1.5	Volume (vph)*  Truck Percentage  PCE for Trucks  190  Volume (vph)*  Truck Percentage  PCE for Trucks  PCE for Trucks





**Project Information** 

Project

Scenario

Freeway

On-ramp

Off-ramp

Russell Ranch

Cumulative No Project - AM

**EB US 50** 

**Empire Ranch** 

Latrobe Rd

#### **Capacity Analysis**

- 1. Is the weaving section balanced (Y / N)? [If optional exit lane, then "Y". Otherwise "N".]
- 2. In the Weaving Speed Chart to the left, which two speed curves is the black "x" between?

	MPH	and	MPH	
elow th	ne 55 MPH cur	ve, out of the	realm of weav	/ing.

If be If left of the 30 MPH curve, LOS is F.

- 3. Interpolated Weaving Speed (S<sub>w</sub>, mph)
- 52.7 4. Weaving Intensity Factor (k) 1.00

MDH

5. Service Volume (SV, pcph)

6. Level of Service (LOS)

MDH

- $SV = (1/N)^*[V + (k 1)^*min(W_1, W_2)]$
- 835 Α

10/15/2014

Ν

The LOS in the chart above refers to the capacity of weaving traffic only; through and ramp to ramp traffic is not included.

<sup>\*</sup> Note: Do not adjust by a Peak Hour Factor (PHF). The methodology incorporates the PHF in the Service Volume tables.

## Data InputNumber of Entering Mainline LanesNb

Length of Weaving Section (feet)

Truck Percentage

PCE for Trucks

Volume (pcph)

Number of Lanes in Weaving Section

N N 4 5 4,200

#### **Project Information**

Project
Scenario
Freeway
On-ramp
Off-ramp
Project
Russell Ranch
Cumulative No Project - PM
EB US 50
Empire Ranch
Latrobe Rd

Total Weaving Section (V)		On-ramp to Mainline (W <sub>1</sub> )	
Volume (vph)*	5.550	Volume (vph)*	210

5,717

5,550 Volume (vph)\*
6% Truck Percentage
1.5 PCE for Trucks

Volume (pcph)

210 Volume (vph)\*

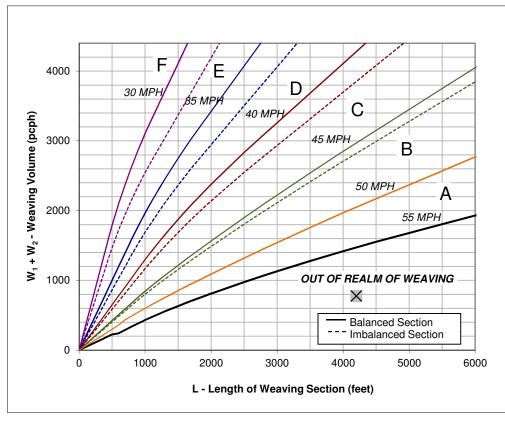
2% Truck Percentage

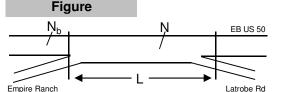
1.5 PCE for Trucks

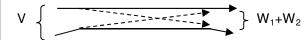
212 Volume (pcph)

560 2% 1.5 566

Mainline to Off-ramp (W<sub>2</sub>)







#### **Capacity Analysis**

- 1. Is the weaving section balanced (Y / N)?

  [If optional exit lane, then "Y". Otherwise "N".]
- 2. In the Weaving Speed Chart to the left, which two speed curves is the black "x" between?

MPH and MPH

If below the 55 MPH curve, out of the realm of weaving.

3. Interpolated Weaving Speed (S<sub>w</sub>, mph)

If left of the 30 MPH curve, LOS is F.

1.00

Ν

4. Weaving Intensity Factor (k)

6. Level of Service (LOS)

....

5. Service Volume (SV, pcph) SV = (1/N)\*[V + (k - 1)\*min(W<sub>1</sub>, W<sub>2</sub>)]

1,143 B

The LOS in the chart above refers to the capacity of weaving traffic only; through and ramp to ramp traffic is not included.

<sup>\*</sup> Note: Do not adjust by a Peak Hour Factor (PHF). The methodology incorporates the PHF in the Service Volume tables.

#### **Data Input** Number of Entering Mainline Lanes Number of Lanes in Weaving Section

Length of Weaving Section (feet)

Total Weaving Section (V)

Volume (vph)\*

Truck Percentage

PCE for Trucks

Volume (pcph)

$N_b$	3
N	4
L	11,700

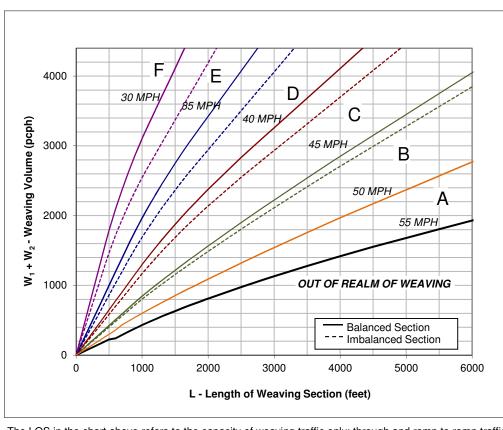
On-ramp to Mainline (W <sub>1</sub> )	Mainline to Off-ramp (W <sub>2</sub> )

Volume (vph)\* 5,380 Truck Percentage 6% 1.5 PCE for Trucks 5,541 Volume (pcph)

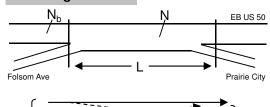
306	Volume (vph)*
2%	Truck Percentage
1.5	PCE for Trucks
309	Volume (pcph)

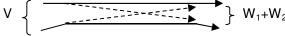
#### **Project Information**

_	
Project	Russell Ranch
Scenario	Cumulative No Project - AM
Freeway	EB US 50
On-ramp	Folsom Ave
Off-ramp	Prairie City









#### **Capacity Analysis**

290

2%

1.5

293

- 1. Is the weaving section balanced (Y / N)? [If optional exit lane, then "Y". Otherwise "N".]
- 2. In the Weaving Speed Chart to the left, which two speed curves is the black "x" between?

**MPH MPH** and If below the 55 MPH curve, out of the realm of weaving.

If left of the 30 MPH curve, LOS is F. 3. Interpolated Weaving Speed (S<sub>w</sub>, mph)

50.9

4. Weaving Intensity Factor (k)

1.00

Ν

5. Service Volume (SV, pcph)  $SV = (1/N)^*[V + (k - 1)^*min(W_1, W_2)]$ 

1,385 D

6. Level of Service (LOS)

The LOS in the chart above refers to the capacity of weaving traffic only; through and ramp to ramp traffic is not included.

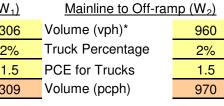
\* Note: Do not adjust by a Peak Hour Factor (PHF). The methodology incorporates the PHF in the Service Volume tables.

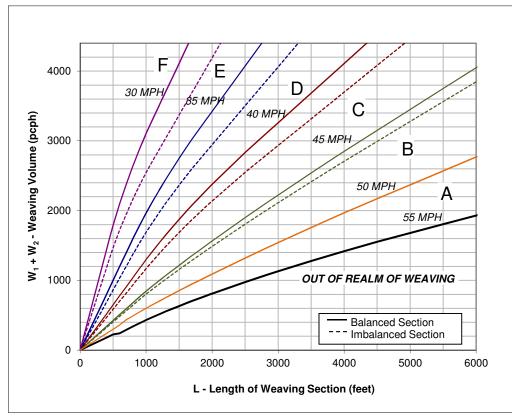
#### **Data Input**

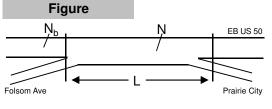
 $\begin{array}{cccc} \text{Number of Entering Mainline Lanes} & N_b & 3 \\ \text{Number of Lanes in Weaving Section} & N & 4 \\ \text{Length of Weaving Section (feet)} & L & 11,700 \\ \end{array}$ 

Project information		
Project	Russell Ranch	
Scenario	Cumulative No Project - PM	
Freeway	EB US 50	
On-ramp	Folsom Ave	
Off-ramp	Prairie City	

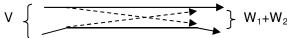
Total Weaving Section (V)		On-ramp to Mainline (W <sub>1</sub> )	
Volume (vph)*	6,650	Volume (vph)*	306
Truck Percentage	6%	Truck Percentage	2%
PCE for Trucks	1.5	PCE for Trucks	1.5
Volume (pcph)	6,850	Volume (pcph)	309







Project Information



#### **Capacity Analysis**

- 1. Is the weaving section balanced (Y / N)?

  [If optional exit lane, then "Y". Otherwise "N".]
- 2. In the Weaving Speed Chart to the left, which two speed curves is the black "x" between?

MPH and MPH

If below the 55 MPH curve, out of the realm of weaving.

If left of the 30 MPH curve, LOS is F.

- 3. Interpolated Weaving Speed (S<sub>w</sub>, mph)
- 4. Weaving Intensity Factor (k)
- 5. Service Volume (SV, pcph)  $SV = (1/N)^*[V + (k - 1)^*min(W_1, W_2)]$
- 6. Level of Service (LOS)

1,712

Ε

51.9

1.00

Ν

The LOS in the chart above refers to the capacity of weaving traffic only; through and ramp to ramp traffic is not included.

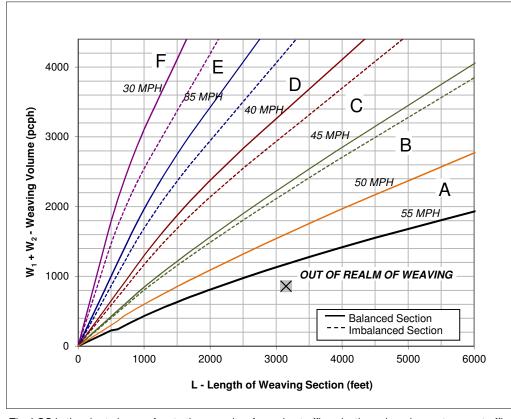
\* Note: Do not adjust by a Peak Hour Factor (PHF). The methodology incorporates the PHF in the Service Volume tables.

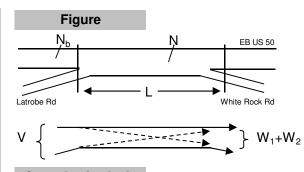
3,150

#### **Data Input** Number of Entering Mainline Lanes $N_{b}$ Ν 5 Number of Lanes in Weaving Section

Length of Weaving Section (feet)

Total Weaving Sec	ction (V)	On-ramp to Mainli	ne (W₁)	Mainline to Off-ran	np (W <sub>2</sub> )
Volume (vph)*	3,480	Volume (vph)*	470	Volume (vph)*	319
Truck Percentage	6%	Truck Percentage	6%	Truck Percentage	6%
PCE for Trucks	2.5	PCE for Trucks	2.5	PCE for Trucks	2.5
Volume (pcph)	3,793	Volume (pcph)	512	Volume (pcph)	348





**Project Information** 

Project

Scenario

Freeway

On-ramp

Off-ramp

Russell Ranch

Cumulative No Project - AM

**EB US 50** 

Latrobe Rd

White Rock Rd

## **Capacity Analysis**

- 1. Is the weaving section balanced (Y / N)? [If optional exit lane, then "Y". Otherwise "N".]
- 2. In the Weaving Speed Chart to the left, which two speed curves is the black "x" between?

**MPH MPH** and If below the 55 MPH curve, out of the realm of weaving. If left of the 30 MPH curve, LOS is F.

3. Interpolated Weaving Speed (S<sub>w</sub>, mph)

53.7

4. Weaving Intensity Factor (k)

1.00

Ν

5. Service Volume (SV, pcph)  $SV = (1/N)^*[V + (k - 1)^*min(W_1, W_2)]$ 

759

6. Level of Service (LOS)

Α

The LOS in the chart above refers to the capacity of weaving traffic only; through and ramp to ramp traffic is not included.

\* Note: Do not adjust by a Peak Hour Factor (PHF). The methodology incorporates the PHF in the Service Volume tables.

#### **Data Input**

Number of Entering Mainline Lanes  $N_{b}$ Ν 5 Number of Lanes in Weaving Section Length of Weaving Section (feet) 3,150

i roject iii	Torritation	
Project	Russell Ranch	
Scenario	Cumulative No Project - PM	
Freeway	EB US 50	
On-ramp	Latrobe Rd	
Off-ramp	White Rock Rd	

Volume (vph)*
Truck Percentage
PCE for Trucks
Volume (pcph)

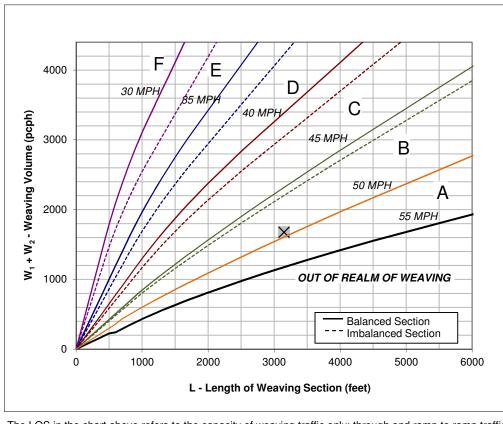
Total Weaving Section (V)		On-ramp to Mainline (W <sub>1</sub> )	
lume (vph)*	5,270	Volume (vph)*	860
uck Percentage	6%	Truck Percentage	2%
CE for Trucks	2.0	PCE for Trucks	1.5
lume (pcph)	5,586	Volume (pcph)	869
		=	

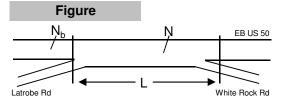
860	Volume (vph)*
2%	Truck Percentage
1.5	PCE for Trucks
869	Volume (pcph)

Mainline to Off-ramp (W2)

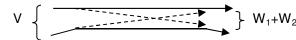
800

2% 1.5 808





Project Information



#### **Capacity Analysis**

- 1. Is the weaving section balanced (Y / N)? [If optional exit lane, then "Y". Otherwise "N".]
- 2. In the Weaving Speed Chart to the left, which two speed curves is the black "x" between?

45 MPH and 50 MP
------------------

If below the 55 MPH curve, out of the realm of weaving. If left of the 30 MPH curve, LOS is F.

3. Interpolated Weaving Speed (S<sub>w</sub>, mph)

49.5

4. Weaving Intensity Factor (k)

1.27

5. Service Volume (SV, pcph)  $SV = (1/N)^*[V + (k - 1)^*min(W_1, W_2)]$ 

1,160 В

6. Level of Service (LOS)

The LOS in the chart above refers to the capacity of weaving traffic only; through and ramp to ramp traffic is not included.

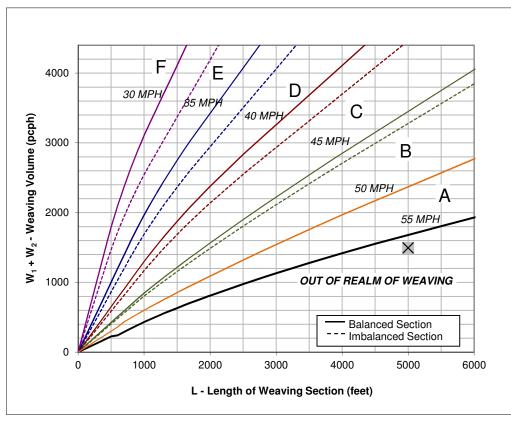
\* Note: Do not adjust by a Peak Hour Factor (PHF). The methodology incorporates the PHF in the Service Volume tables.

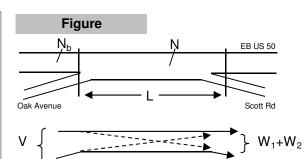
5,000

#### **Data Input** Number of Entering Mainline Lanes $N_{b}$ 4 Number of Lanes in Weaving Section Ν

Length of Weaving Section (feet)

Total Weaving Sec	tion (V)	On-ramp to Mainli		Mainline to Off-ran	np (W <sub>2</sub> )
Volume (vph)*	4,800	Volume (vph)*	140	Volume (vph)*	1,340
Truck Percentage	6%	Truck Percentage	2%	Truck Percentage	2%
PCE for Trucks	1.5	PCE for Trucks	1.5	PCE for Trucks	1.5
Volume (pcph)	4,944	Volume (pcph)	141	Volume (pcph)	1,353





**Project Information** 

Project

Scenario

Freeway

On-ramp

Off-ramp

Russell Ranch

Cumulative No Project - AM

**EB US 50** 

Oak Avenue

Scott Rd

Ν

10/15/2014

#### **Capacity Analysis**

- 1. Is the weaving section balanced (Y / N)? [If optional exit lane, then "Y". Otherwise "N".]
- 2. In the Weaving Speed Chart to the left, which two speed curves is the black "x" between?

**MPH MPH** and If below the 55 MPH curve, out of the realm of weaving.

If left of the 30 MPH curve, LOS is F.

- 3. Interpolated Weaving Speed (S<sub>w</sub>, mph)
  - 54.4 1.00
- 4. Weaving Intensity Factor (k) 5. Service Volume (SV, pcph)
  - $SV = (1/N)^*[V + (k 1)^*min(W_1, W_2)]$
- 1,236 6. Level of Service (LOS)

The LOS in the chart above refers to the capacity of weaving traffic only; through and ramp to ramp traffic is not included.

<sup>\*</sup> Note: Do not adjust by a Peak Hour Factor (PHF). The methodology incorporates the PHF in the Service Volume tables.

#### **Data Input**

Number of Entering Mainline Lanes  $N_{b}$ 3 Number of Lanes in Weaving Section Ν 4 Length of Weaving Section (feet) 5,000

Froject illiorillation					
Project	Russell Ranch				
Scenario	Cumulative No Project - PM				
Freeway	EB US 50				
On-ramp	Oak Avenue				
Off-ramp	Scott Rd				

Volume (vph)*
Truck Percentage
PCE for Trucks
Volume (pcph)

Total Weaving Section (V)		On-ramp to Mainline (W <sub>1</sub> )		
olume (vph)*	5,660	Volume (vph)*	350	
uck Percentage	6%	Truck Percentage	2%	
CE for Trucks	1.5	PCE for Trucks	1.5	
olume (pcph)	5,830	Volume (pcph)	354	
		=		

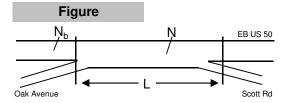
Volume (vph)*
Truck Percentage
PCE for Trucks
Volume (pcph)

Mainline to Off-ramp (W2)

1,510

2% 1.5 1,525

	4000 -		F /	/ Е \$5 мру́1		D		,,,,		
(hdod) amnlo	3000 -				40	MPH	45 MPH		В	
W <sub>1</sub> + W <sub>2</sub> - Weaving Volume (pcph)	2000 -							50 MPH	55 MPH	
W + W	1000 -					0	OUT OF RE	EALM OF	WEAVING	G
	0 -							alanced S nbalance	Section d Section	
	(	)	1000	2000		3000	4000 Section (fe		5000	6000



Project Information



#### **Capacity Analysis**

- 1. Is the weaving section balanced (Y / N)? [If optional exit lane, then "Y". Otherwise "N".]
- 2. In the Weaving Speed Chart to the left, which two speed curves is the black "x" between?

|--|

If below the 55 MPH curve, out of the realm of weaving. If left of the 30 MPH curve, LOS is F.

3. Interpolated Weaving Speed (S<sub>w</sub>, mph)

53.6

4. Weaving Intensity Factor (k)

1.00

5. Service Volume (SV, pcph)  $SV = (1/N)^*[V + (k - 1)^*min(W_1, W_2)]$ 

1,457

10/15/2014

6. Level of Service (LOS)

The LOS in the chart above refers to the capacity of weaving traffic only; through and ramp to ramp traffic is not included. \* Note: Do not adjust by a Peak Hour Factor (PHF). The methodology incorporates the PHF in the Service Volume tables.

#### **Data Input** Number of Entering Mainline Lanes $N_{b}$ Number of Lanes in Weaving Section

5.430

Length of Weaving Section (feet)

Total Weaving Section (V)

Volume (vph)\*

Truck Percentage

PCE for Trucks

Volume (pcph)

3 4 Ν 1,200

On rome to Mainline (M.)	Mainling to Off rame (M.)
On-ramp to Mainline (W₁)	Mainline to Off-ramp $(W_2)$

Truck Percentage 6% 1.5 PCE for Trucks 5,593 Volume (pcph)

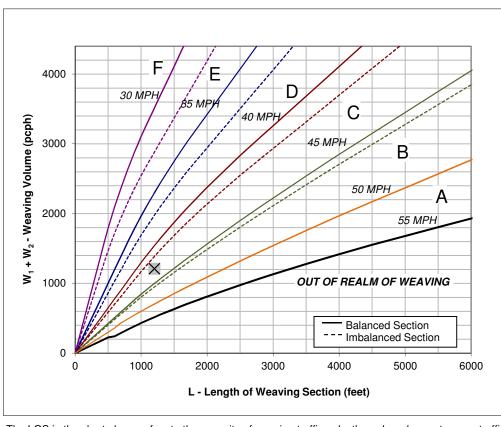
Volume (vph)\*

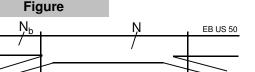
290 Volume (vph)\* Truck Percentage 2% 1.5 PCE for Trucks 293 Volume (pcph)

#### **Project Information**

_	
Project	Russell Ranch
Scenario	Cumulative No Project - AM
Freeway	EB US 50
On-ramp	Prairie City
Off-ramp	Oak Avenue

Oak Avenue







#### **Capacity Analysis**

910

2%

1.5

919

Prairie City

- 1. Is the weaving section balanced (Y / N)? [If optional exit lane, then "Y". Otherwise "N".]
- 2. In the Weaving Speed Chart to the left, which two speed curves is the black "x" between?

**45 MPH** 40 MPH and

If below the 55 MPH curve, out of the realm of weaving. If left of the 30 MPH curve, LOS is F.

3. Interpolated Weaving Speed (S<sub>w</sub>, mph)

43.0

4. Weaving Intensity Factor (k)

2.87

Υ

5. Service Volume (SV, pcph)  $SV = (1/N)^*[V + (k - 1)^*min(W_1, W_2)]$ 

1,535 D

6. Level of Service (LOS)

The LOS in the chart above refers to the capacity of weaving traffic only; through and ramp to ramp traffic is not included.

\* Note: Do not adjust by a Peak Hour Factor (PHF). The methodology incorporates the PHF in the Service Volume tables.

#### **Data Input**

Number of Entering Mainline Lanes  $N_{b}$ 3 Ν 4 Number of Lanes in Weaving Section Length of Weaving Section (feet) 1,200

	ioimation
Project	Russell Ranch
Scenario	Cumulative No Project - PM
Freeway	EB US 50
On-ramp	Prairie City
Off-ramp	Oak Avenue

**EB US 50** 

Oak Avenue

Project Information

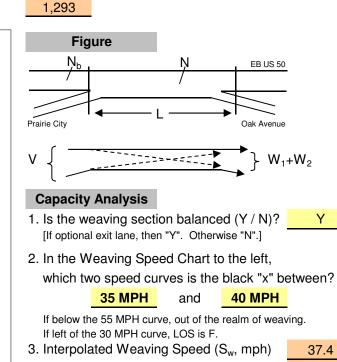
Volume (vph)*	
Truck Percentage	
PCE for Trucks	
Volume (pcph)	

Total Weaving Section (V)		On-ramp to Mainline $(W_1)$	
lume (vph)*	6,440	Volume (vph)*	630
uck Percentage	6%	Truck Percentage	2%
CE for Trucks	1.5	PCE for Trucks	1.5
lume (pcph)	6,633	Volume (pcph)	636

630	Volume (vph)*
2%	Truck Percentage
1.5	PCE for Trucks
636	Volume (pcph)
636	volume (pcpn)

Mainline to Off-ramp (W<sub>2</sub>)

1.280 2% 1.5

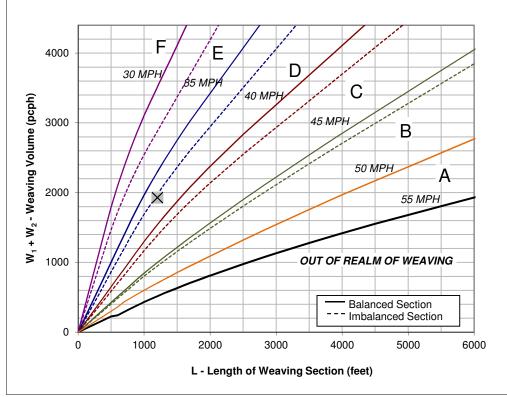


4. Weaving Intensity Factor (k)

5. Service Volume (SV, pcph)

6. Level of Service (LOS)

 $SV = (1/N)^*[V + (k - 1)^*min(W_1, W_2)]$ 



The LOS in the chart above refers to the capacity of weaving traffic only; through and ramp to ramp traffic is not included.

Sources: Completion of Procedures for Analysis and Design of Traffic Weaving Sections, Jack E. Leisch & Associates, September 1983 and Highway Design Manual, California Department of Transportation, July 24, 2009

37.4

2.75

1,937

<sup>\*</sup> Note: Do not adjust by a Peak Hour Factor (PHF). The methodology incorporates the PHF in the Service Volume tables.

#### **Data Input**

Number of Entering Mainline Lanes  $N_{b}$ Ν 5 Number of Lanes in Weaving Section Length of Weaving Section (feet) 3,500

Ojoot	ioimation
Project	Russell Ranch
Scenario	Cumulative No Project - AM
Freeway	EB US 50
On-ramp	Scott Rd
Off-ramp	Empire Ranch Rd

Volume (vph)*
Truck Percentage
PCE for Trucks
Volume (pcph)

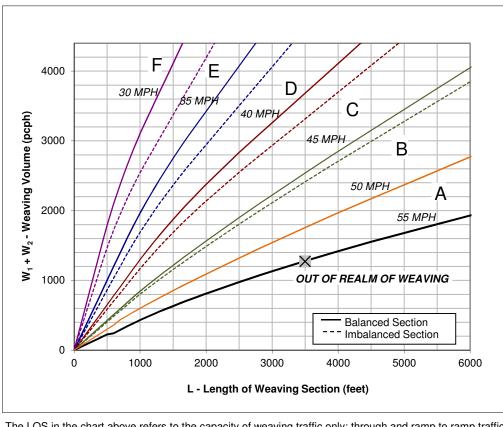
Total Weaving Section (V)		On-ramp to Mainline $(W_1)$	
olume (vph)*	4,050	Volume (vph)*	470
uck Percentage	6%	Truck Percentage	2%
CE for Trucks	4.0	PCE for Trucks	1.5
olume (pcph)	4,779	Volume (pcph)	475
		=	

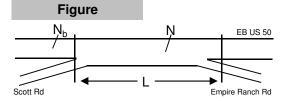
Volume (vph)*
Truck Percentage
PCE for Trucks
Volume (pcph)

Mainline to Off-ramp (W2)

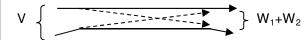
790 2%

1.5 798





Project Information



#### **Capacity Analysis**

- 1. Is the weaving section balanced (Y / N)? [If optional exit lane, then "Y". Otherwise "N".]
- 2. In the Weaving Speed Chart to the left, which two speed curves is the black "x" between?

50 MPH and 55 MPH	50 MPH and 55 MF
-------------------	------------------

If below the 55 MPH curve, out of the realm of weaving. If left of the 30 MPH curve, LOS is F.

3. Interpolated Weaving Speed (S<sub>w</sub>, mph)

55.1

4. Weaving Intensity Factor (k)

1.00

5. Service Volume (SV, pcph)  $SV = (1/N)^*[V + (k - 1)^*min(W_1, W_2)]$ 

6. Level of Service (LOS)

956 В

The LOS in the chart above refers to the capacity of weaving traffic only; through and ramp to ramp traffic is not included.

\* Note: Do not adjust by a Peak Hour Factor (PHF). The methodology incorporates the PHF in the Service Volume tables.

## **Data Input**

Number of Entering Mainline Lanes  $N_{b}$ Ν 5 Number of Lanes in Weaving Section Length of Weaving Section (feet) 3,500

₿5 MF

2000

40 MPH

45 MPH

<b>Project In</b>	formation

Project	Russell Ranch
Scenario	Cumulative No Project - PM
Freeway	EB US 50
On-ramp	Scott Rd
Off-ramp	Empire Ranch

Volume (vph)*
Truck Percentage
PCE for Trucks
Volume (pcph)

4000

3000

2000

1000

W<sub>1</sub> + W<sub>2</sub> - Weaving Volume (pcph)

30 MPH

1000

Total Weaving Section (V)		On-ramp to Mainline $(W_1)$	
olume (vph)*	5,880	Volume (vph)*	890
uck Percentage	6%	Truck Percentage	2%
CE for Trucks	4.0	PCE for Trucks	1.5
olume (pcph)	6,938	Volume (pcph)	899

ne (W₁)	Mainline to Off-ran	np (W <sub>2</sub> )
890	Volume (vph)*	1,080
2%	Truck Percentage	2%
1.5	PCE for Trucks	1.5
899	Volume (pcph)	1,091

В

55 MPH

50 MPH

**OUT OF REALM OF WEAVING** 

**Balanced Section** 

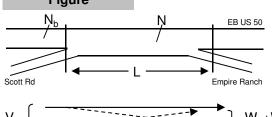
Imbalanced Section

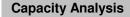
5000

6000



1,080 2% 1.5 1,091





- 1. Is the weaving section balanced (Y / N)? [If optional exit lane, then "Y". Otherwise "N".]
- 2. In the Weaving Speed Chart to the left, which two speed curves is the black "x" between?

**50 MPH** 45 MPH and

If below the 55 MPH curve, out of the realm of weaving. If left of the 30 MPH curve, LOS is F.

3. Interpolated Weaving Speed (S<sub>w</sub>, mph)

48.5 1.44

4. Weaving Intensity Factor (k)

6. Level of Service (LOS)

5. Service Volume (SV, pcph)  $SV = (1/N)^*[V + (k - 1)^*min(W_1, W_2)]$ 

1,466 D

The LOS in the chart above refers to the capacity of weaving traffic only; through and ramp to ramp traffic is not included.

3000

L - Length of Weaving Section (feet)

Sources: Completion of Procedures for Analysis and Design of Traffic Weaving Sections, Jack E. Leisch & Associates, September 1983 and Highway Design Manual, California Department of Transportation, July 24, 2009

4000

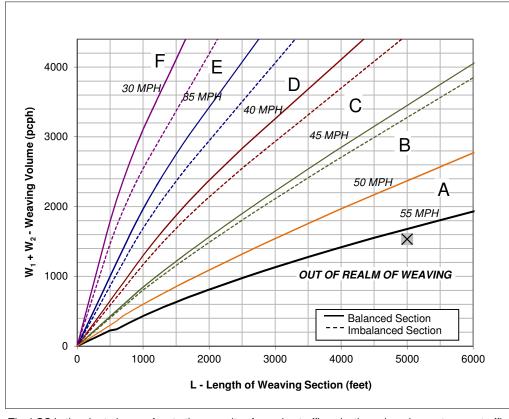
<sup>\*</sup> Note: Do not adjust by a Peak Hour Factor (PHF). The methodology incorporates the PHF in the Service Volume tables.

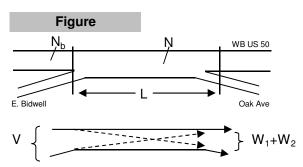
5,000

#### **Data Input** Number of Entering Mainline Lanes $N_{b}$ Ν 4 Number of Lanes in Weaving Section

Length of Weaving Section (feet)

Total Weaving Sec	ction (V)	On-ramp to Mainline (W <sub>1</sub> )		Mainline to Off-ramp (W <sub>2</sub> )	
Volume (vph)*	4,750	Volume (vph)*	890	Volume (vph)*	630
Truck Percentage	6%	Truck Percentage	2%	Truck Percentage	2%
PCE for Trucks	1.5	PCE for Trucks	1.5	PCE for Trucks	1.5
Volume (pcph)	4,893	Volume (pcph)	899	Volume (pcph)	636





**Project Information** 

Project

Scenario

Freeway

On-ramp

Off-ramp

Russell Ranch

Cumulative No Project - AM

**WB US 50** 

E. Bidwell

Oak Ave

#### **Capacity Analysis**

- 1. Is the weaving section balanced (Y / N)? [If optional exit lane, then "Y". Otherwise "N".]
- 2. In the Weaving Speed Chart to the left, which two speed curves is the black "x" between?

below th	e 55 MPH cur	ve, out of the	realm of weak	/ing.
1 - 64 - 6 41-	00 14511	100: 5		

and

If left of the 30 MPH curve, LOS is F. 3. Interpolated Weaving Speed (S<sub>w</sub>, mph)

54.6

MPH

4. Weaving Intensity Factor (k)

1.00

Ν

5. Service Volume (SV, pcph)  $SV = (1/N)^*[V + (k - 1)^*min(W_1, W_2)]$ 

**MPH** 

1,223

6. Level of Service (LOS)

The LOS in the chart above refers to the capacity of weaving traffic only; through and ramp to ramp traffic is not included.

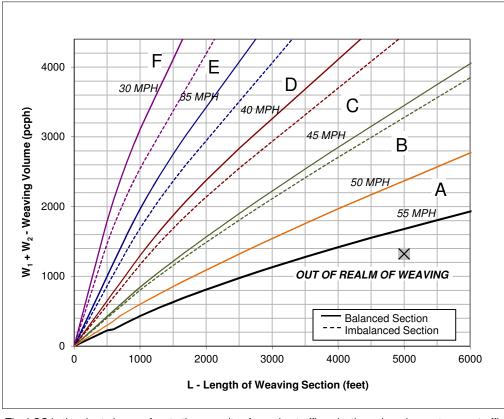
<sup>\*</sup> Note: Do not adjust by a Peak Hour Factor (PHF). The methodology incorporates the PHF in the Service Volume tables.

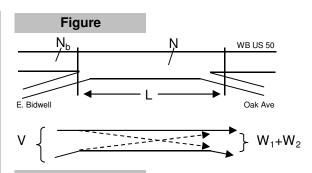
5,000

# Data InputNumber of Entering Mainline LanesNb3Number of Lanes in Weaving SectionN4

Length of Weaving Section (feet)

Total Weaving Sec	ction (V)	On-ramp to Mainli	ne (W₁)	Mainline to Off-ran	np (W <sub>2</sub> )
Volume (vph)*	4,410	Volume (vph)*	860	Volume (vph)*	450
Truck Percentage	6%	Truck Percentage	2%	Truck Percentage	2%
PCE for Trucks	1.5	PCE for Trucks	1.5	PCE for Trucks	1.5
Volume (pcph)	4,542	Volume (pcph)	869	Volume (pcph)	455





**Project Information** 

Project

Scenario

Freeway

On-ramp

Off-ramp

Russell Ranch

Cumulative No Project - PM

**WB US 50** 

E. Bidwell

Oak Ave

#### **Capacity Analysis**

- 1. Is the weaving section balanced (Y / N)?
  [If optional exit lane, then "Y". Otherwise "N".]
- 2. In the Weaving Speed Chart to the left, which two speed curves is the black "x" between?

MPH and MPH

If below the 55 MPH curve, out of the realm of weaving.

If left of the 30 MPH curve, LOS is F.

3. Interpolated Weaving Speed ( $S_w$ , mph)

53.9

4. Weaving Intensity Factor (k)

1.00

5. Service Volume (SV, pcph)  $SV = (1/N)^*[V + (k - 1)^*min(W_1, W_2)]$ 

)]

6. Level of Service (LOS)

1,136 C

The LOS in the chart above refers to the capacity of weaving traffic only; through and ramp to ramp traffic is not included.

\* Note: Do not adjust by a Peak Hour Factor (PHF). The methodology incorporates the PHF in the Service Volume tables.

#### **Data Input**

Number of Entering Mainline Lanes  $N_{b}$ Ν 4 Number of Lanes in Weaving Section Length of Weaving Section (feet) 2,000

Project in	Project information		
Project	Russell Ranch		
Scenario	Cumulative No Project - AM		
Freeway	WB US 50		
On-ramp	Oak Ave		

**Prairie City** 

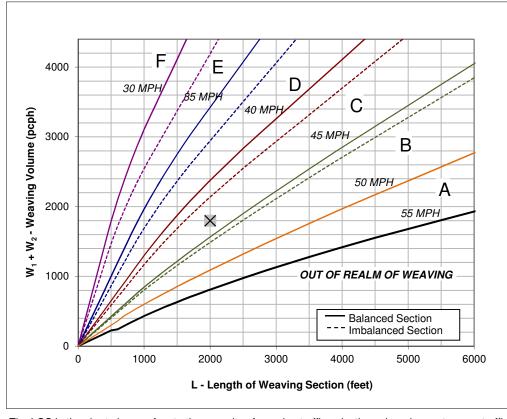
Volume (vph)*	5,5
Truck Percentage	6
PCE for Trucks	1
Volume (pcph)	5,7

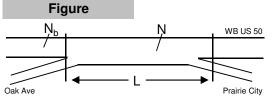
Total Weaving Sec	ction (V)	On-ramp to Mainli	<u>ne (W₁)</u>
olume (vph)*	5,550	Volume (vph)*	1,100
uck Percentage	6%	Truck Percentage	2%
CE for Trucks	1.5	PCE for Trucks	1.5
olume (pcph)	5,717	Volume (pcph)	1,111
		_	

1,100	Volume (vph)*
2%	Truck Percentage
1.5	PCE for Trucks
1,111	Volume (pcph)

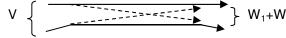
np (W <sub>2</sub> )	Off-ramp
680	
2%	
1.5	
687	
	<del>_</del>

Mainline to Off-ramp (W<sub>2</sub>)





Drainet Information



#### **Capacity Analysis**

- 1. Is the weaving section balanced (Y / N)? [If optional exit lane, then "Y". Otherwise "N".]
- 2. In the Weaving Speed Chart to the left, which two speed curves is the black "x" between?

TO WILL AND TO WILLI	40 MPH	and	45 MPH
----------------------	--------	-----	--------

If below the 55 MPH curve, out of the realm of weaving. If left of the 30 MPH curve, LOS is F.

3. Interpolated Weaving Speed (S<sub>w</sub>, mph)

42.6

4. Weaving Intensity Factor (k)

2.27

Ν

5. Service Volume (SV, pcph)  $SV = (1/N)^*[V + (k - 1)^*min(W_1, W_2)]$ 

1,647

6. Level of Service (LOS)

The LOS in the chart above refers to the capacity of weaving traffic only; through and ramp to ramp traffic is not included.

\* Note: Do not adjust by a Peak Hour Factor (PHF). The methodology incorporates the PHF in the Service Volume tables.

#### **Data Input**

Number of Entering Mainline Lanes  $N_{b}$ 4 Number of Lanes in Weaving Section Ν Length of Weaving Section (feet) 2,000

<b>Project</b>	Information	
Drojoct	E	9

Project	Russell Ranch
Scenario	Cumulative No Project - PM
Freeway	WB US 50
On-ramp	Oak Ave
Off-ramp	Prairie City

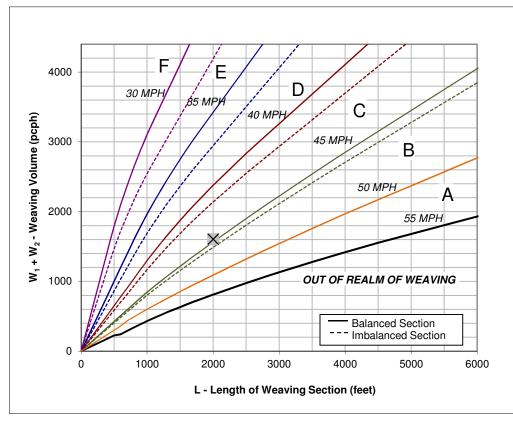
Volume (vph)*	
Truck Percentage	
PCE for Trucks	
Volume (pcph)	

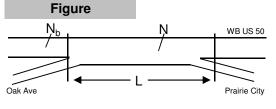
Total Weaving Section (V)		On-ramp to Mainline (W <sub>1</sub> )	
olume (vph)*	5,260	Volume (vph)*	1,030
uck Percentage	6%	Truck Percentage	2%
CE for Trucks	1.5	PCE for Trucks	1.5
olume (pcph)	5,418	Volume (pcph)	1,040
		=	

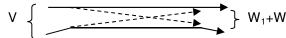
1,030	Volume (vph)*
2%	Truck Percentage
1.5	PCE for Trucks
1,040	Volume (pcph)



Mainline to Off-ramp (W2)







#### **Capacity Analysis**

- 1. Is the weaving section balanced (Y / N)? [If optional exit lane, then "Y". Otherwise "N".]
- 2. In the Weaving Speed Chart to the left, which two speed curves is the black "x" between?

40 MPH and 45 MPH
-------------------

If below the 55 MPH curve, out of the realm of weaving. If left of the 30 MPH curve, LOS is F.

- 3. Interpolated Weaving Speed (S<sub>w</sub>, mph)
- 44.1
- 4. Weaving Intensity Factor (k)

2.09

Ν

5. Service Volume (SV, pcph)

6. Level of Service (LOS)

- $SV = (1/N)^*[V + (k 1)^*min(W_1, W_2)]$
- 1,508 D

The LOS in the chart above refers to the capacity of weaving traffic only; through and ramp to ramp traffic is not included.

<sup>\*</sup> Note: Do not adjust by a Peak Hour Factor (PHF). The methodology incorporates the PHF in the Service Volume tables.

#### **Data Input**

Number of Entering Mainline Lanes  $N_{b}$ Ν 5 Number of Lanes in Weaving Section Length of Weaving Section (feet) 3,500

Froject information		
Project	Russell Ranch	
Scenario	Cumulative No Project - AM	
Freeway	WB US 50	
On-ramp	Empire Ranch Rd	
Off-ramp	East Bidwell Rd	

Project Information

Volume (vph)*		
Truck Percentage		
PCE for Trucks		
Volume (pcph)		

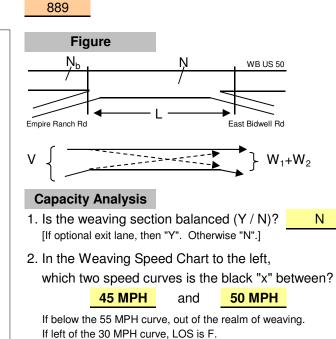
Total Weaving Section (V)		On-ramp to Mainline $(W_1)$	
lume (vph)*	4,520	Volume (vph)*	190
uck Percentage	6%	Truck Percentage	2%
CE for Trucks	1.5	PCE for Trucks	1.5
lume (pcph)	4,656	Volume (pcph)	192
		<del>_</del>	

190	Volume (vph)*
2%	Truck Percentage
1.5	PCE for Trucks
192	Volume (pcph)

Mainline to Off-ramp (W2)

880 2%

1.5



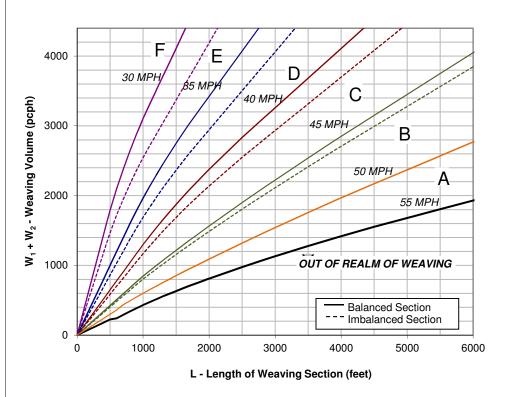
3. Interpolated Weaving Speed (S<sub>w</sub>, mph)

 $SV = (1/N)^*[V + (k - 1)^*min(W_1, W_2)]$ 

4. Weaving Intensity Factor (k)

5. Service Volume (SV, pcph)

6. Level of Service (LOS)



The LOS in the chart above refers to the capacity of weaving traffic only; through and ramp to ramp traffic is not included.

Sources: Completion of Procedures for Analysis and Design of Traffic Weaving Sections, Jack E. Leisch & Associates, September 1983 and Highway Design Manual, California Department of Transportation, July 24, 2009

Ν

55.2

1.00

931

В

<sup>\*</sup> Note: Do not adjust by a Peak Hour Factor (PHF). The methodology incorporates the PHF in the Service Volume tables.

#### **Data Input**

 $\begin{array}{cccc} \text{Number of Entering Mainline Lanes} & \text{N}_{\text{b}} & \underline{4} \\ \text{Number of Lanes in Weaving Section} & \text{N} & \underline{5} \\ \text{Length of Weaving Section (feet)} & \text{L} & \underline{3,500} \\ \end{array}$ 

Froject information		
Project	Russell Ranch	
Scenario	Cumulative No Project - PM	
Freeway	WB US 50	
On-ramp	Empire Ranch Rd.	
Off-ramp	East Bidwell St.	

Total Weaving Section (V)		On-ramp to Mainline (W <sub>1</sub> )	
Volume (vph)*	4,070	Volume (vph)*	100
Truck Percentage	6%	Truck Percentage	2%
PCE for Trucks	1.5	PCE for Trucks	1.5
Volume (pcph)	4,192	Volume (pcph)	101
		-	

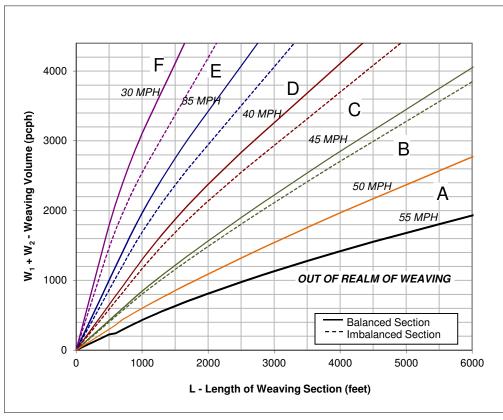
 $N_1$  Mainline to Off-ramp ( $W_2$ )

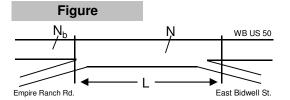
Volume (vph)\* 920

2% Truck Percentage 2%

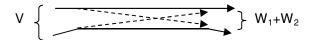
1.5 PCE for Trucks 1.5

Volume (pcph) 929





Project Information



#### **Capacity Analysis**

- 1. Is the weaving section balanced (Y / N)?

  [If optional exit lane, then "Y". Otherwise "N".]
- 2. In the Weaving Speed Chart to the left, which two speed curves is the black "x" between?

50 MPH	and	55 MPH	
ha EE MDII augu	a aut of the	roolm of wood	:

If below the 55 MPH curve, out of the realm of weaving. If left of the 30 MPH curve, LOS is F.

- 3. Interpolated Weaving Speed (S<sub>w</sub>, mph) 57.6

  4. Weaving Intensity Factor (k) 1.00
- 4. Weaving Intensity Factor (k)5. Service Volume (SV, pcph)
- $SV = (1/N)^*[V + (k 1)^*min(W_1, W_2)]$
- 6. Level of Service (LOS)

1	.00	

838 A

The LOS in the chart above refers to the capacity of weaving traffic only; through and ramp to ramp traffic is not included.

<sup>\*</sup> Note: Do not adjust by a Peak Hour Factor (PHF). The methodology incorporates the PHF in the Service Volume tables.

#### **Data Input**

Number of Entering Mainline Lanes  $N_{b}$ Ν 5 Number of Lanes in Weaving Section Length of Weaving Section (feet) 4,000

i roject iii	Torritation	
Project	Russell Ranch	
Scenario	Cumulative No Project - AM	
Freeway	WB US 50	
On-ramp	El Dorado Hills Blvd	
Off-ramp	Empire Ranch	

· otal · · · oa · · · · g oot	, \ . ,
Volume (vph)*	5,430
Truck Percentage	6%
PCE for Trucks	1.5
Volume (pcph)	5,593

Total Weaving Section (V)

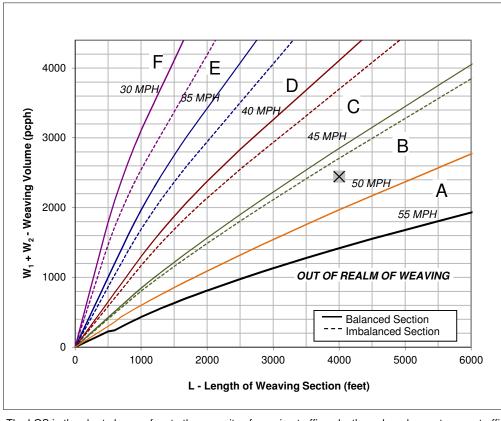
ion (V)	On-ramp to Mainline $(W_1)$		
5,430	Volume (vph)*	930	
6%	Truck Percentage	2%	
1.5	PCE for Trucks	1.5	
5,593	Volume (pcph)	939	
·	=	<u> </u>	

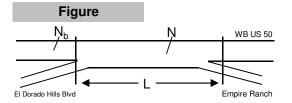
Volume (vph)*
Truck Percentage
PCE for Trucks
Volume (pcph)

Mainline to Off-ramp (W2)

1,490 2%

1.5 1,505





Project Information



#### **Capacity Analysis**

- 1. Is the weaving section balanced (Y / N)? [If optional exit lane, then "Y". Otherwise "N".]
- 2. In the Weaving Speed Chart to the left, which two speed curves is the black "x" between?

45 MPH	and	50 MPH
--------	-----	--------

If below the 55 MPH curve, out of the realm of weaving. If left of the 30 MPH curve, LOS is F.

- 3. Interpolated Weaving Speed (S<sub>w</sub>, mph)
- 47.3 4. Weaving Intensity Factor (k) 1.63
- 5. Service Volume (SV, pcph)
  - $SV = (1/N)^*[V + (k 1)^*min(W_1, W_2)]$
- 1,237 6. Level of Service (LOS)

10/15/2014

The LOS in the chart above refers to the capacity of weaving traffic only; through and ramp to ramp traffic is not included.

<sup>\*</sup> Note: Do not adjust by a Peak Hour Factor (PHF). The methodology incorporates the PHF in the Service Volume tables.

#### **Data Input**

Number of Entering Mainline Lanes  $N_{b}$ Ν 5 Number of Lanes in Weaving Section Length of Weaving Section (feet) 4,000

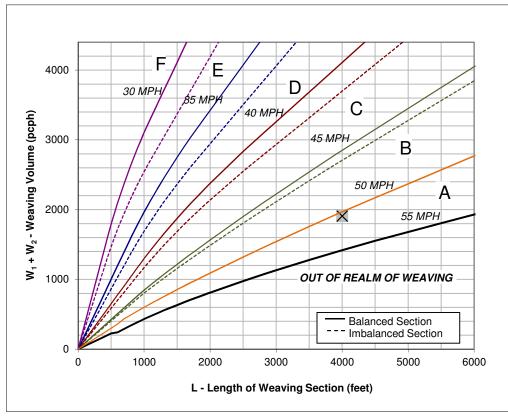
Projectiii	iormation
Project	Russell Ranch
Scenario	Cumulative No Project - PM
Freeway	WB US 50
On-ramp	El Dorado Hills Blvd
Off-ramp	Empire Ranch

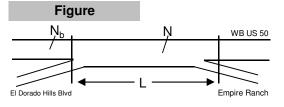
Volume (vph)*
Truck Percentage
PCE for Trucks
Volume (pcph)

Total Weaving Sec	ction (V)	On-ramp to Mainli	ne (W₁)
lume (vph)*	4,190	Volume (vph)*	1,140
uck Percentage	6%	Truck Percentage	2%
CE for Trucks	1.5	PCE for Trucks	1.5
lume (pcph)	4,316	Volume (pcph)	1,151
		<del>_</del>	

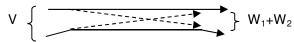
1,140	Volume (vph)*
2%	Truck Percentage
1.5	PCE for Trucks
1,151	Volume (pcph)

Mainline to Off-ran	np (W <sub>2</sub> )
lume (vph)*	750
ıck Percentage	2%
E for Trucks	1.5
lume (pcph)	758





Project Information



#### **Capacity Analysis**

- 1. Is the weaving section balanced (Y / N)? [If optional exit lane, then "Y". Otherwise "N".]
- 2. In the Weaving Speed Chart to the left, which two speed curves is the black "x" between?

50 MPH and 55 MPH
-------------------

If below the 55 MPH curve, out of the realm of weaving. If left of the 30 MPH curve, LOS is F.

3. Interpolated Weaving Speed (S<sub>w</sub>, mph)

50.6 4. Weaving Intensity Factor (k) 1.00

5. Service Volume (SV, pcph)

6. Level of Service (LOS)

 $SV = (1/N)^*[V + (k - 1)^*min(W_1, W_2)]$ 

863 В

The LOS in the chart above refers to the capacity of weaving traffic only; through and ramp to ramp traffic is not included.

<sup>\*</sup> Note: Do not adjust by a Peak Hour Factor (PHF). The methodology incorporates the PHF in the Service Volume tables.

#### **Data Input**

Number of Entering Mainline Lanes  $N_{b}$ Ν 5 Number of Lanes in Weaving Section Length of Weaving Section (feet) 3,500

Project	Information

Project	Russell Ranch
Scenario	Cumulative No Project - AM
Freeway	WB US 50
On-ramp	Silva Valley
Off-ramp	El Dorado Hills Blvd

Volume (vph)*	
Truck Percentage	
PCE for Trucks	
Volume (pcph)	

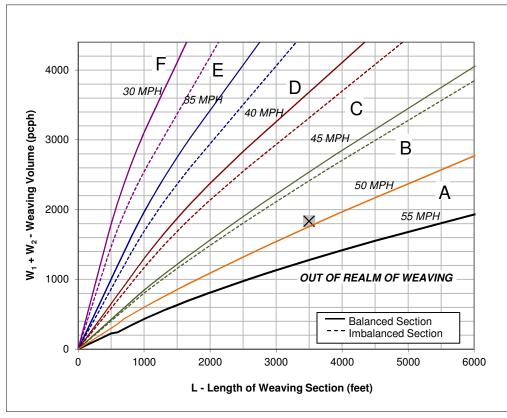
Total Weaving Sec	ction (V)	On-ramp to Mainli	ne (W₁)
olume (vph)*	5,450	Volume (vph)*	866
uck Percentage	6%	Truck Percentage	2%
CE for Trucks	1.5	PCE for Trucks	1.5
olume (pcph)	5,614	Volume (pcph)	875
		=	

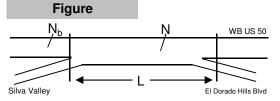
Volume (vph)*
Truck Percentage
PCE for Trucks
Volume (pcph)

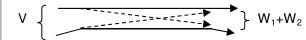
Mainline to Off-ramp (W<sub>2</sub>)



950 2%







#### **Capacity Analysis**

- 1. Is the weaving section balanced (Y / N)? [If optional exit lane, then "Y". Otherwise "N".]
- 2. In the Weaving Speed Chart to the left, which two speed curves is the black "x" between?

**50 MPH** 45 MPH and

If below the 55 MPH curve, out of the realm of weaving. If left of the 30 MPH curve, LOS is F.

3. Interpolated Weaving Speed (S<sub>w</sub>, mph)

49.5

4. Weaving Intensity Factor (k)

1.27

5. Service Volume (SV, pcph)  $SV = (1/N)^*[V + (k - 1)^*min(W_1, W_2)]$ 

1,169 В

6. Level of Service (LOS)

The LOS in the chart above refers to the capacity of weaving traffic only; through and ramp to ramp traffic is not included.

\* Note: Do not adjust by a Peak Hour Factor (PHF). The methodology incorporates the PHF in the Service Volume tables.

#### **Data Input** Number of Entering Mainline Lanes $N_{b}$ Number of Lanes in Weaving Section

Length of Weaving Section (feet)

Truck Percentage

PCE for Trucks

Volume (pcph)

Ν 5 3,500

# **Project Information**

Russell Ranch Project Cumulative No Project - PM Scenario **WB US 50** Freeway Silva Valley On-ramp El Dorado Hills Blvd Off-ramp

Total Weaving Sec	ction (V)	On-ramp to Mainli	ine (W₁)	)
Volume (vph)*	3.440	Volume (vph)*	199	)

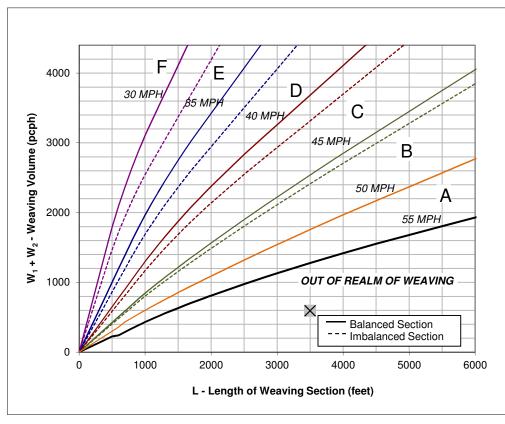
Truck Percentage 6% 1.5 PCE for Trucks 3,543 Volume (pcph)

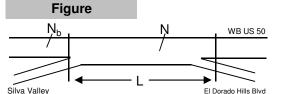
199	Volume (vph)*
2%	Truck Percentage
1.5	PCE for Trucks
201	Volume (pcph)

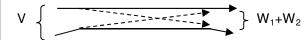
2% 1.5 394

Mainline to Off-ramp (W<sub>2</sub>)

390







#### **Capacity Analysis**

- 1. Is the weaving section balanced (Y / N)? [If optional exit lane, then "Y". Otherwise "N".]
- 2. In the Weaving Speed Chart to the left, which two speed curves is the black "x" between?

**MPH MPH** and If below the 55 MPH curve, out of the realm of weaving.

3. Interpolated Weaving Speed (S<sub>w</sub>, mph)

52.3

4. Weaving Intensity Factor (k)

If left of the 30 MPH curve, LOS is F.

1.00

5. Service Volume (SV, pcph)

6. Level of Service (LOS)

 $SV = (1/N)^*[V + (k - 1)^*min(W_1, W_2)]$ 

709 Α

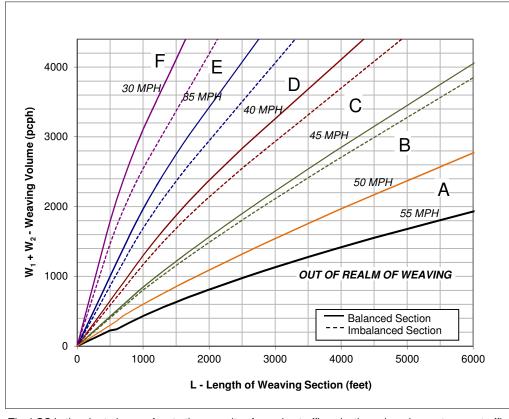
10/15/2014

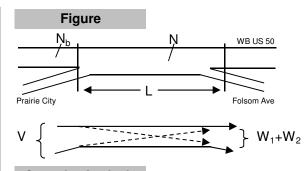
The LOS in the chart above refers to the capacity of weaving traffic only; through and ramp to ramp traffic is not included.

<sup>\*</sup> Note: Do not adjust by a Peak Hour Factor (PHF). The methodology incorporates the PHF in the Service Volume tables.

# Data InputNumber of Entering Mainline LanesNb3Number of Lanes in Weaving SectionN4Length of Weaving Section (feet)L10,500

Total Weaving Sec	ction (V)	On-ramp to Mainli	ne (W₁)	Mainline to Off-ran	np (W <sub>2</sub> )
Volume (vph)*	5,340	Volume (vph)*	310	Volume (vph)*	382
Truck Percentage	6%	Truck Percentage	2%	Truck Percentage	2%
PCE for Trucks	1.5	PCE for Trucks	1.5	PCE for Trucks	1.5
Volume (pcph)	5,500	Volume (pcph)	313	Volume (pcph)	386





**Project Information** 

Project

Scenario

Freeway

On-ramp

Off-ramp

Russell Ranch

Cumulative No Project - AM

**WB US 50** 

**Prairie City** 

Folsom Ave

# **Capacity Analysis**

- 1. Is the weaving section balanced (Y / N)?
  [If optional exit lane, then "Y". Otherwise "N".]
- 2. In the Weaving Speed Chart to the left, which two speed curves is the black "x" between?

MPH and MPH

If below the 55 MPH curve, out of the realm of weaving.

If left of the 30 MPH curve, LOS is F.

3. Interpolated Weaving Speed (S<sub>w</sub>, mph)

51.1

4. Weaving Intensity Factor (k)

1.00

Ν

5. Service Volume (SV, pcph)

6. Level of Service (LOS)

 $SV = (1/N)^*[V + (k - 1)^*min(W_1, W_2)]$ 

1,375 D

The LOS in the chart above refers to the capacity of weaving traffic only; through and ramp to ramp traffic is not included.

<sup>\*</sup> Note: Do not adjust by a Peak Hour Factor (PHF). The methodology incorporates the PHF in the Service Volume tables.

#### **Data Input**

Number of Entering Mainline Lanes  $N_{b}$ 3 Ν 4 Number of Lanes in Weaving Section Length of Weaving Section (feet) 10,500

FIUJECLIII	ioiiiatioii
Project	Russell Ranch
Scenario	Cumulative No Project - PM
Freeway	WB US 50
On-ramp	Prairie City
Off-ramp	Folsom Ave

Volume (vph)*
Truck Percentage
PCE for Trucks
Volume (pcph)

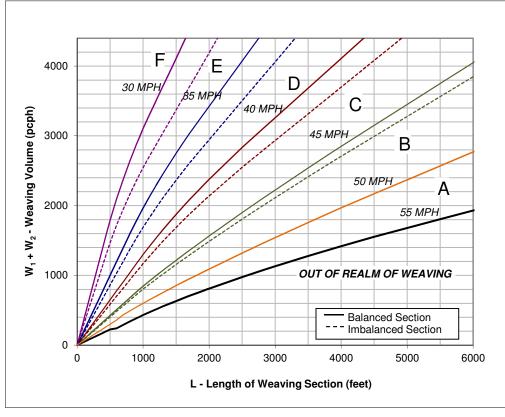
Total Weaving Sec	ction (V)	On-ramp to Mainli	ne (W₁)
olume (vph)*	5,210	Volume (vph)*	470
uck Percentage	6%	Truck Percentage	2%
CE for Trucks	1.5	PCE for Trucks	1.5
olume (pcph)	5,366	Volume (pcph)	475
		_	

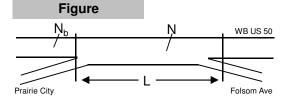
	·
470	Volume (vph)*
2%	Truck Percentage
1.5	PCE for Trucks
475	Volume (pcph)

Mainline to Off-ramp (W<sub>2</sub>)

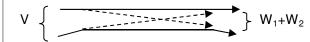
263 2%

1.5 266





**Project Information** 



#### **Capacity Analysis**

- 1. Is the weaving section balanced (Y / N)? [If optional exit lane, then "Y". Otherwise "N".]
- 2. In the Weaving Speed Chart to the left, which two speed curves is the black "x" between?

MPH	and	MPH	
w the 55 MPH	curve, out of the	realm of weav	ing.

If belov If left of the 30 MPH curve, LOS is F.

- 3. Interpolated Weaving Speed (S<sub>w</sub>, mph)
- 51.2 4. Weaving Intensity Factor (k) 1.00
- 5. Service Volume (SV, pcph)
  - $SV = (1/N)^*[V + (k 1)^*min(W_1, W_2)]$
- 1,342 6. Level of Service (LOS)

The LOS in the chart above refers to the capacity of weaving traffic only; through and ramp to ramp traffic is not included.

Sources: Completion of Procedures for Analysis and Design of Traffic Weaving Sections, Jack E. Leisch & Associates, September 1983 and Highway Design Manual, California Department of Transportation, July 24, 2009

Ν

<sup>\*</sup> Note: Do not adjust by a Peak Hour Factor (PHF). The methodology incorporates the PHF in the Service Volume tables.

# Cumulative Plus Project Conditions

Location 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16

Key

Name	Folsom to Prairie City Weave	Between Prairie City Ramps	Prairie City On Ramp	Prairie City/Oak Ave Weave	Between Oak Avenue Ramps	s Oak Avenue Loop On Ram	np Oak Avenue to Scott Rd Weave	Between Scott Rd Ramps	Scott Rd On Ramp	Scott Rd to Empire Ranch	Between Ramps	Empire Ranch Loop On Ramp	Empire Ranch to Latrobe Weave	Latrobe Rd Off Ramp II	Between Ramps	Latrobe to White Rock We
Define Freeway Segme	ent															
Туре	Weave	Basic	Merge	Weave	Basic	Merge	Weave	Basic	Basic	Weave	Basic	Merge	Weave	Diverge	Basic	Weave
Length (ft)	11,700	1,700	1,000	1,200	1,650	780	5,000	1,850	1,360	3,500	1,850	1,360	4,200	330	1,500	3,150
Accel Length			300			300						300				
Decel Length														150		
Mainline Volume	5,014	5,030	5,030	5,090	4,470	4,470	4,610	3,330	3,330	3,450	3,210	3,210	3,590	3,170	2,940	2,940
On Ramp Volume	306	·	60	290		140	140		120	470		380	170			470
Off Ramp Volume	290			910			1,420			710			590	230		322
Express Lane Volume		654	654	662	581	581	599	433	433	449	417	417	467	412	382	382
EL On Ramp Volume																
EL Off Ramp Volume																
LL On Hamp Volumo	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13
Calculate Flow Rate in	General Purpose Lanes (GF		0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13
GP Volume (vph)	4,668	4,376	4,436	4,718	3,889	4,029	4,151	2,897	3,017	3,472	2,793	3,173	3,293	2,758	2,558	3,028
PHF	0.92	0.96	0.96	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
GP Lanes	3	2	2	3	2	2	3	2	3	4	3	3	4	3	3	4
Terrain		Level	Level	Level	Grade	Grade	Level	Grade	Grade	Grade	Grade	Grade	Level		Level	Grade
	Level	0.6%	0.6%	0.0%										Level 0.0%		
Grade %	1.0%		0.6%	0.0%	2.0%	2.0%	1.0% 0.95	2.9%	1.5%	3.2% 0.66	-4.3%	2.2%	0.3%		-1.5%	3.4%
Grade Length (mi)	2.22	0.32			0.31	0.15		0.35	0.26		0.35	0.26	0.80	0.06	0.28	0.60
Truck & Bus %	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%
RV %	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
E <sub>T</sub>	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	2.0	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	2.0
E <sub>R</sub>	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	3.0	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	3.0
f <sub>HV</sub>	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.943	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.943
f <sub>P</sub>	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
GP Flow (pcph)	5,226	4,695	4,760	4,959	4,087	4,234	4,362	3,108	3,237	3,833	3,127	3,552	3,687	3,088	2,864	3,489
GP Flow (pcphpl)	1,742	2,348	2,380	1,653	2,044	2,117	1,454	1,554	1,079	958	1,042	1,184	922	1,029	955	872
	ļ					i	ı					Ĩ	i			
Calculate Speed in Ge	eneral Purpose Lanes															
Lane Width (ft)																
Shoulder Width																
TRD																
f <sub>LW</sub>																
f <sub>LC</sub>																
Calculated FFS																
Measured FFS																
FFS Curve	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65
						1	1					1	1			
	in General Purpose Lanes															
v/c ratio	0.74	1.00	1.01	0.70	0.87	0.90	0.62	0.66	0.46	0.41	0.44	0.50	0.39	0.44	0.41	0.37
Speed (mph)	63.3	52.3	-	64.1	59.1	57.7	65.0	64.7	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0
Density (pcphpl)	27.5	44.9	-	25.8	34.6	36.7	22.4	24.0	16.6	14.7	16.0	18.2	14.2	15.8	14.7	13.4
LOS	D	E	F	С	D	E	С	С	В	В	В	С	В	В	В	В
Calculate Operations f	for Entering GP Lanes															
GP <sub>IN</sub> Vol (pcph)	4,890		4,694	4,654		4,081	4,209		3,105	3,317		3,135	3,500	3,088		2,978
GP <sub>IN</sub> Cap (pcph)	4,700		4,700	4,700		4,700	4,700		4,700	7,050		7,050	7,050	7,050		7,050
GP <sub>IN</sub> v/c ratio	1.04		1.00	0.99		0.87	0.90		0.66	0.47		0.44	0.50	0.44		0.42
Calculate Operations f	for Exiting GP Lanes															
GP <sub>OUT</sub> Vol (pcph)	4,908		4,760	3,960		4,234	2,804			3,054		3,552	3,066	2,846		3,135
GP <sub>OUT</sub> Cap (pcph)	4,700		4,700	4,700		4,700	4,700			7,050		7,050	7,050	7,050		7,050
GP <sub>OUT</sub> v/c ratio	1.04		1.01	0.84		0.90	0.60			0.43		0.50	0.43	0.40		0.44

Key

Name		Between Prairie City Ramps	Prairie City On Ramp	Prairie City/Oak Ave Weave	Between Oak Avenue Ramp	oak Avenue Loop On Ramp	Oak Avenue to Scott Rd Weave	Between Scott Rd Ramps	Scott Rd On Ramp	Scott Rd to Empire Ranch	Between Ramps	Empire Ranch Loop On Ramp	Empire Ranch to Latrobe Weave	Latrobe Rd Off Ramp II	Between Ramps	Latrobe to White Rock We
alculate Flow Rate in	Express Lanes (EL)															
EL Volume (vph)	652	654	654	662	581	581	599	433	433	449	417	417	467	412	382	382
PHF	0.92	0.96	0.96	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Express Lanes	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Terrain	Level	Level	Level	Level	Grade	Grade	Level	Grade	Grade	Grade	Grade	Grade	Level	Level	Level	Grade
Grade %	1.0%	0.6%	0.6%	0.0%	2.0%	2.0%	1.0%	2.9%	1.5%	3.2%	-4.3%	2.2%	0.3%	0.0%	-1.5%	3.4%
Grade Length (mi)	2.22	0.32	0.19	0.23	0.31	0.15	0.95	0.35	0.26	0.66	0.35	0.26	0.80	0.06	0.28	0.60
Truck & Bus %	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%
RV %	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
E <sub>T</sub>	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	2.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	2.5
E <sub>R</sub>	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	3.0	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	3.0
$f_{\text{HV}}$	0.990	0.990	0.990	0.990	0.990	0.990	0.990	0.990	0.990	0.971	0.990	0.990	0.990	0.990	0.990	0.971
f <sub>P</sub>	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
EL Flow (pcph)	716	688	688	682	599	599	618	455	455	481	458	458	512	452	420	428
EL Flow (pcphpl)	716	688	688	682	599	599	618	455	455	481	458	458	512	452	420	428
						•	•					•				
lculate Speed in Ex	press Lanes															
Lane Width (ft)																
Shoulder Width																
TRD																
$f_{LW}$																
$f_{LC}$																
Calc'd FFS																
Measured FFS	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0
FFS	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65
						•	•					•	•			
alculate Operations i	in Express Lanes															
EL <sub>IN</sub> v/c ratio	0.41	0.39	0.39	0.39	0.34	0.34	0.35	0.26	0.26	0.27	0.26	0.26	0.29	0.26	0.24	0.24
						•	•					•				
alculate On Ramp Fl	ow Rate															
On Volume (vph)	306		60	290		140	140		120	470		380	170			470
PHF	0.92		0.92	0.96		0.92	0.92		0.92	0.92		0.92	0.92			0.93
Total Lanes	1		1	1		1	1		1	1		1	1			1
Terrain	Level		Level	Level		Level	Level		Level	Level		Level	Level			Level
Grade %	2.0%		2.0%	2.0%		2.0%	2.0%		2.0%	2.0%		2.0%	2.0%			2.0%
Grade Length (mi)	0.00		0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00			0.00
Truck & Bus %	2.0%		2.0%	2.0%		2.0%	2.0%		2.0%	2.0%		2.0%	2.0%			2.0%
RV %	0.0%		0.0%	0.0%		0.0%	0.0%		0.0%	0.0%		0.0%	0.0%			0.0%
E <sub>T</sub>	1.5		1.5	1.5		1.5	1.5		1.5	1.5		1.5	1.5			1.5
E <sub>R</sub>	1.2		1.2	1.2		1.2	1.2		1.2	1.2		1.2	1.2			1.2
$f_{HV}$	0.990		0.990	0.990		0.990	0.990		0.990	0.990		0.990	0.990			0.990
	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00			1.00
f <sub>P</sub>	****		66	305		154	154		132	516		417	187			510
f <sub>P</sub> On Flow (pcph)	336		66	***					132	516		417	187			510
			66	305		154	154									
On Flow (pcph)	336					154	154									
On Flow (pcph)	336 336					154	154									
On Flow (pcph) On Flow (pcphpl)	336 336					154 Right	154 Right		Right	Right		Right	Right			Right
On Flow (pcph) On Flow (pcphpl)	336 336 Dadway Operations Right		66	305					Right 25	Right 45		Right 25				Right 35
On Flow (pcph) On Flow (pcphpl)  Iculate On Ramp Ro	336 336 Dadway Operations Right		66 Right	305 Right		Right	Right						Right			

Key

Name	Folsom to Prairie City Weave	Between Prairie City Ramps	Prairie City On Ramp	Prairie City/Oak Ave Weave	Between Oak Avenue Ramps	Oak Avenue Loop On Ramp	Oak Avenue to Scott Rd Weave	Between Scott Rd Ramps	Scott Rd On Ramp	Scott Rd to Empire Ranch	Between Ramps	Empire Ranch Loop On Ramp	Empire Ranch to Latrobe Weave	Latrobe Rd Off Ramp II	Between Ramps	Latrobe to White Rock Weave
Calculate Off Ramp Flo																
Off Volume (vph)	290			910			1,420			710			590	230		322
PHF	0.92			0.92			0.92			0.92			0.96	0.96		0.92
Total Lanes	1			1			2			2			1	1		1
Terrain	Level			Level			Grade			Level			Level	Level		Level
Grade %	2.0%			2.0%			3.4%			2.0%			2.0%	2.0%		0.0%
Grade Length (mi)	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00	0.00		0.00
Truck & Bus %	2.0%			2.0%			2.0%			2.0%			2.0%	2.0%		2.0%
RV %	0.0%			0.0%			0.0%			0.0%			0.0%	0.0%		0.0%
E <sub>T</sub>	1.5			1.5			1.5			1.5			1.5	1.5		1.5
E <sub>R</sub>	1.2			1.2			1.2			1.2			1.2	1.2		1.2
$f_{HV}$	0.990			0.990			0.990			0.990			0.990	0.990		0.990
f <sub>P</sub>	1.00			1.00			1.00			1.00			1.00	1.00		1.00
Off Flow (pcph)	318			999			1,559			779			621	242		354
Off Flow (pcphpl)	318			999			779			390			621	242		354
													1			
Calculate Off Ramp Roa	adway Operations															
Off Ramp Type	Right			Right			Right			Right			Right	Right		Right
Off Ramp Speed	35			40			40			40			35	25		40
Off Ramp Cap (pcph)	2,000			2,000			4,000			4,000			2,000	1,900		2,000
Off Ramp v/c ratio	0.16			0.50			0.39			0.19			0.31	0.13		0.18
	ļ											ı	1			
	mp for Three-Lane Mainlin	e Segments with One-Lane	Ramps													
Up Type												No		Off		
Up Distance														4,530		
Up Flow (pcph)														621		
Down Type												On		On		
Down Distance												1,360		1,500 510		
Down Flow (pcph)												187		510		
Calculate Merge Influer	oo Area Operations				l							I	i			
Effective v <sub>P</sub> (pcph)	lce Area Operations		4,694			4,081						3,135				
Up Ramp L <sub>EQ</sub>			4,054			4,001						0,100				
Down Ramp L <sub>EQ</sub>												1,317				
P <sub>FM</sub> (Eqn 13-3)			0.586			0.586						0.586				
P <sub>FM</sub> (Eqn 13-4)																
P <sub>FM</sub> (Eqn 13-5)																
P <sub>FM</sub>			1.000			1.000						0.586				
v <sub>12</sub> (pcph)			4,694			4,081						1,837				
v <sub>3</sub> (pcph)												1,298				
v <sub>34</sub> (pcph)																
v <sub>12a</sub> (pcph)			4,694			4,081						1,837				
v <sub>R12a</sub> (pcph)			4,760			4,234						2,254				
Merge Speed Index			-			0.57						0.34				
Merge Area Speed			-			51.9						57.1				
Outer Lanes Volume												1,298				
Outer Lanes Speed												62.1				
Segment Speed						51.9						58.8				
Merge v/c ratio			1.03			0.92						0.49				
Merge Density			-			36.6						21.0				
Merge LOS			F			E						С				

Key

Name	Folsom to Prairie City Weave	Between Prairie City Ramps	Prairie City On Ramp	Prairie City/Oak Ave Weave	Between Oak Avenue Ramps	Oak Avenue Loop On Ramp	Oak Avenue to Scott Rd Weave	Between Scott Rd Ramps	Scott Rd On Ramp	Scott Rd to Empire Ranch	Between Ramps	Empire Ranch Loop On Ramp Em	npire Ranch to Latrobe Weave	Latrobe Rd Off Ramp II	Between Ramps	Latrobe to White Rock Weave
Calculate Diverge Infl	uence Area Operations															
Effective v <sub>P</sub> (pcph)														3,088		
Up Ramp L <sub>EQ</sub>														5,021		
Down Ramp L <sub>EQ</sub>														531		
P <sub>FD</sub> (Eqn 13-9)														0.672		
P <sub>FD</sub> (Eqn 13-10)																
P <sub>FD</sub> (Eqn 13-11)																
$P_{FD}$														0.672		
v <sub>12</sub> (pcph)														2,153		
v <sub>3</sub> (pcph)														934		
v <sub>34</sub> (pcph)																
v <sub>12a</sub> (pcph)														2,153		
Diverge Speed Index														0.58		
Diverge Area Speed														51.7		
Outer Lanes Volume														934		
Outer Lanes Speed														71.3		
Segment Speed														56.4		
Diverge v/c ratio														0.49		
Diverge Density														21.4		
Diverge LOS														С		

Key

<> Express Lane (HOV)

No Trucks

Name	Folsom to Prairie City Weave	Between Prairie City Ramps	Prairie City On Ramp	Prairie City/Oak Ave Weave	Between Oak Avenue Ramps	Oak Avenue Loop On Ramp	Oak Avenue to Scott Rd Weave	Between Scott Rd Ramps	Scott Rd On Ramp	Scott Rd to Empire Ranch	Between Ramps	Empire Ranch Loop On Ramp	Empire Ranch to Latrobe Weave	Latrobe Rd Off Ramp II	Between Ramps	Latrobe to White Rock Weave
Summarize Segment O	perations															
Segment v/c ratio	0.74	1.00	1.03	#VALUE!	0.87	0.92	0.62	0.66	0.46	0.41	0.44	0.49	0.39	0.49	0.41	0.37
Segment Density	27.5	44.9	-	#VALUE!	34.6	36.6	22.4	24.0	16.6	14.7	16.0	21.0	14.2	21.4	14.7	13.4
Segment LOS	D	E	F	#VALUE!	D	E	С	С	В	В	В	С	В	С	В	В
Over Capacity			Segment GP Lanes Out GP Lanes Merge	#VALUE!												

Key

Name	Folsom to Prairie City Weave	Between Prairie City Ramps	Prairie City On Ramp	Prairie City/Oak Ave Weave	Between Oak Avenue Ramps	Oak Avenue Loop On Ram	p Oak Avenue to Scott Rd Weave	Between Scott Rd Ramps	Scott Rd On Ramp	Scott Rd On Ramp II to Empire Ranch	Between Ramps	Empire Ranch Loop On Ramp	Empire Ranch to Latrobe Weave	Latrobe Rd Off Ramp II	Between Ramps	Latrobe to White Rock Wea
Define Freeway Segme																
Type	Weave	Basic	Merge	Weave	Basic	Merge	Weave	Basic	Basic	Weave	Basic	Merge	Weave	Diverge	Basic	Weave
Length (ft)	11,700	1,700	1,000	1,200	1,650	780	5,000	1,850	1,360	3,500	1,850	1,360	4,200	330	1,500	3,150
Accel Length	,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	300	1,=00	1,000	300	5,000	1,000	,,,,,,	5,555	-,	300	,,=00		1,000	3,100
Decel Length														150		
Mainline Volume	6,208	5,650	5,650	5,800	5,110	5,110	5,270	4,150	4,150	4,990	4,840	4,840	5,410	5,000	4,420	4,420
On Ramp Volume	382	3,000	150	620	3,110	160	320	4,100	840	880	4,040	570	150	3,000	4,420	860
Off Ramp Volume	940		150	1,310		100	1,440		040	1,030		370	560	580		799
Express Lane Volume	1,242	1,130	1,130	1,160	1,022	1,022	1,054	830	830	998	968	968	1,082	1,000	884	884
EL On Ramp Volume	1,242	1,130	1,100	1,100	1,022	1,022	1,034	030	000	990	300	900	1,002	1,000	004	004
•																
EL Off Ramp Volume																
	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
	General Purpose Lanes (GI						4.500			4.000			4.470			
GP Volume (vph)	5,348	4,520	4,670	5,260	4,088	4,248	4,536	3,320	4,160	4,872	3,872	4,442	4,478	4,000	3,536	4,396
PHF	0.99	0.99	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98
GP Lanes	3	2	2	3	2	2	3	2	3	4	3	3	4	3	3	4
Terrain	Level	Level	Level	Level	Grade	Grade	Level	Grade	Level	Grade	Grade	Grade	Level	Level	Level	Grade
Grade %	1.0%	0.6%	0.6%	0.0%	2.0%	2.0%	1.0%	2.9%	1.5%	6.4%	-4.3%	2.2%	0.3%	0.0%	-1.5%	3.4%
Grade Length (mi)	2.22	0.32	0.19	0.23	0.31	0.15	0.95	0.35	0.26	0.66	0.35	0.26	0.80	0.06	0.28	0.60
Truck & Bus %	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%
RV %	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
E <sub>T</sub>	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	4.0	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	2.0
E <sub>R</sub>	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	6.0	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	3.0
$f_{HV}$	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.847	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.943
f <sub>P</sub>	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
GP Flow (pcph)	5,564	4,703	5,011	5,644	4,386	4,558	4,867	3,489	4,372	5,866	4,070	4,669	4,706	4,204	3,716	4,755
GP Flow (pcphpl)	1,855	2,351	2,505	1,881	2,193	2,279	1,622	1,745	1,457	1,467	1,357	1,556	1,177	1,401	1,239	1,189
Calculate Speed in Ger	neral Purpose Lanes															
Lane Width (ft)																
Shoulder Width																
TRD																
$f_{LW}$																
$f_{LC}$																
Calculated FFS																
Measured FFS																
FFS Curve	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65
Calculate Operations in	n General Purpose Lanes															
v/c ratio	0.79	1.00	1.07	0.80	0.93	0.97	0.69	0.74	0.62	0.62	0.58	0.66	0.50	0.60	0.53	0.51
Speed (mph)	62.1	-	-	61.7	56.1	54.0	64.3	63.3	65.0	64.9	65.0	64.7	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0
Density (pcphpl)	29.9	-		30.5	39.1	42.2	25.2	27.6	22.4	22.6	20.9	24.1	18.1	21.6	19.1	18.3
LOS	D	F	F	D	E	Е	С	D	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С
Calculate Operations for	or Entering GP Lanes															
GP <sub>IN</sub> Vol (pcph)	5,163		4,853	4,991		4,382	4,515		3,515	4,969		4,043	4,542	4,204		3,869
GP <sub>IN</sub> Cap (pcph)	4,700		4,700	4,700		4,700	4,700		4,700	7,050		7,050	7,050	7,050		7,050
GP <sub>IN</sub> v/c ratio	1.10		1.03	1.06		0.93	0.96		0.75	0.70		0.57	0.64	0.60		0.55
Calculate Operations for						3.55	3.00		5.70	50			,	5.00		0.00
GP <sub>OUT</sub> Vol (pcph)	4,571		5,011	4,258		4,558	3,390			4,730		4,669	4,126	3,603		3,873
GP <sub>OUT</sub> Cap (pcph)	4,700		4,700	4,700		4,700	4,700			7,050		7,050	7,050	7,050		7,050
GP <sub>OUT</sub> Cap (pcpn)  GP <sub>OUT</sub> v/c ratio	0.97		1.07	0.91		0.97	0.72			0.67		0.66	0.59	7,050 0.51		0.55
			1.07	0.91		0.97	0.72			0.07		0.00	0.59	0.51		0.00

Key

Folsom to Prairie City Weave	Between Prairie City Ramps	Prairie City On Ramp	Prairie City/Oak Ave Weave	Between Oak Avenue Ramps	Oak Avenue Loop On Ramp	Oak Avenue to Scott Rd Weave	Between Scott Rd Ramps	Scott Rd On Ramp	Scott Rd On Ramp II to Empire Ranch	Between Ramps	Empire Ranch Loop On Ramp	Empire Ranch to Latrobe Weave	Latrobe Rd Off Ramp II	Between Ramps	Latrobe to White Rock We
Express Lanes (EL)															
	1,130	1,130	1.160	1,022	1,022	1,054	830	830	998	968	968	1,082	1,000	884	884
															0.92
									1	1			1		1
									•	•					Grade
															3.4%
															0.60
															2.0%
															0.0%
															2.5
															3.0
															0.971
															1.00
															990
						*									
1,306	1,189	1,189	1,196	1,0/5	1,0/5	1,109	8/3	8/3	1,123	1,018	1,018	1,138	1,052	930	990
1			1	1	I	1					I	I			
oress Lanes															
															65.0
65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65
						1					1	1			
0.75	0.68	0.68	0.68	0.61	0.61	0.63	0.50	0.50	0.64	0.58	0.58	0.65	0.60	0.53	0.57
					1	1					1	1			
															860
															0.98
•						·			·			·			1
															Level
															2.0%
															0.00
2.0%					2.0%						2.0%				2.0%
															0.0%
															1.5
1.2		1.2	1.2		1.2	1.2		1.2	1.2		1.2	1.2			1.2
0.990		0.990	0.990		0.990	0.990		0.990	0.990		0.990	0.990			0.990
1.00		1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00			1.00
402		158	652		176	351		857	898		626	165			886
402		158	652		176	351		857	898		626	165			886
adway Operations			1	1		1									
Right		Right	Right		Right	Right		Right	Right		Right	Right			Right
45		35	45		25	45		25	45		25	45			35
															0.000
2,100		2,000	2,100		1,900	2,100		1,900	2,100		1,900	2,100			2,000
	Express Lanes (EL)  1,242 0.96 1 Level 1.0% 2.22 2.0% 0.0% 1.5 1.2 0.990 1.00 1,306 1,306 1,306   ress Lanes  65.0 65  Express Lanes 0.75  w Rate 382 0.96 1 Level 2.0% 0.00 2.0% 0.00% 1.5 1.2 0.990 1.00 402 402 adway Operations Right	Express Lanes (EL)  1,242 1,130 0.96 0.96 1 1 Level 1.0% 0.6% 2.22 0.32 2.0% 0.0% 0.0% 1.5 1.5 1.2 1.2 0.990 0.990 1.00 1,306 1,189 1,306 1,189 1,306 1,189 1,306 1,189 1,306 1,189 1,306 1,189 1,306 1,189 1,306 1,189 1,306 1,189 1,306 1,189 1,306 1,189 1,306 1,189 1,306 1,189 1,306 1,189 1,306 1,3	Express Lanes (EL)  1,242	Express Lanes (EL)  1.242 1.130 0.96 0.96 0.96 0.96 0.96 0.99 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Express Lanes (EL)  1	Express Lanes (EL)  1.322	Express Lames (EL)			Express tumber   1.00	Copyright   Copy				Comment

Key

Name	Folsom to Prairie City Weav	e Between Prairie City Ramps	Prairie City On Ramp	Prairie City/Oak Ave Weave	Between Oak Avenue Ramps	Oak Avenue Loop On Ramp	Oak Avenue to Scott Rd Weave	Between Scott Rd Ramps	Scott Rd On Ramp	Scott Rd On Ramp II to Empire Ranch	Between Ramps	Empire Ranch Loop On Ramp	Empire Ranch to Latrobe Weave	Latrobe Rd Off Ramp II	Between Ramps	Latrobe to White Rock Wea
Iculate Off Ramp Flo	w Rate															
Off Volume (vph)	940			1,310			1,440			1,030			560	580		799
PHF	0.96			0.96			0.99			0.92			0.98	0.98		0.92
Total Lanes	1			1			2			2			1	1		1
Terrain	Level			Level			Level			Level			Level	Level		Level
Grade %	2.0%			2.0%			2.0%			2.0%			2.0%	2.0%		2.0%
Grade Length (mi)	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00	0.00		0.00
Truck & Bus %	3.0%			3.0%			3.0%			3.0%			3.0%	3.0%		3.0%
RV %	0.0%			0.0%			0.0%			0.0%			0.0%	0.0%		0.0%
E <sub>T</sub>	1.5			1.5			1.5			1.5			1.5	1.5		1.5
E <sub>R</sub>	1.2			1.2			1.2			1.2			1.2	1.2		1.2
f <sub>HV</sub>	0.985			0.985			0.985			0.985			0.985	0.985		0.985
t <sub>P</sub>	1.00			1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00			1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00		1.00
Off Flow (pcph)	994			1,385			1,476			1,136			580	601		882
Off Flow (pcphpl)	994			1,385			738			568			580	601		882
						1	i					1	•			
Iculate Off Ramp Ro																
Off Ramp Type	Right			Right			Right			Right			Right	Right		Right
Off Ramp Speed	35			40			40			40			35	25		40
Off Ramp Cap (pcph)	2,000			2,000			4,000			4,000			2,000	1,900		2,000
Off Ramp v/c ratio	0.50			0.69			0.37			0.28			0.29	0.32		0.44
termine Adjacent Ra	mp for Three-Lane Mainli	ne Segments with One-Lane	Ramps													
Up Type												No		Off		
Up Distance														4,530		
Up Flow (pcph)														580		
Down Type												On		On		
Down Distance												1,360		1,500		
Down Flow (pcph)												165		886		
												•				
lculate Merge Influer	ice Area Operations															
Effective v <sub>P</sub> (pcph)			4,853			4,382						4,043				
Up Ramp L <sub>EQ</sub>																
Down Ramp L <sub>EQ</sub>												1,162				
P <sub>FM</sub> (Eqn 13-3)			0.586			0.586						0.586				
P <sub>FM</sub> (Eqn 13-4)																
P <sub>FM</sub> (Eqn 13-5)																
P <sub>FM</sub> (Eqri 13-3)			1.000			1.000						0.586				
			4,853			4,382						2,369				
v <sub>12</sub> (pcph)			4,000			4,502						1,674				
v <sub>3</sub> (pcph)												1,0/4				
v <sub>34</sub> (pcph)			4.050			4 200						2 200				
v <sub>12a</sub> (pcph)			4,853			4,382						2,369				
v <sub>R12a</sub> (pcph)			5,011			4,558						2,994				
Merge Speed Index			-			0.68						0.38				
Merge Area Speed			-			49.4						56.2				
Outer Lanes Volume												1,674				
Outer Lanes Speed												60.8				
Segment Speed						49.4						57.7				
Merge v/c ratio			1.09			0.99						0.65				
Merge Density			-			39.1						26.7				
Merge LOS			F			E						С				

Key

Name	Folsom to Prairie City Weave B	Between Prairie City Ramps	Prairie City On Ramp	Prairie City/Oak Ave Weave	Between Oak Avenue Ramps	oak Avenue Loop On Ram	p Oak Avenue to Scott Rd Weave	e Between Scott Rd Ramps	Scott Rd On Ramp	Scott Rd On Ramp II to Empire Ranch	Between Ramps	Empire Ranch Loop On Ramp	Empire Ranch to Latrobe Weave	Latrobe Rd Off Ramp II	Between Ramps	Latrobe to White Rock Weave
Calculate Diverge Infl	luence Area Operations															
Effective v <sub>P</sub> (pcph)														4,204		
Up Ramp $L_{EQ}$														4,753		
Down Ramp L <sub>EQ</sub>														1,117		
P <sub>FD</sub> (Eqn 13-9)														0.627		
P <sub>FD</sub> (Eqn 13-10)																
P <sub>FD</sub> (Eqn 13-11)																
$P_{FD}$														0.627		
v <sub>12</sub> (pcph)														2,861		
v <sub>3</sub> (pcph)														1,343		
v <sub>34</sub> (pcph)																
v <sub>12a</sub> (pcph)														2,861		
Diverge Speed Index	(													0.61		
Diverge Area Speed														50.9		
Outer Lanes Volume														1,343		
Outer Lanes Speed														70.0		
Segment Speed														55.8		
Diverge v/c ratio														0.65		
Diverge Density														27.5		
Diverge LOS														С		

Location 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16

Key

<> Express Lane (HOV)

No Trucks

Name	Folsom to Prairie City Weave	Between Prairie City Ramps	Prairie City On Ramp	Prairie City/Oak Ave Weave	Between Oak Avenue Ramps	Oak Avenue Loop On Ramp	Oak Avenue to Scott Rd Weave	Between Scott Rd Ramps	Scott Rd On Ramp	Scott Rd On Ramp II to Empire Ranch	Between Ramps	Empire Ranch Loop On Ramp	Empire Ranch to Latrobe Weave	Latrobe Rd Off Ramp II	Between Ramps	Latrobe to White Rock Weave
Summarize Segment O	perations															
Segment v/c ratio	0.79	1.00	1.09	#VALUE!	0.93	0.99	0.69	0.74	0.62	#VALUE!	0.58	0.65	0.50	0.65	0.53	0.51
Segment Density	29.9	-	-	#VALUE!	39.1	39.1	25.2	27.6	22.4	#VALUE!	20.9	26.7	18.1	27.5	19.1	18.3
Segment LOS	D	F	F	#VALUE!	E	E	С	D	С	#VALUE!	С	С	С	С	С	С
Over Capacity		Segment GP Lanes	Segment GP Lanes In GP Lanes Out GP Lanes Merge	#VALUE!						#VALUE!			#VALUE!			#VALUE!

Project: Russell Ranch Freeway Corridor: Westbound US 50

> Project: Russell Ranch Freeway Corridor: Westbound US 50

hide	0 1 3 0 0	0 1 3 0 0	0 1 3 0 0	0 1 3 0 0	0 1 3 0 0	0 1 3 0 0	0 1 2 0 0	0 1 2 0 0	0 1 2 0 0	0 1 2 0	0 1 2 0	0 1 2 0	0 1 2 0	0 1 2 0	0 1 2 0
hide	0 FALSE TRUE FALSE 0	0 FALSE TRUE FALSE 0	0 FALSE TRUE FALSE 0	0 FALSE TRUE FALSE 0	0 TRUE TRUE FALSE 0	0 FALSE TRUE FALSE 1	0 FALSE TRUE FALSE 0	0 TRUE TRUE FALSE 0	0 FALSE TRUE FALSE 0	0 FALSE TRUE FALSE 0	0 TRUE TRUE FALSE 0	0 FALSE TRUE FALSE 0	0 FALSE TRUE FALSE 0	0 TRUE TRUE FALSE 0	0 FALSE TRUE FALSE 0
hide	1 1 14 2 1	0 0 14 0 0	1 1 14 2 1	0 0 14 0 0	1 1 14 0 0	1 1 14 2 2	0 0 14 0 0	1 1 14 0 0	1 1 14 2 1	0 0 14 0 0	1 1 14 0 0	1 1 14 1 1	0 0 14 0 0	1 1 14 0 0	1 1 14 1 1
hide							0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0
Location	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15

Key

<> Express Lane (HOV)

No Trucks

	Silva Valley to El Dorado Weave	Between Ramps	El Dorado Hills to Empire Weave	Between Empire Ranch Ramp	s Empire Ranch Loop On Ramp	Empire Ranch to E. Bidwell Weave	Between E. Bidwell St Ramps	E. Bidwell St Loop On-Ramp	E. Bidwell to Oak Ave Weave	Between Oak Ave Ramps	Oak Ave Loop On-Ramp	Oak Ave to Prairie City Weave	Between Prairie City Ramps	Prairie City Loop On Ramp	Prairie City Slip to Folsom Wea
efine Freeway Segment															
Туре	Weave	Basic	Weave	Basic	Merge	Weave	Basic	Merge	Weave	Basic	Merge	Weave	Basic	Merge	Weave
Length (ft)	3,500	2,500	4,000	1,650	780	3,500	1,650	780	5,000	1,650	780	2,000	1,400	1,250	10,500
Accel Length					300			300			300			300	
Decel Length															
Mainline Volume	4,530	4,510	4,510	3,980	3,980	4,320	3,650	3,650	3,910	4,060	4,060	4,390	4,830	4,830	5,000
On Ramp Volume	930		930		340	190		260	780		330	1,100		170	300
Off Ramp Volume	950		1,460			860			630			660			375
Express Lane Volume	906	902	902	796	796	864	730	730	782	812	812	878	966	966	1,000
EL On Ramp Volume															
EL Off Ramp Volume															
	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
alculate Flow Rate in Ge	eneral Purpose Lanes (GP)														
GP Volume (vph)	4,554	3,608	4,538	3,184	3,524	3,646	2,920	3,180	3,908	3,248	3,578	4,612	3,864	4,034	4,300
PHF	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.98	0.98	0.99
GP Lanes	4	3	4	3	3	4	2	2	3	2	2	3	2	2	3
Terrain	Grade	Level	Level	Grade	Level	Grade	Grade	Grade	Level	Grade	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level
Grade %	-3.0%	0.8%	0.3%	4.3%	-1.0%	-3.4%	-2.1%	-3.0%	-1.0%	-2.0%	-1.4%	0.0%	-1.0%	0.0%	-1.0%
Grade Length (mi)	0.66	0.47	0.76	0.31	0.15	0.66	0.31	0.15	0.95	0.31	0.15	0.38	0.27	0.24	1.99
Truck & Bus %	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%
RV %	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
E <sub>T</sub>	1.5	1.5	1.5	2.0	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
E <sub>R</sub>	1.2	1.2	1.2	4.0	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2
f <sub>HV</sub>	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.943	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971
f <sub>P</sub>	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
GP Flow (pcph)	5,099	4,039	5,081	3,669	3,945	4,082	3,133	3,412	4,193	3,485	3,839	4,948	4,061	4,240	4,474
GP Flow (pcphpl)	1,275	1,346	1,270	1,223	1,315	1,020	1,566	1,706	1,398	1,742	1,919	1,649	2,031	2,120	1,491
alculate Speed in General	ral Purpose Lanes							ĺ					ĺ		
Lane Width (ft)	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Shoulder Width	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6
TRD	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
f <sub>LW</sub>	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
f <sub>LC</sub>	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Calculated FFS	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9
Measured FFS	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0
FFS Curve	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70
alculate Operations in G	General Purpose Lanes							1					1		
v/c ratio	0.53	0.56	0.53	0.51	0.55	0.43	0.65	0.71	0.58	0.73	0.80	0.69	0.85	0.88	0.62
Speed (mph)	69.9	69.8	69.9	70.0	69.8	70.0	68.4	67.0	69.5	66.6	64.0	67.7	62.0	60.2	69.0
Density (pcphpl)	18.2	19.3	18.2	17.5	18.8	14.6	22.9	25.5	20.1	26.2	30.0	24.4	32.8	35.2	21.6
LOS	С	С	С	В	С	В	С	С	С	D	D	С	D	Е	С
Calculate Operations for E	Entering GP Lanes														
GP <sub>IN</sub> Vol (pcph)	4,120		4,102		3,572	3,873		3,138	3,368		3,477	3,741		4,053	4,158
GP <sub>IN</sub> Cap (pcph)	7,200		7,200		7,200	7,200		4,800	4,800		4,800	4,800		4,800	4,800
GP <sub>IN</sub> v/c ratio	0.57		0.57		0.50	0.54		0.65	0.70		0.72	0.78		0.84	0.87
Calculate Operations for I															
GP <sub>OUT</sub> Vol (pcph)	4,099		3,478		3,945	3,177		3,412	3,501		3,839	4,224		4,240	4,062
GP <sub>OUT</sub> Cap (pcph)	7,200		7,200		7,200	4,800		4,800	4,800		4,800	4,800		4,800	4,800
GP <sub>out</sub> v/c ratio	0.57		0.48		0.55	0.66		0.71	0.73		0.80	0.88		0.88	0.85
	0.57		0.40		0.55	0.00		0.71	0.73		0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00

Fehr & Peers 10/24/2014

Location 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15

Key

No Trucks															
Name	Silva Valley to El Dorado Weave	Between Ramps	El Dorado Hills to Empire Weave	Between Empire Ranch Ramps	Empire Ranch Loop On Ramp	Empire Ranch to E. Bidwell Weave	Between E. Bidwell St Ramps	E. Bidwell St Loop On-Ramp	E. Bidwell to Oak Ave Weave	Between Oak Ave Ramps	Oak Ave Loop On-Ramp	Oak Ave to Prairie City Weave	Between Prairie City Ramps	Prairie City Loop On Ramp	Prairie City Slip to Folsom Weave
Calculate Flow Rate in	Express Lanes (EL)														
EL Volume (vph)	906	902	902	796	796	864	730	730	782	812	812	878	966	966	1,000
PHF	0.92	0.92	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.98	0.98	0.98
Express Lanes	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Terrain	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level
Grade %	-3.0%	0.8%	0.3%	4.3%	-1.0%	-3.4%	-2.1%	-3.0%	-1.0%	-2.0%	-1.4%	0.0%	-1.0%	0.0%	-1.0%
Grade Length (mi)	0.66	0.47	0.76	0.31	0.15	0.66	0.31	0.15	0.95	0.31	0.15	0.38	0.27	0.24	1.99
Truck & Bus %	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%
RV %	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
E <sub>T</sub>	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
E <sub>R</sub>	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2
f <sub>HV</sub>	0.990	0.990	0.990	0.990	0.990	0.990	0.990	0.990	0.990	0.990	0.990	0.990	0.990	0.990	0.990
f <sub>P</sub>	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
EL Flow (pcph)	995	990	949	837	837	909	768	768	823	854	854	924	996	996	1,031
EL Flow (pcphpl)	995	990	949	837	837	909	768	768	823	854	854	924	996	996	1,031
						1	ı	ı			1	1	1	1	1
Calculate Speed in Exp															
Lane Width (ft)	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Shoulder Width	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6
TRD	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
$f_{LW}$	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
f <sub>LC</sub>	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Calc'd FFS	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9
Measured FFS	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0
FFS	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70
	l_					I	1	I			1	I	I	1	I
Calculate Operations in	0.57	0.57	0.54	0.48	0.40	0.50	0.44	0.44	0.47	0.40	0.49	0.53	0.57	0.57	0.50
EL <sub>IN</sub> v/c ratio	0.57	0.57	0.54	0.48	0.48	0.52	0.44	0.44	0.47	0.49	0.49	0.53	0.57	0.57	0.59
Calculate On Ramp Flo	Data					Ì	I	I			Í	Ì	i	Ì	Ì
On Volume (vph)	930		930		340	190		260	780		330	1,100		170	300
PHF	0.96		0.96		0.92	0.92		0.96	0.96		0.92	0.92		0.92	0.96
Total Lanes	1		1		1	1		1	1		1	1		1	1
Terrain	Level		Level		Level	Level		Level	Level		Level	Level		Level	Level
Grade %	2.0%		2.0%		2.0%	2.0%		2.0%	2.0%		2.0%	2.0%		2.0%	2.0%
Grade Length (mi)	0.00		0.00		0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00
Truck & Bus %	2.0%		2.0%		2.0%	2.0%		2.0%	3.0%		2.0%	2.0%		2.0%	2.0%
RV %	0.0%		0.0%		0.0%	0.0%		0.0%	0.0%		0.0%	0.0%		0.0%	0.0%
E <sub>T</sub>	1.5		1.5		1.5	1.5		1.5	1.5		1.5	1.5		1.5	1.5
E <sub>R</sub>	1.2		1.2		1.2	1.2		1.2	1.2		1.2	1.2		1.2	1.2
f <sub>HV</sub>	0.990		0.990		0.990	0.990		0.990	0.985		0.990	0.990		0.990	0.990
f <sub>p</sub>	1.00		1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00
On Flow (pcph)	978		978		373	209		274	825		362	1,208		187	316
On Flow (pcphpl)	978		978		373	209		274	825		362	1,208		187	316
(pop.ip.)	2.0		3,0									.,200			2,0
Calculate On Ramp Roa	I adway Operations							l			ĺ		ĺ		
On Ramp Type	Right		Right		Right	Right		Right	Right		Right	Right		Right	Right
On Ramp Speed (mph)	35		35		25	45		25	45		25	45		25	35
On Ramp Cap (pcph)	2,000		2,000		1,900	2,100		1,900	2,100		1,900	2,100		1,900	2,000
On Ramp v/c ratio	0.49		0.49		0.20	0.10		0.14	0.39		0.19	0.58		0.10	0.16
5ap 4/6 rail0	0.10		0.40		0.20	0.10		V.14	0.00		0.10	0.50		0.10	0.10
	ı		1	I	I				I	I					

Project: Russell Ranch Freeway Corridor: Westbound US 50

Location 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15

Key

Name	Silva Valley to El Dorado Weave	Between Ramps	El Dorado Hills to Empire Weave	Between Empire Ranch Ramps	Empire Ranch Loop On Ramp	Empire Ranch to E. Bidwell Weav	Between E. Bidwell St Ramps	E. Bidwell St Loop On-Ramp	E. Bidwell to Oak Ave Weave	Between Oak Ave Ramps	Oak Ave Loop On-Ramp	Oak Ave to Prairie City Weave	Between Prairie City Ramps	Prairie City Loop On Ramp	Prairie City Slip to Folsom
culate Off Ramp Flo	w Rate														
Off Volume (vph)	950		1,460			860			630			660			375
PHF	0.96		0.92			0.96			0.92			0.92			0.92
Total Lanes	2		2			2			2			1			1
Terrain	Level		Level			Level			Level			Level			Level
Grade %	2.0%		2.0%			2.0%			2.0%			2.0%			2.0%
Grade Length (mi)	0.00		0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00
Truck & Bus %	2.0%		2.0%			2.0%			2.0%			2.0%			2.0%
RV %	0.0%		0.0%			0.0%			0.0%			0.0%			0.0%
E <sub>T</sub>	1.5		1.5			1.5			1.5			1.5			1.5
E <sub>R</sub>	1.2		1.2			1.2			1.2			1.2			1.2
⊏ <sub>R</sub> f <sub>HV</sub>	0.990		0.990			0.990			0.990			0.990			0.990
T <sub>HV</sub>															
	1.00		1.00			1.00			1.00			1.00			1.00
Off Flow (pcph)	999		1,603			905			692			725			412
Off Flow (pcphpl)	500		801			452			346			725			412
						1	i	i			i		i i	i i	Ī
culate Off Ramp Ro															
Off Ramp Type	Right		Right			Right			Right			Right			Right
Off Ramp Speed	25		40			40			40			40			40
ff Ramp Cap (pcph)	3,800		4,000			4,000			4,000			2,000			2,000
Off Ramp v/c ratio	0.26		0.40			0.23			0.17			0.36			0.21
															-
ermine Adjacent Ra	mp for Three-Lane Mainline S	Segments with One-Lane	•												
Up Type					No				On			On			On
Up Distance									780			#REF!			#REF!
Up Flow (pcph)									274			362			187
Down Type					On				On			On			#REF!
Down Distance					780				6,650			1,400			#REF!
Down Flow (pcph)					209				1,208			316			#REF!
						•	•							•	
Iculate Merge Influer	ice Area Operations														
Effective v <sub>P</sub> (pcph)					3,572			3,138			3,477			4,053	
Up Ramp L <sub>EQ</sub>															
Down Ramp L <sub>EQ</sub>					1,472										
P <sub>FM</sub> (Eqn 13-3)					0.586			0.586			0.586			0.586	
P <sub>FM</sub> (Eqn 13-4)															
P <sub>FM</sub> (Eqn 13-5)															
P <sub>FM</sub>					0.586			1.000			1.000			1.000	
v <sub>12</sub> (pcph)					2,093			3,138			3,477			4,053	
v <sub>3</sub> (pcph)					1,479						.,			,,,,,,	
v <sub>34</sub> (pcph)					., ., .,										
v <sub>34</sub> (pcph) v <sub>12a</sub> (pcph)					2,093			3,138			3,477			4,053	
					2,466			3,412			3,839			4,240	
V <sub>R12a</sub> (pcph)					0.35			0.42			0.49			4,240 0.58	
Merge Speed Index					60.1			58.1			0.49 56.4			0.58 53.9	
Merge Area Speed								od.1			20.4			53.9	
Outer Lanes Volume					1,479										
Outer Lanes Speed					66.5										
Segment Speed					62.4			58.1			56.4			53.9	
Merge v/c ratio					0.54			0.74			0.83			0.92	
Merge Density					22.7			30.1			33.4			36.6	
Merge LOS					С			D			D			F	

Key

-							T I								
Name	Silva Valley to El Dorado Weave	Between Ramps	El Dorado Hills to Empire Weave	Between Empire Ranch Ramps	Empire Ranch Loop On Ramp	Empire Ranch to E. Bidwell Weave	Between E. Bidwell St Ramps	E. Bidwell St Loop On-Ramp	E. Bidwell to Oak Ave Weave	Between Oak Ave Ramps	Oak Ave Loop On-Ramp	Oak Ave to Prairie City Weave	Between Prairie City Ramps	Prairie City Loop On Ramp	Prairie City Slip to Folsom Weav
Calculate Diverge Influ	ence Area Operations														
Effective v <sub>P</sub> (pcph)															
Up Ramp L <sub>EQ</sub>															
Down Ramp L <sub>EQ</sub>															
P <sub>FD</sub> (Eqn 13-9)															
P <sub>FD</sub> (Eqn 13-10)															
P <sub>FD</sub> (Eqn 13-11)															
$P_{FD}$															
v <sub>12</sub> (pcph)															
v <sub>3</sub> (pcph)															
v <sub>34</sub> (pcph)															
v <sub>12a</sub> (pcph)															
Diverge Speed Index															
Diverge Area Speed															
Outer Lanes Volume															
Outer Lanes Speed															
Segment Speed															
Diverge v/c ratio															
Diverge Density															
Diverge LOS															

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15

Key

<> Express Lane (HOV)

No Trucks

Name	Silva Valley to El Dorado Weave	Between Ramps	El Dorado Hills to Empire Weave	Between Empire Ranch Ramps	Empire Ranch Loop On Ramp	Empire Ranch to E. Bidwell Weave	Between E. Bidwell St Ramps	E. Bidwell St Loop On-Ramp	E. Bidwell to Oak Ave Weave	Between Oak Ave Ramps	Oak Ave Loop On-Ramp	Oak Ave to Prairie City Weave	Between Prairie City Ramps	Prairie City Loop On Ramp	Prairie City Slip to Folsom Wear
Summarize Segment O	perations														
Segment v/c ratio	#VALUE!	0.56	#VALUE!	0.51	0.54	0.43	0.65	0.74	0.58	0.73	0.83	#VALUE!	0.85	0.92	0.62
Segment Density	#VALUE!	19.3	#VALUE!	17.5	22.7	14.6	22.9	30.1	20.1	26.2	33.4	#VALUE!	32.8	36.6	21.6
Segment LOS	#VALUE!	С	#VALUE!	В	С	В	С	D	С	D	D	#VALUE!	D	E	С
Over Capacity	#VALUE!		#VALUE!			#VALUE!			#VALUE!			#VALUE!			#VALUE!

Project: Russell Ranch Freeway Corridor: Westbound US 50

> Project: Russell Ranch Freeway Corridor: Westbound US 50

hide	0 1 3 0 0	0 1 3 0 0	0 1 3 0 0	0 1 3 0 0	0 1 3 0 0	0 1 3 0 0	0 1 2 0 0	0 1 2 0 0	0 1 2 0 0	0 1 2 0	0 1 2 0	0 1 2 0	0 1 2 0 0 1 2 0	0 1 2 0
hide	0 FALSE TRUE FALSE 0	0 FALSE TRUE FALSE 0	0 FALSE TRUE FALSE 0	0 FALSE TRUE FALSE 0	0 TRUE TRUE FALSE 0	0 FALSE TRUE FALSE 1	0 FALSE TRUE FALSE 0	0 TRUE TRUE FALSE 0	0 FALSE TRUE FALSE 0	0 FALSE TRUE FALSE 0	0 TRUE TRUE FALSE 0	0 FALSE TRUE FALSE 0	0 FALSE TRUE FALSE 0 0 TRUE TRUE FALSE 0	0 FALSE TRUE FALSE 0
hide	1 1 14 2 1	0 0 14 0 0	1 1 14 2 1	0 0 14 0 0	1 1 14 0 0	1 1 14 2 2	0 0 14 0 0	1 1 14 0 0	1 1 14 2 1	0 0 14 0 0	1 1 14 0 0	1 1 14 1 1	0 0 14 0 0 1 1 14 0 0	1 1 14 1 1
hide							0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0
Location	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13 14	15

Key

<> Express Lane (HOV)

No Trucks

Name	Silva Valley to El Dorado Weave	Between Ramps	El Dorado Hills to Empire Weave	Between Empire Ranch Ramp	Empire Ranch Loop On Ramp	Empire Ranch to E. Bidwell Weave	Between E. Bidwell St Ramps	E. Bidwell St Loop On-Ramp	E. Bidwell to Oak Ave Weave	Between Oak Ave Ramps	Oak Ave Loop On-Ramp	Oak Ave to Prairie City Weave	Between Prairie City Ramps	Prairie City Loop On Ramp	Prairie City Slip to Folsom Weav
Define Freeway Segme															
Туре	Weave	Basic	Weave	Basic	Merge	Weave	Basic	Merge	Weave	Basic	Merge	Weave	Basic	Merge	Weave
Length (ft)	3,500	2,500	4,000	1,650	780	3,500	1,650	780	5,000	1,650	780	2,000	1,400	1,250	10,500
Accel Length					300			300			300			300	
Decel Length															
Mainline Volume	3,230	3,030	3,030	3,440	3,440	3,930	3,120	3,120	3,520	3,820	3,820	4,090	4,570	4,570	4,610
On Ramp Volume	190		1,140		490	100		400	770		270	1,030		40	470
Off Ramp Volume	390		730			910			470			550			264
Express Lane Volume	549	515	515	585	585	668	530	530	598	649	649	695	777	777	784
EL On Ramp Volume															
EL Off Ramp Volume															
	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17
Calculate Flow Rate in	General Purpose Lanes (GP	)													
GP Volume (vph)	2,871	2,515	3,655	2,855	3,345	3,362	2,590	2,990	3,692	3,171	3,441	4,425	3,793	3,833	4,296
PHF	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.98	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96
GP Lanes	4	3	4	3	3	4	2	2	3	2	2	3	2	2	3
Terrain	Grade	Level	Level	Grade	Level	Grade	Grade	Grade	Level	Grade	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level
Grade %	-3.0%	0.8%	0.3%	4.3%	-1.0%	-3.4%	-2.1%	-3.0%	-1.0%	-2.0%	-1.4%	0.0%	-1.0%	0.0%	-1.0%
Grade Length (mi)	0.66	0.47	0.76	0.31	0.15	0.66	0.31	0.15	0.95	0.31	0.15	0.38	0.27	0.24	1.99
Truck & Bus %	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%
RV %	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
E <sub>T</sub>	1.5	1.5	1.5	2.0	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
E <sub>R</sub>	1.2	1.2	1.2	4.0	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2
f <sub>HV</sub>	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.943	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971	0.971
f <sub>P</sub>	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
GP Flow (pcph)	3,214	2,816	4,092	3,290	3,745	3,607	2,778	3,208	3,880	3,402	3,691	4,747	4,070	4,113	4,610
GP Flow (pcphpl)	804	939	1,023	1,097	1,248	902	1,389	1,604	1,293	1,701	1,846	1,582	2,035	2,056	1,537
· · · · · · · (μμμ-)	•••		1,020	1,000	1,2.0		1,000	.,	1,200	1,1.2.1	1,010	1,002	_,	_,,,,,,	1,44
Calculate Speed in Gen	l neral Purpose Lanes					I	Ī	1			1	1	I	Ì	İ
Lane Width (ft)	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Shoulder Width	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6
TRD	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
f <sub>LW</sub>	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
f <sub>LC</sub>	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Calculated FFS	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9
Measured FFS	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0
FFS Curve	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70
11000110	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70
Calculate Operations in	l n General Purpose Lanes					I	1	1			1	1	I		
v/c ratio	0.33	0.39	0.43	0.46	0.52	0.38	0.58	0.67	0.54	0.71	0.77	0.66	0.85	0.86	0.64
Speed (mph)	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	69.6	68.1	69.9	67.1	65.2	68.3	61.9	61.5	68.7
Density (pcphpl)	11.5	13.4	14.6	15.7	17.8	12.9	20.0	23.5	18.5	25.4	28.3	23.2	32.9	33.4	22.4
LOS	В	В.	В.	В	В.	В	C C	C	C	C C	D	C	D.	D	C
Calculate Operations for		, and the second		J		5	o o	ŏ	ŭ	J	, and the second	Ü	5	J	Ŭ
GP <sub>IN</sub> Vol (pcph)	3,006		2,917		3,207	3,497		2,787	3,066		3,406	3,658		4,070	4,113
GP <sub>IN</sub> Voi (pcpn) GP <sub>IN</sub> Cap (pcph)	7,200		7,200		7,200	7,200		4,800	4,800		4,800	4,800		4,070	4,113
GP <sub>IN</sub> Cap (pcpn)  GP <sub>IN</sub> v/c ratio	0.42		0.41		0.45	0.49		0.58	4,800 0.64		0.71	0.76		4,800 0.85	0.86
			0.41		0.45	0.49		0.58	0.64		0.71	0.76		0.85	0.86
Calculate Operations fo			0.000		0.745	0.050		0.000	0.005		2 224	4 100		4440	4.000
GP <sub>OUT</sub> Vol (pcph)	2,812		3,290		3,745	2,650		3,208	3,385		3,691	4,169		4,113	4,332
GP <sub>OUT</sub> Cap (pcph) GP <sub>OUT</sub> v/c ratio	7,200 0.39		7,200		7,200	4,800		4,800	4,800		4,800	4,800		4,800	4,800
	0.30		0.46		0.52	0.55		0.67	0.71		0.77	0.87		0.86	0.90

Fehr & Peers 10/24/2014

Key

<> Express Lane (HOV)

No Trucks

Name	Silva Valley to El Dorado Weave	Between Ramps	El Dorado Hills to Empire Weave	Between Empire Ranch Ramps	Empire Ranch Loop On Ramp	Empire Ranch to E. Bidwell Weave	Between E. Bidwell St Ramps	E. Bidwell St Loop On-Ramp	E. Bidwell to Oak Ave Weave	Between Oak Ave Ramps	Oak Ave Loop On-Ramp	Oak Ave to Prairie City Weav	e Between Prairie City Ramps	Prairie City Loop On Ramp	Prairie City Slip to Folsom Weave
Calculate Flow Rate in	Express Lanes (EL)														
EL Volume (vph)	549	515	515	585	585	668	530	530	598	649	649	695	777	777	784
PHF	0.92	0.92	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.98	0.98	0.98
Express Lanes	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Terrain	Grade	Level	Level	Grade	Level	Grade	Grade	Grade	Level	Grade	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level
Grade %	-3.0%	0.8%	0.3%	4.3%	-1.0%	-3.4%	-2.1%	-3.0%	-1.0%	-2.0%	-1.4%	0.0%	-1.0%	0.0%	-1.0%
Grade Length (mi)	0.66	0.47	0.76	0.31	0.15	0.66	0.31	0.15	0.95	0.31	0.15	0.38	0.27	0.24	1.99
Truck & Bus %	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%
RV %	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
E <sub>T</sub>	1.5	1.5	1.5	2.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
E <sub>R</sub>	1.2	1.2	1.2	4.0	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2
$f_{HV}$	0.990	0.990	0.990	0.971	0.990	0.990	0.990	0.990	0.990	0.990	0.990	0.990	0.990	0.990	0.990
f <sub>P</sub>	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
EL Flow (pcph)	603	565	542	627	615	703	558	558	630	683	683	732	801	801	808
EL Flow (pcphpl)	603	565	542	627	615	703	558	558	630	683	683	732	801	801	808
							•					•	•		
Calculate Speed in Exp	ress Lanes														
Lane Width (ft)	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Shoulder Width	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6	>6
TRD	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
$f_{LW}$	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
$f_{LC}$	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Calc'd FFS	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9
Measured FFS	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0
FFS	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70
						•		•			•			i	
Calculate Operations in															
EL <sub>IN</sub> v/c ratio	0.34	0.32	0.31	0.36	0.35	0.40	0.32	0.32	0.36	0.39	0.39	0.42	0.46	0.46	0.46
						Ī	1	1			Ī	1	1	ı	
Calculate On Ramp Flo															
On Volume (vph)	190		1,140		490	100		400	770		270	1,030		40	470
PHF	0.92		0.98		0.92	0.92		0.96	0.96		0.96	0.96		0.96	0.96
Total Lanes	1		1		1	1		1	1		1	1		1	1
Terrain	Level		Level		Level	Level		Level	Level		Level	Level		Level	Level
Grade %	2.0%		2.0%		2.0%	2.0%		2.0%	2.0%		2.0%	2.0%		2.0%	2.0%
Grade Length (mi)	0.00 2.0%		0.00 2.0%		0.00 2.0%	0.00 2.0%		0.00 2.0%	0.00 3.0%		0.00 3.0%	0.00 3.0%		0.00 3.0%	0.00 3.0%
Truck & Bus % RV %	0.0%		0.0%		0.0%	0.0%		0.0%	0.0%		0.0%	0.0%		0.0%	0.0%
HV % E₁	1.5		1.5		1.5	1.5		1.5	1.5		1.5	1.5		1.5	1.5
E <sub>R</sub>	1.2		1.2		1.2	1.2		1.2	1.2		1.2	1.2		1.2	1.2
⊏ <sub>R</sub> f <sub>HV</sub>	0.990		0.990		0.990	0.990		0.990	0.985		0.985	0.985		0.985	0.985
¹HV fo	1.00		1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00
On Flow (pcph)	209		1,175		538	110		421	814		285	1,089		42	497
On Flow (pcphpl)	209		1,175		538	110		421	814		285	1,089		42	497
(pop.ipi)			.,					,_,				.,000		, <u>-</u>	1.5.1
Calculate On Ramp Roa	I adway Operations			1			1	ĺ				1	1	İ	l l
On Ramp Type	Right		Right		Right	Right		Right	Right		Right	Right		Right	Right
On Ramp Speed (mph)	35		35		25	45		25	45		25	45		25	35
On Ramp Cap (pcph)	2,000		2,000		1,900	2,100		1,900	2,100		1,900	2,100		1,900	2,000
On Ramp v/c ratio	0.10		0.59		0.28	0.05		0.22	0.39		0.15	0.52		0.02	0.25
	ı		1	1	•				1						

Key

Name	Silva Valley to El Dorado Weave	Between Ramps	El Dorado Hills to Empire Weave	Between Empire Ranch Ramps E	Empire Ranch Loop On Ramp	Empire Ranch to E. Bidwell Weave	Between E. Bidwell St Ramps	E. Bidwell St Loop On-Ramp	E. Bidwell to Oak Ave Weave	Between Oak Ave Ramps	Oak Ave Loop On-Ramp	Oak Ave to Prairie City Weave	Between Prairie City Ramps	Prairie City Loop On Ramp	Prairie City Slip to Folsom
culate Off Ramp Flo	w Rate														
Off Volume (vph)	390		730			910			470			550			264
PHF	0.98		0.92			0.96			0.96			0.96			0.96
Total Lanes	2		2			2			2			1			1
Terrain	Level		Level			Level			Level			Level			Level
Grade %	2.0%		2.0%			2.0%			2.0%			2.0%			2.0%
Grade Length (mi)	0.00		0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00
Truck & Bus %	2.0%		2.0%			2.0%			2.0%			2.0%			2.0%
RV %	0.0%		0.0%			0.0%			0.0%			0.0%			0.0%
E <sub>T</sub>	1.5		1.5			1.5			1.5			1.5			1.5
E <sub>R</sub>	1.2		1.2			1.2			1.2			1.2			1.2
⊏R f <sub>HV</sub>	0.990		0.990			0.990			0.990			0.990			0.990
f <sub>D</sub>	1.00		1.00			1.00			1.00			1.00			1.00
	402		801			957			494			579			278
Off Flow (pcph) Off Flow (pcphpl)	201		401			479			247			579			278
Oil Flow (pcpripi)	201		401			4/9			241			5/9			2/8
	l				ĺ		İ				I		İ	ı	
ulate Off Ramp Ro			Diebt			Diebs			Diele			Dieba			Di-/·
Off Ramp Type	Right		Right			Right			Right			Right			Right
Off Ramp Speed	25 3,800		40 4,000			40 4,000			40 4,000			40 2,000			40 2,000
f Ramp Cap (pcph)															
Off Ramp v/c ratio	0.11		0.20			0.24			0.12			0.29			0.14
					ı	i	ı	i			i		i	i	
	mp for Three-Lane Mainline S	Segments with One-Lane							_			_			_
Up Type					No				On			On			On
Up Distance									780			#REF!			#REF!
Up Flow (pcph)									421			285			42
Down Type					On				On			On			#REF!
Down Distance					780				6,650			1,400			#REF!
Down Flow (pcph)					110				1,089			497			#REF!
					1	•	i				ı		i	1	
	nce Area Operations														
Effective v <sub>P</sub> (pcph)					3,207			2,787			3,406			4,070	
Up Ramp L <sub>EQ</sub>															
Down Ramp $L_{\rm EQ}$					775										
P <sub>FM</sub> (Eqn 13-3)					0.586			0.586			0.586			0.586	
P <sub>FM</sub> (Eqn 13-4)															
P <sub>FM</sub> (Eqn 13-5)															
$P_{FM}$					0.586			1.000			1.000			1.000	
v <sub>12</sub> (pcph)					1,879			2,787			3,406			4,070	
v <sub>3</sub> (pcph)					1,328										
v <sub>34</sub> (pcph)															
v <sub>12a</sub> (pcph)					1,879			2,787			3,406			4,070	
v <sub>R12a</sub> (pcph)					2,417			3,208			3,691			4,113	
Merge Speed Index					0.35			0.40			0.46			0.54	
Merge Area Speed					60.2			58.7			57.1			54.8	
Outer Lanes Volume					1,328										
Outer Lanes Speed					67.0										
Segment Speed					62.5			58.7			57.1			54.8	
Merge v/c ratio					0.53			0.70			0.80			0.89	
Merge Density					22.2			28.4			32.3			35.7	
Merge LOS					С			D			D			E	

Key

-							T I								
Name	Silva Valley to El Dorado Weave	Between Ramps	El Dorado Hills to Empire Weave	Between Empire Ranch Ramps	Empire Ranch Loop On Ramp	Empire Ranch to E. Bidwell Weave	Between E. Bidwell St Ramps	E. Bidwell St Loop On-Ramp	E. Bidwell to Oak Ave Weave	Between Oak Ave Ramps	Oak Ave Loop On-Ramp	Oak Ave to Prairie City Weave	Between Prairie City Ramps	Prairie City Loop On Ramp	Prairie City Slip to Folsom Weav
Calculate Diverge Influ	ence Area Operations														
Effective v <sub>P</sub> (pcph)															
Up Ramp L <sub>EQ</sub>															
Down Ramp L <sub>EQ</sub>															
P <sub>FD</sub> (Eqn 13-9)															
P <sub>FD</sub> (Eqn 13-10)															
P <sub>FD</sub> (Eqn 13-11)															
$P_{FD}$															
v <sub>12</sub> (pcph)															
v <sub>3</sub> (pcph)															
v <sub>34</sub> (pcph)															
v <sub>12a</sub> (pcph)															
Diverge Speed Index															
Diverge Area Speed															
Outer Lanes Volume															
Outer Lanes Speed															
Segment Speed															
Diverge v/c ratio															
Diverge Density															
Diverge LOS															

Key

<> Express Lane (HOV)

No Trucks

Name	Silva Valley to El Dorado Weave	Between Ramps	El Dorado Hills to Empire Weave	Between Empire Ranch Ramps	Empire Ranch Loop On Ramp	Empire Ranch to E. Bidwell Weave	Between E. Bidwell St Ramps	E. Bidwell St Loop On-Ramp	E. Bidwell to Oak Ave Weave	Between Oak Ave Ramps	Oak Ave Loop On-Ramp	Oak Ave to Prairie City Weave	Between Prairie City Ramps	Prairie City Loop On Ramp	Prairie City Slip to Folsom Wes
ummarize Segment C	perations														
Segment v/c ratio	0.33	0.39	#VALUE!	0.46	0.53	0.38	0.58	0.70	0.54	0.71	0.80	#VALUE!	0.85	0.89	0.64
Segment Density	11.5	13.4	#VALUE!	15.7	22.2	12.9	20.0	28.4	18.5	25.4	32.3	#VALUE!	32.9	35.7	22.4
Segment LOS	В	В	#VALUE!	В	С	В	С	D	В	С	D	#VALUE!	D	E	В
Over Capacity	#VALUE!		#VALUE!			#VALUE!			#VALUE!			#VALUE!			#VALUE!
								•			•		•		

#### **Data Input**

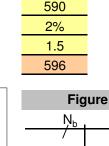
Number of Entering Mainline Lanes  $N_{b}$ Ν 5 Number of Lanes in Weaving Section Length of Weaving Section (feet) 4,200

Project In	formation	
Project	Rı	ıss

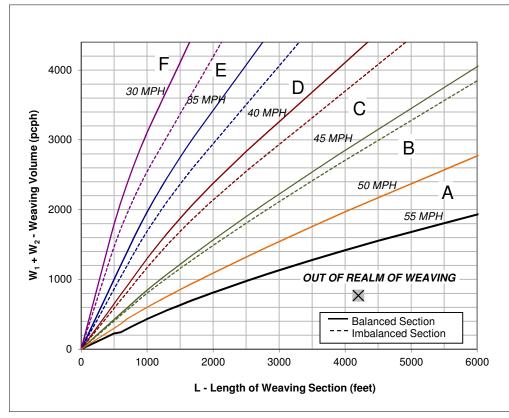
Project	Russell Ranch
Scenario	Cumulative Plus Project - AM
Freeway	EB US 50
On-ramp	Empire Ranch
Off-ramp	Latrobe Rd

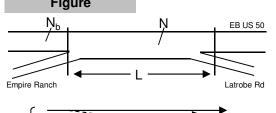
Total Weaving Sec	ction (V)	On-ramp to Mainline (W <sub>1</sub> )				
olume (vph)*	3,760	Volume (vph)*	170			
uck Percentage	6%	Truck Percentage	2%			
CE for Trucks	1.5	PCE for Trucks	1.5			
olume (pcph)	3,873	Volume (pcph)	172			
		_				

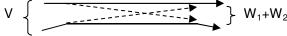
170	Volume (vph)*
2%	Truck Percentage
1.5	PCE for Trucks
172	Volume (pcph)



Mainline to Off-ramp (W<sub>2</sub>)







#### **Capacity Analysis**

- 1. Is the weaving section balanced (Y / N)? [If optional exit lane, then "Y". Otherwise "N".]
- 2. In the Weaving Speed Chart to the left, which two speed curves is the black "x" between?

MPH	and	MPH	
 EE MOU			

If below the 55 MPH curve, out of the realm of weaving. If left of the 30 MPH curve, LOS is F.

- 3. Interpolated Weaving Speed (S<sub>w</sub>, mph)
- #N/A #N/A

Ν

4. Weaving Intensity Factor (k)

6. Level of Service (LOS)

- 5. Service Volume (SV, pcph)  $SV = (1/N)^*[V + (k - 1)^*min(W_1, W_2)]$
- #N/A #N/A

The LOS in the chart above refers to the capacity of weaving traffic only; through and ramp to ramp traffic is not included.

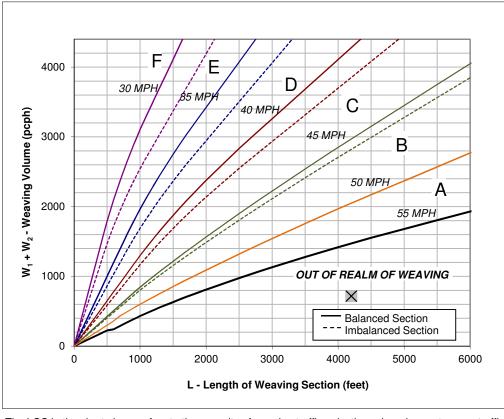
<sup>\*</sup> Note: Do not adjust by a Peak Hour Factor (PHF). The methodology incorporates the PHF in the Service Volume tables.

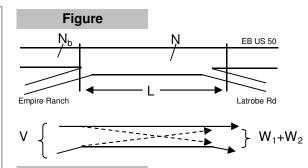
4,200

#### **Data Input** Number of Entering Mainline Lanes $N_{b}$ 5 Number of Lanes in Weaving Section Ν

Length of Weaving Section (feet)

Total Weaving Section (V)		On-ramp to Mainline (W <sub>1</sub> )		Mainline to Off-ramp (W2)	
Volume (vph)*	5,560	Volume (vph)*	150	Volume (vph)*	560
Truck Percentage	6%	Truck Percentage	2%	Truck Percentage	2%
PCE for Trucks	1.5	PCE for Trucks	1.5	PCE for Trucks	1.5
Volume (pcph)	5,727	Volume (pcph)	152	Volume (pcph)	566





**Project Information** 

Project

Scenario

Freeway

On-ramp

Off-ramp

Russell Ranch

Cumulative Plus Project - PM

**EB US 50** 

**Empire Ranch** 

Latrobe Rd

#### **Capacity Analysis**

- 1. Is the weaving section balanced (Y / N)? [If optional exit lane, then "Y". Otherwise "N".]
- 2. In the Weaving Speed Chart to the left, which two speed curves is the black "x" between?

**MPH MPH** and If below the 55 MPH curve, out of the realm of weaving.

If left of the 30 MPH curve, LOS is F.

- 3. Interpolated Weaving Speed (S<sub>w</sub>, mph)
- 52.4 4. Weaving Intensity Factor (k) 1.00
- 5. Service Volume (SV, pcph)  $SV = (1/N)^*[V + (k - 1)^*min(W_1, W_2)]$
- 6. Level of Service (LOS)

1,145 В

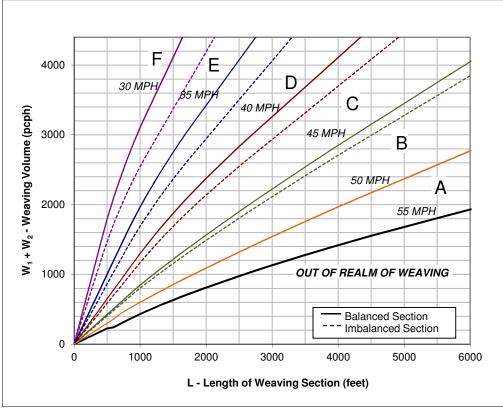
Ν

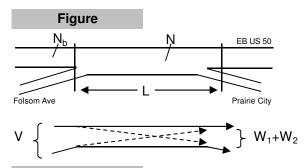
The LOS in the chart above refers to the capacity of weaving traffic only; through and ramp to ramp traffic is not included.

<sup>\*</sup> Note: Do not adjust by a Peak Hour Factor (PHF). The methodology incorporates the PHF in the Service Volume tables.

# Data InputNumber of Entering Mainline LanesNb3Number of Lanes in Weaving SectionN4Length of Weaving Section (feet)L11,700

Total Weaving Section (V)		On-ramp to Mainline (W <sub>1</sub> )		Mainline to Off-ramp (W2)	
Volume (vph)*	5,320	Volume (vph)*	306	Volume (vph)*	290
Truck Percentage	6%	Truck Percentage	2%	Truck Percentage	2%
PCE for Trucks	1.5	PCE for Trucks	1.5	PCE for Trucks	1.5
Volume (pcph)	5,480	Volume (pcph)	309	Volume (pcph)	293





**Project Information** 

Project

Scenario

Freeway

On-ramp

Off-ramp

Russell Ranch

Cumulative Plus Project - AM

**EB US 50** 

Folsom Ave

**Prairie City** 

#### **Capacity Analysis**

- 1. Is the weaving section balanced (Y / N)?

  [If optional exit lane, then "Y". Otherwise "N".]
- 2. In the Weaving Speed Chart to the left, which two speed curves is the black "x" between?

MPH and MPH

If below the 55 MPH curve, out of the realm of weaving.

If left of the 30 MPH curve, LOS is F.

3. Interpolated Weaving Speed (S<sub>w</sub>, mph)

#N/A

4. Weaving Intensity Factor (k)

#N/A

Ν

5. Service Volume (SV, pcph)  $SV = (1/N)^*[V + (k - 1)^*min(W_1, W_2)]$ 

#N/A #N/A

6. Level of Service (LOS)

The LOS in the chart above refers to the capacity of weaving traffic only; through and ramp to ramp traffic is not included.

\* Note: Do not adjust by a Peak Hour Factor (PHF). The methodology incorporates the PHF in the Service Volume tables.

#### **Data Input**

Number of Entering Mainline Lanes  $N_{b}$ Ν 4 Number of Lanes in Weaving Section Length of Weaving Section (feet) 11,700

Fiojectiii	ioiiiatioii		
Project	Russell Ranch		
Scenario	Cumulative Plus Project - PM		
Freeway	EB US 50		
On-ramp	Folsom Ave		
Off-ramp	Prairie City		

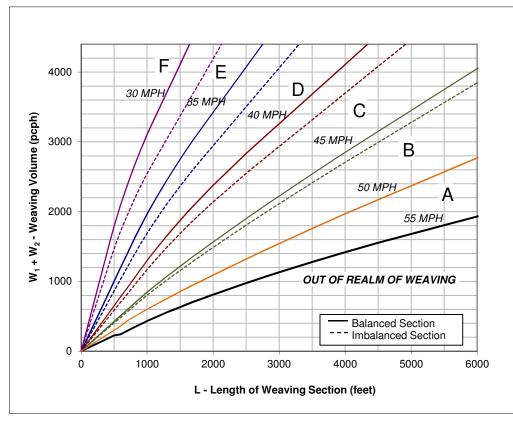
Volume (vph)*
Truck Percentage
PCE for Trucks
Volume (pcph)

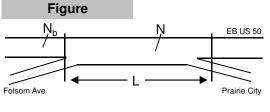
Total Weaving Section (V)		On-ramp to Mainline $(W_1)$		
lume (vph)*	6,590	Volume (vph)*	382	
uck Percentage	6%	Truck Percentage	2%	
CE for Trucks	1.5	PCE for Trucks	1.5	
lume (pcph)	6,788	Volume (pcph)	386	

382	Volume (vph)*
2%	Truck Percentage
1.5	PCE for Trucks
386	Volume (pcph)

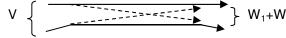
940
2%
1.5
949

Mainline to Off-ramp (W<sub>2</sub>)





Project Information



#### **Capacity Analysis**

- 1. Is the weaving section balanced (Y / N)? [If optional exit lane, then "Y". Otherwise "N".]
- 2. In the Weaving Speed Chart to the left, which two speed curves is the black "x" between?

**MPH MPH** and

If below the 55 MPH curve, out of the realm of weaving. If left of the 30 MPH curve, LOS is F.

3. Interpolated Weaving Speed (S<sub>w</sub>, mph)

52.0 1.00

4. Weaving Intensity Factor (k)

Ν

5. Service Volume (SV, pcph)  $SV = (1/N)^*[V + (k - 1)^*min(W_1, W_2)]$ 

1,697 Ε

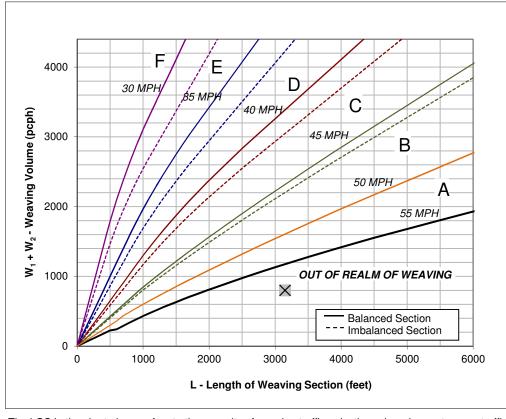
6. Level of Service (LOS)

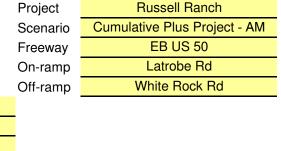
The LOS in the chart above refers to the capacity of weaving traffic only; through and ramp to ramp traffic is not included.

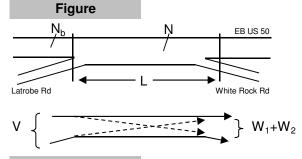
\* Note: Do not adjust by a Peak Hour Factor (PHF). The methodology incorporates the PHF in the Service Volume tables.

#### **Data Input** Number of Entering Mainline Lanes $N_{b}$ 5 Number of Lanes in Weaving Section Ν Length of Weaving Section (feet) 3,150

Total Weaving Section (V)		On-ramp to Mainline (W <sub>1</sub> )		Mainline to Off-ramp (W2)	
Volume (vph)*	3,410	Volume (vph)*	470	Volume (vph)*	322
Truck Percentage	6%	Truck Percentage	2%	Truck Percentage	2%
PCE for Trucks	2.0	PCE for Trucks	1.5	PCE for Trucks	1.5
Volume (pcph)	3,615	Volume (pcph)	475	Volume (pcph)	325







**Project Information** 

#### **Capacity Analysis**

- 1. Is the weaving section balanced (Y / N)? [If optional exit lane, then "Y". Otherwise "N".]
- 2. In the Weaving Speed Chart to the left, which two speed curves is the black "x" between?

and

**MPH MPH** If below the 55 MPH curve, out of the realm of weaving. If left of the 30 MPH curve, LOS is F.

3. Interpolated Weaving Speed (S<sub>w</sub>, mph)

53.4

4. Weaving Intensity Factor (k)

1.00

Ν

5. Service Volume (SV, pcph)

6. Level of Service (LOS)

 $SV = (1/N)^*[V + (k - 1)^*min(W_1, W_2)]$ 

723 Α

The LOS in the chart above refers to the capacity of weaving traffic only; through and ramp to ramp traffic is not included.

<sup>\*</sup> Note: Do not adjust by a Peak Hour Factor (PHF). The methodology incorporates the PHF in the Service Volume tables.

#### **Data Input**

Number of Entering Mainline Lanes  $N_{b}$ Ν 5 Number of Lanes in Weaving Section Length of Weaving Section (feet) 3,150

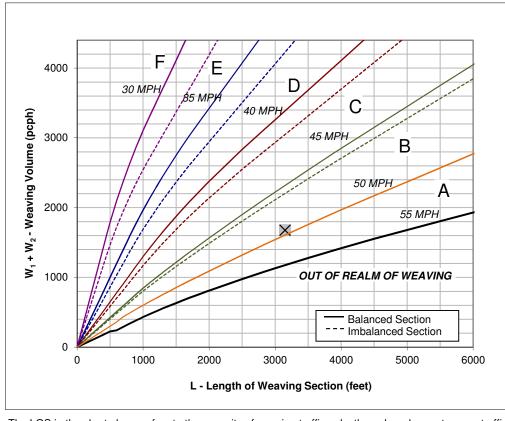
. rojoot iii	ioimation		
Project	Russell Ranch		
Scenario	Cumulative Plus Project - PM		
Freeway	EB US 50		
On-ramp	Latrobe Rd		
Off-ramp	White Rock Rd		

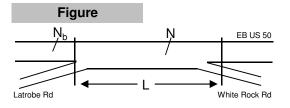
Total Weaving Section (V)		On-ramp to Mainline $(W_1)$		
lume (vph)*	5,280	Volume (vph)*	860	
uck Percentage	6%	Truck Percentage	2%	
CE for Trucks	2.0	PCE for Trucks	1.5	
lume (pcph)	5,597	Volume (pcph)	869	
		<del>_</del>		

860	Volume (vph)*
2%	Truck Percentage
1.5	PCE for Trucks
869	Volume (pcph)

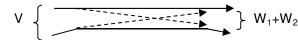
Mainline to Off-ramp (W2)

799 2% 1.5 807





Project Information



#### **Capacity Analysis**

- 1. Is the weaving section balanced (Y / N)? [If optional exit lane, then "Y". Otherwise "N".]
- 2. In the Weaving Speed Chart to the left, which two speed curves is the black "x" between?

<b>45 MPH</b> and <b>50 M</b>
-------------------------------

If below the 55 MPH curve, out of the realm of weaving. If left of the 30 MPH curve, LOS is F.

- 3. Interpolated Weaving Speed (S<sub>w</sub>, mph)
- 49.4
- 4. Weaving Intensity Factor (k)
- 1.28

Ν

- 5. Service Volume (SV, pcph)  $SV = (1/N)^*[V + (k - 1)^*min(W_1, W_2)]$
- 1,165 В

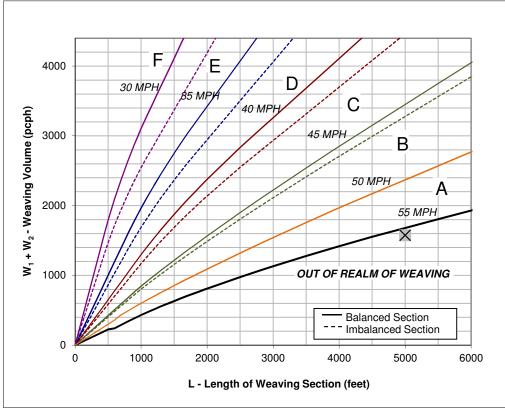
6. Level of Service (LOS)

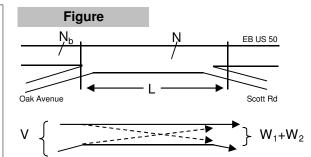
The LOS in the chart above refers to the capacity of weaving traffic only; through and ramp to ramp traffic is not included.

\* Note: Do not adjust by a Peak Hour Factor (PHF). The methodology incorporates the PHF in the Service Volume tables.

#### **Data Input** Number of Entering Mainline Lanes $N_{b}$ Ν 4 Number of Lanes in Weaving Section Length of Weaving Section (feet) 5,000

Total Weaving Sec	ction (V)	On-ramp to Mainli	ne (W₁)	Mainline to Off-ramp (W <sub>2</sub>	
Volume (vph)*	4,750	Volume (vph)*	140	Volume (vph)*	1,420
Truck Percentage	6%	Truck Percentage	2%	Truck Percentage	2%
PCE for Trucks	1.5	PCE for Trucks	1.5	PCE for Trucks	1.5
Volume (pcph)	4,893	Volume (pcph)	141	Volume (pcph)	1,434
Volume (pcph)	4,893	Volume (pcph)	141	Volume (pcph)	1,434





**Project Information** 

Project

Scenario

Freeway

On-ramp

Off-ramp

Russell Ranch

Cumulative Plus Project - AM

**EB US 50** 

Oak Avenue

Scott Rd

#### **Capacity Analysis**

- 1. Is the weaving section balanced (Y / N)? [If optional exit lane, then "Y". Otherwise "N".]
- 2. In the Weaving Speed Chart to the left, which two speed curves is the black "x" between?

	MPH	and	MPH				
If below the 55 MPH curve, out of the realm of weaving.							
If left of th	e 30 MPH cur	ve, LOS is F.					

3. Interpolated Weaving Speed (S<sub>w</sub>, mph)

54.7 4. Weaving Intensity Factor (k) 1.00

5. Service Volume (SV, pcph)

 $SV = (1/N)^*[V + (k - 1)^*min(W_1, W_2)]$ 

1,223

Ν

6. Level of Service (LOS)

The LOS in the chart above refers to the capacity of weaving traffic only; through and ramp to ramp traffic is not included.

\* Note: Do not adjust by a Peak Hour Factor (PHF). The methodology incorporates the PHF in the Service Volume tables.

4

5,000

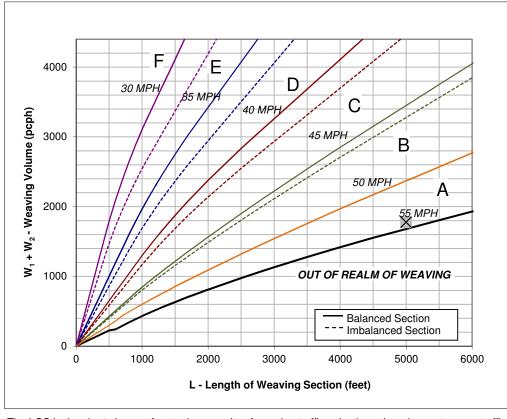
#### **Data Input** Number of Entering Mainline Lanes $N_{b}$ Number of Lanes in Weaving Section Ν

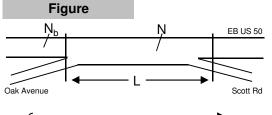
Length of Weaving Section (feet)

Mainline to Off-ra	amp (W <sub>2</sub> )
Volume (vph)*	1.440

Total Weaving Sec	ction (V)	On-ramp to Main	line (W₁)	Mainline to Off-
Volume (vph)*	5,590	Volume (vph)*	320	Volume (vph)*
Truck Percentage	6%	Truck Percentage	2%	Truck Percentage
PCE for Trucks	1.5	PCE for Trucks	1.5	PCE for Trucks
Volume (pcph)	5,758	Volume (pcph)	323	Volume (pcph)







**Project Information** 

Project

Scenario

Freeway

On-ramp

Off-ramp

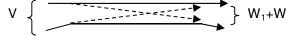
Russell Ranch

Cumulative Plus Project - PM

**EB US 50** 

Oak Avenue

Scott Rd



# **Capacity Analysis**

- 1. Is the weaving section balanced (Y / N)? [If optional exit lane, then "Y". Otherwise "N".]
- 2. In the Weaving Speed Chart to the left, which two speed curves is the black "x" between?

50 MPH	and	55	MP	1

If below the 55 MPH curve, out of the realm of weaving. If left of the 30 MPH curve, LOS is F.

- 3. Interpolated Weaving Speed (S<sub>w</sub>, mph)
- 54.3 4. Weaving Intensity Factor (k) 1.00
- 5. Service Volume (SV, pcph)  $SV = (1/N)^*[V + (k - 1)^*min(W_1, W_2)]$
- 6. Level of Service (LOS)

1,439 D

Ν

The LOS in the chart above refers to the capacity of weaving traffic only; through and ramp to ramp traffic is not included.

<sup>\*</sup> Note: Do not adjust by a Peak Hour Factor (PHF). The methodology incorporates the PHF in the Service Volume tables.

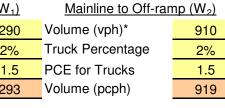
#### **Data Input**

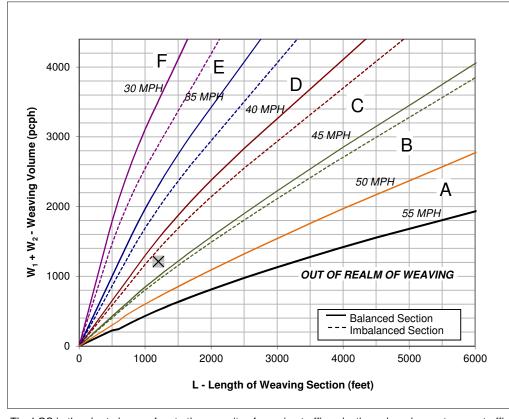
 $\begin{array}{cccc} \text{Number of Entering Mainline Lanes} & \text{N}_{\text{b}} & 3 \\ \text{Number of Lanes in Weaving Section} & \text{N} & 4 \\ \text{Length of Weaving Section (feet)} & \text{L} & 1,200 \\ \end{array}$ 

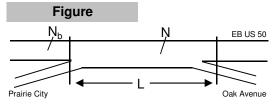
Project in	Tormation
Project	Russell Ranch
Scenario	Cumulative Plus Project - AM
Freeway	EB US 50
On-ramp	Prairie City

Oak Avenue

Total Weaving Section (V)		On-ramp to Mainli	ne (W <sub>1</sub> )
Volume (vph)*	5,380	Volume (vph)*	290
Truck Percentage	6%	Truck Percentage	2%
PCE for Trucks	1.5	PCE for Trucks	1.5
Volume (pcph)	5,541	Volume (pcph)	293
	·	<del>_</del>	

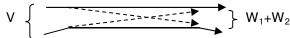






Drainet Information

Off-ramp



# **Capacity Analysis**

- 1. Is the weaving section balanced (Y / N)?

  [If optional exit lane, then "Y". Otherwise "N".]
- 2. In the Weaving Speed Chart to the left, which two speed curves is the black "x" between?

40 MPH and 45 MPH

If below the 55 MPH curve, out of the realm of weaving. If left of the 30 MPH curve, LOS is F.

3. Interpolated Weaving Speed (S<sub>w</sub>, mph)

42.0

4. Weaving Intensity Factor (k)

2.98

Ν

5. Service Volume (SV, pcph)  $SV = (1/N)^*[V + (k - 1)^*min(W_1, W_2)]$ 

1,531

6. Level of Service (LOS)

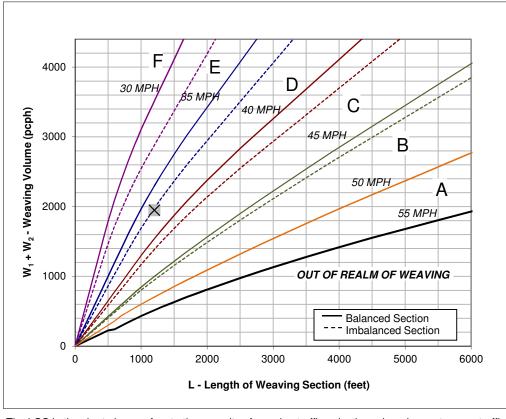
D

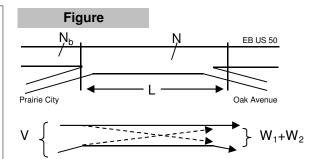
The LOS in the chart above refers to the capacity of weaving traffic only; through and ramp to ramp traffic is not included.

\* Note: Do not adjust by a Peak Hour Factor (PHF). The methodology incorporates the PHF in the Service Volume tables.

# Data InputNumber of Entering Mainline LanesNb3Number of Lanes in Weaving SectionN4Length of Weaving Section (feet)L1,200

Total Weaving Sec	ction (V)	<u>On-ramp to Mainli</u>	<u>ne (W₁)</u>	Mainline to Off-ran	np (W <sub>2</sub> )
Volume (vph)*	6,420	Volume (vph)*	620	Volume (vph)*	1,310
Truck Percentage	6%	Truck Percentage	2%	Truck Percentage	2%
PCE for Trucks	1.5	PCE for Trucks	1.5	PCE for Trucks	1.5
Volume (pcph)	6,613	Volume (pcph)	626	Volume (pcph)	1,323
(53611)	0,010	(Popil)	020	(Þóþii)	1,020





**Project Information** 

Project

Scenario

Freeway

On-ramp

Off-ramp

Russell Ranch

Cumulative Plus Project - PM

**EB US 50** 

**Prairie City** 

Oak Avenue

# **Capacity Analysis**

- 1. Is the weaving section balanced (Y / N)? [If optional exit lane, then "Y". Otherwise "N".]
- 2. In the Weaving Speed Chart to the left, which two speed curves is the black "x" between?

40 MPH and	45 MPH
------------	--------

If below the 55 MPH curve, out of the realm of weaving. If left of the 30 MPH curve, LOS is F.

- 3. Interpolated Weaving Speed (S<sub>w</sub>, mph)
- Speed (S<sub>w</sub>, mph) 36.2 or (k) 2.83
- 4. Weaving Intensity Factor (k)5. Service Volume (SV, pcph)

6. Level of Service (LOS)

- $SV = (1/N)^*[V + (k 1)^*min(W_1, W_2)]$
- 1,939 F

The LOS in the chart above refers to the capacity of weaving traffic only; through and ramp to ramp traffic is not included.

<sup>\*</sup> Note: Do not adjust by a Peak Hour Factor (PHF). The methodology incorporates the PHF in the Service Volume tables.

#### **Data Input**

Number of Entering Mainline Lanes  $N_{b}$ 5 Number of Lanes in Weaving Section Ν 3,500 Length of Weaving Section (feet)

₿5 MF

2000

40 MPH

45 MPH

<b>Project In</b>	formation
Project	Ri

Russell Ranch Project Cumulative Plus Project - AM Scenario **EB US 50** Freeway Scott Rd On-ramp **Empire Ranch Rd** Off-ramp

Volume (vph)*	
Truck Percentage	
PCE for Trucks	
Volume (pcph)	

4000

3000

2000

1000

W<sub>1</sub> + W<sub>2</sub> - Weaving Volume (pcph)

30 MPH

1000

Total Weaving Section (V)		On-ramp to Mainline (W <sub>1</sub> )	
olume (vph)*	3,920	Volume (vph)*	470
uck Percentage	6%	Truck Percentage	2%
CE for Trucks	4.0	PCE for Trucks	1.5
olume (pcph)	4,626	Volume (pcph)	475
		<del>-</del>	

470	Volume (vph)*
2%	Truck Percentage
1.5	PCE for Trucks
475	Volume (pcph)

В

55 MPH

50 MPH

**OUT OF REALM OF WEAVING** 

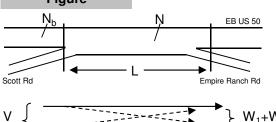
**Balanced Section** 

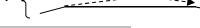
Imbalanced Section

Mainline to Off-ramp (W<sub>2</sub>)



710 2% 1.5 717





# **Capacity Analysis**

1. Is the weaving section balanced (Y / N)? [If optional exit lane, then "Y". Otherwise "N".]



2. In the Weaving Speed Chart to the left, which two speed curves is the black "x" between?

> **MPH** MPH and

If below the 55 MPH curve, out of the realm of weaving. If left of the 30 MPH curve, LOS is F.

3. Interpolated Weaving Speed (S<sub>w</sub>, mph)

#N/A

4. Weaving Intensity Factor (k)

#N/A

5. Service Volume (SV, pcph)

#N/A #N/A

3000 4000 5000 6000  $SV = (1/N)^*[V + (k - 1)^*min(W_1, W_2)]$ L - Length of Weaving Section (feet)

6. Level of Service (LOS)

The LOS in the chart above refers to the capacity of weaving traffic only; through and ramp to ramp traffic is not included.

\* Note: Do not adjust by a Peak Hour Factor (PHF). The methodology incorporates the PHF in the Service Volume tables. Sources: Completion of Procedures for Analysis and Design of Traffic Weaving Sections, Jack E. Leisch & Associates, September 1983 and

#### **Data Input**

Number of Entering Mainline Lanes  $N_{b}$ Ν 5 Number of Lanes in Weaving Section Length of Weaving Section (feet) 3,500

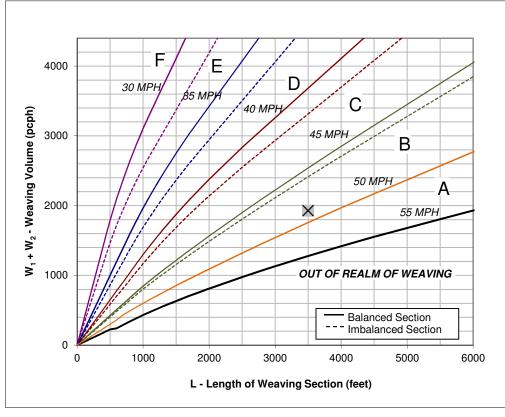
Frojectiii	IOIIIIalioii
Project	Russell Ranch
Scenario	Cumulative Plus Project - PM
Freeway	EB US 50
On-ramp	Scott Rd
Off-ramp	Empire Ranch Rd

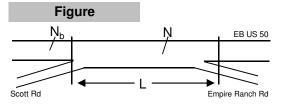
Volume (vph)*	
Truck Percentage	
PCE for Trucks	
Volume (pcph)	
(  - /	<u>_</u>

Total Weaving Section (V)		On-ramp to Mainline (W <sub>1</sub> )	
lume (vph)*	5,870	Volume (vph)*	880
uck Percentage	6%	Truck Percentage	2%
CE for Trucks	4.0	PCE for Trucks	1.5
lume (pcph)	6,927	Volume (pcph)	889
		-	

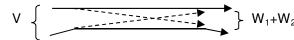
880	Volume (vph)*
2%	Truck Percentage
1.5	PCE for Trucks
889	Volume (pcph)
· ·	

Mainline to Off-ran	np (W <sub>2</sub> )	(
lume (vph)*	1,030	
ıck Percentage	2%	
E for Trucks	1.5	
lume (pcph)	1,040	
		-





Project Information



# **Capacity Analysis**

- 1. Is the weaving section balanced (Y / N)? [If optional exit lane, then "Y". Otherwise "N".]
- 2. In the Weaving Speed Chart to the left, which two speed curves is the black "x" between?

<b>45 MPH</b> and <b>50 M</b>	15 MPH	•	
-------------------------------	--------	---	--

If below the 55 MPH curve, out of the realm of weaving. If left of the 30 MPH curve, LOS is F.

- 3. Interpolated Weaving Speed (S<sub>w</sub>, mph)
- 48.9 1.37
- 4. Weaving Intensity Factor (k) 5. Service Volume (SV, pcph)

6. Level of Service (LOS)

- $SV = (1/N)^*[V + (k 1)^*min(W_1, W_2)]$ 
  - 1,451 D

The LOS in the chart above refers to the capacity of weaving traffic only; through and ramp to ramp traffic is not included.

<sup>\*</sup> Note: Do not adjust by a Peak Hour Factor (PHF). The methodology incorporates the PHF in the Service Volume tables.

#### **Data Input**

Number of Entering Mainline Lanes  $N_{b}$ 4 Number of Lanes in Weaving Section Ν Length of Weaving Section (feet) 5,000

Project information			
Project	Russell Ranch		
Scenario	Cumulative Plus Project - AM		
Freeway	WB US 50		
On-ramp	E. Bidwell		
Off-ramp	Oak Ave		

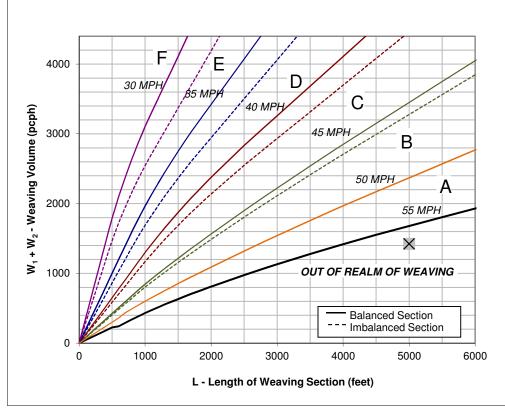
Volume (vph)*	
Truck Percentage	
PCE for Trucks	
Volume (pcph)	

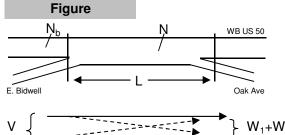
Total Weaving Section (V)		On-ramp to Mainline (W <sub>1</sub> )	
olume (vph)*	4,690	Volume (vph)*	780
uck Percentage	6%	Truck Percentage	2%
CE for Trucks	1.5	PCE for Trucks	1.5
olume (pcph)	4,831	Volume (pcph)	788
		_	

	•
780	Volume (vph)*
2%	Truck Percentage
1.5	PCE for Trucks
788	Volume (pcph)

630	
2%	
1.5	
636	

Mainline to Off-ramp (W<sub>2</sub>)





Project Information

#### **Capacity Analysis**

- 1. Is the weaving section balanced (Y / N)? [If optional exit lane, then "Y". Otherwise "N".]
- 2. In the Weaving Speed Chart to the left, which two speed curves is the black "x" between?

**MPH MPH** and

If below the 55 MPH curve, out of the realm of weaving. If left of the 30 MPH curve, LOS is F.

3. Interpolated Weaving Speed (S<sub>w</sub>, mph)

54.2 1.00

4. Weaving Intensity Factor (k)

Ν

5. Service Volume (SV, pcph)  $SV = (1/N)^*[V + (k - 1)^*min(W_1, W_2)]$ 

1,208

6. Level of Service (LOS)

The LOS in the chart above refers to the capacity of weaving traffic only; through and ramp to ramp traffic is not included.

\* Note: Do not adjust by a Peak Hour Factor (PHF). The methodology incorporates the PHF in the Service Volume tables.

#### **Data Input**

Number of Entering Mainline Lanes  $N_{b}$ 4 Number of Lanes in Weaving Section Ν Length of Weaving Section (feet) 5,000

<b>Project</b>	Information

Project	Russell Ranch
Scenario	Cumulative Plus Project - PM
Freeway	WB US 50
On-ramp	E. Bidwell
Off-ramp	Oak Ave

Volume (vph)*
Truck Percentage
PCE for Trucks
Volume (pcph)

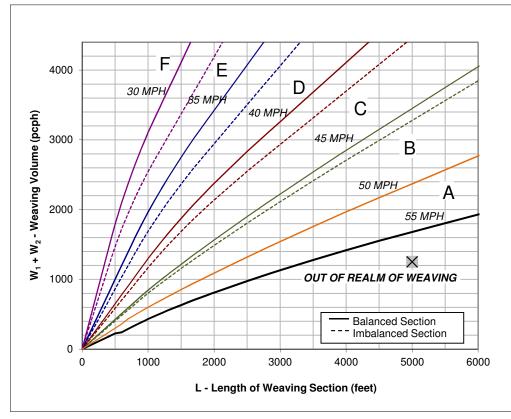
Total Weaving Section (V)		On-ramp to Mainline (W <sub>1</sub> )		
olume (vph)*	4,290	Volume (vph)*	770	
uck Percentage	6%	Truck Percentage	2%	
CE for Trucks	1.5	PCE for Trucks	1.5	
olume (pcph)	4,419	Volume (pcph)	778	
		_		

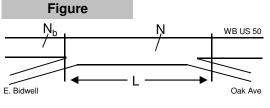
770	Volume (vph)*
2%	Truck Percentage
1.5	PCE for Trucks
778	Volume (pcph)

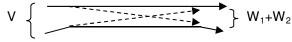
Mainline to Off-ramp (W2)



470 2% 1.5







# **Capacity Analysis**

- 1. Is the weaving section balanced (Y / N)? [If optional exit lane, then "Y". Otherwise "N".]
- 2. In the Weaving Speed Chart to the left, which two speed curves is the black "x" between?

**MPH MPH** and If below the 55 MPH curve, out of the realm of weaving.

If left of the 30 MPH curve, LOS is F. 3. Interpolated Weaving Speed (S<sub>w</sub>, mph)

53.7

4. Weaving Intensity Factor (k)

1.00

5. Service Volume (SV, pcph)

6. Level of Service (LOS)

 $SV = (1/N)^*[V + (k - 1)^*min(W_1, W_2)]$ 

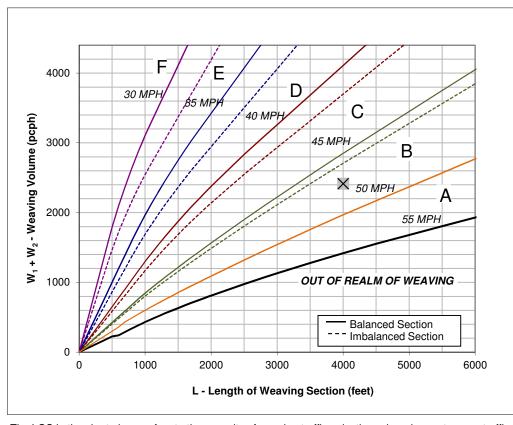
1,105

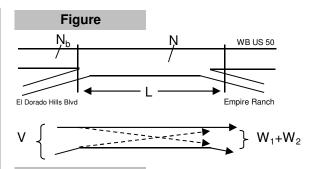
The LOS in the chart above refers to the capacity of weaving traffic only; through and ramp to ramp traffic is not included.

<sup>\*</sup> Note: Do not adjust by a Peak Hour Factor (PHF). The methodology incorporates the PHF in the Service Volume tables.

#### **Data Input** Number of Entering Mainline Lanes $N_{b}$ 5 Number of Lanes in Weaving Section Ν Length of Weaving Section (feet) 4,000

Total Weaving Section (V) On-ramp to Mainlin		<u>ne (W₁)</u>	Mainline to Off-ran	np (W <sub>2</sub> )	
Volume (vph)*	5,440	Volume (vph)*	930	Volume (vph)*	1,460
Truck Percentage	6%	Truck Percentage	2%	Truck Percentage	2%
PCE for Trucks	1.5	PCE for Trucks	1.5	PCE for Trucks	1.5
Volume (pcph)	5,603	Volume (pcph)	939	Volume (pcph)	1,475
				=	





**Project Information** 

Project

Scenario

Freeway

On-ramp

Off-ramp

Russell Ranch

Cumulative Plus Project - AM

**WB US 50** 

El Dorado Hills Blvd Empire

Ranch

# **Capacity Analysis**

- 1. Is the weaving section balanced (Y / N)? [If optional exit lane, then "Y". Otherwise "N".]
- 2. In the Weaving Speed Chart to the left, which two speed curves is the black "x" between?

45 MPH and	50 MPH
------------	--------

If below the 55 MPH curve, out of the realm of weaving. If left of the 30 MPH curve, LOS is F.

- 3. Interpolated Weaving Speed (S<sub>w</sub>, mph)
- 47.5 1.60
- 4. Weaving Intensity Factor (k) 5. Service Volume (SV, pcph)
  - $SV = (1/N)^*[V + (k 1)^*min(W_1, W_2)]$
- 1,233 6. Level of Service (LOS)

10/24/2014

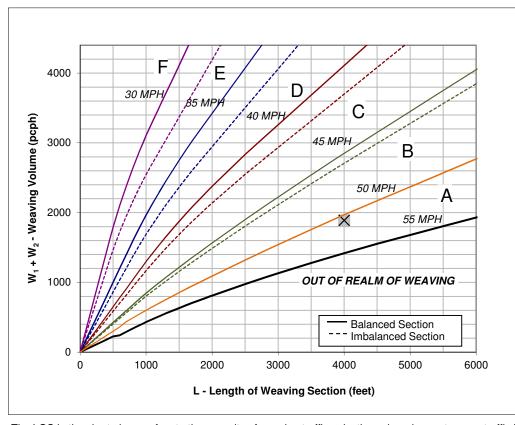
The LOS in the chart above refers to the capacity of weaving traffic only; through and ramp to ramp traffic is not included.

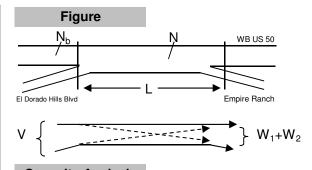
<sup>\*</sup> Note: Do not adjust by a Peak Hour Factor (PHF). The methodology incorporates the PHF in the Service Volume tables.

4,000

#### **Data Input** Number of Entering Mainline Lanes $N_{b}$ 5 Number of Lanes in Weaving Section Ν Length of Weaving Section (feet)

Total Weaving Sec	tion (V)	On-ramp to Mainli	ne (W₁)	Mainline to Off-ran	np (W <sub>2</sub> )
Volume (vph)*	4,170	Volume (vph)*	1,140	Volume (vph)*	730
Truck Percentage	6%	Truck Percentage	2%	Truck Percentage	2%
PCE for Trucks	1.5	PCE for Trucks	1.5	PCE for Trucks	1.5
Volume (pcph)	4,295	Volume (pcph)	1,151	Volume (pcph)	737





**Project Information** 

Project

Scenario

Freeway

On-ramp

Off-ramp

Russell Ranch

Cumulative Plus Project - PM

**WB US 50** 

El Dorado Hills Blvd Empire

Ranch

# **Capacity Analysis**

- 1. Is the weaving section balanced (Y / N)? [If optional exit lane, then "Y". Otherwise "N".]
- 2. In the Weaving Speed Chart to the left, which two speed curves is the black "x" between?

SU WIFT and SS WIFT		50 MPH	and	55 MPH
---------------------	--	--------	-----	--------

If below the 55 MPH curve, out of the realm of weaving. If left of the 30 MPH curve, LOS is F.

3. Interpolated Weaving Speed (S<sub>w</sub>, mph)

50.7

4. Weaving Intensity Factor (k)

1.00

5. Service Volume (SV, pcph)

6. Level of Service (LOS)

 $SV = (1/N)^*[V + (k - 1)^*min(W_1, W_2)]$ 

859 В

10/24/2014

The LOS in the chart above refers to the capacity of weaving traffic only; through and ramp to ramp traffic is not included.

<sup>\*</sup> Note: Do not adjust by a Peak Hour Factor (PHF). The methodology incorporates the PHF in the Service Volume tables.

# **Data Input**

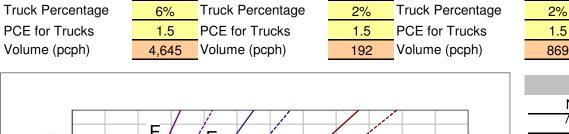
Number of Entering Mainline Lanes  $N_{b}$ Ν 5 Number of Lanes in Weaving Section Length of Weaving Section (feet) 3,500

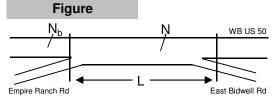
Project information					
Project	Russell Ranch				
Scenario	Cumulative Plus Project - AM				
Freeway	WB US 50				

**Empire Ranch Rd East** 

Bidwell Rd

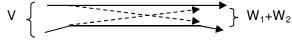
Total Weaving Sec	ction (V)	On-ramp to Mainli	ne (W₁)	Mainline to Off-ran	np (W <sub>2</sub> )
Volume (vph)*	4,510	Volume (vph)*	190	Volume (vph)*	860
Truck Percentage	6%	Truck Percentage	2%	Truck Percentage	2%
PCE for Trucks	1.5	PCE for Trucks	1.5	PCE for Trucks	1.5





On-ramp

Off-ramp



# **Capacity Analysis**

- 1. Is the weaving section balanced (Y / N)? [If optional exit lane, then "Y". Otherwise "N".]
- 2. In the Weaving Speed Chart to the left, which two speed curves is the black "x" between?

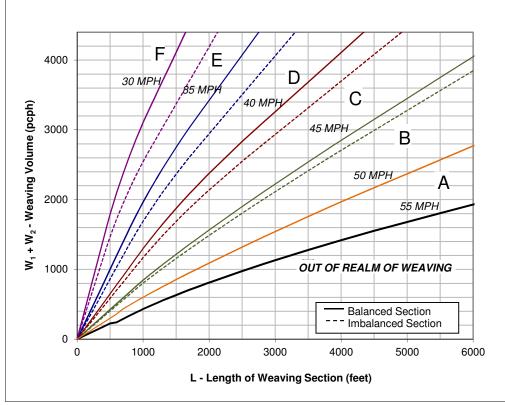
	43 METT	anu	JU IVITTI	
below th	e 55 MPH cur	ve. out of the	realm of wea	vino

If left of the 30 MPH curve, LOS is F.

- 3. Interpolated Weaving Speed (S<sub>w</sub>, mph)
- 4. Weaving Intensity Factor (k) 1.00
- 5. Service Volume (SV, pcph)

45 MDH

- $SV = (1/N)^*[V + (k 1)^*min(W_1, W_2)]$
- 929 В 6. Level of Service (LOS)



The LOS in the chart above refers to the capacity of weaving traffic only; through and ramp to ramp traffic is not included.

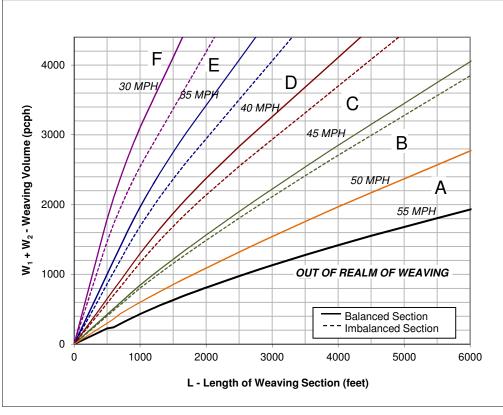
Sources: Completion of Procedures for Analysis and Design of Traffic Weaving Sections, Jack E. Leisch & Associates, September 1983 and Highway Design Manual, California Department of Transportation, July 24, 2009

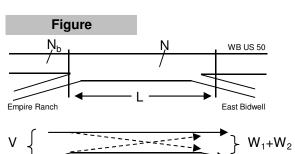
54.5

<sup>\*</sup> Note: Do not adjust by a Peak Hour Factor (PHF). The methodology incorporates the PHF in the Service Volume tables.

# Data InputNumber of Entering Mainline LanesNb4Number of Lanes in Weaving SectionN5Length of Weaving Section (feet)L3,500

Total Weaving Sec	tion (V)	on (V) On-ramp to Mainlir		Mainline to Off-ram	np (W <sub>2</sub> )
Volume (vph)*	4,030	Volume (vph)*	100	Volume (vph)*	910
Truck Percentage	6%	Truck Percentage	2%	Truck Percentage	2%
PCE for Trucks	1.5	PCE for Trucks	1.5	PCE for Trucks	1.5
Volume (pcph)	4,151	Volume (pcph)	101	Volume (pcph)	919





**Project Information** 

Project

Scenario

Freeway

On-ramp

Off-ramp

Russell Ranch

Cumulative Plus Project - PM

**WB US 50** 

**Empire Ranch** 

East Bidwell

# **Capacity Analysis**

- 1. Is the weaving section balanced (Y / N)?

  [If optional exit lane, then "Y". Otherwise "N".]
- 2. In the Weaving Speed Chart to the left, which two speed curves is the black "x" between?

45 MPH and 50 MPH

If below the 55 MPH curve, out of the realm of weaving. If left of the 30 MPH curve, LOS is F.

3. Interpolated Weaving Speed (S<sub>w</sub>, mph)

54.7

4. Weaving Intensity Factor (k)

1.00

5. Service Volume (SV, pcph)

6. Level of Service (LOS)

 $SV = (1/N)^*[V + (k - 1)^*min(W_1, W_2)]$ 

830 A

The LOS in the chart above refers to the capacity of weaving traffic only; through and ramp to ramp traffic is not included.

<sup>\*</sup> Note: Do not adjust by a Peak Hour Factor (PHF). The methodology incorporates the PHF in the Service Volume tables.

#### **Data Input**

Number of Entering Mainline Lanes  $N_{b}$ Ν 4 Number of Lanes in Weaving Section Length of Weaving Section (feet) 2,000

Project Information					
Project	R	ussell Ranch			
Scenario	Cumulati	ve Plus Proje			
Freeway		WB US 50			

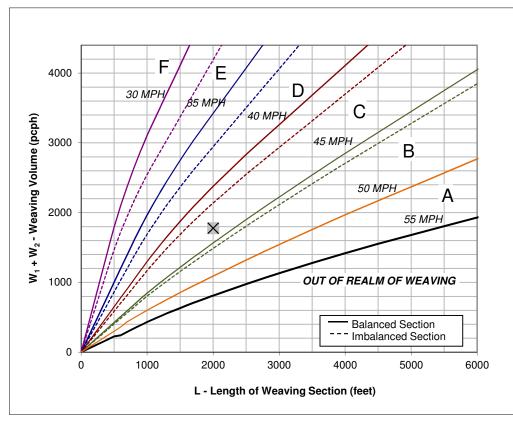
i iojeci	i lussell i lancii
Scenario	Cumulative Plus Project - AM
Freeway	WB US 50
On-ramp	Oak Ave
Off-ramp	Prairie City

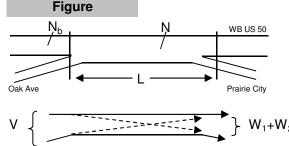
Total Weaving Section (V)		On-ramp to Mainline (W <sub>1</sub> )		
lume (vph)*	5,490	Volume (vph)*	1,100	
uck Percentage	6%	Truck Percentage	2%	
CE for Trucks	1.5	PCE for Trucks	1.5	
lume (pcph)	5,655	Volume (pcph)	1,111	
		<del>_</del>		

1,100	Volume (vph)*
2%	Truck Percentage
1.5	PCE for Trucks
1,111	Volume (pcph)

660

Mainline to Off-ramp (W<sub>2</sub>)





# **Capacity Analysis**

- 1. Is the weaving section balanced (Y / N)? [If optional exit lane, then "Y". Otherwise "N".]
- 2. In the Weaving Speed Chart to the left,

and

which two speed curves is the black "x" between?

45 MPH 40 MPH If below the 55 MPH curve, out of the realm of weaving. If left of the 30 MPH curve, LOS is F.

3. Interpolated Weaving Speed (S<sub>w</sub>, mph)

43.7

4. Weaving Intensity Factor (k)

2.14

5. Service Volume (SV, pcph)  $SV = (1/N)^*[V + (k - 1)^*min(W_1, W_2)]$ 

6. Level of Service (LOS)

1,603 Ε

The LOS in the chart above refers to the capacity of weaving traffic only; through and ramp to ramp traffic is not included.

\* Note: Do not adjust by a Peak Hour Factor (PHF). The methodology incorporates the PHF in the Service Volume tables.

#### **Data Input**

Number of Entering Mainline Lanes  $N_{b}$ 3 4 Number of Lanes in Weaving Section Ν Length of Weaving Section (feet) 2,000

i roject iii	ioimation		
Project	Russell Ranch		
Scenario	Cumulative Plus Project - PM		
Freeway	WB US 50		
On-ramp	Oak Ave		
Off-ramp	Prairie City		

Volume (vph)*
Truck Percentage
PCE for Trucks
Volume (pcph)

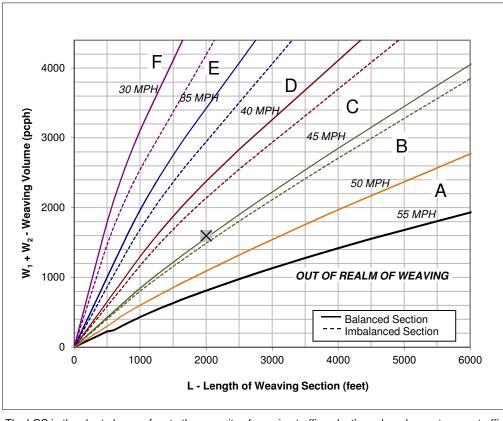
Total Weaving Section (V)		On-ramp to Mainline (W <sub>1</sub> )		
olume (vph)*	5,120	Volume (vph)*	1,030	
uck Percentage	6%	Truck Percentage	2%	
CE for Trucks	1.5	PCE for Trucks	1.5	
olume (pcph)	5,274	Volume (pcph)	1,040	
	,	='		

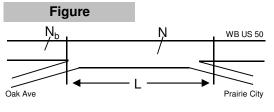
1,030	Volume (vph)*
2%	Truck Percentage
1.5	PCE for Trucks
1,040	Volume (pcph)

Mainline to Off-ramp (W2)

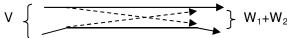
550

2% 1.5 556





Project Information



# **Capacity Analysis**

- 1. Is the weaving section balanced (Y / N)? [If optional exit lane, then "Y". Otherwise "N".]
- 2. In the Weaving Speed Chart to the left, which two speed curves is the black "x" between?

TO WILL AND TO WILLI	40 MPH	and	45 MPH
----------------------	--------	-----	--------

If below the 55 MPH curve, out of the realm of weaving. If left of the 30 MPH curve, LOS is F.

3. Interpolated Weaving Speed (S<sub>w</sub>, mph)

44.2

4. Weaving Intensity Factor (k)

2.07

Ν

5. Service Volume (SV, pcph)  $SV = (1/N)^*[V + (k - 1)^*min(W_1, W_2)]$ 

1,467

6. Level of Service (LOS)

D

The LOS in the chart above refers to the capacity of weaving traffic only; through and ramp to ramp traffic is not included.

\* Note: Do not adjust by a Peak Hour Factor (PHF). The methodology incorporates the PHF in the Service Volume tables.

#### **Data Input**

Number of Entering Mainline Lanes  $N_{b}$ Ν 4 Number of Lanes in Weaving Section Length of Weaving Section (feet) 10,500

Project In	formation
Project	Russell Ranch
Scenario	Cumulative Plus Project - AM
Freeway	WB US 50

**Prairie City** 

Folsom Ave

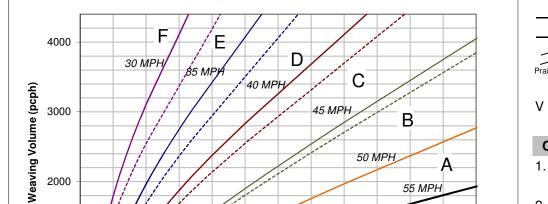
Total Weaving Sec	ction (V)	On-ramp to Mainline (W		ainline (W <sub>1</sub> ) Mainline to Off-ramp	
Volume (vph)*	5,300	Volume (vph)*	300	Volume (vph)*	375

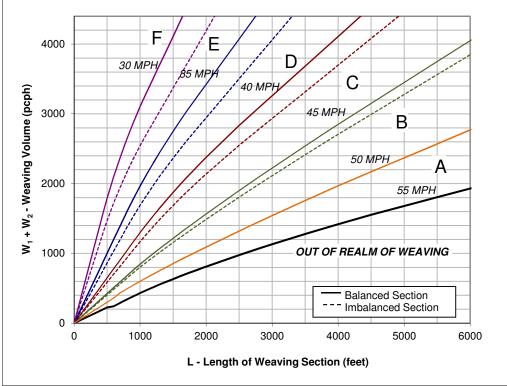
Truck Percentage PCE for Trucks Volume (pcph)

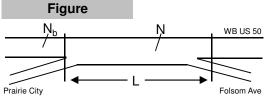
5,300	Volume (vph)*
6%	Truck Percentage
1.5	PCE for Trucks
5,459	Volume (pcph)
	•

300	Volume (vph)*
2%	Truck Percentage
1.5	PCE for Trucks
303	Volume (pcph)

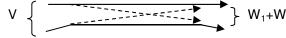
an	np (W <sub>2</sub> )	Off-ramp
	375	
	2%	
	1.5	
	379	







On-ramp



# **Capacity Analysis**

- 1. Is the weaving section balanced (Y / N)? [If optional exit lane, then "Y". Otherwise "N".]
- 2. In the Weaving Speed Chart to the left, which two speed curves is the black "x" between?

**MPH MPH** and

If below the 55 MPH curve, out of the realm of weaving. If left of the 30 MPH curve, LOS is F.

3. Interpolated Weaving Speed (S<sub>w</sub>, mph)

51.1

4. Weaving Intensity Factor (k)

1.00

Ν

5. Service Volume (SV, pcph)  $SV = (1/N)^*[V + (k - 1)^*min(W_1, W_2)]$ 

1,365 D

6. Level of Service (LOS)

The LOS in the chart above refers to the capacity of weaving traffic only; through and ramp to ramp traffic is not included.

<sup>\*</sup> Note: Do not adjust by a Peak Hour Factor (PHF). The methodology incorporates the PHF in the Service Volume tables.

#### **Data Input**

Number of Entering Mainline Lanes  $N_{b}$ 3 Ν 4 Number of Lanes in Weaving Section Length of Weaving Section (feet) 10,500

Project iii	iorination
Project	Russell Ranch
Scenario	Cumulative Plus Project - PM
Freeway	WB US 50
On-ramp	Prairie City
Off-ramp	Folsom Ave

Volume (vph)*	
Truck Percentage	
PCE for Trucks	
Volume (pcph)	

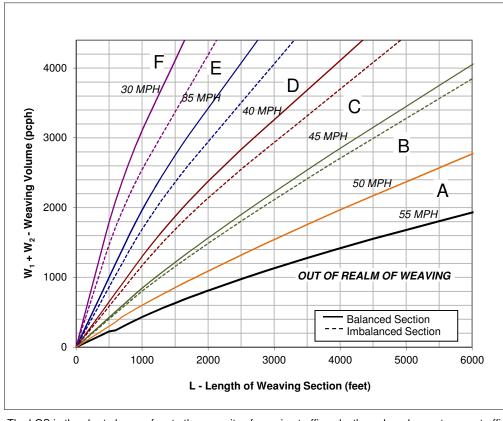
Total Weaving Section (V)		On-ramp to Mainline (W <sub>1</sub> )	
lume (vph)*	5,080	Volume (vph)*	470
uck Percentage	6%	Truck Percentage	2%
CE for Trucks	1.5	PCE for Trucks	1.5
lume (pcph)	5,232	Volume (pcph)	475
	-	=	

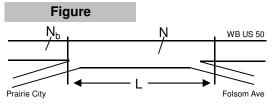
·
Volume (vph)*
Truck Percentage
PCE for Trucks
Volume (pcph)

Mainline to Off-ramp (W<sub>2</sub>)

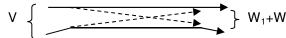
264

2% 1.5 267





Project Information



# **Capacity Analysis**

- 1. Is the weaving section balanced (Y / N)? [If optional exit lane, then "Y". Otherwise "N".]
- 2. In the Weaving Speed Chart to the left, which two speed curves is the black "x" between?

**MPH MPH** and If below the 55 MPH curve, out of the realm of weaving.

If left of the 30 MPH curve, LOS is F. 3. Interpolated Weaving Speed (S<sub>w</sub>, mph)

- 4. Weaving Intensity Factor (k)
- 5. Service Volume (SV, pcph)  $SV = (1/N)^*[V + (k - 1)^*min(W_1, W_2)]$
- 6. Level of Service (LOS)

51.2

Ν

1.00

1,308

The LOS in the chart above refers to the capacity of weaving traffic only; through and ramp to ramp traffic is not included.

<sup>\*</sup> Note: Do not adjust by a Peak Hour Factor (PHF). The methodology incorporates the PHF in the Service Volume tables.

#### **Data Input**

Number of Entering Mainline Lanes  $N_{b}$ Ν 5 Number of Lanes in Weaving Section Length of Weaving Section (feet) 3,500

Frojectiii	iorination	
Project	Russell Ranch	
Scenario	Cumulative Plus Project - AM	
Freeway	WB US 50	
On-ramp	Silva Valley	
Off-ramp	El Dorado Hills Blvd	

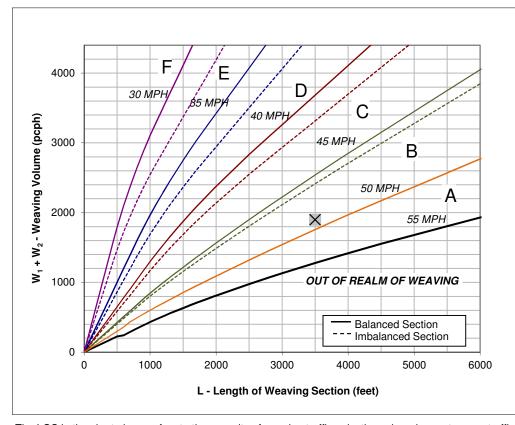
Volume (vph)*
Truck Percentage
PCE for Trucks
Volume (pcph)

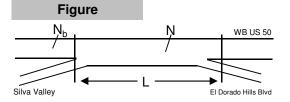
Total Weaving Section (V)		On-ramp to Mainline $(W_1)$	
lume (vph)*	5,460	Volume (vph)*	930
uck Percentage	6%	Truck Percentage	2%
CE for Trucks	1.5	PCE for Trucks	1.5
lume (pcph)	5,624	Volume (pcph)	939
		<del>_</del>	

Volume (vph)*
Truck Percentage
PCE for Trucks
Volume (pcph)

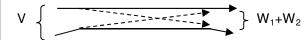
950
2%
1.5
960

Mainline to Off-ramp (W<sub>2</sub>)





Project Information



# **Capacity Analysis**

- 1. Is the weaving section balanced (Y / N)? [If optional exit lane, then "Y". Otherwise "N".]
- 2. In the Weaving Speed Chart to the left, which two speed curves is the black "x" between?

**50 MPH** 45 MPH and

If below the 55 MPH curve, out of the realm of weaving. If left of the 30 MPH curve, LOS is F.

3. Interpolated Weaving Speed (S<sub>w</sub>, mph)

49.1

4. Weaving Intensity Factor (k)

1.34

5. Service Volume (SV, pcph)  $SV = (1/N)^*[V + (k - 1)^*min(W_1, W_2)]$ 

1,188

6. Level of Service (LOS)

В

The LOS in the chart above refers to the capacity of weaving traffic only; through and ramp to ramp traffic is not included.

\* Note: Do not adjust by a Peak Hour Factor (PHF). The methodology incorporates the PHF in the Service Volume tables.

# **Data Input** Number of Entering Mainline Lanes

30 MPH

1000

Number of Lanes in Weaving Section Length of Weaving Section (feet)

 $N_{b}$ 5 Ν 3,500

# **Project Information**

Project	Russell Ranch
Scenario	Cumulative Plus Project - PM
Freeway	WB US 50
On-ramp	Silva Valley
Off-ramp	El Dorado Hills Blvd

Total Weaving Section (V)	On-ramp to Mainline (W <sub>1</sub> )

₿5 MP

2000

40 MPH

190

45 MPH

В

55 MPH

50 MPH

**OUT OF REALM OF WEAVING** 

**Balanced Section** 

Imbalanced Section

5000

6000

2% 1.5 394

Mainline to Off-ramp (W<sub>2</sub>)

Volume (vph)\* Truck Percentage PCE for Trucks Volume (pcph)

4000

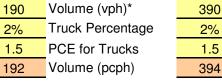
3000

2000

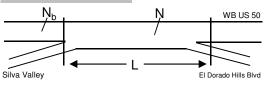
1000

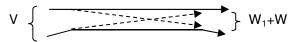
W<sub>1</sub> + W<sub>2</sub> - Weaving Volume (pcph)

3,420	Volume (vpn) <sup>*</sup>
6%	Truck Percentage
1.5	PCE for Trucks
3,523	Volume (pcph)
	•









# **Capacity Analysis**

- 1. Is the weaving section balanced (Y / N)? [If optional exit lane, then "Y". Otherwise "N".]
- 2. In the Weaving Speed Chart to the left, which two speed curves is the black "x" between?

**50 MPH** 45 MPH and

If below the 55 MPH curve, out of the realm of weaving. If left of the 30 MPH curve, LOS is F.

3. Interpolated Weaving Speed (S<sub>w</sub>, mph)

57.5

4. Weaving Intensity Factor (k)

1.00

5. Service Volume (SV, pcph)  $SV = (1/N)^*[V + (k - 1)^*min(W_1, W_2)]$ 

6. Level of Service (LOS)

705 Α

The LOS in the chart above refers to the capacity of weaving traffic only; through and ramp to ramp traffic is not included.

3000

L - Length of Weaving Section (feet)

\* Note: Do not adjust by a Peak Hour Factor (PHF). The methodology incorporates the PHF in the Service Volume tables.

Sources: Completion of Procedures for Analysis and Design of Traffic Weaving Sections, Jack E. Leisch & Associates, September 1983 and Highway Design Manual, California Department of Transportation, July 24, 2009

4000



# **MEMORANDUM**

Date: December 1<sup>st</sup>, 2014

To: Mark Rackovan, City of Folsom Public Works

From: David Carter, Fehr & Peers

**Subject:** Russell Ranch Super Cumulative Comparison

RS14-3229

This memorandum documents a comparison between projected cumulative year (2035) and "super cumulative" (beyond 2035) traffic volumes on key Sacramento County Roadway segments in the vicinity of the Folsom Plan Area. This comparison relies upon model data from the following two versions of the Sacramento regional travel demand models developed and maintained by Sacramento Area Council of Governments (SACOG):

- SACMET MTP/SCS version modified to include full build-out of the Folsom Plan Area (model used to develop cumulative year traffic forecasts for the Russell Ranch DEIR; please refer to this document for additional information on this model).
- SACSIM MTP/SCS version modified to produce super cumulative forecasts in the joint transportation studies conducted for the four pending master plans in unincorporated Sacramento County (developed by DKS Associates).

The model used to develop the super cumulative scenario for the pending County master plans includes substantially higher levels of land development than included in the year 2035 MTP/SCS projections developed by SACOG, and therefore represents a post-2035 condition. Specifically, the super cumulative version of the model was modified to include full build-out of the below major development projects (e.g., as opposed to a level of development consistent with less than full build-out, as included in the MTP/SCS model):

#### **Unincorporated Sacramento County**

West Jackson Highway Master Plan



- Jackson Township Specific Plan
- NewBridge Specific Plan
- Mather South Specific Plan Amendment
- Vineyard Springs Comprehensive Plan
- North Vineyard Station Specific Plan
- Florin Vineyard Gap Community Plan
- Mather Airport Specific Plan
- Cordova Hills
- Easton
- Glenborough
- East County Quarries

#### City of Rancho Cordova

- Arboretum
- Suncreek
- Sunridge Ranch
- Rio del Oro
- Westborough

#### City of Folsom

• Folsom South of 50 Specific Plan

#### City of Sacramento

• Aspen 1

#### RESULTS OF DAILY ROADWAY SEGMENT VOLUME COMPARISON

**Table 1** provides a comparison of daily traffic volumes produced using the Russell Ranch cumulative year (2035) model to the super cumulative volumes. As expected, the super cumulative version of the model that contains substantially higher levels of land uses in Sacramento County results in generally higher roadway segment traffic forecasts. The super cumulative scenario results in daily traffic volumes that are approximately 40% higher than the Cumulative Plus Project scenario based upon the MTP/SCS. Of the six roadway segments evaluated, five out of the six have higher daily volumes in the super cumulative version of the model. The differences between the two models are generally greater to the west of the



Russell Ranch study area (closer to the projects in the unincorporated County) and lower to the east.

TABLE 1: ROADWAY SEGMENT VOLUME COMPARISON					
Roadway Segment	Average Daily Traffic Volume				
	Cumulative No Project	Cumulative Plus Project	Super Cumulative		
Grant Line Road – South of White Rock Road	31,300	31,100	43,600		
Prairie City Road – North of White Rock Road	16,200	16,300	24,100		
Scott Road – South of White Rock Road	3,600	3,600	4,400		
White Rock Road – West of Grant Line Road	7,300	7,300	18,100		
White Rock Road – West of Prairie City Road	38,400	38,200	58,900		
White Rock Road – West of Empire Ranch Road	22,500	23,600	19,900		

Source: Fehr & Peers, 2014

# MTP/SCS 2035 Update

# Land Use Forecast Background Documentation

# Appendix E-3 Land Use Forecast Background Documentation

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#### SACOG 2008 Base Year Update Technical Methodology Summary

SACOG created a year 2008 spatial dataset of estimated land use, employment, and housing conditions for use in the MTP/SCS. The SACOG 2008 existing conditions data is intended to be a "small-area estimate" of land use, housing and employment. One reason SACOG uses a computed estimate of land use, rather than using a parcel-level inventory of actual uses, is because parcel-level inventories of dwelling units and jobs are not available for most of the region. Additionally, the purpose of the 2008 small-area estimates dataset is for creating projections and future land use scenarios and because projections are not set at the parcel-level, this methodology allows for an "apples to apples" comparison between the base year and future year estimates.

The 2008 existing conditions small area dataset consists of three components: 1) an existing housing unit estimate, 2) an existing employment estimate, and 3) existing land use. This memo describes the process SACOG used to create these three pieces of data and how, together, they become an estimate of existing conditions.

#### **Existing Housing Unit Estimate**

SACOG creates a housing unit estimate for existing conditions at the Census block group geography in order get the most accurate estimate of what is on the ground today and where it is located. This is important for creating the future MTP/SCS land use forecast as well as for use in our travel model. SACOG began its small area housing estimate with 2000 Census housing unit data and then added to it parcel level housing permit data collected by SACOG from each jurisdiction from January 1, 2001 through December 31, 2007. Together these two datasets are the first step in developing a Census block group housing estimate current as of January 1, 2008. The housing unit estimates are split into four categories of housing type: single family, multi-family 2-4, multi-family 5+, and mobile homes.

The block group estimates were then aggregated to jurisdiction level and jurisdiction totals compared to the California Department of Finance (DOF) Demographic Research Unit (DRU) E-5 series. Aside from the U.S. Census Bureau's Population Estimates program that tracks housing units by state and county annually, the E-5 Series is the only annually updated data in California that tracks jurisdiction level housing by type. There were some significant differences between the SACOG block group housing unit estimates and the DOF totals, particularly in high growth areas. Much of the discrepancies were likely caused by permit recording errors and in areas where annexations have occurred, as DOF generally takes 1-2 years to reconcile annexations within their dataset. In an effort to reconcile the difference between the SACOG housing estimate and DOF, a number of reviews using GIS data were completed. Using GIS, the block group boundaries were overlaid with aerial photography, parcel-level assessor land use data, and any land use data provided by individual jurisdiction. These data were then reviewed individually by block group literally counting rooftops to adjust our estimate up or down based on what is observed to be on the ground. Because both SACOG and DOF data are estimates, there is still some variation at the jurisdiction level between SACOG's block group based housing estimate and DOF's jurisdictional housing estimate. However, regionally, the SACOG estimate and DOF estimates are within 0.2 percent of each other. County level comparisons of the two data show accuracy between 0.3 percent and 2 percent. With only a few exceptions, jurisdiction level summaries were accurate within 5 percent, and most are even closer than that.

#### **Existing Employment Estimate**

In addition to needing small area estimates of housing units, SACOG also needs to create small areas estimates of existing employment to inform the MTP/SCS land use forecast and the regional travel model. To estimate employment in the region, SACOG purchased 2008 point level employment data from InfoUSA. This data comes with employment sector information based on the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS). Because of the very large number of NAICS employment sectors, SACOG created 24 employment sectors to categorize all the NAICS sectors and effectively generalize the data into a more manageable data set.

While the InfoUSA data is one of the more comprehensive and detailed employment datasets available, it requires some review and edits to be as accurate as possible. This data contains many duplicate records and has some specific sectors of employment for which the data is incomplete or lacking. These areas included primarily state and local government data, schools, and farming/agricultural production facilities. To remove the duplicates, the data were visually reviewed and adjusted accordingly. Supplemental data from a variety of sources, including state and local government data, California Department of Education school site data, and the Sacramento Business Journal Book of Lists, were reviewed and added as necessary. The final data were then aggregated at Census block group to arrive at a total jobs estimate for 2008. Because there are not many agencies that track total employment, across all sectors, there are few other data sources by which we can compare the SACOG employment estimates. The State Employment Development Department, for example, tracks county-level employment estimates only, and excludes public sector employment, and sole proprietors, from its estimates.

#### **Existing Land Use**

To create the 2008 existing land use estimate, SACOG started with its 2005 existing land use dataset and modified it with a number of more recent data sources, including local government inventories (where available), assessor land use data and aerial photography. In combination with the housing permit and employment data sets referenced above, these data sources were used to update SACOG's spatial estimate of existing land uses. SACOG uses about two dozen general land use categories in its land use estimate. In other words, while actual uses on the ground might have hundreds of different specific land uses (e.g., car wash, coffee shop, convenience store or single-family home, duplex, mobile home) SACOG has more general categories (e.g., neighborhood retail or medium density residential). The geography of this data is a "split" parcel file. Parcels were the base geography, but then, depending on parcel size and location, they were split (into halves, quarters, etc.) to facilitate more accurate modeling of future conditions in the development of the MTP/SCS land use forecast.

# Existing Conditions (Housing Unit Estimate + Employment Estimate + Existing Land Use)

Once the parcel level existing land use data were updated to the year 2008, the data are put into I-PLACE3S to estimate housing and employment totals at a parcel level. The foundation for I-PLACE3S is its "place types" or land uses. These user defined place types are set up to include assumptions about the land use (e.g., parking ratios, landscape setbacks, building square footage, etc.). SACOG uses place types created to correspond with the general land uses used in the existing land use inventory, described above. Once defined, each residential place type has a maximum density (dwelling units per acre) and each non-residential place type has a maximum intensity (employees per acre and floor area ratio). Once the 2008 existing land use parcel file is put into I-PLACE3S and place types are assigned, housing and employment estimates will be calculated using these maximum density and intensity factors, unless adjusted by the user. For example, a two acre parcel with a low density land use

(maximum density of 8 units per acre) will result in 16 housing units on that parcel. However, this can be adjusted by the user. Real world development is not as simple as twenty four land uses, all built at maximum allowed densities, so SACOG calibrates these totals to the block group estimates of housing unit and employee totals described above. A few simplified examples are noted below to illustrate this process:

Census Block Group	Total Housing Unit and/or Employment Estimate	Parcel File Land Uses	Outcome Modeled in I-PLACE3S
Block Group A	100 single family housing units	100 parcels with "low density" land uses	100 low density parcels with one unit per parcel
Block Group B	50 single family housing units and 200 multi-family units	50 parcels with "low density" land uses and 2 parcels with "high density" land use	50 low density parcels with one unit per parcel and two high density parcels with 100 units each
Block Group C	2,000 office employees and 500 retail employees	10 parcels with "regional commercial" land uses and 50 parcels with "neighborhood commercial" land uses	10 regional commercial parcels with 41.6 employees each and 50 neighborhood commercial parcels with 41.6 employees each

Once completed, this data is summarized and vetted with each jurisdiction's planning department. Land use maps with jurisdiction wide housing and employment summaries were sent to each agency for review. In some cases, more detailed summaries or GIS files were also shared. Adjustments on both the land uses and the housing and employment estimates were made based on comments received.

The result of this process is estimates of housing units and employment for small areas within the region. In order to use I-PLACE3S, each developed parcel is assigned a place type and a housing and/or employment estimate, but it is not our intention that these data be used at a parcel-level. As noted above, these data are calibrated in I-PLACE3S to match control totals of housing units and jobs by Census block group. This means that on any given parcel, the estimate may not match the exact use at that parcel; however, if a number of parcels are added up to a larger area (e.g. census block group or greater), the estimates should closely match the mix of uses on the ground in 2008. Note that for employment estimates, the discrepancy between the parcel-level estimate and the actual use of the parcel will vary more, in general, than the estimates of dwelling units. This is due to several factors. First, employment at a given parcel varies by season, changes in the economy, factors related to specific industries, and individual factors related to specific employers. For example, the total number of jobs at a multi-tenant office building on a single parcel will most likely change year to year based on natural turnover of tenants and economic and other factors. Housing units, once built, generally remain in place from year to year.

#### **Method for Developing MTP Update Growth Projections**

Draft - June 25, 2010

- 1. **PURPOSE:** This describes the general framework SACOG will use to develop the land use component, or growth pattern, for the next Metropolitan Transportation Plan (MTP). The update to the MTP is expected to be adopted by the SACOG Board no later than December 2011. Every MTP contains a description of the expected growth pattern for the years covered by the plan. This update cycle, the land use issues will be especially influenced by SACOG's new draft growth projections for the region and the requirements of SB 375. This memo may be refined and expanded as the process moves forward. SACOG wants to be as transparent as possible in this process.
- 2. **REGIONAL GROWTH PROJECTIONS:** SACOG typically updates its growth projections on four-year cycles. For the last few cycles, SACOG has contracted with The Center for the Continuing Study of the California Economy (CCSCE) to lead this work. Under the leadership of its Director, Stephen Levy, CCSCE prepares draft projections of future employment (by major employment sector), population and household growth at the six-county regional scale. This draft information is reviewed by the SACOG staff and Board, member cities and counties, and stakeholders, and is ultimately adopted by the SACOG Board. Demographic projections (e.g., household size, age, income) are included and used by SACOG to estimate demand for new housing units.

The four-year update cycle is largely driven by federal Clean Air Act requirements, which require Metropolitan Planning Organizations such as SACOG to update regional transportation plans at least every four years to demonstrate compliance with federal regulations affecting regions not currently in attainment with federal standards for all criteria pollutants (i.e., pollutants regulated by the Clean Air Act). SACOG may amend its plan whenever it chooses, so long as its amended plan continues to demonstrate "conformity" with Clean Air Act requirements.

The time period covered by SACOG's MTP must be at least 20 years. Because SACOG typically updates the MTP every four years it chooses to have a minimum time period of 24 years on the date it is adopted. Sometimes a longer period is used. When SACOG adopted its current MTP in 2008, it purposely chose a time horizon of 2035 so that the same horizon year could be used in the 2011 update cycle.

3. ALLOCATION OF REGIONAL GROWTH PROJECTIONS THROUGHOUT

**THE REGION:** In each MTP update cycle SACOG also prepares an estimated growth pattern for the region (i.e., where throughout the region the projected amount of employment and housing will occur during the planning period). This process has always been governed by federal requirements related to regional transportation plans and the Clean Air Act (23 CFR part 450 and 40 CFR part 93). This MTP update will also be affected by SB 375, and specifically its requirements to include a Sustainable Communities Strategy (SCS), and possibly an Alternative Planning Strategy (APS), and to document and analyze the effects of the SCS on several natural resources. (Gov. Code, § 65080, subd. (b)(F)(2)(B)).

SACOG considers a number of factors in developing the estimated growth pattern. Existing public policies and regulations are important. Local general plans, spheres of influence, community and specific plans, land division and development codes, and design guidelines affect the type and intensity of future land uses. State and federal policies and regulations also are considered, most notably (but not limited to) those relating to development in floodplains and other natural hazard areas (e.g., fire), federal Clean Water Act and Endangered Species Act permit requirements, Transportation Control Measures in air quality plans under the Federal Clean Air Act, and state housing requirements.

While local, state and federal policies and regulations have a strong influence on the estimated growth pattern, it is more accurate to state that they are the start, not the end, of the process. There are many reasons for this, but essentially the sum of all those policies and regulations never yields a growth pattern exactly consistent with the projected amount of employment and housing growth for the entire region. For example, the sum of retail-designated lands typically exceeds forecasted quantities. The time horizon of general plans seldom exactly match the time horizon for an MTP. All of these plans and regulations are also likely to change many times throughout the 24-year planning horizon of the MTP. So assuming that they are, in effect, frozen for two or more decades on the date the MTP is adopted is not likely to be accurate.

Many other factors are therefore documented, analyzed and considered in creating the growth forecast. These sometimes include an estimate of the direction and magnitude of future changes to the policy and regulatory environment. If a major local general plan update is in process but not yet adopted, SACOG may consider the probable substance of the updated plan in addition to the currently adopted plan. Market and economic considerations are also analyzed. Practical considerations affecting the cost and timing of providing infrastructure (e.g., water, sewer, transportation) are analyzed. Market considerations are also analyzed, such as people's interest in different types of housing and developers'/builders' ability to deliver that housing at prices people can afford. Future demographic trends (i.e., percentage of households with children, older heads of households, etc.) are an important part of this analysis.

The policy priorities for the transportation funds covered by the MTP also influence the projected future growth pattern. Through the last two MTP updates, the overall policy priorities for SACOG funds and the establishment of specific programs reflect a commitment to support Blueprint principles. One early example of this commitment is through the Community Design Grant program SACOG established six years ago to incentivize development projects that support Blueprint implementation. During this period of increasing SACOG Board support for linking Blueprint principles to the MTP, a trend towards performance-based outcomes linking integrated land use and transportation decisions has become increasingly evident in federal and state transportation policies and investment priorities.

Through its MTP and short-term funding decisions for transportation projects, SACOG emphasizes high performance in reducing vehicle miles traveled, increasing transit, walk and bike, and high-occupancy vehicle mode shares, and reducing congestion at key bottlenecks. These transportation infrastructure investments will have some influence on shaping the future growth pattern.

Taken together, SACOG estimates to the best of its ability what the future growth pattern is likely to be. It is a process that includes consideration of many variables.

In addition to estimating a 2035 growth pattern, SACOG also must estimate growth phasing for several near-term years: 2011, 2014, 2017, 2018 and 2025 under Federal Clean Air requirements, and 2020 under SB 375. Because SB 375 requires SACOG's Regional Housing Needs Allocation (RHNA) to be consistent with the new SCS, it must also estimate a growth pattern for the next RHNA horizon year (to be determined by the California Department of Housing and Community Development). All of the considerations that affect the 2035 growth forecast are also addressed for these interim year forecasts, including transportation infrastructure. Under federal and state law, SACOG is required to create and maintain a Metropolitan Transportation Improvement Program (MTIP). The MTIP covers a four or five year period, and is governed by fairly stringent rules that require SACOG to prove that funds are reliably available in the near term to construct projects in the MTIP. To the extent that transportation projects in the MTIP have strong influences on shaping growth, this can be an important factor in these interim growth forecasts. Federal rules also require the entire MTP, out to the year 2035 in this cycle, to be financially constrained. However, the federal government interprets the financial constraint requirements most strictly in the earlier years, especially during those years until transportation and air quality modeling indicates the region will attain federal clean air standards.

Three land use and transportation scenarios will be developed during the summer of 2010 utilizing the factors listed above. The scenarios will be evaluated with a set of performance measures that are based on the legislative actions listed here, plus other measures that are important to staff, stakeholders, and the SACOG Board. The performance metrics from these scenarios are an opportunity to learn some strengths and weaknesses of the growth allocations that are part of the scenarios. The learning process is another factor that will be used to allocate growth for the draft plan, the SCS, and possibly the APS.

4. MTP AMENDMENTS AND CONSISTENCY ISSUES: In part because SACOG's MTP growth forecast can never be just the sum of its 28-member local governments' adopted general plans at any given point in time, the question often arises, "what are the implications for a land use project that is not shown in the MTP growth forecast"? Several issues must be considered in answering this question. The most important answer is that cities and counties have land use authority, and that nothing in the MTP alters that fact. So, for example, if a city has a general plan with a 50-year planning horizon, it would not be surprising if the MTP2035 growth forecast only indicated growth on a portion of the land designated in the city's general plan for future growth. The reverse may also be true. The MTP2035 growth forecast may show growth in areas that are not yet formally included in a county's or city's general plan if SACOG estimates there is market demand for growth in that location and the entitlement process is underway and is projected to be successfully completed.

Including growth within the MTP is not a guarantee it will happen, and growth that is not included in the MTP does not mean that SACOG has any authority to prohibit that growth from occurring. It is also important to remember that MTPs are updated on a federally controlled cycle of at least every four years. This means that if new information about individual development projects, for instance, becomes available after an MTP is adopted, SACOG is obligated to address that information in the next MTP update cycle. The planning work for the next update cycle typically starts approximately two years after the current MTP is updated.

There are at least two other issues to consider when analyzing the effect of SACOG's growth forecast. First, the growth forecast does have a significant effect on the content, phasing, and performance of the transportation system improvements in the MTP, which are designed to best serve the projected growth pattern. To the extent that growth not identified in the MTP is approved by local jurisdictions, transportation improvements in the MTP may need to be rescheduled or phased, modified in form, or otherwise changed. Changes and amendments to the MTP, and the programming documents which

are based on the MTP, must comply with the federal Clean Air Act, California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA), and other regulations, which may limit the ability to adapt quickly to unforeseen growth. Second, SB 375 also provides CEQA benefits to certain housing and mixed-use projects that are consistent with either an SCS or APS that meets the greenhouse gas emissions reduction target that will be established by the California Air Resources Board by September 30 of this year. But this is a carrot, not a stick. In other words, there is nothing explicit in SB 375 that changes how CEQA applies to projects that are inconsistent with the SCS or APS. SACOG will be publishing more information in the future regarding this consistency determination for activating the CEQA benefits in SB 375.

5. **GROWTH ALLOCATION AND SCENARIO DEVELOPMENT:** The first effort to allocate the regional growth to subareas within the region, and to develop packages of transportation projects which support the growth, will take place this summer and fall. Three MTP scenarios, combining different allocations of growth and packages of transportation projects, will be developed and evaluated over the summer. The results will be reported to the region in a series of public workshops in the fall. The basic concept for creating unique land use and transportation scenarios was discussed at the May SACOG committee meetings and the June SACOG Board meeting. The draft preferred scenario for the MTP will be generated in part through evaluation and public comment on the results of the scenarios.

As approved by the SACOG Board in June, the three scenarios will vary on the land use side by:

- Varying the amount of compact development—compact development has been shown to be more effectively served by transit, to support potentially higher rates of walking and biking, and to generate lower vehicle travel.
- Varying the amount of development in high-quality transit corridors, where residents are more likely to use available transit.
- Varying the amount of complementary, mixed-use development, which supports shorter vehicle trip making, and higher rates of non-motorized travel.

Three key dimensions by which the transportation alternatives will vary are:

- The location, intensity, and type of transit service, based on the extent of transit supportive land uses in corridors. Higher density, mixed-use corridors provide greater opportunities for higher capacity transit, such as light rail and streetcars.
- Varying the amount, location, and type of investment in complete streets projects, which serve multiple users in locations where land use generates a mix of travel modes.
- Varying the extent and location of roadway and other projects to alleviate major bottlenecks
  and congestion points. One dimension by which the scenarios will differ in this regard is the
  extent to which investments are made to alleviate existing bottlenecks, compared to reserving
  investments for future bottlenecks.
- Varying the level of investment in Blueprint supportive programs and transportation systems
  management (TSM) strategies, including technology and demand management programs, that
  allow for greater optimization of existing transportation infrastructure. More compact and
  mixed-use development patterns can allow some shifts in investment priorities away from
  road extensions and expansions to improving the function of existing roads for multi-modal
  travel.

The three scenarios will seek that fine line between analyzing truly distinctive alternatives, but only within the broad bounds of the type of land development and transportation investments

that could realistically be expected to occur over a 24 year period. This concept is easier to describe in concept than to execute in detail. Some examples that hopefully will add clarity:

- The Base Case land use pattern from the original Blueprint will not be included as a scenario because market, policy and demographic trends strongly indicate the housing industry has moved permanently away from large lot, single family as a dominant product.
- Some development projects that have been planned for a long time, and were assumed for at least partial absorption in the currently adopted MTP, may not be included in all of the scenarios. Some may not be included in any of the scenarios. This MTP will have 160,000 few dwelling units and 200,000 fewer employees than the current one. New projects, especially large master planned communities not included in the current MTP, will have a very high bar to meet to demonstrate feasibility for inclusion.
- There are market, policy and demographic trends towards transit-oriented development. The CEQA reform in SB 375 gives the region the option to reduce the time, cost and uncertainty associated with transit-oriented development, thus presumably increasing its potential market share. But there are limits in this development category, too. There is little value in creating a scenario that assumes all or nearly all future growth will occur in this manner, or that the transit-oriented development that does occur will be at such high densities that market acceptance in the Sacramento region is unlikely.
- For each scenario there will likely be transportation investments in the current MTP that are scaled back (i.e., fewer lanes, shorter distances) or eliminated due to the smaller growth footprint and/or reduced revenues projected through 2035. As explained earlier in this memo, this does not necessarily imply that the projects will never be built, or that they are unimportant for the region. It does mean that given the growth and financial parameters of this MTP cycle that the projects are not as high performing as the projects included in the scenarios. The Board may also decide to include some projects in an alternative, or vision, scenario to designate them as a high priority to add to the MTP if additional revenues are identified.

Finally, the exclusion of a development project or transportation project from all scenarios does not definitively mean it will be excluded from the final MTP. SACOG will continue to gather new information over the next several months before the draft preferred MTP takes shape, which should occur towards the end of 2010 and early 2011. If new information leads to the conclusion that the three scenarios did not accurately bound the possibilities for the next MTP, there will still be an opportunity to address that

in the final preferred scenario. It does not seem likely this will occur in many cases, but it certainly is a possibility. And as soon as this MTP is adopted in December 2011, SACOG will begin the process of creating the next one, which will be adopted four years later. It will have a time horizon of at least 2039, and possibly longer.

# Approve Framework for Development of a Draft Preferred Scenario for the Metropolitan Transportation Plan

Excerpt from December 9, 2010 Board Agenda Item

**Issue:** Staff seeks Board direction for developing a Draft Preferred Scenario in the next phase of the Metropolitan Transportation Plan (MTP) 2035 update.

**Recommendation:** The Transportation Committee recommends that the Board direct staff to develop a Draft Preferred Scenario that is based on MTP workshop Scenario 3 with elements of Scenario 2 and that the process of scenario development include further technical research and work with local agencies to reflect the recent planning assumptions.

Committee Action/Discussion: Using the broad themes from the public workshop results, staff created a framework for developing a draft preferred MTP scenario that reflects the preference of MTP workshop participants in four counties for Scenario 3 and the preference in two counties for Scenario 2. Under this framework, a draft scenario would perform between Scenarios 2 and 3. Attachment 1 is the MTP Scenarios "Score Card" from the public workshops which describes the differences between the 3 scenarios. Staff has added comments to some of the key metrics to articulate the nuances of Scenario 3.

Key scenario features to compare: The tables below describe the three scenarios in terms of their major transportation and land use characteristics. Scenario 1 represents the adopted MTP updated to a new growth forecast and revenue assumptions and Scenarios 2 and 3 are incrementally different from Scenario 1.

Transportation Inputs (total in billions of								
	dollars)							
Share of	Scenari	Scenari	Scenari					
funding in	o #1	o #2	o #3					
Transit	\$10.7	\$11.7	\$13.7					
Road, bike, pedestrian maintenance & operations	10.9	11.0	11.0					
New road capacity	8.7	8.0	6.7					
Bike & pedestrian street and trail improvement s	2.8	2.9	3.0					
Programs	1.5	1.6	1.7					

Land Use Inputs (in percent of new homes)						
Share of growth	Scenario	Scenario	Scenario			
in	#1	#2	#3			
Center &						
Corridor	19%	28%	37%			
Communities						
Established	27%	24%	23%			
Communities	2//0	∠ <del>4</del> /0	23/0			
Developing	50%	45%	38%			
Communities	30 / 0	43 / 0	3670			
Rural Residential	40/	20/	20/			
Communities	4%	3%	2%			

Regional Scenarios Score Card							
Description of MTP Scenarios 1, 2 and 3							
	Land Use Inputs	Scenario #1	Scenario #2	Scenario #3	Staff Comments on Scenario 3		
1	Share of growth in Center & Corridor Communities (percent of new homes)	19%	28%	37%			
2	Share of growth in Established Communities (percent of new homes)	27%	24%	23%	Center & Corridor Communities receive their highest share of growth in Scenarion 3. In terms of total homes (existing plus)		
3	Share of growth in Developing Communities (percent of new homes)	50%	45%	38%	new growth), Centers & Corridors represent 17% of all housing.		
4	Share of growth in Rural Residential Communities (percent of new homes)	4%	3%	2%			
5	Share of growth in large- lot single-family homes (percent)	39%	33%	25%			
6	Share of growth in small- lot, single-family homes (percent)	30%	26%	23%			
7	Share of growth in attached homes (percent)	31%	42%	52%	Half of all new homes are attached in Scenario 3		
	Transportation Inputs	Scenario #1	Scenario #2	Scenario #3	Staff Comments on Scenario 3		
8	New or expanded roads (lane miles, percent increase from 2008)	25%	24%	14%	Greater share of projects aimed at alleviating existing bottleneck locations in the currently urbanized areas compared to future bottlenecks projected in new or developing communities.		
9	Transit service (Vehicle Service Hours, percent increases from 2008)	50%	85%	122%	Transit scaled to support the different levels of development around the region.		
10	Funding for transit (\$\\$ in billions)	\$10.7	\$11.7	\$13.7	Highest level of investment in new transit service, including higher frequency bus, street car, light rail, intercity rail, intercity bus, and community shuttles.		
11	Funding for road, bike and pedestrian maintenance (\$\sin \text{billions})	\$10.9	\$11	\$11	Higher levels of rural complete corridor investment to support rural mobility, including higher levels of investment in road rehabilitation and operational improvements to make rural corridors safer and support farm-to-market travel.		
12	Funding for new road capacity	\$8.7	\$8	\$6.7			

	(\$ in billions)				
13	Funding for bike and	\$2.8	\$2.9	\$3.0	
	pedestrian street and				
	trail improvements				
	(\$ in billions)				
14	Additional miles of	800	1,100	1,300	
	bicycle paths, lanes and				
	routes				
	(Class 1, 2 and $3 =$				
	1,700 in 2008)				
15	Funding for Programs	\$1.5	\$1.6	\$1.7	Highest level of funding for
	(\$ in billions)				Blueprint-supportive programs.

#### Framework for a Draft Preferred MTP2035 Update Scenario

To direct the next steps of the Metropolitan Transportation Plan 2035 update, staff proposes use of the following framework for a Draft Preferred Scenario. The framework for the Committee's consideration includes two sections:

- I. The Conceptual Basis of the Draft Preferred Scenario
- II. The Process for Developing a Draft Preferred Scenario

This framework is anticipated to lead to a preferred scenario that reflects the priorities that arose from the public outreach to date (MTP workshops and focus groups), the majority of comments received from agency stakeholders, and the knowledge gained from SACOG technical analysis.

# I. Conceptual Basis of the Preferred Scenario

Development of the MTP workshop scenarios reflected SACOG staff technical analysis and collaboration with agency partners to develop three distinct scenarios. The workshop framework, adopted by the SACOG Board in June 2010, is summarized in the following matrix:

Scenario			Local Streets	Bridges and
Name	Land Use	Transit	Ped/Bike	Freeways
1	<ul> <li>Compact housing share = 61% (same as 2008 MTP)</li> <li>Compared to MTP:</li> <li>Smallest share of growth in TPAs of the 3 scenarios</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Emphasis on shuttles, commuter bus, fixed route bus</li> <li>BRT, street car and LRT where density/mix supports it</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Complete streets         opportunities in         new growth areas</li> <li>Some opportunity         for complete         streets         "remodeling"</li> <li>Conventional street         widening for         bottlenecks</li> </ul>	Balance of projects between existing and future bottlene cks
2	<ul> <li>Compact housing share = 68%</li> <li>More growth in TPAs than #1</li> </ul>	More     opportunitie     s for higher     frequency     bus and     street car	<ul> <li>Similar to #1</li> <li>More opportunities for complete streets</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Emphasis         on         existing         bottlene         cks</li> </ul>
3	<ul> <li>Higher share of growth in TPAs</li> <li>TPA more focused in location, higher density – more transitoriented development</li> </ul>	• More opportunitie s for streetcar and LRT, and other rail services	<ul> <li>More opportunities for complete streets</li> <li>Greater reliance on ITS/management</li> </ul>	Greater emphasi s on existing bottlene cks and urban core

The three workshop scenarios were a second round of scenario building. They were based on several more general scenarios than were built through the spring and early summer to support the setting of greenhouse gas emissions targets by the California Air Resources Board under SB375. The preparation of a draft preferred scenario represents the third round of scenario building. It will naturally evolve from the prior work, with more extensive input from our members and partner agencies, and more refined technical work to try to ensure that it is both realistic to implement and also produces strong performance benefits.

The performance measures presented to the public during the nine public workshops in October showed some performance advantages of Scenario 3. Workshop participants in large majorities selected Scenario 3 as their preferred scenario, with notable variations in Sutter and Placer Counties, where there was more support for Scenario 2. Staff will begin the preparation of the draft preferred scenario from the foundation of Scenario 3, but expect there to be substantial blending of all three scenarios, and refinements that may not have been in included in any of the scenarios, as this next phase evolves.

SACOG staff has had a month to review both the technical and public preference results from the nine workshops. A partial list of issues staff believes need further technical and process work with our members and partners in the next few months include:

- 1. Integrating Scenario 2 in Placer and Sutter Counties with Scenario 3 in the balance of the region.
- 2. More detailed analysis of the land use patterns and transportation investments in the centers and corridors. For land use, this means rechecking General Plans, Community Plans and other local policies; market economics; and consumer demand to be clear-eyed about both the opportunities and constraints. For transportation, this means further scrutiny of the types of transit, walking, biking, and complete streets investments that would be needed to support the revitalization of these areas. Staff will look for realistic opportunities to increase the complete streets funding beyond the level in Scenario 3. The associated HUD grant is specifically targeted at this work and should help us target the areas with the greatest potential.
- 3. Big picture re-check of expected demand for various housing products, especially attached units. Staff will update expected demand for rental-versus-ownership products to determine whether it is expected to be any higher going forward than staff has projected in the past preliminary data indicate this may be the case.
- 4. Begin to focus on the 2020 land use allocations since this timeframe more closely matches the timeframe for the state's Regional Housing Needs Allocation requirements. The workshop scenarios focused on 2035 performance.
- 5. Re-check subregional job-housing balance issues, with particular attention on those portions of the region outside of the three major employment centers that are striving to increase their jobs base to achieve a better balance.
- 6. Re-check and finalize the draft growth projections in May 2011 after the California Department of Finance releases its final growth estimates for the SACOG region.
- 7. SB375 requires determining when housing/mixed use projects are "consistent" with the MTP. Staff is working on a definition of consistency that will strive to preserve some measure of flexibility in the market. For example, if the MTP projects that 50 percent of Greenfield X will be built out by 2035, staff may define "consistent" as anything within the full (100 percent) build out of that development. Likewise, in Centers and Corridors: If the MTP estimates 250 new housing units will be built near Light Rail Station Y, staff probably would define "consistent" as a higher number of housing units built there, so long as they are consistent with local plans and other performance guidelines. Staff thinks the consistency definition may be the key to preserving market

- flexibility, honoring local land use authority, and meeting the performance imperatives of the MTP.
- 8. For all of the transportation investments, refine the assumptions regarding expected revenues to ensure they are realistic. Transit operations and road maintenance will receive special attention, since both rely in the current plan on new revenues in Sacramento County by 2012 that are not likely to occur.
- 9. For the transportation investments, the corollary to realistic revenue projections is "right-sizing" the projects. There probably will not be many projects in the current MTP that are eliminated entirely, but several may need to be refined (e.g., number of lanes of new road capacity, length of new carpool lanes) to fit the need and budget. The timing, equipment and frequency of service for the region's largest transit investment, providing rail to the airport, will be examined with this "right-sizing" principle.
- 10. Particular attention will be placed on congestion issues to ensure that optimum investments are being made with scarce resources to resolve existing and future bottlenecks.

In the big picture, much of this next level of work will be trying to answer the question whether it is realistic to attain the transit benefits of Scenario 3 in the draft preferred scenario. The Board directed staff to ensure that Scenario 3 delivered a better transit performance than the current MTP or the Blueprint. Scenario 3 met that test. The next few months, with substantial support from the HUD grant, will give us the time to confirm whether the performance benefits in that scenario can be delivered through a plan that meets federal, state, and local feasibility standards.

#### II. The Process for Developing a Draft Preferred Scenario

Attachment 4-C identifies key MTP milestones in the months ahead that support the presentation of a draft preferred scenario by fall 2011 that:

- reflect the priorities from the SACOG Board provided through regular briefings and workshops;
- reflect input received from public outreach and engagement with agency stakeholders; and
- reflect knowledge gathered from SACOG technical analysis.

Major tasks to be completed over the next few months to successfully translate the key elements of Scenarios 2 and 3 into a single, high performing Draft Preferred Scenario include the following:

- (1) Working with land use agency stakeholders to ensure the land use allocation meets all federal requirements and relates to adopted and proposed local land use plans, regulatory factors that affect the shape or timing of development, and the influence of the market through changing demographics and economics. This effort will include working with local and partner agency staff to develop land use assumptions for the draft preferred scenario that reflect an analysis of real-world conditions including the following:
  - Complete "reality checks" of various jobs and housing inputs, including the actual
    housing market demand in different subareas of the region; job market detail for
    different subareas of the region; and the relationship of growth projections to adopted
    and proposed land use plans
  - Develop a definition of consistency with the land use projections (i.e., Sustainable Communities Strategy) for the purposes of activating SB 375 CEQA streamlining benefits. A consistency definition needs to maintain flexibility for the market to act but should also be benchmarked to MTP policies and investments.
- (2) Working with transportation agency stakeholders to ensure the transportation project list

meets all federal requirements including financial constraint and the most recent planning assumptions. A central effort related to this will be a call for projects review process to receive greater detail on proposed projects. The workshop scenarios focused on budget category building blocks and modeled (capacity) projects. The call for projects review process will offer more detail on operations and maintenance improvements that are presently described in lump-sum budget categories. Other transportation inquiries include the following:

- Examine the pedestrian and bicycling investments of Scenarios 2 and 3 to determine if there are additional enhancements that could be made.
- Conduct "stress-tests" of the workshop scenarios to determine weak or strong points to refine, such as changes to income or gas price assumptions that may impact travel demand and performance metrics.

One of the initial staff efforts that reflects the collaborative processes described above is an analysis of the Centers and Corridors Communities that were popular in the workshops and offer significant performance promise. Optimization of these areas was a defining trait of Scenario 3. A consistent message from the nine workshops was support for the higher share of new growth and supportive transportation investments that would be accommodated in the Centers and Corridors by the horizon year of 2035.

Based on the support for the concept of realizing vital Centers and Corridors across the region, and local agency plans to revitalize many of these Centers and Corridors, staff has begun the process to further analyze the opportunities and challenges in directing a higher share of future growth to these areas by 2035. SACOG collaboration with stakeholders over the next few months will include refinements to the proposed transportation projects in these areas and a more detailed review of the new growth assumptions for each Center and Corridor included in the Draft Preferred Scenario. The following schedule for local agency and stakeholder input identifies the advisory committee meetings that will focus on the development of the Draft Preferred Scenario:

# January 2011-May 2011: SACOG staff will

- 1) work with local agencies through advisory committees on elements of draft preferred scenario
- 2) solicit jurisdiction input individually on land use growth assumptions and transportation call for project review projects

		2011 Advisory Committee
MTP Element	Advisory Committee	Meeting Dates
Transportation project list	Regional Planning Partnership	Jan. 26, Feb. 23, Mar. 23
		(Apr. 27 and May 25 as
		needed)
	Transit Coordinating	(Dates to be confirmed)
	Committee	
	Bicycle and Pedestrian	Jan. 27 (Apr. 28 as needed)
	Advisory Committee	
	Public Works Coordination	(Dates to be confirmed)
	Group	

Land use allocation	Planners Committee, Regional	Jan. 27, Feb. 24, Mar. 24	
	Planning Partnership	(Apr. 28 and May 26 as	
		needed)	
By June 2011: Preliminary Draft MTP			
November 2011: Environmental impact analysis of Draft MTP completed			
November/December 2011: Draft MTP and EIR released for public comment			

## **Jurisdictional 2035 Growth Allocation Technical Methodology Summary**

## **Background and Framework**

This memo is intended to accompany the "MTP Methodology Memo" and the "Framework for Development of a Draft Preferred Scenario". Together those two documents describe the general framework used to develop the MTP/SCS Land Use Forecast. The purpose of this document is to provide specific information about how the jurisdiction level growth allocations were completed for the MTP/SCS Land Use Forecast.

## **Creating Jurisdiction Growth Estimates**

SACOG's process for creating a land use allocation begins with creating housing and employment growth estimates by jurisdiction. The following is a description of how SACOG created the 2035 housing units and employee estimates for each jurisdiction in the MTP/SCS.

First, a database was created of all the numerical data considerations available and relevant to each jurisdiction. This data is not intended to be definitive; it is simply useful information that is considered as part of the analytical process that leads to the jurisdictional growth estimates. This includes jurisdiction level summaries of:

- Base line data
  - o Total number of housing units and employees today (2008)
  - o Jobs/Housing ratio today (2008)
  - o Percent of regional growth share for housing units and employees today (2008)
- Historic reference data
  - o Five year and ten year historic residential building permit average
  - o Percent of regional five year and ten year residential permits
  - An extrapolation of the five year and ten year building permit averages to estimate 2008-2035 housing unit growth if those past trends defined the future using those two averages
  - o Historic county-level employment estimates from State of California Employment Development Department
- Capacity data
  - o General Plan and specific plan capacity for housing units and employees
  - O How close existing housing units and employees are to reaching the capacity estimate (how close the jurisdiction is to build out today)

#### Current MTP data

- o Housing units and employees assumed in the last MTP
- o Regional share of growth of housing units and employees in the last MTP
- Job/Housing ratio in the last MTP
- O An estimate of housing unit and employee growth using the updated regional growth forecast and each jurisdiction's regional percent share from the last MTP

Next, for each jurisdiction SACOG gathers and considers a number of other data and factors that are not quantifiable in a spreadsheet. This information came primarily from local government planning staff at each jurisdiction at the beginning of the MTP/SCS update. Between December 2009 and January 2011, SACOG staff met with each jurisdiction's planning staff individually to collect maps, project descriptions, shapefiles, and general planning related status updates. The agenda from these meetings is included as Attachment 1. Again this data is not intended to be conclusive by itself; it is part of the information gathered and considered in the process of creating jurisdictional growth estimates. In summary, the information considered included:

- What are the greenfield (Developing Communities) and/or infill opportunities (Center and Corridor and Established Communities) in and around the jurisdiction
  - o For specific plans:
    - Is the plan approved; and what levels of approval does it have
    - If approved, what type of infrastructure needs to be built to support the development (wastewater treatment plant, water conveyance, etc).
    - Has construction started on the site
    - Are there other specific plans in the area and their entitlement status
    - Are there natural resource issues to consider
    - Have there been any recent plan amendments or upzoning
- General Plan land use policies
  - o When was the plan adopted
  - o Is the plan currently being updated
  - o Are there development agreements to consider
  - o What are the land uses, densities, and intensities allowed
  - o Are there policies about mixed-use and/or redevelopment

- o Are there policies about jobs-housing balance
- o Are there agricultural preservation policies
- Are there major job centers in or near the jurisdiction (existing or proposed)
- How strong is the current residential market in the jurisdiction's market area
- Are there major infrastructure or natural resource constraints to building (such as water/sewer capacity, flooding, habitat issues, etc)
- Proximity to transit
- Existing housing and employment vacancies
- Redevelopment and/or under-utilized parcel opportunities

Using all the data and information above, SACOG creates a preliminary draft estimate of housing and employment growth for each jurisdiction. The process and the resulting preliminary draft growth estimate consider each jurisdiction individually. However, our growth projections are created for the region, so each jurisdiction must also be considered as a share of the regional economy. To do this, the preliminary jurisdiction growth estimate is analyzed and adjusted to achieve the regional projections for housing and employment growth, by considering the following:

- What is the jurisdiction's share of regional housing and employment today compared to what it will be in the future and what is the basis for the changes
- How quickly or slowly the jurisdiction has grown in the past, relatively to the regional average growth rate and relative to other jurisdictions in the same market area and/or of a similar size
  - o How might adopted and proposed plans change the jurisdictions growth rate from past trends
- What is the amount of growth assumed in the market area
- What is the jobs/housing ratio today compared to what it is for the estimated growth and for 2035

The MTP/SCS land use forecast is bounded by SACOG's regional growth forecast of 303,000 new homes and 361,000 new jobs through 2035. Creating jurisdictional growth estimates that match the region's growth forecast is an iterative process involving the above steps. Once preliminary housing and employment growth "targets" are set for all jurisdictions, they are then modeled in I-PLACE3S.

To better describe the process for creating the jurisdiction growth estimates, below are some generalities that cover many of the jurisdictions in the region for this MTP/SCS planning cycle; however, any information on unique factors relating to a single jurisdiction that SACOG was aware of were considered as well. Regulatory policies, market influences, and building constraints such as flood or infrastructure issues all may result in exceptions to these generalities.

- Jurisdictions that are close to build out today (i.e. have mostly small infill opportunities with no proposed specific plans and/or have specific plan communities that are already more than 50 percent built) are likely to build out by 2035
- Jurisdictions with large existing job centers, or jurisdictions in close proximity to the existing regional job centers, are likely to get a higher proportion of new jobs and housing by 2035
- Jurisdictions that are close to build out today (not in 2035) and have development proposed in their currently adopted sphere of influence, are likely to annex and projects are expected to start begin construction during the planning period
- Jurisdictions with large amounts of general plan capacity in rural residential areas see low growth rates for rural residential development
- Specific plan areas that are currently building are expected to continue to build at rates that are roughly similar to historical averages for the area- inclusive of pre-recession years
- Most specific plans that are approved today, but are not currently building are likely to start construction (but not complete construction) by 2035
  - O The rate at which specific plans are assumed to develop is based on a number of factors, including: projected construction of other new specific plans in the area, jurisdiction's growth rate, natural resource constraints (primarily the timing of receiving federal permits), timing and magnitude of infrastructure needed, housing demand in the area and for the planned product type, and a number of development related issues (such as no active developer, litigation issues, etc.)
- Specific plans or proposed projects that are not currently adopted and potentially have natural
  resource and/or potentially significant infrastructure issues to resolve and/or have questions
  about market demand in that sub-area of the region are generally not assumed to start building
  by 2035 and are therefore not in the MTP/SCS

## Modeling the Preliminary Draft Growth Estimates

The primary reasons for modeling the preliminary allocation in I-PLACE3S are to 1) be able to account spatially for the estimated growth, which makes it possible to make further refinements if needed and, 2) to provide the ability to vet all preliminary assumptions with local jurisdictions in an easily understandable format.

I-PLACE3S is a tool for developing and comparing land use scenarios; by itself, it is not a projections or forecasting tool. SACOG uses I-PLACE3S to spatially allocate development to jurisdictions by subareas (which are defined by local planning areas) to reach the jurisdictional estimates developed according to the process described above. SACOG builds up the jurisdiction land use forecast of housing and employment using the information from land use plans and policies from local general plans, special plans, specific plans, and master plans (adopted and proposed), natural resource

constraints, market trends, and the framework adopted by the SACOG Board to make assumptions about the type and location of land uses in each jurisdiction. This 'bottoms-up' allocation is then compared to the jurisdiction targets development according to the process discussed above. If the resulting I-PLACE3S jurisdiction land use allocation does not match the jurisdiction target of housing and employment growth, both sets of numbers are then analyzed to determine whether one, or both, should be adjusted. The allocation process is thus, an iterative process to achieve a land use forecast that reflects the regional growth forecast.

Once the forecast is modeled in I-PLACE3S, the forecast can be visually displayed in a number of ways and can also be tallied and summarized by different geographies. For the MTP/SCS land use forecast, SACOG primarily summarized and displayed the dataset using the MTP/SCS Community Types. More information on I-PLACE3S, including a User Guide, can be found on the SACOG website at: http://sacog.org/services/I-PLACE3S/

# Vetting the Draft Land Use Forecast

This preliminary forecast was then sent to planning staff at each jurisdiction in the region for review and comment. The information was provided in a table format showing housing and employment estimates for 2008, 2035, and build out at the Community Type level. A Community Type map was provided as well. If other summaries, maps, or individual data files were requested, they were also provided. After receiving comments and feedback from the jurisdictions, SACOG used the new information provided as well as all the data and considerations outlined earlier in this document, to determine if proposed refinements should be made to the forecast. A change in one jurisdiction can affect growth assumptions elsewhere in the region so when refinements are proposed, all jurisdictions are re-analyzed to determine whether or not the refinements should be made and where other refinements may be required in order to maintain the regional growth totals of 303,000 new housing units and 361,000 new employees. Then, again, the revised information was circulated to local jurisdiction planning staff for review. Throughout the MTP/SCS process, SACOG conducted five comment periods directed specifically to local planning staff at various stages of the project, with many additional opportunities for review and comment through the regularly scheduled monthly Planners Committee meetings and individual meetings or phone calls as requested by jurisdiction staff. The various review periods are summarized below and the staff reports that went to each jurisdiction as part of these review periods are included in Attachments 2, 3, and 4.

- May 2010-June 2010- Requested review of 2008 existing conditions (land use map with 2008 housing and employment estimates)
- July 2010-August 2010- Requested review of three draft MTP/SCS land use scenario for use in public workshops (land use maps with 2008, 2035 and build out housing and employment estimates)
- December 2010-January 2011- Requested review of Preliminary Draft Preferred Assumptions (Scenario 2 or 3 housing and employment estimates as a base starting assumption, build out estimates, Community Type map, draft framework)
- April 2011- SACOG hosted six county level meetings to discuss the RHNA factors (these
  meetings provided a refresh of the information gathering meetings SACOG held in December

- 2010; new information was used to complete edits to the 2035 land use forecast and were considered in creating the 2020 land use forecast)
- April 2011-May 2011- Requested review of 2035 Preliminary Draft Preferred Scenario (Community Type map, housing and employment estimates for 2008, 2035, and build out, and the 2035 transportation project list)
- July 2011-August 2011- Requested review of 2020 Draft Preferred Scenario (Community Type map and housing and employment estimates for 2008, 2020, 2035, and build out)

### Creating the 2020 Land Use Forecast

The starting point for the 2020 MTP/SCS land use allocation is the 2035 MTP/SCS including all the assumptions that SACOG developed in coordination with local agency planning staff and that the SACOG Board endorsed in June 2011.

SACOG's 2020 projections for regional housing and employment growth project that the region starts to recover from the current recession sometime before 2020. This assumption is an underlying assumption in all jurisdictions' 2020 forecasts. Regionally, 39 percent of the housing growth and 28 percent of the employment growth in 2035 is projected to occur by 2020. Most jurisdictions do not grow at a constant rate from 2008 to 2035 so each jurisdiction's unique planning and development circumstance must be considered to determine whether its growth is likely to happen faster or slower (i.e. more of its growth between 2008 and 2020 or more of it between 2020 and 2035). However, given that the regional growth forecast for 2020 through 2035 accounts for the majority of the growth in the MTP/SCS planning period, it is not reasonable in most cases to assume that a jurisdiction would receive less than 20 percent of its 2035 housing and employment growth by 2020. The iterative process described earlier in this memo was used to create jurisdiction level growth estimates of the 2008 to 2020 planning period. The process for creating the 2020 growth forecast was defined by the longerterm 2035 growth rate; in other words, the 2020 growth forecast of a jurisdiction and the region as a whole, must be consistent with the location and rate of growth defined in the 2035 forecast. Because the 2020 forecast was built within the framework of the 2035 growth forecast, which was vetted through local jurisdictions and endorsed by the SACOG Board, only one local agency comment period was conducted for the 2020 forecast.

### **Attachment 1:**

## Agenda from December 2009-January 2010 Individual Jurisdiction Meetings

- 1. MTP overview
  - a. Requirements of transportation assumptions
  - b. Requirements of land use assumptions
- 2. Method for creating the land use forecast
  - a. Base year of existing housing, employment, land use
  - b. Regional population, housing, employment forecast
  - c. Planning assumptions used to develop land use forecast (local policies, market performance, regulatory and environmental influences)
- 3. Existing Conditions Data:
  - a. Do you have any existing land use inventory?
- 4. Trend Data: We use development trend data to help us develop the growth rate for each jurisdiction. We are also look to your observations of local land development and planning for an assessment growth rate.
  - a. What is your assessment of the local development market in housing?
  - b. Retail and other employment?
  - c. What is you assessment of development activity in infill, redevelopment, greenfield areas, SOI (if applicable)?
  - d. Are you revisiting impact fees?
  - e. Are there any significant plans or projects in process that we should know about? Do you have any absorption studies associated with these?
  - f. Are there any environmental or regulatory processes or constraints (e.g. HCPs, flood control) that we should be aware of that influence planning and development activity in your jurisdiction?
- 5. Plan Data:
  - a. We have collected the proposed general plan land uses from your GIS/Planning department.
  - b. Are we missing any data?
- 6. Data SACOG will be reviewing as part of MTP forecast development:
  - a. information provided by each jurisdiction,
  - b. market research information on employment and housing,
  - c. environmental and regulatory constraints where applicable,
  - d. 2035 MTP and Blueprint assumptions,
  - e. regional economic forecast from Levy
  - f. Any data that we acquire will be shared through the planners committee
- 7. Draft time line for MTP update:
  - January 2010: Receive updated regional growth forecast
  - Mid 2010: Begin creating land use forecasts
  - March 2010: Updated Financial Plan

- March 2010: Submit proposed greenhouse gas emission target to CARB
- May 2010-April 2011: Conduct public involvement process for new MTP
- Sept 2010: CARB issues SACOG greenhouse emissions target
- September 2011: HCD issues SACOG Regional Housing Needs Determination (regional allocation)
- December 2011: MTP target adoption date (could be adopted as late as March 2012)
- May 2012: Final RHNA Plan (or adopted 6 months after Draft RHNA is released)
- May 2013: Housing Elements by Cities/Counties Due to HCD (or due one year after adoption of RHNA; could be as late as September 2013, depending on the adoption date of the MTP)
- 8. There will be CEQA streamlining opportunities as a part of the next MTP. One path will allow the environmental documents for certain residential and mixed-use projects to tier off of the MTP environmental analysis. A second path will allow for negative declaration of evidence of substantial impact for areas that are located within a half mile of a high quality transit stop or corridor. Has your jurisdiction looked into this process in any planning efforts? Are there areas we should be aware of where these transit definitions might apply?
- 9. Other matters

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Attachment 2

December 9, 2010

**To:** City and County Planning Directors

**From:** Kacey Lizon and Jennifer Hargrove

**Subject:** Growth allocation assumptions for the Preferred MTP Scenario

SACOG will begin preparation of the draft preferred MTP scenario from the foundation of Scenario 3 (Scenario 2 in Sutter and Placer counties) in an effort to create a preferred scenario that performs in between Scenario 2 and Scenario 3 regionally. Although the preferred scenario will start from Scenario 3, it will ultimately be a blending of all three scenarios and refinements that may not have been in included in any of the scenarios. This will be based on the information we receive from local agencies as well as ongoing market and demographic research conducted by SACOG.

## **Local Government Review of Land use Assumptions**

To start developing the land use assumptions for the preferred scenario, we have prepared a table of the growth assumptions in Scenario 3 (Scenario 2 in Sutter and Placer counties) that we would like your agency's review and comment on. Local government input is critical to developing the land use assumptions because the growth allocation for the MTP/SCS must meet federal requirements, that is, reflect the growth pattern that is mostly likely to occur, based on the best information available.

The attached table shows the amount of new housing and employment allocated to each of the four community types in each jurisdiction. In the case of developing communities, these are further detailed by specific plan areas. Some specific plan areas received no growth in Scenario 3 (Scenario 2 in Sutter and Placer); these are listed and noted as such.

In addition to the Scenario 3 growth allocations, the table also includes a holding capacity for these geographies. The holding capacity is based on adopted general or specific plan designations or proposed plan capacity.

# As you review the table, please consider the following questions:

- 1) How does the amount of growth in each community type compare to your observation of current development activity and/or entitlement processes underway? For major land use projects in your community, can you provide their updated entitlement status?
- 2) Have you observed any housing and/or employment (commercial, industrial) market trends in your jurisdiction that supports or contradicts this amount growth? If so, please describe those trends.

Auburn

Citrus Heights

Colfax Davis

El Dorado County

Elk Grove

Folsom Galt

Isleton

Lincoln

Live Oak

Loomis

Marysville

Placer County

Placerville

Rancho Cordova

Rocklin

Roseville Sacramento

Sacramento County

Sutter County

West Sacramento

Wheatland

Winters

Woodland

Yolo County

Yuba City

Yuba County

- 3) Are there any environmental or regulatory factors to consider that would affect timing or location of development? (e.g. status of federal permits)
- 4) For specific plan areas, we believe we have the most recent plans reflected in the "Holding Capacity" portion of the table, if you have updated information, please provide that to us. In particular, many specific plans have employment land designated, but do not provide employment estimates. In these areas, we have "No Data" written in the holding capacity. Any employment estimates analyzed or assumed as part of these plans would be helpful.

In your comments, please provide any supportive documentation or updated information that will help us as we draft the preferred scenario. Please respond to Jennifer Hargrove at (916) 340-6216 or <a href="mailto:jhargrove@sacog.org">jhargrove@sacog.org</a>. Comments will be accepted in any manner that is most convenient (email, phone, meeting, letter, etc.), but all comments must be received no later than Monday, January 17, 2011.

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Attachment 3

April 14, 2011

To: City and County Planning DirectorsCc: City and County Public Works Directors

**From**: Matt Carpenter, Director of Transportation Services

Kacey Lizon, MTP Project Manager

**Subject:** Land use allocation assumptions for the Preliminary Draft

Preferred 2035 MTP/SCS Scenario

Thank you for your ongoing participation in the development of the Metropolitan Transportation Plan and Sustainable Communities Strategy for 2035. Attached for your review and comment is a Preliminary Draft Preferred Scenario for the 2035 MTP/SCS. This memo provides additional information for your review of the scenario.

In December, we asked for each planning department to review the land use assumptions for MTP Scenarios 2 or 3 and provide updated information on development capacity of adopted and/or proposed land use plans, local development trends and other factors that may influence growth over the 25-year MTP planning period. SACOG staff used information received from local agencies, updated demographic, housing, and employment market information, and ongoing technical analysis to create a Preliminary Draft Preferred land use scenario that meets the objectives of the MTP Scenario Framework adopted by the SACOG Board in December. For your quick reference, this Scenario Framework can be found here: http://www.sacog.org/calendar/2010/12/16/board/pdf/11B-MTP%20Scenarios.pdf. The Preliminary Draft Scenario is composed of a transportation project list and land use allocation for each city and county in the region. The preliminary draft land use allocation for your jurisdiction is included in Attachment 1. We are asking for your review and comment on this preliminary draft to help us refine it into a draft preferred scenario. At this halfway point in the MTP update process, we hope the following information is helpful context for your review of the preliminary draft scenario.

# Method for Developing the MTP Land Use Allocation

In each MTP update cycle SACOG prepares an estimated growth pattern for the region (i.e., where throughout the region the projected amount of employment and housing will occur during the planning period). This MTP update is governed by federal requirements related to regional transportation plans and the Clean Air Act (23 CFR part 450 and 40 CFR part 93). It is also affected by SB 375, and specifically its requirements to include a Sustainable Communities Strategy (SCS), and possibly an Alternative Planning Strategy (Gov. Code, § 65080, subd. (b)(F)(2)(B)).

Auburn

Citrus Heights

Colfax Davis

El Dorado County

Elk Grove

Folsom

Galt Isleton

Lincoln

Live Oak

Loomis

Marysville

Placer County

Placerville

Rancho Cordova

Rocklin Roseville

Sacramento

Sacramento County

Sutter County

West Sacramento

Wheatland

 $\it Winters$ 

Woodland

Yolo County

Yuba City

Yuba County

1

Given these requirements, SACOG considers a number of factors in developing the estimated growth pattern. These include:

**Local plans and policies:** Local general plans, spheres of influence, community and specific plans affect the type and intensity of future land uses. Proposed and pending plan updates are also considered in addition to currently adopted plans.

Other Regulations and Policies: State and federal policies and regulations are considered, most notably (but not limited to) those relating to development in floodplains and other natural hazard areas (e.g., fire), federal Clean Water Act and Endangered Species Act permit requirements, Transportation Control Measures in air quality plans under the Federal Clean Air Act, and state housing requirements.

*Market and economic considerations:* Practical considerations affecting the cost and timing of providing infrastructure (e.g., water, sewer, transportation) are analyzed. Market considerations are also analyzed, such as the strength of subregional job markets, people's interest in different types of housing, and developers'/builders' ability to deliver that housing at prices people can afford. Future demographic trends (e.g. age of population, household composition, income, etc.) are an important part of this analysis.

For the last few MTP updates, SACOG has contracted with The Center for the Continuing Study of the California Economy (CCSCE) to develop regional projections of population, employment and households. CCSCE prepares draft projections of future employment (by major employment sector), population and household growth at the six-county regional scale. SACOG staff must then allocate that growth to all of the jurisdictions of the region using the three factors described above. The growth pattern of the MTP is controlled to this total amount of population, employment and housing growth for the region.

SACOG's MTP/SCS growth forecast can never be just the sum of its 28-member local governments' adopted general plans because the sum of all those policies and regulations never yields a growth pattern exactly consistent with the projected amount of employment and housing growth for the entire region. For example, the sum of retail-designated lands typically exceeds forecasted quantities. The question often arises, "what are the implications for a land use project that is not shown in the MTP growth forecast"? The short answer is that the land use assumptions in the MTP will not and do not preclude a local jurisdiction from planning and approving growth that is different in terms of total units and/or geographic extent. A longer answer adds on that SACOG must update the MTP/SCS every four years, so that as new information about individual development projects becomes available after the MTP is adopted, SACOG is obligated to address that information in the next MTP update cycle.

### **Information to Consider when Reviewing the Land Use Scenario**

Attachment 1 shows the amount of new housing and employment allocated to each of four community types in each jurisdiction, detailed by plan area where applicable. A "Holding Capacity" column is also included in the scenario table so that you can review the base land use assumptions used to develop the scenario. If you believe a plan area to be omitted from the table,

it may be that it is included in another geographic category or that no growth is assumed to occur by 2035. Please don't hesitate to contact us with any questions as you review the scenario.

Planning and development conditions change on a regular basis and we understand that there may be new information to consider for any given plan area or project. Therefore, in addition to any other comments you provide, please consider the following factors as you review the tables:

- 1) Has the development status of any planning area changed since January 2011?
- 2) Have you observed any development market trends or demographic trends in your jurisdiction that are different since January?
- 3) Have any environmental or regulatory factors changed since January that could affect timing or location of development (e.g. status of federal permits)?
- 4) Are there any other factors or considerations that may affect the land use allocation for your jurisdiction?

**A note on the 2020 land use allocation:** a 2020 land use allocation for the MTP/SCS will be produced; however, regional growth projections for the 2020 time frame are not yet set, pending growth projection information from the California Departments of Finance and Housing and Community Development.

### **To Provide Comments**

Comments will be accepted in any manner that is most convenient (email, phone, meeting, letter, etc.). Please respond to Jennifer Hargrove at (916) 340-6216 or <a href="mailto:jhargrove@sacog.org">jhargrove@sacog.org</a> by <a href="mailto:Thursday">Thursday</a>, May 5, 2011.

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Attachment 4 July 18, 2011

**To:** City and County Planning Directors

**From**: Matt Carpenter, Director of Transportation Services

Kacey Lizon, MTP Project Manager Jennifer Hargrove, Land Use Coordinator

**Subject:** Land use allocation assumptions for the Draft Preferred 2020

MTP/SCS Scenario

Thank you for your ongoing participation in the development of the Metropolitan Transportation Plan and Sustainable Communities Strategy for 2035.

In April, we asked each planning department to review the Preliminary Draft Preferred Scenario for 2035. In June, after jurisdiction comments and other factors were considered, the SACOG Board endorsed the Draft Preferred Scenario for 2035. A copy of the Board item was emailed as part of the June Planners Committee meeting and can also be found here:

http://sacog.org/calendar/2011/06/23/planners/pdf/4a\_MTP%20Draft%20Pref%20Scenario.pdf

As part of the MTP/SCS for 2035, we have to develop projections and a land use allocation for 2020. Attached for your review and comment is a Draft Preferred Scenario for the 2020 MTP/SCS. The method for developing this 2020 land use allocation builds on the method used to develop the 2035 land use allocation (see Attachment 1 for a description of this method). The 2020 land use allocation for each jurisdiction must represent an interim growth projection between the MTP/SCS base year of 2008 and the end year of 2035.

## Information to Consider when Reviewing the Land Use Scenario

The draft land use allocation provided below shows the amount of new housing and employment allocated by 2020 to each of four community types in each jurisdiction, detailed by plan area where applicable. The MTP/SCS 2035 Draft Preferred Scenario and the Build Out you reviewed previously are included in the table so that you can review the base land use assumptions used to develop the scenario. If you believe a plan area to be omitted from the table, it may be that it is included in another geographic category or that no growth is assumed to occur by 2035. Please don't hesitate to contact us with any questions as you review the scenario.

Planning and development conditions change on a regular basis and we understand that there may be new information to consider for any given plan area or project. Therefore, in addition to any other comments you provide, please consider the following factors as you review the tables:

Auburn

Citrus Heights

Colfax Davis

El Dorado County

Elk Grove Folsom

Galt

Isleton Lincoln

Live Oak

Loomis Marysville

Placer County

Placerville

Rancho Cordova

Roseville Sacramento

Rocklin

Sacramento County

Sutter County

West Sacramento

Wheatland

Winters Woodland

Yolo County

Yuba City

- 1) Has the development status of any planning area changed that would affect the near-term (through 2020) timing of development?
- 2) Have you observed any development market trends or demographic trends in your jurisdiction that would affect the near-term timing of development?
- 3) Have any environmental or regulatory factors changed since January that could affect the near-term timing or location of development (e.g. status of federal permits)?
- 4) Are there any other factors or considerations that may affect the 2020 land use allocation for your jurisdiction?

#### **To Provide Comments**

Comments will be accepted in any manner that is most convenient (email, phone, meeting, letter, etc.). Please respond to Jennifer Hargrove at (916) 340-6216 or <a href="mailto:jhargrove@sacog.org">jhargrove@sacog.org</a> by <a href="mailto:Monday">Monday</a>, <a href="mailto:August 8">August 8</a>, <a href="mailto:2011.">2011</a>.

The SACOG Board will be asked to endorse the use of a 2020 Draft Preferred Scenario at its September meeting.

# Regional Growth Pattern

As part of the MTP/SCS, SACOG develops a growth forecast, estimating new population, employment, and housing for the region, and a land use forecast, which is the distribution of this growth around the region. The purpose of this document is to describe the general use, density and intensity of the land use forecast for each jurisdiction.

Growth rates and patterns within an area are influenced by various local, regional, and national forces that reflect ongoing social, economic, and technological changes. Ultimately, the amount and location of population growth and economic development that occurs within a specific area is regulated by city and county governments through zoning, land use plans and policies, and decisions regarding development applications. Local government and other regional, state, and federal agencies also make decisions regarding the provision of infrastructure (e.g., transportation facilities, water facilities, sewage facilities) and protection of natural resources that may influence growth rates and the location of future development.

At any point in time, the 28 jurisdictions in the Sacramento Region are at various stages of updating or augmenting their local land use plans. Since the adoption of the Blueprint Vision by the SACOG Board of Directors in December 2004, a number of jurisdictions in the region have been voluntarily implementing the Blueprint smart growth principles into their planning processes. The general plan and specific plan development activities occurring in the region by the local jurisdictions are reflected in the 2035 land use forecast that accompany the population, housing and employment forecasts for the MTP/SCS 2035. These plans fall within one of four categories:

- Recently adopted general plans (Since 2004): City of Citrus Heights, El Dorado County, City of Rancho Cordova, City of Galt, City of Lincoln, City of Live Oak, City of Sacramento, City of Wheatland, Yolo County, Yuba County, Sutter County, and the City of Yuba City.
- Undergoing general plan updates (present): Sacramento County, City of Rocklin, and City of West Sacramento.
- Developing or recently adopted area-specific land use plans: City of Davis, City of Elk Grove, City of Roseville, Placer County, City of Placerville, City of Folsom.
- Not currently updating general plans or community-level land use plans: City of Auburn, City of Colfax, City of Isleton, Town of Loomis, City of Marysville, City of Winters, and City of Woodland.

In developing the MTP/SCS 2035 land use forecast, SACOG worked with each of the local jurisdictions to develop a growth forecast and accompanying land use allocation that reflects each of their Blueprint implementation efforts. At the same time, the MTP/SCS 2035 land use assumptions must reflect the growth pattern that is most likely to occur, based on the best information available (93 C.F.R. § 93.122). The resulting growth patterns are a combination of local policies, many of which reflect or are influenced by Blueprint principles, and market forces leavened by issues such as flooding and habitat conservation.

### <u>Definitions for Frequently Utilized Terms</u>

The following terms are used throughout this document to describe the characteristics of the land uses identified in the MTP/SCS.

**General Plan-** California law requires each jurisdiction in the state to develop and adopt a general plan, a long-term plan for the physical development of the city or county. It must contain seven mandated elements, including: Land Use, Open Space, Conservation, Housing, Noise, Circulation, and Safety.

**Specific Plan-** Sometimes referred to as a master plan, community plan, or planned unit development, this is a tool many cities and counties use to implement the general plan in new growth areas. It effectively establishes a link between implementing the policies of the general plan and the development proposal of a specific area.

**Sphere of Influence (SOI)-** A sphere of influence refers to a plan for the probable ultimate physical boundary and service area of a city, as determined by the Local Agency Formation Commission (LAFCO). LAFCOs are state-mandated, quasi-judicial countywide commissions whose function is to oversee boundary changes of cities and special districts, the formation of new agencies, including the incorporation of new cities or districts, and the consolidation of special districts and cities.

**Density-** Housing units divided by net residential acres (land on which housing is built, exclusive of public rights-of-ways, parks, schools and public areas). All densities discussed in this section of the MTP/SCS refer to net density.

Rural Residential- Single-family housing that is typically one to two stories, built at a density less than or equal to one unit per acre.

**Very Low Density Residential-** Single-family housing that is typically one to two stories, built at a density between two and four units per acre.

**Low Density Residential-** Single-family housing that is typically one to two stories, built at a density between four and eight units per acre.

**Medium Density Residential-** Single-family or multi-family (attached) housing that is typically built at a density between 9 and 12 units per acre. Typical building heights are one to two stories.

**Medium-High Density Residential-** Single-family or multi-family (attached) housing that is typically built at a density between 13 and 25 units per acre. Typical building heights are one to three stories.

**High Density Residential-** Multi-family (attached) housing that is typically built at a density greater than 25 units per acre. Typical building heights are between two and six stories, with taller buildings in the more urban areas.

**Commercial**- Commercial uses include retail and combined retail and office uses ranging from neighborhood scale to regional scale, generally one to two stories. Up to three stories is allowed when mixed with residential in a vertical mixed use format. Floor Area Ratios (FAR) generally range from 0.2 to 0.6; however, FAR can be up to 2.0 in mixed-use buildings.

**Office-** Office uses include a range of office buildings from single, small office uses (e.g., generally not including office parks or complexes) that range from one to three stories to multi-story towers (20 or more stories). Minimum FAR are generally 0.8.

**Industrial**- Industrial uses range from light industrial-office to heavy industrial. This includes business park complexes, warehouses, manufacturing and processing facilities, and other industrial uses generally ranging from one to two stories. FAR typically are 0.3 or less.

**Public-** Public uses include schools, hospitals, fire stations, airports, military facilities, libraries, community centers, zoos, public pools, etc. FAR are generally about 0.2 to 0.3; however, because of the wide range of public uses, this range can be much larger. For example, universities and hospitals will often have FAR greater than 1.0 and airports, by contrast, are usually very low, at less than 0.05.

**Rural Residential Community**- This refers to the MTP/SCS Community Types. Please see Chapter 3- Land Use Forecast for a full description and map of the Community Types. Residential development forecasted in these areas in the MTP/SCS does not exceed the maximum density of one unit per acre, as defined by general plans. Employment development is based on 80 percent of the allowed intensity of the land use designations in adopted general plans.

Center and Corridor Community- This refers to the MTP/SCS Community Types. Please see Chapter 3- Land Use Forecast for a full description and map of the Community Types. Unless otherwise noted, development forecasted in these areas in the MTP/SCS is based on 80 percent of the allowed density or intensity of the land use designations in adopted general plans.

**Established Community-** This refers to the MTP/SCS Community Types. Please see Chapter 3-Land Use Forecast for a full description and map of the Community Types. Unless otherwise noted, development forecasted in these areas in the MTP/SCS is based on 80 percent of the allowed density or intensity of the land use designations in adopted general plans.

**Developing Community-** This refers to the MTP/SCS Community Types. Please see Chapter 3-Land Use Forecast for a full description and map of the Community Types. These areas were modeled according to the adopted and proposed specific plans, master plans, and special plans discussed throughout this document.

# SUMMARY BY JURISDICTION

### **EL DORADO COUNTY**

#### Placerville

Land development in the City of Placerville is significantly limited by topography, as the city is located in a narrow valley surrounded by steep hills. In the past several years, new development has occurred on individual infill sites, resulting in a slow growth rate for the city. As the county seat and a major stop along the tourist routes into the Sierra Nevada foothills and mountains, Placerville has also maintained a relatively strong jobs base in the county. Today the city is more than two-thirds built out and is primarily characterized in the MTP/SCS as an Established Community. The MTP/SCS also designates a Center and Corridor Community along Placerville Drive and Highway 50, in the city limits. This is consistent with the city's Proposed Placerville Redevelopment Plan,

which focuses on a reuse and revitalization strategy for the city's western gateway. The proposed plan would allow for redevelopment by authorizing the Redevelopment Agency to use a portion of the property taxes within the project area to improve infrastructure, revitalize property, and facilitate development in accordance with the general plan.

Growth projections through 2035 reflect continued infill of the city's vacant and underutilized parcels, with approximately 1,107 new housing units and 824 new jobs by 2035 in Established Communities and Center and Corridor Communities. These new housing units range from low to medium-high density. The new jobs are primarily commercial in the Center and Corridor Community, with new commercial, office, industrial and public uses in Established Communities. The city's strong jobs-housing ratio of 2.5 currently is expected to move towards a more balanced jobs-to-housing ratio of 2.1 by 2035. Moderate growth in both jobs and housing will occur steadily through the time period, with 2020 growth that is on par with the regional average for housing and employment growth that, at 40 percent of the 2035 employment growth happening by 2020, is slightly higher than the regional average. The build out estimate for the city provides an additional 1,854 new employees and 665 new homes post 2035.

The regional monitoring program will include tracking of the ultimate resolution of the future of redevelopment functions through the courts and state legislature, which may influence the city's plans for revitalization along Placerville Drive.

## El Dorado (Unincorporated County)

Residential development is concentrated in the western half of the county and historically has been rural in nature. Commercial development is generally located along Highway 50 and State Routes 49 and 193. In the last decade, robust suburban residential and employment growth has occurred at the county's western edge, in the communities of El Dorado Hills and Cameron Park. Due to the fact that these areas have a significant amount of existing homes and employment areas, Cameron Park, the portion of El Dorado Hills that is west of El Dorado Hills Boulevard, the areas immediately adjacent to Placerville, and the Diamond Springs area are designated as Established Communities in the MTP/SCS. Today, these areas are primarily made up of low density housing and supporting commercial and public uses. The remaining portion of El Dorado Hills, along with the adopted specific plans of Carson Creek, Bass Lake Hills, Valley View, Missouri Flats, and currently proposed Marble Valley make up the Developing Communities in El Dorado. A new El Dorado Hills Business Park south of Highway 50 and just east of the El Dorado-Sacramento County border has begun generating some job growth outside of the traditional jobs center in the city of Placerville. This area is one of two Center and Corridor Communities in the county. The other is located in the Diamond Springs area, along Pleasant Valley Road, between Missouri Flat Road and Highway 49. The county recently adopted a mixed-use ordinance that allows mixed use development of commercial properties, up to 70 percent residential and 30 percent commercial. El Dorado County's general plan focuses the highest concentrations of housing and employment growth in these communities (designated Established and Center and Corridor in the MTP/SCS) while designating the rest of the unincorporated area for rural development and agriculture. The general plan also designates "agricultural districts". The purpose of these areas is to conserve, protect, and maintain agriculture use in these areas. Within these districts, there are stronger policies on non-agricultural development, including providing a ten acre buffer between agricultural related and non-agricultural uses. These areas, along with the eastern half of the county which is primarily forested and publicly owned lands, are designated in the MTP/SCS as lands not identified for

development in the MTP/SCS planning period, meaning no non-agricultural related development is projected in these areas. The remaining county is considered Rural Residential Communities, consistent with the county general plan. Although the general plan includes substantial theoretical opportunities for rural residential construction in these areas, market forces, county policies to protect and promote agricultural uses, and wildfire risk issues are expected to significantly limit the amount of actual rural residential development.

The MTP/SCS forecasts 11,715 new housing units and 16,821 new employees in the unincorporated portion of El Dorado County by 2035. The majority of this growth, 6,198 housing units and 14,925 employees, is located in Established Communities. This new housing growth ranges from very low density to medium-high density. Much of this is the continued build out of existing plans. New employment in these communities is a mix of neighborhood supportive commercial and public uses, as well as filling in and expanding existing industrial/office parks along Latrobe Rd., and in various locations along Highway 50.

Developing Communities in the MTP/SCS make up 5,107 of the new housing units and 691 new jobs. The portion of El Dorado Hills that is a Developing Community has approximately 3,500 homes and 1,800 jobs today. The MTP/SCS forecast includes an additional 1,472 new homes and 258 new jobs in this area by 2035; however, planned capacity for this area includes an additional 1,967 employees and 1,064 housing units. The growth in this area is primarily very low density residential, averaging two units per acre with smaller scale neighborhood supporting commercial and new public uses. Bass Lake Hills, immediately adjacent to El Dorado Hills is planned for almost entirely residential uses, has 1,183 new housing units and 57 new employees by 2035. Similar to El Dorado Hills, this area is primarily very low density residential, averaging two units per acre. This area is expected to build very close to its capacity by 2035, with only an additional 82 units of capacity remaining. The Valley View specific plan area, located just south of Highway 50 from El Dorado Hills has a planned capacity for 2,862 housing units and 340 employees. This housing has recently started building and has approximately 300 homes as of 2008. The MTP/SCS forecast assumes construction of another 1,032 homes by 2035 and 132 new jobs. Similar to its surroundings, this area has an average density of three housing units per acre and employment uses that are commercial and public. Carson Creek is a Developing Community located on the Sacramento-El Dorado border, just south of Highway 50, which has begun to develop in recent years. This area is projected to build out its residential capacity in the MTP/SCS planning period, adding 701 new housing units, and averaging about three units per acre. The southernmost portion of this plan is for new industrial uses that have the potential to generate 3,620 new employees at build out. Of this employment growth, 47 new employees are forecast in the MTP/SCS during the 2035 planning period. Missouri Flats, Developing Community just outside of Placerville, has plans to more than double the current 3,239 employees, reaching a potential 6,815 employees at capacity. This area is unique because it is currently more like an Established Community, however, the county has recently adopted design guidelines for the area to encourage revitalization and improve the quality and character of the area. For this reason it is included as a Developing Community. The MTP/SCS assumes only a small amount of housing and employment growth in this area, 197 new employees and 73 new housing units. Revitalization of an existing community often happens slower than new growth due to its location within the region; it is likely that this area will take time beyond the current planning period to realize its full employment capacity. The final Developing Community is Marble Valley. Though not yet adopted, the plan is expected to provide 3,013 new homes and 1,041 new jobs. Because the plan it not yet adopted the MTP/SCS forecast projects only

646 of the new homes will occur by 2035. Because it is a new plan, the average density is expected to be five units per acre, somewhat higher than the surrounding Developing Communities.

Rural Residential Communities in El Dorado County are expected to experience low amounts of growth, approximately 395 new housing units and 770 new jobs by 2035. The MTP/SCS forecast assumes relatively small amounts of new rural residential homes to be constructed in the region by 2035. This is in part due to the current recession combined changing demographics which suggest a higher percent of the population will want to live on smaller lots or in attached homes near existing jobs, services, and with more transportation choices.

Unincorporated El Dorado County as a whole is forecasted to grow in pace with the regional average. This means it will experience slower growth rates between now and 2020 as the region comes out of the current recession. Regionally, 28 percent of the 2035 employment growth is forecasted to occur by 2020 and 39 percent of the housing growth forecasted by 2035. El Dorado County is projected to build 31 percent of its 2035 employment and 39 of the housing by 2020. The jobs-housing ratio in 2035 is forecasted to improve slightly to 0.7, from 0.6 today.

Trends that will be tracked through the regional monitoring program that could influence future land use forecasts in El Dorado County include the rate of increased job growth in the foothills, the degree to which the County's priority of protecting and growing its agricultural activities succeeds, and the pace of rural residential construction.

#### **PLACER COUNTY**

#### Auburn

Auburn has experienced a slow pace of growth over the past twenty years. Development opportunities within the city are limited to a single greenfield site south of Interstate 80, scattered infill parcels, and redevelopment in the city's redevelopment district. Though it covers a large area, Auburn's sphere of influence (SOI) similarly has few large development parcels outside of the redevelopment potential along the Highway 49 corridor (north of the city limits). Given the nature of existing development in the Auburn area, large, capacity-adding annexations are not projected to occur. For this reason, most of the city and the SOI area are Established Communities in the MTP/SCS. The half mile radius around the existing Amtrak station is a Center and Corridor Community. The greenfield site, south of Interstate 80 has an adopted Specific Plan, known as Baltimore Ravine is a Developing Community in the MTP/SCS. Auburn has historically maintained a strong balance of jobs to housing, due in part to its role as the county seat, a shopping and service destination for the surrounding rural areas, and as a stop along heavily-traveled tourist routes to the Sierra Nevada foothills and mountains.

Auburn's Established Communities are primarily built out today in terms of new residential and employment capacity. These areas have capacity to add approximately 2,000 new housing units; however, this is all through individual infill opportunities at maximum allowed densities and would take significant time to achieve. Given the historic nature of residential growth in Auburn, the MTP/SCS forecast is for 360 new homes in Established Communities by 2035. Similarly these areas have capacity for about 2,100 new employees, but the MTP/SCS forecast is for 636 new employees by 2035. About 208 new employees and 287 new housing units are expected to be added to the Center and Corridor Community around the train station in the MTP/SCS planning period. The

remaining growth in the MTP/SCS, 714 new housing units and 63 new employees, is in the Developing Community, Baltimore Ravine. This plan is approved and expected to total 726 housing units with an average density of 10 units per acre and supporting commercial and public uses, generating potentially 200 employees at build out.

Although the ratio of jobs-to-housing units is expected to remain jobs-heavy, it does improve slightly, from 1.4 to 1.3 in 2035. A greater share of the housing growth will occur in the later years of the planning period as it is expected that the housing units in Baltimore Ravine will likely not begin construction right away. Similar to many Developing Communities around the region, it is expected to start building by 2020, with the majority of the development will likely occur between 2021 and 2035. The employment forecast in the MTP/SCS for Auburn is similar to the majority of the region in that it will take time for the job market to recover and so slower job growth is expected in the early years. However, Auburn job growth, because of its strong job base currently, is forecasted to occur a bit faster than the regional average.

Among the factors that will be tracked through the regional monitoring program is the possible interplay between growth on the county's valley floor and growth rates in Auburn. If the expected success of the on-going effort to adopt a habitat conservation plan in this area stalls or fails it is possible that growth pressures may shift up into the foothills and change the projected pace of growth in Auburn. Another factor that could increase Auburn growth rates would be the provision of additional commuter rail service to the city.

#### Colfax

Colfax is a relatively small city that has experienced historically slow growth. Though the city is not built out, much of the current development has been there for a long time and the city does not have any large new growth areas. For this reason, most of the city is considered an Established Community in the MTP/SCS. The city is currently working on a Highway Corridor Revitalization Plan for the area along Interstate 80 to encourage economic development of the area. This portion of the city is a Center and Corridor Community in the MTP/SCS.

Through 2035, Colfax is anticipated to grow slowly, with 659 new jobs and 180 new housing units by 2035. New development is likely to be small-scale and a significant amount of it concentrated in and around the Interstate 80 and Highway 174 corridors.

Issues that we will track through the regional monitoring program include whether there are any unexpected market dynamics that increase growth rates substantially. The recent resolution of the city's wastewater treatment issues has removed one important impediment to growth.

### Lincoln

The City of Lincoln has been one of the fastest growing cities in the Sacramento region for much of the last decade, more than tripling its population in the past ten years. The majority of the growth has been residential development in a few large specific plan areas, though commercial development has accelerated in the three to four years preceding the current recession. As a result of this growth, the residential capacity within the city limits is about 80 percent built out today. For this reason, the entire city limits, with the exception of the downtown area, is an Established Community in the MTP/SCS. The downtown area, because of its location along Highway 65 and its history as being the town center, is distinguished in the MTP/SCS as a Center and Corridor Community. The city's

recently adopted 2050 General Plan will accommodate a major expansion of the population and city limits. The Plan was developed at approximately the same time as the Blueprint and the two documents are essentially consistent with each other. The general plan organizes new growth into "villages." There are seven villages, each containing a mixture of land uses and densities designed to implement smart growth principles and to recognize the environmental and physical constraints of each village area. Large commercial, industrial and employment uses are planned for the areas along the nearly completed Highway 65 Bypass. All seven villages are in the city's sphere of influence (SOI). Village 7 has a currently adopted specific plan, while the others do not. Throughout the expansion areas of the city (east and west), a minimum of 45 percent of the land area will be dedicated open space and parklands. As a participant in the Placer County Conservation Plan, Lincoln is working with Placer County and federal and state resource agencies over those lands that will be preserved and developed within its future city limits. It is most likely that Villages 1, 2, and 7 will begin construction within the current MTP/SCS planning period and they are, therefore, designated as Developing Communities. A portion of the current SOI, outside of the Villages, along Highway 65 is designated by the general plan for employment uses, including a medical center and light industrial uses. This area is also a Developing Community in the MTP/SCS.

The MTP/SCS forecasts 11,275 new housing units and 9,963 new employees in Lincoln by 2035. About 4,000 of the new housing units are in the Center and Corridor Community and Established Communities. This growth ranges from very low density to medium-high density and is assumed to build out the residential capacity of the current city limits. Employment growth in Established Communities accounts for 4,754 of the new employees, which includes commercial, office, industrial, and public land uses. Within the Established Communities there still exists additional land capacity for another 5,800 employees.

The Developing Community that is located along Highway 65, currently in the SOI area of the city, includes 4,229 new employees by 2035 in the MTP/SCS forecast. This area is designated by the general plan for employment only and, therefore, no housing growth is assumed for this area in the MTP/SCS. This area has capacity beyond the MTP/SCS forecast for an additional 5,557 new jobs. Village 7 is the first of the Villages assumed to begin construction. As a result, the MTP/SCS forecasts this specific plan area will likely build out its 3,298 housing units and 395 employees by 2035. This village includes an average residential density of ten units per acre with neighborhood serving commercial and public uses. Villages 1 and 2 make up the remaining growth for the city. Village 1 has a capacity of 3,524 housing units and 676 employees. The MTP/SCS forecasts 2,010 new housing units and 275 employees by 2035. The average residential density is seven units per acre and the plan includes neighborhood serving commercial and public uses. Developing Community, Village 2, includes 1,997 new units and 235 new employees in the MTP/SCS. However, this village is planned for a capacity of 3,901 housing units and 352 employees. Similar to the other villages, Village 2 includes neighborhood serving commercial and public uses, and has an average residential density of eight units per acre.

While Lincoln has experienced rapid growth in the early part of the decade, the current recession, high foreclosure rates, and changing demographics are likely to contribute to a slower housing growth rate for the city that is on par with the regional average rather than significantly higher than it. Close to the regional average of 39 percent, the MTP/SCS forecast assumes 38 percent of the 2035 housing growth will occur by 2020. Much of this growth is expected to occur in the existing city limits, in Established Communities, with the build out of currently developing subdivisions. Lincoln is projected to experience increased job growth into the future as it merges with the growing

southwest Placer job center along the Highway 65 corridor. The completion of the Highway 65 Bypass also contributes to the higher percentage of jobs in the city. By 2020, the MTP/SCS forecasts approximately 37 percent of the 2035 jobs will be realized, compared to the regional average of 28 percent. Because of the employment growth expected to occur in the city, housing development in Village 7 is forecasted to begin by 2020 as well. This growth forecast works to improve the city's jobs-housing ratio from 0.5 today to 0.7 by 2035.

There are at least three key variables to monitor carefully that may influence the timing and nature of growth in Lincoln in future MTP/SCS updates. First, the Lincoln Bypass, a major investment whose first phase is well under construction and expected to be completed in 2012. Second, the timing of completion of the Placer County Conservation Plan, which currently appears to be on a positive trajectory headed towards resolution; however, challenging issues remain including some involving lands within the Lincoln SOI. Third, Placer County has started an informal discussion about the pros and cons of designating cities as the primary entities responsible for urbanizing lands in southwest Placer County. Any one of these three variables could alter market conditions enough to warrant changes in future MTP/SCS's.

### Loomis

The Town of Loomis is a small, rural community that has experienced very little growth in the past seven years despite its location in the fast-growing southwestern region of Placer County. Loomis' general plan aims to maintain the town's rural character overall, while the Town Center Master Plan supports some infill and redevelopment in the downtown area. Because of this, the Town Center area is a Center and Corridor Community in the MTP/SCS, while the housing and industrial employment areas bordering it are characterized as Established Community and the remaining portions of the city are Rural Residential Community.

Loomis' projected MTP/SCS growth of 947 new employees and 938 new housing units by 2035 is expected to happen slowly over the planning period and primarily in the Center and Corridor Community and Established Community. This growth is consistent with the general plan allowed uses and densities in these areas. With no plans for expansion, the town's residential growth is limited to development of the remaining vacant rural residential lands, and minimal development in its downtown. Employment growth will be concentrated along the Interstate 80 corridor and in the downtown. Residential growth will be slow, with the town only likely to see 20 percent of its 2035 housing growth by 2020. The town's strong existing jobs-housing balance is expected to be maintained through 2035.

The regional monitoring program will include tracking the fate of funding for urban infill development such as envisioned in the town's core area, and the potential impact any additional commuter train service in Placer County might have on growth rates and patterns in and around Loomis.

#### Rocklin

The City of Rocklin is surrounded on all sides by the cities of Lincoln and Roseville, the Town of Loomis, and the Roseville SOI. The city experienced significant residential growth prior to the current recession and as a result, today the city is about 75 percent built out in its housing capacity. The city is currently completing a general plan update, which assumes build out of the city

residential uses by 2035 using the city's mid-range growth projections. As part of the general plan update (in progress), the city is incorporating its Conceptual Downtown Rocklin Plan that will provide significant capacity for residential and employment growth in the downtown area. The Downtown Plan area is located within the half mile radius of the existing Amtrak station. This entire area is a Center and Corridor Community in the MTP/SCS. The city has four new growth areas, two residential focused and two employment focuses within the city. These areas are Developing Communities in the MTP, while the remainder of the city is considered an Established Community.

These four Developing Communities represent the next increment of significant new growth in the city. Sunset Ranchos is an adopted specific plan area that has begun building in recent years. At build out the plan will include a total of 4,339 housing units and 1,944 jobs. With an average residential density of eight units per acre, this area is primarily low and medium density uses with some neighborhood supporting commercial and public uses. Directly west of Sunset Ranchos, along Highway 65 is the city's newest employment center. Though building activity has just started, this area could accommodate up to 13,473 employees at build out and is primarily made up of commercial, office, and light industrial uses. The second employment only Developing Community in Rocklin is along Interstate 80. At build out, this area could potentially add 3,347 new employees to the city. The fourth and final Developing Community in Rocklin is the Clover Valley Specific Plan area. Clover Valley is planned for 564 low density units, averaging four units per acre and some small commercial and public uses.

Similar to the general plan update projections, the MTP/SCS forecast for Rocklin is that most of the city's residential capacity will be built by 2035. The city's employment centers are expected to grow significantly by 2035, but will not likely reach its capacity for some time beyond the MTP/SCS planning period. By 2035, the MTP/SCS forecast for the city includes 6,358 new housing units and 9,128 new jobs. About 85 percent of this housing growth will occur by almost building out the two residential Developing Communities and by building out existing subdivisions and infill in Established Communities. The Center and Corridor Community is expected to grow by 975 housing units and 418 employees. This residential growth is expected to be higher density and will be added through small-scale infill and redevelopment and, therefore, is expected to be implemented slowly over the MTP/SCS planning period. Due to past development trends, when current economic conditions improve as projects in the MTP/SCS land use forecast by 2035, Rocklin along with the rest of southwest Placer County, is anticipated to be one of the first areas in the region where recovery in both residential construction and employment growth will occur. As a result, Rocklin's job and housing growth is expected to outpace the regional average. The MTP/SCS forecasts 43 percent of the 2035 employment growth forecast by 2020, compared to the regional average of 28 percent of the 2035 employment growth by 2020, will occur in Rocklin. These estimates are more in line with the city's mid-range growth projections in the general plan update as compared to the low-range growth that has actually been experienced over the last several years.

The regional monitoring program will include tracking the resolution of local government redevelopment authorities as well as any potential changes in market trends in this area once the region comes out of the recession and many of the planned development in the southwest Placer area begin to build.

#### Roseville

Roseville sits at the heart of the southwest Placer employment center. In the past decade, the city experienced significant housing growth; however housing growth still did not keep pace with employment. Employment uses have been concentrated in the areas around Interstate 80 and Highway 65. While residential uses surround these areas, the majority of the city's housing is located west of the Interstate 80/Highway 65 corridors. With the exception of the West Roseville specific plan area, the city's residential capacity is about 88 percent built out. For this reason, most of the city is considered Established Communities in the MTP/SCS. Roseville has three Center and Corridor Communities. The first includes the half mile radius around the existing Amtrak station, including the Downtown Specific Plan and Riverside Gateway areas. The second two are centered on the Sunrise Boulevard and Douglas Boulevard intersection, and correspond with two of the city's primary future target infill and revitalization areas. The West Roseville specific plan, adopted in 2004, began construction of homes in 2006. Since adoption of the plan, landowners have applied for rezones to increase the capacity and density of the plan. While this area has about 1,200 homes today, it has capacity for an additional 7,626 and for this reason it is a Developing Community in the MTP/SCS. Two other Developing Communities are identified for development during the MTP/SCs planning period: Sierra Vista and Creekview. Sierra Vista is a recently adopted specific plan, also recently annexed into the southwestern city limits. The city has an existing Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) with the US Fish and Wildlife Service, which enables early consultation with federal resources agencies. Creekview, within the city's northwest SOI is currently in the entitlement process. An existing MOU developed in 2000 with Placer County designated Roseville as the lead agency to plan the urbanization of both the Sierra Vista and Creekview planning areas. The city has one additional new growth area it is considering at this time, which is located just north of the Creekview specific plan, outside of the current SOI area. Because a development application was only submitted in May 2011 and is anticipated to take several years to process, it is not considered for development in this MTP/SCS planning period.

With 28,480 new jobs and 18,162 new housing units, job growth is expected to outpace housing growth through 2035 in Roseville. About 65 percent of the job growth is forecasted to occur in Established Communities. This is primarily through filling in existing employment areas, including regional retail centers, office parks/light industrial complexes, and industrial parks. These Established Communities have land capacity for an additional 10,690 new employees. Residential growth capacity in these Established Communities is much smaller as much of it is small, infill development. The MTP/SCS forecasts 3,179 new housing units in these areas by 2035. The majority of the new housing growth is in Developing Communities. The West Roseville area is assumed to build out its planned 8,845 housing units, at an average of seven units per acre, by 2035. This area also has plans for new commercial and office uses, which could result in 3,342 new employees at build out. The MTP/SCS forecasts 2,618 of the new employees by 2035. Sierra Vista is also projected to reach close to its build out potential by 2035. With 6,100 new housing units and 4,797 new jobs by 2035, the MTP/SCS forecast is nearing the 6,650 new homes and 5,382 new jobs in the plan's build out capacity. Housing growth in this area will range from low to high density, with an average density of 10 units per acre. Employment uses include commercial and neighborhood supporting public uses. The remaining Developing Community, Creekview, is assumed to start building later in the planning period than Sierra Vista and is forecasted to build a little more than one-quarter of its 2,011 housing unit capacity by 2035. This area is mostly medium density residential, with an average density of 11 units per acre. It includes some neighborhood supportive commercial and public uses, generating 380 new employees in the MTP/SCS, with capacity for an

additional 38. Unlike Established Communities, which experience high employment growth relative to housing growth, Developing Communities experience high housing growth relative to employment growth. This is due to two factors: (1) most of the residential growth in Developing Communities is not expected to fully build out by the horizon year of the MTP/SCS and, therefore, a critical mass of housing is not present to support planned employment growth; and (2) most Developing Communities are located around existing regional jobs centers in southwest Placer County, southeastern Sacramento County, and urbanized Yolo County and are intended to provide nearby housing for those jobs centers.

Job growth in Roseville is somewhat slower in the early years of the plan compared to historic trends, but is expected to keep pace with residential development and outpace the regional average for growth by 2020. With approximately 9,800 new employees and 9,700 new housing units by 2020, the city is forecasted to get 34 percent of its 2035 job growth and 53 percent of its 2035 housing growth by 2020. Over three-quarters of this jobs growth is expected in the existing job centers in Established Communities. Most of the housing growth in the early years, by 2020, is in the West Roseville and Sierra Vista areas. Redevelopment and infill, both mixed-use and residential, in the Center and Corridor Communities are forecasted to be slow and steady throughout the planning period. These Center and Corridor Communities are forecast for 696 new housing units and 2,178 new employees in the MTP/SCS planning period. Build out potential in these areas is significant, 14,697 additional employees and 823 additional housing units. With other large established employment centers in the city, it is unlikely that these areas will reach their employment capacity for some time, well beyond the current MTP/SCS planning period.

There are several on-going planning initiatives which may influence the growth projected for Roseville in future amendments to the MTP/SCS, including new, linked discussions between the City and Placer County regarding the possibility that Roseville may become a part of the PCCP, and that the county may decide to ask the cities in southwest Placer County to be the local governments with primary responsibility for future urbanization decisions. Either or both of these, as well as other dynamic planning issues in the city, could result in changed conditions that warrant refinements to some of the assumptions on which this land use forecast is based.

## Placer (Unincorporated County)

Historically, development in unincorporated Placer County was concentrated in rural communities, the majority of which are clustered along the Interstate 80 corridor. The MTP/SCS describes these areas as Rural Residential Communities. Clusters of more concentrated housing and employment are located near more urban areas of the county. The areas immediately surrounding the cities of Auburn and Colfax, as well as Granite Bay, and the Sunset Industrial area are all examples of this. These areas are characterized as Established Communities. In the past several years, Placer County has approved a number of new specific plans, which will allow significant new residential and employment growth in the county. Because these areas are new development areas, they are characterized as Developing Communities in the MTP/SCS. These Developing Communities include the specific plans for Placer Vineyards, Regional University, Riolo Vineyards, and Bickford Ranch. The county's long term vision for growth includes an additional new growth area, located just north of Baseline Road and the Placer Vineyards plan area. This area has been identified in for future growth in the general plan and the County Board of Supervisors has recently updated the county's work plan to include development of a specific plan for this area. This area

and the remaining portions of the unincorporated county are not identified for development in the current MTP/SCS planning period.

Placer Vineyards is the largest Developing Community in Placer County, located on the Sacramento-Placer county line. At build out this plan will accommodate land for about 7,691-8,267 employees and 14,132-21,631 housing units. Employment uses include commercial, office, industrial and public uses. Residential uses range from low density to high density, including mixeduse, with an average density of 7-11 units per acre. Regional University, located adjacent to the Roseville city limits is planned for 4,389 new housing units and about 1,900 new jobs at build out. This plan includes land for a new university campus, which is where the majority of the jobs are expected to come from, along with some neighborhood serving retail and commercial uses. Because the plan includes a major university campus and it is adjacent to a more urban part of the county, Roseville, the residential densities planned for this area will average 13 units per acre, not including the on-campus housing. These two plans represent a shift in the traditional type of development Placer County has done historically. Riolo Vineyards is located between Placer Vineyards and the established, but rural community located around PFE Road and Walerga Road. This plan, at build out will include 938 housing units, at an average density of four units per acre and about 170 jobs, mostly neighborhood service commercial and public uses. The Developing Community, Bickford Ranch, is located in a primarily rural residential area, east of Lincoln. This plan has capacity for 1,900 homes, averaging three units per acre, and about 200 employees that are mostly neighborhood supporting commercial and public uses.

Because of the amount of development planned in the southwest portion of the county, Placer County, in partnership with South Placer Regional Transportation Authority, Placer County Water Agency, the City of Lincoln, CA Department of Fish and Game, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, National Marine Fisheries Service, the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, and the California Regional Water Quality Control Board is developing the Placer County Conservation Plan (PCCP). The Conservation Plan is being prepared in three phases. Phase 1 is currently underway and covers 273,983 acres of the valley floor and low foothill portions of Placer County. The Agency Draft Placer County Conservation Plan was released on February 1, 2011.

Capacity in Established Communities and Developing Communities is estimated at 37,131 new homes and 93,331 new jobs. Established Communities, if built out, would add 82,900 new jobs, most of which in the Sunset Industrial Community Plan area. Established Communities, also if built out, would add 8,437 new housing units. The remaining capacity comes from Developing Communities, cited above.

While there is a large amount of residential capacity in Rural Residential Communities, that capacity is not considered in the capacity number cited above. Rural Residential Communities in Placer County are expected to experience low amounts of growth, approximately 2,090 new housing units and 342 new jobs by 2035. The MTP/SCS forecast assumes relatively small amounts of new rural residential homes to be constructed in the region by 2035. This is in part due to the current recession combined with changing demographics which suggest a higher percent of the population will want to live on smaller lots or in attached homes near existing jobs, services, and with more transportation choices. In Placer County, this is also in part due to potential wildfire risks in these areas.

In total, the MTP/SCS forecast for unincorporated Placer County includes 17,799 new housing units and 17,971 new jobs by 2035. Of this, the majority of new jobs, 14,143, are in Established Communities, primarily located in the Sunset Industrial Community Plan area and the area around Auburn. Established Communities also account for 2,686 of the new housing units. The majority of the new homes are in the southwest Placer Developing Communities. Placer Vineyards, the largest of the plans is projected to construct 7,886 new housing units and 3,007 new employees in the MTP/SCS. Regional University includes 2,781 new housing units and 349 new jobs. The development of the university is not included in the MTP/SCS because it is most likely to begin construction after the current planning period. The MTP/SCS forecast includes 928 new housing units and 130 new employees in Riolo Vineyards and 1,428 new homes are in Bickford Ranch. The MTP/SCS forecast assumes 30 percent of the 2035 housing and job growth will likely occur by 2020. This early job growth outpaces the regional average and is likely to occur because the southwest Placer area is a strong and growing regional job center today. The housing growth is slower in the early years than the regional average of 39 percent primarily because so much of the new housing growth is in Developing Communities that have not yet begun building. While it is anticipated that all four Developing Communities will begin construction prior to 2020, it will likely begin very close to 2020 and therefore most of the growth in these communities is expected to happen in the latter half of the planning period.

The timing of PCCP adoption will be the dominant issue tracked through regional monitoring that might influence Placer County growth patterns in future MTP/SCS updates. The ultimate resolution of the PCCP may also influence the expected pace of rural residential development.

### **SACRAMENTO COUNTY**

### Citrus Heights

Citrus Heights has limited growth opportunities in the near term as the city is nearly built out, with 78 percent of its employment growth capacity and 91 percent of its housing growth capacity built today. For this reason, much of the city is characterized as Established Community in the MTP/SCS. The city has one large remaining infill opportunity in the Established Community area and that is the golf course located near Greenback Lane and Sunrise Avenue. The city and the redevelopment agency have identified two corridors in the city for targeted redevelopment and revitalization. These areas, the Auburn Boulevard corridor and the Greenback Lane corridor, make up the Center and Corridor Communities in the MTP/SCS within the city. The city will use the approved Auburn Boulevard Specific Plan and the completed Sunrise Market Visioning Project to facilitate redevelopment and infill in these Center and Corridor Communities.

The MTP/SCS forecast for Citrus Heights is 3,758 new housing units and 4,539 new employees by 2035. Of this, 59 percent of the new jobs and 34 percent of the new housing units are expected to occur in Center and Corridor Communities while the remaining growth is in Established Communities, including the development of the golf course property noted above. Most of this development is expected to occur in the latter half of the planning period because market forces are still weak in the near term to support significant infill growth in either of these community types in Citrus Heights. Only 19 percent of the city's 2035 employment growth and 20 percent of the city's housing growth is expected to occur by 2020. In both cases, this is significantly lower than the regional average of 28 percent of 2035 job growth and 39 percent of 2035 housing growth by 2020.

Because employment in the city is projected to grow slightly faster than residential, the city's jobshousing balance will improve slightly from 0.5 today to 0.6 in 2035.

Regional monitoring will focus on the future of redevelopment authorities for local governments, which could in turn influence the pace of growth in Citrus Heights.

## Elk Grove

Over the last decade Elk Grove has experienced significant residential growth. While much of this development is newer, particularly west of Highway 99, it has happened so rapidly that the city is almost 75 percent built out in terms of residential uses and 56 percent build out in employment uses. For this reason, much of the city is considered an Established Community in the MTP/SCS. Not included in the Established Community area are the rural residential areas, historic Elk Grove, and the newest and not yet built planning areas. The northeast corner of Elk Grove has historically been rural residential uses. This area is intended for continued rural residential uses in the city's general plan and as a result, this area is a Rural Residential Community in the MTP/SCS. Old Town Elk Grove is a Center and Corridor Community in the MTP/SCS, consistent with the city's revitalization effort in its Old Town Elk Grove Special Planning Area. The newest specific plan in the city to be adopted and start building in recent years is Laguna Ridge. Less than ten percent built out today, Laguna Ridge is a Developing Community in the MTP/SCS. A second Developing Community is known as the Triangle Special Planning Area. Similar to Laguna Ridge this plan area has also started building in recent years and is just less than half built out today. Three other new growth areas in the city, all in the southern portion of the city adjacent to Laguna Ridge, represent the next increment of new growth for the city. This area is covered by three Developing Communities, the adopted Lent Ranch Marketplace Special Planning Area and two policy areas, Sterling Meadows and Southeast Planning Area. Elk Grove recently completed a Market Study for the city to identify economic development opportunities and land use needs for the city. The study supports the city's strong desire to add more jobs to the city to help balance the currently housing concentrated character. The city also currently has a sphere of influence amendment application in with Sacramento LAFCO to create a sphere of influence directly south of the existing city limits. The city has indicated that its intention for the proposed SOI is to help in bringing more employment opportunities to the city in the long term. This area is not identified for development within the current MTP/SCS planning period.

By 2035, the MTP/SCS forecast for Elk Grove adds 16,992 new housing units and 19,189 new employees to the city. Approximately 26 percent of these housing units and 47 percent of the employees are building out the city's Established Communities and Rural Residential Communities. The majority of the new growth, approximately 74 percent of the housing growth and 53 percent of the employment growth, will occur in the city's Developing Communities. The Laguna Ridge Specific Plan is approved to build 7,767 housing units; however, the city has estimated a reduced build out estimate of 6,400 units will likely be built. The MTP/SCS forecast is for a total of 7,590 housing units built by 2035 in this area, with an average density of eight units per acre. This area is also planned for employment uses including retail, office, and future civic center that, together, will generate 4,281 employees in total by 2035. Because the plan is adopted, has no infrastructure or natural resource issues, and market trends are pointing towards smaller lot sizes and not larger, it is likely that the approved build out, or something very close to it, is most likely to be built by 2035. The Lent Ranch Special Planning Area is primarily a plan for new employment uses that could accommodate 4,400 employees and 280 new multi-family units at build out. The MTP/SCS forecast

for this Developing Community is for 3,207 new employees and 280 new housing units at an average density of 24 units per acre. The Southeast Planning Area is proposed to include 4,600 homes and land for 5,100 jobs. Though this area does not have an adopted plan, the MTP/SCS forecasts 4,077 new homes and 3,493 new jobs in this area by 2035 because of its proximity to other Developing Communities and because the city's overall growth forecast cannot be met without development of this area. Sterling Meadows, a Developing Community situated in between Southeast Planning Area and Lent Ranch, is a residential only community planned for 1,204 new units at a density of eight units per acres. The MTP/SCS forecast assumes approximately 79 percent of these units will develop by 2035. The remaining 113 new housing units in the MTP/SCS forecast for Elk Grove come from the Triangle area. This Developing Community at build out would add an additional 200 units to the 113 units forecast in the MTP/SCS.

While virtually all development in Elk Grove had been residential in the past several years, the city is projected to capture a greater share of the region's employment over the MTP/SCS planning period. About five percent of the regional employment growth is forecasted in Elk Grove. This is supported by the city's effort to attract more jobs and that by the fact that it has begun to see some of this employment growth in the recent arrivals and expansions of a number of medical facilities. The MTP/SCS forecast provides a jobs-housing ratio of 1.1 for the growth in the city; this will help improve the city's jobs-housing balance from .06 today to 0.7 in 2035. It will, however, take time for the city to establish this jobs growth. Because of the current recession and particularly high vacancy rates in commercial and office buildings today, much of the employment growth is expected to occur in the latter half of the planning period while the residential growth is expected to grow faster in the early years of the plan. Approximately 28 percent of the city's 2035 employment growth is forecast to occur by 2020, while approximately 49 percent of the city's 2035 housing growth is forecasted by 2020. Much of this housing is the continued build out of Laguna Ridge which is under construction today.

Key issues that may influence the trajectory of growth in Elk Grove that will be tracked through the regional monitoring program include the timing of implementation of the South Sacramento HCP, which includes Elk Grove, the nature of the city's SOI, once its approved by LAFCO, and the pace of success of the city's substantial initiatives to promote jobs growth, and whether the city starts to experience any of the types of redevelopment activity in existing areas that are part of the typical evolution of urban areas. Any or all of these could lead to a changed land use forecast for the city in future MTP/SCS update cycles.

#### **Folsom**

Folsom's rapid growth in the last several years was a balance of employment and housing growth. The city is home to several major employers and, along with the rest of the region, has experienced robust residential growth in the past decade. Today, about 87 percent of the city's housing capacity and 64 percent of the employment capacity is built out. Therefore, much of the existing city is characterized as Established Community in the MTP/SCS. The city's historic downtown and three light rail station areas (within a half mile of each) are Center and Corridor Communities in the MTP/SCS. Earlier this year the city completed its Historic Sutter Street Revitalization Project, which included streetscape and building façade improvements and also a new public plaza which is currently under construction. This area also includes future plans for mixed-use commercial and residential projects. The city recently adopted a specific plan for the area just south of the city limits, in the current SOI area, and is actively pursuing annexation of the area. This

specific plan area is a Developing Community in the MTP/SCS. This specific plan is for a mix of housing and employment that, at build out, would include 10,210 new housing units and 13,210 new employees. Employment uses include commercial, office, light industrial and public. The average residential density for this plan is 9 units per acre.

Capacity in the city, including the current SOI area, is estimated at 14,139 new housing units and 32,381 new jobs. Established Communities, if built out, would add 15,595 new jobs and 3,155 new housing units. Build out capacity in Center and Corridor Communities would add 775 new housing units and 3,575 new employees. The remaining capacity comes from the Developing Community, cited above.

In total, the MTP/SCS forecast for Folsom includes 10,247 new housing units and 13,304 new jobs by 2035. Of this, the majority of the new jobs, 10,264, are in Established Communities. The majority of the new jobs are commercial, office, and light industrial filling in the existing employment centers along Highway 50. Established Communities also add 2,795 new housing units. These are primarily filling in the newer subdivisions in the eastern portion of the city. New development in Center and Corridor Communities includes 1,749 new jobs and 765 new housing units. Almost all of the new housing capacity in these areas is included in the MTP/SCS because much of it is under construction or proposed today. The majority of the new jobs come from larger commercial, office, and industrial infill opportunities around some of the light rail stations. A smaller number of employees in these areas are from new public uses and mixed-use developments. The Folsom SOI includes 65 percent of the city's new housing growth and 10 percent of the new employment growth. Because Folsom is a growing community and is nearly built out today in residential capacity, this Developing Community is where much of the future housing growth is projected to occur. Conversely, the city has a high percentage of existing undeveloped employment land in the city limits and that, combined with currently high vacancy rates, make employment uses in the SOI less likely to begin construction as early as the housing development will begin. The city as a whole includes a regional job center, good transit access, and as a result the city is expected to grow faster than the regional average. The MTP/SCS forecast assumes 52 percent of the 2035 housing growth will occur by 2020 and approximately 35 percent of the 2035 jobs will occur by 2020.

Issues that will be tracked through the regional monitoring program include whether the relatively high commercial growth planned in the SOI plan is realized and whether there is any fine-tuning to the housing plans in the SOI.

#### Galt

The City of Galt is centered on Highway 99 at the southern edge of Sacramento County. In the past decade, the city has experienced moderate housing and employment growth. Today about 80 percent of the city's residential capacity is built out. For this reason, most of the area in the existing city limits is characterized as Established Community in the MTP/SCS. These Established Communities have the capacity to add 1,845 new housing units, primarily through building out existing subdivisions and some infill, and 6,351 new jobs. The majority of the potential new jobs are industrial uses in the existing industrial complexes located north of Elm Avenue and new commercial uses along Highway 99. The city's historic downtown and the adjacent Lincoln Way and C Street corridors are Center and Corridor Communities in the MTP/SCS, as is part of the Twin Cities Road area. This area has capacity to add about 178 new housing units and 1,322 new jobs. Included in this capacity is the recently constructed Galt Place, an 80 unit mixed use senior

living facility. The city recently adopted a new general plan. This plan includes new employment and residential growth outside of the city limits, with planned employment uses concentrating north of the city along Highway 99 and residential and neighborhood supporting employment uses to the east. The city recently received LAFCO approval for this new SOI boundary, which actually shrinks the footprint of the city's previous SOI area by removing much of the western area from the city's SOI. This area is a Developing Community in the MTP/SCS. Though there is no specific plan for the area, the general plan designated land uses include residential growth that would average five units per acre that could result in a total of 7,577 housing units and 24,040 employees at build out. Much of the new employment concentrated along Highway 99 is a targeted effort by the city to provide economic development opportunities in the city that will help improve the city's currently low jobs/housing ratio.

In total, the MTP/SCS forecast for Galt includes 2,905 new housing units and 3,041 new jobs by 2035. Of this, 1,841 new housing units and 2,078 new employees are in Established Communities; 178 new housing units and 827 new employees are in Center and Corridor Communities; and 886 new housing units and 136 new employees are in Galt SOI Developing Community. The MTP/SCS forecast assumes 28 percent of the 2035 housing and employment growth will occur by 2020.

Like many other jurisdictions throughout the region and in Sacramento County especially, future growth patterns in Galt could be influenced by the timing of implementation of the South Sacramento HCP, which includes Galt, and the ultimate resolution of redevelopment powers for local governments at the state level. Future transit connections both north to Elk Grove and Sacramento and south to Lodi and Stockton could also influence growth patterns in Galt.

#### Isleton

The city of Isleton is located in the southern most portion of Sacramento County in the Sacramento River Delta. Almost 70 percent built out, the city is an Established Community in the MTP/SCS.

Capacity in Isleton is estimated at 158 new housing units and 56 new jobs. In total, the MTP/SCS forecast for the city includes 91 new housing units and 44 new jobs by 2035. The MTP/SCS forecast assumes about 29 percent of the 2035 housing and employment growth will occur by 2020.

Isleton growth patterns are strongly influenced by its location in the Delta, and the progress of implementing new state legislation affecting all aspects of the future of the Delta will be tracked for its potential influence on Isleton and other portions of the region.

#### Rancho Cordova

Rancho Cordova emerged as a regional job center over the past twenty years, with a high ratio of jobs-to-housing units. During that time, housing development did not keep up with employment growth. The new city recently completed its first general plan, which places heavy emphasis on improving jobs-housing balance within the city. In support of this goal, several specific plans are adopted or under development with the aim of providing housing for the existing and projected workers in Rancho Cordova. These new adopted and proposed specific plans are characterized as Developing Communities in the MTP/SCS and include the following plan areas: Sunridge, Ranch at Sunridge, Suncreek, Arboretum, Rio Del Oro, and Westborough. The city has four light rail stops

within the city limits. These station areas, along with the entire Folsom Blvd corridor, are part of the city's adopted Folsom Boulevard Specific Plan. This specific plan supports high density and mixed use development and redevelopment along the corridor. This area is a Center and Corridor Community in the MTP/SCS. The remaining city is characterized as an Established Community in the MTP/SCS.

Within these community types, the city has the capacity to add 79,687 new jobs and 49,065 new housing units by 2035. Established Communities have the capacity to add 28,872 new jobs and 1,743 new housing units. These new commercial, office, and industrial jobs are primarily located in the central portion of the city in the office park and industrial complexes that exist today. The housing capacity comes from building out newer subdivisions and more traditional infill. The Folsom Boulevard Specific Plan, due to its higher densities and office and commercial mixed use land designations, has the potential to add 23,740 new jobs and 9,668 new housing units. The remaining 34 percent of the new employment capacity and 77 percent of the new housing capacity is in the Developing Communities. Sunridge is the only Developing Community in the city that has an adopted specific plan and has started building. At build out this area will include 8,763 housing units and 3,547 jobs, although the final resolution of on-going litigation and subsequent decisions by the Army Corps of Engineers potentially affecting up to four of the sub-areas in that plan bordering Grant Line Road could ultimately change these estimates. This area includes new commercial and public uses and a range of new housing types, averaging eight units per acre. In the middle of the Sunridge Specific Plan area is another Developing Community, the Ranch at Sunridge. Though this plan is not yet adopted, it proposes to add 2,713 new homes and about 360 new jobs. This plan includes mostly residential uses, averaging 12 units per acre, with some supporting commercial and public uses. Directly south of Sunridge and the Ranch at Sunridge is Suncreek. This proposed specific plan has capacity to add up to 5,616 new homes and 1,404 new jobs. Similar to its surroundings, this plan is mostly residential, with an average density of 9 units per acre, and includes some neighborhood serving commercial employment uses as well. South of Suncreek, reaching the southernmost portion of the city is the proposed Arboretum development. This proposed plan, with an average density of 11 units per acre and supporting commercial uses, could add 4,992 new housing units and 3,861 new jobs. Heading back north, just above Douglas Road, is the proposed Rio Del Oro Specific Plan. This is the largest Developing Community in the city. Located adjacent to the eastern edge of the city's existing industrial complex areas, this plan is proposed to expand those employment uses and add significant housing. In total, this proposed plan would add 12,558 new jobs and 11,761 new housing units. The western portion of the plan includes all types of employment uses, primarily office and light industrial. New housing growth also includes a wide range of housing types, which have an average density of ten units per acre. Directly north is Westborough. This Developing Community is the least far along in the planning process. An initial proposed plan that could add 6,076 new housing units and 5,382 new jobs. Similar to Rio Del Oro, this plan would include a variety of employment uses, including office parks and industrial uses. Expected for higher density development, this plan would average 15 units per acre.

The MTP/SCS forecast includes 26,376 new jobs and 25,354 new housing units by 2035. While Rancho Cordova is expected to maintain its share of the region's employment, it will increase its share of the region's housing by 2035, bringing its high jobs-to-housing ratio toward balance- from 2.2 today to 1.6 in 2035. The majority of new housing growth, 74 percent, is in Developing Communities (about half of their total capacity). Because these Developing Communities are clustered together, in an urban area with a regional employment center, and are all planned for densities consistent with the small lot and attached products that are projected to be in high

demand, the MTP/SCS assumes that all of these Developing Communities begin to build by 2035. These areas account for significantly less of the city's MTP/SCS employment forecast. About 27 percent of the new jobs in the city will be in Developing Communities. Because many of them are housing focused, it is likely that the housing units will begin building before the employment uses. Additionally, the city has existing employment centers that will capture much of the estimated employment growth. Established Communities make up 60 percent, or 15,744 of the new employment growth and 7 percent or 1,712 of the new housing units. As noted, most of this employment growth is projected to be in the existing employment centers near the center of the city, south of Highway 50, while the majority of the new housing growth will occur through infill and building out existing subdivision. The Center and Corridor Community makes up the remaining 3,446 new jobs and 4,824 new housing units in the city in the MTP/SCS. Infill and redevelopment along the Folsom Boulevard corridor is largely expected during the latter portion of the planning period. In this Center and Corridor Community, only 11 percent of the housing growth and 23 percent of the employment growth expected by 2035 is assumed to occur by 2020. Similarly, the Developing Communities also have the majority of their growth happening in the latter half of the planning period. Because many of these plans are not yet approved, but are currently in process, it is likely that not all of them will begin to build by 2020 and many of them will have just begun construction somewhere close to 2020. Because of the slower growth anticipated in the early years of the plan in these two community types, the city as a whole is expected to grow slower than the regional average during the first 12 years of the plan.

Issues to track through the regional monitoring program include how the final resolution of the South Sacramento HCP, the resolution of outstanding legal issues in some of the developing areas, and the state's attempt to restrict local government redevelopment patterns ultimately affect growth patterns in the city.

#### Sacramento

The City of Sacramento is centrally located in Sacramento County and is the largest city in the SACOG region, currently having 30 percent of the region's jobs and 22 percent of the housing units. The city recently updated its general plan. The new plan aims to accommodate substantial population growth, largely through infill, reuse, and redevelopment strategies. The general plan identifies opportunity areas throughout the city for significant changes in land use and increased densities. New housing and jobs will be distributed among activity centers of various sizes (neighborhood, sub-regional, and regional), transportation corridors, and new growth areas. These areas generally correspond with the MTP/SCS community types. In the past decade, the majority of the city's employment and residential growth occurred in the North Natomas community and as a result, residential uses in this area are largely built today. For this reason, North Natomas is included with the communities of South Natomas, North Sacramento, Land Park, Pocket, South Sacramento, and Fruitridge/Broadway as having most of their land area in Established Communities in the MTP/SCS. The city has two new growth areas within the current city limits. These areas, marked by the approved Greenbriar Specific Plan and the Delta Shores Specific Plan, are Developing Communities in the MTP/SCS. However, because of the planned light rail extension, much of the Greenbriar Specific Plan is considered a Center and Corridor Community in the MTP/SCS. The city's general plan also identifies two other new growth areas outside the current city limits. One is located adjacent to the southwest corner of North Natomas and the other is located adjacent to the northeast corner of North Natomas. These two areas are not identified for growth in the current MTP/SCS planning period primarily due to their unincorporated status and potential flood and

habitat issues. In addition, Sacramento City and County have a joint MOU that covers the North Natomas Vision Area, which runs north of the current North Natomas Community Plan to the County border with Sutter County. There are substantial development plans by the property owners in this area, but progress on them requires future actions by either the county and/or city, successful completion of levee upgrades, and resolution of substantial permit issues with federal resource agencies. Future growth patterns in the vision area may also be influenced by the timing of constructing the light rail line to the airport and the rate at which the large employment land area east of the expanded Sacramento International Airport expands. This area is not identified for development in the current MTP/SCS planning period.

While most jurisdictions in the region are described as having Established Communities and Developing Communities as their primary community types and growth areas, the City of Sacramento is unique in that Center and Corridor Communities cover much of the city and are the locations where most of their new growth is concentrated. Consistent with the city's infill focused general plan, over the past several years, the downtown area and surrounding neighborhoods have also seen significant revitalization in the form of infill and redevelopment, much of it in mixed-use format. South and east of downtown, infill development has also occurred, albeit on a smaller scale. The entire central city area along with areas covered by a half mile buffer around existing and proposed light rail stations generally make up the Center and Corridor Communities in Sacramento. For discussion purposes these Center and Corridor Communities are grouped into the following six subareas: (1) the central city, covering the area from Broadway to the American River and from the Sacramento River to Alhambra Boulevard., (2) the existing south-line light rail stations, (3) the proposed south-line light rail extension stations, (4) the folsom-line light rail stations.

The central city Center and Corridor Community is the urban center of the region, encompassing downtown Sacramento, including the State Capitol. This area includes many of the city identified opportunity areas, including the central business district, R street, Broadway, and the 12th, 16th, 19th, and 21st Street corridors. As noted above, these areas have seen an influx of high density residential and mixed-use projects in recent years. This area also includes the city's largest redevelopment opportunity, the Railyards project, where a specific plan has been approved and site cleanup has begun. Located directly north of the Railyards is the Richards Boulevard area which is also planned for significant growth and re-vitalization that has begun with the completion of the new Greyhound Bus terminal and construction of Township 9, a new mixed-use development. The Docks Area Project is a new river-front mixed use plan located along the Sacramento River in the southwest corner of the Center and Corridor Community. Unlike anywhere else in the region, this area has capacity for and plans to build new office, residential and mixed-use building that are likely to exceed three and four stories. In the downtown area, it is possible that new mixed-use and high density housing project could range from four to 24 stories. Most new office building are also likely to build in that same range, however, there is no height limit on new office buildings in the downtown area. Collectively this Center and Corridor Community has the potential capacity to add more than 54,000 new jobs and 27,000 new homes. This would more than double the amount of existing housing units in the central city.

The existing south-line light rail stations span from Broadway to Meadowview and include portions of Florin Road just outside the half mile station area. The proposed south-line extension will begin at Meadowview and expand down to Consumnes River College. The Folsom-line includes station areas from 4th Street to College Greens within the city limits. The northeast-line includes stations from the American River to Watt Avenue in the city limits. The proposed airport-

line will include a number of stations beginning near West El Camino Avenue and extending to Greenbriar in the city limits. Similar to the central city Center and Corridor Community, these communities overlap with a number of the city's opportunity areas. The city also has a number of approved plans for various areas within these Center and Corridor Communities. These include: Curtis Park Railyards, Florin Road Corridor Plan, 65<sup>th</sup> Street Transit Village, Northeast Line Area Plan, and Swanston Transit Village. The city's general plan and infill programs further support development in these areas. Together, these Center and Corridor Communities have the potential to add about 31,000 new employees and 29,000 new jobs.

In total, the MTP/SCS forecast includes 69,208 new housing units and 77,098 new employees by 2035 in the City of Sacramento. Approximately 52 percent of that employment growth and 62 percent of the housing growth is in Center and Corridor Communities, much of it in the central city area. Adding significant new housing to the central city area will provide a better jobs-housing ratio and will help in reducing regional VMT. About 46 percent of the city's MTP/SCS employment growth and 30 percent of the housing growth is in Established Communities. Much of this housing growth is the continued build out of North Natomas; however it does include some infill in other existing communities as well. Most of the employment growth is either neighborhood serving commercial and public uses, hospital and college expansions, as well as new industrial uses that are mostly concentrated in the existing industrial center in the southeast portion of the city. Delta Shores, Developing Community, is expected to almost build out the 5,106 new units planned for that area. The average density for this new residential growth is 16 units per acre. The plan has significant commercial lands planned that could provide 6,678 new employees. The MTP/SCS assumes the start of this construction, resulting in 2,123 new employees.

Sacramento is anticipated to maintain a large share of the population, housing, and employment in the SACOG region through 2035. The MTP/SCS forecast assumes the city experiences new housing and employment growth at a pace a little faster than the regional average of 28 percent of new 2035 jobs occurring by 2020 and 39 percent of new 2035 homes by 2020. This is primarily due to the time needed to pull out of the current recession and see some significant new job growth in our region. Most of new growth during the first half of the MTP planning period will occur through development in the city's Established Communities (particularly build-out of North Natomas), as well as a substantial amount of new housing and employment will also occur through infill in Center and Corridor Communities.

There are many issues to track through the regional monitoring program that may influence City of Sacramento growth rates. The future of redevelopment in the state, the success of the city's initiative to comprehensively update its zoning to help it implement its new general plan, the ability of the region and the commitment of the city to build major infrastructure projects (three new bridges, a streetcar system, extend light rail to the airport), and ultimately the amount of market demand for the urban housing projects envisioned by the general plan will also significantly influence future growth patterns in the city.

# Sacramento (Unincorporated County)

Unincorporated Sacramento County is the most urbanized of the unincorporated counties in the Sacramento region, with 25 and 20 percent of the region's existing housing and employment, respectively. The majority of its population resides within the Urban Policy Area (UPA), which lies within the Urban Services Boundary (USB), the ultimate boundary for urbanization in the unincorporated county. Sacramento County is nearing completion of an update to its general plan

that would facilitate infill and revitalization in targeted commercial corridors within the existing UPA and employ a smart growth management framework in considering proposed UPA expansions.

Today, most of the communities within the UPA are identified in the MTP/SCS as Established Communities. Most of these are residential in character (e.g., Arden Arcade, Carmichael, Cordova, Fair Oaks, North Highlands, Orangevale, Rancho Murieta, and South Sacramento) and are projected to receive relatively small amounts of future growth, all consistent with existing plans in order to retain the character of the neighborhoods. Some are important and growing employment centers (e.g., Sacramento International Airport, Aerojet, McClellan, and Mather). These Established Communities contain 80 percent of the existing housing and 50 percent of jobs in the unincorporated county.

Running between and through these communities are miles of major roadways flanked primarily by commercial land uses. The county's general plan update identifies 13 commercial corridors for varying levels of additional commercial and residential development through reinvestment and redevelopment. Given the county's planning efforts underway to allow for additional growth in these corridors, they are identified in the MTP/SCS as Center and Corridor Communities. The corridors include Auburn Boulevard, Fair Oaks Boulevard in Arden Arcade, Fair Oaks Boulevard in Carmichael, Fair Oaks Boulevard in Fair Oaks, Greenback Lane in Orangevale, Watt Avenue and Fulton Avenue in Arden Arcade, North Watt Avenue and West of Watt in North Highlands, Florin Road and Stockton Boulevard in South Sacramento, and the unincorporated portions of Folsom Boulevard, where the four light rails stations offer significant opportunity for transit oriented and mixed-use development. The county has either completed or initiated planning processes for all of these corridors, with the goal of promoting economic revitalization within them, for the surrounding communities and for the county as a whole.

Outside of Established Communities and Center and Corridor Communities, new growth areas in unincorporated Sacramento County, identified as Developing Communities in the MTP/SCS, are mostly south of Highway 50 and west of Interstate 80. These include the Elverta Specific Plan in northern Sacramento County, the Florin Vineyards, North Vineyard Station, and South Mather Specific Plans in central Sacramento County, and the Glenborough/Easton Specific Plan in eastern Sacramento County. In addition to these Developing Communities, the western portion of the Jackson Road/State Route 16 corridor, surrounded by urban development on the north and west, and adjacent to the Vineyard community on the south, is identified as a Developing Community in the MTP/SCS. Under the county's draft general plan, the UPA may be expanded if proposed development projects are consistent with a new growth management framework, which is built upon the relationship between land use and transportation to achieve goals and requirements relative to air quality, transportation, land use, infrastructure, and GHG emissions. Outside the current UPA, the county's long-term vision includes additional new development in the Jackson Road/State Route 16 area, inclusive of the area south of Elder Creek Road, west of Excelsior Road and the area east of Excelsior Road, north of Florin Road, as well as new development east of Grantline Road, adjacent to the Rancho Cordova city limits. These areas are not identified for development in the MTP/SCS.

Outside of the USB, land uses are primarily agricultural or agricultural-residential. The latter of these land uses is clustered in the communities of Orangevale in the north county, and Alta Mesa, Clay, Franklin, Herald, Sloughhouse, and Wilton in the south county. These communities are identified in the MTP/SCS as Rural Residential Communities. The county's draft general plan

contains policies to preserve these historic communities without encouraging excessive growth due to the high cost of providing services to these remote locations. However, the exception to this is in the northern portion of the county. Sacramento City and County have a joint MOU that covers the North Natomas Vision Area, which runs north of the current North Natomas Community Plan to the County border with Sutter County. There are substantial development plans by the property owners in this area, but progress on them requires future actions by either the county and/or city, successful completion of levee upgrades, and resolution of substantial permit issues with federal resource agencies. Future growth patterns in the vision area may also be influenced by the timing of constructing the light rail line to the airport and the rate at which the large employment land area east of the expanded Sacramento International Airport expands. This area and the remaining areas of the unincorporated county are not identified for development within the current MTP/SCS planning period.

In addition to the general plan update, the county is in the midst of preparing the South Sacramento Habitat Conservation Plan (SSHCP). The SSHCP will consolidate environmental efforts to protect and enhance wetlands (primarily vernal pools) and upland habitats to provide ecologically viable conservation areas. It will also minimize regulatory hurdles and streamline the permitting process for development projects. Sacramento County is partnering with the incorporated cities of Rancho Cordova, Galt, and Elk Grove as well as the Sacramento Regional County Sanitation District, Sacramento County Connector JPA, and Sacramento County Water Agency to further advance the regional planning goals of the SSHCP. The Study Area excludes the City of Sacramento, the City of Folsom and Folsom's Sphere of Influence, the Sacramento-San Joaquin Delta, and the Sacramento County community of Rancho Murieta. At this juncture it is not certain when this process is likely to conclude, though the county and other parties have placed a high priority on successfully completing it as soon as possible.

By 2035, the MTP/SCS forecasts that unincorporated Sacramento County will continue to be the most urbanized county in the region. The MTP/SCS forecasts 51,181 new housing units and 67,872 new employees by 2035 in areas of unincorporated Sacramento County that have potential build out capacity of 95,282 new housing units and 184,389 new employees. Within the existing urban core, new growth will occur through limited infill and redevelopment in Center and Corridor Communities. By 2035, the MTP/SCS forecasts 23,687 new housing units and 30,241 new employees within Center and Corridor Communities out of a potential build out capacity of 39,101 new housing units and 53,216 new employees. This new growth will take the form of medium-to high-density residential, commercial, office, and public uses. New housing will be predominantly medium-high and high density. Of this new development, only 24 percent of the housing growth, and 16 percent of the employment growth, is expected to occur by 2020; the majority of this new development is expected to occur after 2020.

The vast majority, 84 percent, of the housing growth in Centers and Corridors is projected for three general areas: light rail stops, west of the northern Watt Avenue area surrounding the McClellan employment center, and in transportation corridors (Stockton, Franklin, Florin) in southern Sacramento County. The remaining 16 percent of the forecasted housing (3852 units) is in relatively small amounts along seven other corridor segments throughout the county. In the county's Established Communities, the MTP/SCS forecasts 8,915 new housing units and 28,672 new employees by 2035, out of a total build out capacity of 13,973 new housing units and 100,183, new employees. Residential growth in Established Communities is expected to occur through small-scale infill of existing low density residential lots, in line with the county's existing zoning and general

plan; employment growth in Established Communities is expected to occur through a combination of new construction and intensification of commercial, industrial, and public uses in existing employment areas, including the recent expansion of Sacramento International Airport and the adjacent proposed industrial park.

In the Developing Communities of the unincorporated county, the MTP/SCS forecasts 17,947 new housing units and 7,524 new employees by 2035 out of a total build out capacity of 41,543 housing units and 27,552 employees. The Elverta Specific Plan, is the only recently adopted specific plan in the north unincorporated county, immediately south of the Placer County line. This specific plan is forecast to build 1,432 housing units and 336 employees out of a total planned capacity of 4,904 housing units and 371 employees. This community is planned for an average residential density of 5 units per acre with neighborhood supporting commercial and public uses. The other Developing Communities identified in the MTP/SCS are south of Highway 50. Of these, three are located south of State Route 16 in the Vineyard Community, for which several specific plans were initiated and adopted within the last 15 years. The Vineyard Springs Comprehensive Plan is the oldest of these. The MTP/SCS forecasts 2,142 new dwelling units and 1,413 new employees by 2035, out of a total planned capacity of 4,657 housing units and 2,455 employees. The average residential density is 4 units per acre and the plan includes neighborhood serving commercial and public uses. North Vineyard Station, adopted in 1998, is projected to receive 3,144 new housing units and 350 new employees by 2035, out of a planned capacity of 6,010 new housing units and 747 new employees. Growth in this Developing Community is predominantly residential, at an average density of 7 units per acre, supported by neighborhood commercial and public uses. Florin Vineyard Community Plan, adopted in 2010, fills in the 'gap' between a number of specific plans in the Vineyard area. This area, planned for a capacity of 9,393 housing units and 5,281 employees, is expected to grow by 2,029 housing units and 566 employees during the MTP/SCS planning period. Uses in the Florin Vineyard Community Plan range from residential development at an average density of 6 units per acre to neighborhood serving commercial and public uses, to office and industrial uses. Just north of the Vineyard Developing Communities, the western Jackson Road/State Route 16 corridor, is identified in the MTP/SCS for conversion from its current aggregate mining operations to a mixed-use residential community. Although no plan has yet been entitled for this area, its adjacency to urban infrastructure on the west and north, the absence of sensitive natural resources and other natural constraints, and efforts by the landowner to begin converting the site, indicate that the area will see some amount of urban development by 2035. The MTP/SCS forecasts 4,899 new housing units and 2,224 new employees in the Jackson Developing Community, out of a potential total capacity of 10,803 new housing units and 12,150 employees. General uses in this Developing Community include residential uses at an average density of 11 units per acre, various commercial and office uses, and community-supporting public uses. East along the Jackson Corridor, the South Mather Specific Plan, located north of Jackson Highway and west of Sunrise Boulevard, is a proposed amendment to an adopted reuse plan for the former Mather Air Force Base. The county-initiated South Mather plan contemplates a mixed-use community that would accommodate a total capacity of 2,504 new housing units and 4,991 new employees. Of this, the MTP/SCS forecasts construction of 1,039 new housing units and 230 new employees by 2035. The plan is focused on attracting a university or large employer and thus includes office and light industrial uses in addition to commercial and supporting public uses. Residential densities average 16 units per acre. North and east of South Mather, the MTP/SCS also forecasts growth within the Glenborough Specific Plan. This Developing Community is a reuse of the eastern portion of the Aerojet campus along Highway 50, east of the city of Rancho Cordova and southwest of the city of Folsom. The portion of the project known as Easton covers the Hazel light rail station and lands

within a half mile of that and are therefore identified in the MTP/SCS as part of the county's Center and Corridor Communities. Glenborough specific plan was adopted by the county as a mixed use residential community planned for a total of 3,272 new housing units and 1,557 new employees (excluding the Easton transit oriented development). Due to its prime location along Highway 50 and Folsom Boulevard, its proximity to several light rail stations, and its location between major employment centers in Rancho Cordova and Folsom (and Aerojet itself), Glenborough is forecasted in the MTP/SCS to build 3,262 new housing units and 1,556 new jobs – virtually all of its capacity – by 2035. Residential densities of this Developing Community average 8 units per acre; employment land uses include commercial, office and supporting public uses.

Rural Residential Communities in unincorporated Sacramento County are expected to experience low amounts of growth, approximately 632 new housing units and 2,284 new jobs by 2035. The MTP/SCS forecast assumes relatively small amounts of new rural residential homes to be constructed in the region by 2035. This is in part due to the current recession combined with changing demographics, which suggest a higher percent of the population will want and need to live on smaller lots or in attached homes near existing jobs, services, and with more transportation choices.

Sacramento County's draft general plan includes provisions that require projects in new developing communities outside of the UPA to meet criteria that are generally consistent with the principles of the Blueprint and this MTP/SCS. These criteria, which are expected to be included in the final document, will provide the county and the region additional flexibility as the MTP/SCS is updated and amended, since they will help to ensure that new growth included in the MTP/SCS performs well in terms of vehicle miles traveled, greenhouse gas and other air emissions, transit ridership, and bicycle and pedestrian trips. SACOG's regional monitoring program will pay particular attention to many outstanding growth issues in Sacramento County, including the rate at which development occurs in Centers and Corridors, Established Communities, and the many Developing Communities that already are entitled, the economic factors that will influence the rate of growth in these different community types, as well as how those growth rates may affect the economic condition of surrounding neighborhoods.

### **SUTTER COUNTY**

### Live Oak

Development in Live Oak is primarily suburban and rural-style housing development with small-scale employment and commercial uses along Highway 99. Consistent with most of the greater Sacramento area housing trend, Live Oak has grown substantially over the last ten years. The type of homes being built in the city continue to be predominantly traditional single-family homes in subdivisions. The city's recently updated general plan aims to maintain the small-town character of Live Oak, promote a balance of jobs, housing and services, and revitalize the existing downtown area. As a result, most of the city is characterized an Established Community in the MTP/SCS, the exception being the Highway 99 corridor which is a Center and Corridor Community. Within these two communities, the city has an estimated capacity for an additional 3,653 new employees and 2,287 new housing units. Additionally, the city's general plan includes a significant amount of new housing and employment capacity in the city's SOI area. Recently, the city annexed additional employment properties to help encourage economic development in the city. However, for a

number of reasons, including the lower regional growth forecast, the SOI area is not identified for development within the current MTP/SCS planning period.

In total, the MTP/SCS forecast for Live Oak includes 848 new employees and 1,305 new housing units. Just over half of this new employment growth is in Established Communities. Most of this is in the form of new neighborhood supporting retail and commercial uses as well as new public uses. The majority of the housing growth, 97 percent, is in Established Communities and is largely building out many of the newer existing subdivision. The remaining housing and employment growth comes from Center and Corridor Communities. This Center and Corridor growth of 38 new housing units and 411 new employees is primarily medium density housing and commercial, office, and light industrial uses.

Issues to track through the regional monitoring program include whether regional market pressures for more housing in Live Oak return once the economy starts growing again and whether the planned improvements to the levee system are constructed, as expected, by 2015.

# Yuba City

As the county seat, Yuba City functions as the trading and service center for the surrounding agricultural area and maintains a solid balance of jobs and housing. Today the city is about 74 percent built out in its employment capacity and 78 percent built out in its housing capacity. As such, most of the city is an Established Community in the MTP/SCS. The exception is the city's downtown area and the commercial area centered on Highway 20 and Highway 99. This area is characterized as a Center and Corridor Community in the MTP/SCS. Most of the additional capacity in the existing city limits is the Established Community areas, where 11,806 new jobs and 5,587 new housing units could be accommodated. The majority of this employment capacity is in commercial and industrial uses, while the housing growth is largely building out newer existing subdivisions. The Center and Corridor Community area has capacity for an additional 416 new homes and 2,447 new jobs to be added to the city at build out. These jobs are also mainly commercial and industrial uses. The housing in this area is mostly medium-high density. Just outside the city limits, along the east side of Highway 99, some established low density residential development exists. This area is considered an Established Community in the MTP/SCS forecast for Yuba City as the area is supported by city services even though it has not been annexed into the city. Directly adjacent on the west side of Highway 99, just outside of the city limits, new housing and employment uses are planned. This area is a Developing Community in the MTP/SCS. Employment uses will include commercial, office, and industrial uses while the residential uses planned are low and medium density, averaging eight units per acre. At build out this area could include a total of 484 jobs and 1,019 housing units. The city's recently adopted general plan acknowledges and plans for future growth to occur primarily through village-style development in its sphere of influence. As part of general plan implementation, the city developed a new specific plan for the portion of the SOI located near the southwest corner of the existing city limits. This adopted specific plan, Lincoln East, is the second Developing Community in Yuba City including in the MTP/SCS. This plan is for a new mixed-use community which would include 4,866 housing units averaging 8 units per acre and new neighborhood serving commercial and public facilities. The remaining SOI area has an additional housing and employment capacity; however, these areas are not identified for development within this MTP/SCS planning period.

Moderate, balanced growth is anticipated for Yuba City through 2035. The city is expected to maintain its share of the regional housing and employment and it's well balanced jobs-housing ratio

through 2035. The MTP/SCS forecast for Yuba City includes 9,178 new jobs and 6,816 new housing units. The majority of this growth, about 75 percent of the employment and 72 percent of the housing, is in Established Communities. As noted above, this employment growth is primarily commercial and industrial uses and the residential growth is primarily building out newer existing subdivisions. The Center and Corridor Community includes 1,972 new jobs and 394 new housing units in the MTP/SCS. Most of this is through infill; however, a small percentage of redevelopment is assumed in this area by 2035. The remaining growth comes from Developing Communities in the SOI area. The area around Highway 99 includes 662 new units and 360 new jobs in the MTP/SCS. Lincoln East includes 819 new housing units by 2035. Primarily due to market, infrastructure, and potential flood constraints, these Developing Communities are not likely to begin building until the later years of the plan, post 2020. The growth within the current city limits; however, is likely to get 44 percent of its 2035 housing growth and 25 percent of its employment growth by 2020. This housing growth rate in the early portion of the plan is higher than the regional average of 39 percent of new 2035 housing units by 2020, because much of this growth is in approved and currently building subdivisions. The 25 percent employment growth by 2020 is slower than the regional average in part due to high vacancy rates in commercial and industrial uses regionally.

Issues to track through the regional monitoring program include progress on planned levee improvements and whether the return of a strong regional economy leads to more market pressures for housing growth in the city, and how that dynamic may be affected by planned development in southern Sutter County.

# Sutter (Unincorporated County)

Development activity in unincorporated Sutter County has historically been focused in the spheres of influence of Live Oak and Yuba City and to a lesser extent in a number of smaller rural towns throughout the unincorporated area. These towns, Sutter, Meridian, Robbins, Tudor, Nicolas, East Nicolas, and Rio Oso make up the Established Communities in unincorporated Sutter County. The county has one large new growth area, located on the Sacramento-Sutter County line along Highway 99. This new growth area has an adopted specific plan, the Sutter Pointe Specific Plan. This is a Developing Community in the MTP/SCS. The county's recently adopted updated general plan directs most new growth to these areas and aims to preserve much of the county in agricultural uses. The county general plan does identify two new commercial/industrial employment areas in the county, one north of Yuba City and one south. These areas will be re-zoned for employment uses in the near future. These areas, and the remaining areas in the unincorporated county, are not identified for development in the MTP/SCS. However, agricultural related housing and employment is likely to occur in these areas and is supported by the MTP/SCS environmental sustainability policies.

The South Sutter Developing Community represents almost all of the employment and housing capacity in the county. At build out, this plan includes 17,503 housing units and 55,018 employees. The majority of these employment uses are industrial though the plan does also include commercial and public uses. The average residential density planned is eight units per acre. While the MTP/SCS forecast includes 95 percent of the county's new employment and 84 percent of the new housing to occur within this Developing Community by 2035, that growth represents only a small portion of the build out capacity in the specific plan. The MTP/SCS forecast includes 2,598 new employees and 4,157 new housing units in unincorporated Sutter County by 2035. Of this, 2,477 employees and 3,475 housing units are in South Sutter. The remaining 121 jobs and 682 housing

units in the MTP/SCS forecast are located in Established Communities where continued low density development and neighborhood serving commercial and public uses are planned. Developing in the South Sutter area is most likely to occur in the latter portion of the planning period because there are some barriers to development occurring in the near term, primarily infrastructure issues related to water and sewer service that need to be addressed. Because the South Sutter Specific Plan area is not likely to begin building until later in the planning period and because the MTP/SCS does not forecast new agricultural employment, the MTP/SCS forecast includes only one percent of its 2035 employment growth and nine percent of the 2035 housing growth by 2020.

The regional monitoring program will track the extent to which infrastructure cost challenges are resolved for Sutter Pointe, as well as the timing of construction of other developments in the north part of the region that might compete with Sutter Pointe for market share. These issues could affect the pace of growth in Sutter Pointe, either increasing or decreasing it compared to projections in this MTP/SCS plan cycle.

# **YOLO COUNTY**

#### Davis

As of 2008, the City of Davis is largely built out per the city's general plan, adopted in 2001. Most of the city is characterized as Established Community in the MTP/SCS, with the exception being the area within a half mile of the existing Amtrak station, which is a Center and Corridor Community. Covered in this Center and Corridor Community is also the downtown, for which the city has a Core Area Strategy and Specific Plan that promote economic development of the area, and a portion of the city's SOI, the 44 acre Nishi property, which is envisioned by the City Council as a potential mixed-use development with high density housing and light-industrial and office uses. However, as this site is designated with an agricultural land use in the current general plan, it does require voter approval to change the land use designation. Measure R requires voter approval for proposed changes to agricultural land use designations. In total, the city has capacity to add 6,459 new jobs and 4,601 new housing units by build out. In addition to the Nishi site noted above, the city has a sphere of influence that includes areas to the north and south of the existing city limits. To the north, the SOI includes two areas along Highway 113, one area between County Road 101A and County Road 102, one area northeast of County Roads 105/30 (which consists of the Yolo County landfill and the City of Davis sewage treatment plan), and a fourth area just south of County Road 30B on the Mace curve. These areas consist of residential development in unincorporated Yolo County (Royal Oak, Willowbank, and El Macero). To the south, the SOI area includes three areas south of Interstate 80 and the UC Davis campus area. With the exception of the UC Davis campus, the MTP/SCS does not identify development in these SOI areas by 2035.

By 2035, the MTP/SCS forecast for Davis includes 4,183 new employees and 3,646 new housing units. The majority of this growth, 82 percent of the employment and 64 percent of the housing, is in Established Communities. The majority of this employment growth is in commercial, office, and industrial uses, primarily located along Highway 80. The new housing growth, ranging low and high density, is a result of small-scale infill throughout the city and one remaining large infill opportunity in the city, located along East Covell Boulevard and F Street. The remaining 764 new employees and 1,323 new housing units in Davis in the MTP/SCS forecast are in the Center and Corridor Community.

Due to its declining share of regional housing and supporting the city's goal to add more jobs, the city's jobs-housing ratio improves slightly from today. However, these figures do not include the dynamic of planned growth at the adjacent UC Davis campus because that growth is in unincorporated Yolo County. Twenty three percent of Davis' employment growth and 36 percent of the housing growth is forecast to occur by 2020 in the MTP/SCS. This is slower than the regional average for a number of reasons. First, the city's two largest remaining infill opportunities do not yet have specific plans adopted by City Council. The city has a policy that caps the number of housing units that can be permitted per year. In addition, the city's general plan has an expired horizon year of 2010.

Issues to track through the regional monitoring program include the success of the city in developing its remaining infill sites, the progress of planning for development at the Nishi property, and the success of the University in pursuing recently announced ambitious expansion plans and how that might affect the housing market in the area.

## West Sacramento

West Sacramento's heavy employment base has in recent years, shifted toward a more balanced mix of employment and housing. With the exception of the riverfront area, much of the northern half of the city has been developed. This portion of the city is characterized as an Established Community in the MTP/SCS. The city's Southport community is the main source of the recent housing development. Beginning development in 2001, only a small portion of the development potential in this area exists today. This area includes a number of approved developments that can be characterized into three villages and an industrial park. These areas, the Southwest Village, Southeast Village, Northeast Village and Southport Industrial Park, are Developing Communities in the MTP/SCS. However, portions of the Southwest Village and the Northeast Village that began building in early last decade are characterized as Established Communities. The Southwest Village of Southport will include 6,568 homes and 1,356 jobs at build out. New housing in this area will average ten units per acre. The Southeast Village will average 12 units per acre and will include 3,420 new housing units and 120 new jobs at build out. The remaining Northeast Village will include an additional 1,937 housing units, with an average density of eight units per acre, at build out. New employment in all three villages is primarily neighborhood serving commercial and public uses. The Southport Industrial Park is the last Developing Community. This area has slowly begun developing commercial and industrial uses, which at build out would include 4,968 jobs and 1,106 high density housing units. The city's long term vision for development also includes the areas directly north and south of the existing city limits. These areas are not identified for development in the current MTP/SCS planning period.

The city's most recent focus for development has been in mixed-use, higher density projects, along the riverfront. This includes the recently adopted Bridge District plan, the proposed Stone Lock District, and revitalization of the Washington Specific Plan area. These areas are characterized as Center and Corridor Communities in the MTP/SCS. The city has, over the last few years, also made a concerted effort to begin redevelopment and revitalization of the historic West Capitol Avenue corridor. With recent streetscape improvements, construction of a transit hub and new civic center, and newly adopted design guidelines, this area is also identified as a Center and Corridor Community in the MTP/SCS. Together these areas, all planned for a mix of high density housing and new commercial, office, industrial, and public uses, have the capacity to add 65,728 new jobs and 18,465 new housing units to the city at build out.

The MTP/SCS forecast for West Sacramento includes 20,839 new employees and 17,790 new housing units by 2035. The majority of this development, 66 percent of the employment and 62 percent of the housing units, are in infill and redevelopment opportunities within the Center and Corridor Communities. Due to its location directly across the Sacramento River from downtown Sacramento, and the type of development planned, this area of West Sacramento will become part of the urban core of the region in the future. This results in a one percent increase in the city's share of the regional housing and employment by 2035. Significant infrastructure exists or is currently under construction for this area. Established Communities include 3,570 new employees and 3,827 new housing units. Many of these new employees are in existing commercial and industrial centers. Most of the new housing is filling in existing subdivisions with some small amounts of infill.

A lesser amount of the new growth is forecast in the Developing Communities. For the three residentially-focused villages, this is due to potential flood issues. The area is currently being mapped by FEMA and, once completed, most of the Southport area could be moved into flood zones. This will constrain residential building until levee improvements can be made. As a result, the Southwest Village includes 1,715 new housing units and 271 new employees in the MTP/SCS forecast. The Southeast Village includes 708 new housing units and 23 new jobs and the Northeast Village 227 new housing units. The Southport Industrial Park is expected to grow by 3,170 employees and 234 housing units. Though this is only 15 percent of the forecast for employment growth in the city, this is building out 80 percent of the capacity in this area. The city, as a whole, is expected to grow very close to the regional average, experiencing most of its growth in the latter portion of the planning period.

Issues to track through the regional monitoring program include the potential impacts that flood, redevelopment and delta protection issues on the ability of the city to realize its growth plans. Depending on the final resolution of these issues the land use forecast for West Sacramento in future MTP/SCSs could be affected.

#### Winters

Winters is a small city, surrounded by agricultural uses. Though the city is has capacity to double the amount of housing and triple the amount of employment it has today, it has deep historic roots as a community and is therefore is primarily characterized in the MTP/SCS as an Established Community. This includes the city's gateway, which is the focus of current planning efforts in the city today. This Established Community has the potential capacity to add 3,934 new jobs and 2,310 new housing units at build out. The city's Downtown Plan is a form-based code approach to guiding infill and redevelopment opportunities in the city's historic downtown. This area is a Center and Corridor Community in the MTP/SCS. Because growth in this area is likely to happen primarily through redevelopment, it is difficult to estimate the capacity for new housing and jobs and also even with several redevelopment opportunities, the net gain of housing units and employees could be small. The estimated capacity for this area could add 39 new jobs and 29 new housing units. The city has a sphere of influence that is north of the existing city limits. Due to current economic conditions and the remaining capacity within the city today, this area is not identified for development in the MTP/SCS.

The MTP/SCS forecast includes 1,126 new employees and 1,017 new housing units in Winters by 2035. All of this housing is in Established Communities, likely in the northern portion of the city where the newer residential growth has been concentrating. New residential growth is primarily low density, however can range from very low density to high density. A small amount of development

is assumed in the Center and Corridor Community, adding 18 new employees. The remaining employment growth is in Established Communities. Most of this new employment is commercial and industrial uses at the gateway and along East Grant and Grant Avenue. The MTP/SCS forecast assumes that Winters is likely to see most of this growth in the latter half of the planning period, likely growing slower than the regional average. During the early part of the last decade, Winters was experiencing a lot of development proposals, most of it for new housing. It will likely take some time to begin to build that back up.

Issues to track the regional monitoring program include whether the city's successful downtown revitalization at some point will result in a significantly higher growth rate for the city. Its position on the edge of the region and proximity to the Bay Area creates the potential for unique growth dynamics in this city.

#### Woodland

Due to its role as the county seat, and its location along Interstate 5, Woodland has maintained a strong ratio of jobs-to-housing. With about 78 percent of its housing capacity built today, most of the city is characterized as an Established Community in the MTP/SCS. Most of the new housing being built is in the Spring Lake Specific Plan area. This development is a Developing Community in the MTP/SCS. Woodland also has two Center and Corridor Communities in the MTP/SCS. Woodland's adopted East Street Specific Plan and downtown redevelopment plan are intended to guide and encourage revitalization and development in the older parts of the city, which make up these Center and Corridor Communities. Over the last several years, the city has seen a number of new development projects in this area. Woodland voters also approved the creation of an urban limit line to help preserve agricultural lands on the city's urban fringe so these areas are not identified for development in the MTP/SCS.

By 2035, the MTP/SCS forecast includes 7,125 new jobs and 5,231 new housing units in Woodland. Established Communities include 5,971 of the new jobs and 982 of the new housing units. Because the city's residential lands in these areas are largely built out today, most of this housing growth is in scattered infill throughout the city, almost building out the 1,055 units of potential capacity. The city's Established Communities include several existing job centers where industrial and commercial uses are concentrated. These areas have the potential to add 30,127 new jobs at build out. While the MTP/SCS assumes only 20 percent of this capacity is likely to be built by 2035, it is a significant amount of employment, accounting for 84 percent of the city's total employment growth in the MTP/SCS. Center and Corridor Communities also come close to reaching their build out potential for new housing in the MTP/SCS. The MTP/SCS forecast includes 741 new housing units in this area, capacity being estimated for 750 new housing units. These Center and Corridor Communities also add a small amount of new jobs. The development in these areas in the MTP/SCS is primarily residential and commercial mixed-use with medium to high density housing. Consistent with the city's plans in this area and recent trends, the MTP/SCS includes some redevelopment in this area, which may contribute to the net employment gain being less than the housing growth for the area. Most of the new residential growth, 3,508 new housing units and 1,127 new employees are in Spring Lake. This area is currently building today and is expected to be built out by 2035. It includes new neighborhood serving commercial and public uses and a variety of new housing, with an average density of 8 units per acre. Woodland is expected to grow faster in the early years of the MTP/SCS than the regional average, with 44 percent of its 2035

housing and employment growth forecast by 2020. This is largely due to the expected continuation of commercial and industrial growth along Interstate 5 and the residential building in Spring Lake.

Issues to track through the regional monitoring program include the potential impacts of restricted redevelopment powers and commercial development on Interstate 5 on planned development rates in the downtown.

# Yolo (Unincorporated County)

Yolo County is the western edge of the Sacramento region, and an important part of the Interstate 80 corridor linking Sacramento to the Bay Area. The county, despite increased pressure for development, has remained largely an agricultural resource area with most growth occurring in its incorporated cities and unincorporated towns. This commitment to agriculture and preserving the county's rural character has been re-enforced with the city's recently updated general plan. The updated general plan follows the same principles as the previous plan and directs all residential growth to designated areas within the cities and within the growth boundaries of existing unincorporated communities (with the exception of farm dwellings). Yolo County also has a pass through agreement with its cities whereby urban development is directed to cities and the cities "pass through" a portion of the tax increment from their redevelopment districts to the county. Additionally, development pressures on the prime farmland between Davis and Woodland, have led to these two cities and the county entering an agreement to preserve this land for agriculture. This is further supported by the urban growth boundaries both cities have. Growth in unincorporated Yolo County is directed to the existing unincorporated towns of Capay, Clarksburg, Dunnigan, Esparto, Knights Landing, Madison, Monument Hills, Yolo, and Zamora. These communities are characterized as Established Communities in the MTP/SCS. The towns of Dunnigan, Esparto, Knights Landing, and Madison have the majority of the new housing potential. Dunnigan, specifically, is expected to have a new specific plan completed that could include 8,000 new housing units. This proposed specific plan is not yet adopted and is not identified for development in the current MTP/SCS planning period. The remaining agricultural and natural resource areas of the county area also not identified for development in the MTP/SCS. However, agricultural related housing and employment is likely to occur in these areas and is supported by the MTP/SCS environmental sustainability policies. UC Davis is located in the county, just south of Davis, and is characterized in the MTP/SCS as a Center and Corridor Community.

The MTP/SCS forecast for unincorporated Yolo County includes 5,368 new jobs and 2,890 new housing units. Of this growth, 2,939 new jobs and 1,751 new housing units are at UC Davis, building out the Long Range Development Plan (LRDP) for the University. The remaining 2,429 new jobs and 1,139 new homes are in Established Communities, building out 16 percent of the area employment growth capacity and 24 percent of the housing growth capacity. These new housing units are largely low density; however, a range of densities from very low to high density are planned. New jobs come primarily from new commercial, industrial and public uses. The MTP/SCS does not forecast new agricultural employment of farm dwellings, both of which are likely to continue to grow in Yolo County. By 2020, the MTP forecast includes 25 percent of the unincorporated county's 2035 employment growth and 75 percent of the 2035 housing growth to occur. Employment growth is expected to happen a little slower than the regional average of 28 percent of new 2035 employees by 2020. Conversely the housing growth is happening much faster than the regional average of 39 percent of 2035 housing growth by 2020. This is largely because the UC Davis LRDP expects build out of all new housing by 2020.

Issues to track through the regional monitoring program include UC Davis's growth plans and how the county and the city Davis may respond. The University is emerging as an even more major player in the region's economic development future.

# **YUBA COUNTY**

# Marysville

The City of Marysville has historically maintained a compact footprint due in large part to significant flood constraints. Today, Marysville is substantially built out within its existing city limits, with limited opportunities for growth through infill and redevelopment. Marysville adopted a Downtown Strategic Plan in 2004 to facilitate this type of development and has seen a number of development projects initiated in the downtown since plan adoption. This area of the city is characterized as a Center and Corridor Community while the remaining city is considered an Established Community.

The MTP/SCS 2035 growth forecast for Marysville projects that the city builds most of its housing and employment capacity. By 2035, the MTP/SCS forecast includes 1,016 new employees and 457 new housing units. Beyond this the general plan capacity could add an additional 39 employees and 64 housing units. The majority of this growth, 62 percent of the new employment and 77 percent of the new housing, is expected to occur in Established Communities through infill development. The remaining growth is expected to occur in the Center and Corridor Community area through infill and small amounts of redevelopment. The city is expected to grow significantly slower than the regional average during the first half of the planning period. This is primarily due to flood constraints and the general job market weakness in the region currently.

Issues that will be tracked through the regional monitoring program that may influence future land use projections for Marysville include the ultimate fate of local redevelopment authority as well as the amount of growth that occurs in unincorporated Yuba County immediately to the city's south. The construction of major transportation projects such as the planned improved bridge access to Yuba City and possibly some form of bypass around the City may also influence future growth in the city.

## Wheatland

Wheatland is a small city along Highway 65 that in the last decade has experienced accelerated housing growth as workers in Placer County have moved north along the Highway 65 corridor to find housing. The city recently completed an update of its general plan, which addresses the prospect of continued growth. The northern and eastern portion of the city, where most of the newer residential activity has happened in the last decade, is considered an Established Community in the MTP/SCS. The city's existing downtown area is characterized as a Center and Corridor Community. Within the existing city limits, there remain significant areas available for greenfield development and the city has recently annexed part of its sphere of influence for one of a number of approved residential subdivisions. These areas are Developing Communities in the MTP/SCS. Adjacent to the northeast portion of the city, in the city's SOI area is the recently adopted Nichols Grove Specific Plan area. This area is also considered a Developing Community in the MTP/SCS. The city has a large SOI area that includes a significant amount of additional housing and

employment growth planned; however, these areas are not identified for development within the current MTP/SCS planning period.

The MTP/SCS forecast for Wheatland includes 927 new employees and 1,165 new housing units by 2035. Of this growth, 219 employees and 134 housing units are in Established Communities. This growth is primarily the continued build out of existing newer subdivisions and new neighborhood serving commercial and public uses. At build out, these Established Communities have the potential to add an additional 44 employees and 389 housing units. Most of the new growth, about 76 percent of the new employees and 88 percent of the new housing units are in Developing Communities. The approved Developing Communities in the existing city limits account for 465 new employees and 597 new housing units. These employees are primarily from commercial and employment uses. The housing growth is expected to continue the trend for low density units, averaging 6 units per acre. Building out capacity of these areas could add an additional 175 employees and 690 housing units beyond the MTP/SCS forecast. The Nichols Grove Specific Plan includes 1,612 new housing units and 243 new employees at build out. These housing units average eight units per acre and these employees are primarily from neighborhood commercial and public uses. The MTP/SCS assumes this development begins later in the planning period and therefore forecasts 430 new housing units and 243 new employees by 2035. About 45 percent of the city's 2035 housing growth is expected by 2020. This is due to the continued building of approved subdivisions. Conversely only 12 percent of the city's 2035 employment growth is anticipated by 2020. This is because much of the employment growth is new neighborhood serving commercial and public uses.

Issues to track through the regional monitoring program include the potential effect of flood protection issues in the city's northwest quadrant and the extent to which residential pressures from the Placer County employment center to the south return once the economic starts growing again.

# Yuba (Unincorporated County)

While historically a rural, agricultural county, unincorporated Yuba County approved several specific plans in the 1990s that began developing in earnest in the last ten years. The county recently adopted an updated general plan. This general plan categorizes the housing development in the county into two main categories, Valley Neighborhood and Rural Community. Rural Communities include the communities of Hallwood, Browns Valley, Loma Rica, Oregon House, Dobbins, Rackerby, Brownsville, Challenge, Log Cabin, Camptonville, Strawberry Valley, Smartsville, and The general plan policies support the continued rural character of these Camp Far West. communities and therefore they are characterized in the MTP/SCS as Rural Residential Communities. The Valley Neighborhood areas include the existing communities of Linda and Olivehurst as well as the newer growth areas of Plumas Lake, East Linda, and the North Arboga Study Area. Linda and Olivehurst are characterized as Established Communities in the MTP/SCS. Beale Air Force Base, the only active military base in the region and the largest employer in the Yuba-Sutter sub-region, is also an Established Community in the MTP/SCS. The three newer growth areas, where the majority of the housing development has occurred in the unincorporated county in recent years, Plumas Lake, North Arboga and East Linda are Developing Communities. The county's updated general plan also establishes a Valley Growth Boundary and places a focus on economic development opportunities within the boundary, demonstrating the county's commitment to trying to provide more job opportunities for residents who would otherwise likely be commuting to Placer or Sacramento for work. As such, the general plan identifies a new employment center along Highway 65. This area is also identified as a Developing Community in the MTP/SCS. The general plan identifies mixed-use corridors along North Beale Road and Olivehurst Avenue. These are areas where the county envisions infrastructure improvements to encourage development and redevelopment. Land uses would include commercial, public, and medium to high density housing, including mixed-use. These areas are identified in the MTP/SCS as Center and Corridor Communities. The remaining areas in the county are identified as planning reserve or natural resources in the general plan. These areas are not identified for development in the MTP/SCS planning period.

Developing Communities represent that largest amount of housing and employment capacity in the unincorporated county. In total the county has capacity for 27,735 new housing units and new 55,722 employees. Around 78 percent of that housing and 88 percent of that employment capacity is in Developing Communities. Plumas Lake, the Developing Community located along Highway 70 has started building in recent years and has the potential to add another 14,329 new homes and 19,664 new jobs at build out. This community includes a mix of housing and employment uses with housing densities averaging five units per acre and employment uses including commercial, office, light industrial and public. Adjacent to the northern border of Plumas Lake is the North Arboga plan area. This plan has capacity to add an additional 1,519 new housing units and 2,273 new jobs at build out. It includes commercial, industrial and public uses and an average residential density of four units per acre. Until very recently, these two Developing Communities were affected by flood issues from the Feather River. However, recently completed levee improvement and FEMA accredited 100-year protection now allows these areas to build with no elevation or flood insurance requirements. East Linda, located adjacent to the existing town of Linda, also began developing recently. This area, at build out, could add commercial, industrial and public uses generating an additional 3,681 employees and 4,261 new housing units, averaging six units per acre, to what exists today. The Highway 65 Employment Area has potential to add 23,550 new employees at build out. This area is planned for a wide variety of employment uses, including regional commercial, light and heavy industrial, agricultural processing, office, and public uses. Recently, the federal government approved an American Indian tribe's plan to build a casino in this area. Predominately an employment only Developing Community, the MTP/SCS does not forecast residential development in this area. However, the general plan does allow for up to 4,000 new housing units in this area, if such uses contribute to, or construct infrastructure needed to serve the primary employmentgenerating uses. Established Communities have capacity to add 5,388 new housing units and 3,292 employees at build out. Beale AFB has potential to add an unknown number of employees. Having recently been awarded a new mission, with other future potential missions, the MTP/SCS assumes this area could add 1,792 employees. Center and Corridor Communities have a build out potential that could add 137 new homes and 935 new jobs.

The MTP/SCS forecast for unincorporated Yuba County includes 9,914 new housing units and 10,737 new jobs by 2035. The majority of this new growth is expected to occur in Developing Communities with 4,577 new housing units and 2,999 new employees in Plumas Lake, 2,855 new housing units and 1,267 new employees in East Linda, 282 new housing units in North Arboga, and 2,507 new employees in the new Highway 65 employment area. The remaining 37 percent of employee growth and 22 percent of housing growth in the MTP/SCS is in Established Communities, Center and Corridor Communities, and Rural Residential Communities. Established Communities include 3,077 new employees and 1,983 new housing units. The majority of these new jobs are likely on Beale AFB while the remaining commercial, industrial, and employment uses are located in the Linda and Olivehurst area, primarily along Highway 65. The MTP/SCS assumes

some mixed use development; including a very small number of redevelopment sites in Center and Corridor Communities. This development adds 352 new employees and 136 new housing units by 2035. Rural Residential Communities in unincorporated Yuba County are expected to experience low amounts of growth, approximately 101 new housing units and 535 new jobs by 2035. The MTP/SCS forecast assumes relatively small amounts of new rural residential homes to be constructed in the region by 2035. This is in part due to the current recession combined with changing demographics, which suggest a higher percent of the population will want and need to live on smaller lots or in attached homes near existing jobs, services, and with more transportation choices. This is also supportive of the county's new Valley Growth Boundary which aims to guide the majority of the counties long term growth into the Center and Corridor Communities, Established Communities, and Developing Communities.

By 2035, the county's share of regional employment growth increases from today and their share of the regional housing market remains constant. The county's share of regional employment is expected to increase from 1.5 percent today, to about 2 percent in 2035. However, because much of this employment growth is dependent on development of the Highway 65 Employment Area, which has significant infrastructure challenges to address, most of this employment is expected to occur later in the planning period. Only 20 percent of the new 2035 employment is forecast to occur by 2020. Conversely, 54 percent of the county's 2035 housing growth is forecast by 2020. This is significantly higher than the regional average due to the fact that Plumas Lake, North Arboga, and East Linda are entitled to develop and have a high number of vacant lots that are ready to build as soon as the market returns.

The regional monitoring program will track the level to which the county succeeds in its desire to have jobs rather than housing lead its future growth. The success of establishing the Highway 65 employment center, together with the future of Beale, will be the primary drivers of future employment growth and are top local priorities.

2020 and 2035 MTP/SCS Land Use Foreca	st by Commu	nity Type a	and Jurisdiciti	on			1			
	Existing Co	nditions					MTP/SC	\$ 2020	MTP/SC	2035
	200		MTP/SCS 2	020 Total	MTP/SCS 2	035 Total	Grov		Grow	
	200	Total	WIII/3C3 Z	Total	14117/303/2	Total	GIOV		GIOW	
	Total	Housing	Total		Total	Housing	Employee	Housing Unit	Employee	Housing Unit
Jurisdiction/Community Type	Employees	Units	Employees	Housing Units	Employees	Units	Growth	Growth	Growth	Growth
EL DORADO COUNTY	Employees	Units	Employees	Ullits	Employees	Ullits	Glowth	Growth	Growth	Glowth
Placerville		_		_						
Corridor/Center Communities	4,027	99	4,111	119	4,247	176	84	20	220	77
Established Communities	6,561	4,191	6,807	4,605	7,165	5,221	246	414	604	1,030
Placerville Total	10,588	4,191	10,918	4,003 <b>4,724</b>	11,412	5,397	330	434	824	1,107
Unincorporated El Dorado County	10,388	4,230	10,918	4,724	11,412	3,337	330	434	024	1,107
Corridor/Center Communities	3,557	66	3,765	81	3,992	81	208	15	435	15
Established Communities	20,600	29,169	25,403	31,066	35,525	35,367	4,803	1,897	14,925	6,198
Developing Communities	5,089	4,938	5,283	7,245	5,780	10,045	194	2,307	691	5,107
Rural Residential Communities	4,930	23,327	5,002	23,633	5,700	23,722	72	306	770	395
Unincorporated El Dorado Total	34.176	57,500	39,453	62,025	50,997	69,215	5,277	4,525	16,821	11,715
EL DORADO COUNTY TOTAL	44,764	61,790	50,371	66,749	62,409	74,612	5,607	4,959	17,645	12,822
EL BORADO COCRITITOTAL	44,704	01,730	30,371	00,743	02,403	74,012	3,007	4,555	17,043	12,022
PLACER COUNTY										
Auburn										
Corridor/Center Communities	2,735	511	2,818	548	2,943	798	83	37	208	287
Established Communities	6,247	5,855	6,406	6,024	6,883	6,215	159	169	636	360
Developing Communities	0	5	57	201	63	719	57	196	63	714
Auburn Total	8,982	6,371	9,281	6,773	9,889	7,732	299	402	907	1,361
Colfax										
Corridor/Center Communities	684	140	753	140	1,280	226	69	0	596	86
Established Communities	303	674	356	744	366	768	53	70	63	94
Colfax Total	987	814	1,109	884	1,646	994	122	70	659	180
Lincoln		,				,				
Corridor/Center Communities	1,133	49	1,187	50	1,208	115	54	1	75	66
Established Communities	6,853	17,632	8,160	20,321	11,607	21,559	1,307	2,689	4,754	3,927
Developing Communities	1,538	86	3,885	1,696	6,672	7,368	2,347	1,610	5,134	7,282
Lincoln Total	9,524	17,767	13,232	22,067	19,487	29,042	3,708	4,300	9,963	11,275
Loomis		ı								
Corridor/Center Communities	450	149	683	218	1,163	598	233	69	713	449
Established Communities	3,126	1,463	3,151	1,551	3,237	1,878	25	88	111	415
Rural Residential Communities	660	783	693	809	783	857	33	26	123	74
Loomis Total	4,236	2,395	4,527	2,578	5,183	3,333	291	183	947	938
Rocklin				:	,		40-	405		6==
Corridor/Center Communities	1,167	907	1,304	1,045	1,585	1,882	137	138	418	975
Established Communities	15,791	19,992	17,278	20,950	18,857	21,533	1,487	958	3,066	1,541
Developing Communities	353	1,031	2,677	4,437	5,997	4,873	2,324	3,406	5,644	3,842
Rocklin Total	17,311	21,930	21,259	26,432	26,439	28,288	3,948	4,502	9,128	6,358
Roseville	6.634	2.404	7.740	2.522	0.402	2.007	025	222	2.470	606
Corridor/Center Communities	6,924	2,191	7,749	2,530	9,102	2,887	825	339	2,178	696
Established Communities	62,078	43,320	69,659	44,847	80,585	46,499	7,581	1,527	18,507	3,179
Developing Communities	70	1,229	1,426	9,063	7,865	15,516	1,356	7,834	7,795	14,287
Roseville Total	69,072	46,740	78,834	56,440	97,552	64,902	9,762	9,700	28,480	18,162
Unincorporated Placer County	22.200	16.404	27.626	17 204	27.240	10.000	4.420	707	14442	2.000
Established Communities	23,206	16,404	27,636	17,201	37,349	19,090	4,430	797	14,143	2,686
Developing Communities	93	164	949	3,966	3,579	13,187	856	3,802	3,486	13,023
Rural Residential Communities	8,251	24,053	8,406	24,818	8,593	26,143	155	765 F 264	342	2,090
Unincorporated Placer County Total PLACER COUNTY TOTAL	31,550	40,621	36,991	45,985	49,521	58,420	5,441	5,364	17,971	17,799
PLACER COUNTY TO LAL	141,662	136,638	165,233	161,159	209,717	192,711	23,571	24,521	68,055	56,073

2020 and 2035 MTP/SCS Land Use Foreca	st by Commu	nity Type a	and Jurisdiciti	on						
	Existing Co 200		MTP/SCS 2	020 Total	MTP/SCS 2	035 Total	MTP/SC Grov		MTP/SCS Grow	
Jurisdiction/Community Type	Total Employees	Total Housing Units	Total Employees	Total Housing Units	Total Employees	Total Housing Units	Employee Growth	Housing Unit Growth	Employee Growth	Housing Unit Growth
SACRAMENTO COUNTY	Lingioyees	Units	Lingioyees	Units	Lingioyees	Units	Growth	Crowen	Growth	Crowen
Citrus Heights										
Corridor/Center Communities	7,674	1,616	8,243	1,661	10,330	2,886	569	45	2,656	1,270
Established Communities	11,557	34,522	11,863	35,274	13,440	37,012	306	752	1,883	2,490
Citrus Heights Total	19,231	36,138	20,106	36,935	23,770	39,898	875	797	4,539	3,760
Elk Grove										
Corridor/Center Communities	939	69	939	69	939	69	0	0	0	0
Established Communities	25,056	44,428	26,570	45,061	34,055	46,860	1,514	633	8,999	2,432
Developing Communities	849	774	4,642	7,723	11,039	13,325	3,793	6,949	10,190	12,551
Rural Residential Communities	1,586	3,747	1,586	4,512	1,586	5,756	0	765	0	2,009
Elk Grove Total	28,430	49,018	33,737	57,365	47,619	66,010	5,307	8,347	19,189	16,992
Folsom										
Corridor/Center Communities	9,084	1,421	10,159	2,014	10,833	2,186	1,075	593	1,749	765
Established Communities	25,732	24,435	29,297	26,838	35,996	27,230	3,565	2,403	10,264	2,795
Developing Communities	0	1	47	2,313	1,291	6,688	47	2,312	1,291	6,687
Folsom Total	34,816	25,857	39,503	31,165	48,120	36,104	4,687	5,308	13,304	10,247
Galt										1
Corridor/Center Communities	1,977	303	2,583	392	2,804	481	606	89	827	178
Established Communities	2,882	7,481	3,136	8,204	4,960	9,322	254	723	2,078	1,841
Developing Communities	249	205	249	205	385	1,091	0	0	136	886
Galt Total	5,108	7,989	5,968	8,801	8,149	10,894	860	812	3,041	2,905
Isleton		I								,
Established Communities	115	352	128	378	159	443	13	26	44	91
Isleton Total	115	352	128	378	159	443	13	26	44	91
Rancho Cordova		ı								
Corridor/Center Communities	17,023	6,132	17,824	6,649	20,469	10,956	801	517	3,446	4,824
Established Communities	37,926	16,470	43,048	17,748	53,670	18,182	5,122	1,278	15,744	1,712
Developing Communities	146	2,267	1,235	8,423	7,332	21,085	1,089	6,156	7,186	18,818
Rancho Cordova Total	55,095	24,869	62,107	32,820	81,471	50,223	7,012	7,951	26,376	25,354
City of Sacramento	470.004	F0 202	402 504	72 500	240.627	402 204	44.647	44.206	20.752	42.000
Corridor/Center Communities	170,884	59,202	182,501	73,508	210,637	102,301	11,617	14,306	39,753	43,099
Established Communities	115,093	132,297	126,861	143,983	150,315	153,329	11,768	11,686	35,222	21,032
Developing Communities	0	0	241	1,626	2,123	5,077	241	1,626	2,123	5,077
Sacramento Total	285,977	191,499	309,603	219,117	363,075	260,707	23,626	27,618	77,098	69,208
Unincorporated Sacramento County	94.045	22.402	00 770	20.196	114 206	47.170	4 725	F 702	20.241	22.697
Corridor/Center Communities	84,045	23,483	88,770	29,186	114,286	47,170	4,725	5,703	30,241	23,687
Established Communities	95,579	173,794 7,846	103,610	177,707 13,856	124,251	182,709	8,031	3,913	28,672	8,915
Developing Communities Rural Residential Communities	4,842 9,298	13,440	6,802 9,476	13,856	11,517 11,582	25,793 14,072	1,960 178	6,010 212	6,675 2,284	17,947 632
Unincorporated Sacramento Total	193,764	218,563	208,658	234,401	261,636	269,744	14,894	15,838	67,872	51,181
SACRAMENTO COUNTY TOTAL	622,536	554,285	679,810	620,982	833,999	734,023	57,274	66,697	211,463	179,738
SACRAMENTO COONTI TOTAL	- <del>022,330</del>		075,010	020,302	033,333	73-1,023	- 31,E14	00,037	7777705	113,130
SUTTER COUNTY										
Live Oak										
Corridor/Center Communities	467	47	601	57	878	85	134	10	411	38
Established Communities	592	2,454	690	2,959	1,029	3,721	98	505	437	1,267
Live Oak Total	1,059	2,501	1,291	3,016	1,907	3,806	232	515	848	1,305
Yuba City*		ı								1
Corridor/Center Communities	8,064	1,518	8,571	1,699	10,036	1,912	507	181	1,972	394
Established Communities	17,156	22,509	18,955	25,302	24,002	27,450	1,799	2,793	6,846	4,941
Developing Communities	397	268	397	268	757	1,749	0	0	360	1,481
Yuba City Total	25,617	24,295	27,923	27,269	34,795	31,111	2,306	2,974	9,178	6,816
Unincorporated Sutter County*										1
Established Communities	4,265	6,898	4,280	7,284	4,386	7,580	15	386	121	682
Developing Communities	810	14	810	14	3,287	3,489	0	0	2,477	3,475
Unincorporated Sutter County Total	5,075	6,912	5,090	7,298	7,673	11,069	15	386	2,598	4,157
SUTTER COUNTY TOTAL	31,751	33,708	34,304	37,583	44,375	45,986	2,553	3,875	12,624	12,278

\*In 2008, unincorporated Sutter County has an additional 924 jobs and 1,744 housing units today that are in the portion of the existing Yuba City SOI areathat is assumed to be annexed within the planning period. For this reason, the existing jobs and homes are being shown in the Yuba City total.

2020 and 2035 MTP/SCS Land Use Fored	ast by Commu	nity Type a	and Jurisdiciti	on						
	Existing Co	nditions					MTP/SC	S 2020	MTP/SC	S 2035
	200	8	MTP/SCS 2	020 Total	MTP/SCS 2	035 Total	Grov	vth	Grow	<b>/</b> th
		Total		Total		Total		Housing		Housing
	Total	Housing	Total	Housing	Total	Housing	Employee	Unit	Employee	Unit
Jurisdiction/Community Type	<b>Employees</b>	Units	Employees	Units	Employees	Units	Growth	Growth	Growth	Growth
YOLO COUNTY										
Davis										
Corridor/Center Communities	6,039	1,392	6,134	1,525	6,803	2,715	95	133	764	1,323
Established Communities	10,218	24,227	11,074	25,421	13,637	26,550	856	1,194	3,419	2,323
Davis Total	16,257	25,619	17,208	26,946	20,440	29,265	951	1,327	4,183	3,646
West Sacramento						,		,		
Corridor/Center Communities	3,875	1,483	7,078	5,086	17,680	12,562	3,203	3,603	13,805	11,079
Established Communities	27,848	14,806	28,688	16,001	31,418	18,633	840	1,195	3,570	3,827
Developing Communities	1,035	1,532	2,309	3,581	4,499	4,416	1,274	2,049	3,464	2,884
West Sacramento Total	32,758	17,821	38,075	24,668	53,597	35,611	5,317	6,847	20,839	17,790
Winters		1								1
Corridor/Center Communities	158	3	158	3	176	3	0	0	18	0
Established Communities	1,832	2,046	2,081	2,412	2,940	3,063	249	366	1,108	1,017
Winters Total	1,990	2,049	2,239	2,415	3,116	3,066	249	366	1,126	1,017
Woodland		,								,
Corridor/Center Communities	3,443	781	3,453	781	3,470	1,522	10	0	27	741
Established Communities	22,400	17,964	24,589	18,048	28,371	18,946	2,189	84	5,971	982
Developing Communities	400	541	1,357	2,736	1,527	4,049	957	2,195	1,127	3,508
Woodland Total	26,243	19,286	29,399	21,565	33,368	24,517	3,156	2,279	7,125	5,231
Unincorporated Yolo County		1								ı
Corridor/Center Communities	17,763	895	18,673	2,646	20,702	2,646	910	1,751	2,939	1,751
Established Communities	7,368	6,502	7,789	6,917	9,797	7,641	421	415	2,429	1,139
Unincoporated Yolo County Total	25,131	7,397	26,462	9,563	30,499	10,287	1,331	2,166	5,368	2,890
YOLO COUNTY TOTAL	102,379	72,172	113,383	85,157	141,020	102,746	11,004	12,985	38,641	30,574
YUBA COUNTY										
Marysville										
Corridor/Center Communities	2,531	280	2,606	323	2,913	386	75	43	382	106
Established Communities	5,753	4,983	5,915	5,025	6,387	5,334	162	42	634	351
Marysville Total	8,284	5,263	8,521	5,348	9,300	5,720	237	85	1,016	457
Wheatland										1
Corridor/Center Communities	55	105	55	109	55	109	0	4	0	4
Established Communities	682	1,185	791	1,319	901	1,319	109	134	219	134
Developing Communities	0	21	0	403	708	1,048	0	382	708	1,027
Wheatland Total	737	1,311	846	1,831	1,664	2,476	109	520	927	1,165
Unincorporated Yuba County										
Corridor/Center Communities	1,131	367	1,193	448	1,483	503	62	81	352	136
Established Communities	3,275	7,891	3,373	8,923	4,560	9,854	98	1,032	1,285	1,963
Beale AFB	4,652	185	5,673	185	6,444	185	1,021	0	1,792	0
Developing Communities	643	4,795	1,569	8,996	7,416	12,509	926	4,201	6,773	7,714
Rural Residential Communities	4,501	6,320	4,562	6,364	5,036	6,421	61	44	535	101
Unincorporated Yuba County Total	14,202	19,558	16,370	24,916	24,939	29,472	2,168	5,358	10,737	9,914
YUBA COUNTY TOTAL	23,223	26,132	25,737	32,095	35,903	37,668	2,514	5,963	12,680	11,536
Regional Totals										
Corridor/Center Communities	355,829	103,209	381,911	130,887	460,014	195,255	26,082	27,678	104,185	92,046
Established Communities	564,746	684,129	623,267	722,298	752,292	763,493	58,521	38,169	187,546	79,364
Developing Communities	16,514	25,717	33,935	76,752	81,837	152,027	17,421	51,035	65,323	126,310
Rural Residential Communities	29,226	71,670	29,725	73,788	33,280	76,971	499	2,118	4,054	5,301
Regional Total	966,315	884,725	1,068,838	1,003,725	1,327,423	1,187,746	102,523	119,000	361,108	303,021

# APPENDIX J

# City of Folsom Russell Ranch Project Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan Mitigation Analysis

# December 2014

The Folsom South of U.S. Highway 50 Specific Plan Project EIR/EIS provided a Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program, as required by the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA), in order to monitor the mitigation measures required to avoid significant environmental impacts with the implementation of the Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan (FPASP). The monitoring program ensures that mitigation measures imposed by the City are completed at the appropriate time in the development process.

The Russell Ranch Project (proposed project) is located within the eastern Hillside District of the FPASP and is subject to the FPASP and associated EIR/EIS. The mitigation measures identified in the EIR/EIS for the FPASP are listed below along with the determination of applicability to the development of the proposed project.

FPASP MITIGATION			
Russell Ranc FPASP Mitigation Measure	Not Applicable to the Project	Applicable to the Project and Included as Mitigation	Project has Completed
3A.1-Aesthetics - Land 3A.1-1: Construct and Maintain a Landscape Corridor Adjacent to U.S. 50. The project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development application adjacent to U.S. 50 shall fund, construct, and maintain a landscaped corridor within the SPA, south of U.S. 50. This corridor shall be 50 feet wide, except that the landscaped corridor width shall be reduced to 25 feet adjacent to the proposed regional mall. Landscaping plans and specifications shall be approved by Caltrans and the City of Folsom, and constructed by the project applicant(s) before the start of earthmoving activities associated with residential or commercial units. Landscaped areas would not be required within the preserved oak woodlands. As practicable, landscaping shall primarily contain native and/or drought tolerant plants.  Landscaped corridors shall be maintained in perpetuity to the satisfaction of the City of Folsom.			Yes – Included on Project's Vesting Tentative Map.
3A.1-4: Screen Construction Staging Areas. The project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development application shall locate staging and material storage areas as far away from sensitive biological resources and sensitive land uses (e.g., residential areas, schools, parks) as feasible. Staging and material storage areas shall be approved by the appropriate agency (identified below) before the approval of grading plans for all project phases and shall be screened from adjacent occupied land uses in earlier development phases to the maximum extent practicable. Screens may include, but are not limited to, the use of such visual barriers such as berms or fences. The screen design shall be approved by the appropriate agency to further reduce visual effects to the extent possible.  Mitigation for the off-site elements outside of the City of Folsom's jurisdictional boundaries shall be developed by the project applicant(s) of each applicable project phase in consultation with the affected oversight agency(ies) (i.e., El Dorado and/or Sacramento Counties, and Caltrans) to reduce to the extent feasible the visual effects of construction activities on adjacent project land uses that have already been developed.		Yes – See Aesthetics Chapter.	

FPASP MITIGATION ANALYSIS  Russell Ranch Project						
FPASP Mitigation Measure	Not Applicable to the Project	Applicable to the Project and Included as Mitigation	Project has Completed			
<ul> <li>3A.1-5: Establish and Require Conformance to Lighting Standards and Prepare and Implement a Lighting Plan. To reduce impacts associated with light and glare, the City shall:</li> <li>Establish standards for on-site outdoor lighting to reduce high-intensity nighttime lighting and glare as part of the Folsom Specific Plan design guidelines/standards. Consideration shall be given to design features, namely directional shielding for street lighting, parking lot lighting, and other substantial light sources, that would reduce effects of nighttime lighting In addition, consideration shall be given to the use of automatic shutoffs or motion sensors for lighting features to further reduce excess nighttime light.</li> <li>Use shielded or screened public lighting fixtures to prevent the light from shining off of the surface intended to be illuminated.</li> <li>To reduce impacts associated with light and glare, the project applicant(s) of all project phases shall:</li> <li>Shield or screen lighting fixtures to direct the light downward and prevent light spill on adjacent properties.</li> <li>Flood and area lighting needed for construction activities, nighttime sporting activities, and/or security shall be screened or aimed no higher than 45 degrees above straight down (half-way between straight down and straight to the side) when the source is visible from any off-site residential property or public roadway.</li> <li>For public lighting in residential neighborhoods, prohibit the use of light fixtures that are of unusually high intensity or brightness (e.g., harsh mercury vapor, low-pressure sodium, or fluorescent bulbs) or that blink or flash.</li> <li>Use appropriate building materials (such as low-glare glass, low-glare building glaze or finish, neutral, earth-toned colored paint and roofing materials), shielded or screened lighting, and appropriate signage in the office/commercial areas to prevent light and glare from adversely affecting motorists on nearby roadways.</li> <li>Design exterior on-site lighting a</li></ul>		Yes – See Aesthetics Chapter.				

FPASP MITIGATION Russell Rance			
FPASP Mitigation Measure	Not Applicable to the Project	Applicable to the Project and Included as Mitigation	Project has Completed
<ul> <li>architecturally consistent with the overall site design.</li> <li>Lighting of off-site facilities within the City of Folsom shall be consistent with the City's General Plan standards.</li> <li>Lighting of the off-site detention basin shall be consistent with Sacramento County General Plan standards.</li> <li>Lighting of the two local roadway connections from Folsom Heights off-site into El Dorado Hills shall be consistent with El Dorado County General Plan standards.</li> <li>A lighting plan for all on- and off-site elements within the each agency's jurisdictional boundaries (specified below) shall be submitted to the relevant jurisdictional agency for review and approval, which shall include the above elements. The lighting plan may be submitted concurrently with other improvement plans, and shall be submitted before the installation of any lighting or the approval of building permits for each phase. The project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development application shall implement the approved lighting plan.</li> <li>Mitigation for the off-site elements outside of the City of Folsom's jurisdictional boundaries must be coordinated by the project applicant(s) of each applicable project phase with the affected oversight agency(ies) (i.e., El Dorado and/or Sacramento Counties).</li> </ul>			
3A.2-Air Quality - Land  3A.2-1a: Implement Measures to Control Air Pollutant Emissions Generated by Construction of On-Site Elements. To reduce short-term construction emissions, the project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development application shall require their contractors to implement SMAQMD's list of Basic Construction Emission Control Practices, Enhanced Fugitive PM Dust Control Practices, and Enhanced Exhaust Control Practices (list below) in effect at the time individual portions of the site undergo construction. In addition to SMAQMD-recommended measures, construction operations shall comply with all applicable SMAQMD rules and regulations.  Basic Construction Emission Control Practices		Yes – See Air Quality and Climate Change Chapter.	

FPASP MITIGATION ANALYSIS  Russell Ranch Project						
FPASP Mitigation Measure	Not Applicable to the Project	Applicable to the Project and Included as Mitigation	Project has Completed			
<ul> <li>Water all exposed surfaces two times daily. Exposed surfaces include, but are not limited to soil piles, graded areas, unpaved parking areas, staging areas, and access roads.</li> <li>Cover or maintain at least two feet of free board space on haul trucks transporting soil, sand, or other loose material on the site. Any haul trucks that would be traveling along freeways or major roadways should be covered.</li> <li>Use wet power vacuum street sweepers to remove any visible trackout mud or dirt onto adjacent public roads at least once a day. Use of dry power sweeping is prohibited.</li> <li>Limit vehicle speeds on unpaved roads to 15 miles per hour (mph).</li> <li>All roadways, driveways, sidewalks, parking lots to be paved should be completed as soon as possible. In addition, building pads should be laid as soon as possible after grading unless seeding or soil binders are used.</li> <li>Minimize idling time either by shutting equipment off when not in use or reducing the time of idling to 5 minutes (as required by the state airborne toxics control measure [Title 13, Section 2485 of the California Code of Regulations]). Provide clear signage that posts this requirement for workers at the entrances to the site.</li> <li>Maintain all construction equipment in proper working condition according to manufacturer's specifications. The equipment must be checked by a certified mechanic and determine to be running in proper condition before it is operated.</li> <li>Enhanced Fugitive PM Dust Control Practices – Soil Disturbance Areas</li> <li>Water exposed soil with adequate frequency for continued moist soil. However, do not overwater to the extent that sediment flows off the site.</li> <li>Suspend excavation, grading, and/or demolition activity when wind speeds exceed 20 mph.</li> <li>Plant vegetative ground cover (fast-germinating native grass seed) in disturbed areas as soon as possible. Water appropriately until vegetation is established.</li> </ul>						

FPASP MITIGATION ANALYSIS  Russell Ranch Project							
FPASP Mitigation Measure	Not Applicable to the Project	Applicable to the Project and Included as Mitigation	Project has Completed				
<ul> <li>Enhanced Fugitive PM Dust Control Practices – Unpaved Roads</li> <li>Install wheel washers for all exiting trucks, or wash off all trucks and equipment leaving the site.</li> <li>Treat site accesses to a distance of 100 feet from the paved road with a 6 to 12-inch layer of wood chips, mulch, or gravel to reduce generation of road dust and road dust carryout onto public roads.</li> </ul>							
<ul> <li>Post a publicly visible sign with the telephone number and person to contact at the construction site regarding dust complaints. This person shall respond and take corrective action within 48 hours. The phone number of SMAQMD and the City contact person shall also be posted to ensure compliance.</li> <li>Enhanced Exhaust Control Practices</li> </ul>							
• The project shall provide a plan, for approval by the City of Folsom Community Development Department and SMAQMD, demonstrating that the heavy-duty (50 horsepower [hp] or more) off-road vehicles to be used in the construction project, including owned, leased, and subcontractor vehicles, will achieve a project wide fleet-average 20% NOX reduction and 45% particulate reduction compared to the most current California Air Resources Board (ARB) fleet average that exists at the time of construction. Acceptable options for reducing emissions may include use of late-model engines, low-emission diesel products, alternative fuels, engine retrofit technology, after-treatment products, and/or other options as they become available. The project applicant(s) of each project phase or its representative shall submit to the City of Folsom Community Development Department and SMAQMD a comprehensive inventory of all off-road construction equipment, equal to or greater than 50 hp, that would be used an aggregate of 40 or more hours during any portion of the construction project. The inventory shall include the horsepower rating, engine production year, and projected hours of use for each piece of equipment. The inventory shall be updated and submitted monthly throughout the duration of the project, except that an inventory shall not be required for any 30-day period in which no construction activity occurs. At least 48 hours prior to the use of heavy-duty off-road equipment, the project representative shall provide SMAQMD with							

FPASP MITIGATION ANALYSIS  Russell Ranch Project						
FPASP Mitigation Measure	Not Applicable to the Project	Applicable to the Project and Included as Mitigation	Project has Completed			
the anticipated construction timeline including start date, and name and phone number of the project manager and on-site foreman. SMAQMD's Construction Mitigation Calculator can be used to identify an equipment fleet that achieves this reduction (SMAQMD 2007a). The project shall ensure that emissions from all off-road diesel powered equipment used on the SPA do not exceed 40% opacity for more than three minutes in any one hour. Any equipment found to exceed 40 percent opacity (or Ringelmann 2.0) shall be repaired immediately, and the City and SMAQMD shall be notified within 48 hours of identification of non- compliant equipment. A visual survey of all inoperation equipment shall be made at least weekly, and a monthly summary of the visual survey results shall be submitted throughout the duration of the project, except that the monthly summary shall not be required for any 30- day period in which no construction activity occurs. The monthly summary shall include the quantity and type of vehicles surveyed as well as the dates of each survey. SMAQMD staff and/or other officials may conduct periodic site inspections to determine compliance. Nothing in this mitigation measure shall supersede other SMAQMD or state rules or regulations.  • If at the time of construction, SMAQMD has adopted a regulation or new guidance applicable to construction emissions, compliance with the regulation or new guidance may completely or partially replace this mitigation if it is equal to or more effective than the mitigation contained herein, and if SMAQMD so permits.						
3A.2-1b: Pay Off-site Mitigation Fee to SMAQMD to Off-Set NO <sub>x</sub> Emissions Generated by Construction of On- Site Elements. Implementation of the Proposed Project or the other four other action alternatives would result in construction-generated NOX emissions that exceed the SMAQMD threshold of significance, even after implementation of the SMAQMD Enhanced Exhaust Control Practices (listed in Mitigation Measure 3A.2-1a). Additionally, Mitigation Measure 3A.4-1 (Implement Additional Measures to Control Construction-Generated GHG Emissions, pages 3A.4-14 to 15) has the potential to both reduce and increase NOX emissions, depending on the types of alternative fuels and engine types employed.		Yes – See Air Quality and Climate Change Chapter.				

# FPASP MITIGATION ANALYSIS Russell Ranch Project

FPASP Mitigation Measure	Not Applicable to the Project	Applicable to the Project and Included as Mitigation	Project has Completed
fee for implementation of any of the five action alternatives for the purpose of			
reducing NOX emissions to a less-than-significant level (i.e., less than 85			
lb/day). All NOX emission reductions and increases associated with GHG			
mitigation shall be added to or subtracted from the amount above the			
construction threshold to determine off-site mitigation fees, when possible. The			
specific fee amounts shall be calculated when the daily construction emissions			
can be more accurately determined: that is, if the City/USACE select and			
certify the EIR/EIS and approves the Proposed Project or one of the other four			
other action alternatives, the City and the applicants must establish the phasing			
by which development would occur, and the applicants must develop a detailed			
construction schedule. Calculation of fees associated with each project development phase shall be conducted by the project applicant(s) in			
consultation with SMAQMD staff before the approval of grading plans by the			
City. The project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development			
application shall pay into SMAQMD's off-site construction mitigation fund to			
further mitigate construction- generated emissions of NOX that exceed			
SMAQMD's daily emission threshold of 85 lb/day. The calculation of daily			
NOX emissions shall be based on the cost rate established by SMAQMD at			
the time the calculation and payment are made. At the time of writing this			
EIR/EIS the cost rate is \$16,000 to reduce 1 ton of NOX plus a 5%			
administrative fee (SMAQMD 2008c). The determination of the final mitigation			
fee shall be conducted in coordination with SMAQMD before any ground			
disturbance occurs for any project phase. Based on information available at the			
time of writing this EIR/EIS, and assuming that construction would be			
performed at a consistent rate over a 19-year period (and averaging of 22 work			
days per month), it is estimated that the off-site construction mitigation fees			
would range from \$517,410 to \$824,149, depending on which alternative is			
selected. Because the fee is based on the mass quantity of emissions that exceed			
SMAQMD's daily threshold of significance of 85 lb/day, total fees would be			
substantially greater if construction activity is more intense during some			
phases and less intense during other phases of the 19-year build out period, and			
in any event, based on the actual cost rate applied by SMAQMD. (This fee is used by SMAQMD to purchase off-site emissions reductions. Such purchases			
are made through SMAQMD's Heavy Duty Incentive Program, through which			
are made unough SwaQwiD 8 Heavy Duty incentive Flogram, unough which		<u> </u>	

FPASP MITIGATI Russell Ranc			
FPASP Mitigation Measure	Not Applicable to the Project	Applicable to the Project and Included as Mitigation	Project has Completed
select owners of heavy-duty equipment in Sacramento County can repower or retrofit their old engines with cleaner engines or technologies.)  3A.2-1c: Analyze and Disclose Projected PM <sub>10</sub> Emission Concentrations at Nearby Sensitive Receptors Resulting from Construction of On-Site Elements. Prior to construction of each discretionary development entitlement of on-site land uses, the project applicant shall perform a project-level CEQA analysis (e.g., supporting documentation for an exemption, negative declaration, or project-specific EIR) that includes detailed dispersion modeling of construction-generated PM <sub>10</sub> to disclose what PM <sub>10</sub> concentrations would be at			Van Gas Aire
nearby sensitive receptors. The dispersion modeling shall be performed in accordance with applicable SMAQMD guidance that is in place at the time the analysis is performed. At the time of writing this EIR/EIS, SMAQMD's most current and most detailed guidance for addressing construction-generated PM10 emissions is found in its Guide to Air Quality Assessment in Sacramento County (SMAQMD 2009a). The project-level analysis shall incorporate detailed parameters of the construction equipment and activities, including the year during which construction would be performed, as well as the proximity of potentially affected receptors, including receptors proposed by the project that exist at the time the construction activity would occur.			Yes – See Air Quality and Climate Change Chapter.
A.2-1d: Implement SMAQMD's Basic Construction Emission Control Practices during Construction of all Off- site Elements located in Sacramento County. The applicants responsible for the construction of each off-site element in Sacramento County shall require their contractors to implement SMAQMD's Basic Construction Emission Control Practices during construction. A list of SMAQMD's Basic Construction Emission Control Practices is provided under Mitigation Measure 3A.2-1a.  Mitigation for the off-site elements outside of the City of Folsom's jurisdictional boundaries must be developed by the project applicant(s) of each applicable project phase with the affected oversight agency(ies) (i.e., Sacramento County or Caltrans) to implement SMAQMD's Basic Construction Emission Control Practices or comparable feasible measures.		Yes – See Air Quality and Climate Change Chapter.	

	FPASP MITIGATION	ON ANALYSIS		
	Russell Ranc	h Project		
	FPASP Mitigation Measure	Not Applicable to the Project	Applicable to the Project and Included as Mitigation	Project has Completed
Fugitive PM <sub>10</sub> dust Du n El Dorado County. Dorado County, the appontrol plan that is appeter contractors to ime EDCAQMD-approved fishall contain measures plan is developed, which EDCAQMD-recommendelow.  Mitigation for the off-sign oundaries must be de-	Prior to construction of the Two Roadway Connections Prior to construction of each roadway extension in El plicants or its contractors shall develop a fugitive dust roved by EDCAQMD and the applicants shall require plement the dust control measures identified in the fugitive dust control plan. The fugitive dust control plan that are recommended by EDCAQMD at the time the h may include, but is not limited to, the current list of ded dust control measures provided in Table 3A.2-5  te elements outside of the City of Folsom's jurisdictional veloped by the project applicant(s) of each applicable litation with the affected oversight agency(ies) (i.e., El	N/A – The Russell Ranch Project does not include the Two Roadway Connections in El Dorado County.		
EDCAOMD-	Table 3A.2-5 Recommend Fugitive Dust Control Measures			
Source	Mitigation Measure			
Soil Piles	Enclose, cover, or water twice daily all soil piles Automatic sprinkler system installed on soil piles			
Exposed Surface Grading	Water all exposed soil twice daily  Water exposed soil with adequate frequency to keep soil moist at all times			
Truck Hauling Road	Water all haul roads twice daily Pave all haul roads			
Truck Hauling Load	Maintain at least two feet of freeboard  Cover load of all haul/dump trucks securely			
	AQMD's Guide to Air Quality Assessment (EDCAQMD 2002).			
Construction of all C Exhaust Control Practic order to control $NO_X$ er	AQMD's Enhanced Exhaust Control Practices during Off-site Elements. Implement SMAQMD's Enhanced es, which are listed in Mitigation Measure 3A.2-1a, in missions generated by construction of all off-site elements orado Counties, or Caltrans right-of-way).		Yes – See Air Quality and Climate Change Chapter.	

#### **FPASP MITIGATION ANALYSIS Russell Ranch Project** Applicable to the Not Applicable to the **Project has Project and Included as FPASP Mitigation Measure Project** Completed Mitigation 3A.2-1g: Pay Off-site Mitigation Fee to SMAQMD to Off-Set NO<sub>X</sub> Emissions Generated by Construction of Off- site Elements. The off-site elements could result in construction-generated NO<sub>x</sub> emissions that exceed the SMAQMD threshold of significance, even after implementation of the SMAQMD Enhanced Exhaust Control Practices (listed in Mitigation Measure 3A.2-1a). Therefore, the responsible project applicant(s) for each off-site element in Sacramento County shall pay SMAOMD an off-site mitigation fee for implementation of each off-site element in Sacramento County for the purpose of reducing NO<sub>x</sub> emissions to a less-than-significant level (i.e., less than 85 lb/day). The specific fee amounts shall be calculated when the daily construction emissions can be more accurately determined. This calculation shall occur if the City/USACE certify the EIR/EIS and select and approves the Proposed Project or one of the other four other action alternatives, the City, Sacramento County, and the applicants establish the phasing by which construction of the off- site elements would occur, and the applicants develop a detailed construction Yes – See Air Ouality schedule. Calculation of fees associated with each off-site element shall be and Climate Change conducted by the project applicant(s) in consultation with SMAOMD staff before Chapter. 'the approval of respective grading plans by Sacramento County. The project applicant(s) responsible for each off-site element in Sacramento County shall pay into SMAOMD's off- site construction mitigation fund to further mitigate construction-generated emissions of NO<sub>x</sub> that exceed SMAQMD's daily emission threshold of 85 lb/day. The calculation of daily $NO_x$ emissions shall be based on the cost rate established by SMAOMD at the time the calculation and payment are made. At the time of writing this EIR/EIS the cost rate is \$16,000 to reduce 1 ton of NO<sub>x</sub> plus a 5% administrative fee (SMAOMD 2008c). The determination of the final mitigation fee shall be conducted in coordination with SMAQMD before any ground disturbance occurs for any project phase. Because the fee is based on the mass quantity of emissions that exceed SMAOMD's daily threshold of significance of 85 lb/day, total fees for construction of the off-site elements would vary according to the timing and potential overlap of construction schedules for off-site elements. This measure applies only to those off-site elements located in SMAQMD's jurisdiction (i.e., in Sacramento County)

because EDCAQMD does not offer a similar off-set fee program for construction-

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generated NOX emissions in its jurisdiction. (This fee is used by SMAQMD to purchase off-site emissions reductions. Such purchases are made through SMAQMD's Heavy Duty Incentive Program, through which select owners of heavy-duty equipment in Sacramento County can repower or retrofit their old engines with cleaner engines or technologies.)  Mitigation for the off-site elements outside of the City of Folsom's jurisdictional boundaries must be developed by the project applicant(s) of each applicable project phase in consultation with the affected oversight agency(ies) (i.e.,					
Sacramento County or Caltrans).  3A.2-1h: Analyze and Disclose Projected PM <sub>10</sub> Emission Concentrations at Nearby Sensitive Receptors Resulting from Construction of Off-site Elements. Prior to construction of each off-site element located in Sacramento County that would involve site grading or earth disturbance activity that would exceed 15 acres in one day, the responsible agency or its selected consultant shall conduct detailed dispersion modeling of construction-generated PM <sub>10</sub> emissions pursuant to SMAQMD guidance that is in place at the time the analysis is performed. At the time of writing this EIR/EIS, SMAQMD's most current and most detailed guidance for addressing construction-generated PM <sub>10</sub> emissions is found in its Guide to Air Quality Assessment in Sacramento County SMAQMD 2009a).  SMAQMD emphasizes that PM <sub>10</sub> emission concentrations at nearby sensitive receptors be disclosed in project-level CEQA analysis. Each project-level analysis shall incorporate detailed parameters of the construction equipment and activities, including the year during which construction would be performed, as well as the proximity of potentially affected receptors, including receptors proposed by the project that exist at the time the construction activity would occur. If the modeling analysis determines that construction activity would result in an exceedance or substantial contribution to the CAAQS and NAAQS at a nearby receptor, then the project applicant(s) shall require their respective		Yes – See Air Quality and Climate Change Chapter.			

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time the project-level analysis is performed. It is likely that these measures would be the same or similar to those listed as Enhanced Fugitive PM Dust Control Practices for Soil Disturbance Areas and Unpaved Roads and Enhanced Exhaust Control Practices included in Mitigation Measure 3A.2-1a. Dispersion modeling is not required for the two El Dorado County roadway connections because the total amount of disturbed acreage is expected to be less than the EDCAQMD screening level of 12 acres.  Mitigation for the off-site elements outside of the City of Folsom's jurisdictional boundaries must be developed by the project applicant(s) of each applicable project phase in consultation with the affected oversight agency(ies) (i.e.,					
Sacramento County or Caltrans).  3A.2-2: Implement All Measures Prescribed by the Air Quality Mitigation Plan to Reduce Operational Air Pollutant Emissions. To reduce operational emissions, the project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development application shall implement all measures prescribed in the SMAQMD-approved Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan Air Quality Mitigation Plan (AQMP) (Torrence Planning 2008), a copy of which is included in Appendix C2. The AQMP is intended to improve mobility, reduce vehicle miles traveled, and improve air quality as required by AB 32 and SB 375. The AQMP includes, among others, measures designed to provide bicycle parking at commercial land uses, an integrated pedestrian/bicycle path network, transit stops with shelters, a prohibition against the use the wood-burning fireplaces, energy star roofing materials, electric lawnmowers provided to homeowners at no charge, and on-site transportation alternatives to passenger vehicles (including light rail) that provide connectivity with other local and regional alternative transportation networks.		Yes – See Air Quality and Climate Change Chapter.			
3A.2-4a: Develop and Implement a Plan to Reduce Exposure of Sensitive Receptors to Construction-Generated Toxic Air Contaminant Emissions. The project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development application shall develop a plan to reduce the exposure of sensitive receptors to TACs generated by project construction activity associated with buildout of the selected alternative. Each plan shall be developed by the project applicant(s) in consultation with SMAQMD. The plan shall be submitted to the City for review and approval before the approval of any grading plans.	N/A – Project Specific Analysis Determined the Plan is not needed. See Air Quality and Climate Change Chapter.				

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The plan may include such measures as scheduling activities when the residences are the least likely to be occupied, requiring equipment to be shut off when not in use, and prohibiting heavy trucks from idling. Applicable measures shall be included in all project plans and specifications for all project phases.  The implementation and enforcement of all measures identified in each plan shall be funded by the project applicant(s) for the respective phase of development.  3A.2-4b: Implement Measures to Reduce Exposure of Sensitive Receptors to							
<ul> <li>Operational Emissions of Toxic Air Contaminants. The following measures shall be implemented to reduce exposure of sensitive receptors to Toxic Air Contaminants.</li> <li>Proposed commercial and industrial land uses that have the potential to emit TACs or host TAC-generating activity (e.g., loading docks) shall be located away from existing and proposed on-site sensitive receptors such that they do not expose sensitive receptors to TAC emissions that exceed an incremental increase of 10 in 1 million for the cancer risk and/or a noncarcinogenic Hazard Index of 1.0.</li> <li>The multi-family residences planned across from the off-site corporation yard near the southwest corner of the SPA shall be set back as far as possible from the boundary of the corporation yard and/or relocated to another area.</li> <li>Where necessary to reduce exposure of sensitive receptors to an incremental increase of 10 in 1 million for the cancer risk and/or a noncarcinogenic Hazard Index of 1.0, proposed commercial and industrial land uses that would host diesel trucks shall incorporate idle reduction strategies that reduce the main propulsion engine idling time through alternative technologies such as, IdleAire, electrification of truck parking, and alternative energy sources for TRUs, to allow diesel engines to be completely turned off.</li> <li>Signs shall be posted in at all loading docks and truck loading areas which indicate that diesel-powered delivery trucks must be shut off when not in use for longer than 5 minutes on the premises in order to reduce idling emissions. This measure is consistent with the ATCM to Limit Diesel-Fueled Commercial Motor Vehicle Idling, which was approved by the California Office of Administrative Law in January 2005.</li> </ul>	N/A – Project Specific Analysis Determined the Plan is not needed. See Air Quality and Climate Change Chapter.						

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<ul> <li>Implement the following additional guidelines, which are recommended in ARB's Land Use Handbook: A Community Health Perspective (ARB 2005) and are considered to be advisory and not regulatory:         <ol> <li>Sensitive receptors, such as residential units and daycare centers, shall not be located in the same building as dry-cleaning operations that use perchloroethylene. Dry-cleaning operations that use perchloroethylene shall not be located within 300 feet of any sensitive receptor. A setback of 500 feet shall be provided for operations with two or more machines.</li> <li>Large gasoline stations (defined as facilities with a throughput of 3.6 million gallons per year or greater) and sensitive land uses shall not be sited within 300 feet of each other. Small gasoline-dispensing facilities (less than 3.6 million gallons of throughput per year) and sensitive land uses shall not be sited within 50 feet of each other.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>					
3A.2-5: Implement A Site Investigation to Determine the Presence of NOA and, if necessary, Prepare and Implement an Asbestos Dust Control Plan. A site investigation shall be performed to determine whether and where NOA is present in the soil and rock on the SPA. The site investigation shall include the collection of soil and rock samples by a qualified geologist. If the site investigation determines that NOA is present on the SPA then the project applicant shall prepare an Asbestos Dust Control Plan for approval by SMAQMD as required in Title 17, Section 93105 of the California Code of Regulations, "Asbestos Airborne Toxic Control Measure for Construction, Grading, Quarrying, and Surface Mining Operations." The Asbestos Dust Control Plan shall specify measures, such as periodic watering to reduce airborne dust and ceasing construction during high winds. Measures in the Asbestos Dust Control Plan may include but shall not be limited to dust control measures required by Mitigation Measure 3A.2-1a. The project applicant shall submit the plan to the Folsom Community Development Department for review and SMAQMD for review and approval before construction of the first project phase. SMAQMD approval of the plan must be received before any asbestos-containing rock (serpentinite) can be disturbed. Upon approval of the Asbestos Dust Control Plan by SMAQMD, the applicant shall ensure that construction contractors implement the terms of the plan throughout the construction period.		Yes – See Air Quality and Climate Change Chapter.			

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<ul> <li>3A.2-6: Implement Measures to Control Exposure of Sensitive Receptors to Operational Odorous Emissions. The project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development application shall implement the following measures:</li> <li>The odor-producing potential of land uses shall be considered when the exact type of facility that would occupy areas zoned for commercial, industrial, or mixed-use land uses is determined. Facilities that have the potential to emit objectionable odors shall be located as far away as feasible from existing and proposed sensitive receptors.</li> <li>The multi-family residences planned across from the off-site corporation yard near the southwest corner of the SPA shall be set back as far as possible from the boundary of the corporation yard and/or relocated to another area. (This measure is also required by Mitigation Measure 3A.2-4b to limit exposure to TAC emissions.)</li> <li>Before the approval of building permits, odor control devices shall be identified to mitigate the exposure of receptors to objectionable odors if a potential odor-producing source is to occupy an area zoned for commercial, industrial, or mixed-use land uses. The identified odor control devices shall be installed before the issuance of certificates of occupancy for the potentially odor-producing use. The odor- producing potential of a source and control devices shall be determined in coordination with SMAQMD and based on the number of complaints associated with existing sources of the same nature.</li> <li>The deeds to all properties located within the plan area that are within one mile of an on- or off-site area zoned or used for agricultural use (including livestock grazing) shall be accompanied by a written disclosure from the transferor, in a form approved by the City of Folsom, advising any transferee of the potential adverse odor impacts from surrounding agricultural operations, which disclosure shall direct the transfere to contact the County of Sacramento concerning any such property within t</li></ul>	N/A – Project Specific Analysis Concluded Less than Significant.		

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for longer than 5 minutes on the premises in order to reduce idling emissions. This measure is consistent with the ATCM to Limit Diesel-Fueled Commercial Motor Vehicle Idling, which was approved by California's Office of Administrative Law in January 2005. (This measure is also required by Mitigation Measure 3A.2-4b to limit TAC emissions.)  • Proposed commercial and industrial land uses that have the potential to host diesel trucks shall incorporate idle reduction strategies that reduce the main propulsion engine idling time through alternative technologies such as, IdleAire, electrification of truck parking, and alternative energy sources for TRUs, to allow diesel engines to be completely turned off. (This measure is			
also required by Mitigation Measure 3A.2-4b to limit TAC emissions.)  3A.3 Biological Resources - Land			
3A.3-1a: Design Stormwater Drainage Plans and Erosion and Sediment			
Control Plans to Avoid and Minimize Erosion and Runoff to All Wetlands			
and Other Waters That Are to Remain on the SPA and Use Low Impact			
<b>Development Features.</b> To minimize indirect effects on water quality and			
wetland hydrology, the project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary			
development application shall include stormwater drainage plans and erosion and			
sediment control plans in their improvement plans and shall submit these plans to			
the City Public Works Department for review and approval. For off-site elements			
within Sacramento County or El Dorado County jurisdiction (e.g., off-site			
detention basin and off-site roadway connections to El Dorado Hills), plans shall		Yes – See Public	
be submitted to the appropriate county planning department. Before approval of			
these improvement plans, the project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary		Services, Utilities, and Hydrology Chapter.	
development application shall obtain a NPDES MS4 Municipal Stormwater		Hydrology Chapter.	
Permit and Grading Permit, comply with the City's Grading Ordinance and			
County drainage and stormwater quality standards, and commit to implementing			
all measures in their drainage plans and erosion and sediment control plans to			
avoid and minimize erosion and runoff into Alder Creek and all wetlands and			
other waters that would remain on-site. Detailed information about stormwater			
runoff standards and relevant City and County regulation is provided in Chapter			
3A.9, "Hydrology and Water Quality."			
The project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary developmenttitlt			
The project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development entitlement			

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shall implement stormwater quality treatment controls consistent with the Stormwater Quality Design Manual for Sacramento and South Placer Regions in effect at the time the application is submitted. Appropriate runoff controls such as berms, storm gates, off-stream detention basins, overflow collection areas, filtration systems, and sediment traps shall be implemented to control siltation and the potential discharge of pollutants. Development plans shall incorporate Low Impact Development (LID) features, such as pervious strips, permeable pavements, bioretention ponds, vegetated swales, disconnected rain gutter downspouts, and rain gardens, where appropriate. Use of LID features is recommended by the EPA to minimize impacts on water quality, hydrology, and stream geomorphology and is specified as a method for protecting water quality in the proposed specific plan. In addition, free spanning bridge systems shall be used for all roadway crossings over wetlands and other waters that are retained in the on-site open space. These bridge systems would maintain the natural and restored channels of creeks, including the associated wetlands, and would be designed with sufficient span width and depth to provide for wildlife movement along the creek corridors even during high-flow or flood events, as specified in the 404 permit.				
In addition to compliance with City ordinances, the project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development application shall prepare a Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP), and implement Best Management Practices (BMPs) that comply with the General Construction Stormwater Permit from the Central Valley RWQCB, to reduce water quality effects during construction. Detailed information about the SWPPP and BMPs are provided in Chapter 3A.9, "Hydrology and Water Quality."				
Each project development shall result in no net change to peak flows into Alder Creek and associated tributaries, or to Buffalo Creek, Carson Creek, and Coyote Creek. The project applicant(s) shall establish a baseline of conditions for drainage on-site. The baseline-flow conditions shall be established for 2-, 5-, and 100-year storm events. These baseline conditions shall be used to develop monitoring standards for the stormwater system on the SPA. The baseline conditions, monitoring standards, and a monitoring program shall be submitted to USACE and the City for their approval. Water quality and detention basins shall be				

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designed and constructed to ensure that the performance standards, which are described in Chapter 3A.9, "Hydrology and Water Quality," are met and shall be designed as off-stream detention basins.				
Discharge sites into Alder Creek and associated tributaries, as well as tributaries to Carson Creek, Coyote Creek, and Buffalo Creek, shall be monitored to ensure that preproject conditions are being met. Corrective measures shall be implemented as necessary. The mitigation measures will be satisfied when the monitoring standards are met for 5 consecutive years without undertaking corrective measures to meet the performance standard.				
See FEIR/FEIS Appendix S showing that the detention basin in the northeast corner of the SPA has been moved off stream.				
Mitigation for the off-site elements outside of the City of Folsom's jurisdictional boundaries must be coordinated by the project applicant(s) of each applicable project phase in consultation with the affected oversight agency(ies) (i.e., El Dorado County for the roadway connections, Sacramento County for the detention basin west of Prairie City Road, and Caltrans for the U.S. 50 interchange improvements) such that the performance standards described in Chapter 3A.9, "Hydrology and Water Quality," are met.				
3A.3-1b: Secure Clean Water Act Section 404 Permit and Implement All Permit Conditions; Ensure No Net Loss of Functions and Values of Wetlands, Other Waters of the U.S., and Waters of the State. Before the approval of grading and improvement plans and before any groundbreaking activity associated with each distinct discretionary development entitlement, the project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development application requiring fill of wetlands or other waters of the U.S. or waters of the state shall obtain all necessary permits under Sections 401 and 404 of the CWA or the state's Porter-Cologne Act for the respective phase. For each respective discretionary development entitlement, all permits, regulatory approvals, and permit conditions for effects on wetland habitats shall be secured before implementation of any grading activities within 250 feet of waters of the U.S. or wetland habitats or lesser distance deemed sufficiently protective by a qualified biologist with approval from USFWS, including waters of the state, that potentially support		Yes – See Biological Resources Chapter.		

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Federally listed species. The project applicant(s) shall commit to replace, restore, or enhance on a "no net loss" basis (in accordance with USACE and the Central Valley RWQCB) the acreage of all wetlands and other waters of the U.S. that would be removed, lost, and/or degraded with implementation of project plans for that development increment. Wetland habitat shall be restored, enhanced, and/or replaced at an acreage and location and by methods agreeable to USACE, the Central Valley RWQCB, and the City, as appropriate, depending on agency jurisdiction, and as determined during the Section 401 and Section 404 permitting processes.				
As part of the Section 404 permitting process, a draft wetland mitigation and monitoring plan (MMP) shall be developed for the project on behalf of the project applicant(s). Before any ground-disturbing activities in an area that would adversely affect wetlands and before engaging in mitigation activities associated with each discretionary development entitlement, the project applicant(s) shall submit the draft wetland MMP to USACE, the Central Valley RWQCB, Sacramento County, El Dorado County, and the City for review and approval of those portions of the plan over which they have jurisdiction. The MMP would have to be finalized prior to impacting any wetlands. Once the final MMP is approved and implemented, mitigation monitoring shall continue for a minimum of 5 years from completion of mitigation, or human intervention (including recontouring and grading), or until the performance standards identified in the approved MMP have been met, whichever is longer.				
As part of the MMP, the project applicant(s) shall prepare and submit plans for the creation of aquatic habitat in order to adequately offset and replace the aquatic functions and services that would be lost at the SPA, account for the temporal loss of habitat, and contain an adequate margin of safety to reflect anticipated success. Restoration of previously altered and degraded wetlands shall be a priority of the MMP for offsetting losses of aquatic functions on the SPA because it is typically easier to achieve functional success in restored wetlands than in those created from uplands. The MMP must demonstrate how the aquatic functions and values that would be lost through project implementation will be replaced.  The habitat MMP for jurisdictional wetland features shall be consistent with				

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FPASP Mitigation Measure	Not Applicable to the Project	Project and Included as Mitigation	Project has Completed
USACE's and EPA's April 10, 2008 Final Rule for Compensatory Mitigation for			
Losses of Aquatic Resources (33 CFR Parts 325 and 332 and 40 CFR Part 230)			
and USACE's October 26, 2010 Memorandum Re: Minimum Level of			
Documentation Required for Permit Decisions. According to the Final Rule,			
mitigation banks should be given preference over other types of mitigation			
because a lot of the risk and uncertainty regarding mitigation success is alleviated			
by the fact that mitigation bank wetlands must be established and demonstrating			
functionality before credits can be sold. The use of mitigation credits also			
alleviates temporal losses of wetland function while compensatory wetlands are			
being established. Mitigation banks also tend to be on larger, more ecologically			
valuable parcels and are subjected to more rigorous scientific study and planning			
and implementation procedures than typical permittee-responsible mitigation			
sites (USACE and EPA, 2008). Permittee-responsible on-site mitigation areas can			
be exposed to long-term negative effects of surrounding development since they			
tend to be smaller and less buffered than mitigation banks. The Final Rule also			
establishes a preference for a "watershed approach" in selecting locations for			
compensatory mitigation project locations, that mitigation selection must be			
"appropriate and practicable" and that mitigation banks must address watershed			
needs based on criteria set forth in the Final Rule. The watershed approach			
accomplishes this objective by expanding the informational and analytic basis of			
mitigation project site selection decisions and ensuring that both authorized			
impacts and mitigation are considered on a watershed scale rather than only			
project by project. This requires a degree of flexibility so that district engineers			
can authorize mitigation projects that most effectively address the case-specific			
circumstances and needs of the watershed, while remaining practicable for the			
permittee. The SPA includes portions of the Alder Creek, Buffalo Creek, Coyote			
Creek, and Carson Creek Watersheds. The majority of the SPA is within the			
Alder Creek Watershed. Alder Creek and Buffalo Creek are part of the Lower			
American River Watershed. Carson Creek and Coyote Creek are part of the			
Cosumnes River Watershed. Mitigation credits may be available within the			
Cosumnes Watershed, but not within the American River Watershed and not			
within the sub-watersheds of the SPA. Therefore aquatic habitats may need to be			
restored or created on the SPA and adjacent off-site lands, preferably within the			
affected watersheds, in order to successfully replace lost functions at the			
appropriate watershed scale where loss of function would occur. It is not likely			

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FPASP Mitigation Measure	Not Applicable to the Project	Applicable to the Project and Included as Mitigation	Project has Completed	
feasible to provide compensatory mitigation for all aquatic resource impacts on site. Therefore, a combination of on-site and off-site permittee-responsible mitigation and mitigation banking would likely be necessary to achieve the nonet-loss standard.				
The SPA is located within the service areas of several approved mitigation banks (e.g., Bryte Ranch, Clay Station, Fitzgerald Ranch, and Twin City Mitigation Bank). The majority of compensatory mitigation for wetland impacts is proposed to be accomplished at an agency- approved mitigation bank or banks authorized to sell credits to offset impacts in the SPA. The applicants' biological consultant, ECORP, has identified availability of approximately 31 vernal pool credits and 228 seasonal wetland credits at mitigation banks whose service area includes the SPA. Additional credits may also be available from pending, but not yet approved, mitigation banks. However, availability is subject to change and, as noted above, a combination of mitigation bank credits and permittee-responsible on and off-site mitigation may be necessary to fully offset project impacts on wetlands and other waters of the U.S. If USACE determines that the use of mitigation bank credits is not sufficient mitigation to offset impacts within the SPA, the October 26, 2010 Memorandum Re: Minimum Level of Documentation Required for Permit Decisions requires USACE to specifically demonstrate why the use of bank credits is not acceptable to USACE in accordance with Section 33 CFR 332.3(a)(1).				
Compensatory mitigation for losses of stream and intermittent drainage channels shall follow the Final Rule Guidelines , which specify that compensatory mitigation should be achieved through in-kind preservation, restoration, or enhancementwithin the same watershed, subject to practicability considerations. The wetland MMP shall address how to mitigate impacts on vernal pool, seasonal swale, seasonal wetland, seep, marsh, pond, and intermittent and perennial stream habitat, and shall describe specific method(s) to be implemented to avoid and/or mitigate any off-site project-related impacts. The wetland compensation section of the habitat MMP shall include the following:				
• Compensatory mitigation sites and criteria for selecting these mitigation sites. In General, compensatory mitigation sites should meet the following criteria,				

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<ul> <li>based on the Final Rule;</li> <li>i. located within the same watershed as the wetland or other waters that would be lost, as appropriate and practicable;</li> <li>ii. located in the most likely position to successfully replace wetland functions lost on the impact site considering watershed-scale features such as aquatic habitat diversity, habitat connectivity, available water sources and hydrologic relationships, land use trends, ecological benefits, and compatibility with adjacent land uses, and the likelihood for success and sustainability;</li> <li>A complete assessment of the existing biological resources in both the on-site</li> </ul>				
preservation areas and off-site compensatory mitigation areas, including wetland functional assessment using the California Rapid Assessment Method (CRAM) (Collins et al. 2008), or other appropriate wetland assessment protocol as determined through consultation with USACE and the USFWS, to establish baseline conditions;				
<ul> <li>Specific creation and restoration plans for each mitigation site;</li> <li>Use of CRAM to compare compensatory wetlands to the baseline CRAM scores from wetlands in the SPA. The compensatory wetland CRAM scores shall be compared against the highest quality wetland of each type from the SPA;</li> </ul>				
• CRAM scores, or other wetland assessment protocol scores, from the compensatory wetlands shall be compared against the highest quality wetland scores for each wetland type to document success of compensatory wetlands in replacing the functions of the affected wetlands to be replaced;				
Monitoring protocol, including schedule and annual report requirements, and the following elements:         i. ecological performance standards, based on the best available science, that can be assessed in a practicable manner (e.g., performance standards proposed by Barbour et al. 2007). Performance standards must be based on attributes that are objective and verifiable;         ii. assessments conducted annually for 5 years after construction or restoration of compensatory wetlands to determine whether these areas are acquiring wetland functions and to plot the performance				

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Assessments results for	l, restored, or created wetlands over time. or compensatory wetlands shall also be es for reference wetlands assessed in the			
construction adjacent determine whether the Assessments results for	conducted annually for 5 years after any to wetlands preserved on the SPA to ese areas are retaining functions and values. For wetlands preserved on site shall also be preserved for reference wetlands assessed in the			
stressors, to determine necessary;	data, including assessment of potential whether any remedial activities may be			
vi. monitoring of plant co measure of success, du (indicative of achieven of monitoring period established and the crea	performance standards are not met; communities as performance criteria (annual puring monitoring period) and success criteria ment of mitigation habitat requirement at end (a) for hydrologic function have become attion site "matures" over time;			
of functioning wetland	nsatory wetlands to demonstrate actual acreage habitat; neasures to be applied if performance standards			
and acreage requirement ix. responsible parties for x. responsible parties for				
sponsored wetland preservation submitted to USACE and USFWS prior to the issuance of any perm shall include detailed information and mitigation areas, the long-term	at plan (OMP) for all on- and off-site permittee- and mitigation areas shall be prepared and for review, comment and preliminary approval its under Section 404 of the CWA. The plan on the habitats present within the preservation in management and monitoring of these habitats, attion and mitigation areas (e.g., conservation			

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FPASP Mitigation Measure	Not Applicable to the Project	Applicable to the Project and Included as Mitigation	Project has Completed
easement, declaration of restrictions), and funding mechanism information (e.g., endowment). A final OMP for each discretionary development entitlement affecting wetlands must be approved prior to construction.			
USACE has determined that the project will require an individual permit. In its final stage and once approved by USACE, the MMP for the project is expected to detail proposed wetland restoration, enhancement, and/or replacement activities that would ensure no net loss of aquatic functions in the project vicinity. Approval and implementation of the wetland MMP shall aim to fully mitigate all unavoidable impacts on jurisdictional waters of the U.S., including jurisdictional wetlands. In addition to USACE approval, approval by the City, Sacramento County, El Dorado County, and the Central Valley RWQCB, as appropriate depending on agency jurisdiction, and as determined during the Section 401 and Section 404 permitting processes, will also be required. Approvals from Sacramento County and El Dorado County shall be required for impacts resulting from off-site project elements occurring in these counties, such as the off-site detention basin in Sacramento County and the roadway connections into El Dorado County. To satisfy the requirements of the City and the Central Valley RWQCB, mitigation of impacts on the nonjurisdictional wetlands beyond the jurisdiction of USACE shall be included in the same MMP. All mitigation requirements determined through this process shall be implemented before grading plans are approved. The MMP shall be submitted to USACE and approved prior to the issuance of any permits under Section 404 of the CWA.			
Water quality certification pursuant to Section 401 of the CWA will be required before issuance of a Section 404 permit. Before construction in any areas containing wetland features, the project applicant(s) shall obtain water quality certification for the project. Any measures required as part of the issuance of water quality certification shall be implemented.			
Mitigation for the off-site elements outside of the City of Folsom's jurisdictional boundaries must be developed by the project applicant(s) of each applicable project phase in consultation with the affected oversight agency(ies) (i.e., Caltrans, El Dorado and/or Sacramento Counties).			

FPASP MITIGATION ANALYSIS Russell Ranch Project			
FPASP Mitigation Measure	Not Applicable to the Project	Applicable to the Project and Included as Mitigation	Project has Completed
3A.3-2a: Avoid Direct Loss of Swainson's Hawk and Other Raptor Nests. To mitigate impacts on Swainson's hawk and other raptors (including burrowing owl), the project applicant(s) of all project phases shall retain a qualified biologist to conduct preconstruction surveys and to identify active nests on and within 0.5 mile of the SPA and active burrows on the SPA. The surveys shall be conducted before the approval of grading and/or improvement plans (as applicable) and no less than 14 days and no more than 30 days before the beginning of construction for all project phases. To the extent feasible, guidelines provided in Recommended Timing and Methodology for Swainson's Hawk Nesting Surveys in the Central Valley (Swainson's Hawk Technical Advisory Committee 2000) shall be followed for surveys for Swainson's hawk. If no nests are found, no further mitigation is required.  If active nests are found, impacts on nesting Swainson's hawks and other raptors shall be avoided by establishing appropriate buffers around the nests. No project activity shall commence within the buffer area until the young have fledged, the nest is no longer active, or until a qualified biologist has determined in consultation with DFG that reducing the buffer would not result in nest abandonment. DFG guidelines recommend implementation of 0.25- or 0.5-milewide buffers, but the size of the buffer may be adjusted if a qualified biologist and the City, in consultation with DFG, determine that such an adjustment would not be likely to adversely affect the nest. Monitoring of the nest by a qualified biologist during and after construction activities will be required if the activity has potential to adversely affect the nest. Monitoring of the nest by a qualified biologist during and after construction activities will be required if the activity has potential to adversely affect the nest.  If active burrows are found, a mitigation plan may consist of installation of one-way doors on all burrows to allow owls to exit, but not reenter, and constructio		Yes – See Biological Resources Chapter.	

FPASP MITIGATION ANALYSIS			
Russell Ranch Project			
Not Applicable to the Project	Applicable to the Project and Included as Mitigation	Project has Completed	
	Yes – See Biological Resources Chapter.		
	h Project  Not Applicable to the	Not Applicable to the Project and Included as Mitigation  Yes – See Biological	

FPASP MITIGATION ANALYSIS  Russell Ranch Project			
FPASP Mitigation Measure	Not Applicable to the Project	Applicable to the Project and Included as Mitigation	Project has Completed
Before approval of such proposed mitigation, the City, or Sacramento County for the off-site detention basin, shall consult with DFG regarding the appropriateness of the mitigation. If mitigation is accomplished through conservation easement, then such an easement shall ensure the continued management of the land to maintain Swainson's hawk foraging values, including but not limited to ongoing agricultural uses and the maintenance of all existing water rights associated with the land. The conservation easement shall be recordable and shall prohibit any activity that substantially impairs or diminishes the land's capacity as suitable Swainson's hawk habitat.  The project applicant(s) shall transfer said Swainson's hawk mitigation land, through either conservation easement or fee title, to a third-party, nonprofit conservation organization (Conservation Operator), with the City and DFG named as third-party beneficiaries. The Conservation Operator shall be a qualified conservation easement land manager that manages land as its primary function. Additionally, the Conservation Operator shall be a tax-exempt nonprofit conservation organization that meets the criteria of Civil Code Section 815.3(a) and shall be selected or approved by the City or County, after consultation with DFG. The City, or County, after consultation with DFG and the Conservation Operator, shall approve the content and form of the conservation easement. The City, or County, DFG, and the Conservation Operator shall each have the power to enforce the terms of the conservation easement. The Conservation Operator shall monitor the easement in perpetuity to assure compliance with the terms of the easement.			
The project applicant(s), after consultation with the City, or County of jurisdiction, DFG, and the Conservation Operator, shall establish an endowment or some other financial mechanism that is sufficient to fund in perpetuity the operation, maintenance, management, and enforcement of the conservation easement. If an endowment is used, either the endowment funds shall be submitted to the City for impacts on lands within the City's jurisdiction or Sacramento County for the offsite detention basin to be distributed to an appropriate third-party nonprofit conservation agency, or they shall be submitted directly to the third-party nonprofit conservation agency in exchange for an agreement to manage and maintain the			

FPASP MITIGATION ANALYSIS  Russell Ranch Project			
FPASP Mitigation Measure	Not Applicable to the Project	Applicable to the Project and Included as Mitigation	Project has Completed
lands in perpetuity. The Conservation Operator shall not sell, lease, or transfer any interest of any conservation easement or mitigation land it acquires without prior written approval of the City and DFG. Mitigation lands established or acquired for impacts incurred at the off-site detention basin shall require approval from Sacramento County prior to sale or transfer of mitigation lands or conservation easement.			
If the Conservation Operator ceases to exist, the duty to hold, administer, manage, maintain, and enforce the interest shall be transferred to another entity acceptable to the City and DFG, or Sacramento County and DFG depending on jurisdiction of the affected habitat. The City Planning Department shall ensure that mitigation habitat established for impacts on habitat within the City's planning area is properly established and is functioning as habitat by reviewing regular monitoring reports prepared by the Conservation Operator of the mitigation site(s). Monitoring of the mitigation site(s) shall continue for the first 10 years after establishment of the easement and shall be funded through the endowment, or other appropriate funding mechanism, established by the project applicant(s). Sacramento County shall review the monitoring reports for impacts on habitat at the off-site detention basin.			
Mitigation for the off-site elements outside of the City of Folsom's jurisdictional boundaries must be coordinated by the project applicant(s) of each applicable project phase with the affected oversight agency(ies) (i.e., Sacramento County and Caltrans).			
<b>3A.3-2c:</b> Avoid and Minimize Impacts to Tricolored Blackbird Nesting Colonies. To avoid and minimize impacts to tricolored blackbird, the project applicant(s) of all project phases shall conduct a preconstruction survey for any project activity that would occur during the tricolored blackbird's nesting season (March 1–August 31). The preconstruction survey shall be conducted by a qualified biologist before any activity occurring within 500 feet of suitable nesting habitat, including freshwater marsh and areas of riparian scrub vegetation. The survey shall be conducted within 14 days before project activity begins.		Yes – See Biological Resources Chapter.	
If no tricolored blackbird colony is present, no further mitigation is required. If a			

FPASP MITIGATION ANALYSIS Russell Ranch Project			
FPASP Mitigation Measure	Not Applicable to the Project	Applicable to the Project and Included as Mitigation	Project has Completed
colony is found, the qualified biologist shall establish a buffer around the nesting colony. No project activity shall commence within the buffer area until a qualified biologist confirms that the colony is no longer active. The size of the buffer shall be determined in consultation with DFG. Buffer size is anticipated to range from 100 to 500 feet, depending on the nature of the project activity, the extent of existing disturbance in the area, and other relevant circumstances.  Mitigation for the off-site elements outside of the City of Folsom's jurisdictional boundaries (i.e., U.S. 50 interchange improvements) must be developed by the project applicant(s) of each applicable project phase in consultation with the affected oversight agency(ies) (i.e., Caltrans) and must be sufficient to achieve the performance criteria described above.		9	
3A.3-2d: Avoid and Minimize Impacts to Special-Status Bat Roosts. The project applicant of all project phases containing potential bat roosting habitat shall retain a qualified biologist to conduct surveys for roosting bats. Surveys shall be conducted in the fall to determine if the mine shaft is used as a hibernaculum and in spring and/or summer to determine if it is used as a maternity or day roost. Surveys shall consist of evening emergence surveys to note the presence or absence of bats and could consist of visual surveys at the time of emergence. If evidence of bat use is observed, the number and species of bats using the roost shall be determined. Bat detectors may be used to supplement survey efforts. If no bat roosts are found, then no further study shall be required.  If roosts of pallid bat or Townsend's big-eared bats are determined to be present and must be removed, the bats shall be excluded from the roosting site before the mine shaft is removed. A mitigation program addressing compensation, exclusion methods, and roost removal procedures shall be developed in consultation with DFG before implementation. Exclusion methods may include use of one-way doors at roost entrances (bats may leave but not reenter), or sealing roost entrances when the site can be confirmed to contain no bats. Exclusion efforts may be restricted during periods of sensitive activity (e.g., during hibernation or while females in maternity colonies are nursing young). The loss of each roost (if any) will be replaced in consultation with DFG and may include construction and installation of bat boxes suitable to the bat species and colony size excluded from the original roosting site. Roost replacement will be implemented before bats are	N/A – Project Specific Analysis Concluded Less than Significant.		

FPASP MITIGATION ANALYSIS Russell Ranch Project				
FPASP Mitigation Measure	Not Applicable to the Project	Applicable to the Project and Included as Mitigation	Project has Completed	
excluded from the original roost sites. Once the replacement roosts are constructed and it is confirmed that bats are not present in the original roost site, the mine shaft may be removed.				
3A.3-2e: Obtain an Incidental Take Permit under Section 10(a) of ESA; Develop and Implement a Habitat Conservation Plan to Compensate for the Loss of Vernal Pool Habitat. The project applicant(s) for all project phases shall obtain an incidental take permit under Section 10(a) of ESA. No project construction shall proceed in areas supporting potential habitat for Federally listed vernal pool invertebrates, or within adequate buffer areas (250 feet or lesser distance deemed sufficiently protective by a qualified biologist with approval from USFWS), until a BO has been issued by USFWS and the project applicant(s) have abided by conditions in the BO (including all conservation and minimization measures). Conservation and minimization measures are likely to include preparation of supporting documentation describing methods to protect existing vernal pools during and after project construction.  Under the No Federal Action Alternative, interagency consultation under Section 7 of ESA would not occur; therefore, the project applicant(s) would be required to develop a habitat conservation plan to mitigate impacts on Federally listed vernal pool invertebrates. The project applicant(s) shall complete and implement, or participate in, a habitat conservation plan that shall compensate for the loss of acreage, function, and value of affected vernal pool habitat. The habitat conservation plan shall be consistent with the goals of the Recovery Plan for Vernal Pool Ecosystems of California and Southern Oregon (USFWS 2005) and must be approved by USFWS.  The project applicant(s) for all project phases shall ensure that there is sufficient upland habitat within the target areas for creation and restoration of vernal pools and vernal pool complexes to provide ecosystem health. The land used to satisfy this mitigation measure shall be protected through a fee title or conservation easement acceptable to the City and USFWS.		Yes – See Biological Resources Chapter.		

FPASP MITIGATION ANALYSIS Russell Ranch Project			
FPASP Mitigation Measure	Not Applicable to the Project	Applicable to the Project and Included as Mitigation	Project has Completed
alternative technical evaluation in support of a lesser indirect impact distance. If a lesser distance is pursued, this distance shall be approved by USFWS. The project applicant(s) shall preserve 2 wetted acres of vernal pool habitat for each wetted acre of any indirectly affected vernal pool habitat. This mitigation shall occur before the approval of any grading or improvement plans for any project phase that would allow work within 250 feet of such habitat, and before any ground-disturbing activity within 250 feet of the habitat. The project applicant(s) will not be required to complete this mitigation measure for direct or indirect impacts that have already been mitigated to the satisfaction of USFWS through another BO or mitigation plan.  A standard set of BMPs shall be applied to construction occurring in areas within 250 feet of off-site vernal pool habitat, or within any lesser distance deemed adequate by a qualified biologist (with approval from USFWS) to constitute a sufficient buffer from such habitat. Refer to Section 3A.9, "Hydrology and Water Quality - Land" for the details of BMPs to be implemented.  Mitigation for the off-site elements outside of the City of Folsom's jurisdictional boundaries must be coordinated by the project applicant(s) of each applicable project phase with the affected oversight agency(ies) (i.e., El Dorado and/or Sacramento Counties or Caltrans).			
3A.3-2f: Obtain an Incidental Take Permit under Section 10(a) of ESA; Develop and Implement a Habitat Conservation Plan to Compensate for the Loss of VELB Habitat. As long as valley elderberry longhorn beetle remains a species protected under ESA, the project applicant(s) of all project phases containing elderberry shrubs shall obtain an incidental take permit under Section 10(a) of ESA for valley elderberry longhorn beetle. No project construction shall proceed in areas potentially containing valley elderberry longhorn beetle until a BO has been issued by USFWS, and the project applicant(s) for all project phases have abided by all pertinent conditions in the take permit relating to the proposed construction, including all conservation and minimization measures.  Conservation and minimization measures are likely to include preparation of supporting documentation that describes methods for relocation of existing shrubs and maintaining existing shrubs and other vegetation in a conservation area.	N/A – Project Specific Analysis Concluded Less than Significant.		

FPASP MITIGATION ANALYSIS  Russell Ranch Project			
FPASP Mitigation Measure	Not Applicable to the Project	Applicable to the Project and Included as Mitigation	Project has Completed
Under the No Federal Action Alternative, interagency consultation under Section 7 of ESA would not occur; therefore, the project applicant(s) would be required to develop a habitat conservation plan to mitigate impacts on valley elderberry longhorn beetle. The project applicant(s) shall complete and implement a habitat conservation plan that will compensate for the loss of valley elderberry longhorn beetle. Relocation of existing elderberry shrubs and planting of new elderberry seedlings shall be implemented on a no-net-loss basis. Detailed information on monitoring success of relocated and planted shrubs and measures to compensate (should success criteria not be met) would also likely be required in the BO. Ratios for mitigation of valley elderberry longhorn beetle habitat will ultimately be determined through the ESA Section 10(a) consultation process with USFWS, but shall be a minimum of "no net loss."  Mitigation for the off-site elements outside of the City of Folsom's jurisdictional boundaries (i.e., U.S. 50 interchange improvements) must be coordinated by the project applicant(s) of each applicable project phase with the affected oversight agency(ies) (i.e., Caltrans).			
As.3-2g: Secure Take Authorization for Federally Listed Vernal Pool Invertebrates and Implement All Permit Conditions. No project construction shall proceed in areas supporting potential habitat for Federally listed vernal pool invertebrates, or within adequate buffer areas (250 feet or lesser distance deemed sufficiently protective by a qualified biologist with approval from USFWS), until a biological opinion (BO) or Not Likely to Adversely Affect (NLAA) letter has been issued by USFWS and the project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development entitlements affecting such areas have abided by conditions in the BO (including conservation and minimization measures) intended to be completed before on-site construction. Conservation and minimization measures shall include preparation of supporting documentation describing methods to protect existing vernal pools during and after project construction, a detailed monitoring plan, and reporting requirements.  As described under Mitigation Measure 3A.3-1a, an MMP shall be developed that describes details how loss of vernal pool and other wetland habitats shall be offset, including details on creation of habitat, account for the temporal loss of habitat,		Yes – See Biological Resources Chapter.	

#### **FPASP MITIGATION ANALYSIS Russell Ranch Project** Applicable to the Not Applicable to the **Project has** Project and Included as **FPASP Mitigation Measure Project** Completed Mitigation contain performance standards to ensure success, and outline remedial actions if performance standards are not met. The project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development application potentially affecting vernal pool habitat shall complete and implement a habitat MMP that will result in no net loss of acreage, function, and value of affected vernal pool habitat. The final habitat MMP shall be consistent with guidance provided in Programmatic Formal Endangered Species Act Consultation on Issuance of 404 Permits for Projects with Relatively Small Effects on Listed Vernal Pool Crustaceans within the Jurisdiction of the Sacramento Field Office, California (USFWS 1996) or shall provide an alternative approach that is acceptable to the City, USACE, and USFWS and accomplishes no net loss of habitat acreage, function, and value. The project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development application "potentially affecting vernal pool habitat" shall ensure that there is sufficient upland habitat within the target areas for creation and restoration of vernal pools and vernal pool complexes to provide ecosystem health. This standard shall be accomplished by requiring the project applicant(s) for any discretionary development application affecting vernal pool or seasonal wetland habitat to identify the extent of indirectly affected vernal pool and seasonal wetland habitat, either by identifying all such habitat within 250 feet of project construction activities or by providing an alternative technical evaluation. If a lesser distance is pursued, this distance shall be approved by USFWS. The project applicant(s) shall preserve acreage of vernal pool habitat for each wetted acre of any indirectly affected vernal pool habitat at a ratio approved by USFWS at the conclusion of the Section 7 consultation. This mitigation shall occur before the approval of any grading or improvement plans for any project phase that would allow work within 250 feet of such habitat or lesser distance deemed sufficiently protective by a qualified biologist with approval from USFWS, and before any ground- disturbing activity within 250 feet of the habitat or lesser distance deemed sufficiently protective by a qualified biologist with approval from USFWS. The project applicant(s) will not be required to complete this mitigation measure for direct or indirect impacts that have already been mitigated to the

satisfaction of USFWS through another BO or mitigation plan (i.e., if impacts on

FPASP MITIGATION ANALYSIS  Russell Ranch Project			
FPASP Mitigation Measure	Not Applicable to the Project	Applicable to the Project and Included as Mitigation	Project has Completed
specific habitat acreage are mitigated by one project phase or element, the project applicant(s) will not be required to mitigate for it again in another phase of the project).		ŭ	
A standard set of BMPs shall be applied to construction occurring in areas within 250 feet of off-site vernal pool habitat, or within any lesser distance deemed adequate by a qualified biologist (with approval from USFWS) to constitute a sufficient buffer from such habitat. Refer to Section 3A.9, "Hydrology and Water Quality - Land" for the details of BMPs to be implemented.			
Mitigation for the off-site elements outside of the City of Folsom's jurisdictional boundaries must be developed by the project applicant(s) of each applicable project phase in consultation with the affected oversight agency(ies) (i.e., El Dorado and/or Sacramento Counties, or Caltrans).			
<b>3A.3-2h:</b> Obtain Incidental Take Permit for Impacts on Valley Elderberry Longhorn Beetle and Implement All Permit Conditions. Before each phase of the project, the project applicant(s) shall have a qualified biologist identify any elderberry shrubs within 100 feet of the project footprint and conduct a survey for valley elderberry longhorn beetle exit holes in stems greater than 1 inch in diameter. If no project activity, including grading or use of herbicides, would occur within 100 feet of an elderberry shrub, then no further mitigation shall be required for valley elderberry longhorn beetle in those areas.			
If project activities would occur within 100 feet of any elderberry shrubs, consultation with USFWS under Section 7 will be required. No project construction shall proceed in areas potentially containing valley elderberry longhorn beetle until a BO has been issued by USFWS, and the project applicant(s) of all project phases have abided by all pertinent conditions in the BO relating to the proposed construction, including conservation and minimization measures, intended to be completed before on-site construction. Conservation and minimization measures are likely to include preparation of supporting documentation that describes methods for relocation of existing shrubs and maintaining existing shrubs and other vegetation in a conservation area.	N/A – Project Specific Analysis Concluded Less than Significant.		
Relocation of existing elderberry shrubs and planting of new elderberry seedlings			

# FPASP MITIGATION ANALYSIS Russell Ranch Project

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FPASP Mitigation Measure	Not Applicable to the Project	Applicable to the Project and Included as Mitigation	Project has Completed
shall be implemented consistent with the mitigation ratios described in the			
Conservation Guidelines for the Valley Elderberry Longhorn Beetle (USFWS			
1999). The 1999 conservation guidelines mitigation ratios are based on whether			
the affected shrub is located in riparian or non-riparian habitat, the size of stems			
affected, and the presence of beetle exit holes. Compensatory mitigation for			
elderberry shrubs that would be removed from their current locations would be			
developed in consultation with USFWS during the Section 7 consultation process.			
Compensatory mitigation may include planting replacement elderberry seedlings			
or cuttings and associated native plants within the open space areas of the SPA,			
planting replacement elderberry seedlings or cuttings and associated native			
plants at a suitable off-site location, purchasing credits at an approved mitigation			
bank, or a combination thereof. Relocated and replacement shrubs and associated			
native plantings shall be placed in conservation areas providing a minimum of			
1,800 square feet per transplanted shrub. These conservation areas shall be			
preserved in perpetuity as habitat for valley elderberry longhorn beetle. The			
number of elderberry shrubs that would be affected by implementing the project is			
expected to be low because there are currently a total of less than 10 shrubs known			
to be present on the SPA. Ratios for mitigation of valley elderberry longhorn			
beetle habitat will ultimately be determined through the ESA Section 7			
consultation process with USFWS, but shall be a minimum of "no net loss."			
USFWS uses stem count data, presence or absence of exit holes, and whether the			
affected elderberry shrubs are located in riparian habitat to determine the number			
of elderberry seedlings or cuttings and associated riparian vegetation that would			
need to be planted as compensatory mitigation for affected elderberry longhorn			
beetle habitat. The final VELB mitigation plan, including transplanting			
procedures, long-term protection, management of the mitigation areas, and monitoring procedures shall be consistent with the Conservation Guidelines for			
the Valley Elderberry Longhorn Beetle (USFWS 1999).			
the valley Edderberry Longhorn Beetle (USF ws 1999).			
The population of valley elderberry longhorn beetles, the general condition of the			
conservation area, and the condition of the elderberry and associated native			
plantings in the conservation area must be monitored over a period of either ten			
consecutive years or for seven years over a 15-year period. A minimum survival			
rate of at least 60% of the elderberry plants and 60% of the associated native			
plants must be maintained throughout the monitoring period. Within one year of			

FPASP MITIGATION ANALYSIS Russell Ranch Project			
FPASP Mitigation Measure	Not Applicable to the Project	Applicable to the Project and Included as Mitigation	Project has Completed
discovering that survival has dropped below 60%, the project applicant(s) shall replace failed plantings to bring survival above this level. Detailed information on monitoring success of relocated and planted shrubs and measures to compensate (should success criteria not be met) would be required in the BO.  Mitigation for the off-site elements outside of the City of Folsom's jurisdictional			
boundaries (i.e., U.S. 50 interchange improvements) must be developed by the project applicant(s) of each applicable project phase in consultation with the affected oversight agency(ies) (i.e., Caltrans) and must be sufficient to achieve the performance criteria described above.			
<ul> <li>3A.3-3: Conduct Special-Status Plant Surveys; Implement Avoidance and Mitigation Measures or Compensatory Mitigation. To mitigate for the potential loss or degradation of special-status plant species and habitat, the project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development application shall adhere to the requirements described below.</li> <li>The project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development application, including the proposed off-site elements, shall retain a qualified botanist to conduct protocol level preconstruction special-status plant surveys for all potentially occurring species. Preconstruction special-status plant surveys shall not be required for those portions of the SPA that have already been surveyed according to DFG and USFWS guidelines. If no special-status plants are found during focused surveys, the botanist shall document the findings in a letter report to USFWS, DFG, the City of Folsom, Caltrans (for interchange improvements to U.S. 50), El Dorado County (for roadway connections in El Dorado County), and Sacramento County (for the off-site detention basin) and no further mitigation shall be required.</li> <li>If special-status plant populations are found, the project applicant(s) of affected developments shall consult with DFG and USFWS, as appropriate depending on species status, to determine the appropriate mitigation measures for direct and indirect impacts on any special-status plant population that could occur as a result of project implementation. Mitigation measures may include preserving and enhancing existing populations, creation of off-site populations on project mitigation sites through seed collection or</li> </ul>		Yes – See Biological Resources Chapter.	

FPASP MITIGATION ANALYSIS  Russell Ranch Project			
FPASP Mitigation Measure	Not Applicable to the Project	Applicable to the Project and Included as Mitigation	Project has Completed
transplantation, and/or restoring or creating suitable habitat in sufficient quantities to achieve no net loss of occupied habitat or individuals.  If potential impacts on special-status plant species are likely, a mitigation and monitoring plan shall be developed before the approval of grading plans or any ground-breaking activity within 250 feet of a special-status plant population. The mitigation plan shall be submitted to Caltrans (for interchange improvements to U.S. 50), El Dorado County (for impacts in roadway connections in El Dorado County), Sacramento County (for impacts in the off-site detention basin footprint), or the City of Folsom (for on-site impacts and all other off-site elements), for review and approval. It shall be submitted concurrently to DFG or USFWS, as appropriate depending on species status, for review and comment. The plan shall require maintaining viable plant populations on-site and shall identify avoidance measures for any populations directly affected. Possible avoidance measures include fencing populations before construction and exclusion of project activities from the fenced-off areas, and construction monitoring by a qualified botanist to keep construction crews away from the population. The mitigation plan shall also include monitoring and reporting requirements for populations to be preserved on site or protected or enhanced off site.  If relocation efforts are part of the mitigation plan, the plan shall include details on the methods to be used, including collection, storage, propagation, receptor site preparation, installation, long-term protection and management, monitoring and reporting requirements, and remedial action responsibilities should the initial effort fail to meet long-term monitoring requirements.  If off-site mitigation includes dedication of conservation easements, purchase of mitigation credits or other off-site conservation measures, the details of these measures shall be included in the mitigation plan, including information on responsible parties for l			

FPASP MITIGATION ANALYSIS Russell Ranch Project			
FPASP Mitigation Measure	Not Applicable to the Project	Applicable to the Project and Included as Mitigation	Project has Completed
project phase with the affected oversight agency(ies) (i.e., Caltrans, El Dorado and/or Sacramento Counties).			
<ul> <li>3A.3-4a: Secure and Implement Section 1602 Streambed Alteration Agreement. The project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development application shall obtain a Section 1602 streambed alteration agreement from DFG for all construction activities that would occur in the bed and bank of Alder Creek and other drainage channels and ponds on the SPA. As a condition of issuance of the streambed alteration agreement, the project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development application affecting riparian habitat shall hire a qualified restoration ecologist to prepare a riparian habitat MMP. The draft MMP shall describe specific method(s) to be implemented to avoid and/or compensate for impacts on the stream channel of Alder Creek and other drainage channels within DFG jurisdiction, and the bed and banks of the on-site ponds. Mitigation measures may include establishment or restoration of riparian habitat within the project's open space areas along preserved stream corridors, riparian habitat restoration off-site, or preservation and enhancement of existing riparian habitat either on or off the SPA. The compensation habitat shall be similar in composition and structure to the habitat to be removed and shall be at ratios adequate to offset the loss of riparian habitat functions and services at the SPA. The riparian habitat compensation section of the habitat MMP shall include the following:</li> <li>compensatory mitigation sites and criteria for selecting these mitigation sites;</li> <li>complete assessment of the existing biological resources in both the on-site and off-site preservation and restoration areas;</li> <li>site-specific management procedures to benefit establishment and maintenance of native riparian plant species, including black willow, arroyo willow, white alder, and Fremont cottonwood;</li> <li>a planting and irrigation program if needed for establishment of native riparian trees and shrubs at strategic locations within each mitigation site (planting and irrigation may n</li></ul>		Yes – See Biological Resources Chapter.	

FPASP MITIGATION ANALYSIS			
Russell Ranc FPASP Mitigation Measure	Not Applicable to the Project	Applicable to the Project and Included as Mitigation	Project has Completed
<ul> <li>(using performance and success criteria) to document success;</li> <li>monitoring protocol, including schedule and annual report requirements (compensatory riparian habitats shall be monitored for a minimum period of five years);</li> <li>ecological performance standards, based on the best available science and including specifications for native riparian plant densities, species composition, amount of dead woody vegetation gaps and bare ground, and survivorship; at a minimum, compensatory mitigation planting sites must achieve 80% survival of planted riparian trees and shrubs by the end of the five-year maintenance and monitoring period or dead and dying trees shall be replaced and monitoring continued until 80% survivorship is achieved;</li> <li>corrective measures if performance standards are not met;</li> <li>responsible parties for monitoring and preparing reports; and</li> <li>responsible parties for receiving and reviewing reports and for verifying success or prescribing implementation or corrective actions.</li> <li>Any conditions of issuance of the Streambed Alteration Agreement shall be implemented as part of project construction activities that adversely affect the bed and bank and riparian habitat associated with Alder Creek and other drainage channels and ponds that are within the project area that is subject to DFG jurisdiction. The agreement shall be executed by the project applicant(s) and DFG before the approval of any grading or improvement plans or any construction activities in any project phase that could potentially affect the bed and bank of Alder Creek and other on-site or off-site drainage channels under DFG jurisdiction and their associated freshwater marsh and riparian habitat.</li> <li>Mitigation for the U.S. 50 interchange improvements must be coordinated by the project applicant(s) of each applicable project phase with the Caltrans.</li> </ul>			
3A.3-4b: Conduct Surveys to Identify and Map Valley Needlegrass Grassland; Implement Avoidance and Minimization Measures or Compensatory Mitigation. The project applicant(s) of all project phases shall retain a qualified botanist to conduct preconstruction surveys to determine if valley needlegrass grassland is present on the SPA. This could be done concurrently with any special-status plant surveys conducted on site as special-		Yes – See Biological Resources Chapter.	

FPASP MITIGATION ANALYSIS			
Russell Ranch Project			
FPASP Mitigation Measure	Not Applicable to the Project	Applicable to the Project and Included as Mitigation	Project has Completed
status plant surveys are floristic in nature, i.e. require that all species encountered be identified, and require preparation of a plant community map. If valley needlegrass grassland is not found on the SPA, the botanist shall document the findings in a letter report to the City of Folsom, and no further mitigation shall be required. Valley needlegrass grassland was not found in any of the off-site project elements.			
If valley needlegrass grassland is found on the SPA, the location and extent of the community shall be mapped and the acreage of this community type, if any, that would be removed by project implementation shall be calculated. The project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development application affecting valley needlegrass grassland shall consult with DFG and the City of Folsom to determine appropriate mitigation for removal of valley needlegrass grassland resulting from project implementation. Mitigation measures shall include one or more of the following components sufficient to achieve no net loss of valley needlegrass grassland acreage: establishment of valley needlegrass grassland within project's open space areas currently characterized by annual grassland, establishment of valley needlegrass grassland off-site, or preservation and enhancement of existing valley needlegrass grassland either on or off the SPA. The applicant(s) shall compensate for any loss of valley needlegrass grassland resulting from project implementation at a minimum 1:1 replacement ratio.			
3A.3-5: Conduct Tree Survey, Prepare and Implement an Oak Woodland Mitigation Plan, Replace Native Oak Trees Removed, and Implement Measures to Avoid and Minimize Indirect Impacts on Oak Trees Retained On Site. The project applicant(s) shall prepare an oak woodland mitigation and monitoring plan. The project applicant(s) of all on- and off-site project phases containing oak woodland habitat or individual trees shall adhere to the requirements described below, which are consistent with those outlined in California Public Resources Code 21083.4.  Pursuant to Sacramento County General Plan policy, the acreage of oak woodland habitat for determining impacts and mitigation requirements was calculated as the oak tree canopy area within stands of oak trees having greater than 10% cover plus a 30-foot-radius buffer measured from the outer edge of the tree canopy. Oak trees located in areas greater than 30 feet from stands meeting the greater	N/A – Oak woodland is not located on-site and only one black willow that is not protected, is proposed for removal.		

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than 10% tree canopy cover criterion were considered isolated trees and not part of the blue oak woodland community. Mitigation for impacts on isolated oak trees is discussed separately below.  • Preserve approximately 399 acres of existing oak woodland habitat in the SPA (this acreage is based on the extent of oak woodland habitat as determined from aerial photograph interpretation; however, following completion of ground verification by a qualified arborist, the actual amount of oak woodland present within impact areas could be slightly greater or lesser than the amount calculated from aerial photograph and, therefore, the amount preserved could also be slightly greater or lesser than 399 acres).  • Create 243 acres of oak woodland habitat in the SPA by planting a combination of blue oak acorns, seedlings, and trees in the following SPA locations:  i. Non-wooded areas that are adjacent to or contiguous with the existing oak woodland habitat.  ii. Preserve and passive open space zones throughout the SPA.  iii. Open space areas that are adjacent to existing oak woodlands that will be impacted by project grading (i.e. catch slopes).  iv. Other practical locations within the SPA in or adjacent to open space.  Oak Woodlands Mitigation Planting Criteria  The following oak woodland mitigation planting criteria shall be used to		Project and Included as	
create oak woodland habitat:  i. A minimum of 55 planting sites per acre (with a total of 70 units, as defined below) will mitigate for one acre of oak woodland impacts. A combination of acorns, seedlings, and various sizes of container trees (#1 container, #5 container, #15 container) or transplanted trees shall be incorporated into the planting design. Mitigation acreage that is planted solely with larger oak trees (no acorns) shall have a minimum of 35 planting sites per acre. The units are defined as follows:  - One established acorn equals one unit (acorns will be over planted to maximize potential germination).  - One oak seedling equals one unit.			

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<ul> <li>One #1 container oak tree equals two units.</li> <li>One #5 container oak tree equals three units.</li> <li>One #15 container oak tree equals four units.</li> <li>One 24-inch boxed oak tree equals six units.</li> <li>One transplanted oak tree equals four units per trunk diameter inch (dbh).</li> <li>Native non oak species characteristic of oak woodlands shall be included in the mitigation planting plan to augment overall habitat values. Each non oak tree species shall represent unit values described above for oak trees, but non oak species shall comprise no more than 10% of the mitigation plantings.</li> <li>Preserve and protect existing off-site oak woodland habitat. Existing, unprotected oak woodland habitat within Sacramento and El Dorado Counties may be secured and placed under conservation easement in lieu of onsite mitigation measures if necessary. The off-site locations would be managed as oak woodland habitat in perpetuity.</li> <li>Create oak woodlands off site. Plant a combination of blue oak acorns, seedlings, and trees at off-site location(s), if needed to achieve the creation goal of 243 acres of new blue oak woodland habitat. This measure would only be needed if 243 acres of blue oak woodland could not be created in the SPA. Off-site creation shall follow the same guidelines as outlined in the Mitigation Planting Criteria for on-site creation. Off-site tree planting shall occur at sites within Sacramento County that should naturally support blue oak woodland and shall be used to restore former blue oak woodland habitat that has been degraded or removed through human activities. Restoration shall be designed to result in species composition and densities similar to those in the SPA prior to project development. Planted areas shall be placed under conservation easement and managed as oak woodland habitat in perpetuity.</li> </ul>			
The oak woodland mitigation plan prepared by the project applicant(s) shall include a maintenance and monitoring program for any replacement trees. The program shall include monitoring and reporting requirements, schedule, and success criteria. Replacement oak trees shall be maintained and			

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monitored for a minimum of eight years from the date of planting and irrigation shall be provided to planted trees for the first five years after planting. Any replacement trees that die during the monitoring period shall be replaced in sufficient numbers to achieve 80% survival rate for planted trees by the end of the eight-year maintenance and monitoring period. Dead and dying trees shall be replaced and monitoring continued until 80% survivorship is achieved. Security acceptable to the City and sufficient to cover maintenance and monitoring costs for eight years shall be provided to the City Planning Department. The security will be forfeited if the project applicant or designated responsible party fails to provide maintenance and monitoring and meet the success criteria.			
Isolated Oak Tree Mitigation			
The project applicant(s) of all on-site project phases containing oak woodland habitat or isolated trees and the off-site Prairie City Road and Oak Avenue interchange improvements to U.S. 50; Rowberry Drive Overcrossing; and the underground sewer force main shall develop a map depicting the tree canopy of all oak trees in the survey area and identifying the acreage of tree canopy that would be preserved and the acreage that would be removed. A tree permit for removal of isolated oak trees (those not located within the delineated boundary of oak woodland habitat) shall be obtained from the City Planning Director. As a condition of the tree removal permit, project applicant(s) shall be required to develop a Planting and Maintenance Agreement. The City's Tree Preservation Code requires compensatory mitigation and the City and the project applicants have developed a plan, as set forth Section 10 of the Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan (attached to this EIR/EIS as Appendix N) specifically to avoid and minimize adverse effects on isolated oak trees from project development and to provide compensatory mitigation for removal of protected trees in the SPA. In addition to the language contained in the Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan, the following elements shall be included in a protected tree mitigation plan to be developed by the project applicants and agreed upon by the City:			
Project applicant(s) of projects containing isolated oak trees shall retain a certified arborist or registered professional forester to perform a determinate			

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survey of tree species, size (dbh), condition, and location for all areas of the			
project site proposed for tree removal and encroachment of development.			
The condition of individual trees shall be assessed according to the American			
Society of Consulting Arborists rating system with the following added			
explanations:			
<ul> <li>5) Excellent; No problems – tree has no structural problems, branches are properly spaced and tree characteristics are nearly perfect for the species.</li> <li>4) Good; No apparent problems – tree is in good condition and no apparent problems from visual inspection. If potential structural or health problems are tended at this stage, future hazard can be reduced</li> </ul>			
and more serious health problems can be averted.  3) Fair; Minor problems – There are some minor structural or health problems that pose no immediate danger. When the recommended actions in an arborist report are completed correctly the defect(s) can be minimized or eliminated.			
2) Poor; Major problems – the tree is in poor condition, but the condition could be improved with correct arboricultural work including, but not limited to: pruning, cabling, bracing, bolting, guying, spraying, mistletoe removal, vertical mulching, and fertilization. If the recommended actions are completed correctly, hazard can be reduced and the rating can be elevated to a 3. If no action is taken the tree is considered a liability and should be removed.			
<ol> <li>Hazardous or non correctable condition – the tree is in extremely poor condition and in non-reversible decline. This rating is assigned to a tree that has structural and/or health problems that no amount of tree care work or effort can change. The issues may or may not be considered a dangerous situation. The tree may also be infested with a disease or pest(s) that is non-controllable at this time and is causing an unacceptable risk of spreading the disease or pests(s) to other trees.</li> <li>Dead – the tree has no significant signs of life (dead or very close to</li> </ol>			
being dead).  Isolated Oak Tree Mitigation Planting Criteria			

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• The determination for whether an isolated tree shall be preserved, removed			
without compensation, or removed with compensatory mitigation shall be			
based on the condition and size of the tree as follows:			
i. Trees rated 0 or 1 may be removed with no mitigation.			
ii. Trees rated 2 may be removed at 50% of the normal Folsom Municipal Code mitigation.			
iii. Trees rated 3, 4, and/or 5 may be removed at the normal Folsom			
Municipal Code mitigation.			
iv. Native isolated oaks measuring 24 inches or greater dbh for a single			
trunk or 40 inches or more for a multi-trunked tree and rated a 3 to5			
shall be retained, unless retaining wall(s) higher than 4 feet tall (from			
bottom of footing to the top of the wall) would be required to protect			
the tree(s) from mass grading of the SPA properties.			
v. Native oaks measuring between 12 and 24 inches dbh and rated a 4 or			
5 shall not be removed or mitigated unless wall(s) higher than 4 feet			
tall (from bottom of footing to the top of the wall) would be required to			
protect the tree(s) from mass grading of the SPA properties. Trees in			
this size class but rated 2 or 3 shall not be removed unless			
unreasonable costs to save the tree(s) (greater than the cost of			
implementing the isolated oak tree mitigation planting criteria			
described here) would result.			
vi. Native oaks measuring 5 inches or greater dbh but less than 12 inches			
dbh shall not be removed unless unreasonable costs to save the tree(s)			
(greater than the cost of implementing the isolated oak tree mitigation			
planting criteria described here) would result.			
vii. Native oak trees measuring 1 inch or greater dbh but less than 5 inches			
dbh may be preserved to receive a Small Tree Preservation Credit			
(STPC). Any tree that is to be considered for preservation credit shall be evaluated included in the orbits report and shall have been			
be evaluated, included in the arborist report, and shall have been found to be rated a 3, 4, or a 5. Credits shall only be accepted if the tree			
protection zone (TPZ) (i.e., the outer edge of the tree canopy drip			
line) is protected with fencing in the exact manner that 5 inches dbh			
and greater trees are protected on a construction—site, and the spacing			
is equal to the proper tree spacing dictated by the Folsom Master Tree			
List. STPC shall not count if they the tree is in a poor growing space			

#### **FPASP MITIGATION ANALYSIS Russell Ranch Project** Applicable to the Not Applicable to the **Project has** Project and Included as **FPASP Mitigation Measure Project** Completed Mitigation due to its position within the TPZ of another protected tree to be preserved. The City shall accept the preservation of native oak trees in this size class as credit towards the total removed inches based on the following STPC criteria: **Caliper of Tree Preserved Mitigation Tree Credit Equivalent** 1 inch or greater, but less than 2 inches One #15 container tree or two #5 2 inches or greater, but less than 3 Two #15 container trees 3 inches or greater, but less than 4 Three #15 container trees 4 inches or greater, but less than 5 Four #15 container trees Folsom Municipal Code requires one of the following be planted as

- compensation for each diameter inch of protected tree removed:
  - i. half of a 24-inch box tree;
  - ii. one #15 container tree:
  - iii. two #5 container trees; or
  - iv. \$150 in-lieu payment or other fee set by City Council Resolution.
- The Planting and Maintenance Agreement shall include a planting plan, planting and irrigation design details, and a weaning schedule for the establishment period. The plan shall include a 5-year establishment period for trees and 8 years for planted acorns with an annual monitoring report that includes corrections needed with proposed work plan, and notice of compliance within 90-days of annual monitoring report. Security in an form acceptable to the City and sufficient to cover maintenance and monitoring costs for eight years shall be provided to the City Planning Department. The security will be forfeited if the project applicant or designated responsible party fails to fulfill the Planting and Maintenance Agreement.
- To avoid and minimize indirect impacts on protected trees to remain on the SPA, the project applicant(s) of all affected project phases shall install high visibility fencing outside the outer edge of the drip lines of all trees to be retained on the SPA during project construction. The fencing may be installed around groups or stands of trees or whole wooded areas bust must be installed so that the drip lines of all trees are protected. Grading, trenching, equipment or materials storage, parking, paving, irrigation, and landscaping

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shall be prohibited within the fenced areas (i.e. drip lines of protected trees). If the activities listed cannot be avoided within the drip line of a particular tree, that tree shall be counted as an affected tree and compensatory mitigation shall be provided, or the tree in question shall be monitored for a period of five years and replaced only if the tree appears to be dead or dying within five years of project implementation.  Through a combination of the mitigation options presented above along with the proposed on-site preservation of blue oak woodland habitat in the open space areas, the project applicant(s) can satisfy the mitigation requirements for removal of trees protected under the Folsom Municipal Code while also mitigating the impacts on oak woodland habitat, as determined through consultation with the Sacramento County Planning Department (for County off-site impacts only) and/or the City of Folsom.  Mitigation for the U.S. 50 interchange improvements must be coordinated by the				
project applicant(s) of each applicable project phase with Caltrans.				
3A.4 Climate Change - Land				
3A.4-1: Implement Additional Measures to Control Construction-Generated GHG Emissions. To further reduce construction-generated GHG emissions, the project applicant(s) any particular discretionary development application shall implement all feasible measures for reducing GHG emissions associated with construction that are recommended by SMAQMD at the time individual portions of the site undergo construction. Such measures may reduce GHG exhaust emissions from the use of on-site equipment, worker commute trips, and truck trips carrying materials and equipment to and from the SPA, as well as GHG emissions embodied in the materials selected for construction (e.g., concrete). Other measures may pertain to the materials used in construction. Prior to releasing each request for bid to contractors for the construction of each discretionary development entitlement, the project applicant(s) shall obtain the most current list of GHG reduction measures that are recommended by SMAQMD and stipulate that these measures be implemented in the respective request for bid as well as the subsequent construction contract with the selected primary contractor. The project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development application may submit to the City and SMAQMD a report that	N/A – Project Specific Analysis Concluded Less than Significant.			

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substantiates why specific measures are considered infeasible for construction of that particular development phase and/or at that point in time. The report, including the substantiation for not implementing particular GHG reduction measures, shall be approved by the City, in consultation with SMAQMD prior to the release of a request for bid by the project applicant(s) for seeking a primary contractor to manage the construction of each development project. By requiring that the list of feasible measures be established prior to the selection of a primary contractor, this measure requires that the ability of a contractor to effectively implement the selected GHG reduction measures be inherent to the selection process.			
SMAQMD's recommended measures for reducing construction-related GHG emissions at the time of writing this EIR/EIS are listed below and the project applicant(s) shall, at a minimum, be required to implement the following:			
<ul> <li>Improve fuel efficiency from construction equipment: <ol> <li>reduce unnecessary idling (modify work practices, install auxiliary power for driver comfort);</li> <li>perform equipment maintenance (inspections, detect failures early, corrections);</li> <li>train equipment operators in proper use of equipment;</li> <li>use the proper size of equipment for the job; and</li> <li>use equipment with new technologies (repowered engines, electric drive trains).</li> </ol> </li></ul>			
<ul> <li>Use alternative fuels for electricity generators and welders at construction sites such as propane or solar, or use electrical power.</li> <li>Use an ARB-approved low-carbon fuel, such as biodiesel or renewable diesel for construction equipment. (Emissions of oxides of nitrogen [NOX] emissions from the use of low carbon fuel must be reviewed and increases mitigated.) Additional information about low- carbon fuels is available from ARB's Low Carbon Fuel Standard Program (ARB 2009b).</li> <li>Encourage and provide carpools, shuttle vans, transit passes and/or secure bicycle parking for construction worker commutes.</li> <li>Reduce electricity use in the construction office by using compact fluorescent</li> </ul>			

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<ul> <li>bulbs, powering off computers every day, and replacing heating and cooling units with more efficient ones.</li> <li>Recycle or salvage non-hazardous construction and demolition debris (goal of at least 75% by weight).</li> <li>Use locally sourced or recycled materials for construction materials (goal of at least 20% based on costs for building materials, and based on volume for roadway, parking lot, sidewalk and curb materials).</li> <li>Minimize the amount of concrete used for paved surfaces or use a low carbon concrete option.</li> <li>Produce concrete on-site if determined to be less emissive than transporting ready mix.</li> <li>Use EPA-certified SmartWay trucks for deliveries and equipment transport. Additional information about the SmartWay Transport Partnership Program is available from ARB's Heavy-Duty Vehicle Greenhouse Gas Measure (ARB 2009c) and EPA (EPA 2009).</li> <li>Develop a plan in consultation with SMAQMD to efficiently use water for adequate dust control. This may consist of the use of non- potable water from a local source.</li> <li>In addition to SMAQMD-recommended measures, construction activity shall comply with all applicable rules and regulations established by SMAQMD and ARB.</li> </ul>			
<b>3A.4-2a:</b> Implement Additional Measures to Reduce Operational GHG Emissions. Each increment of new development within the project site requiring a discretionary approval (e.g., proposed tentative subdivision map, conditional use permit), shall be subject to a project-specific environmental review (which could support an applicable exemption, negative or mitigated negative declaration or project-specific EIR) and will require that GHG emissions from operation of each phase of development, including supporting roadway and infrastructure improvements that are part of the selected action alternative, will be reduced by an amount sufficient to achieve the 2020-based threshold of significance of 4.36 CO2e/SP/year for development that would become operational on or before the year 2020, and the 2030-based threshold of significance of 2.86 CO2e/SP/year for development that would become operational on or before the year 2030.	N/A – Project Specific Analysis Concluded Less than Significant.		

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The above-stated thresholds of significance may be subject to change if SMAQMD approves its own GHG significance thresholds, in which case, SMAQMD-adopted thresholds will be used. The amount of GHG reduction required to achieve the applicable significance thresholds will furthermore depend on existing and future regulatory measures including those developed under AB 32).			
For each increment of new discretionary development, the City shall submit to the project applicant(s) a list of potentially feasible GHG reduction measures to be considered in the development design. The City's list of potentially feasible GHG reduction measures shall reflect the current state of the regulatory environment, available incentives, and thresholds of significance that may be developed by SMAQMD, which will evolve under the mandate of AB 32 and Executive Order S-3-05. If the project applicant(s) asserts it cannot meet the 2020-based goal, then the report shall also demonstrate why measures not selected are considered infeasible. The City shall review and ensure inclusion of the design features in the proposed project before applicant(s) can receive the City's discretionary approval for the any increment of development. In determining what measures should appropriately be imposed by the City under the circumstances, the City shall consider the following factors:			
• the extent to which rates of GHG emissions generated by motor vehicles traveling to, from, and within the SPA are projected to decrease over time as a result of regulations, policies, and/or plans that have already been adopted or may be adopted in the future by ARB or other public agency pursuant to AB 32, or by EPA;			
<ul> <li>the extent to which mobile-source GHG emissions, which at the time of writing this EIR/EIS comprise a substantial portion of the state's GHG inventory, can also be reduced through design measures that result in trip reductions and reductions in trip length;</li> <li>the extent to which GHG emissions emitted by the mix of power generation operated by SMUD, the electrical utility that will serve the SPA, are projected to decrease pursuant to the Renewables Portfolio Standard required</li> </ul>			

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by SB 1078 and SB 107, as well as any future regulations, policies, and/or plans adopted by the federal and state governments that reduce GHG emissions from power generation;  • the extent to which any stationary sources of GHG emissions that would be operated on a proposed land use (e.g., industrial) are already subject to regulations, policies, and/or plans that reduce GHG emissions, particularly any future regulations that will be developed as part of ARB's implementation of AB 32, or other pertinent regulations on stationary sources that have the indirect effect of reducing GHG emissions;  • the extent to which other mitigation measures imposed on the project to reduce other air pollutant emissions may also reduce GHG emissions;  • the extent to which the feasibility of existing GHG reduction technologies may change in the future, and to which innovation in GHG reduction technologies will continue, effecting cost-benefit analyses that determine economic feasibility; and  • whether the total costs of proposed mitigation for GHG emissions, together with other mitigation measures required for the proposed development, are so great that a reasonably prudent property owner would not proceed with the project in the face of such costs.  In considering how much, and what kind of, mitigation is necessary in light of these factors, the City shall consider the following list of options, though the list is not intended to be exhaustive, as GHG emission reduction strategies and their respective feasibility are likely to evolve over time. These measures are derived from multiple sources including the Mitigation Measure Summary in Appendix B of the California Air Pollution Control Officer's Association (CAPCOA) white paper, CEQA & Climate Change (CAPCOA 2009a); CAPCOA's Model Policies for Greenhouse Gases in General Plans (CAPCOA 2009b); and the California Attorney General's Office publication, The California Environmental Quality Act: Addressing Global Warming Impacts at the Local Agency Level (California Attorney Genera			

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<ul> <li>Include clean alternative energy features to promote energy self-sufficiency (e.g., photovoltaic cells, solar thermal electricity systems, small wind turbines).</li> <li>Design buildings to meet CEC Tier II requirements (e.g., exceeding the requirements of the Title 24 [as of 2007] by 35%).</li> <li>Site buildings to take advantage of shade and prevailing winds and design landscaping and sun screens to reduce energy use.</li> <li>Install efficient lighting in all buildings (including residential). Also install lighting control systems, where practical. Use daylight as an integral part of lighting systems in all buildings.</li> <li>Install light-colored "cool" pavements, and strategically located shade trees</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>along all bicycle and pedestrian routes.</li> <li>Water Conservation and Efficiency</li> <li>With the exception of ornamental shade trees, use water-efficient landscapes with native, drought-resistant species in all public area and commercial landscaping. Use water-efficient turf in parks and other turf-dependant spaces.</li> <li>Install the infrastructure to use reclaimed water for landscape irrigation and/or washing cars.</li> <li>Install water-efficient irrigation systems and devices, such as soil moisture-based irrigation controls.</li> <li>Design buildings and lots to be water-efficient. Only install water-efficient fixtures and appliances.</li> <li>Restrict watering methods (e.g., prohibit systems that apply water to nonvegetated surfaces) and control runoff. Prohibit businesses from using pressure washers for cleaning driveways, parking lots, sidewalks, and street surfaces. These restrictions should be included in the Covenants, Conditions, and Restrictions of the community.</li> <li>Provide education about water conservation and available programs and incentives.</li> <li>To reduce stormwater runoff, which typically bogs down wastewater treatment systems and increases their energy consumption, construct driveways to single-family detached residences and parking lots and</li> </ul>			

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driveways of multifamily residential uses with pervious surfaces. Possible designs include Hollywood drives (two concrete strips with vegetation or aggregate in between) and/or the use of porous concrete, porous asphalt, turf blocks, or pervious pavers.			
Solid Waste Measures			
<ul> <li>Reuse and recycle construction and demolition waste (including, but not limited to, soil, vegetation, concrete, lumber, metal, and cardboard).</li> <li>Provide interior and exterior storage areas for recyclables and green waste at all buildings.</li> <li>Provide adequate recycling containers in public areas, including parks, school grounds, golf courses, and pedestrian zones in areas of mixed-use development.</li> <li>Provide education and publicity about reducing waste and available recycling services.</li> </ul>			
Transportation and Motor Vehicles			
• Promote ride-sharing programs and employment centers (e.g., by designating a certain percentage of parking spaces for ride-sharing vehicles, designating adequate passenger loading and unloading zones and waiting areas for ride-share vehicles, and providing a Web site or message board for coordinating ride-sharing).			
• Provide the necessary facilities and infrastructure in all land use types to encourage the use of low- or zero-emission vehicles (e.g., electric vehicle charging facilities and conveniently located alternative fueling stations).			
• At industrial and commercial land uses, all forklifts, "yard trucks," or vehicles that are predominately used on-site at non-residential land uses shall be electric-powered or powered by biofuels (such as biodiesel [B100]) that are produced from waste products, or shall use other technologies that do not rely on direct fossil fuel consumption.			
3A.4-2b: Participate in and Implement an Urban and Community Forestry Program and/or Off-Site Tree Program to Off-Set Loss of On-Site Trees. The	N/A – Oak woodland is not located on-site and		

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trees on the project site contain sequestered carbon and would continue to provide future carbon sequestration during their growing life. For all harvestable trees that are subject to removal, the project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development application shall participate in and provide necessary funding for urban and community forestry program (such as the UrbanWood program managed by the Urban Forest Ecosystems Institute [Urban Forest Ecosystems Institute 2009]) to ensure that wood with an equivalent carbon sequestration value to that of all harvestable removed trees is harvested for an end-use that would retain its carbon sequestration (e.g., furniture building, cabinet making). For all non-harvestable trees that are subject to removal, the project applicant(s) shall develop and fund an off-site tree program that includes a level of tree planting that, at a minimum, increases carbon sequestration by an amount equivalent to what would have been sequestered by the blue oak woodland during its lifetime. This program shall be funded by the project applicant(s) of each development phase and reviewed for comment by an independent Certified Arborist unaffiliated with the project applicant(s) and shall be coordinated with the requirements of Mitigation Measure 3.3-5, as stated in Section 3A.3, "Biological Resources - Land." Final approval of the program shall be provided by the City. Components of the program may include, but not be limited to, providing urban tree canopy in the City of Folsom, or reforestation in suitable areas outside the City. Reforestation in natural habitat areas outside the City of Folsom would simultaneously mitigate the loss of oak woodland habitat while planting trees within the urban forest canopy would not. The California Urban Forestry Greenhouse Gas Reporting Protocol shall be used to assess this mitigation program (CCAR 2008). All unused vegetation and tree material shall be mulched for use in landscaping on the project site, shipped to the nearest composting facili	only one black willow that is not protected, is proposed for removal.		
3A.5-1a: Comply with the Programmatic Agreement. The PA for the proposed		Yes – See Cultural	
project is incorporated by reference. The PA provides a management framework		Resources Chapter.	

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for identifying historic properties, determining adverse effects, and resolving those adverse effects as required under Section 106 of the NHPA. This document is incorporated by reference. The PA is available for public inspection and review at the California Office of Historic Preservation 1725 23rd Street Sacramento, CA 95816.  3A.5-1b: Perform an Inventory and Evaluation of Cultural Resources for the California Register of Historic Places, Minimize or Avoid Damage or Destruction, and Perform Treatment Where Damage or Destruction Cannot be Avoided. Management of cultural resources eligible for or listed on the CRHR under CEQA mirrors management steps required under Section 106. These steps may be combined with deliverables and management steps performed for Section 106 provided that management documents prepared for the PA also clearly reference the CRHR listing criteria and significance thresholds that apply under CEQA. Prior to ground- disturbing work for each individual development phase or off-site element, the applicable oversight agency (City of Folsom, El Dorado County, Sacramento County, or Caltrans), or the project applicant(s) of all project phases, with applicable agency oversight, shall perform the following actions:  • Retain the services of a qualified archaeologist to perform an inventory of cultural resources within each individual development phase or off-site element subject to approval under CEQA. Identified resources shall be evaluated for listing on the CRHR. The inventory report shall also identify locations that are sensitive for undiscovered cultural resources based upon the location of known resources, geomorphology, and topography. The inventory report shall specify the location of monitoring of ground-disturbing work in these areas by a qualified archaeologist, and monitoring in the vicinity of identified resources that may be damaged by construction, if appropriate. The identification of sensitive locations subject to monitoring during construction of each individual development ph		Miligation	Yes – Discussed in the Cultural Resources Chapter.

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qualified archaeologist who shall determine if implementation of the individual project development would result in damage or destruction of "significant" (under CEQA) cultural resources. These findings shall be reviewed by the applicable agency for consistency with the significance thresholds and treatment measures provided in this EIR/EIS.  • Where possible, the project shall be configured or redesigned to avoid impacts on eligible or listed resources. Alternatively, these resources may be preserved in place if possible, as suggested under California Public Resources Code Section 21083.2. Avoidance of historic properties is required under certain circumstances under the Public Resource Code and 36 CFR Part 800.  • Where impacts cannot be avoided, the applicable agency or the project applicant(s) of all project phases (under the applicable agency's direction) shall prepare and implement treatment measures that are determined to be necessary by a qualified archaeologist. These measures may consist of data recovery excavations for resources that are eligible for listing because of the data they contain (which may contribute to research). Alternatively, for historical architectural, engineered, or landscape features, treatment measures may consist of a preparation of interpretive, narrative, or photographic documentation. These measures shall be reviewed by the applicable oversight agency for consistency with the significance thresholds and standards provided in this EIR/EIS.  • To support the evaluation and treatment required under this mitigation measure, the archaeologist retained by either the applicable oversight agency or the project applicant(s) of all project phases shall prepare an appropriate prehistoric and historic context that identifies relevant prehistoric, ethnographic, and historic themes and research questions against which to determine the significance of identified resources and appropriate treatment.  • These steps and documents may be combined with the phasing of management and documents pre			

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Sacramento Counties, or Caltrans).				
<ul> <li>3A.5-2: Conduct Construction Personnel Education, Conduct On-Site Monitoring if Required, Stop Work if Cultural Resources are Discovered, Assess the Significance of the Find, and Perform Treatment or Avoidance as Required. To reduce potential impacts to previously undiscovered cultural resources, the project applicant(s) of all project phases shall do the following:</li> <li>Before the start of ground-disturbing activities, the project applicant(s) of all project phases shall retain a qualified archaeologist to conduct training for construction workers as necessary based upon the sensitivity of the project APE, to educate them about the possibility of encountering buried cultural resources, and inform them of the proper procedures should cultural resources be encountered.</li> <li>As a result of the work conducted for Mitigation Measures 3A.5-1a and 3A.5-1b, if the archaeologist determines that any portion of the SPA or the off-site elements should be monitored for potential discovery of as-yet-unknown cultural resources, the project applicant(s) of all project phases shall implement such monitoring in the locations specified by the archaeologist. USACE should review and approve any recommendations by archaeologists with respect to monitoring.</li> <li>Should any cultural resources, such as structural features, unusual amounts of bone or shell, artifacts, or architectural remains be encountered during any construction activities, work shall be suspended in the vicinity of the find and the appropriate oversight agency(ies) (identified below) shall be notified immediately. The appropriate oversight agency(ies) shall retain a qualified archaeologist who shall conduct a field investigation of the specific site and shall assess the significance of the find by evaluating the resource for eligibility for listing on the CRHR or NRHP and it would be subject to disturbance or destruction, the actions required in Mitigation Measures 3A.5-1a and 3A.5-1b shall be implemented. The oversight agency shall be responsib</li></ul>		Yes – See Cultural Resources Chapter.		

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Mitigation for the off-site elements outside of the City of Folsom's jurisdictional boundaries must be coordinated by the project applicant(s) of each applicable project phase with the affected oversight agency(ies) (i.e., El Dorado and/or Sacramento Counties, or Caltrans).			
3A.5-3: Suspend Ground-Disturbing Activities if Human Remains are Encountered and Comply with California Health and Safety Code Procedures. In accordance with the California Health and Safety Code, if human remains are uncovered during ground-disturbing activities, including those associated with off-site elements, the project applicant(s) of all project phases shall immediately halt all ground-disturbing activities in the area of the find and notify the applicable county coroner and a professional archaeologist skilled in osteological analysis to determine the nature of the remains. The coroner is required to examine all discoveries of human remains within 48 hours of receiving notice of a discovery on private or public lands (California Health and Safety Code Section 7050.5[b]). If the coroner determines that the remains are those of a Native American, he or she must contact the NAHC by phone within 24 hours of making that determination (California Health and Safety Code Section 7050[c]).  After the coroner's findings are complete, the project applicant(s), an archaeologist, and the NAHC-designated MLD shall determine the ultimate treatment and disposition of the remains and take appropriate steps to ensure that additional human interments are not disturbed. The responsibilities for acting on notification of a discovery of Native American human remains are identified in Section 5097.9 of the California Public Resources Code.  Upon the discovery of Native American remains, the procedures above regarding		Yes – See Cultural Resources Chapter.	
involvement of the applicable county coroner, notification of the NAHC, and identification of an MLD shall be followed. The project applicant(s) of all project phases shall ensure that the immediate vicinity (according to generally accepted cultural or archaeological standards and practices) is not damaged or disturbed by further development activity until consultation with the MLD has taken place. The MLD shall have at least 48 hours after being granted access to the site to inspect the site and make recommendations. A range of possible treatments for the remains may be discussed: nondestructive removal and analysis, preservation in			

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place, relinquishment of the remains and associated items to the descendants, or other culturally appropriate treatment. As suggested by Assembly Bill (AB) 2641 (Chapter 863, Statutes of 2006), the concerned parties may extend discussions beyond the initial 48 hours to allow for the discovery of additional remains. AB 2641(e) includes a list of site protection measures and states that the project applicant(s) shall comply with one or more of the following requirements:  • record the site with the NAHC or the appropriate Information Center, • use an open-space or conservation zoning designation or easement, or • record a document with the county in which the property is located.  The project applicant(s) or its authorized representative of all project phases shall rebury the Native American human remains and associated grave goods with appropriate dignity on the property in a location not subject to further subsurface disturbance if the NAHC is unable to identify an MLD or if the MLD fails to make a recommendation within 48 hours after being granted access to the site. The project applicant(s) or its authorized representative may also reinter the remains in a location not subject to further disturbance if it rejects the recommendation of the MLD and mediation by the NAHC fails to provide measures acceptable to the landowner. Ground disturbance in the zone of suspended activity shall not recommence without authorization from the archaeologist.  Mitigation for the off-site elements outside of the City of Folsom's jurisdictional boundaries must be coordinated by the project applicant(s) of each applicable project phase with the affected oversight agency(ies) (i.e., El Dorado and/or Sacramento Counties, or Caltrans).			
3A.7 Geology, Soils, Minerals, and Paleontological Resources - Land			
<b>3A.7-1a:</b> Prepare Site-Specific Geotechnical Report per CBC Requirements and Implement Appropriate Recommendations. Before building permits are issued and construction activities begin any project development phase, the project applicant(s) of each project phase shall hire a licensed geotechnical engineer to prepare a final geotechnical subsurface investigation report for the on- and off-site facilities, which shall be submitted for review and approval to the appropriate City or county department (identified below). The final geotechnical engineering			Yes – Discussed in the Introduction to Analysis Chapter.

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report shall address and make recommendations on the following:			
<ul> <li>site preparation;</li> <li>soil bearing capacity;</li> <li>appropriate sources and types of fill;</li> <li>potential need for soil amendments;</li> <li>road, pavement, and parking areas;</li> <li>structural foundations, including retaining-wall design;</li> <li>grading practices;</li> <li>soil corrosion of concrete and steel;</li> <li>erosion/winterization;</li> <li>seismic ground shaking;</li> <li>liquefaction; and</li> <li>expansive/unstable soils.</li> <li>In addition to the recommendations for the conditions listed above, the geotechnical investigation shall include subsurface testing of soil and groundwater conditions, and shall determine appropriate foundation designs that are consistent with the version of the CBC that is applicable at the time building and grading permits are applied for. All recommendations contained in the final geotechnical engineering report shall be implemented by the project applicant(s) of each project phase. Special recommendations contained in the geotechnical engineering report shall be noted on the grading plans and implemented as appropriate before construction begins. Design and construction of all new project development shall be in accordance with the CBC. The project applicant(s) shall provide for engineering inspection and certification that earthwork has been performed in conformity with recommendations contained in the geotechnical report.</li> </ul>			
<b>3A.7-1b:</b> Monitor Earthwork during Earthmoving Activities. All earthwork shall be monitored by a qualified geotechnical or soils engineer retained by the project applicant(s) of each project phase. The geotechnical or soils engineer shall provide oversight during all excavation, placement of fill, and disposal of materials removed from and deposited on both on- and off-site construction areas.		Yes – See Executive Summary Chapter.	

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Mitigation for the off-site elements outside of the City of Folsom's jurisdictional boundaries must be coordinated by the project applicant(s) of each applicable project phase with the affected oversight agency(ies) (i.e., El Dorado and/or Sacramento Counties, or Caltrans).			
3A.7-3: Prepare and Implement the Appropriate Grading and Erosion Control Plan. Before grading permits are issued, the project applicant(s) of each project phase that would be located within the City of Folsom shall retain a California Registered Civil Engineer to prepare a grading and erosion control plan. The grading and erosion control plan shall be submitted to the City Public Works Department before issuance of grading permits for all new development. The plan shall be consistent with the City's Grading Ordinance, the City's Hillside Development Guidelines, and the state's NPDES permit, and shall include the site-specific grading associated with development for all project phases.  For the two off-site roadways into El Dorado Hills, the project applicant(s) of that phase shall retain a California Registered Civil Engineer to prepare a grading and erosion control plan. The grading and erosion control plan shall be submitted to the El Dorado County Public Works Department and the El Dorado Hills Community Service District before issuance of grading permits for roadway construction in El Dorado Hills. The plan shall be consistent with El Dorado County's Grading, Erosion, and Sediment Control Ordinance and the state's NPDES permit, and shall include the site-specific grading associated with roadway development.  For the off-site detention basin west of Prairie City Road, the project applicant(s) of that phase shall retain a California Registered Civil Engineer to prepare a grading and erosion control plan. The grading and erosion control plan shall be submitted to the Sacramento County Public Works Department before issuance of a grading permit. The plan shall be consistent with Sacramento County's Grading, Erosion, and Sediment Control Ordinance and the state's NPDES permit, and shall include the site-specific grading associated with construction of the detention basin.		Yes – See Public Services, Utilities, and Hydrology Chapter.	

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and maintenance schedule of all erosion and sediment control measures, a description of measures designed to control dust and stabilize the construction-site road and entrance, and a description of the location and methods of storage and disposal of construction materials. Erosion and sediment control measures could include the use of detention basins, berms, swales, wattles, and silt fencing, and covering or watering of stockpiled soils to reduce wind erosion. Stabilization on steep slopes could include construction of retaining walls and reseeding with vegetation after construction. Stabilization of construction entrances to minimize trackout (control dust) is commonly achieved by installing filter fabric and crushed rock to a depth of approximately 1 foot. The project applicant(s) shall ensure that the construction contractor is responsible for securing a source of transportation and deposition of excavated materials.  Mitigation for the off-site elements outside of the City of Folsom's jurisdictional boundaries must be coordinated by the project applicant(s) of each applicable project phase with the affected oversight agency(ies) (i.e., El Dorado and/or Sacramento Counties).  Implementation of Mitigation Measure 3A.9-1 (discussed in Section 3A.9, "Hydrology and Water Quality – Land") would also help reduce erosion-related impacts.			
3A.7-4: Prepare a Seismic Refraction Survey and Obtain Appropriate Permits for all On-Site and Off-site Elements East of Old Placerville Road. Before the start of all construction activities east of Old Placerville Road, the project applicant(s) for any discretionary development application shall retain a licensed geotechnical engineer to perform a seismic refraction survey. Project-related excavation activities shall be carried out as recommend by the geotechnical engineer. Excavation may include the use of heavy-duty equipment such as large bulldozers or large excavators, and may include blasting. Appropriate permits for blasting operations shall be obtained from the relevant City or county jurisdiction prior to the start of any blasting activities.  Mitigation for the off-site elements outside of the City of Folsom's jurisdictional		Yes - See Introduction to Analysis Chapter.	

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boundaries must be coordinated by the project applicant(s) of each applicable project phase with the affected oversight agency(ies) (i.e., El Dorado and/or Sacramento Counties).				
<b>3A.7-5: Divert Seasonal Water Flows Away from Building Foundations.</b> The project applicant(s) of all project phases shall either install subdrains (which typically consist of perforated pipe and gravel, surrounded by nonwoven geotextile fabric), or take such other actions as recommended by the geotechnical or civil engineer for the project that would serve to divert seasonal flows caused by surface infiltration, water seepage, and perched water during the winter months away from building foundations.		Yes – See Public Services, Utilities, and Hydrology Chapter.		
3A.7-9: Conduct Soil Sampling in Areas of the SPA Designated as MRZ-3 for Kaolin Clay and if Found, Delineate its Location and Notify Lead Agency and the California Division of Mines and Geology. The project applicant(s) of all applicable project phases shall retain a licensed geotechnical or soils engineer to analyze soil core samples that shall be extracted from that portion of the SPA zoned MRZ-3 for kaolin clay, as shown on Exhibit 3A.7-3. In the event that kaolin clay is discovered, the City of Folsom, Sacramento County, and CDMG shall be notified. In addition, the approximate horizontal and vertical extent of available kaolin clay shall be delineated by the geotechnical or soils engineer.	N/A – The project site is not identified as a site containing locally important mineral resources.			
<ul> <li>3A.7-10: Conduct Construction Personnel Education, Stop Work if Paleontological Resources are Discovered, Assess the Significance of the Find, and Prepare and Implement a Recovery Plan as Required. To minimize potential adverse impacts on previously unknown potentially unique, scientifically important paleontological resources, the project applicant(s) of all project phases where construction would occur in the Ione and Mehrten Formations shall do the following:</li> <li>Before the start of any earthmoving activities for any project phase in the Ione or Mehrten Formations, the project applicant(s) shall retain a qualified paleontologist or archaeologist to train all construction personnel involved</li> </ul>		Yes – See Cultural Resources Chapter.		

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with earthmoving activities, including the site superintendent, regarding the possibility of encountering fossils, the appearance and types of fossils likely to be seen during construction, and proper notification procedures should fossils be encountered.  • If paleontological resources are discovered during earthmoving activities, the construction crew shall immediately cease work in the vicinity of the find and notify the appropriate lead agency (identified below). The project applicant(s) shall retain a qualified paleontologist to evaluate the resource and prepare a recovery plan in accordance with Society of Vertebrate Paleontology guidelines (1996). The recovery plan may include, but is not limited to, a field survey, construction monitoring, sampling and data recovery procedures, museum storage coordination for any specimen recovered, and a report of findings. Recommendations in the recovery plan that are determined by the lead agency to be necessary and feasible shall be implemented before construction activities can resume at the site where the paleontological resources were discovered.  Mitigation for the off-site elements outside of the City of Folsom's jurisdictional boundaries must be coordinated by the project applicant(s) of each applicable project phase with the affected oversight agency(ies) (i.e., Sacramento County).			
<b>3B.7-1b:</b> Incorporate Pipeline Failure Contingency Measures Into Final Pipeline Design. Isolation valves or similar devices shall be incorporated into all pipeline facilities to prevent substantial losses of surface water in the event of pipeline rupture, as recommended by a licensed geotechnical or civil engineer. The specifications of the isolation valves shall conform to the CBC and American Water Works Association standards.		Yes - See Introduction to Analysis Chapter.	
<b>3B.7-4: Implement Corrosion Protection Measures.</b> As determined appropriate by a licensed geotechnical or civil engineer, the City shall ensure that all underground metallic fittings, appurtenances, and piping include a cathodic		Yes - See Introduction to Analysis Chapter.	

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protection system to protect these facilities from corrosion.			
<ul> <li>3B.7-5: Conduct Construction Personnel Education, Stop Work if Paleontological Resources are Discovered, Assess the Significance of the Find, and Prepare and Implement a Recovery Plan as Required. To minimize potential adverse impacts on previously unknown potentially unique, scientifically important paleontological resources, the City shall implement appropriate measures during construction of the Offsite Water Facility improvements. These measures shall be required for construction activities at the following locations: (1) Grant Line Road, south of SR 16; (2) Florin road, east of Excelsior Road; (3) Gerber Road, east of Excelsior Road; (4) White Rock Road, east of Prairie City Road; and (5) Prairie City Road and shall include:</li> <li>Before the start of any earthmoving activities for any project phase in the Riverbank Formation, the project applicant(s) shall retain a qualified paleontologist or archaeologist to train all construction personnel involved with earthmoving activities, including the site superintendent, regarding the possibility of encountering fossils, the appearance and types of fossils likely to be seen during construction, and proper notification procedures should fossils be encountered.</li> <li>If paleontological resources are discovered during earthmoving activities, the construction crew shall immediately cease work in the vicinity of the find and notify Sacramento County Planning and Community Development Department. The project applicant(s) shall retain a qualified paleontologist to evaluate the resource and prepare a recovery plan in accordance with Society of Vertebrate Paleontology guidelines (1996). The recovery plan may include, but is not limited to, a field survey, construction monitoring, sampling and data recovery procedures, museum storage coordination for any specimen recovered, and a report of findings. Recommendations in the recovery plan that are determined by the County to be necessary and feasible shall be implemented before construction activities can resume</li></ul>		Yes – See Cultural Resources Chapter.	
3A.8 Hazards and Hazardous Material - Land			
3A.8-2: Complete Investigations Related to the Extent to Which Soil and/or Groundwater May Have Been Contaminated in Areas Not Covered by the			Yes – ENGEO Inc. Phase 1

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Phase I and II Environmental Site Assessments and Implement Required Measures. The project applicant(s) for any discretionary development application shall conduct Phase I Environmental Site Assessments (where an Phase I has not been conducted), and if necessary, Phase II Environmental Site Assessments, and/or other appropriate testing for all areas of the SPA and include, as necessary, analysis of soil and/or groundwater samples for the potential contamination sites that have not yet been covered by previous investigations (as shown in Exhibit 3A.8-1) before construction activities begin in those areas. Recommendations in the Phase I and II Environmental Site Assessments to address any contamination that is found shall be implemented before initiating ground-disturbing activities in these areas.  The project applicant(s) shall implement the following measures before ground-disturbing activities to reduce health hazards associated with potential exposure to hazardous substances:  • Prepare a plan that identifies any necessary remediation activities appropriate for proposed on- and off-site uses, including excavation and removal of onsite contaminated soils, redistribution of clean fill material in the SPA, and closure of any abandoned mine shafts. The plan shall include measures that ensure the safe transport, use, and disposal of contaminated soil and building debris removed from the site. In the event that contaminated groundwater is encountered during site excavation activities, the contractor shall report the contamination to the appropriate regulatory agencies, dewater the excavated area, and treat the contaminated groundwater to remove contaminants before discharge into the sanitary sewer system. The project applicant(s) shall be required to comply with the plan and applicable Federal, state, and local laws. The plan shall outline measures for specific handling and reporting procedures for hazardous materials and disposal of hazardous materials removed from the site at an appropriate off-site disposal fac			Environmental Site Assessment, Russell Ranch South Folsom, California. May 7, 2013.

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Central Valley RWQCB, DTSC, and/or other appropriate Federal, state, or local regulatory agencies.  Obtain an assessment conducted by PG&E and SMUD pertaining to the contents of any existing pole-mounted transformers located in the SPA. The assessment shall determine whether existing on-site electrical transformers contain PCBs and whether there are any records of spills from such equipment. If equipment containing PCB is identified, the maintenance and/or disposal of the transformer shall be subject to the regulations of the Toxic Substances Control Act under the authority of the Sacramento County Environmental Health Department.  Mitigation for the off-site elements outside of the City of Folsom's jurisdictional boundaries must be coordinated by the project applicant(s) of each applicable			
A.8-3a: Require the Project Applicant(s) to Cooperate with Aerojet and Regulatory Agencies to Preserve, Modify, or Close Existing Groundwater Monitoring Wells. The project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development that would occur in or adjacent to the Area 40 boundary shall consult with Aerojet, EPA, DTSC, and/or the Central Valley RWQCB or any successor in interest to establish the preservation, modification, or closure of existing groundwater monitoring wells. If necessary, Aerojet, or any successor may purchase lots or obtain access agreements from the project applicant(s) to maintain access to monitoring wells and/or remediation systems. If groundwater wells are to be affected by proposed tentative maps, then the project applicant(s) or successors shall provide the City with evidence that the relocation, modification, or closure of the well(s) is approved by the appropriate agencies as part of the City's final map approval process and before development.  The project applicant(s) for activities related to the off-site detention basin located outside of the City of Folsom's jurisdictional boundaries must be coordinated by the project applicant(s) with Sacramento County.	N/A - The project site is not on or adjacent to Area 40 boundary.		
<b>3A.8-3b:</b> Coordinate Development Activities to Avoid Interference with Remediation Activities. The project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development that would occur in or adjacent to the Area 40 boundary shall	N/A - The project site is not on or adjacent to Area 40 boundary.		

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provide notice to Aerojet or any successor in interest and DTSC, the Central Valley RWQCB, and the City of Folsom of the location, nature, and duration of construction activities least 30 days before construction activities begin in areas on or near property with current or planned remediation activities (Area 40). Remedial actions, as required by DTSC, RWQCB, and/or the EPA, may include, but are not limited to:  • deed restrictions on land and groundwater use; • requirements for building ventilation, heating, and air conditioning design; • monitoring; • installation of vertical barriers; • biological, chemical, and/or physical treatment; • extraction or excavation; and/or • pump and treat activities.  Before the approval of grading plans which include areas within the Area 40 boundary or the off-site detention basin, the project applicant(s) shall consult with Aerojet, EPA, DTSC, and/or the Central Valley RWQCB or any successor to schedule the timing of construction activities to prevent potential conflicts with investigation and remediation activities.  The project applicant(s) for activities related to the off-site detention basin located outside of the City of Folsom's jurisdictional boundaries must be coordinated by the project applicant(s) with Sacramento County.			
3A.8-3c: Provide Written Notification to the City that, as required by EPA, DTSC, and the Central Valley RWQCB, -Required Notification Obligations and/or Easements Have Been Fulfilled to Ensure that Construction Activities Do Not Interfere with Remedial Actions. Pursuant to their oversight over investigations of hazardous substances and determination of remedial action, EPA and/or DTSC establish, as appropriate, deed restrictions (e.g., restrictions on	N/A - The project site is not on or adjacent to Area 40 boundary.		

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future groundwater uses or future land uses) or easements (e.g., continued access to groundwater wells and pipelines) on property with associated notice requirements. The project applicant(s) for all such affected project activities, located within the Area 40 boundary, the off-site detention basin, or lands subject to monitoring or other remediation activities shall provide notification in writing to the City (or Sacramento County for the off-site detention basin) that said required notification obligations have been fulfilled. Evidence of the method of notification required by EPA and/or DTSC shall be submitted to the City before approval of tentative maps or improvement plans.			
The project applicant(s) for such affected project activities shall coordinate with the City to include this provision as part of tentative map—approval within the Area 40 boundary or lands subject to monitoring or other remediation activities. The project applicant(s) shall coordinate—with Sacramento County for such affected project activities pertaining to the off-site detention basin.  Mitigation for the off-site elements outside of the City of Folsom's jurisdictional			
boundaries must be coordinated by the project applicant(s) of each applicable project phase with the affected oversight agency(ies) (i.e., Sacramento County).  Mitigation for the off-site elements outside of the City of Folsom's jurisdictional boundaries must be coordinated by the project applicant(s) of each applicable			
project phase with the affected oversight agency(ies) (i.e., Sacramento County).			
3A.8-3d: Land Use Restrictions for Contaminated Soil and Groundwater within Area 40 as depicted on the Remedial Restrictions Area Exhibit 3A.8-9. Prior to approval of any tentative maps, improvement plans, or discretionary project approvals for locations within Area 40, as depicted in the Remedial Restrictions Area (Exhibit 3A.8-9), the project applicant(s) shall designate those areas that are subject to off-gassing hazards in excess of an indoor air standard, as open space or park use, as required by the City and Aerojet in consultation with the EPA. Areas designated for open space or park under this mitigation measure shall be determined by the City and by Aerojet in consultation with the EPA using risk calculations (completed in accordance with EPA's 1989 Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund [EPA/540/1-89-002] and DTSC's 1992 Supplemental Guidance for Human Health Multimedia Risk Assessments of	N/A - The project site is not on or adjacent to Area 40 boundary.		

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Hazardous Waste Sites and Permitted Facilities and 1994 Preliminary Endangerment Assessment Guidance Manual, or such guidance as may be in place at the time risk assessment is performed) for exposure to off-gassing from either soil or groundwater based on detected PCE and TCE concentrations. The project applicant(s) for such affected areas located within Area 40 as depicted on the Remedial Restrictions Area Exhibit 3A.8-9 shall implement this measure as part of tentative map applications or other discretionary project approvals when such applications are submitted to the City.  If the portions of Area 40 that are designated for park and open space use are not available for use as park and open space as identified in the SPA concurrently with surrounding development that creates demand for park and open space use, the project applicant(s), and the owners of land within the SPA shall identify and the City may rezone equivalent acreage of suitable park and open space land within the SPA for development as interim or permanent park and open space to meet the then current demand.			
<ul> <li>Mitigation Measure 3A.8-5: Prepare and Implement a Blasting Safety Plan in Consultation with a Qualified Blaster. To reduce the potential for accidental injury or death related to blasting, contractors whose work on the SPA will include blasting shall prepare and implement a blasting safety plan. This plan shall be created in coordination with a qualified blaster, as defined by the Construction Safety and Health Outreach Program, Subpart U, Section 1926.901, and distributed to all appropriate members of construction teams. The plan shall apply to project applicant(s) of all project phases in which blasting would be employed. The plan shall include, but is not limited to:</li> <li>storage locations that meet ATF standards contained in 27 CFR Part 55;</li> <li>safety requirements for workers (e.g., daily safety meetings, personal protective equipment);</li> <li>an accident management plan that considers misfires (i.e. explosive fails to detonate), unexpected ignition, and flyrock; and</li> <li>measures to protect surrounding property (e.g., netting, announcement of dates of expected blasting, barricades, and audible and visual warnings).</li> </ul>	N/A – Development of the project site would not include blasting.		

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Upon completion of a blasting safety plan, the project applicant(s) contractor shall secure any required permits from the City of Folsom Fire Department and the El Dorado County Sheriff's Department for blasting activities in Sacramento County and El Dorado County, respectively.  Mitigation for the off-site elements outside of the City of Folsom's jurisdictional			
boundaries must be coordinated by the project applicant(s) of each applicable project phase with the affected oversight agency(ies) (i.e., El Dorado County).			
P3A.8-6: Prudent Avoidance and Notification of EMF Exposure. Potential purchasers of residential properties near the transmission lines shall be made aware of the controversy surrounding EMF exposure. The California Department of Real Estate shall be requested to insert an appropriate notification into the applicant's final Subdivision Public Report application, which shall be provided to purchasers of properties within 100 feet from the 100-115kV power line, or within 150 feet from the 220-230 kV power line. The notification would include a discussion of the scientific studies and conclusions reached to date, acknowledge that the notification distance is not based on specific biological evidence, but rather, the distance where background levels may increase, and provide that, given some uncertainty in the data, this notification is merely provided to allow purchasers to make an informed decision.	N/A - Project Specific Analysis Concluded Less than Significant.		
3A.8-7: Prepare and Implement a Vector Control Plan in Consultation with the Sacramento-Yolo Mosquito and Vector Control District. To ensure that operation and design of the stormwater system, including multiple planned detention basins, is consistent with the recommendations of the Sacramento-Yolo Mosquito and Vector Control District regarding mosquito control, the project applicant(s) of all project phases shall prepare and implement a Vector Control Plan. This plan shall be prepared in coordination with the Sacramento-Yolo Mosquito and Vector Control District and shall be submitted to the City for approval before issuance of the grading permit for the detention basins under the City's jurisdiction. For the off-site detention basin, the plan shall be submitted to Sacramento County for approval before issuance of the grading permit for the off-site detention basin. The plan shall incorporate specific measures deemed sufficient by the City to minimize public health risks from mosquitoes, and as contained within the Sacramento-Yolo Mosquito and Vector Control District BMP Manual (Sacramento-Yolo Mosquito and Vector Control District 2008). The		Yes - See Public Services, Utilities, and Hydrology Chapter.	

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plan shall include, but is not limited to, the following components:			
<ul> <li>Description of the project.</li> <li>Description of detention basins and all water features and facilities that would control on-site water levels.</li> <li>Goals of the plan.</li> <li>Description of the water management elements and features that would be implemented, including: <ol> <li>BMPs that would implemented on-site;</li> <li>public education and awareness;</li> <li>sanitary methods used (e.g., disposal of garbage);</li> <li>mosquito control methods used (e.g., fluctuating water levels, biological agents, pesticides, larvacides, circulating water); and</li> <li>stormwater management (consistent with Stormwater Management Plan).</li> </ol> </li> <li>Long-term maintenance of the detention basins and all related facilities (e.g., specific ongoing enforceable conditions or maintenance by a homeowner's association).</li> </ul>			
To reduce the potential for mosquitoes to reproduce in the detention basins, the project applicant(s) shall coordinate with the Sacramento-Yolo Mosquito and Vector Control District to identify and implement BMPs based on their potential effectiveness for SPA conditions. Potential BMPs could include, but are not limited to, the following:  i. build shoreline perimeters as steep and uniform as practicable to discourage dense plant growth;  ii. perform routine maintenance to reduce emergent plant densities to facilitate the ability of mosquito predators (i.e., fish) to move throughout vegetated area;  iii. design distribution piping and containment basins with adequate slopes to drain fully and prevent standing water. The design slope should take into consideration buildup of sediment between maintenance periods. Compaction during grading may also be needed to avoid slumping and settling;			

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<ul> <li>iv. coordinate cleaning of catch basins, drop inlets, or storm drains with mosquito treatment operations;</li> <li>v. enforce the prompt removal of silt screens installed during construction when no longer needed to protect water quality;</li> <li>vi. if the sump, vault, or basin is sealed against mosquitoes, with the exception of the inlet and outlet, submerge the inlet and outlet completely to reduce the available surface area of water for mosquito egg-laying (female mosquitoes can fly through pipes); and</li> <li>vii. design structures with the appropriate pumping, piping, valves, or other necessary equipment to allow for easy dewatering of the unit if necessary (Sacramento Yolo Mosquito and Vector Control District 2008).</li> <li>The project applicant(s) of the project phase containing the off-site detention basin shall coordinate mitigation for the off-site with the affected oversight agency (i.e., Sacramento County).</li> </ul>			
3A.9 Hydrology and Water Quality - Land 3A.9-1: Acquire Appropriate Regulatory Permits and Prepare and			
<ul> <li>Implement SWPPP and BMPs. Prior to the issuance of grading permits, the project applicant(s) of all projects disturbing one or more acres (including phased construction of smaller areas which are part of a larger project) shall obtain coverage under the SWRCB's NPDES stormwater permit for general construction activity (Order 2009-0009-DWQ), including preparation and submittal of a project-specific SWPPP at the time the NOI is filed. The project applicant(s) shall also prepare and submit any other necessary erosion and sediment control and engineering plans and specifications for pollution prevention and control to Sacramento County, City of Folsom, El Dorado County (for the off-site roadways into El Dorado Hills under the Proposed Project Alternative). The SWPPP and other appropriate plans shall identify and specify:</li> <li>the use of an effective combination of robust erosion and sediment control BMPs and construction techniques accepted by the local jurisdictions for use in the project area at the time of construction, that shall reduce the potential for runoff and the release, mobilization, and exposure of pollutants,</li> </ul>		Yes - See Public Services, Utilities, and Hydrology Chapter.	

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<ul> <li>including legacy sources of mercury from project-related construction sites. These may include but would not be limited to temporary erosion control and soil stabilization measures, sedimentation ponds, inlet protection, perforated riser pipes, check dams, and silt fences</li> <li>the implementation of approved local plans, non-stormwater management controls, permanent post-construction BMPs, and inspection and maintenance responsibilities;</li> <li>the pollutants that are likely to be used during construction that could be present in stormwater drainage and nonstormwater discharges, including fuels, lubricants, and other types of materials used for equipment operation;</li> <li>spill prevention and contingency measures, including measures to prevent or clean up spills of hazardous waste and of hazardous materials used for equipment operation, and emergency procedures for responding to spills;</li> <li>personnel training requirements and procedures that shall be used to ensure that workers are aware of permit requirements and proper installation methods for BMPs specified in the SWPPP, and</li> <li>the appropriate personnel responsible for supervisory duties related to implementation of the SWPPP.</li> <li>Where applicable, BMPs identified in the SWPPP shall be in place throughout all site work and construction/demolition activities and shall be used in all subsequent site development activities. BMPs may include, but are not limited to, such measures as those listed below.</li> <li>Implementing temporary erosion and sediment control measures in disturbed areas to minimize discharge of sediment into nearby drainage conveyances, in compliance with state and local standards in effect at the time of construction. These measures may include silt fences, staked straw bales or wattles, sediment/silt basins and traps, geofabric, sandbag dikes, and temporary vegetation.</li> <li>Establishing permanent vegetative cover to reduce erosion in areas disturbed by construction by slowing runoff velocities, trapping s</li></ul>			

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by conveying surface runoff down sloping land, intercepting and diverting runoff to a watercourse or channel, preventing sheet flow over sloped surfaces, preventing runoff accumulation at the base of a grade, and avoiding flood damage along roadways and facility infrastructure.				
A copy of the approved SWPPP shall be maintained and available at all times on the construction site.				
For those areas that would be disturbed as part of the U.S. 50 interchange improvements, Caltrans shall coordinate with the development and implementation of the overall project SWPPP, or develop and implement its own SWPPP specific to the interchange improvements, to ensure that water quality degradation would be avoided or minimized to the maximum extent practicable.				
Mitigation for the off-site elements outside of the City of Folsom's jurisdictional boundaries must be coordinated by the project applicant(s) of each applicable project phase with the affected oversight agency(ies) (i.e., El Dorado and/or Sacramento Counties, or Caltrans).				
3A.9-2: Prepare and Submit Final Drainage Plans and Implement Requirements Contained in Those Plans. Before the approval of grading plans and building permits, the project applicant(s) of all project phases shall submit final drainage plans to the City, and to El Dorado County for the off-site roadway connections into El Dorado Hills, demonstrating that off-site upstream runoff would be appropriately conveyed through the SPA, and that project-related on-site runoff would be appropriately contained in detention basins or managed with through other improvements (e.g., source controls, biotechnical stream stabilization) to reduce flooding and hydromodfication impacts.		Yes – See Public Services, Utilities, and Hydrology Chapter.		
<ul> <li>The plans shall include, but not be limited to, the following items:</li> <li>an accurate calculation of pre-project and post-project runoff scenarios, obtained using appropriate engineering methods, that accurately evaluates potential changes to runoff, including increased surface runoff;</li> <li>runoff calculations for the 10-year and 100-year (0.01 AEP) storm events</li> </ul>				

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<ul> <li>(and other, smaller storm events as required) shall be performed and the trunk drainage pipeline sizes confirmed based on alignments and detention facility locations finalized in the design phase;</li> <li>a description of the proposed maintenance program for the on-site drainage system;</li> <li>project-specific standards for installing drainage systems;</li> <li>City and El Dorado County flood control design requirements and measures designed to comply with them;</li> <li>Implementation of stormwater management BMPs that avoid increases in the erosive force of flows beyond a specific range of conditions needed to limit hydromodification and maintain current stream geomorphology. These BMPs will be designed and constructed in accordance with the forthcoming SSQP Hydromodification Management Plan (to be adopted by the RWQCB) and may include, but are not limited to, the following: <ol> <li>use of Low Impact Development (LID) techniques to limit increases in stormwater runoff at the point of origination (these may include, but are not limited to: surface swales; replacement of conventional impervious surfaces with pervious surfaces [e.g., porous pavement]; impervious surfaces disconnection; and trees planted to intercept stormwater);</li> <li>enlarged detention basins to minimize flow changes and changes to flow duration characteristics;</li> <li>bioengineered stream stabilization to minimize bank erosion, utilizing vegetative and rock stabilization, and inset floodplain restoration features that provide for enhancement of riparian habitat and maintenance of natural hydrologic and channel to floodplain interactions;</li> <li>minimize slope differences between any stormwater or detention facility outfall channel with the existing receiving channel gradient to reduce flow velocity; and</li> <li>minimize to the extent possible detention basin, bridge embankment, and other encroachments into the channel and floodplain corridor, and utilize open bottom box culverts to allow sediment passage on smaller</li> <!--</td--><td></td><td>Mitgation</td><td></td></ol></li></ul>		Mitgation	

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drainage courses.  The final drainage plan shall demonstrate to the satisfaction of the City of Folsom Community Development and Public Works Departments and El Dorado County Department of Transportation that 100-year (0.01 AEP) flood flows would be appropriately channeled and contained, such that the risk to people or damage to structures within or down gradient of the SPA would not occur, and that hydromodification would not be increased from pre-development levels such that existing stream geomorphology would be changed (the range of conditions should be calculated for each receiving water if feasible, or a conservative estimate should be used, e.g., an Ep of 1 ±10% or other as approved by the Sacramento Stormwater Quality Partnership and/or City of Folsom Public Works Department).  Mitigation for the off-site elements outside of the City of Folsom's jurisdictional boundaries must be coordinated by the project applicant(s) of each applicable project phase with El Dorado County.			
<ul> <li>3A.9-3: Develop and Implement a BMP and Water Quality Maintenance Plan. Before approval of the grading permits for any development project requiring a subdivision map, a detailed BMP and water quality maintenance plan shall be prepared by a qualified engineer retained by the project applicant(s) the development project. Drafts of the plan shall be submitted to the City of Folsom and El Dorado County for the off-site roadway connections into El Dorado Hills, for review and approval concurrently with development of tentative subdivision maps for all project phases. The plan shall finalize the water quality improvements and further detail the structural and nonstructural BMPs proposed for the project. The plan shall include the elements described below.</li> <li>A quantitative hydrologic and water quality analysis of proposed conditions incorporating the proposed drainage design features.</li> <li>Predevelopment and postdevelopment calculations demonstrating that the proposed water quality BMPs meet or exceed requirements established by the City of Folsom and including details regarding the size, geometry, and functional timing of storage and release pursuant to the "Stormwater</li> </ul>		Yes – See Public Services, Utilities, and Hydrology Chapter.	

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<ul> <li>Quality Design Manual for Sacramento and South Placer Regions" ([SSQP 2007b] per NPDES Permit No. CAS082597 WDR Order No. R5-2008-0142, page 46) and El Dorado County's NPDES SWMP (County of El Dorado 2004).</li> <li>Source control programs to control water quality pollutants on the SPA, which may include but are limited to recycling, street sweeping, storm drain cleaning, household hazardous waste collection, waste minimization, prevention of spills and illegal dumping, and effective management of public trash collection areas.</li> <li>A pond management component for the proposed basins that shall include management and maintenance requirements for the design features and BMPs, and responsible parties for maintenance and funding.</li> <li>LID control measures shall be integrated into the BMP and water quality maintenance plan. These may include, but are not limited to: <ol> <li>i. surface swales;</li> <li>ii. replacement of conventional impervious surfaces with pervious surfaces (e.g., porous pavement);</li> <li>iii. impervious surfaces disconnection; and</li> <li>iv. trees planted to intercept stormwater.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>			
New stormwater facilities shall be placed along the natural drainage courses within the SPA to the extent practicable so as to mimic the natural drainage patterns. The reduction in runoff as a result of the LID configurations shall be quantified based on the runoff reduction credit system methodology described in "Stormwater Quality Design Manual for the Sacramento and South Placer Regions, Chapter 5 and Appendix D4" (SSQP 2007b) and proposed detention basins and other water quality BMPs shall be sized to handle these runoff volumes.  For those areas that would be disturbed as part of the U.S. 50 interchange improvements, it is anticipated that Caltrans would coordinate with the development and implementation of the overall project SWPPP, or develop and implement its own SWPPP specific to the interchange improvements, to ensure			

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extent practicable.  Mitigation for the off-site elements outside of the City of Folsom's jurisdictional boundaries must be coordinated by the project applicant(s) of each applicable project phase with El Dorado County and Caltrans.  3A.9-4: Inspect and Evaluate Existing Dams Within and Upstream of the Project Site and Make Improvements if Necessary. Prior to submittal to the City of tentative maps or improvement plans the project applicant(s) of all project phases shall perform conduct studies to determine the extent of inundation in the case of dam failure. If the studies determine potential exposure of people or structures to a significant risk of flooding as a result of the failure of a dam, the applicants(s) shall implement of any feasible recommendations provided in that study, potentially through drainage improvements, subject to the approval of the City of Folsom Public Works Department.		Yes – See Executive Summary Chapter.	
<ul> <li>3A.11-1: Implement Noise-Reducing Construction Practices, Prepare and Implement a Noise Control Plan, and Monitor and Record Construction Noise near Sensitive Receptors. To reduce impacts associated with noise generated during project- related construction activities, the project applicant(s) and their primary contractors for engineering design and construction of all project phases shall ensure that the following requirements are implemented at each work site in any year of project construction to avoid and minimize construction noise effects on sensitive receptors. The project applicant(s) and primary construction contractor(s) shall employ noise-reducing construction practices. Measures that shall be used to limit noise shall include the measures listed below:</li> <li>Noise-generating construction operations shall be limited to the hours between 7 a.m. and 7 p.m. Monday through Friday, and between 8 a.m. and 6 p.m. on Saturdays and Sundays.</li> <li>All construction equipment and equipment staging areas shall be located as far as possible from nearby noise-sensitive land uses.</li> <li>All construction equipment shall be properly maintained and equipped with noise-reduction intake and exhaust mufflers and engine shrouds, in</li> </ul>		Yes – See Noise Chapter.	

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<ul> <li>accordance with manufacturers' recommendations. Equipment engine shrouds shall be closed during equipment operation.</li> <li>All motorized construction equipment shall be shut down when not in use to prevent idling.</li> <li>Individual operations and techniques shall be replaced with quieter procedures (e.g., using welding instead of riveting, mixing concrete off- site instead of onsite).</li> <li>Noise-reducing enclosures shall be used around stationary noise-generating equipment (e.g., compressors and generators) as planned phases are built out and future noise sensitive receptors are located within close proximity to</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>future construction activities.</li> <li>Written notification of construction activities shall be provided to all noise-sensitive receptors located within 850 feet of construction activities. Notification shall include anticipated dates and hours during which construction activities are anticipated to occur and contact information, including a daytime telephone number, for the project representative to be contacted in the event that noise levels are deemed excessive. Recommendations to assist noise-sensitive land uses in reducing interior noise levels (e.g., closing windows and doors) shall also be included in the notification.</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>To the extent feasible, acoustic barriers (e.g., lead curtains, sound barriers) shall be constructed to reduce construction-generated noise levels at affected noise-sensitive land uses. The barriers shall be designed to obstruct the line of sight between the noise-sensitive land use and on-site construction equipment. When installed properly, acoustic barriers can reduce construction noise levels by approximately 8–10 dB (EPA 1971).</li> <li>When future noise sensitive uses are within close proximity to prolonged construction noise, noise-attenuating buffers such as structures, truck trailers, or soil piles shall be located between noise sources and future residences to shield sensitive receptors from construction noise.</li> <li>The primary contractor shall prepare and implement a construction noise management plan. This plan shall identify specific measures to ensure compliance with the noise control measures specified above. The noise control plan shall be submitted to the City of Folsom before any noise-</li> </ul>			

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generating construction activity begins. Construction shall not commence until the construction noise management plan is approved by the City of Folsom. Mitigation for the two off-site roadway connections into El Dorado County must be coordinated by the project applicant(s) of the applicable project phase with El Dorado County, since the roadway extensions are outside of the City of Folsom's jurisdictional boundaries.			
3A.11-3: Implement Measures to Prevent Exposure of Sensitive Receptors to Groundborne Noise or Vibration from Project Generated Construction Activities.			
<ul> <li>To the extent feasible, blasting activities shall not be conducted within 275 feet of existing or future sensitive receptors.</li> <li>To the extent feasible, bulldozing activities shall not be conducted within 50 feet of existing or future sensitive receptors.</li> <li>All blasting shall be performed by a blast contractor and blasting personnel licensed to operate in the State of California.</li> <li>A blasting plan, including estimates of vibration levels at the residence closest to the blast, shall be submitted to the enforcement agency for review and approval prior to the commencement of the first blast.</li> <li>Each blast shall be monitored and documented for groundbourne noise and vibration levels at the nearest sensitive land use and associated recorded submitted to the enforcement agency.</li> </ul>	N/A - Project Specific Analysis Concluded Less than Significant.		
<ul> <li>3A.11-4: Implement Measures to Prevent Exposure of Sensitive Receptors to Increases in Noise from Project- Generated Operational Traffic on Off-site and On-Site Roadways. To meet applicable noise standards as set forth in the appropriate General Plan or Code (e.g., City of Folsom, County of Sacramento, and County of El Dorado) and to reduce increases in traffic-generated noise levels at noise-sensitive uses, the project applicant(s) of all project phases shall implement the following:</li> <li>Obtain the services of a consultant (such as a licensed engineer or licensed architect) to develop noise-attenuation measures for the proposed construction of on-site noise-sensitive land uses (i.e., residential dwellings and school classrooms) that will produce a minimum composite Sound</li> </ul>			Yes – j.c. brennan & associates, Inc. Environmental Noise Analysis, Russell Ranch. October 29, 2014.

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Transmission Class (STC) rating for buildings of 30 or greater, individually computed for the walls and the floor/ceiling construction of buildings, for the proposed construction of on-site noise-sensitive land uses (i.e., residential dwellings and school classrooms).  • Prior to submittal of tentative subdivision maps and improvement plans, the project applicant(s) shall conduct a site-specific acoustical analysis to determine predicted roadway noise impacts attributable to the project, taking into account site-specific conditions (e.g., site design, location of structures, building characteristics). The acoustical analysis shall evaluate stationary- and mobile-source noise attributable to the proposed use or uses and impacts on nearby noise-sensitive land uses, in accordance with adopted City noise standards. Feasible measures shall be identified to reduce project-related noise impacts. These measures may include, but are not limited to, the following:  i. limiting noise-generating operational activities associated with proposed commercial land uses, including truck deliveries; ii. constructing exterior sound walls; iii. constructing barrier walls and/or berms with vegetation; iv. using "quiet pavement" (e.g., rubberized asphalt) construction methods on local roadways; and, v. using increased noise-attenuation measures in building construction (e.g., dual-pane, sound-rated windows; exterior wall insulation).				
<ul> <li>3A.11-5: Implement Measures to Reduce Noise from Project-Generated Stationary Sources. The project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development project shall implement the following measures to reduce the effect of noise levels generated by on-site stationary noise sources that would be located within 600 feet of any noise-sensitive receptor:</li> <li>Routine testing and preventive maintenance of emergency electrical generators shall be conducted during the less sensitive daytime hours (i.e., 7:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m.). All electrical generators shall be equipped with noise control (e.g., muffler) devices in accordance with manufacturers' specifications.</li> <li>External mechanical equipment associated with buildings shall incorporate</li> </ul>	N/A - Project Specific Analysis Concluded Less than Significant.			

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features designed to reduce noise emissions below the stationary noise source criteria. These features may include, but are not limited to, locating generators within equipment rooms or enclosures that incorporate noise-reduction features, such as acoustical louvers, and exhaust and intake silencers. Equipment enclosures—shall be oriented so that major openings (i.e., intake louvers, exhaust) are directed away from nearby noise-sensitive receptors.  • Parking lots shall be located and designed so that noise emissions do not exceed the stationary noise source criteria established in this—analysis (i.e., 50 dB for 30 minutes in every hour during the daytime [7 a.m. to 10 p.m.] and less than 45 dB for 30 minutes of every hour during the night time [10 p.m. to 7 a.m.]). Reduction of parking lot noise can be achieved by locating parking lots as far away as feasible from noise sensitive land uses, or using buildings and topographic features to provide acoustic shielding for noise-sensitive land uses.  • Loading docks shall be located and designed so that noise emissions do not exceed the stationary noise source criteria established in this—analysis (i.e., 50 dB for 30 minutes in every hour during the daytime [7 a.m. to 10 p.m.] and less than 45 dB for 30 minutes of every hour during the night time [10 p.m. to 7 a.m.]). Reduction of loading dock noise can be achieved by locating loading docks as far away as possible from noise sensitive land uses, constructing noise barriers between loading docks and noise-sensitive land uses, or using buildings and topographic features to provide acoustic shielding for noise-sensitive land uses.			
3A.14 Public Services - Land 3A.14-1: Prepare and Implement a Construction Traffic Control Plan. The			
project applicant(s) of all project phases shall prepare and implement traffic control plans for construction activities that may affect road rights-of-way. The traffic control plans must follow any applicable standards of the agency responsible for the affected roadway and must be approved and signed by a professional engineer. Measures typically used in traffic control plans include advertising of planned lane closures, warning signage, a flagperson to direct traffic flows when needed, and methods to ensure continued access by emergency vehicles. During project construction, access to existing land uses shall be		Yes – See Transportation, Traffic, and Circulation Chapter.	

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maintained at all times, with detours used as necessary during road closures. Traffic control plans shall be submitted to the appropriate City or County department or the California Department of Transportation (Caltrans) for review and approval before the approval of all project plans or permits, for all project phases where implementation may cause impacts on traffic.  Mitigation for the off-site elements outside of the City of Folsom's jurisdictional boundaries must be coordinated by the project applicant(s) of each applicable project phase with the affected oversight agency(ies) (i.e., El Dorado and/or Sacramento Counties and Caltrans).					
<ul> <li>3A.14-2: Incorporate California Fire Code; City of Folsom Fire Code Requirements; and EDHFD Requirements, if Necessary, into Project Design and Submit Project Design to the City of Folsom Fire Department for Review and Approval. To reduce impacts related to the provision of new fire services, the project applicant(s) of all project phases shall do the following, as described below.</li> <li>1. Incorporate into project designs fire flow requirements based on the California Fire Code, Folsom Fire Code (City of Folsom Municipal Code Title 8, Chapter 8.36), and other applicable requirements based on the City of Folsom Fire Department fire prevention standards. Improvement plans showing the incorporation automatic sprinkler systems, the availability of adequate fire flow, and the locations of hydrants shall be submitted to the City of Folsom Fire Department for review and approval. In addition, approved plans showing access design shall be provided to the City of Folsom Fire Department as described by Zoning Code Section 17.57.080 ("Vehicular Access Requirements"). These plans shall describe access-road length, dimensions, and finished surfaces for firefighting equipment. The installation of security gates across a fire apparatus access road shall be approved by the City of Folsom Fire Department. The design and operation of gates and barricades shall be in accordance with the Sacramento County Emergency Access Gates and Barriers Standard, as required by the City of Folsom Fire Code.</li> <li>2. Submit a Fire Systems New Buildings, Additions, and Alterations Document Submittal List to the City of Folsom Community Development Department Building Division for review and approval before the issuance of building</li> </ul>		Yes – See Public Services, Utilities, and Hydrology Chapter.			

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permits.  In addition to the above measures, the project applicant(s) of all project phases shall incorporate the provisions described below for the portion of the SPA within the EDHFD service area, if it is determined through City/El Dorado County negotiations that EDHFD would serve the 178-acre portion of the SPA.  3. Incorporate into project designs applicable requirements based on the EDHFD fire prevention standards. For commercial development, improvement plans showing roadways, land splits, buildings, fire sprinkler systems, fire alarm systems, and other commercial building improvements shall be submitted to the EDHFD for review and approval. For residential development, improvement plans showing property lines and adjacent streets or roads; total acreage or square footage of the parcel; the footprint of all structures; driveway plan views describing width, length, turnouts, turnarounds, radiuses, and surfaces; and driveway profile views showing the percent grade from the access road to the structure and vertical clearance shall be submitted to the EDHFD for review and approval.  4. Submit a Fire Prevention Plan Checklist to the EDHFD for review and approval before the issuance of building permits. In addition, residential development requiring automation fire sprinklers shall submit sprinkler design sheet(s) and hydraulic calculations from a California State Licensed C-16 Contractor.  The City shall not authorize the occupancy of any structures until the project applicant(s) have obtained a Certificate of Occupancy from the City of Folsom Community Development Department verifying that all fire prevention items have been addressed on-site to the satisfaction of the City of Folsom Fire Department	Project		Completed
and/or the EDHFD for the 178-acre area of the SPA within the EDHFD service area.  [NOTE: The project is not located within the EDHFD]  3A.14-3: Incorporate Fire Flow Requirements into Project Designs. The project applicant(s) of all project phases shall incorporate into their project designs fire flow requirements based on the California Fire Code, Folsom Fire		Yes – See Public Services, Utilities, and Hydrology Chapter.	

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Code, and/or EDHFD for those areas of the SPA within the EDHFD service area and shall verify to City of Folsom Fire Department that adequate water flow is available, prior to approval of improvement plans and issuance of occupancy permits or final inspections for all project phases.				
3A.15 Traffic and Transportation - Land				
3A.15-1a: The Applicant Shall Pay a Fair Share to Fund the Construction of Improvements to the Folsom Boulevard/Blue Ravine Road Intersection (Intersection 1). To ensure that the Folsom Boulevard/Blue Ravine Road intersection operates at an acceptable LOS, the eastbound approach must be reconfigured to consist of two left-turn lanes, one through lane, and one right-turn lane. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to the Folsom Boulevard/Blue Ravine Road intersection (Intersection 1).		Yes – See Transportation, Traffic, and Circulation Chapter.		
3A.15-1b: The Applicant Shall Pay a Fair Share to Fund the Construction of Improvements at the Sibley Street/ Blue Ravine Road Intersection (Intersection 2). To ensure that the Sibley Street/Blue Ravine Road intersection operates at an acceptable LOS, the northbound approach must be reconfigured to consist of two left-turn lanes, two through lanes, and one right-turn lane. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to the Sibley Street/Blue Ravine Road intersection (Intersection 2).		Yes – See Transportation, Traffic, and Circulation Chapter.		
3A.15-1c: The Applicant Shall Fund and Construct Improvements to the Scott Road (West)/White Rock Road Intersection (Intersection 28). To ensure that the Scott Road (West)/White Rock Road intersection operates at an acceptable LOS, a traffic signal must be installed.		Yes – See Transportation, Traffic, and Circulation Chapter.		
<b>3A.15-1e:</b> Fund and Construct Improvements to the Hillside Drive/Easton Valley Parkway Intersection (Intersection 41). To ensure that the Hillside Drive/Easton Valley Parkway intersection operates at an acceptable LOS, the eastbound approach must be reconfigured to consist of one dedicated left turn lane and two through lanes, and the westbound approach must be reconfigured to consist of two through lanes and one dedicated right-turn lane. The applicant shall fund and construct these improvements.		Yes – See Transportation, Traffic, and Circulation Chapter.		

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<b>3A.15-1f:</b> Fund and Construct Improvements to the Oak Avenue Parkway/Middle Road Intersection (Intersection 44). To ensure that the Oak Avenue Parkway/Middle Road intersection operates at an acceptable LOS, control all movements with a stop sign. The applicant shall fund and construct these improvements.		Yes – See Transportation, Traffic, and Circulation Chapter.	
3A.15-1h: Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts to the Hazel Avenue/Folsom Boulevard Intersection (Sacramento County Intersection 2). To ensure that the Hazel Avenue/Folsom Boulevard intersection operates at an acceptable LOS, this intersection must be grade separated including "jug handle" ramps. No at grade improvement is feasible. Grade separating and extended (south) Hazel Avenue with improvements to the U.S. 50/Hazel Avenue interchange is a mitigation measure for the approved Easton-Glenbrough Specific Plan development project. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to the Hazel Avenue/Folsom Boulevard intersection (Sacramento County Intersection 2).		Yes – See Transportation, Traffic, and Circulation Chapter.	
3A.15-1i: Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on the Grant Line Road/White Rock Road Intersection and to White Rock Road widening between the Rancho Cordova City limit to Prairie City Road (Sacramento County Intersection 3). Improvements must be made to ensure that the Grant Line Road/White Rock Road intersection operates at an acceptable LOS. The currently County proposed White Rock Road widening project will widen and realign White Rock Road from the Rancho Cordova City limit to the El Dorado County line (this analysis assumes that the Proposed Project and build alternatives will widen White Rock Road to five lanes from Prairie City road to the El Dorado County Line). This widening includes improvements to the Grant Line Road intersection and realigning White Rock Road to be the through movement. The improvements include two eastbound through lanes, one eastbound right turn lane, two northbound left turn lanes, two northbound right turn lanes, two westbound left turn lanes and two westbound through lanes. This improvement also includes the signalization of the White Rock Road and Grant Line Road intersection. With implementation of this improvement, the intersection would operate at an acceptable LOS A. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the		Yes – See Transportation, Traffic, and Circulation Chapter.	

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FPASP Mitigation Measure	Not Applicable to the Project	Applicable to the Project and Included as Mitigation	Project has Completed
agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to the Grant Line Road/White Rock Road intersection (Sacramento County Intersection 3).			
3A.15-1j: Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on Hazel Avenue between Madison Avenue and Curragh Downs Drive (Roadway Segment 10). To ensure that Hazel Avenue operates at an acceptable LOS between Curragh Downs Drive and Gold Country Boulevard, Hazel Avenue must be widened to six lanes. This improvement is part of the County adopted Hazel Avenue widening project.		Yes – See Transportation, Traffic, and Circulation Chapter.	
3A.15-1l: Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on the White Rock Road/Windfield Way Intersection (El Dorado County Intersection 3). To ensure that the White Rock Road/Windfield Way intersection operates at an acceptable LOS, the intersection must be signalized and separate northbound left and right turn lanes must be striped. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to the White Rock Road/Windfield Way intersection (El Dorado County Intersection 3).		Yes - See Transportation, Traffic, and Circulation Chapter.	
3A.15-10: Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on Eastbound U.S. 50 as an alternative to improvements at the Folsom Boulevard/U.S. 50 Eastbound Ramps Intersection (Caltrans Intersection 4). Congestion on eastbound U.S. 50 is causing vehicles to use Folsom Boulevard as an alternate parallel route until they reach U.S. 50, where they must get back on the freeway due to the lack of a parallel route. It is preferred to alleviate the congestion on U.S. 50 than to upgrade the intersection at the end of this reliever route. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to the Folsom Boulevard/U.S. 50 Eastbound Ramps intersection (Caltrans Intersection 4).  To ensure that the Folsom Boulevard/U.S. 50 eastbound ramps intersection operates at an acceptable LOS, auxiliary lanes should be added to eastbound U.S. 50 from Hazel Avenue to east of Folsom Boulevard. This was recommended in the Traffic Operations Analysis Report for the U.S. 50 Auxiliary Lane Project.		Yes – See Transportation, Traffic, and Circulation Chapter.	

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FPASP Mitigation Measure	Not Applicable to the Project	Applicable to the Project and Included as Mitigation	Project has Completed	
<ul> <li>3A.15-1p: Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on the Grant Line Road/ State Route 16 Intersection (Caltrans Intersection 12). To ensure that the Grant Line Road/State Route 16 intersection operates at an acceptable LOS, the northbound and southbound approaches must be reconfigured to consist of one left-turn lane and one shared through/right-turn lane. Protected left-turn signal phasing must be provided on the northbound and southbound approaches. Improvements to the Grant Line Road/State Route 16 intersection are contained within the County Development Fee Program, and are scheduled for Measure A funding.</li> <li>Improvements to this intersection must be implemented by Caltrans, Sacramento County, and the City of Rancho Cordova.</li> <li>The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to the Grant Line Road/State Route 16 intersection (Caltrans Intersection 12).</li> </ul>		Yes – See Transportation, Traffic, and Circulation Chapter.		
3A.15-1q: Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on Eastbound U.S. 50 between Zinfandel Drive and Sunrise Boulevard (Freeway Segment 1). To ensure that Eastbound U.S. 50 operates at an acceptable LOS between Zinfandel Drive and Sunrise Boulevard, a buscarpool (HOV) lane must be constructed. This improvement is currently planned as part of the Sacramento 50 Bus-Carpool Lane and Community Enhancements Project. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to Eastbound U.S. 50 between Zinfandel Drive and Sunrise Boulevard (Freeway Segment 1).		Yes – See Transportation, Traffic, and Circulation Chapter.		
<b>3A.15-1r:</b> Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on Eastbound U.S. 50 between Hazel Avenue and Folsom Boulevard (Freeway Segment 3). To ensure that Eastbound U.S. 50 operates at an acceptable LOS between Hazel Avenue and Folsom Boulevard, an auxiliary lane must be constructed. This improvement was recommended in the Traffic Operations Analysis Report for the U.S. 50 Auxiliary Lane Project. This improvement is included in the proposed 50 Corridor Mobility Fee Program. The		Yes – See Transportation, Traffic, and Circulation Chapter.		

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FPASP Mitigation Measure	Not Applicable to the Project	Applicable to the Project and Included as Mitigation	Project has Completed
applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to Eastbound U.S. 50 between Hazel Avenue and Folsom Boulevard (Freeway Segment 3).  3A.15-1s: Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on Eastbound U.S. 50 between Folsom Boulevard and Prairie City			
Road (Freeway Segment 4). To ensure that Eastbound U.S. 50 operates at an acceptable LOS between Folsom Boulevard and Prairie City Road, an auxiliary lane must be constructed. This improvement was recommended in the Traffic Operations Analysis Report for the U.S. 50 Auxiliary Lane Project. This improvement is included in the proposed 50 Corridor Mobility Fee Program. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to Eastbound U.S. 50 between Folsom Boulevard and Prairie City Road (Freeway Segment 4).		Yes – See Transportation, Traffic, and Circulation Chapter.	
3A.15-1u: Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on Westbound U.S. 50 between Prairie City Road and Folsom Boulevard (Freeway Segment 16). To ensure that Westbound U.S. 50 operates at an acceptable LOS between Prairie City Road and Folsom Boulevard, an auxiliary lane must be constructed. This improvement was recommended in the Traffic Operations Analysis Report for the U.S. 50 Auxiliary Lane Project. This improvement is included in the proposed 50 Corridor Mobility Fee Program. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to Westbound U.S. 50 between Prairie City Road and Folsom Boulevard (Freeway Segment 16).		Yes – See Transportation, Traffic, and Circulation Chapter.	
3A.15-1v: Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on Westbound U.S. 50 between Hazel Avenue and Sunrise Boulevard (Freeway Segment 18). To ensure that Westbound U.S. 50 operates at an acceptable LOS between Hazel Avenue and Sunrise Boulevard, an auxiliary lane must be constructed. This improvement was recommended in the Traffic Operations Analysis Report for the U.S. 50 Auxiliary Lane Project, and included in the proposed Rancho Cordova Parkway interchange project.		Yes – See Transportation, Traffic, and Circulation Chapter.	

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Improvements to this freeway segment must be implemented by Caltrans. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to Westbound U.S. 50 between Hazel Avenue and Sunrise Boulevard (Freeway Segment 18).			
3A.15-1w: Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on U.S. 50 Eastbound/Folsom Boulevard Ramp Merge (Freeway Merge 4). To ensure that Eastbound U.S. 50 operates at an acceptable LOS at the Folsom Boulevard merge, an auxiliary lane from the Folsom Boulevard merge to the Prairie City Road diverge must be constructed. This improvement was recommended in the Traffic Operations Analysis Report for the U.S. 50 Auxiliary Lane Project. This improvement is included in the proposed 50 Corridor Mobility Fee Program. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to the U.S. 50 Eastbound/Folsom Boulevard Ramp Merge (Freeway Merge 4).		Yes – See Transportation, Traffic, and Circulation Chapter.	
<b>3A.15-1x:</b> Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on U.S. 50 Eastbound/Prairie City Road Diverge (Freeway Diverge 5). To ensure that Eastbound U.S. 50 operates at an acceptable LOS at the Prairie City Road off-ramp diverge, an auxiliary lane from the Folsom Boulevard merge must be constructed. This improvement was recommended in the Traffic Operations Analysis Report for the U.S. 50 Auxiliary Lane Project. This auxiliary lane improvement is included in the proposed 50 Corridor Mobility Fee Program. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to the U.S. 50 Eastbound/Prairie City Road diverge (Freeway Diverge 5).		Yes – See Transportation, Traffic, and Circulation Chapter.	
3A.15-1y: Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on U.S. 50 Eastbound/Prairie City Road Direct Merge (Freeway Merge 6). To ensure that Eastbound U.S. 50 operates at an acceptable LOS at the Prairie City Road on-ramp direct merge, an auxiliary lane to the East Bidwell Street – Scott Road diverge must be constructed. This auxiliary lane improvement included in the proposed 50 Corridor Mobility Fee Program. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by		Yes – See Transportation, Traffic, and Circulation Chapter.	

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a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to the U.S. 50 Eastbound/Prairie City Road direct merge (Freeway Merge 6).			
3A.15-1z: Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on U.S. 50 Eastbound/Prairie City Road Flyover On-Ramp to Oak Avenue Parkway Off-Ramp Weave (Freeway Weave 8). To ensure that Eastbound U.S. 50 operates at an acceptable LOS at the Prairie City Road flyover on-ramp to Oak Avenue Parkway off-ramp weave, an improvement acceptable to Caltrans should be implemented to eliminate the unacceptable weaving conditions. Such an improvement may involve a "braided ramp". The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to the U.S. 50 Eastbound / Prairie City Road flyover on-ramp to Oak Avenue Parkway off-ramp weave (Freeway Weave 8).		Yes – See Transportation, Traffic, and Circulation Chapter.	
3A.15-1aa: Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on U.S. 50 Eastbound/Oak Avenue Parkway Loop Merge (Freeway Merge 9). To ensure that Eastbound U.S. 50 operates at an acceptable LOS at the Oak Avenue Parkway loop merge, an auxiliary lane to the East Bidwell Street – Scott Road diverge must be constructed. This auxiliary lane improvement is included in the proposed 50 Corridor Mobility Fee Program. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to the U.S. 50 Eastbound/ Oak Avenue Parkway loop merge (Freeway Merge 9).		Yes – See Transportation, Traffic, and Circulation Chapter.	
3A.15-1dd: Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on U.S. 50 Westbound/Empire Ranch Road Loop Ramp Merge (Freeway Merge 23). To ensure that Westbound U.S. 50 operates at an acceptable LOS, the northbound Empire Ranch Road loop on ramp should start the westbound auxiliary lane that ends at the East Bidwell Street – Scott Road off ramp. The slip on ramp from southbound Empire Ranch Road would merge into this extended auxiliary lane. Improvements to this freeway segment must be implemented by Caltrans. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of		Yes – See Transportation, Traffic, and Circulation Chapter.	

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FPASP Mitigation Measure	Not Applicable to the Project	Applicable to the Project and Included as Mitigation	Project has Completed
funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to the U.S. 50 Westbound/Empire Ranch Road loop ramp merge (Freeway Merge 23).			
3A.15-1ee: Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on U.S. 50 Westbound/Oak Avenue Parkway Loop Ramp Merge (Freeway Merge 29). To ensure that Westbound U.S. 50 operates at an acceptable LOS, the northbound Oak Avenue Parkway loop on ramp should start the westbound auxiliary lane that ends at the Prairie City Road off ramp. The slip on ramp from southbound Oak Avenue Parkway would merge into this extended auxiliary lane. Improvements to this freeway segment must be implemented by Caltrans. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to the U.S. 50 Westbound/Oak Avenue Parkway loop ramp merge (Freeway Merge 29).		Yes – See Transportation, Traffic, and Circulation Chapter.	
3A.15-1ff: Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on U.S. 50 Westbound/Prairie City Road Loop Ramp Merge (Freeway Merge 32). To ensure that Westbound U.S. 50 operates at an acceptable LOS at the Prairie City Road loop ramp merge, an auxiliary lane to the Folsom Boulevard off ramp diverge must be constructed. This auxiliary lane improvement is included in the proposed 50 Corridor Mobility Fee Program. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to the U.S. 50 Westbound/Prairie City Road Loop Ramp Merge (Freeway Merge 32).		Yes – See Transportation, Traffic, and Circulation Chapter.	
3A.15-1gg: Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on U.S. 50 Westbound/Prairie City Road Direct Ramp Merge (Freeway Merge 33). To ensure that Westbound U.S. 50 operates at an acceptable LOS at the Prairie City Road direct ramp merge, an auxiliary lane to the Folsom Boulevard off ramp diverge must be constructed. This auxiliary lane improvement is included in the proposed 50 Corridor Mobility Fee Program. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be		Yes – See Transportation, Traffic, and Circulation Chapter.	

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FPASP Mitigation Measure	Not Applicable to the Project	Applicable to the Project and Included as Mitigation	Project has Completed	
determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to the U.S. 50 Westbound/Prairie City Road direct ramp merge (Freeway Merge 33).				
3A.15-1hh: Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on U.S. 50 Eastbound/Folsom Boulevard Diverge (Freeway Diverge 34). To ensure that Westbound U.S. 50 operates at an acceptable LOS at the Folsom Boulevard Diverge, an auxiliary lane from the Prairie City Road loop ramp merge must be constructed. Improvements to this freeway segment must be implemented by Caltrans. This auxiliary lane improvement is included in the proposed 50 Corridor Mobility Fee Program. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to the U.S. 50 Eastbound / Folsom Boulevard diverge (Freeway Diverge 34).		Yes – See Transportation, Traffic, and Circulation Chapter.		
3A.15-1ii: Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on U.S. 50 Westbound/Hazel Avenue Direct Ramp Merge (Freeway Merge 38). To ensure that Westbound U.S. 50 operates at an acceptable LOS at the Hazel Avenue direct ramp merge, an auxiliary lane to the Sunrise Boulevard off ramp diverge must be constructed. This auxiliary lane improvement is included in the proposed 50 Corridor Mobility Fee Program. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to the U.S. 50 Westbound/Hazel Avenue direct ramp merge (Freeway Merge 38).		Yes – See Transportation, Traffic, and Circulation Chapter.		
3A.15-2a: Develop Commercial Support Services and Mixed-use Development Concurrent with Housing Development, and Develop and Provide Options for Alternative Transportation Modes. The project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development application including commercial or mixed-use development along with residential uses shall develop commercial and mixed-use development concurrent with housing development,		Yes – See Transportation, Traffic, and Circulation Chapter.		

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to the extent feasible in light of market realities and other considerations, to internalize vehicle trips. Pedestrian and bicycle facilities shall be implemented to the satisfaction of the City Public Works Department. To further minimize impacts from the increased demand on area roadways and intersections, the project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development application involving schools or commercial centers shall develop and implement safe and secure bicycle parking to promote alternative transportation uses and reduce the volume of single-occupancy vehicles using area roadways and intersections.  The project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development application shall participate in capital improvements and operating funds for transit service to increase the percent of travel by transit. The project's fair-share participation and the associated timing of the improvements and service shall be identified in the project conditions of approval and/or the project's development agreement. Improvements and service shall be coordinated, as necessary, with Folsom Stage Lines and Sacramento RT.				
<b>3A.15-2b:</b> Participate in the City's Transportation System Management Fee <b>Program.</b> The project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development application shall pay an appropriate amount into the City's existing Transportation System Management Fee Program to reduce the number of single-occupant automobile travel on area roadways and intersections.		Yes – See Transportation, Traffic, and Circulation Chapter.		
<b>3A.15-2c:</b> Participate with the 50 Corridor Transportation Management Association. The project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development application shall join and participate with the 50 Corridor Transportation Management Association to reduce the number of single-occupant automobile travel on area roadways and intersections.		Yes – See Transportation, Traffic, and Circulation Chapter.		
<b>3A.15-3:</b> Pay Full Cost of Identified Improvements that Are Not Funded by the Citys Fee Program. In accordance with Measure W, the project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development application shall provide fair-share contributions to the City's transportation impact fee program to fully fund		Yes – See Transportation, Traffic, and Circulation Chapter.		

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improvements only required because of the Specific Plan.			
<b>3A.15-4a:</b> The Applicant Shall Pay a Fair Share to Fund the Construction of Improvements to the Sibley Street/Blue Ravine Road Intersection (Folsom Intersection 2). To ensure that the Sibley Street/Blue Ravine Road intersection operates at a LOS D with less than the Cumulative No Project delay, the northbound approach must be reconfigured to consist of two left-turn lane, two through lanes, and one dedicated right-turn lane. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to the Sibley Street/Blue Ravine Road intersection (Folsom Intersection 2).		Yes – See Transportation, Traffic, and Circulation Chapter.	
3A.15-4b: The Applicant Shall Pay a Fair Share to Fund the Construction of Improvements to the Oak Avenue Parkway/East Bidwell Street Intersection (Folsom Intersection 6). To ensure that the Oak Avenue Parkway/East Bidwell Street intersection operates at an acceptable LOS, the eastbound (East Bidwell Street) approach must be reconfigured to consist of two left-turn lanes, four through lanes and a right-turn lane, and the westbound (East Bidwell Street) approach must be reconfigured to consist of two left- turn lanes, four through lanes, and a right-turn lane. It is against the City of Folsom policy to have eight lane roads because of the impacts to non-motorized traffic and adjacent development; therefore, this improvement is infeasible.		Yes – See Transportation, Traffic, and Circulation Chapter.	
3A.15-4c: The Applicant Shall Pay a Fair Share to Fund the Construction of Improvements to the East Bidwell Street/College Street Intersection (Folsom Intersection 7). To ensure that the East Bidwell Street/College Street intersection operates at acceptable LOS C or better, the westbound approach must be reconfigured to consist of one left-turn lane, one left-through lane, and two dedicated right-turn lanes. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to the East Bidwell Street/Nesmith Court intersection (Folsom Intersection 7).		Yes – See Transportation, Traffic, and Circulation Chapter.	
3A.15-4d: The Applicant Shall Pay a Fair Share to Fund the Construction of Improvements to the East Bidwell Street/Iron Point Road Intersection (Folsom Intersection 21). To ensure that the East Bidwell Street /Iron Point Road intersection operates at an acceptable LOS, the northbound approach must be	_	Yes – See Transportation, Traffic, and Circulation Chapter	

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reconfigured to consist of two left-turn lanes, four through lanes and a right-turn lane, and the southbound approach must be reconfigured to consist of two left-turn lanes, four through lanes and a right-turn lane. It is against the City of Folsom policy to have eight lane roads because of the impacts to non-motorized traffic and adjacent development; therefore, this improvement is infeasible.		J	
3A.15-4e: The Applicant Shall Pay a Fair Share to Fund the Construction of Improvements to the Serpa Way/ Iron Point Road Intersection (Folsom Intersection 23). To improve LOS at the Serpa Way/ Iron Point Road intersection, the northbound approaches must be restriped to consist of one left-turn lane, one shared left-through lanes, and one right-turn lane. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to the Serpa Way/Iron Point Road Intersection (Folsom Intersection 23).		Yes – See Transportation, Traffic, and Circulation Chapter.	
<ul> <li>3A.15-4f: The Applicant Shall Pay a Fair Share to Fund the Construction of Improvements to the Empire Ranch Road/Iron Point Road Intersection (Folsom Intersection 24). To ensure that the Empire Ranch Road / Iron Point Road intersection operates at a LOS D or better, all of the following improvements are required:</li> <li>The eastbound approach must be reconfigured to consist of one left-turn lane, two through lanes, and a right-turn lane.</li> <li>The westbound approach must be reconfigured to consist of two left-turn lanes, one through lane, and a through-right lane.</li> <li>The northbound approach must be reconfigured to consist of two left-turn lanes, three through lanes, and a right-turn lane.</li> <li>The southbound approach must be reconfigured to consist of two left-turn lanes, three through lanes, and a right-turn lane.</li> <li>The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to the Empire Ranch Road / Iron Point Road Intersection (Folsom Intersection 24).</li> </ul>		Yes – See Transportation, Traffic, and Circulation Chapter.	
3A.15-4g: The Applicant Shall Fund and Construct Improvements to the Oak		Yes – See	

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Avenue Parkway/Easton Valley Parkway Intersection (Folsom Intersection 33). To ensure that the Oak Avenue Parkway/Easton Valley Parkway intersection operates at an acceptable LOS the southbound approach must be reconfigured to consist of two left-turn lanes, two through lanes, and two right-turn lanes. The applicant shall fund and construct these improvements.		Transportation, Traffic, and Circulation Chapter.		
3A.15-4i: Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on the Grant Line Road/White Rock Road Intersection (Sacramento County Intersection 3). To ensure that the Grant Line Road/White Rock Road intersection operates at an acceptable LOS E or better this intersection should be replaced by some type of grade separated intersection or interchange. Improvements to this intersection are identified in the Sacramento County's Proposed General Plan. Implementation of these improvements would assist in reducing traffic impacts on this intersection by providing acceptable operation. Intersection improvements must be implemented by Sacramento County. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to the Grant Line Road/White Rock Road Intersection (Sacramento County Intersection 3).		Yes – See Transportation, Traffic, and Circulation Chapter.		
3A.15-4j: Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on Grant Line Road between White Rock Road and Kiefer Boulevard (Sacramento County Roadway Segments 5-7). To improve operation on Grant Line Road between White Rock Road and Kiefer Boulevard, this roadway segment must be widened to six lanes. This improvement is proposed in the Sacramento County and the City of Rancho Cordova General Plans; however, it is not in the 2035 MTP. Improvements to this roadway segment must be implemented by Sacramento County and the City of Rancho Cordova. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to Grant Line Road between White Rock Road and Kiefer Boulevard (Sacramento County Roadway Segments 5-7).  The identified improvement would more than offset the impacts specifically related to the Folsom South of U.S. 50 project on this roadway segment.		Yes – See Transportation, Traffic, and Circulation Chapter.		
3A.15-4k: Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce		Yes – See		

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FPASP Mitigation Measure	Not Applicable to the Project	Applicable to the Project and Included as Mitigation	Project has Completed
Impacts on Grant Line Road between Kiefer Boulevard and Jackson Highway (Sacramento County Roadway Segment 8). To improve operation on Grant Line Road between Kiefer Boulevard Jackson Highway, this roadway segment could be widened to six lanes. This improvement is proposed in the Sacramento County and the City of Rancho Cordova General Plans; however, it is not in the 2035 MTP. Improvements to this roadway segment must be implemented by Sacramento County and the City of Rancho Cordova. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to Grant Line Road between Kiefer Boulevard and Jackson Highway (Sacramento County Roadway Segment 8).		Transportation, Traffic, and Circulation Chapter.	
The identified improvement would more than offset the impacts specifically related to the Folsom South of U.S. 50 project on this roadway segment.  3A.15-4l: Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on Hazel Avenue between Curragh Downs Drive and U.S. 50 Westbound Ramps (Sacramento County Roadway Segment s 12-13). To improve operation on Hazel Avenue between Curragh Downs Drive and the U.S. 50 westbound ramps, this roadway segment could be widened to eight lanes. This improvement is inconsistent with Sacramento County's general plan because the county's policy requires a maximum roadway cross section of six lanes.  Analysis shown later indicates that improvements at the impacted intersection in this segment can be mitigated (see Mitigation Measure 3A.15-4q). Improvements to impacted intersections on this segment will improve operations on this roadway segment and, therefore; mitigate this segment impact. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to Hazel Avenue between Curragh Downs Drive and U.S. 50 Westbound Ramps (Sacramento County Roadway Segments 12-13).		Yes – See Transportation, Traffic, and Circulation Chapter.	
3A.15-4m: Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on White Rock Road between Grant Line Road and Prairie City Road (Sacramento County Roadway Segment 22). To improve operation on White Rock Road between Grant Line Road and Prairie City Road, this roadway segment must be widened to six lanes. This improvement is included in the 2035		Yes – See Transportation, Traffic, and Circulation Chapter.	

FPASP MITIGATION ANALYSIS  Russell Ranch Project			
FPASP Mitigation Measure	Not Applicable to the Project	Applicable to the Project and Included as Mitigation	Project has Completed
MTP but is not included in the Sacramento County General Plan. Improvements to this roadway segment must be implemented by Sacramento County.  The identified improvement would more than offset the impacts specifically related to the Folsom South of U.S. 50 project on this roadway segment. However, because of other development in the region that would substantially increase traffic levels, this roadway segment would continue to operate at an unacceptable LOS F even with the capacity improvements identified to mitigate Folsom South of U.S. 50 impacts. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to White Rock Road between Grant Line Road and Prairie City Road (Sacramento County Roadway Segment 22).  3A.15-4n: Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on White Rock Road between Empire Ranch Road and Carson Crossing Road (Sacramento County Roadway Segment 28). To improve operation on White Rock Road between Empire Ranch Road and Carson Crossing Road, this roadway segment must be widened to six lanes. Improvements to this roadway segment must be implemented by Sacramento County. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to White Rock Road between Empire Ranch Road and Carson Crossing Road (Sacramento County Roadway Segment 28).		Yes – See Transportation, Traffic, and Circulation Chapter.	
3A.15-40: Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on the White Rock Road/Carson Crossing Road Intersection (El Dorado County 1). To ensure that the White Rock Road/Carson Crossing Road intersection operates at an acceptable LOS, the eastbound right turn lane must be converted into a separate free right turn lane, or double right. Improvements to this intersection must be implemented by El Dorado County. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to the White Rock Road/Carson Crossing Road Intersection (El Dorado County 1).		Yes – See Transportation, Traffic, and Circulation Chapter.	

FPASP MITIGATION ANALYSIS Russell Ranch Project			
FPASP Mitigation Measure	Not Applicable to the Project	Applicable to the Project and Included as Mitigation	Project has Completed
3A.15-4p: Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on the Hazel Avenue/U.S. 50 Westbound Ramps Intersection (Caltrans Intersection 1). To ensure that the Hazel Avenue/U.S. 50 westbound ramps intersection operates at an acceptable LOS, the westbound approach must be reconfigured to consist of one dedicated left turn lane, one shared left-through lane and three dedicated right-turn lanes. Improvements to this intersection must be implemented by Caltrans and Sacramento County. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to the Hazel Avenue/U.S. 50 Westbound Ramps Intersection (Caltrans Intersection 1).		Yes – See Transportation, Traffic, and Circulation Chapter.	
3A.15-4q: Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on Eastbound US 50 between Zinfandel Drive and Sunrise Boulevard (Freeway Segment 1). To ensure that Eastbound US 50 operates at an acceptable LOS between Zinfandel Drive and Sunrise Boulevard, an additional eastbound lane could be constructed. This improvement is not consistent with the Concept Facility in Caltrans State Route 50 Corridor System Management Plan; therefore, it is not likely to be implemented by Caltrans by 2030.  Construction of the Capitol South East Connector, including widening White Rock Road and Grant Line Road to six lanes with limited access, could divert some traffic from U.S. 50 and partially mitigate the project's impact. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to Eastbound U.S. 50 between Zinfandel Drive and Sunrise Boulevard (Freeway Segment 1).		Yes – See Transportation, Traffic, and Circulation Chapter.	
3A.15-4r: Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on Eastbound US 50 between Rancho Cordova Parkway and Hazel Avenue (Freeway Segment 3). To ensure that Eastbound US 50 operates at an acceptable LOS between Rancho Cordova Parkway and Hazel Avenue, an additional eastbound lane could be constructed. This improvement is not consistent with the Concept Facility in Caltrans State Route 50 Corridor System Management Plan; therefore, it is not likely to be implemented by Caltrans by 2030.		Yes – See Transportation, Traffic, and Circulation Chapter.	

FPASP MITIGATION ANALYSIS  Russell Ranch Project			
FPASP Mitigation Measure	Not Applicable to the Project	Applicable to the Project and Included as Mitigation	Project has Completed
Construction of the Capitol South East Connector, including widening White Rock Road and Grant Line Road to six lanes with limited access, could divert some traffic off of U.S. 50 and partially mitigate the project's impact. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to Eastbound U.S. 50 between Rancho Cordova Parkway and Hazel Avenue (Freeway Segment 3).			
3A.15-4s: Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on Eastbound US 50 between Folsom Boulevard and Prairie City Road (Freeway Segment 5). To ensure that Eastbound US 50 operates at an acceptable LOS between Folsom Boulevard and Prairie City Road, the eastbound auxiliary lane should be converted to a mixed flow lane that extends to and drops at the Oak Avenue Parkway off ramp (see mitigation measure 3A.15-4t). Improvements to this freeway segment must be implemented by Caltrans. This improvement is not consistent with the Concept Facility in Caltrans State Route 50 Corridor System Management Plan; therefore, it is not likely to be implemented by Caltrans by 2030.  Construction of the Capitol South East Connector, including widening White Rock Road and Grant Line Road to six lanes with limited access, could divert some traffic off of U.S. 50 and partially mitigate the project's impact.  The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to Eastbound U.S. 50 between Folsom Boulevard and Prairie City Road (Freeway Segment 5).		Yes – See Transportation, Traffic, and Circulation Chapter.	
3A.15-4t: Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on Eastbound US 50 between Prairie City Road and Oak Avenue Parkway (Freeway Segment 6). To ensure that Eastbound US 50 operates at an acceptable LOS between Prairie City Road and Oak Avenue Parkway, the northbound Prairie City Road slip on ramp should merge with the eastbound auxiliary lane that extends to and drops at the Oak Avenue Parkway off ramp (see Mitigation Measures 3A.15-4u, v and w), and the southbound Prairie City Road flyover on ramp should be braided over the Oak Avenue Parkway off ramp and start an extended full auxiliary lane to the East Bidwell Street – Scott Road off		Yes – See Transportation, Traffic, and Circulation Chapter.	

FPASP MITIGATION ANALYSIS  Russell Ranch Project				
FPASP Mitigation Measure	Not Applicable to the Project	Applicable to the Project and Included as Mitigation	Project has Completed	
ramp. Improvements to this freeway segment must be implemented by Caltrans. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to Eastbound U.S. 50 between Prairie City Road and Oak Avenue Parkway (Freeway Segment 6).				
3A.15-4u: Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on the U.S. 50 Eastbound / Prairie City Road Slip Ramp Merge (Freeway Merge 6). To ensure that Eastbound US 50 operates at an acceptable LOS, the northbound Prairie City Road slip on ramp should start the eastbound auxiliary lane that extends to and drops at the Oak Avenue Parkway off ramp (see mitigation measure 3A.15-4u, w and x), and the southbound Prairie City Road flyover on ramp should be braided over the Oak Avenue Parkway off ramp and start an extended full auxiliary lane to the East Bidwell Street – Scott Road off ramp. Improvements to this freeway segment must be implemented by Caltrans. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to the U.S. 50 Eastbound / Prairie City Road slip ramp merge (Freeway Merge 6).		Yes – See Transportation, Traffic, and Circulation Chapter.		
3A.15-4v: Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on the U.S. 50 Eastbound / Prairie City Road Flyover On Ramp to Oak Avenue Parkway Off Ramp Weave (Freeway Weave 7). To ensure that Eastbound US 50 operates at an acceptable LOS, the northbound Prairie City Road slip on ramp should start the eastbound auxiliary lane that extends to and drops at the Oak Avenue Parkway off ramp (see mitigation measure 3A.15-4u, v and x), and the southbound Prairie City Road flyover on ramp should be braided over the Oak Avenue Parkway off ramp and start an extended full auxiliary lane to the East Bidwell Street – Scott Road off ramp. Improvements to this freeway segment must be implemented by Caltrans. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to the U.S. 50 Eastbound / Prairie City Road Flyover On Ramp to Oak Avenue Parkway Off Ramp Weave (Freeway Weave 7).		Yes – See Transportation, Traffic, and Circulation Chapter.		
3A.15-4w: Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on U.S. 50 Eastbound / Oak Avenue Parkway Loop Ramp Merge		Yes – See Transportation,		

FPASP MITIGATION ANALYSIS Russell Ranch Project			
FPASP Mitigation Measure	Not Applicable to the Project	Applicable to the Project and Included as Mitigation	Project has Completed
(Freeway Merge 8). To ensure that Eastbound US 50 operates at an acceptable LOS, the southbound Oak Avenue Parkway loop on ramp should merge with the eastbound auxiliary lane that starts at the southbound Prairie City Road braided flyover on ramp and ends at the East Bidwell Street – Scott Road off ramp (see mitigation measure 3A.15-4u, v and w). Improvements to this freeway segment must be implemented by Caltrans. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to U.S. 50 Eastbound / Oak Avenue Parkway Loop Ramp Merge (Freeway Merge 8).		Traffic, and Circulation Chapter.	
3A.15-4x: Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on U.S. 50 Westbound / Empire Ranch Road Loop Ramp Merge (Freeway Merge 27). To ensure that Westbound US 50 operates at an acceptable LOS, the northbound Empire Ranch Road loop on ramp should start the westbound auxiliary lane that ends at the East Bidwell Street – Scott Road off ramp. The slip on ramp from southbound Empire Ranch Road slip ramp would merge into this extended auxiliary lane. Improvements to this freeway segment must be implemented by Caltrans. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to the U.S. 50 Westbound / Empire Ranch Road loop ramp merge (Freeway Merge 27).		Yes – See Transportation, Traffic, and Circulation Chapter.	
3A.15-4y: Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on U.S. 50 Westbound / Prairie City Road Loop Ramp Merge (Freeway Merge 35). To ensure that Westbound US 50 operates at an acceptable LOS, the northbound Prairie City Road loop on ramp should start the westbound auxiliary lane that continues beyond the Folsom Boulevard off ramp. The slip on ramp from southbound Prairie City Road slip ramp would merge into this extended auxiliary lane. Improvements to this freeway segment must be implemented by Caltrans. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to the U.S. 50 Westbound / Prairie City Road Loop Ramp Merge (Freeway Merge 35).		Yes – See Transportation, Traffic, and Circulation Chapter.	

FPASP MITIGATION ANALYSIS			
Russell Ranc	h Project		
FPASP Mitigation Measure	Not Applicable to the Project	Applicable to the Project and Included as Mitigation	Project has Completed
3A.16 Utilities and Service Systems - Land			
<b>3A.16-1:</b> Submit Proof of Adequate On- and Off-Site Wastewater Conveyance Facilities and Implement On- and Off-Site Infrastructure Service Systems or Ensure That Adequate Financing Is Secured. Before the approval of the final map and issuance of building permits for all project phases, the project applicant(s) of all project phases shall submit proof to the City of Folsom that an adequate wastewater conveyance system either has been constructed or is ensured through payment of the City's facilities augmentation fee as described under the Folsom Municipal Code Title 3, Chapter 3.40, "Facilities Augmentation Fee – Folsom South Area Facilities Plan," or other sureties to the City's satisfaction. Both on-site wastewater conveyance infrastructure and off-site force main sufficient to provide adequate service to the project shall be in place for the amount of development identified in the tentative map before approval of the final map and issuance of building permits for all project phases, or their financing shall be ensured to the satisfaction of the City.		Yes – See Public Services, Utilities, and Hydrology Chapter.	
<b>3A.16-3:</b> Demonstrate Adequate SRWTP Wastewater Treatment Capacity. The project applicant(s) of all project phases shall demonstrate adequate capacity at the SRWTP for new wastewater flows generated by the project. This shall involve preparing a tentative map—level study and paying connection and capacity fees as identified by SRCSD. Approval of the final map and issuance of building permits for all project phases shall not be granted until the City verifies adequate SRWTP capacity is available for the amount of development identified in the tentative map.		Yes – See Public Services, Utilities, and Hydrology Chapter.	
3A.16-4: Submit Proof of Adequate EID Off-Site Wastewater Conveyance Facilities and Implement EID Off-Site Infrastructure Service Systems or Ensure That Adequate Financing Is Secured. Before the approval of the final map and issuance of building permits for all project phases, the project applicant(s) of all project phases shall obtain proof from EID that an adequate wastewater conveyance system either has been constructed or is ensured through the use of bonds or other sureties. The project applicants of all project phases shall submit this proof to the City of Folsom. EID off-site wastewater conveyance infrastructure sufficient to provide adequate service to project shall be in place for the amount of development identified in the tentative map before approval of the final map and issuance of building permits for all project phases, and before	N/A – the Russell Ranch Project site is not located within the El Dorado Irrigation District (EID) service area.		

FPASP MITIGATION ANALYSIS				
Russell Ranch Project				
FPASP Mitigation Measure	Not Applicable to the Project	Applicable to the Project and Included as Mitigation	Project has Completed	
issuance of occupancy permits, or their financing shall be ensured to the satisfaction of the City.				
<b>3A.16-5:</b> Demonstrate Adequate El Dorado Hills Wastewater Treatment Plant Capacity. The project applicant(s) of all project phases shall demonstrate adequate capacity at the El Dorado Hills WWTP for new wastewater flows generated by project development. This shall involve preparing a tentative maplevel study and paying connection and capacity fees as identified by EID. Approval of the final map and issuance of building permits for all project phases shall not be granted until the City verifies adequate El Dorado Hills WWTP capacity is available for the amount of development identified in the tentative map.	N/A – the Russell Ranch Project site is not located within the El Dorado Irrigation District (EID) service area.			
3A.18 Water Supply - Land		<del>,</del>		
<ul> <li>a. Prior to approval of any small-lot tentative subdivision map subject to Government Code Section 66473.7 (SB 221), the City shall comply with that statute. Prior to approval of any small-lot tentative subdivision map for a proposed residential project not subject to that statute, the City need not comply with Section 66473.7, or formally consult with any public water system that would provide water to the affected area; nevertheless, the City shall make a factual showing or impose conditions similar to those required by Section 66473.7 to ensure an adequate water supply for development authorized by the map.</li> <li>b. Prior to recordation of each final subdivision map, or prior to City approval of any similar project-specific discretionary approval or entitlement required for nonresidential uses, the project applicant(s) of that project phase or activity shall demonstrate the availability of a reliable and sufficient water supply from a public water system for the amount of development that would be authorized by the final subdivision map or project-specific discretionary nonresidential approval or entitlement. Such a demonstration shall consist of information showing that both existing sources are available or needed supplies and improvements will be in place prior to occupancy.</li> </ul>		Yes – See Public Services, Utilities, and Hydrology Chapter.		
3A.18-2a: Submit Proof of Adequate Off-Site Water Conveyance Facilities		Yes – See Public		

FPASP MITIGATION ANALYSIS  Russell Ranch Project			
FPASP Mitigation Measure	Not Applicable to the Project	Applicable to the Project and Included as Mitigation	Project has Completed
and Implement Off-Site Infrastructure Service System or Ensure That Adequate Financing Is Secured. Before the approval of the final subdivision map and issuance of building permits for all project phases, the project applicant(s) of any particular discretionary development application shall submit proof to the City of Folsom that an adequate off-site water conveyance system either has been constructed or is ensured or other sureties to the City's satisfaction. The off-site water conveyance infrastructure sufficient to provide adequate service to the project shall be in place for the amount of development identified in the tentative map before approval of the final subdivision map and issuance of building permits for all project phases, or their financing shall be ensured to the satisfaction of the City. A certificate of occupancy shall not be issued for any building within the SPA until the water conveyance infrastructure sufficient to serve such building has been constructed and is in place.		Services, Utilities, and Hydrology Chapter.	
Air-1-Land: Implement East Sacramento Regional Aggregate Mining Truck Management Plan or Other Measures to Reduce Exposure of Sensitive Receptors to Operational Emissions of Toxic Air Contaminants from Quarry Truck Traffic. The City of Folsom is a participant in the development of an East Sacramento Regional Aggregate Mining Truck Management Plan (TMP), a cooperative effort led by the County of Sacramento, with the input of the City of Folsom, the City of Rancho Cordova and other interested parties, including representatives of quarry project applicants. When the County Board of Supervisors approved entitlements for the Teichert quarry project in November 2010, it also adopted conditions of approval and a development agreement that requires Teichert's participation in, and fair share funding of, a TMP to implement roadway capacity and safety improvements required to improve the compatibility of truck traffic from the quarries with the future urban development in the Folsom Specific Plan area and other jurisdictions that will be affected by quarry truck traffic. The development agreement adopted by the County for the Teichert project imposes limits on the amounts of annual aggregate sales from Teichert's facility until a TMP is adopted. The City of Folsom does not have direct jurisdiction over the Teichert, DeSilva Gates, or Walltown quarry project applicants as these projects are located within the unincorporated portion of the County. The County, as the agency with the primary authority over the quarries, has indicated that it intends to prepare an environmental analysis in accordance	N/A – The TMP does not include the Russell Ranch Project site.		

## **FPASP MITIGATION ANALYSIS Russell Ranch Project** Applicable to the Not Applicable to the **Project has** Project and Included as **FPASP Mitigation Measure Project** Completed Mitigation with CEQA prior to adoption of a TMP. The City's authority to control the activities of the quarry trucks includes restrictions or other actions, such as the approval and implementation of specialized road improvements to accommodate quarry truck traffic, that would be applicable within the City's jurisdictional boundaries. For the foregoing reasons, the City of Folsom considers itself a "responsible agency" (as that term is defined at State CEQA Guidelines, CCR Section 15381), in that it has some discretionary power over some elements of a future TMP, if such TMP calls for improvements or other activities on roadways within the jurisdiction of the City. In a responsible agency role, the City would follow the process specified in the CEQA Guidelines for consideration and approval of the environmental analysis prepared by the County for a TMP after such documentation is prepared and adopted by the County. (State CEQA Guidelines, CCR Section 15096.) Because no final project description for a TMP has been developed as of the completion of this FEIR/FEIS, the City would have to speculate as to those portions of a TMP that might be proposed for implementation within its jurisdiction, or the impacts that could arise from the implementation of as-yet uncertain components. Accordingly, formulation of the precise means of mitigating the potential cumulative air quality impacts pursuant to the TMP is not currently feasible or practical. However, as the preferred, feasible, and intended mitigation strategy to address the cumulative impacts of quarry truck traffic through the SPA, the City shall implement, or cause to be implemented those portions of the TMP (as described above) that are within its authority to control. In implementing the TMP, the City shall ensure that the TMP or traffic measures imposed by the City within the SPA reduce the risk of cancer to sensitive receptors along routes within the SPA from toxic air contaminant emissions to no more than 296 in one million (SMAQMD 2009. March. Recommended Protocol for Evaluating the Location of Sensitive Land Uses Adjacent to Major Roadways, Version 2.2:7), or such different threshold of significance mandated by SMAQMD or ARB at the time, if any. With this mitigation, the cumulative air quality impacts from truck toxic air contaminants would be less than significant. As an alternative (or in addition) to implementing the TMP within the SPA, the

following measures could (and should) be voluntarily implemented by the quarry

FPASP MITIGATION ANALYSIS				
Russell Ranc	Russell Ranch Project			
FPASP Mitigation Measure	Not Applicable to the Project	Applicable to the Project and Included as Mitigation	Project has Completed	
project applicant(s) (Teichert, DeSilva Gates, and Granite [Walltown]) to help ensure exposure of sensitive receptors to TACs generated by quarry truck traffic to the 296-in-one-million threshold of significance identified above. The City encourages implementation of the following measures:  • The quarry project applicant(s) should meet with the City of Folsom to discuss mitigation strategies, implementation, and cost.  • A site-specific, project-level screening analysis and/or Health Risk Assessment (HRA) should be conducted by the City of Folsom and funded by the truck applicant(s) for all proposed sensitive receptors (e.g., residences, schools) in the SPA that would be located along the sides of roadway segments that are identified in Table 4-4 as being potentially significant under any of the analyzed scenarios. Each project-level analysis shall be performed according to the standards set forth by SMAQMD for the purpose of disclosure to the public and decision makers. The project-level analysis shall account for the location of the receptors relative to the roadway, their distance from the roadway, the projected future traffic volume for the year 2030 (including the proportion of diesel trucks), and emission rates representative of the vehicle fleet for the year when the sensitive land uses would first become operational and/or occupied. If the incremental increase in cancer risk determined by in the HRA exceeds 296 in one million (or a different threshold of significance recommended by SMAQMD or ARB at the time, if any), then project design mitigation should be employed, which may include the following:  i. Increase the setback distance between the roadway and affected receptor. If this mitigation measure is determined by the City of Folsom to be necessary, based on the results of the HRA, the quarry truck applicant(s) should pay the Folsom South of U.S. 50 Specific Plan project applicant(s), and the City of Folsom. No quarry trucks shall be allowed to pass on any roadway segment immediately adjacent to or		Mugauon		

FPASP MITIGATION ANALYSIS  Russell Ranch Project			
FPASP Mitigation Measure	Not Applicable to the Project	Applicable to the Project and Included as Mitigation	Project has Completed
<ul> <li>ii. Implement tiered tree planting of fine-needle species, such as redwood, along the near side of the roadway segments and, if feasible, along the roadway 500 feet in both directions of the initial planting (e.g., 500 feet north and south of a roadway that runs east-west) to enhance the dispersion and filtration of mobile-source TACs associated with the adjacent roadway. These trees should be planted at a density such that a solid visual buffer is achieved after the trees reach maturity, which breaks the line of sight between U.S. 50 and the proposed homes. These trees should be planted before occupation of any affected sensitive land uses. This measure encourages the planting of these trees in advance of the construction of potentially affected receptors to allow the trees to become established and progress toward maturity. The life of these trees should be maintained through the duration of the quarry projects. The planting, cost, and ongoing maintenance of these trees should be funded by the quarry project applicant(s).</li> <li>iii. To improve the indoor air quality at affected receptors, implement the following measures before the occupancy of the affected residences and schools:</li> <li>iv. equip all affected residences and school buildings developed in the SPA with High Efficiency Particle Arresting (HEPA) filter systems at all mechanical air intake points to the interior rooms;</li> <li>v. use the heating, ventilation, and air conditioning (HVAC) systems to maintain all residential units under positive pressure at all times;</li> <li>vi. locate air intake systems for HVAC as far away from roadway air pollution sources as possible; and</li> <li>vii. develop and implement an ongoing education and maintenance plan about the filtration systems associated with HVAC for residences and schools.</li> <li>To the extent this indoor air quality mitigation would not already be implemented as part of the Folsom South of U.S. 50 Specific Plan project development, this mitigation should be paid for by the q</li></ul>			

## **FPASP MITIGATION ANALYSIS Russell Ranch Project** Applicable to the Not Applicable to the **Project has** Project and Included as **FPASP Mitigation Measure Project** Completed Mitigation Noise-1-Land: Implement East Sacramento Regional Aggregate Mining Truck Management Plan or Other Measures to Reduce Exposure of Sensitive Receptors to Operational Noise from Quarry Truck Traffic. The City of Folsom is a participant in the development of an East Sacramento Regional Aggregate Mining Truck Management Plan (TMP), a cooperative effort led by the County of Sacramento, with the input of the City of Folsom, the City of Rancho Cordova and other interested parties, including representatives of quarry project applicants. When the County Board of Supervisors approved entitlements for the Teichert quarry project in November 2010, it also adopted conditions of approval and a development agreement that requires Teichert's participation in, and fair share funding of, a TMP to implement roadway capacity and safety improvements required to improve the compatibility of truck traffic from the quarries with the future urban development in the SPA and other jurisdictions that will be affected by quarry truck traffic. The development agreement adopted by the County for the Teichert project imposes limits on the amounts of annual aggregate sales from Teichert's facility until a TMP is adopted. The City of Folsom does not have direct jurisdiction over the Teichert, DeSilva Gates, or N/A – The TMP does Walltown quarry project applicants as these projects are located within the not include the Russell unincorporated portion of the County. The County, as the agency with the Ranch Project site. primary authority over the quarries, has indicated that it intends to prepare an environmental analysis in accordance with CEQA prior to adoption of a TMP. The City's authority to control the activities of the quarry trucks includes restrictions or other actions, such as the approval and implementation of specialized road improvements to accommodate quarry truck traffic, that would be applicable within the City's jurisdictional boundaries. For the foregoing reasons, the City of Folsom considers itself a "responsible agency" (as that term is defined at State CEOA Guidelines, CCR Section 15381), in that it has some discretionary power over some elements of a future TMP, if such TMP calls for improvements or other activities on roadways within the jurisdiction of the City. In a responsible agency role, the City would follow the process specified in the CEQA Guidelines for consideration and approval of the environmental analysis prepared by the County for a TMP after such documentation is prepared and adopted by the

County. (State CEOA Guidelines, CCR Section 15096.)

Because no final project description for a TMP has been developed as of the

FPASP MITIGATION ANALYSIS					
Russell Ranch Project					
FPASP Mitigation Measure	Not Applicable to the Project	Applicable to the Project and Included as Mitigation	Project has Completed		
completion of this FEIR/FEIS, the City would have to speculate as to those portions of a TMP that might be proposed for implementation within its jurisdiction, or the impacts that could arise from the of as- yet uncertain components. Accordingly, formulation of the precise means of mitigating the potential cumulative noise impacts pursuant to the TMP is not currently feasible or practical. However, as the preferred, feasible, and intended mitigation strategy to address the cumulative impacts of quarry truck traffic through the SPA, the City shall implement, or cause to be implemented those portions of the TMP (as described above) that are within its authority to control. In implementing the TMP, the City shall ensure that the TMP or traffic measures imposed by the City within the SPA reduce the traffic noise exposure to sensitive receptors along routes within the SPA so as to ensure that sensitive receptors are not exposed to interior noise levels in excess of 45 dBA, or increases in interior noise levels of 3 dBA or more, whichever is more restrictive. With this mitigation, the cumulative noise impacts from truck traffic would be less than significant.  As an alternative (or in addition) to implementing the TMP within the SPA, the following measures could (and should) be voluntarily implemented by the quarry project applicant(s) (Teichert, DeSilva Gates, and Granite [Walltown]) to help ensure interior noise levels for sensitive receptors to noise generated by quarry truck traffic would not exceed 45 dBA or increase of 3 dBA over existing conditions, as identified above. The City encourages implementation of the following measures:  • The quarry project applicant(s) should meet with the City of Folsom to discuss mitigation strategies, implementation, and cost.  • A site-specific, project-level screening analysis should be conducted by the Quarry truck applicant(s) for all proposed sensitive receptors (e.g., residences, schools) in the SPA that would be located along the sides of roadway segments that are identi					

FPASP MITIGATION ANALYSIS  Russell Ranch Project				
FPASP Mitigation Measure	Not Applicable to the Project	Applicable to the Project and Included as Mitigation	Project has Completed	
project-level analysis should account for the location of the receptors relative to the roadway, their distance from the roadway, and the projected future traffic volume for the year 2030 (including the percentage of heavy trucks). If the incremental increase in traffic noise levels are determined to exceed the threshold of significance recommended by the City of Folsom, then design mitigation should be employed, which may include the following:  • Model the benefits of soundwalls (berm/wall combination) along the quarry truck hauling roadways and affected receptors not to exceed a total height of eight feet (two-foot berm and six-foot concrete mason wall). If this mitigation measure is determined by the City of Folsom to be inadequate, additional three dimensional traffic noise modeling should be conducted with the inclusion of rubberized asphalt at the expense of the quarry truck applicant(s). No quarry trucks should be allowed to pass on any roadway segment immediately adjacent to or within the SPA until said mitigation has been agreed upon by the City of Folsom and fees for construction of said mitigation are paid by the quarry truck applicant(s).  • Implement the installation of rubberized asphalt (quiet pavement) on roadway segments adjacent to sensitive receptors that carry quarry trucks if soundwalls do not provide adequate reduction of traffic noise levels. The inclusion of rubberized asphalt would provide an additional 3 to 5 dB of traffic noise reduction. The cost of construction using rubberized asphalt should be borne by the quarry truck applicant(s). Said mitigation fee should be determined in consultation with the quarry project applicant(s), the Folsom South of U.W. 50 Specific Plan project applicant(s), and the City of Folsom. No quarry trucks should be allowed to pass on any roadway segment immediately adjacent to or within the SPA until said mitigation fees are paid.  • To improve the indoor noise levels at affected receptors, implement the following measures before the occupancy of the affec				

## **FPASP MITIGATION ANALYSIS Russell Ranch Project** Applicable to the Not Applicable to the **Project has Project and Included as FPASP Mitigation Measure Project** Completed Mitigation ii. Determine the interior quarry truck traffic noise level increases at second and third floor receptors adjacent to affected roadways compared to no quarry truck conditions. Window package upgrades are expected to be necessary due to the traffic noise level increases caused by quarry trucks along affected roadways. Quarry truck applicant(s) should pay for the cost of window package upgrades (increased sound transmission class rated windows) required to achieve the interior noise level standard of 45 dB Ldn with the inclusion of quarry truck traffic. To the extent this noise mitigation would not already be implemented as part of the Folsom South of U.W. 50 Specific Plan project development, this mitigation should be paid for by the quarry project applicant(s) before any quarry trucks are allowed to pass on any roadway that is within 400 feet of any residence or school within the SPA.